

REPORT OF CONFERENCE COMMITTEE

MR. SPEAKER AND MR. PRESIDENT:

We, the undersigned conferees, have had under consideration the amendments to the following entitled BILL:

H. B. No. 1088: Circuit courts; authorize jurisdiction for persons with criminal charges who may need civil commitment procedures.

We, therefore, respectfully submit the following report and recommendation:

1. That the Senate recede from its Amendment No. 1.
2. That the House and Senate adopt the following amendment:

Amend by striking all after the enacting clause and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

14 **SECTION 1.** Section 41-21-63, Mississippi Code of 1972, is
15 amended as follows:

16 41-21-63. (1) No person, other than persons charged with
17 crime, shall be committed to a public treatment facility except
18 under the provisions of Sections 41-21-61 through 41-21-107 or
19 43-21-611 or 43-21-315. However, nothing herein shall be
20 construed to repeal, alter or otherwise affect the provisions of
21 Section 35-5-31 or to affect or prevent the commitment of persons
22 to the Veterans Administration or other agency of the United
23 States under the provisions of and in the manner specified in
24 those sections.

25 (2) (a) The chancery court, or the chancellor in vacation,
26 shall have jurisdiction under Sections 41-21-61 through 41-21-107



27 except over persons * * * that have been indicted on felony
28 charges * * *.

29 (b) If a circuit court with jurisdiction over
30 unresolved felony charges enters an order concluding that * * * a
31 person is incompetent to stand trial and is not restorable to
32 competency in the foreseeable future, the * * * circuit court
33 shall retain jurisdiction and shall proceed with civil commitment
34 procedures in the same manner as described in Sections 41-21-61
35 through 41-21-107. The order of the circuit court finding that
36 the person is incompetent to stand trial and is not restorable to
37 competency in the foreseeable future shall be in lieu of the
38 affidavit for commitment provided for in Section 41-21-65. * * *
39 Additionally, if the finding of the circuit court is based on the
40 report and/or testimony of a physician or psychologist that has
41 examined the person, the provisions of Section 41-21-67 for
42 psychiatric examinations shall not apply.

43 (3) The circuit court shall also have jurisdiction under
44 Sections 99-13-7, 99-13-9 and 99-13-11.

45 (4) Before the release of a person referred for civil
46 commitment under this section and committed under Sections
47 41-21-61 through 41-21-107, the Department of Mental Health must
48 notify the district attorney of the county where the offense was
49 committed. The district attorney must notify the crime victim or
50 a family member who has requested notification under Section



51 99-43-35 and the sheriffs of both the county where the offense was
52 committed and the county of the committed person's destination.

53 **SECTION 2.** Section 99-13-9, Mississippi Code of 1972, is
54 amended as follows:

55 99-13-9. When any person is indicted for an offense and
56 acquitted on the ground of having an intellectual disability, the
57 jury rendering the verdict shall state in the verdict that ground
58 and whether the accused constitutes a danger to life or property
59 and to the peace and safety of the community. If the jury
60 certifies that the person with an intellectual disability is
61 dangerous to the peace and safety of the community or to himself
62 or herself, the circuit court shall * * * proceed with the person
63 according to the law provided in the case of persons with an
64 intellectual disability, the person with an intellectual
65 disability himself being remanded to custody to await the further
66 action of the * * * circuit court.

67 **SECTION 3.** Section 41-21-65, Mississippi Code of 1972, is
68 amended as follows:

69 41-21-65. (1) It is the intention of the Legislature that
70 the filing of an affidavit under this section be a simple,
71 inexpensive, uniform, and streamlined process for the purpose of
72 facilitating and expediting the care of individuals in need of
73 treatment.

74 (2) The Uniform Civil Commitment Affidavit developed by the
75 Department of Mental Health under this section must be provided by



76 the clerk of the chancery court to any party or affiant seeking a
77 civil commitment under this section, and must be utilized in all
78 counties to commence civil commitment proceedings under this
79 section. The affidavit must be made available to the public on
80 the website of the Mississippi Department of Mental Health.

81 (3) The Department of Mental Health, in consultation with
82 the Mississippi Chancery Clerks Association, the Mississippi
83 Conference of Chancery Court Judges and the Mississippi
84 Association of Community Mental Health Centers, must develop a
85 written guide setting out the steps in the commitment process no
86 later than January 1, 2020. The guide shall be designated as the
87 "Uniform Civil Commitment Guide" and must include, but not be
88 limited to, the following:

89 (a) Steps in the civil commitment process from
90 affidavit to commitment, written in easily understandable layman's
91 terms;

92 (b) A schedule of fees and assessments that will be
93 charged to commence a commitment proceeding under this section;

94 (c) Eligibility requirements and instructions for
95 filing a pauper's affidavit; and

96 (d) A statement on the front cover of the guide
97 advising that persons wishing to pursue a civil commitment under
98 this section are not required to retain an attorney for any
99 portion of the commitment process.



100 (4) Immediately upon availability, but no later than January
101 1, 2020, the Uniform Civil Commitment Guide must be provided by
102 the clerk of the chancery court to any party or affiant seeking a
103 civil commitment under this section and also must be made
104 available to the public on the website of the Mississippi
105 Department of Mental Health.

106 (5) If any person is alleged to be in need of treatment, any
107 relative of the person, or any interested person, may make
108 affidavit of that fact and shall file the Uniform Civil Commitment
109 Affidavit with the clerk of the chancery court of the county in
110 which the person alleged to be in need of treatment resides, but
111 the chancellor or duly appointed special master may, in his or her
112 discretion, hear the matter in the county in which the person may
113 be found or the circuit judge may hear such matter as provided in
114 Section 41-21-63. The affidavit shall set forth the name and
115 address of the proposed patient's nearest relatives and whether
116 the proposed patient resides or has visitation rights with any
117 minor children, if known, and the reasons for the affidavit. The
118 affidavit must contain factual descriptions of the proposed
119 patient's recent behavior, including a description of the
120 behavior, where it occurred, and over what period of time it
121 occurred, if known. Each factual allegation may be supported by
122 observations of witnesses named in the affidavit. The Department
123 of Mental Health, in consultation with the Mississippi Chancery
124 Clerks' Association, shall develop a simple, one-page affidavit



125 form for the use of affiants as provided in this section. The
126 affidavit also must state whether the affiant has consulted with a
127 Community Mental Health Center or a physician to determine whether
128 the alleged acts by the proposed respondent warrant civil
129 commitment in lieu of other less-restrictive treatment options.
130 No chancery clerk shall require an affiant to retain an attorney
131 for the filing of an affidavit under this section.

132 (6) The chancery clerk may charge a total filing fee for all
133 services equal to the amount set out in Section 25-7-9(o), and the
134 appropriate state and county assessments as required by law which
135 include, but are not limited to, assessments for the Judicial
136 Operation Fund (Section 25-7-9(3)(b)); the Electronic Court System
137 Fund (Section 25-7-9(3)(a)); the Civil Legal Assistance Fund
138 (Section 25-7-9(1)(k)); the Court Education and Training Fund
139 (Section 37-26-3); State Court Constituent's Fund (Section
140 37-26-9(4)); and reasonable court reporter's fee. Costs
141 incidental to the court proceedings as set forth in Section
142 41-21-79 may not be included in the assessments permitted by this
143 subsection. The total of the fees and assessments permitted by
144 this subsection may not exceed One Hundred Fifty Dollars
145 (\$150.00).

146 (7) The prohibition against charging the affiant other fees,
147 expenses, or costs shall not preclude the imposition of monetary
148 criminal penalties under Section 41-21-107 or any other criminal
149 statute, or the imposition by the chancellor of monetary penalties



150 for contempt if the affiant is found to have filed an
151 intentionally false affidavit or filed the affidavit in bad faith
152 for a malicious purpose.

153 (8) Nothing in this section shall be construed so as to
154 conflict with Section 41-21-63.

155 (9) The Department of Mental Health shall provide annual
156 training to chancery and circuit court clerks to inform them about
157 statutory procedures for civil commitments.

158 **SECTION 4.** Section 41-21-67, Mississippi Code of 1972, is
159 amended as follows:

160 41-21-67. (1) Whenever the affidavit provided for in
161 Section 41-21-65 is filed with the chancery clerk, the clerk, upon
162 direction of the chancellor of the court, shall issue a writ
163 directed to the sheriff of the proper county to take into custody
164 the person alleged to be in need of treatment and to take the
165 person for pre-evaluation screening and treatment by the
166 appropriate community mental health center established under
167 Section 41-19-31. Except as otherwise provided in Section
168 41-21-63, the community mental health center will be designated as
169 the first point of entry for pre-evaluation screening and
170 treatment. If the community mental health center is unavailable,
171 any reputable licensed physician, psychologist, nurse practitioner
172 or physician assistant, as allowed in the discretion of the court,
173 may conduct the pre-evaluation screening and examination as set
174 forth in Section 41-21-69. The order may provide where the person



175 shall be held before being taken for pre-evaluation screening and
176 treatment. However, when the affidavit fails to set forth factual
177 allegations and witnesses sufficient to support the need for
178 treatment, the chancellor shall refuse to direct issuance of the
179 writ. Reapplication may be made to the chancellor. If a pauper's
180 affidavit is filed by an affiant who is a guardian or conservator
181 of a person in need of treatment, the court shall determine if
182 either the affiant or the person in need of treatment is a pauper
183 and if * * * the affiant or the person in need of treatment is
184 determined to be a pauper, the county of the residence of the
185 respondent shall bear the costs of commitment, unless funds for
186 those purposes are made available by the state.

187 In any county in which a Crisis Intervention Team has been
188 established under the provisions of Sections 41-21-131 through
189 41-21-143, the clerk, upon the direction of the chancellor, may
190 require that the person be referred to the Crisis Intervention
191 Team for appropriate psychiatric or other medical services before
192 the issuance of the writ.

193 (2) Upon issuance of the writ, the chancellor shall
194 immediately appoint and summon two (2) reputable, licensed
195 physicians or one (1) reputable, licensed physician and either one
196 (1) psychologist, nurse practitioner or physician assistant to
197 conduct a physical and mental examination of the person at a place
198 to be designated by the clerk or chancellor and to report their
199 findings to the clerk or chancellor. However, any nurse



200 practitioner or physician assistant conducting the examination
201 shall be independent from, and not under the supervision of, the
202 other physician conducting the examination. A nurse practitioner
203 or psychiatric nurse practitioner conducting an examination under
204 this chapter must be functioning within a collaborative or
205 consultative relationship with a physician as required under
206 Section 73-15-20(3). In all counties in which there is a county
207 health officer, the county health officer, if available, may be
208 one (1) of the physicians so appointed. If a licensed physician
209 is not available to conduct the physical and mental examination
210 within forty-eight (48) hours of the issuance of the writ, the
211 court, in its discretion and upon good cause shown, may permit the
212 examination to be conducted by the following: (a) two (2) nurse
213 practitioners, one (1) of whom must be a psychiatric nurse
214 practitioner; or (b) one (1) psychiatric nurse practitioner and
215 one (1) psychologist or physician assistant. Neither of the
216 physicians nor the psychologist, nurse practitioner or physician
217 assistant selected shall be related to that person in any way, nor
218 have any direct or indirect interest in the estate of that person
219 nor shall any full-time staff of residential treatment facilities
220 operated directly by the State Department of Mental Health serve
221 as examiner.

222 (3) The clerk shall ascertain whether the respondent is
223 represented by an attorney, and if it is determined that the
224 respondent does not have an attorney, the clerk shall immediately



225 notify the chancellor of that fact. If the chancellor determines
226 that the respondent for any reason does not have the services of
227 an attorney, the chancellor shall immediately appoint an attorney
228 for the respondent at the time the examiners are appointed.

229 (4) If the chancellor determines that there is probable
230 cause to believe that the respondent is mentally ill and that
231 there is no reasonable alternative to detention, the chancellor
232 may order that the respondent be retained as an emergency patient
233 at any licensed medical facility for evaluation by a physician,
234 nurse practitioner or physician assistant and that a peace officer
235 transport the respondent to the specified facility. If the
236 community mental health center serving the county has partnered
237 with Crisis Intervention Teams under the provisions of Sections
238 41-21-131 through 41-21-143, the order may specify that the
239 licensed medical facility be a designated single point of entry
240 within the county or within an adjacent county served by the
241 community mental health center. If the person evaluating the
242 respondent finds that the respondent is mentally ill and in need
243 of treatment, the chancellor may order that the respondent be
244 retained at the licensed medical facility or any other available
245 suitable location as the court may so designate pending an
246 admission hearing. If necessary, the chancellor may order a peace
247 officer or other person to transport the respondent to that
248 facility or suitable location. Any respondent so retained may be
249 given such treatment as is indicated by standard medical practice.



250 However, the respondent shall not be held in a hospital operated
251 directly by the State Department of Mental Health, and shall not
252 be held in jail unless the court finds that there is no reasonable
253 alternative.

254 (5) (a) Whenever a licensed psychologist, nurse
255 practitioner or physician assistant who is certified to complete
256 examinations for the purpose of commitment or a licensed physician
257 has reason to believe that a person poses an immediate substantial
258 likelihood of physical harm to himself or others or is gravely
259 disabled and unable to care for himself by virtue of mental
260 illness, as defined in Section 41-21-61(e), then the physician,
261 psychologist, nurse practitioner or physician assistant may hold
262 the person or may admit the person to and treat the person in a
263 licensed medical facility, without a civil order or warrant for a
264 period not to exceed seventy-two (72) hours. However, if the
265 seventy-two-hour period begins or ends when the chancery clerk's
266 office is closed, or within three (3) hours of closing, and the
267 chancery clerk's office will be continuously closed for a time
268 that exceeds seventy-two (72) hours, then the seventy-two-hour
269 period is extended until the end of the next business day that the
270 chancery clerk's office is open. The person may be held and
271 treated as an emergency patient at any licensed medical facility,
272 available regional mental health facility, or crisis intervention
273 center. The physician or psychologist, nurse practitioner or



274 physician assistant who holds the person shall certify in writing
275 the reasons for the need for holding.

276 If a person is being held and treated in a licensed medical
277 facility, and that person decides to continue treatment by
278 voluntarily signing consent for admission and treatment, the
279 seventy-two-hour hold may be discontinued without filing an
280 affidavit for commitment. Any respondent so held may be given
281 such treatment as indicated by standard medical practice. Persons
282 acting in good faith in connection with the detention and
283 reporting of a person believed to be mentally ill shall incur no
284 liability, civil or criminal, for those acts.

285 (b) Whenever an individual is held for purposes of
286 receiving treatment as prescribed under paragraph (a) of this
287 subsection, and it is communicated to the mental health
288 professional holding the individual that the individual resides or
289 has visitation rights with a minor child, and if the individual is
290 considered to be a danger to the minor child, the mental health
291 professional shall notify the Department of Child Protection
292 Services prior to discharge if the threat of harm continues to
293 exist, as is required under Section 43-21-353.

294 This paragraph (b) shall be known and may be cited as the
295 "Andrew Lloyd Law."

296 **SECTION 5.** Section 41-21-71, Mississippi Code of 1972, is
297 amended as follows:



298 41-21-71. If, as a result of the examination, the appointed
299 examiners certify that the person is not in need of treatment, the
300 chancellor * * *, clerk or circuit judge as applicable shall
301 dismiss the affidavit without the need for a further hearing.

302 * * * Except as otherwise provided in Section 41-21-63, the
303 chancellor or chancery clerk finds, based upon the appointed
304 examiners' certificates and any other relevant evidence, that the
305 respondent is in need of treatment and the certificates are filed
306 with the chancery clerk within forty-eight (48) hours after the
307 order for examination, or extension of that time as provided in
308 Section 41-21-69, the clerk shall immediately set the matter for a
309 hearing. The hearing shall be set within seven (7) days of the
310 filing of the certificates unless an extension is requested by the
311 respondent's attorney. In no event shall the hearing be more than
312 ten (10) days after the filing of the certificates.

313 **SECTION 6.** Section 41-21-73, Mississippi Code of 1972, is
314 amended as follows:

315 41-21-73. (1) Except as otherwise provided in Section
316 41-21-63, the hearing shall be conducted before the chancellor.
317 However, the hearing may be held at the location where the
318 respondent is being held. Within a reasonable period of time
319 before the hearing, notice of same shall be provided the
320 respondent and his attorney, which shall include: (a) notice of
321 the date, time and place of the hearing; (b) a clear statement of
322 the purpose of the hearing; (c) the possible consequences or



323 outcome of the hearing; (d) the facts that have been alleged in
324 support of the need for commitment; (e) the names, addresses and
325 telephone numbers of the examiner(s); and (f) other witnesses
326 expected to testify.

327 (2) The respondent must be present at the hearing unless the
328 chancellor determines that the respondent is unable to attend and
329 makes that determination and the reasons therefor part of the
330 record. At the time of the hearing, the respondent shall not be
331 so under the influence or suffering from the effects of drugs,
332 medication or other treatment so as to be hampered in
333 participating in the proceedings. The court, at the time of the
334 hearing, shall be presented a record of all drugs, medication or
335 other treatment that the respondent has received pending the
336 hearing, unless the court determines that such a record would be
337 impractical and documents the reasons for that determination.

338 (3) The respondent shall have the right to offer evidence,
339 to be confronted with the witnesses against him and to
340 cross-examine them and shall have the privilege against
341 self-incrimination. The rules of evidence applicable in other
342 judicial proceedings in this state shall be followed.

343 (4) If the court finds by clear and convincing evidence that
344 the proposed patient is a person with mental illness or a person
345 with an intellectual disability and, if after careful
346 consideration of reasonable alternative dispositions, including,
347 but not limited to, dismissal of the proceedings, the court finds



348 that there is no suitable alternative to judicial commitment, the
349 court shall commit the patient for treatment in the least
350 restrictive treatment facility that can meet the patient's
351 treatment needs. Treatment before admission to a state-operated
352 facility shall be located as closely as possible to the patient's
353 county of residence and the county of residence shall be
354 responsible for that cost. Admissions to state-operated
355 facilities shall be in compliance with the catchment areas
356 established by the State Department of Mental Health. A
357 nonresident of the state may be committed for treatment or
358 confinement in the county where the person was found.

359 Alternatives to commitment to inpatient care may include, but
360 shall not be limited to: voluntary or court-ordered outpatient
361 commitment for treatment with specific reference to a treatment
362 regimen, day treatment in a hospital, night treatment in a
363 hospital, placement in the custody of a friend or relative, or the
364 provision of home health services.

365 For persons committed as having mental illness or having an
366 intellectual disability, the initial commitment shall not exceed
367 three (3) months.

368 (5) No person shall be committed to a treatment facility
369 whose primary problems are the physical disabilities associated
370 with old age or birth defects of infancy.

371 (6) The court shall state the findings of fact and
372 conclusions of law that constitute the basis for the order of



373 commitment. The findings shall include a listing of less
374 restrictive alternatives considered by the court and the reasons
375 that each was found not suitable.

376 (7) A stenographic transcription shall be recorded by a
377 stenographer or electronic recording device and retained by the
378 court.

379 (8) Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the
380 contrary, neither the State Board of Mental Health or its members,
381 nor the State Department of Mental Health or its related
382 facilities, nor any employee of the State Department of Mental
383 Health or its related facilities, unless related to the respondent
384 by blood or marriage, shall be assigned or adjudicated custody,
385 guardianship, or conservatorship of the respondent.

386 (9) The county where a person in need of treatment is found
387 is authorized to charge the county of the person's residence for
388 the costs incurred while the person is confined in the county
389 where such person was found.

390 **SECTION 7.** Section 41-21-83, Mississippi Code of 1972, is
391 amended as follows:

392 41-21-83. Except as otherwise provided in Section 41-21-63,
393 if a hearing is requested as provided in Section 41-21-74,
394 41-21-81 or 41-21-99, the court shall not make a determination of
395 the need for continued commitment unless a hearing is held and the
396 court finds by clear and convincing evidence that (a) the person
397 continues to have mental illness or have an intellectual



398 disability; and (b) involuntary commitment is necessary for the
399 protection of the patient or others; and (c) there is no
400 alternative to involuntary commitment. Hearings held under this
401 section shall be held in the chancery court of the county where
402 the facility is located; however, if the patient is confined at
403 the Mississippi State Hospital at Whitfield, Mississippi, the
404 hearing shall be conducted by the Chancery Court of the First
405 Judicial District of Hinds County, Mississippi.

406 The hearing shall be held within fourteen (14) days after
407 receipt by the court of the request for a hearing. The court may
408 continue the hearing for good cause shown. The clerk shall
409 ascertain whether the patient is represented by counsel, and, if
410 the patient is not represented, shall notify the chancellor who
411 shall appoint counsel for him if the chancellor determines that
412 the patient for any reason does not have the services of an
413 attorney; however, the patient may waive the appointment of
414 counsel subject to the approval of the court. Notice of the time
415 and place of the hearing shall be served at least seventy-two (72)
416 hours before the time of the hearing upon the patient, his
417 attorney, the director, and the person requesting the hearing, if
418 other than the patient, and any witnesses requested by the patient
419 or his attorney, or any witnesses the court may deem necessary or
420 desirable.

421 The patient must be present at the hearing unless the
422 chancellor determines that the patient is unable to attend and



423 makes that determination and the reasons therefor part of the
424 record.

425 The court shall put its findings and the reasons supporting
426 its findings in writing and shall have copies delivered to the
427 patient, his attorney, and the director of the treatment facility.
428 An appeal from the final commitment order by either party may be
429 had on the terms prescribed for appeals in civil cases; however,
430 such appeal shall be without supersedeas. The record on appeal
431 shall include the transcript of the commitment hearing.

432 **SECTION 8.** Section 47-7-47, Mississippi Code of 1972, is
433 amended as follows:

434 47-7-47. (1) The judge of any circuit court may place an
435 offender on a program of earned probation, in an intensive
436 supervision program or any intervention court authorized by law
437 after a period of confinement as set out herein and the judge may
438 seek the advice of the commissioner and shall direct that the
439 defendant be under the supervision of the department.

440 (2) (a) Any circuit court or county court may, upon its own
441 motion, acting upon the advice and consent of the commissioner not
442 earlier than thirty (30) days nor later than * * * three (3) years
443 after the defendant has been delivered to the custody of the
444 department, * * * incarcerated by order of the court or otherwise
445 sentenced, modify, alter or suspend the further execution of the
446 sentence and place the defendant on earned probation, in an
447 intensive supervision program or any intervention court authorized



448 by law except when a death sentence or life imprisonment is the
449 maximum penalty which may be imposed or if the defendant has been
450 confined two (2) or more times for the conviction of a felony on a
451 previous occasion in any court or courts of the United States and
452 of any state or territories thereof or has been convicted of a
453 felony involving the use of a deadly weapon.

454 (b) The authority granted in this subsection shall be
455 exercised by the judge who imposed sentence on the defendant, or
456 his successor.

457 (c) The time limit imposed by paragraph (a) of this
458 subsection is not applicable to those defendants sentenced to the
459 custody of the department prior to April 14, 1977. Persons who
460 are convicted of crimes that carry mandatory sentences shall not
461 be eligible for earned probation.

462 (3) When any circuit or county court places an offender on
463 earned probation, the court shall give notice to the Mississippi
464 Department of Corrections within fifteen (15) days of the court's
465 decision to place the offender on earned probation. Notice shall
466 be delivered to the central office of the Mississippi Department
467 of Corrections and to the regional office of the department which
468 will be providing supervision to the offender on earned probation.

469 (4) If the court places any person on probation or earned
470 probation, the court may order the person, as a condition of
471 probation, to a period of confinement and treatment at a private
472 or public agency or institution, either within or without the



473 state, which treats emotional, mental or drug-related problems.
474 Any person who, as a condition of probation, is confined for
475 treatment at an out-of-state facility shall be supervised pursuant
476 to Section 47-7-71, and any person confined at a private agency
477 shall not be confined at public expense. Time served in any such
478 agency or institution may be counted as time required to meet the
479 criteria of subsection (2) (a).

480 (5) If the court places any person on probation or earned
481 probation, the court may order the person to make appropriate
482 restitution to any victim of his crime or to society through the
483 performance of reasonable work for the benefit of the community.

484 (6) If the court places any person on probation or earned
485 probation, the court may order the person, as a condition of
486 probation, to submit, as provided in Section 47-5-601, to any type
487 of breath, saliva or urine chemical analysis test, the purpose of
488 which is to detect the possible presence of alcohol or a substance
489 prohibited or controlled by any law of the State of Mississippi or
490 the United States.

491 **SECTION 9.** This act shall take effect and be in force from
492 and after July 1, 2024.

**Further, amend by striking the title in its entirety and
inserting in lieu thereof the following:**

1 AN ACT TO AMEND SECTION 41-21-63, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972,
2 TO AUTHORIZE A CIRCUIT COURT TO RETAIN JURISDICTION AND PROCEED
3 WITH CIVIL COMMITMENT IN CERTAIN CIRCUMSTANCES; TO AMEND SECTION
4 99-13-9, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, TO AUTHORIZE THE CIRCUIT COURT



5 TO PROCEED WITH COMMITMENT PROCEDURES FOR ANY PERSONS WITH AN
6 INTELLECTUAL DISABILITY AND HAVE UNRESOLVED FELONY CHARGES; TO
7 AMEND SECTIONS 41-21-65, 41-21-67, 41-21-71, 41-21-73 AND
8 41-21-83, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, TO AUTHORIZE THE CIRCUIT COURT
9 TO PROCEED WITH COMMITMENT PROCEDURES; TO AMEND SECTION 47-7-47,
10 MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, TO REVISE THE JURISDICTIONAL TIME PERIOD
11 FOR A COURT'S AUTHORITY TO REVISE A DEFENDANT'S SENTENCE; AND FOR
12 RELATED PURPOSES.

CONFEREES FOR THE HOUSE

X (SIGNED)
Horan

X (SIGNED)
Owen

X (SIGNED)
Burch

CONFEREES FOR THE SENATE

X (SIGNED)
Wiggins

X (SIGNED)
Barrett

X (SIGNED)
Simmons (12th)

