REPORT OF CONFERENCE COMMITTEE

MR. SPEAKER AND MR. PRESIDENT:

We, the undersigned conferees, have had under consideration the amendments to the following entitled BILL:

H. B. No. 1137: Opioid antagonists; authorize community organization to receive and administer.

We, therefore, respectfully submit the following report and recommendation:

- 1. That the Senate recede from its Amendment No. 1.
- 2. That the House and Senate adopt the following amendment:

Amend by striking all after the enacting clause and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

- 26 **SECTION 1.** Section 41-29-319, Mississippi Code of 1972, is
- 27 amended as follows:
- 28 41-29-319. (1) This section shall be known as the
- 29 "Emergency Response and Overdose Prevention Act."
- 30 (2) As used in this section, the following terms shall be
- 31 defined as provided in this subsection:
- 32 (a) "Administer" means the direct application of a drug
- 33 to the body of an individual by injection, inhalation, ingestion
- 34 or any other means.
- 35 (b) "Community organization" means an organization
- 36 aimed at making desired improvements to a community's social
- 37 health, well-being, and overall functioning. "Community
- 38 organization" may include organizations that participate in social
- 39 work, and that are related to the organized development of

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40	community	socıa⊥	weliare	through	coordination	Οİ	public	and

- 41 private agencies. Community organizations may exist in
- 42 geographically, culturally, spiritually, and digitally bounded
- 43 communities.
- (* * *c) "Distribute" means to deliver an opioid
- 45 antagonist drug or opioid antagonist device by means other than by
- 46 administering.
- (* * \underline{d}) "Education employee" means an employee of any
- 48 school district, public charter school, private school, public or
- 49 private university, community college or junior college.
- 50 (e) "High-risk opioid overdose touchpoint" means a
- 51 health care entity, public health program, criminal justice system
- 52 or hospitality industry that may interact with individuals that
- 53 are considered high risk of experiencing or witnessing an opioid
- 54 overdose, or deliver harm-reduction services, or engage in
- 55 treatment of substance use disorders.
- (* * *f) "Possess" means to have physical control or
- 57 custody of an opioid antagonist.
- (* * *g) "Practitioner" means a physician licensed to
- 59 practice medicine in this state or any licensed health care
- 60 provider who is authorized to prescribe an opioid antagonist.
- 61 (***h) "Opioid antagonist" means any drug that binds
- 62 to opioid receptors and blocks or inhibits the effects of opioids
- 63 acting on those receptors and that is approved by the federal Food

- 64 and Drug Administration for the treatment of an opioid-related
- 65 overdose.
- (* * $\pm i$) "Opioid-related overdose" means an acute
- 67 condition, including, but not limited to, extreme physical
- 68 illness, decreased level of consciousness, respiratory depression,
- 69 coma, mania or death, resulting from the consumption or use of an
- 70 opioid or another substance with which an opioid was combined or
- 71 that a layperson would reasonably believe to be resulting from the
- 72 consumption or use of an opioid or another substance with which an
- 73 opioid was combined for which medical assistance is required.
- 74 (***j) "Emergency medical technician" means an
- 75 individual who possesses a valid emergency medical technician's
- 76 certificate issued under Section 41-59-33.
- 77 (***k) "Storage" means possession of an opioid
- 78 antagonist with the intent to distribute or administer the opioid
- 79 antagonist.
- 80 (3) (a) A practitioner acting in good faith and in
- 81 compliance with the standard of care applicable to that
- 82 practitioner may directly, or by standing order, prescribe an
- 83 opioid antagonist to a person at risk of experiencing an
- 84 opioid-related overdose, or to a registered pain management
- 85 clinic, community organization, family member, friend or other
- 86 person in a position to assist such person at risk of experiencing
- 87 an opioid-related overdose.

- 88 A practitioner acting in good faith and in 89 compliance with the standard of care applicable to that practitioner may issue a standing order to one or more individual 90 pharmacies that authorizes the pharmacy to dispense an opioid 91 92 antagonist to a person at risk of experiencing an opioid-related 93 overdose or to a community organization, family member, friend or 94 other person in a position to assist such person at risk of 95 experiencing an opioid-related overdose, without the person to 96 whom the opioid antagonist is dispensed needing to have an 97 individual prescription.
- 98 A pharmacist acting in good faith and in compliance with 99 the standard of care applicable to pharmacists may dispense opioid 100 antagonists under a prescription or a standing order issued in 101 accordance with subsection (3) of this section. However, before a 102 pharmacist may dispense an opioid antagonist under the authority 103 of subsection (3)(b) of this section, the pharmacist must complete 104 a training program approved by the State Board of Pharmacy on 105 opioid antagonists.
- (5) (a) A person acting in good faith and with reasonable care to another person whom he or she believes to be experiencing an opioid-related overdose may administer an opioid antagonist that was prescribed or authorized by a standing order in accordance with subsection (3) of this section.
- 111 (b) A person acting in good faith and with reasonable
 112 care to another person whom he or she believes to be experiencing

113	an	opioid-related	overdose ma	av administer	an opioid	antagonist
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- 114 that was distributed by an education employee, community
- 115 organization or high-risk opioid overdose touchpoint. Failure of
- 116 an education employee, community organization or high-risk opioid
- 117 overdose touchpoint, or a member or personnel of such
- 118 organization, to act shall not expose such organization, member,
- 119 or personnel to any criminal or civil liability.
- 120 (6) Emergency medical technicians, firefighters and law
- 121 enforcement officers acting in good faith shall be authorized and
- 122 permitted to administer an opioid antagonist as clinically
- 123 indicated. Failure of an emergency medical technician,
- 124 firefighter or law enforcement officer to act shall not expose
- 125 such person to any criminal or civil liability.
- 126 (7) (a) An education employee, community organization or
- 127 high-risk opioid overdose touchpoint may store or distribute an
- 128 opioid antagonist.
- 129 (b) An education employee, community organization or
- 130 high-risk opioid overdose touchpoint may administer an opioid
- 131 antagonist to another person if the education employee, community
- 132 organization or high-risk opioid overdose touchpoint:
- 133 (i) In good faith, believes the other person is
- 134 experiencing a drug overdose; and
- 135 (ii) Acts with reasonable care in administering
- 136 the opioid antagonist to the other person.



137	(c) The Department of Health may distribute an opioid
138	antagonist to any education employee, community organization or
139	high-risk opioid overdose touchpoint upon a request made in
140	writing by the education employee, community organization or
141	high-risk opioid overdose touchpoint.

- 142 (d) A person may store an opioid antagonist that is
 143 distributed by an education employee, community organization or
 144 high-risk opioid overdose touchpoint.
- (e) Failure of an education employee, community

 organization, high-risk opioid overdose touchpoint or a member or

 personnel of such organization, to act shall not expose such

 organization, member, or personnel to any criminal or civil

 liability.

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- 151 (***<u>8</u>) The following individuals are immune from any
 152 civil or criminal liability or professional licensing sanctions
 153 for the following actions authorized by this section:
- 154 (a) Any practitioner who prescribes or issues a 155 standing order for an opioid antagonist in accordance with 156 subsection (3) of this section;
 - (b) Any practitioner or pharmacist acting in good faith and in compliance with the standard of care applicable to that practitioner or pharmacist who dispenses an opioid antagonist under a prescription or standing order issued in accordance with subsection (3) of this section;

162	(0	:)	(i) A	ny person	other	than	a pra	ctiti	ioner who	
163	administers	an	opioid	antagoni	st in	accord	dance	with	subsection	(5)
164	of this sect	ion	; and							

- (ii) Any person other than a practitioner who stores an opioid antagonist distributed by an education employee, community organization or high-risk opioid overdose touchpoint;
- 168 (d) Any emergency medical technician, firefighters and
 169 law enforcement officers who administers an opioid antagonist in
 170 accordance with subsection (6) of this section.
- 171 (e) Any education employee, community organization or
 172 high-risk opioid overdose touchpoint who stores, distributes or
 173 administers an opioid antagonist under subsection (7) of this
 174 section.
- 175 **SECTION 2.** This act shall take effect and be in force from 176 and after its passage.

Further, amend by striking the title in its entirety and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

AN ACT TO AMEND SECTION 41-29-319, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, 1 2 TO DEFINE THE TERMS "COMMUNITY ORGANIZATION" AND "HIGH-RISK OPIOID 3 OVERDOSE TOUCHPOINT" FOR THE PURPOSE OF THE EMERGENCY RESPONSE AND 4 OVERDOSE PREVENTION ACT; TO AUTHORIZE A PRACTITIONER ACTING IN 5 GOOD FAITH TO DIRECTLY, OR BY STANDING ORDER, PRESCRIBE AN OPIOID ANTAGONIST TO A COMMUNITY ORGANIZATION; TO AUTHORIZE A PERSON 7 ACTING IN GOOD FAITH AND WITH REASONABLE CARE TO ADMINISTER AN 8 OPIOID ANTAGONIST THAT WAS DISTRIBUTED BY A COMMUNITY ORGANIZATION 9 OR HIGH-RISK OPIOID OVERDOSE TOUCHPOINT TO ANOTHER PERSON WHOM HE 10 OR SHE BELIEVES TO BE EXPERIENCING AN OPIOID-RELATED OVERDOSE; TO 11 AUTHORIZE A COMMUNITY ORGANIZATION OR HIGH-RISK OPIOID OVERDOSE 12 TOUCHPOINT TO STORE AND DISTRIBUTE AN OPIOID ANTAGONIST; TO 13 AUTHORIZE A MEMBER OF A COMMUNITY ORGANIZATION OR HIGH-RISK OPIOID OVERDOSE TOUCHPOINT TO ADMINISTER AN OPIOID ANTAGONIST TO ANOTHER 14

- 15 PERSON; TO AUTHORIZE THE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH TO DISTRIBUTE AN
- 16 OPIOID ANTAGONIST TO ANY MEMBER OF A COMMUNITY ORGANIZATION OR
- 17 HIGH-RISK OPIOID OVERDOSE TOUCHPOINT UPON A REQUEST MADE IN
- 18 WRITING BY THE COMMUNITY ORGANIZATION OR HIGH-RISK OPIOID OVERDOSE
- TOUCHPOINT; TO AUTHORIZE A PERSON TO STORE AN OPIOID ANTAGONIST 19
- 20 THAT IS DISTRIBUTED BY A COMMUNITY ORGANIZATION OR HIGH-RISK
- OPIOID OVERDOSE TOUCHPOINT; TO PROVIDE CERTAIN CRIMINAL AND CIVIL 21
- LIABILITY PROTECTION TO A COMMUNITY ORGANIZATION OR HIGH-RISK
- 23 OPIOID OVERDOSE TOUCHPOINT AND MEMBERS AND PERSONNEL OF SUCH
- 2.4 ORGANIZATION; AND FOR RELATED PURPOSES.

CONFEREES FOR THE HOUSE

CONFEREES FOR THE SENATE

X (SIGNED) Creekmore IV X (SIGNED) Wiggins

X (SIGNED)

X (SIGNED)

Waldo

Boyd

X (SIGNED) Nelson

X (SIGNED) Barrett