

**Adopted
AMENDMENT NO 2 PROPOSED TO**

Senate Bill No. 2140

BY: Representative Creekmore IV

**Amend by striking all after the enacting clause and inserting
in lieu thereof the following:**

57 **SECTION 1.** This act shall be known and may be cited as the
58 "Mississippi Prior Authorization Reform Act."

59 **SECTION 2. Legislative findings.** The Mississippi
60 Legislature finds and declares that:

61 (a) The health care professional-patient relationship
62 is paramount and should not be subject to unreasonable third-party
63 interference;

64 (b) Prior authorization programs may be subject to
65 member coverage agreements and medical policies, but shall not



66 hinder the independent medical judgment of a physician or other
67 health care provider; and

68 (c) Prior authorization programs must be transparent to
69 ensure a fair and consistent process for health care providers and
70 their patients.

71 **SECTION 3. Applicability and scope.** This act applies to
72 every health insurance issuer and all health benefit plans, as
73 both terms are defined in Section 83-9-6.3, and all private review
74 agents and utilization review plans, as both terms are defined in
75 Section 41-83-1, with the exception of employee or employer
76 self-insured health benefit plans under the federal Employee
77 Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 or health care provided
78 pursuant to the Workers' Compensation Act. This act does not
79 diminish the duties and responsibilities under other federal or
80 state law or rules promulgated under those laws applicable to a
81 health insurer, health insurance issuer, health benefit plan,
82 private review agent or utilization review plan, including, but
83 not limited to, the requirement of a certificate in accordance
84 with Section 41-83-3.

85 **SECTION 4. Definitions.** For purposes of this act, unless
86 the context requires otherwise, the following terms shall have the
87 meanings as defined in this section:

88 (a) "Adverse determination" means a determination by a
89 health insurance issuer that, based on the information provided, a
90 request for a benefit under the health insurance issuer's health



91 benefit plan upon application of any utilization review technique
92 does not meet the health insurance issuer's requirements for
93 medical necessity, appropriateness, health care setting, level of
94 care, or effectiveness or is determined to be experimental or
95 investigational and the requested benefit is therefore denied,
96 reduced, or terminated or payment is not provided or made, in
97 whole or in part, for the benefit; the denial, reduction, or
98 termination of or failure to provide or make payment, in whole or
99 in part, for a benefit based on a determination by a health
100 insurance issuer that a preexisting condition was present before
101 the effective date of coverage; or a rescission of coverage
102 determination, which does not include a cancellation or
103 discontinuance of coverage that is attributable to a failure to
104 timely pay required premiums or contributions toward the cost of
105 coverage.

106 (b) "Appeal" means a formal request, either orally or
107 in writing, to reconsider an adverse determination.

108 (c) "Approval" means a determination by a health
109 insurance issuer that a health care service has been reviewed and,
110 based on the information provided, satisfies the health insurance
111 issuer's requirements for medical necessity and appropriateness.

112 (d) "Clinical review criteria" means the written
113 screening procedures, decision abstracts, clinical protocols and
114 practice guidelines used by a health insurance issuer to determine
115 the necessity and appropriateness of health care services.



116 (e) "Department" means the Mississippi State Department
117 of Insurance.

118 (f) "Emergency medical condition" means a medical
119 condition manifesting itself by acute symptoms of sufficient
120 severity, including, but not limited to, severe pain, such that a
121 prudent layperson who possesses an average knowledge of health and
122 medicine could reasonably expect the absence of immediate medical
123 attention to result in:

124 (i) Placing the health of the individual or, with
125 respect to a pregnant woman, the health of the woman or her unborn
126 child, in serious jeopardy;

127 (ii) Serious impairment to bodily functions; or

128 (iii) Serious dysfunction of any bodily organ or
129 part.

130 (g) "Emergency services" means health care items and
131 services furnished or required to evaluate and treat an emergency
132 medical condition.

133 (h) "Enrollee" means any person and his or her
134 dependents enrolled in or covered by a health care plan.

135 (i) "Health care professional" means a physician, a
136 registered professional nurse or other individual appropriately
137 licensed or registered to provide health care services.

138 (j) "Health care provider" means any physician,
139 hospital, ambulatory surgery center, or other person or facility



140 that is licensed or otherwise authorized to deliver health care
141 services.

142 (k) "Health care service" means any services or level
143 of services included in the furnishing to an individual of medical
144 care or the hospitalization incident to the furnishing of such
145 care, as well as the furnishing to any person of any other
146 services for the purpose of preventing, alleviating, curing, or
147 healing human illness or injury, including behavioral health,
148 mental health, home health and pharmaceutical services and
149 products.

150 (l) "Health insurance issuer" has the meaning given to
151 that term in Section 83-9-6.3. Any provision of this act that
152 applies to a "health insurance issuer" also applies to any person
153 or entity covered under the scope of this act in Section 3 of this
154 act.

155 (m) "Medically necessary" means a health care
156 professional exercising prudent clinical judgment would provide
157 care to a patient for the purpose of preventing, diagnosing, or
158 treating an illness, injury, disease or its symptoms and that are:

159 (i) In accordance with generally accepted
160 standards of medical practice; and

161 (ii) Clinically appropriate in terms of type,
162 frequency, extent, site and duration and are considered effective
163 for the patient's illness, injury or disease; and not primarily
164 for the convenience of the patient, treating physician, other



165 health care professional, caregiver, family member or other
166 interested party, but focused on what is best for the patient's
167 health outcome.

168 (n) "Physician" means any person with a valid doctor of
169 medicine, doctor of osteopathy or doctor of podiatry degree.

170 (o) "Prior authorization" means the process by which a
171 health insurance issuer determines the medical necessity and
172 medical appropriateness of an otherwise covered health care
173 service before the rendering of such health care service. "Prior
174 authorization" includes any health insurance issuer's requirement
175 that an enrollee, health care professional or health care provider
176 notify the health insurance issuer before, at the time of, or
177 concurrent to providing a health care service.

178 (p) "Urgent health care service" means a health care
179 service with respect to which the application of the time periods
180 for making a nonexpedited prior authorization that in the opinion
181 of a treating health care professional or health care provider
182 with knowledge of the enrollee's medical condition:

183 (i) Could seriously jeopardize the life or health
184 of the enrollee or the ability of the enrollee to regain maximum
185 function;

186 (ii) Could subject the enrollee to severe pain
187 that cannot be adequately managed without the care or treatment
188 that is the subject of the utilization review; or



189 (iii) Could lead to likely onset of an emergency
190 medical condition if the service is not rendered during the time
191 period to render a prior authorization determination for an urgent
192 medical service.

193 (q) "Urgent health care service" does not include
194 emergency services.

195 (r) "Private review agent" has the meaning given to
196 that term in Section 41-83-1.

197 **SECTION 5. Disclosure and review of prior authorization**

198 **requirements.** (1) A health insurance issuer shall maintain a
199 complete list of services for which prior authorization is
200 required, including for all services where prior authorization is
201 performed by an entity under contract with the health insurance
202 issuer.

203 (2) A health insurance issuer shall make any current prior
204 authorization requirements and restrictions, including the written
205 clinical review criteria, readily accessible and conspicuously
206 posted on its website to enrollees, health care professionals and
207 health care providers. Content published by a third party and
208 licensed for use by a health insurance issuer may be made
209 available through the health insurance issuer's secure,
210 password-protected website so long as the access requirements of
211 the website do not unreasonably restrict access. Requirements
212 shall be described in detail, written in easily understandable
213 language, and readily available to the health care professional



214 and health care provider at the point of care. The website shall
215 indicate for each service subject to prior authorization:

216 (a) When prior authorization became required for
217 policies issued or health benefit plan documents delivered in
218 Mississippi, including the effective date or dates and the
219 termination date or dates, if applicable, in Mississippi;

220 (b) The date the Mississippi-specific requirement was
221 listed on the health insurance issuer's, health benefit plan's, or
222 private review agent's website;

223 (c) Where applicable, the date that prior authorization
224 was removed for Mississippi; and

225 (d) Where applicable, access to a standardized
226 electronic prior authorization request transaction process.

227 (3) The clinical review criteria must:

228 (a) Be based on nationally recognized, generally
229 accepted standards except where state law provides its own
230 standard;

231 (b) Be developed in accordance with the current
232 standards of a national medical accreditation entity;

233 (c) Ensure quality of care and access to needed health
234 care services;

235 (d) Be evidence-based;

236 (e) Be sufficiently flexible to allow deviations from
237 norms when justified on a case-by-case basis; and



238 (f) Be evaluated and updated, if necessary, at least
239 annually.

240 (4) A health insurance issuer shall not deny a claim for
241 failure to obtain prior authorization if the prior authorization
242 requirement was not in effect on the date of service on the claim.

243 (5) A health insurance issuer shall not deem as incidental
244 or deny supplies or health care services that are routinely used
245 as part of a health care service when:

246 (a) An associated health care service has received
247 prior authorization; or

248 (b) Prior authorization for the health care service is
249 not required.

250 (6) If a health insurance issuer intends either to implement
251 a new prior authorization requirement or restriction or amend an
252 existing requirement or restriction, the health insurance issuer
253 shall provide contracted health care professionals and contracted
254 health care providers of enrollees written notice of the new or
255 amended requirement or amendment no less than sixty (60) days
256 before the requirement or restriction is implemented. Written
257 notice may take the form of a conspicuous notice posted on the
258 health insurance issuer's public website or portal for contracted
259 health care professionals and contracted health care providers. A
260 health insurance issuer shall provide email notices to health care
261 professionals or health care providers if the health care
262 professional or health care provider has requested to receive the



263 notice through email. The health insurance issuer shall ensure
264 that the new or amended requirement is not implemented unless the
265 health insurance issuer's website has been updated to reflect the
266 new or amended requirement or restriction. Written notice of a
267 new, amended, or restricted prior authorization requirement, as
268 required by this subsection (6), may be provided less than sixty
269 (60) days in advance if a health insurance issuer determines and
270 contemporaneously notifies the department in writing that:

271 (a) The health insurance issuer has identified
272 fraudulent or abusive practices related to the health care
273 service;

274 (b) The health care service is unavailable or scarce
275 which necessitates the use of an alternative health care service;

276 (c) The health care service is newly introduced to the
277 health care market and a delay in providing coverage for the
278 health care service and would not be in the best interests of
279 enrollees;

280 (d) The health care service is the subject of a
281 clinical trial authorized by the United States Food and Drug
282 Administration; or

283 (e) Changes to the health care service or its
284 availability are otherwise required by law to be made by the
285 health insurance issuer in less than sixty (60) days.

286 (7) Health insurance issuers using prior authorization shall
287 make statistics available regarding prior authorization approvals



288 and denials on their website in a readily accessible format.
289 Following each calendar year, the statistics must be updated
290 annually, by March 31, and include all of the following
291 information:

292 (a) A list of all health care services, including
293 medications, that are subject to prior authorization;

294 (b) The percentage of standard prior authorization
295 requests that were approved, aggregated for all items and
296 services;

297 (c) The percentage of standard prior authorization
298 requests that were denied, aggregated for all items and services;

299 (d) The percentage of prior authorization requests that
300 were approved after appeal, aggregated for all items and services;

301 (e) The percentage of prior authorization requests for
302 which the timeframe for review was extended, and the request was
303 approved, aggregated for all items and services;

304 (f) The percentage of expedited prior authorization
305 requests that were approved, aggregated for all items and
306 services;

307 (g) The percentage of expedited prior authorization
308 requests that were denied, aggregated for all items and services;

309 (h) The average and median time that elapsed between
310 the submission of a request and a determination by the payer, plan
311 or health insurance issuer, for standard prior authorization,
312 aggregated for all items and services;



313 (i) The average and median time that elapsed between
314 the submission of a request and a decision by the payer, plan or
315 health insurance issuer, for expedited prior authorizations,
316 aggregated for all items and services; and

317 (j) Any other information as the department determines
318 appropriate.

319 **SECTION 6. Standardized electronic prior authorizations.**

320 (1) If any health insurance issuer requires prior authorization
321 of a health care service, the insurer or its designee utilization
322 review organization shall, by January 1, 2025, make available a
323 standardized electronic prior authorization request transaction
324 process using an Internet webpage, Internet webpage portal, or
325 similar electronic, Internet, and web-based system.

326 (2) Not later than January 1, 2027, all health care
327 professionals and health care providers shall be required to use
328 the standardized electronic prior authorization request
329 transaction process made available as required by subsection (1)
330 of this section.

331 **SECTION 7. Prior authorizations in nonurgent circumstances.**

332 If a health insurance issuer requires prior authorization of a
333 health care service, the health insurance issuer must make an
334 approval or adverse determination and notify the enrollee, the
335 enrollee's health care professional, and the enrollee's health
336 care provider of the approval or adverse determination as
337 expeditiously as the enrollee's condition requires but no later



338 than seven (7) calendar days after obtaining all necessary
339 information to make the approval or adverse determination, unless
340 a longer minimum time frame is required under federal law for the
341 health insurance issuer and the health care service at issue. As
342 used in this section, "necessary information" includes the results
343 of any face-to-face clinical evaluation, second opinion or other
344 clinical information that is directly applicable to the requested
345 service that may be required. Notwithstanding the foregoing
346 provisions of this section, health insurance issuers must comply
347 with the requirements of Section 83-9-6.3 to respond by two (2)
348 business days for prior authorization requests for pharmaceutical
349 services and products.

350 **SECTION 8. Prior authorizations in urgent circumstances.**

351 (1) If requested by a treating health care provider or health
352 care professional for an enrollee, a health insurance issuer must
353 render an approval or adverse determination concerning urgent
354 health care services and notify the enrollee, the enrollee's
355 health care professional and the enrollee's health care provider
356 of that approval or adverse determination as expeditiously as the
357 enrollee's condition requires but no later than forty-eight (48)
358 hours after receiving all information needed to complete the
359 review of the requested health care services, unless a longer
360 minimum time frame is required under federal law for the health
361 insurance issuer and the urgent health care service at issue.



362 (2) To facilitate the rendering of a prior authorization
363 determination in conformance with this section, a health insurance
364 issuer must establish a mechanism to ensure health care
365 professionals have access to appropriately trained and licensed
366 clinical personnel who have access to physicians for consultation,
367 designated by the plan to make such determinations for prior
368 authorization concerning urgent care services.

369 **SECTION 9. Notifications for adverse determinations.** If a
370 health insurance issuer makes an adverse determination, the health
371 insurance issuer shall include the following in the notification
372 to the enrollee, the enrollee's health care professional, and the
373 enrollee's health care provider:

374 (a) The reasons for the adverse determination and
375 related evidence-based criteria, including a description of any
376 missing or insufficient documentation;

377 (b) The right to appeal the adverse determination;

378 (c) Instructions on how to file the appeal; and

379 (d) Additional documentation necessary to support the
380 appeal.

381 **SECTION 10. Personnel qualified to review appeals.** (1) A
382 health insurance issuer must ensure that all appeals are reviewed
383 by a physician when the request is by a physician or a
384 representative of a physician. The physician must:

385 (a) Possess a current and valid nonrestricted license
386 to practice medicine in any United States jurisdiction;



387 (b) Be certified by the board(s) of the American Board
388 of Medical Specialists or the American Board of Osteopathy within
389 the relevant specialty of a physician who typically manages the
390 medical condition or disease;

391 (c) Be knowledgeable of, and have experience providing,
392 the health care services under appeal;

393 (d) Not have been directly involved in making the
394 adverse determination; and

395 (e) Consider all known clinical aspects of the health
396 care service under review, including, but not limited to, a review
397 of all pertinent medical records provided to the health insurance
398 issuer by the enrollee's health care professional or health care
399 provider and any medical literature provided to the health
400 insurance issuer by the health care professional or health care
401 provider.

402 (2) Notwithstanding the foregoing, a licensed health care
403 professional who satisfies the requirements in this section may
404 review appeal requests submitted by a health care professional
405 licensed in the same profession.

406 **SECTION 11. Insurer review of prior authorization**

407 **requirements.** A health insurance issuer shall periodically review
408 its prior authorization requirements and consider removal of prior
409 authorization requirements:

410 (a) Where a medication or procedure prescribed is
411 customary and properly indicated or is a treatment for the



412 clinical indication as supported by peer-reviewed medical
413 publications; or

414 (b) For patients currently managed with an established
415 treatment regimen.

416 **SECTION 12. Revocation of prior authorizations.** (1) A
417 health insurance issuer may not revoke or further limit, condition
418 or restrict a previously issued prior authorization approval while
419 it remains valid under this act.

420 (2) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, if a claim
421 is properly coded and submitted timely to a health insurance
422 issuer, the health insurance issuer shall make payment according
423 to the terms of coverage on claims for health care services for
424 which prior authorization was required and approval received
425 before the rendering of health care services, unless one (1) of
426 the following occurs:

427 (a) It is timely determined that the enrollee's health
428 care professional or health care provider knowingly and without
429 exercising prudent clinical judgment provided health care services
430 that required prior authorization from the health insurance issuer
431 or its contracted private review agent without first obtaining
432 prior authorization for those health care services;

433 (b) It is timely determined that the health care
434 services claimed were not performed;

435 (c) It is timely determined that the health care
436 services rendered were contrary to the instructions of the health



437 insurance issuer or its contracted private review agent or
438 delegated reviewer if contact was made between those parties
439 before the service being rendered;

440 (d) It is timely determined that the enrollee receiving
441 such health care services was not an enrollee of the health care
442 plan; or

443 (e) The approval was based upon a material
444 misrepresentation by the enrollee, health care professional, or
445 health care provider; as used in this paragraph, "material" means
446 a fact or situation that is not merely technical in nature and
447 results or could result in a substantial change in the situation.

448 (3) Nothing in this section shall preclude a private review
449 agent or a health insurance issuer from performing post-service
450 reviews of health care claims for purposes of payment integrity or
451 for the prevention of fraud, waste, or abuse.

452 **SECTION 13. Length of approvals.** (1) A prior authorization
453 approval shall be valid for the lesser of six (6) months after the
454 date the health care professional or health care provider receives
455 the prior authorization approval or the length of treatment as
456 determined by the patient's health care professional or the
457 renewal of the policy or plan, and the approval period shall be
458 effective regardless of any changes, including any changes in
459 dosage for a prescription drug prescribed by the health care
460 professional. Notwithstanding the foregoing, a health insurer and
461 an enrollee or his/her health care professional may extend a prior



462 authorization approval for a longer period, by agreement. All
463 dosage increases must be based on established evidentiary
464 standards, and nothing in this section shall prohibit a health
465 insurance issuer from having safety edits in place. This section
466 shall not apply to the prescription of benzodiazepines or Schedule
467 II narcotic drugs, such as opioids.

468 (2) Nothing in this section shall require a policy or plan
469 to cover any care, treatment, or services for any health condition
470 that the terms of coverage otherwise completely exclude from the
471 policy's or plan's covered benefits without regard for whether the
472 care, treatment or services are medically necessary.

473 **SECTION 14. Approvals for chronic conditions.** (1) If a
474 health insurance issuer requires a prior authorization for a
475 recurring health care service or maintenance medication for the
476 treatment of a chronic or long-term condition, including, but not
477 limited to, chemotherapy for the treatment of cancer, the approval
478 shall remain valid for the lesser of twelve (12) months from the
479 date the health care professional or health care provider receives
480 the prior authorization approval or the length of the treatment as
481 determined by the patient's health care professional.

482 Notwithstanding the foregoing, a health insurer and an enrollee or
483 his or her health care professional may extend a prior
484 authorization approval for a longer period, by agreement. This
485 section shall not apply to the prescription of benzodiazepines or
486 Schedule II narcotic drugs, such as opioids.



487 (2) Nothing in this section shall require a policy or plan
488 to cover any care, treatment or services for any health condition
489 that the terms of coverage otherwise completely exclude from the
490 policy's or plan's covered benefits without regard for whether the
491 care, treatment, or services are medically necessary.

492 **SECTION 15. Continuity of prior approvals.** (1) On receipt
493 of information documenting a prior authorization approval from the
494 enrollee or from the enrollee's health care professional or health
495 care provider, a health insurance issuer shall honor a prior
496 authorization granted to an enrollee from a previous health
497 insurance issuer for at least the initial ninety (90) days of an
498 enrollee's coverage under a new health plan, subject to the terms
499 of the member's coverage agreement.

500 (2) During the time period described in subsection (1) of
501 this section, a health insurance issuer may perform its own review
502 to grant a prior authorization approval subject to the terms of
503 the member's coverage agreement.

504 (3) If there is a change in coverage or approval criteria
505 for a previously authorized health care service, the change in
506 coverage or approval criteria does not affect an enrollee who
507 received prior authorization approval before the effective date of
508 the change for the remainder of the enrollee's plan year.

509 (4) Except to the extent required by medical exceptions
510 processes for prescription drugs, nothing in this section shall
511 require a policy or plan to cover any care, treatment or services



512 for any health condition that the terms of coverage otherwise
513 completely exclude from the policy's or plan's covered benefits
514 without regard for whether the care, treatment or services are
515 medically necessary.

516 **SECTION 16. Effect of insurer's failure to comply.** A
517 failure by a health insurance issuer to comply with the deadlines
518 and other requirements specified in this act shall result in any
519 health care services subject to review to be automatically deemed
520 authorized by the health insurance issuer or its contracted
521 private review agent.

522 **SECTION 17. Enforcement and administration.** (1) In
523 addition to the enforcement powers granted to it by law to enforce
524 the provisions of this act, the department is granted specific
525 authority to issue a cease-and-desist order or require a private
526 review agent or health insurance issuer to submit a plan of
527 correction for violations of this act, or both. Subject to
528 regulations promulgated by the department under the provisions of
529 the Mississippi Administrative Procedure Law and after proper
530 notice and the opportunity for a hearing, the department may
531 impose upon a private review agent, health benefit plan or health
532 insurance issuer an administrative fine not to exceed Ten Thousand
533 Dollars (\$10,000.00) per violation for failure to submit a
534 requested plan of correction, failure to comply with its plan of
535 correction, or repeated violations of this act. All fines
536 collected by the department under this section shall be deposited



537 into the State General Fund. The department may also exercise all
538 authority granted to it under Section 41-83-13 to deny or revoke a
539 certificate of a private review agent for a violation of this act.

540 (2) Any person or his or her treating physician who has
541 evidence that his or her health insurance issuer or health benefit
542 plan is in violation of the provisions of this act may file a
543 complaint with the department. The department shall review all
544 complaints received and investigate all complaints that it deems
545 to state a potential violation. The department shall fairly,
546 efficiently and timely review and investigate complaints. Health
547 insurance issuers, health benefit plans and private review agents
548 found to be in violation of this act shall be penalized in
549 accordance with this section.

550 (3) The department shall have the authority to promulgate
551 rules and regulations under the Mississippi Administrative
552 Procedures Law to govern the administration of this act.

553 **SECTION 18. Reports to the department.** (1) By June 1,
554 2025, and each June 1 after that date, a health insurance issuer
555 shall report to the department, on a form issued by the
556 department, the following aggregated trend data, de-identified of
557 protected health information, related to the insurer's practices
558 and experience for the prior plan year for health care services
559 submitted for payment:

- 560 (a) The number of prior authorization requests;
561 (b) The number of prior authorization requests denied;



562 (c) The number of prior authorization appeals received;
563 (d) The number of adverse determinations reversed on
564 appeal;
565 (e) Of the total number of prior authorization
566 requests, the number of prior authorization requests that were not
567 submitted electronically;
568 (f) The ten (10) health care services that were most
569 frequently denied through prior authorization;
570 (g) The ten (10) reasons prior authorization requests
571 were most frequently denied;
572 (h) The number of claims for health care services that
573 were examined through a post-service utilization review process;
574 (i) The number and percentage of claims for health care
575 services denied through post-service utilization review; and
576 (j) The ten (10) health care services that were most
577 frequently denied as a result of post-service utilization reviews.
578 (2) All reports required by this section shall be considered
579 public records under the Mississippi Public Records Act of 1983
580 and the department shall make all reports freely available to
581 requestors and post all reports to its public website without
582 redactions.

583 **SECTION 19. False requests for prior authorization.** If a
584 health insurance issuer has clear and convincing evidence that a
585 health care professional or health care provider has knowingly and
586 willingly submitted false or fraudulent requests for prior



587 authorization to the health insurance issuer, the issuer shall
588 notify and provide that information to the Commissioner of
589 Insurance. After receipt of such notification and information,
590 the commissioner shall forward these reports to the Board of
591 Medical Licensure or such other licensing agency with oversight of
592 the health care provider.

593 **SECTION 20.** Section 41-83-1, Mississippi Code of 1972, is
594 amended as follows:

595 41-83-1. As used in this chapter, the following terms shall
596 be defined as follows:

597 (a) "Utilization review" means a system for reviewing
598 the appropriate and efficient allocation of hospital resources and
599 medical services given or proposed to be given, including, but not
600 limited to, any prior authorization as defined in Section 4 of
601 this act, to a patient or group of patients as to necessity for
602 the purpose of determining whether such service should be covered
603 or provided by an insurer, plan or other entity.

604 (b) "Private review agent" means a
605 nonhospital-affiliated person or entity performing utilization
606 review on behalf of:

607 (i) An employer or employees in the State of
608 Mississippi; or

609 (ii) A third party that provides or administers
610 hospital and medical benefits to citizens of this state,
611 including: a health maintenance organization issued a certificate



612 of authority under and by virtue of the laws of the State of
613 Mississippi; or a health insurer, nonprofit health service plan,
614 health insurance service organization, or preferred provider
615 organization or other entity offering health insurance policies,
616 contracts or benefits in this state.

617 (c) "Utilization review plan" means a description of
618 the utilization review procedures of a private review agent.

619 (d) "Department" means the Mississippi State Department
620 of * * * Insurance.

621 (e) "Certificate" means a certificate of registration
622 granted by the Mississippi State Department of * * * Insurance to
623 a private review agent.

624 **SECTION 21.** Section 41-83-3, Mississippi Code of 1972, is
625 amended as follows:

626 41-83-3. (1) A private review agent who approves or denies
627 payment or who recommends approval or denial of payment for
628 hospital or medical services or whose review results in approval
629 or denial of payment for hospital or medical services on a case by
630 case basis, may not conduct utilization review in this state
631 unless the Mississippi State Department of * * * Insurance has
632 granted the private review agent a certificate.

633 (2) The Mississippi State Department of * * * Insurance
634 shall issue a certificate to an applicant that has met all the
635 requirements of this chapter and all applicable regulations of the
636 department.



637 (3) A certificate issued under this chapter is not
638 transferable.

639 (4) The State Department of * * * Insurance shall adopt
640 regulations to implement the provisions of this chapter. Any
641 personal information required by the department with respect to
642 customers or patients shall be held in confidence and not
643 disclosed to the public.

644 **SECTION 22.** Section 41-83-13, Mississippi Code of 1972, is
645 amended as follows:

646 41-83-13. (1) The department shall deny a certificate to
647 any applicant if, upon review of the application, the department
648 finds that the applicant proposing to conduct utilization review
649 does not:

650 (a) Have available the services of a physician to carry
651 out its utilization review activities;

652 (b) Meet any applicable regulations the department
653 adopted under this chapter relating to the qualifications of
654 private review agents or the performance of utilization review;
655 and

656 (c) Provide assurances satisfactory to the department
657 that the procedure and policies of the private review agent will
658 protect the confidentiality of medical records and the private
659 review agent will be reasonably accessible to patients and
660 providers for five (5) working days a week during normal business
661 hours in this state.



662 (2) The department may revoke or deny a certificate if the
663 holder does not comply with the performance assurances under this
664 section, violates any provision of this chapter, or violates any
665 regulation adopted pursuant to this chapter.

666 (3) Before denying or revoking a certificate under this
667 section, the department shall provide the applicant or certificate
668 holder with reasonable time to supply additional information
669 demonstrating compliance with the requirements of this chapter and
670 the opportunity to request a hearing. If an applicant or
671 certificate holder requests a hearing, the department shall send a
672 hearing notice and conduct a hearing * * *.

673 **SECTION 23.** Section 41-83-21, Mississippi Code of 1972, is
674 amended as follows:

675 41-83-21. Notwithstanding language to the contrary elsewhere
676 contained herein, if a licensed physician certifies in writing to
677 an insurer within seventy-two (72) hours of an admission that the
678 insured person admitted was in need of immediate hospital care for
679 emergency services, such shall constitute a prima facie case of
680 the medical necessity of the admission. To overcome this, the
681 entity requesting the utilization review and/or the private review
682 agent must show by clear and convincing evidence that the admitted
683 person was not in need of immediate hospital care.

684 **SECTION 24.** Section 41-83-31, Mississippi Code of 1972, is
685 amended as follows:



686 41-83-31. Any program of utilization review with regard to
687 hospital, medical or other health care services provided in this
688 state, including, but not limited to, any prior authorization as
689 defined in Section 4 of this act, shall comply with the following:

690 (a) No determination adverse to a patient or to any
691 affected health care provider shall be made on any question
692 relating to the necessity or justification for any form of
693 hospital, medical or other health care services without prior
694 evaluation and concurrence in the adverse determination by a
695 physician licensed to practice in Mississippi. The physician who
696 made the adverse determination shall discuss the reasons for any
697 adverse determination with the affected health care provider, if
698 the provider so requests. The physician shall comply with this
699 request within * * * seven (7) calendar days of being notified of
700 a request. Adverse determination by a physician shall not be
701 grounds for any disciplinary action against the physician by the
702 State Board of Medical Licensure.

703 (b) Any determination regarding hospital, medical or
704 other health care services rendered or to be rendered to a patient
705 which may result in a denial of third-party reimbursement or a
706 denial of precertification for that service shall include the
707 evaluation, findings and concurrence of a physician trained in the
708 relevant specialty or subspecialty, if requested by the patient's
709 physician, to make a final determination that care rendered or to
710 be rendered was, is, or may be medically inappropriate.



711 (c) The requirement in this section that the physician
712 who makes the evaluation and concurrence in the adverse
713 determination must be licensed to practice in Mississippi shall
714 not apply to the Comprehensive Health Insurance Risk Pool
715 Association or its policyholders and shall not apply to any
716 utilization review company which reviews fewer than ten (10)
717 persons residing in the State of Mississippi.

718 **SECTION 25.** Section 83-1-101, Mississippi Code of 1972, is
719 amended as follows:

720 83-1-101. Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the
721 contrary, and except as provided herein, any person or other
722 entity which provides coverage in this state for medical,
723 surgical, chiropractic, physical therapy, speech pathology,
724 audiology, professional mental health, dental, hospital, or
725 optometric expenses, whether such coverage is by direct payment,
726 reimbursement * * * or otherwise, and all private review agents
727 covered by Sections 41-83-1 through 41-83-31, shall be presumed to
728 be subject to the jurisdiction of the State Insurance Department,
729 unless (a) the person or other entity shows that while providing
730 such services it is subject to the jurisdiction of another agency
731 of this state, any subdivisions thereof, or the federal
732 government; or (b) the person or other entity is providing
733 coverage under the Direct Primary Care Act in Sections 83-81-1
734 through 83-81-11.



735 **SECTION 26.** Section 83-9-6.3, Mississippi Code of 1972, is
736 amended as follows:

737 83-9-6.3. (1) As used in this section:

738 (a) "Health benefit plan" means services consisting of
739 medical care, provided directly, through insurance or
740 reimbursement, or otherwise, and including items and services paid
741 for as medical care under any hospital or medical service policy
742 or certificate, hospital or medical service plan contract,
743 preferred provider organization, or health maintenance
744 organization contract offered by a health insurance issuer. The
745 term "health benefit plan" includes the Medicaid fee-for-service
746 program and any managed care program, coordinated care program,
747 coordinated care organization program or health maintenance
748 organization program implemented by the Division of Medicaid.

749 (b) "Health insurance issuer" means any entity that
750 offers health insurance coverage through a health benefit plan,
751 policy, or certificate of insurance subject to state law that
752 regulates the business of insurance. "Health insurance issuer"
753 also includes a health maintenance organization, as defined and
754 regulated under Section 83-41-301 et seq., and includes the
755 Division of Medicaid for the services provided by fee-for-service
756 and through any managed care program, coordinated care program,
757 coordinated care organization program or health maintenance
758 organization program implemented by the division.



759 (c) "Prior authorization" means a utilization
760 management criterion used to seek permission or waiver of a drug
761 to be covered under a health benefit plan that provides
762 prescription drug benefits.

763 (d) "Prior authorization form" means a standardized,
764 uniform application developed by a health insurance issuer for the
765 purpose of obtaining prior authorization.

766 (2) Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the
767 contrary, in order to establish uniformity in the submission of
768 prior authorization forms, on or after January 1, 2014, a health
769 insurance issuer shall use only a single, standardized prior
770 authorization form for obtaining any prior authorization for
771 prescription drug benefits. The form shall not exceed two (2)
772 pages in length, excluding any instructions or guiding
773 documentation. The form shall also be made available
774 electronically, and the prescribing provider may submit the
775 completed form electronically to the health benefit plan.
776 Additionally, the health insurance issuer shall submit its prior
777 authorization forms to the Mississippi Department of Insurance to
778 be kept on file on or after January 1, 2014. A copy of any
779 subsequent replacements or modifications of a health insurance
780 issuer's prior authorization form shall be filed with the
781 Mississippi Department of Insurance within fifteen (15) days prior
782 to use or implementation of such replacements or modifications.



783 (3) A health insurance issuer shall respond within two (2)
784 business days upon receipt of a completed prior authorization
785 request from a prescribing provider that was submitted using the
786 standardized prior authorization form required by subsection (2)
787 of this section. Notwithstanding the foregoing provisions of this
788 subsection, health insurance issuers shall comply with Section 8
789 of this act in regard to prior authorizations in urgent
790 circumstances.

791 **SECTION 27.** Section 41-83-5, Mississippi Code of 1972, is
792 brought forward as follows:

793 41-83-5. No certificate is required for those private review
794 agents conducting general in-house utilization review for
795 hospitals, home health agencies, preferred provider organizations
796 or other managed care entities, clinics, private physician offices
797 or any other health facility or entity, so long as the review does
798 not result in the approval or denial of payment for hospital or
799 medical services for a particular case. Such general in-house
800 utilization review is completely exempt from the provisions of
801 this chapter.

802 **SECTION 28.** Section 41-83-7, Mississippi Code of 1972, is
803 brought forward as follows:

804 41-83-7. (1) An applicant for a certificate shall:
805 (a) Submit an application to the department; and
806 (b) Pay to the department the application fee
807 established by the department through regulation.



808 (2) The application shall:

809 (a) Be on a form and accompanied by any supporting
810 documentation that the department requires; and

811 (b) Be signed and verified by the applicant.

812 (3) The application fee required under this section shall be
813 sufficient to pay for the administrative cost of the certification
814 program and any other cost associated with carrying out the
815 provisions of this chapter.

816 **SECTION 29.** Section 41-83-9, Mississippi Code of 1972, is
817 brought forward as follows:

818 41-83-9. In conjunction with the application, the private
819 review agent shall submit information that the department requires
820 including:

821 (a) A utilization review plan that includes a
822 description of review criteria, standards and procedures to be
823 used in evaluating proposed or delivered hospital and medical care
824 and the provisions by which patients, physicians or hospitals may
825 seek reconsideration or appeal of adverse decisions by the private
826 review agent;

827 (b) The type and qualifications of the personnel either
828 employed or under contract to perform the utilization review;

829 (c) The procedures and policies to insure that a
830 representative of the private review agent is reasonably
831 accessible to patients and providers at all times in this state;



832 (d) The policies and procedures to insure that all
833 applicable state and federal laws to protect the confidentiality
834 of individual medical records are followed;

835 (e) A copy of the materials designed to inform
836 applicable patients and providers of the requirements of the
837 utilization review plan; and

838 (f) A list of the third party payors for which the
839 private review agent is performing utilization review in this
840 state.

841 **SECTION 30.** Section 41-83-11, Mississippi Code of 1972, is
842 brought forward as follows:

843 41-83-11. (1) A certificate expires on the second
844 anniversary of its effective date unless the certificate is
845 renewed for a two-year term as provided in this section.

846 (2) Before the certificate expires, a certificate may be
847 renewed for an additional two-year term if the applicant:

848 (a) Otherwise is entitled to the certificate;

849 (b) Pays the department the renewal fee set by the
850 department through regulation; and

851 (c) Submits to the department a renewal application on
852 the form that the department requires and satisfactory evidence of
853 compliance with any requirement of this chapter for certificate
854 renewal.

855 **SECTION 31.** Section 41-83-15, Mississippi Code of 1972, is
856 brought forward as follows:



857 41-83-15. The department shall establish reporting
858 requirements to:

859 (a) Evaluate the effectiveness of private review
860 agents; and

861 (b) Determine if the utilization review programs are in
862 compliance with the provisions of this section and applicable
863 regulations.

864 **SECTION 32.** Section 41-83-17, Mississippi Code of 1972, is
865 brought forward as follows:

866 41-83-17. A private review agent may not disclose or publish
867 individual medical records or any other confidential medical
868 information obtained in the performance of utilization review
869 activities without the patient's authorization or an order of a
870 county, circuit or chancery court of Mississippi or a United
871 States district court. Provided, however, that nothing in this
872 chapter shall prohibit private review agents from providing
873 information to a third party with whom the private review agent is
874 under contract or acting on behalf of.

875 **SECTION 33.** Section 41-83-19, Mississippi Code of 1972, is
876 brought forward as follows:

877 41-83-19. A person who violates any provision of this
878 chapter or any regulation adopted under this chapter is guilty of
879 a misdemeanor and on conviction is subject to a penalty not
880 exceeding One Thousand Dollars (\$1,000.00).



881 **SECTION 34.** Section 41-83-23, Mississippi Code of 1972, is
882 brought forward as follows:

883 41-83-23. Any person aggrieved by a final decision of the
884 department or a private review agent in a contested case under
885 this chapter shall have the right of judicial appeal to the
886 chancery court of the county of the residence of the aggrieved
887 person.

888 Notwithstanding any provision of this chapter, the insured
889 shall have the express right to pursue any legal remedies he may
890 have in a court of competent jurisdiction.

891 **SECTION 35.** Section 41-83-25, Mississippi Code of 1972, is
892 brought forward as follows:

893 41-83-25. (1) Every health insurance plan proposing to
894 issue or deliver a health insurance policy or contract or
895 administer a health benefit program which provides for the
896 coverage of hospital and medical benefits and the utilization
897 review of those benefits shall:

898 (a) Have a certificate in accordance with this chapter;
899 or

900 (b) Contract with a private review agent who has a
901 certificate in accordance with this chapter.

902 (2) Notwithstanding any other provisions of this chapter,
903 for claims where the medical necessity of the provision of a
904 covered benefit is disputed, a health service plan that does not
905 meet the requirements of subsection (1) of this section shall pay



906 any person or hospital entitled to reimbursement under the policy
907 or contract.

908 **SECTION 36.** Section 41-83-27, Mississippi Code of 1972, is
909 brought forward as follows:

910 41-83-27. (1) Every insurer proposing to issue or deliver a
911 health insurance policy or contract or administer a health benefit
912 program which provides for the coverage of hospital and medical
913 benefits and the utilization review of such benefits shall:

914 (a) Have a certificate in accordance with this chapter;

915 or

916 (b) Contract with a private review agent that has a
917 certificate in accordance with this chapter.

918 (2) Notwithstanding any provision of this chapter, for
919 claims where the medical necessity of the provision of a covered
920 benefit is disputed, an insurer that does not meet the
921 requirements of subsection (1) of this section shall pay any
922 person or hospital entitled to reimbursement under the policy or
923 contract.

924 **SECTION 37.** Section 41-83-29, Mississippi Code of 1972, is
925 brought forward as follows:

926 41-83-29. Any health insurer proposing to issue or deliver
927 in this state a group or blanket health insurance policy or
928 administer a health benefit program which provides for the
929 coverage of hospital and medical benefits and the utilization
930 review of such benefits shall:



931 (a) Have a certificate in accordance with this chapter;

932 or

933 (b) Contract with a private review agent that has a
934 certificate in accordance with this chapter.

935 **SECTION 38.** This act shall take effect and be in force from
936 and after July 1, 2024.

**Further, amend by striking the title in its entirety and
inserting in lieu thereof the following:**

1 AN ACT TO ENACT THE MISSISSIPPI PRIOR AUTHORIZATION REFORM
2 ACT; TO ESTABLISH THE LEGISLATIVE FINDINGS OF THE ACT; TO PROVIDE
3 THE APPLICABILITY AND SCOPE OF THE ACT; TO REQUIRE HEALTH
4 INSURANCE ISSUERS TO MAINTAIN A COMPLETE LIST OF SERVICES FOR
5 WHICH PRIOR AUTHORIZATIONS ARE REQUIRED; TO REQUIRE HEALTH
6 INSURANCE ISSUERS TO MAKE ANY CURRENT PRIOR AUTHORIZATION
7 REQUIREMENTS AND RESTRICTIONS READILY ACCESSIBLE AND POSTED ON ITS
8 WEBSITE; TO SET REQUIREMENTS FOR THE CLINICAL REVIEW CRITERIA OF
9 HEALTH INSURANCE ISSUERS; TO PROHIBIT HEALTH INSURANCE ISSUERS
10 FROM DENYING A CLAIM FOR FAILURE TO OBTAIN PRIOR AUTHORIZATION IF
11 THE PRIOR AUTHORIZATION REQUIREMENT WAS NOT IN EFFECT ON THE DATE
12 OF SERVICE ON THE CLAIM; TO REQUIRE HEALTH INSURERS TO MAKE
13 CERTAIN PRIOR AUTHORIZATION STATISTICS AVAILABLE ON THEIR WEBSITE;
14 TO REQUIRE HEALTH INSURANCE ISSUERS TO MAKE AVAILABLE A
15 STANDARDIZED ELECTRONIC PRIOR AUTHORIZATION REQUEST TRANSACTION
16 PROCESS BY JANUARY 1, 2025; TO REQUIRE ALL HEALTH CARE
17 PROFESSIONALS AND HEALTH CARE PROVIDERS TO USE THAT PROCESS NOT
18 LATER THAN JANUARY 1, 2027; TO ESTABLISH CERTAIN REQUIREMENTS ON
19 HEALTH INSURANCE ISSUERS FOR PRIOR AUTHORIZATIONS IN NONURGENT
20 CIRCUMSTANCES AND URGENT CIRCUMSTANCES; TO REQUIRE HEALTH
21 INSURANCE ISSUERS TO GIVE CERTAIN NOTIFICATIONS WHEN MAKING AN
22 ADVERSE DETERMINATION; TO ESTABLISH THE QUALIFICATIONS FOR
23 PERSONNEL WHO REVIEW APPEALS OF PRIOR AUTHORIZATIONS; TO REQUIRE
24 HEALTH INSURANCE ISSUERS TO PERIODICALLY REVIEW ITS PRIOR
25 AUTHORIZATION REQUIREMENTS AND TO CONSIDER REMOVAL OF THESE
26 REQUIREMENTS IN CERTAIN CASES; TO PROVIDE THAT A HEALTH INSURANCE
27 ISSUER MAY NOT REVOKE OR FURTHER LIMIT, CONDITION OR RESTRICT A
28 PREVIOUSLY ISSUED PRIOR AUTHORIZATION WHILE IT REMAINS VALID UNDER
29 THIS ACT UNLESS CERTAIN EXCLUSIONS ARE APPLICABLE; TO PROVIDE HOW
30 LONG PRIOR AUTHORIZATION APPROVALS SHALL BE VALID; TO PROVIDE HOW
31 LONG THE PRIOR AUTHORIZATIONS FOR CHRONIC CONDITIONS SHALL BE
32 VALID; TO ESTABLISH THE PROCEDURE FOR THE CONTINUITY OF PRIOR



33 APPROVALS FROM PREVIOUS HEALTH INSURANCE ISSUERS TO CURRENT
34 ISSUERS; TO PROVIDE THAT A FAILURE BY A HEALTH INSURANCE ISSUER TO
35 COMPLY WITH THE DEADLINES AND OTHER REQUIREMENTS SPECIFIED IN THIS
36 ACT SHALL RESULT IN ANY HEALTH CARE SERVICES SUBJECT TO REVIEW TO
37 BE AUTOMATICALLY DEEMED AUTHORIZED BY THE HEALTH INSURANCE ISSUER
38 OR ITS CONTRACTED PRIVATE REVIEW AGENT; TO AUTHORIZE THE
39 DEPARTMENT OF INSURANCE TO ISSUE CEASE AND DESIST ORDERS TO HEALTH
40 INSURANCE ISSUERS OR PRIVATE REVIEW AGENTS; TO AUTHORIZE THE STATE
41 DEPARTMENT OF INSURANCE TO IMPOSE UPON A PRIVATE REVIEW AGENT,
42 HEALTH BENEFIT PLAN OR HEALTH INSURANCE ISSUER AN ADMINISTRATIVE
43 FINE NOT TO EXCEED \$10,000 PER VIOLATION OF THE ACT; TO REQUIRE
44 HEALTH INSURANCE ISSUERS TO REPORT TO THE DEPARTMENT CERTAIN DATA;
45 TO REQUIRE HEALTH INSURANCE ISSUERS TO NOTIFY THE COMMISSIONER OF
46 INSURANCE OF SUSPECTED SUBMISSIONS OF FALSE REQUESTS FOR PRIOR
47 AUTHORIZATION; TO REQUIRE THE COMMISSIONER TO HAVE AN
48 ADMINISTRATIVE HEARING ON SUCH MATTERS TO RESOLVE THE ISSUE; TO
49 AMEND SECTIONS 41-83-1, 41-83-3, 41-83-13, 41-83-21, 41-83-31,
50 83-1-101 AND 83-9-6.3, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, TO CONFORM WITH
51 THE PROVISIONS OF THIS ACT; TO BRING FORWARD SECTIONS 41-83-5,
52 41-83-7, 41-83-9, 41-83-11, 41-83-15, 41-83-17, 41-83-19,
53 41-83-23, 41-83-25, 41-83-27 AND 41-83-29, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF
54 1972, FOR THE PURPOSE OF POSSIBLE AMENDMENT; AND FOR RELATED
55 PURPOSES.

