By: Representative Paden

To: Business and Commerce; Appropriations A

## HOUSE BILL NO. 342

AN ACT TO CREATE THE "MISSISSIPPI BENEFIT CORPORATION ACT"; TO PROVIDE THAT A CORPORATION SUBJECT TO THE MISSISSIPPI BENEFIT CORPORATION ACT MAY BE SIMULTANEOUSLY SUBJECT TO THE MISSISSIPPI BUSINESS CORPORATION ACT AND THE MISSISSIPPI PROFESSIONAL 5 CORPORATION ACT; TO PROVIDE CERTAIN DEFINITIONS; TO REQUIRE A 6 BENEFIT CORPORATION TO BE INCORPORATED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE 7 MISSISSIPPI BUSINESS CORPORATION ACT; TO PROVIDE THAT A BUSINESS CORPORATION MAY ELECT TO BECOME A BENEFIT CORPORATION; TO PROVIDE 8 9 THAT A BENEFIT CORPORATION MAY TERMINATE ITS BENEFIT CORPORATION 10 STATUS; TO REQUIRE A BENEFIT CORPORATION TO HAVE A PURPOSE OF 11 CREATING GENERAL PUBLIC BENEFIT; TO SPECIFY THE STANDARD OF 12 CONDUCT FOR BENEFIT CORPORATION DIRECTORS; TO AUTHORIZE THE BOARD 13 OF DIRECTORS OF A BENEFIT CORPORATION TO DESIGNATE A BENEFIT DIRECTOR; TO SPECIFY THE STANDARD OF CONDUCT FOR OFFICERS; TO 14 15 AUTHORIZE A BENEFIT CORPORATION TO DESIGNATE A BENEFIT OFFICER; TO 16 LIMIT THE LIABILITY OF BENEFIT CORPORATIONS FOR CERTAIN ACTIONS 17 REGARDING ITS FAILURE TO PURSUE GENERAL PUBLIC BENEFIT; TO REQUIRE 18 A BENEFIT CORPORATION TO PREPARE AN ANNUAL BENEFIT REPORT; TO REQUIRE A BENEFIT CORPORATION TO SEND ITS BENEFIT REPORT TO 19 20 SHAREHOLDERS AND MAKE IT AVAILABLE ON ITS WEBSITE OR PROVIDE 21 COPIES UPON REQUEST; TO BRING FORWARD SECTIONS 79-4-2.01, 79-4-2.02, 79-4-2.03, 79-4-2.04, 79-4-2.05, 79-4-2.06, 79-4-2.07, 79-4-3.01, 79-4-7.40, 79-4-7.48, 79-4-8.08, 79-4-8.09, 79-4-8.30, 22 23 24 79-4-8.41, 79-4-8.42 AND 79-10-19, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, FOR 25 PURPOSES OF POSSIBLE AMENDMENT; TO AMEND SECTION 79-4-11.04, 26 MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, TO MAKE CERTAIN TECHNICAL AMENDMENTS; 27 AND FOR RELATED PURPOSES.

28 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MISSISSIPPI:

SECTION 1. Sections 1 through 14 of this act shall be known

30 and may be cited as the "Mississippi Benefit Corporation Act."

29

- 31 **SECTION 2.** (1) This chapter is applicable to all benefit
- 33 (2) The existence of a provision of this chapter does not of
- 34 itself create an implication that a contrary or different rule of
- 35 law is applicable to a business corporation that is not a benefit
- 36 corporation. This chapter does not affect a statute or rule of
- 37 law that is applicable to a business corporation that is not a
- 38 benefit corporation.

corporations.

32

- 39 (3) Except as otherwise provided in this chapter, the
- 40 Mississippi Business Corporation Act (Chapter 4, Title 79,
- 41 Mississippi Code of 1972) generally is applicable to all benefit
- 42 corporations. A benefit corporation may be subject simultaneously
- 43 to this chapter and the Mississippi Professional Corporation Act
- 44 (Chapter 10, Title 79, Mississippi Code of 1972). If there is a
- 45 conflict between any provision of this chapter and any provision
- 46 of the Mississippi Business Corporation Act or the Mississippi
- 47 Professional Corporation Act, the provision of this chapter shall
- 48 control.
- 49 (4) A provision of the articles of incorporation or bylaws
- of a benefit corporation may not limit, be inconsistent with or
- 51 supersede a provision of this chapter.
- 52 **SECTION 3.** The following words and phrases have the meanings
- 53 as defined in this section unless the context clearly indicates
- 54 otherwise:
- 55 (a) "Benefit corporation" means a business corporation:

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ST: Mississippi Benefit Corporation Act; create.

56 (i)	That	has	elected	to	become	subject	to	this
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- 57 chapter; and
- 58 (ii) The status of which as a benefit corporation
- 59 has not been terminated.
- (b) "Benefit director" means the director, if any,
- 61 designated as the benefit director of a benefit corporation under
- 62 Section 9 of this act.
- (c) "Benefit enforcement proceeding" means any claim or
- 64 action or proceeding for:
- (i) Failure of a benefit corporation to pursue or
- 66 create general public benefit or a specific public benefit purpose
- 67 set forth in its articles; or
- (ii) Violation of any obligation, duty or standard
- 69 of conduct under this chapter.
- 70 (d) "Benefit officer" means the individual, if any,
- 71 designated as the benefit officer of a benefit corporation under
- 72 Section 11 of this act.
- 73 (e) "General public benefit" means a material positive
- 74 impact on society and the environment, taken as a whole, assessed
- 75 against a third-party standard, from the business and operations
- 76 of a benefit corporation.
- 77 (f) "Independent" means having no material relationship
- 78 with a benefit corporation or a subsidiary of the benefit
- 79 corporation. Serving as a benefit director or benefit officer
- 80 does not make an individual not independent. A material

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- 82 any of its subsidiaries conclusively is presumed to exist if any
- 83 of the following apply:
- 84 (i) The individual is, or has been within the last
- 85 three (3) years, an employee other than a benefit officer of the
- 86 benefit corporation or a subsidiary;
- 87 (ii) An immediate family member of the individual
- 88 is, or has been within the last three (3) years, an executive
- 89 officer other than a benefit officer of the benefit corporation or
- 90 a subsidiary; or
- 91 (iii) There is a beneficial or record ownership of
- 92 five percent (5%) or more of the outstanding equity interests,
- 93 calculated as if all outstanding rights to acquire equity
- 94 interests in the entity had been exercised.
- 95 (g) "Minimum status vote" means:
- 96 (i) In the case of a business corporation, in
- 97 addition to any other required approval or vote, the satisfaction
- 98 of the following conditions:
- 99 1. The shareholders of every class or series
- 100 are entitled to vote as a separate voting group on the corporate
- 101 action regardless of a limitation stated in the articles of
- 102 incorporation or bylaws on the voting rights of any class or
- 103 series; and

104	2. The corporate action must be approved by
105	the affirmative vote of the shareholders of each class or series
106	entitled to cast at least two-thirds $(2/3)$ of the votes that all
107	shareholders of the class or series are entitled to cast on the
108	action.
109	(ii) In the case of a domestic entity other than a
110	business corporation, in addition to any other required approval,
111	vote or consent, the satisfaction of the following conditions:
112	1. The holders of every class or series of
113	equity interest in the entity that are entitled to receive a
114	distribution of any kind from the entity are entitled to vote on
115	or consent to the action regardless of any otherwise applicable
116	limitation on the voting or consent rights of any class or series;
117	and
118	2. The action must be approved by the
119	affirmative vote or consent of the holders described in
120	subparagraph (i) of this paragraph (g) entitled to cast at least
121	two-thirds $(2/3)$ of the votes or consents that all of those
122	holders are entitled to cast on the action.
123	(h) "Specific public benefit" means:
124	(i) Providing low-income or underserved
125	individuals or communities with beneficial products or services;
126	(ii) Promoting economic opportunity for
127	individuals or communities beyond the creation of jobs in the
128	normal course of business;

L29	(iii) Protecting or restoring the environment;
L30	(iv) Improving human health;
L31	(v) Promoting the arts, sciences or advancement of
L32	knowledge;
L33	(vi) Increasing the flow of capital to entities
L34	with a purpose to benefit society or the environment; or
L35	(vii) Conferring any other particular benefit on
L36	society or the environment.
L37	(i) "Subsidiary" means, in relation to a person, an
L38	entity in which the person owns beneficially or of record fifty
L39	percent (50%) or more of the outstanding equity interests,
L40	calculated as if all outstanding rights to acquire equity
L41	interests in the entity had been exercised.
L42	(j) "Third-party standard" means a recognized standard
L43	for defining, reporting and assessing corporate social and
L44	environmental performance that is:
L45	(i) Comprehensive because it assesses the effects
L46	of the business and its operations upon the interests listed in
L47	Section 8(1)(a)(ii) through (v) of this act;
L48	(ii) Developed by an entity that is not controlled
L49	by the benefit corporation; and
L50	(iii) Credible because it is developed by an
L51	entity that both:
L52	1. Has access to necessary expertise to
53	assess overall corporate social and environmental performance: and

154	2. Uses a balanced multi-stakeholder approach
155	to develop the standard, including a reasonable public comment
156	period.
157	(iv) Transparent because the following information
158	is publicly available:
159	1. About the standard:
160	a. The criteria considered when
161	measuring the overall social and environmental performance of a
162	business; and
163	b. The relative weightings, if any, of
164	those criteria.
165	2. About the development and revision of the
166	standard:
167	a. The identity of the directors,
168	officers, material owners and the governing body of the entity
169	that developed and controls revisions to the standard;
170	b. The process by which revisions to the
171	standard and changes to the membership of the governing body are
172	made; and
173	c. An accounting of the revenue and
174	sources of financial support for the entity, with sufficient
175	detail to disclose any relationships that could reasonably be
176	considered to present a potential conflict of interest.
177	<b>SECTION 4.</b> A benefit corporation shall be incorporated in
178	accordance with Article 2 of the Mississippi Business Corporation

179	Act,	but	its	articles	of	incorporation	shall	also	state	that	it	is
180	a bei	nefit	co:	rporation	•							

- SECTION 5. (1) An existing business corporation may become a benefit corporation under this chapter by amending its articles of incorporation so that they contain, in addition to the requirements of Section 79-4-2.02, a statement that the corporation is a benefit corporation. In order to be effective, the amendment must be adopted by at least the minimum status vote.
- 187 Except as provided in paragraph (b) of this (a) subsection (2), if a domestic entity that is not a benefit 188 189 corporation is a party to a merger, consolidation, conversion or 190 share exchange and the surviving, new or resulting entity in the merger, consolidation, conversion or share exchange is to be a 191 192 benefit corporation, the plan of merger, consolidation, conversion or share exchange must be adopted by the domestic entity by at 193 194 least the minimum status vote.
- 195 (b) Paragraph (a) of this subsection (2) does not apply
  196 in the case of a corporation that is a party to a merger if the
  197 shareholders of the corporation are not required to vote on the
  198 merger pursuant to Sections 79-4-11.04(g) and 79-4-11.05.
- status as such and cease to be subject to this chapter by amending its articles of incorporation to delete the provision required by Sections 4 and 5 of this act to be stated in the articles of a

- 203 benefit corporation. In order to be effective, the amendment must 204 be adopted by at least the minimum status vote.
- (2) Except as provided in subsection (3) of this section, if a plan of merger, consolidation, conversion or share exchange would have the effect of terminating the status of a business corporation as a benefit corporation, the plan or transaction must be adopted by at least the minimum status vote in order to be effective.
- 211 (3) Subsection (2) of this section does not apply in the 212 case of a corporation that is a party to a merger if the 213 shareholders of the corporation are not entitled to vote on the 214 merger pursuant to Sections 79-4-11.04(g) and 79-4-11.05.
- 215 (4) Any sale, lease, exchange or other disposition of all or 216 substantially all of the assets of a benefit corporation, unless 217 the transaction is in the usual and regular course of business, is 218 not effective unless the transaction is approved by at least the 219 minimum status vote.
- 220 <u>SECTION 7.</u> (1) A benefit corporation shall have a purpose 221 of creating general public benefit. This purpose is in addition 222 to its purpose under Section 79-4-3.01.
- 223 (2) The articles of incorporation of a benefit corporation 224 may identify one or more specific public benefits that it is the 225 purpose of the benefit corporation to create in addition to its 226 purposes under Section 79-4-3.01 and subsection (1) of this 227 section. The identification of a specific public benefit under

228	this subsect	ion does	not limit	the pu	urpose of	a ber	nefit	
229	corporation	to create	e general	public	benefit	under	subsection	(1)

- 230 of this section.
- 231 (3) The creation of general public benefit and specific 232 public benefit under subsections (1) and (2) of this section is in 233 the best interests of the benefit corporation.
- 234 (4) A benefit corporation may amend its articles of 235 incorporation to add, amend or delete the identification of a 236 specific public benefit that it is the purpose of the benefit 237 corporation to create. In order to be effective, the amendment 238 must be adopted by at least the minimum status vote.
- 239 (5) A professional corporation that is a benefit corporation 240 does not violate Section 79-10-19 by having the purpose to create 241 general public benefit or a specific public benefit.
- 242 **SECTION 8.** (1) In discharging the duties of their 243 respective positions and in considering the best interests of the 244 benefit corporation, the board of directors, committees of the 245 board and individual directors of a benefit corporation:
- 246 (a) Shall consider the effects of any action or 247 inaction upon:
- 248 (i) The shareholders of the benefit corporation;
- 249 (ii) The employees and work force of the benefit 250 corporation, its subsidiaries and its suppliers;

251	(iii) The interests of customers as beneficiaries
252	of the general public benefit or a specific public benefit purpose
253	of the benefit corporation;
254	(iv) Community and societal factors, including
255	those of each community in which offices or facilities of the
256	benefit corporation, its subsidiaries or its suppliers are
257	located;
258	(v) The local and global environment;
259	(vi) The short-term and long-term interests of the
260	benefit corporation, including benefits that may accrue to the
261	benefit corporation from its long-term plans and the possibility
262	that these interests may be served best by the continued
263	independence of the benefit corporation; and
264	(vii) The ability of the benefit corporation to
265	accomplish its general public benefit purpose and any specific
266	<pre>public benefit purpose; and</pre>
267	(b) May consider:
268	(i) The interests referred to in Section
269	79-4-8.30(f); and
270	(ii) Other pertinent factors or the interests of
271	any other group that they deem appropriate; but
272	(c) Need not give priority to a particular interest or
273	factor referred to in paragraphs (a) and (b) of this subsection
274	(1) over any other interest or factor unless the benefit
275	corporation has stated in its articles of incorporation its

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- 277 to the accomplishment of its general public benefit purpose or of
- 278 a specific public benefit purpose identified in its articles of
- 279 incorporation.
- 280 (2) The consideration of interests and factors in the manner
- 281 provided by subsection (1) of this section:
- 282 (a) Does not constitute a violation of Section
- $283 \quad 79-4-8.30;$  and
- (b) Is in addition to the ability of directors to
- 285 consider interests and factors as provided in Section
- 286 79-4-8.30(f).
- 287 (3) Except as provided in the articles of incorporation or
- 288 bylaws, a director is not liable personally for monetary damages
- 289 for:
- 290 (a) Any action or inaction in the course of performing
- 291 the duties of a director under subsection (1) of this section if
- 292 the director was not interested with respect to the action or
- 293 inaction; or
- 294 (b) Failure of the benefit corporation to pursue or
- 295 create general public benefit or specific public benefit.
- 296 (4) A director does not have a duty to a person who is a
- 297 beneficiary of the general public benefit purpose or a specific
- 298 public benefit purpose of a benefit corporation arising from the
- 299 status of the person as a beneficiary.
- 300 (5) A director who makes a business judgment in good

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- 302 (a) Is not interested in the subject of the business
- 303 judgment;
- 304 (b) Is informed with respect to the subject of the
- 305 business judgment to the extent the director reasonably believes
- 306 to be appropriate under the circumstances; and
- 307 (c) Rationally believes that the business judgment is
- 308 in the best interest of the benefit corporation.
- 309 **SECTION 9.** (1) The board of directors of a benefit
- 310 corporation may include a director who:
- 311 (a) Is designated the benefit director; and
- 312 (b) Has, in addition to the powers, duties, rights and
- 313 immunities of the other directors of the benefit corporation, the
- 314 powers, duties, rights and immunities provided in this chapter.
- 315 (2) A benefit director shall be elected, and may be removed,
- 316 in the manner provided by Sections 79-4-8.08 and 79-4-8.09.
- 317 Except as provided in subsection (6) of this section, a benefit
- 318 director shall be an individual who is independent. A benefit
- 319 director may serve as the benefit officer at the same time as
- 320 serving as the benefit director. The articles of incorporation or
- 321 bylaws of a benefit corporation may prescribe additional
- 322 qualifications of a benefit director that are consistent with this
- 323 subsection (2).
- 324 (3) The benefit director shall prepare, and the benefit
- 325 corporation shall include in the annual benefit report to

326	shareholders	required	by	Section	13	of	this	act,	a	report	from	the

- 327 benefit director on all of the following:
- 328 (a) Whether the benefit corporation acted in accordance 329 with its general public benefit purpose and any specific public
- 330 benefit purpose in all material respects during the period covered
- 331 by the report;
- 332 (b) Whether the directors and officers complied with
- 333 Sections 8(1) and 10(1), respectively; and
- 334 (c) If the benefit director believes that the benefit
- 335 corporation or its directors or officers failed to act or comply
- 336 in the manner described in paragraphs (a) and (b) of this
- 337 subsection (3), a description of the ways in which the benefit
- 338 corporation or its directors or officers failed to act or comply.
- 339 (4) The act or inaction of an individual in the capacity of
- 340 a benefit director constitutes, for all purposes, an act or
- 341 inaction of that individual in the capacity of a director of the
- 342 benefit corporation.
- 343 (5) Regardless of whether the articles of incorporation or
- 344 bylaws of a benefit corporation include a provision eliminating or
- 345 limiting the personal liability of directors authorized by Section
- 346 79-4-8.58, a benefit director is not liable personally for an act
- 347 or omission in the capacity of a benefit director unless the act
- 348 or omission constitutes self-dealing, willful misconduct or a
- 349 knowing violation of law.
- 350 (6) The benefit director of a professional corporation

351	does	not	need	to	be	independent.

- 352 **SECTION 10.** (1) Each officer of a benefit corporation shall consider the interests and factors described in Section 8(1)(a) of this act in the manner provided in Section 8(1)(c) of this act if:
- 355 (a) The officer has discretion to act with respect to a 356 matter; and
- 357 (b) It reasonably appears to the officer that the
  358 matter may have a material effect on the creation by the benefit
  359 corporation of general public benefit or a specific public benefit
  360 identified in the articles of incorporation of the benefit
  361 corporation.
- 362 (2) The consideration of interests and factors in the manner 363 provided in subsection (1) of this section does not constitute a 364 violation of Sections 79-4-8.41 and 79-4-8.42.
- 365 (3) Except as provided in the articles of incorporation or 366 bylaws, an officer is not liable personally for monetary damages 367 for:
- 368 (a) An action or inaction as an officer in the course 369 of performing the duties of an officer under subsection (1) of 370 this section if the officer was not interested with respect to the 371 action or inaction; or
- 372 (b) Failure of the benefit corporation to pursue or 373 create general public benefit or specific public benefit.
- 374 (4) An officer does not have a duty to a person who is a

375	beneficiary of the general public benefit purpose or a specific
376	public benefit purpose of a benefit corporation arising from the
377	status of the person as a beneficiary.
378	(5) An officer who makes a business judgment in good
379	faith fulfills the duty under this section if the officer:
380	(a) Is not interested in the subject of the business
381	judgment;
382	(b) Is informed with respect to the subject of the
383	business judgment to the extent the officer reasonably believes to
384	be appropriate under the circumstances; and
385	(c) Rationally believes that the business judgment is
386	in the best interest of the benefit corporation.
387	SECTION 11. (1) A benefit corporation may have an officer

389 (2) A benefit officer has:

designated as the benefit officer.

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- 390 (a) The powers and duties relating to the purpose of 391 the corporation to create general public benefit or specific 392 public benefit provided:
- 393 (i) By the bylaws; or
- 394 (ii) By resolution or order of the board of
- 395 directors, absent controlling provisions in the bylaws; and
- 396 (b) The duty to prepare the benefit report required by 397 Section 13 of this act.

398	<b>SECTION 12.</b> (1) Except in a benefit enforcement proceeding,
399	a person shall not bring an action or assert a claim against a
400	benefit corporation or its directors or officers with respect to:
401	(a) Failure to pursue or create general public benefit
402	or a specific public benefit set forth in its articles of
403	incorporation; or
404	(b) Violation of an obligation, duty or standard of
405	conduct under this chapter.
406	(2) A benefit corporation is not liable for monetary damages
407	under this chapter for any failure of the benefit corporation to
408	pursue or create general public benefit or a specific public
409	benefit.
410	(3) A benefit enforcement proceeding may be commenced or
411	maintained only:
412	(a) Directly by the benefit corporation; or
413	(b) Derivatively in accordance with Sections 79-4-7.40
414	through 79-4-7.48 by:
415	(i) A person or group of persons who owned
416	beneficially or of record at least two percent (2%) of the total
417	number of shares of a class or series outstanding at the time of
418	the act or omission complained of;
419	(ii) A director;
420	(iii) A person or group of persons who owned
421	beneficially or of record five percent (5%) or more of the
422	outstanding equity interests in an entity of which the benefit

423	corporation is a subsidiary at the time of the act or omission
424	complained of; or
425	(iv) Other persons as specified in the articles of
426	incorporation or bylaws of the benefit corporation.
427	(4) For purposes of this section, a person is the beneficial
428	owner of shares or equity interests if the shares or equity
429	interests are held in a voting trust or by a nominee on behalf of
430	the beneficial owner.
431	<b>SECTION 13.</b> (1) A benefit corporation shall prepare an
432	annual benefit report including all of the following:
433	(a) A narrative description of:
434	(i) The ways in which the benefit corporation
435	pursued general public benefit during the year and the extent to
436	which general public benefit was created;
437	(ii) Both:
438	1. The ways in which the benefit corporation
439	pursued a specific public benefit that the articles of
440	incorporation state it is the purpose of the benefit corporation
441	to create; and
442	2. The extent to which that specific public
443	benefit was created;
444	(iii) Any circumstances that have hindered the
445	creation by the benefit corporation of general public benefit or

446

specific public benefit; and

447	(iv) The process and rationale for selecting or
448	changing the third-party standard used to prepare the benefit
449	report;
450	(b) An assessment of the overall social and
451	environmental performance of the benefit corporation against a
452	third-party standard:
453	(i) Applied consistently with any application of
454	that standard in prior benefit reports; or
455	(ii) Accompanied by an explanation of the reasons
456	for:
457	1. Any inconsistent application; or
458	2. The change to that standard from the one
459	used in the immediately prior report;
460	(c) The name of the benefit director and the benefit
461	officer, if any, and the address to which correspondence to each
462	of them may be directed;
463	(d) The compensation paid by the benefit corporation
464	during the year to each director in the capacity of a director;
465	(e) The statement of the benefit director described in
466	Section 9(3) of this act; and
467	(f) A statement of any connection between the
468	organization that established the third-party standard, or its
469	directors, officers or any holder of five percent (5%) or more of
470	the governance interests in the organization, and the benefit
471	corporation or its directors, officers or any holder of five

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472	percent	(5%)	or	more	of	the	outstanding	shares	of	the	benefit

- 473 corporation, including any financial or governance relationship
- 474 that might materially affect the credibility of the use of the
- 475 third-party standard.
- 476 (2) If, during the year covered by a benefit report, a
- 477 benefit director resigned from or refused to stand for reelection
- 478 to the position of benefit director, or was removed from the
- 479 position of benefit director, and the benefit director furnished
- 480 the benefit corporation with any written correspondence concerning
- 481 the circumstances surrounding the resignation, refusal or removal,
- 482 the benefit report shall include that correspondence as an
- 483 exhibit.
- 484 (3) Neither the benefit report nor the assessment of the
- 485 performance of the benefit corporation in the benefit report
- 486 required by subsection (1)(b) of this section needs to be audited
- 487 or certified by a third party.
- 488 **SECTION 14.** (1) A benefit corporation shall send its annual
- 489 benefit report to each shareholder on the earlier of:
- 490 (a) One hundred twenty (120) days following the end of
- 491 the fiscal year of the benefit corporation; or
- 492 (b) The same time that the benefit corporation delivers
- 493 any other annual report to its shareholders.
- 494 (2) A benefit corporation shall post all of its benefit
- 495 reports on the public portion of its Internet website, if any; but
- 496 the compensation paid to directors and financial or proprietary

- information included in the benefit reports may be omitted from the benefit reports as posted.
- 499 (3) If a benefit corporation does not have an Internet
  500 website, the benefit corporation shall provide a copy of its most
  501 recent benefit report, without charge, to any person that requests
  502 a copy, but the compensation paid to directors and financial or
  503 proprietary information included in the benefit report may be
  504 omitted from the copy of the benefit report provided.
- 505 (4) Concurrently with the delivery of the benefit report to 506 shareholders under subsection (1) of this section, the benefit 507 corporation shall deliver a copy of the benefit report to the 508 Secretary of State for filing, but the compensation paid to 509 directors and financial or proprietary information included in the 510 benefit report may be omitted from the benefit report as delivered to the Secretary of State. The Secretary of State shall charge a 511 512 fee of Twenty-five Dollars (\$25.00) for filing a benefit report.
- SECTION 15. Section 79-4-2.01, Mississippi Code of 1972, is brought forward as follows:
- 79-4-2.01. One or more persons may act as the incorporator or incorporators of a corporation by delivering articles of incorporation to the Secretary of State for filing.
- SECTION 16. Section 79-4-2.02, Mississippi Code of 1972, is brought forward as follows:
- 520 79-4-2.02. (a) The articles of incorporation must set 521 forth:
  - H. B. No. 342 **CFFICIAL** ~ 25/HR26/R632 ST: Mississippi Benefit Corporation Act; Create.

522	(1) A corporate name for the corporation that satisfies
523	the requirements of Section 79-4-4.01;
524	(2) The number of shares the corporation is authorized
525	to issue and any information concerning the authorized shares as
526	required by Section 79-4-6.01;
527	(3) The street address of the corporation's initial
528	registered office and the name of its initial registered agent at
529	that office; and
530	(4) The name and address of each incorporator.
531	(b) The articles of incorporation may set forth:
532	(1) The names and addresses of the individuals who are
533	to serve as the initial directors;
534	(2) Provisions not inconsistent with law regarding:
535	(i) The purpose or purposes for which the
536	corporation is organized;
537	(ii) Managing the business and regulating the
538	affairs of the corporation;
539	(iii) Defining, limiting and regulating the powers
540	of the corporation, its board of directors and shareholders; and
541	(iv) A par value for authorized shares or classes
542	of shares;
543	(3) Any provision that under Section 79-4-1.01 et seq.
544	is required or permitted to be set forth in the bylaws;
545	(4) A provision eliminating or limiting the liability

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of a director to the corporation or its shareholders for money

547	damages for any action taken, or any failure to take any action,
548	as a director, except liability for:
549	(i) The amount of a financial benefit received by
550	a director to which he is not entitled;
551	(ii) An intentional infliction of harm on the
552	corporation or the shareholders;
553	(iii) A violation of Section 79-4-8.33; or
554	(iv) An intentional violation of criminal law; and
555	(5) A provision permitting or making obligatory
556	indemnification of a director for liability as defined in Section
557	79-4-8.50(5) to any person for any action taken, or any failure to
558	take any action, as a director, except liability for:
559	(i) Receipt of a financial benefit to which he is
560	not entitled;
561	(ii) An intentional infliction of harm on the
562	corporation or its shareholders;
563	(iii) A violation of Section 79-4-8.33; or
564	(iv) An intentional violation of criminal law.
565	(6) A provision or reference to a provision in the
566	corporation's bylaws that requires derivative proceedings under
567	Section 79-4-7.41(1) or any other internal corporate claim that is
568	based upon a current or former director's or officer's violation
569	of a duty to be brought in the appropriate court of the county
570	where the corporation's principal office is located, consistent

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with applicable law and jurisdictional requirements.

572		(C)	The	article	s of	incor	ora	ation :	need	not	set	fort	th	any	of
573	the	corpo	rate	powers	enume	erated	in	Secti	on 79	9-4-1	1.01	et s	seq		

- 574 (d) For the purposes of this section, a "director" shall 575 include any person vested with the discretion or powers of a 576 director under Section 79-4-7.32.
- (e) Provisions of the articles of incorporation may be made dependent upon facts objectively ascertainable outside the articles of incorporation in accordance with Section 79-4-1.20(k).
- 580 **SECTION 17.** Section 79-4-2.03, Mississippi Code of 1972, is brought forward as follows:
- 79-4-2.03. (a) Unless a delayed effective date is 583 specified, the corporate existence begins when the articles of 584 incorporation are filed.
- 585 (b) The Secretary of State's filing of the articles of 586 incorporation is conclusive proof that the incorporators satisfied 587 all conditions precedent to incorporation except in a proceeding 588 by the state to cancel or revoke the incorporation or 589 involuntarily dissolve the corporation.
- 590 **SECTION 18.** Section 79-4-2.04, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 591 brought forward as follows:
- 79-4-2.04. All persons purporting to act as or on behalf of a corporation, knowing there was no incorporation under Section 79-4-1.01 et seq., are jointly and severally liable for all liabilities created while so acting.

596	SECTION 19.	Section 79-4-2.05,	Mississippi	Code of 1972,	is
597	brought forward a	s follows:			

- 79-4-2.05. (a) After incorporation:
- (1) If initial directors are named in the articles of incorporation, the initial directors shall hold an organizational meeting, at the call of a majority of the directors, to complete the organization of the corporation by appointing officers, adopting bylaws and carrying on any other business brought before
- 604 the meeting.
- 605 (2) If initial directors are not named in the articles, 606 the incorporator or incorporators shall hold an organizational 607 meeting at the call of a majority of the incorporators:
- 608 (i) To elect directors and complete the 609 organization of the corporation; or
- 610 (ii) To elect a board of directors who shall complete the organization of the corporation.
- (b) Action required or permitted by Sections 79-4-1.01 et seq. to be taken by incorporators at an organizational meeting may be taken without a meeting if the action taken is evidenced by one or more written consents describing the action taken and signed by each incorporator.
- 617 (c) An organizational meeting may be held in or out of this 618 state.
- SECTION 20. Section 79-4-2.06, Mississippi Code of 1972, is brought forward as follows:

621	79-4-2.	06.	(a) Th	ne incorp	porators	or	board	d of	directors	of	а
622	corporation	shall	adopt	initial	bylaws	for	the c	corpo	oration.		

- 623 (b) The bylaws of a corporation may contain any provision 624 for managing the business and regulating the affairs of the 625 corporation that is not inconsistent with law or the articles of 626 incorporation.
- SECTION 21. Section 79-4-2.07, Mississippi Code of 1972, is brought forward as follows:
- 79-4-2.07. (a) Unless the articles of incorporation provide
  otherwise, the board of directors of a corporation may adopt
  bylaws to be effective only in an emergency defined in subsection
  (d). The emergency bylaws, which are subject to amendment or
  repeal by the shareholders, may make all provisions necessary for
  managing the corporation during the emergency, including:
- 635 (1) Procedures for calling a meeting of the board of 636 directors;
- 637 (2) Quorum requirements for the meeting; and
- 638 (3) Designation of additional or substitute directors.
- 639 (b) All provisions of the regular bylaws consistent with the 640 emergency bylaws remain effective during the emergency. The 641 emergency bylaws are not effective after the emergency ends.
- 642 (c) Corporate action taken in good faith in accordance with 643 the emergency bylaws:
- 644 (1) Binds the corporation; and

645		(2)	Мау	not	be	used	to	impose	liability	on	a	corporate
646	director,	offic	er,	emp]	Loye	ee or	age	ent.				

- (d) An emergency exists for purposes of this section if a quorum of the corporation's directors cannot readily be assembled because of some catastrophic event.
- SECTION 22. Section 79-4-3.01, Mississippi Code of 1972, is brought forward as follows:
- 79-4-3.01. (a) Every corporation incorporated under Section 79-4-1.01 et seq. has the purpose of engaging in any lawful business unless a more limited purpose is set forth in the articles of incorporation.
- 656 (b) A corporation engaging in a business that is subject to
  657 regulation under another statute of this state may incorporate
  658 under Section 79-4-1.01 et seq., only if permitted by, and
  659 subject to all limitations of the other statute.
- SECTION 23. Section 79-4-7.40, Mississippi Code of 1972, is brought forward as follows:
- 79-4-7.40. In Sections 79-4-7.41 through 79-4-7.47:
- (1) "Derivative proceeding" means a civil suit in the right of a domestic corporation or, to the extent provided in Section 79-4-7.47, in the right of a foreign corporation.
- (2) "Shareholder" includes a beneficial owner whose shares are held in a voting trust or held by a nominee on the beneficial owner's behalf.

669	SECTION 24.	Section 79-4-7.48,	Mississippi	Code of	1972,	is
670	brought forward a	s follows:				

- 79-4-7.48. (a) The chancery court of the county where a corporation's principal office (or, if none in this state, its registered office) is located may appoint one or more persons to be custodians, or, if the corporation is insolvent, to be receivers, of and for a corporation in a proceeding by a shareholder where it is established that:
- (1) The directors are deadlocked in the management of
  the corporate affairs, the shareholders are unable to break the
  deadlock, and irreparable injury to the corporation is threatened
  or being suffered; or
- (2) The directors or those in control of the corporation are acting fraudulently and irreparable injury to the corporation is threatened or being suffered.
- 684 (b) The court:
- (1) May issue injunctions, appoint a temporary

  custodian or temporary receiver with all the powers and duties the

  court directs, take other action to preserve the corporate assets

  wherever located, and carry on the business of the corporation

  until a full hearing is held;
- 690 (2) Shall hold a full hearing, after notifying all
  691 parties to the proceeding and any interested persons designated by
  692 the court, before appointing a custodian or receiver; and

693		(3)	Has	juri	sdiction	over	the	corporation	and	all	of
694	its proper	cty,	where	ver	located.						

- 695 (c) The court may appoint an individual or domestic or
  696 foreign corporation (authorized to transact business in this
  697 state) as a custodian or receiver and may require the custodian or
  698 receiver to post bond, with or without sureties, in an amount the
  699 court directs.
- 700 (d) The court shall describe the powers and duties of the 701 custodian or receiver in its appointing order, which may be 702 amended from time to time. Among other powers,
- 703 (1) A custodian may exercise all of the powers of the 704 corporation, through or in place of its board of directors, to the 705 extent necessary to manage the business and affairs of the 706 corporation; and
- 707 (2) A receiver (i) may dispose of all or any part of 708 the assets of the corporation wherever located, at a public or 709 private sale, if authorized by the court; and (ii) may sue and 710 defend in the receiver's own name as receiver in all courts of 711 this state.
- (e) The court during a custodianship may redesignate the custodian a receiver, and during a receivership may redesignate the receiver a custodian, if doing so is in the best interests of the corporation.
- 716 (f) The court from time to time during the custodianship or 717 receivership may order compensation paid and expense disbursements

- 718 or reimbursements made to the custodian or receiver from the
- 719 assets of the corporation or proceeds from the sale of its assets.
- 720 **SECTION 25.** Section 79-4-8.08, Mississippi Code of 1972, is
- 721 brought forward as follows:
- 722 79-4-8.08. (a) The shareholders may remove one or more
- 723 directors with or without cause unless the articles of
- 724 incorporation provide that directors may be removed only for
- 725 cause.
- 726 (b) If a director is elected by a voting group of
- 727 shareholders, only the shareholders of that voting group may
- 728 participate in the vote to remove him.
- 729 (c) If cumulative voting is authorized, a director may not
- 730 be removed if the number of votes sufficient to elect him under
- 731 cumulative voting is voted against his removal. If cumulative
- 732 voting is not authorized, a director may be removed only if the
- 733 number of votes cast to remove him exceeds the number of votes
- 734 cast not to remove him.
- 735 (d) A director may be removed by the shareholders only at a
- 736 meeting called for the purpose of removing him and the meeting
- 737 notice must state that the purpose, or one (1) of the purposes, of
- 738 the meeting is removal of the director.
- 739 **SECTION 26.** Section 79-4-8.09, Mississippi Code of 1972, is
- 740 brought forward as follows:
- 741 79-4-8.09. (a) The chancery court of the county where a
- 742 corporation's principal office is located, or the Chancery Court

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743 of the First Judicial District of Hinds County, Mississipp	743	of the First	Judicial	District	of	Hinds	County,	Mississippi,	if
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- 744 the corporation does not have a principal office in this state,
- 745 may remove a director of the corporation from office in a
- 746 proceeding commenced either by the corporation or by its
- 747 shareholders holding at least ten percent (10%) of the outstanding
- 748 shares of any class if the court finds that (1) the director
- 749 engaged in fraudulent or dishonest conduct, or gross abuse of
- 750 authority or discretion, with respect to the corporation, and (2)
- 751 removal is in the best interest of the corporation.
- 752 (b) The court that removes a director may bar the director
- 753 from reelection for a period prescribed by the court.
- 754 (c) If shareholders commence a proceeding under subsection
- 755 (a), they shall make the corporation a party defendant.
- 756 **SECTION 27.** Section 79-4-8.30, Mississippi Code of 1972, is
- 757 brought forward as follows:
- 758 79-4-8.30. (a) Each member of the board of directors, when
- 759 discharging the duties of a director, shall act:
- 760 (1) In good faith, and
- 761 (2) In a manner the director reasonably believes to be
- 762 in the best interests of the corporation.
- 763 (b) The members of the board of directors or a committee of
- 764 the board, when becoming informed in connection with their
- 765 decision-making function or devoting attention to their oversight
- 766 function, shall discharge their duties with the care that a person

- 767 in a like position would reasonably believe appropriate under 768 similar circumstances.
- (c) In discharging board or committee duties a director, who does not have knowledge that makes reliance unwarranted, is entitled to rely on the performance by any of the persons specified in subsection (e)(1) or subsection (e)(3) to whom the board may have delegated, formally or informally by course of
- 774 conduct, the authority or duty to perform one or more of the
- 775 board's functions that are delegable under applicable law.
- 776 (d) In discharging board or committee duties a director, who
- 777 does not have knowledge that makes reliance unwarranted, is
- 778 entitled to rely on information, opinions, reports or statements,
- 779 including financial statements and other financial data, prepared
- 780 or presented by any of the persons specified in subsection (e).
- 781 (e) A director is entitled to rely, in accordance with
- 782 subsection (c) or (d), on:
- 783 (1) One or more officers or employees of the
- 784 corporation whom the director reasonably believes to be reliable
- 785 and competent in the functions performed or the information,
- 786 opinions, reports or statements provided;
- 787 (2) Legal counsel, public accountants, or other persons
- 788 retained by the corporation as to matters involving skills or
- 789 expertise the director reasonably believes are matters (i) within
- 790 the particular person's professional or expert competence or (ii)
- 791 as to which the particular person merits confidence; or

792	(3) A committee of the board of directors of which the	ıe
793	director is not a member if the director reasonably believes the	9
794	committee merits confidence.	

- (f) For purposes of this section, a director, in

  determining what he reasonably believes to be in the best

  interests of the corporation, shall consider the interests of the

  corporation's shareholders and, in his discretion, may consider

  any of the following:
- 800 (1) The interests of the corporation's employees, 801 suppliers, creditors and customers;
- 802 (2) The economy of the state and nation;
- 803 (3) Community and societal considerations;
- the corporation and its shareholders, including the possibility that these interests may be best served by the continued independence of the corporation.
- 808 **SECTION 28.** Section 79-4-8.41, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 809 brought forward as follows:
- 79-4-8.41. Each officer has the authority and shall perform
  the duties set forth in the bylaws or, to the extent consistent
  with the bylaws, the duties prescribed by the board of directors
  or by direction of an officer authorized by the board of directors
  to prescribe the duties of other officers.
- 815 **SECTION 29.** Section 79-4-8.42, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 816 brought forward as follows:

817	79-4-8.42. (a) An officer, when performing in such
818	capacity, shall act:
819	(1) In good faith;
820	(2) With the care that a person in a like position
821	would reasonably exercise under similar circumstances; and
822	(3) In a manner the officer reasonably believes to be
823	in the best interests of the corporation.
824	(b) In discharging those duties an officer, who does not
825	have knowledge that makes reliance unwarranted, is entitled to
826	rely on:
827	(1) The performance of properly delegated
828	responsibilities by one or more employees of the corporation whom
829	the officer reasonably believes to be reliable and competent in
830	performing the responsibilities delegated; or
831	(2) Information, opinions, reports or statements,
832	including financial statements and other financial data, prepared
833	or presented by one or more employees of the corporation whom the
834	officer reasonably believes to be reliable and competent in the
835	matters presented or by legal counsel, public accountants, or
836	other persons retained by the corporation as to matters involving
837	skills or expertise the officer reasonably believes are matters
838	(i) within the particular person's professional or expert
839	competence or (ii) as to which the particular person merits

840 confidence.

841	(c) An officer shall not be liable to the corporation or its
842	shareholders for any decision to take or not to take action, or
843	any failure to take any action, as an officer, if the duties of
844	the office are performed in compliance with this section. Whether
845	an officer who does not comply with this section shall have
846	liability will depend in such instance on applicable law,
847	including those principles of Section 79-4-8.31 that have

SECTION 30. Section 79-10-19, Mississippi Code of 1972, is brought forward as follows:

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relevance.

- 79-10-19. (1) A professional corporation may not render any professional service other than the professional service authorized by its articles of incorporation.
- (2) Subsection (1) does not prohibit a professional corporation from investing its funds in real estate, mortgages, securities, or any other type of investment or from owning real or personal property appropriate for carrying on its business.
- 858 **SECTION 31.** Section 79-4-11.04, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 859 amended as follows:
- 79-4-11.04. In the case of a domestic corporation that is a party to a merger or share exchange:
- 862 (a) The plan of merger or share exchange \* \* \* shall be 863 adopted by the board of directors \* \* \*;
- 864 (b) Except as provided in subsection (g) and in Section 865 79-4-11.05, after adopting the plan of merger, the board of

866 directors \* \* \* shall submit the plan to the shareholders for 867 their approval. After adopting the plan of share exchange, the 868 board of directors of the corporation whose shares will be 869 acquired in the share exchange \* \* \* shall submit the plan to the shareholders for their approval. The board of directors \* \*  $\star$ 870 871 shall also transmit to the shareholders a recommendation that the 872 shareholders approve the plan of merger or share exchange, unless the board of directors makes a determination that because of 873 874 conflicts of interest or other special circumstances it should not make such a recommendation, in which case the board of 875 876 directors \* \* \* shall transmit to the shareholders the basis for 877 that determination \* \* \*;

- (c) The board of directors may condition its submission of the plan of merger or share exchange to the shareholders on any basis \* \* \*;
- 881 If the plan of merger or share exchange is required 882 to be approved by the shareholders, and if the approval is to be given at a meeting, the corporation \* \* \* shall notify each 883 884 shareholder, whether or not entitled to vote, of the meeting of 885 shareholders at which the plan is to be submitted for approval. 886 The notice \* \* \* shall state that the purpose, or one (1) of the 887 purposes, of the meeting is to consider the plan and \* \* \* shall 888 contain or be accompanied by a copy or summary of the plan. 889 the corporation is to be merged into an existing corporation or 890 eligible entity, the notice shall also include or be accompanied

- by a copy or summary of the articles of incorporation or organizational documents of that corporation or eligible entity.

  If the corporation is to be merged into a corporation or eligible entity that is to be created pursuant to the merger, the notice shall include or be accompanied by a copy or a summary of the articles of incorporation or organizational documents of the new corporation or eligible entity \* \* \*;
- 898 Unless the articles of incorporation, or the board 899 of directors acting pursuant to subsection (c), requires a greater 900 vote or a greater number of votes to be present, the approval of 901 the plan of merger or share exchange shall require the approval of 902 the shareholders at a meeting at which a quorum consisting of at 903 least a majority of the votes entitled to be cast on the plan 904 exists, and, if any class or series of shares is entitled to vote 905 as a separate group on the plan of merger or share exchange, the 906 approval of each such separate voting group at a meeting at which 907 a quorum of the voting group consisting of at least a majority of 908 the votes entitled to be cast on the merger or share exchange by 909 that voting group is present \* \* \*;
- 910 (f) Separate voting by voting groups is required:
- 911 (1) On a plan of merger, by each class or series 912 of shares that (A) are to be converted, pursuant to the provisions 913 of the plan of merger, into shares or other securities, interests, 914 obligations, rights to acquire shares or other securities, cash, 915 other property, or any combination of the foregoing, or (B) would

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- 917 plan that, if contained in a proposed amendment to the articles of
- 918 incorporation, would require action by separate voting groups
- 919 under Section 79-4-10.04;
- 920 (2) On a plan of share exchange, by each class or
- 921 series of shares included in the exchange, with each class or
- 922 series constituting a separate voting group; and
- 923 (3) On a plan of merger or share exchange, if the
- 924 voting group is entitled under the articles of incorporation to
- 925 vote as a voting group to approve a plan of merger or share
- 926 exchange.
- 927 (g) Unless the articles of incorporation otherwise
- 928 provide, approval by the corporation's shareholders of a plan of
- 929 merger is not required if:
- 930 (1) The corporation will survive the merger; \* \* \*
- 931 (2) Except for amendments permitted by Section
- 932 79-4-10.05, its articles of incorporation will not be
- 933 changed; \* \* \*
- 934 (3) Each shareholder of the corporation whose
- 935 shares were outstanding immediately before the effective date of
- 936 the merger will hold the same number of shares, with identical
- 937 preferences, limitations, and relative rights, immediately after
- 938 the effective date of change; \* \* \*
- 939 (4) The number of voting shares outstanding
- 940 immediately after the merger, plus the number of voting shares

941	issuable as a result of the merger (either by the conversion of
942	securities issued pursuant to the merger or the exercise of rights
943	and warrants issued pursuant to the merger), will not exceed by
944	more than twenty percent (20%) the total number of voting shares
945	of the surviving corporation outstanding immediately before the
946	merger; and

- immediately after the merger, plus the number of participating
  shares issuable as a result of the merger (either by the
  conversion of securities issued pursuant to the merger or the
  exercise of rights and warrants issued pursuant to the merger),
  will not exceed by more than twenty percent (20%) the total number
  of participating shares outstanding immediately before the merger.
- 954 (h) As used in subsection (g):
- 955 (1) "Participating shares" means shares that 956 entitle their holders to participate without limitation in 957 distributions \* \* \*; and
- 958 (2) "Voting shares" means shares that entitle 959 their holders to vote unconditionally in elections of 960 directors \* \* \*; and
- 961 (i) If as a result of a merger or share exchange one or 962 more shareholders of a domestic corporation would become subject 963 to personal liability for the obligations or liabilities of any 964 other person or entity, approval of the plan of merger shall

965	require the execut	tion, by each such shareholder, of a separate
966	written consent to	become subject to such personal liability.
967	SECTION 32.	Sections 1 through 14 of this act shall be
968	codified as a new	chapter in Title 79, Mississippi Code of 1972.
969	SECTION 33.	This act shall take effect and be in force from
970	and after July 1,	2025.