To: Insurance

By: Senator(s) Michel

#### SENATE BILL NO. 2755

AN ACT TO ENACT THE MISSISSIPPI PRIOR AUTHORIZATION REFORM ACT; TO ESTABLISH THE LEGISLATIVE FINDINGS OF THE ACT; TO PROVIDE THE APPLICABILITY AND SCOPE OF THE ACT; TO REQUIRE HEALTH INSURANCE ISSUERS TO MAINTAIN A COMPLETE LIST OF SERVICES FOR 5 WHICH PRIOR AUTHORIZATIONS ARE REQUIRED; TO REQUIRE HEALTH INSURANCE ISSUERS TO MAKE ANY CURRENT PRIOR AUTHORIZATION 7 REQUIREMENTS AND RESTRICTIONS READILY ACCESSIBLE AND POSTED ON ITS WEBSITE; TO SET REQUIREMENTS FOR THE CLINICAL REVIEW CRITERIA OF 8 9 HEALTH INSURANCE ISSUERS; TO PROHIBIT HEALTH INSURANCE ISSUERS 10 FROM DENYING A CLAIM FOR FAILURE TO OBTAIN PRIOR AUTHORIZATION IF 11 THE PRIOR AUTHORIZATION REQUIREMENT WAS NOT IN EFFECT ON THE DATE 12 OF SERVICE ON THE CLAIM; TO REQUIRE HEALTH INSURERS TO MAKE CERTAIN PRIOR AUTHORIZATION STATISTICS AVAILABLE ON THEIR WEBSITE; TO REQUIRE HEALTH INSURANCE ISSUERS TO MAKE AVAILABLE A 14 1.5 STANDARDIZED ELECTRONIC PRIOR AUTHORIZATION REQUEST TRANSACTION 16 PROCESS BY JANUARY 1, 2025; TO REQUIRE ALL HEALTH CARE 17 PROFESSIONALS AND HEALTH CARE PROVIDERS TO USE THAT PROCESS NOT 18 LATER THAN JANUARY 1, 2027; TO ESTABLISH CERTAIN REQUIREMENTS ON 19 HEALTH INSURANCE ISSUERS FOR PRIOR AUTHORIZATIONS IN NONURGENT 20 CIRCUMSTANCES AND URGENT CIRCUMSTANCES; TO PROVIDE CERTAIN 21 QUALIFICATIONS OF PHYSICIANS QUALIFIED TO MAKE ADVERSE 22 DETERMINATIONS; TO REQUIRE HEALTH INSURANCE ISSUERS TO GIVE 23 CERTAIN NOTIFICATIONS WHEN MAKING AN ADVERSE DETERMINATION; TO 24 ESTABLISH THE QUALIFICATIONS FOR PERSONNEL WHO REVIEW APPEALS OF 25 PRIOR AUTHORIZATIONS; TO REQUIRE HEALTH INSURANCE ISSUERS TO 26 PERIODICALLY REVIEW ITS PRIOR AUTHORIZATION REQUIREMENTS AND TO 27 CONSIDER REMOVAL OF THESE REQUIREMENTS IN CERTAIN CASES; TO 28 PROVIDE THAT A HEALTH INSURANCE ISSUER MAY NOT REVOKE OR FURTHER 29 LIMIT, CONDITION OR RESTRICT A PREVIOUSLY ISSUED PRIOR 30 AUTHORIZATION WHILE IT REMAINS VALID UNDER THIS ACT UNLESS CERTAIN 31 EXCLUSIONS ARE APPLICABLE; TO PROVIDE HOW LONG PRIOR AUTHORIZATION 32 APPROVALS SHALL BE VALID; TO PROVIDE HOW LONG THE PRIOR 33 AUTHORIZATIONS FOR CHRONIC CONDITIONS SHALL BE VALID; TO ESTABLISH 34 THE PROCEDURE FOR THE CONTINUITY OF PRIOR APPROVALS FROM PREVIOUS

- 35 HEALTH INSURANCE ISSUERS TO CURRENT ISSUERS; TO PROVIDE THAT A
- 36 FAILURE BY A HEALTH INSURANCE ISSUER TO COMPLY WITH THE DEADLINES
- 37 AND OTHER REQUIREMENTS SPECIFIED IN THIS ACT SHALL RESULT IN ANY
- 38 HEALTH CARE SERVICES SUBJECT TO REVIEW TO BE AUTOMATICALLY DEEMED
- 39 AUTHORIZED BY THE HEALTH INSURANCE ISSUER OR ITS CONTRACTED
- 40 PRIVATE REVIEW AGENT; TO AUTHORIZE THE DEPARTMENT OF INSURANCE TO
- 41 ISSUE CEASE AND DESIST ORDERS TO HEALTH INSURANCE ISSUERS OR
- 42 PRIVATE REVIEW AGENTS; TO AUTHORIZE THE STATE DEPARTMENT OF
- 43 INSURANCE TO IMPOSE UPON A PRIVATE REVIEW AGENT, HEALTH BENEFIT
- 44 PLAN OR HEALTH INSURANCE ISSUER AN ADMINISTRATIVE FINE NOT TO
- 45 EXCEED \$10,000 PER VIOLATION OF THE ACT; TO REQUIRE HEALTH
- 46 INSURANCE ISSUERS TO REPORT TO THE DEPARTMENT CERTAIN DATA; TO
- 47 REQUIRE HEALTH INSURANCE ISSUERS TO NOTIFY THE COMMISSIONER OF
- 48 INSURANCE OF SUSPECTED SUBMISSIONS OF FALSE REQUESTS FOR PRIOR
- 49 AUTHORIZATION; TO REQUIRE THE COMMISSIONER TO HAVE AN
- 50 ADMINISTRATIVE HEARING ON SUCH MATTERS TO RESOLVE THE ISSUE; TO
- 51 AMEND SECTION 41-83-31, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, TO CONFORM AND
- 52 TO SET CERTAIN QUALIFICATIONS AND TIME CONSTRAINTS FOR PHYSICIANS
- 53 MAKING ADVERSE DETERMINATIONS THROUGH ANY PROGRAM OF UTILIZATION
- 54 REVIEW; TO AMEND SECTIONS 41-83-1, 41-83-3, 41-83-13, 41-83-21,
- 55 83-1-101 AND 83-9-6.3 MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, TO CONFORM WITH
- 56 THE PROVISIONS OF THIS ACT; TO BRING FORWARD SECTIONS 41-83-5,
- 57 41-83-7, 41-83-9, 41-83-11, 41-83-15, 41-83-17, 41-83-19,
- 58 41-83-23, 41-83-25, 41-83-27 AND 41-83-29, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF
- 59 1972, FOR THE PURPOSE OF POSSIBLE AMENDMENT; AND FOR RELATED
- 60 PURPOSES.
- 61 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MISSISSIPPI:
- 62 **SECTION 1.** This act shall be known and may be cited as the
- 63 "Mississippi Prior Authorization Reform Act."
- 64 **SECTION 2. Legislative findings.** The Mississippi
- 65 Legislature finds and declares that:
- 66 (a) The health care professional-patient relationship
- 67 is paramount and should not be subject to unreasonable third-party
- 68 interference;
- (b) Prior authorization programs may be subject to
- 70 member coverage agreements and medical policies, but shall not
- 71 hinder the independent medical judgment of a physician or other
- 72 health care provider; and

73		(C)	Pri	or authori	zation	progra	ams must	be .	transparent	t to
74	ensure a	ı fair	and	consistent	proces	ss for	health	care	providers	and
75	their pa	tient	s.							

- 76 SECTION 3. Applicability and scope. This act applies to 77 every health insurance issuer and all health benefit plans, as 78 both terms are defined in Section 83-9-6.3, and all private review agents and utilization review plans, as both terms are defined in 79 80 Section 41-83-1, with the exception of employee or employer 81 self-insured health benefit plans under the federal Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 or health care provided 82 83 pursuant to the Workers' Compensation Act. This act does not diminish the duties and responsibilities under other federal or 84 85 state law or rules promulgated under those laws applicable to a health insurer, health insurance issuer, health benefit plan, 86 87 private review agent or utilization review plan, including, but 88 not limited to, the requirement of a certificate in accordance 89 with Section 41-83-3.
- 90 SECTION 4. Definitions. For purposes of this act, unless 91 the context requires otherwise, the following terms shall have the 92 meanings as defined in this section:
- "Adverse determination" means a determination by a 93 94 health insurance issuer that, based on the information provided, a request for a benefit under the health insurance issuer's health 95 96 benefit plan upon application of any utilization review technique does not meet the health insurance issuer's requirements for 97

98 medical necessity, appropriateness, health care setting, level of 99 care, or effectiveness or is determined to be experimental or 100 investigational and the requested benefit is therefore denied, 101 reduced, or terminated or payment is not provided or made, in 102 whole or in part, for the benefit; the denial, reduction, or 103 termination of or failure to provide or make payment, in whole or 104 in part, for a benefit based on a determination by a health 105 insurance issuer that a preexisting condition was present before 106 the effective date of coverage; or a rescission of coverage 107 determination, which does not include a cancellation or 108 discontinuance of coverage that is attributable to a failure to timely pay required premiums or contributions toward the cost of 109 110 coverage.

- 111 (b) "Appeal" means a formal request, either orally or 112 in writing, to reconsider an adverse determination.
- 113 (c) "Approval" means a determination by a health
  114 insurance issuer that a health care service has been reviewed and,
  115 based on the information provided, satisfies the health insurance
  116 issuer's requirements for medical necessity and appropriateness.
- 117 (d) "Clinical review criteria" means the written

  118 screening procedures, decision abstracts, clinical protocols and

  119 practice guidelines used by a health insurance issuer to determine

  120 the necessity and appropriateness of health care services.
- 121 (e) "Department" means the Mississippi State Department
  122 of Insurance.

123	(f) "Emergency medical condition" means a medical
124	condition manifesting itself by acute symptoms of sufficient
125	severity, including, but not limited to, severe pain, such that a
126	prudent layperson who possesses an average knowledge of health and
127	medicine could reasonably expect the absence of immediate medical
128	attention to result in:

- (i) Placing the health of the individual or, with respect to a pregnant woman, the health of the woman or her unborn child, in serious jeopardy;
- (ii) Serious impairment to bodily functions; or
  (iii) Serious dysfunction of any bodily organ or
  part.
- 135 (g) "Emergency services" means health care items and
  136 services furnished or required to evaluate and treat an emergency
  137 medical condition.
- 138 (h) "Enrollee" means any person and his or her 139 dependents enrolled in or covered by a health care plan.
- (i) "Health care professional" means a physician, a registered professional nurse or other individual appropriately licensed or registered to provide health care services.
- (j) "Health care provider" means any physician,
  hospital, ambulatory surgery center, or other person or facility
  that is licensed or otherwise authorized to deliver health care
  services.

147	(k) "Health care service" means any services or level
148	of services included in the furnishing to an individual of medical
149	care or the hospitalization incident to the furnishing of such
150	care, as well as the furnishing to any person of any other
151	services for the purpose of preventing, alleviating, curing, or
152	healing human illness or injury, including behavioral health,
153	mental health, home health and pharmaceutical services and
154	products.

- 155 (1) "Health insurance issuer" has the meaning given to
  156 that term in Section 83-9-6.3. Any provision of this act that
  157 applies to a "health insurance issuer" also applies to any person
  158 or entity covered under the scope of this act in Section 3 of this
  159 act.
- 160 (m) "Medically necessary" means a health care

  161 professional exercising prudent clinical judgment would provide

  162 care to a patient for the purpose of preventing, diagnosing, or

  163 treating an illness, injury, disease or its symptoms and that are:
- 164 (i) In accordance with generally accepted 165 standards of medical practice; and
- (ii) Clinically appropriate in terms of type,

  frequency, extent, site and duration and are considered effective

  for the patient's illness, injury or disease; and not primarily

  for the convenience of the patient, treating physician, other

  health care professional, caregiver, family member or other

171 interested party, but focused on what is best for the $\mathfrak p$	patient's
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- 172 health outcome.
- "Physician" means any person with a valid doctor of 173
- medicine, doctor of osteopathy or doctor of podiatry degree. 174
- 175 "Prior authorization" means the process by which a
- 176 health insurance issuer determines the medical necessity and
- medical appropriateness of an otherwise covered health care 177
- 178 service before the rendering of such health care service. "Prior
- 179 authorization" includes any health insurance issuer's requirement
- 180 that an enrollee, health care professional or health care provider
- 181 notify the health insurance issuer before, at the time of, or
- concurrent to providing a health care service. 182
- 183 "Urgent health care service" means a health care (p)
- service with respect to which the application of the time periods 184
- 185 for making a nonexpedited prior authorization that in the opinion
- 186 of a treating health care professional or health care provider
- 187 with knowledge of the enrollee's medical condition:
- 188 Could seriously jeopardize the life or health (i)
- 189 of the enrollee or the ability of the enrollee to regain maximum
- 190 function; or
- 191 (ii) Could subject the enrollee to severe pain
- 192 that cannot be adequately managed without the care or treatment
- that is the subject of the utilization review. 193
- 194 "Urgent health care service" does not include
- 195 emergency services.

24/SS26/R1098 PAGE 7 (scm\kr)

196			(r)	"Priva	te	review	agent"	has	the	meaning	given	to
197	t.hat. 1	term	in	Section	41-	-83-1.						

SECTION 5. Disclosure and review of prior authorization requirements. (1) A health insurance issuer shall maintain a complete list of services for which prior authorization is required, including for all services where prior authorization is performed by an entity under contract with the health insurance issuer.

- (2) A health insurance issuer shall make any current prior authorization requirements and restrictions, including the written clinical review criteria, readily accessible and conspicuously posted on its website to enrollees, health care professionals and health care providers. Content published by a third party and licensed for use by a health insurance issuer may be made available through the health insurance issuer's secure, password-protected website so long as the access requirements of the website do not unreasonably restrict access. Requirements shall be described in detail, written in easily understandable language, and readily available to the health care professional and health care provider at the point of care. The website shall indicate for each service subject to prior authorization:
- 217 (a) When prior authorization became required for 218 policies issued or health benefit plan documents delivered in 219 Mississippi, including the effective date or dates and the 220 termination date or dates, if applicable, in Mississippi;

221 ()	b)	The	date	the	Mississippi	i-specific	requirement	was
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- 222 listed on the health insurance issuer's, health benefit plan's, or
- 223 private review agent's website;
- (c) Where applicable, the date that prior authorization
- 225 was removed for Mississippi; and
- 226 (d) Where applicable, access to a standardized
- 227 electronic prior authorization request transaction process.
- 228 (3) The clinical review criteria must:
- 229 (a) Be based on nationally recognized, generally
- 230 accepted standards except where state law provides its own
- 231 standard;
- 232 (b) Be developed in accordance with the current
- 233 standards of a national medical accreditation entity;
- (c) Ensure quality of care and access to needed health
- 235 care services;
- 236 (d) Be evidence-based;
- 237 (e) Be sufficiently flexible to allow deviations from
- 238 norms when justified on a case-by-case basis; and
- 239 (f) Be evaluated and updated, if necessary, at least
- 240 annually.
- 241 (4) A health insurance issuer shall not deny a claim for
- 242 failure to obtain prior authorization if the prior authorization
- 243 requirement was not in effect on the date of service on the claim.

244	(5) A health insurance issuer shall not deem as incidenta
245	or deny supplies or health care services that are routinely use
246	as part of a health care service when:

- 247 (a) An associated health care service has received 248 prior authorization; or
- 249 (b) Prior authorization for the health care service is 250 not required.
- 251 If a health insurance issuer intends either to implement 252 a new prior authorization requirement or restriction or amend an 253 existing requirement or restriction, the health insurance issuer 254 shall provide contracted health care professionals and contracted 255 health care providers of enrollees written notice of the new or 256 amended requirement or amendment no less than sixty (60) days 257 before the requirement or restriction is implemented. The written notice may be provided in an electronic format, including email or 258 259 facsimile, if the health care professional or health care provider 260 has agreed in advance to receive notices electronically. 261 health insurance issuer shall ensure that the new or amended 262 requirement is not implemented unless the health insurance 263 issuer's website has been updated to reflect the new or amended 264 requirement or restriction.
- 265 (7) Health insurance issuers using prior authorization shall 266 make statistics available regarding prior authorization approvals 267 and denials on their website in a readily accessible format.
- 268 Following each calendar year, the statistics must be updated

269	annually,	by	March	31,	and	include	all	of	the	following
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- 270 information:
- 271 (a) A list of all health care services, including
- 272 medications, that are subject to prior authorization;
- 273 (b) The percentage of standard prior authorization
- 274 requests that were approved, aggregated for all items and
- 275 services;
- 276 (c) The percentage of standard prior authorization
- 277 requests that were denied, aggregated for all items and services;
- 278 (d) The percentage of prior authorization requests that
- 279 were approved after appeal, aggregated for all items and services;
- 280 (e) The percentage of prior authorization requests for
- 281 which the timeframe for review was extended, and the request was
- 282 approved, aggregated for all items and services;
- 283 (f) The percentage of expedited prior authorization
- 284 requests that were approved, aggregated for all items and
- 285 services;
- 286 (g) The percentage of expedited prior authorization
- 287 requests that were denied, aggregated for all items and services;
- (h) The average and median time that elapsed between
- 289 the submission of a request and a determination by the payer, plan
- 290 or health insurance issuer, for standard prior authorization,
- 291 aggregated for all items and services;
- 292 (i) The average and median time that elapsed between
- 293 the submission of a request and a decision by the payer, plan or

294 h	nealth	insurance	issuer,	for	expedited	prior	authorizations,
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- 295 aggregated for all items and services; and
- 296 (j) Any other information as the department determines
- 297 appropriate.

### 298 SECTION 6. Standardized electronic prior authorizations.

- 299 (1) If any health insurance issuer requires prior authorization
- 300 of a health care service, the insurer or its designee utilization
- 301 review organization shall, by January 1, 2025, make available a
- 302 standardized electronic prior authorization request transaction
- 303 process using an internet webpage, internet webpage portal, or
- 304 similar electronic, internet, and web-based system.
- 305 (2) Not later than January 1, 2027, all health care
- 306 professionals and health care providers shall be required to use
- 307 the standardized electronic prior authorization request
- 308 transaction process made available as required by subsection (1)
- 309 of this section.
- 310 SECTION 7. Prior authorizations in nonurgent circumstances.
- 311 If a health insurance issuer requires prior authorization of a
- 312 health care service, the health insurance issuer must make an
- 313 approval or adverse determination and notify the enrollee, the
- 314 enrollee's health care professional, and the enrollee's health
- 315 care provider of the approval or adverse determination as
- 316 expeditiously as the enrollee's condition requires but no later
- 317 than five (5) calendar days after obtaining all necessary
- 318 information to make the approval or adverse determination, unless

a longer minimum time frame is required under federal law for the
health insurance issuer and the health care service at issue. As
used in this section, "necessary information" includes the results
of any face-to-face clinical evaluation, second opinion or other
clinical information that is directly applicable to the requested
service that may be required. Notwithstanding the foregoing
provisions of this section, health insurance issuers must comply
with the requirements of Section 83-9-6.3 to respond by two (2)
business days for prior authorization requests for pharmaceutical
services and products.

# 329 <u>SECTION 8.</u> Prior authorizations in urgent circumstances.

- (1) If requested by a treating health care provider or health care professional for an enrollee, a health insurance issuer must render an approval or adverse determination concerning urgent health care services and notify the enrollee, the enrollee's health care professional and the enrollee's health care provider of that approval or adverse determination as expeditiously as the enrollee's condition requires but no later than twenty-four (24) hours after receiving all information needed to complete the review of the requested health care services, unless a longer minimum time frame is required under federal law for the health insurance issuer and the urgent health care service at issue.
- (2) To facilitate the rendering of a prior authorization determination in conformance with this section, a health insurance issuer must establish a mechanism to ensure health care

344	professionals have access to appropriately trained and licensed
345	clinical personnel who have access to physicians for consultation,
346	designated by the plan to make such determinations for prior
347	authorization concerning urgent care services.

### SECTION 9. Personnel qualified to make adverse

- determinations. (1) A health insurance issuer must ensure that
  all adverse determinations are made by a physician when the
  request is by a physician or a representative of a physician. The
  physician must:
- 353 (a) Possess a current and valid nonrestricted license 354 in any United States jurisdiction; and
- 355 (b) Have experience treating and managing patients with 356 the medical condition or disease for which the health care service 357 is being requested.
  - (2) Notwithstanding the foregoing, the health insurance issuer must also comply with Section 41-83-31 requiring concurrence in the adverse determination by a physician certified by the board(s) of the American Board of Medical Specialists or the American Board of Osteopathy within the relevant specialty.
- SECTION 10. Notifications for adverse determinations. If a health insurance issuer makes an adverse determination, the health insurance issuer shall include the following in the notification to the enrollee, the enrollee's health care professional, and the enrollee's health care provider:

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368	(a) The reasons for the adverse determination and
369	related evidence-based criteria, including a description of any
370	missing or insufficient documentation;
371	(b) The right to appeal the adverse determination;
372	(c) Instructions on how to file the appeal; and
373	(d) Additional documentation necessary to support the
374	appeal.
375	SECTION 11. Personnel qualified to review appeals. (1) A
376	health insurance issuer must ensure that all appeals are reviewed
377	by a physician when the request is by a physician or a
378	representative of a physician. The physician must:
379	(a) Possess a current and valid nonrestricted license
380	to practice medicine in any United States jurisdiction;
381	(b) Be certified by the board(s) of the American Board
382	of Medical Specialists or the American Board of Osteopathy within
383	the relevant specialty of a physician who typically manages the
384	medical condition or disease;
385	(c) Be knowledgeable of, and have experience providing,
386	the health care services under appeal;
387	(d) Not have been directly involved in making the
388	adverse determination; and
389	(e) Consider all known clinical aspects of the health
390	care service under review, including, but not limited to, a review
391	of all pertinent medical records provided to the health insurance
392	issuer by the enrollee's health care professional or health care

393	provider	and	any	med	dical	litera	ature	provided	to	the	health	
394	insurance	iss	uer	bу	the	health	care	professio	nal	or	health	care

395 provider.

396 (2) Notwithstanding the foregoing, a licensed health care 397 professional who satisfies the requirements in this section may 398 review appeal requests submitted by a health care professional 399 licensed in the same profession.

## 400 SECTION 12. Insurer review of prior authorization

requirements. A health insurance issuer shall periodically review its prior authorization requirements and consider removal of prior authorization requirements:

- 404 (a) Where a medication or procedure prescribed is
  405 customary and properly indicated or is a treatment for the
  406 clinical indication as supported by peer-reviewed medical
  407 publications; or
- 408 (b) For patients currently managed with an established 409 treatment regimen.
- 410 <u>SECTION 13.</u> Revocation of prior authorizations. (1) A
  411 health insurance issuer may not revoke or further limit, condition
  412 or restrict a previously issued prior authorization approval while
  413 it remains valid under this act.
- 414 (2) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, if a claim 415 is properly coded and submitted timely to a health insurance 416 issuer, the health insurance issuer shall make payment according 417 to the terms of coverage on claims for health care services for

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418	พหาตท	prior	authorization	WAS	reallired	and	approval	received

- 419 before the rendering of health care services, unless one (1) of
- 420 the following occurs:
- 421 (a) It is timely determined that the enrollee's health
- 422 care professional or health care provider knowingly and without
- 423 exercising prudent clinical judgment provided health care services
- 424 that required prior authorization from the health insurance issuer
- 425 or its contracted private review agent without first obtaining
- 426 prior authorization for those health care services;
- 427 (b) It is timely determined that the health care
- 428 services claimed were not performed;
- 429 (c) It is timely determined that the health care
- 430 services rendered were contrary to the instructions of the health
- 431 insurance issuer or its contracted private review agent or
- 432 delegated reviewer if contact was made between those parties
- 433 before the service being rendered;
- 434 (d) It is timely determined that the enrollee receiving
- 435 such health care services was not an enrollee of the health care
- 436 plan; or
- 437 (e) The approval was based upon a material
- 438 misrepresentation by the enrollee, health care professional, or
- 439 health care provider; as used in this paragraph, "material" means
- 440 a fact or situation that is not merely technical in nature and
- 441 results or could result in a substantial change in the situation.

442	(3) Nothing in this section shall preclude a private review
443	agent or a health insurance issuer from performing post-service
444	reviews of health care claims for purposes of payment integrity or
445	for the prevention of fraud, waste, or abuse.

SECTION 14. Length of approvals. (1) A prior authorization approval shall be valid for the lesser of six (6) months after the date the health care professional or health care provider receives the prior authorization approval or the length of treatment as determined by the patient's health care professional or the renewal of the policy or plan, and the approval period shall be effective regardless of any changes, including any changes in dosage for a prescription drug prescribed by the health care professional. Notwithstanding the foregoing, a health insurer and an enrollee or his/her health care professional may extend a prior authorization approval for a longer period, by agreement. All dosage increases must be based on established evidentiary standards, and nothing in this section shall prohibit a health insurance issuer from having safety edits in place. This section shall not apply to the prescription of benzodiazepines or Schedule II narcotic drugs, such as opioids.

(2) Nothing in this section shall require a policy or plan to cover any care, treatment, or services for any health condition that the terms of coverage otherwise completely exclude from the policy's or plan's covered benefits without regard for whether the care, treatment or services are medically necessary.

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467	<b>SECTION 15.</b> Approvals for chronic conditions. (1) If a
468	health insurance issuer requires a prior authorization for a
469	recurring health care service or maintenance medication for the
470	treatment of a chronic or long-term condition, including, but not
471	limited to, chemotherapy for the treatment of cancer, the approval
472	shall remain valid for the lesser of twelve (12) months from the
473	date the health care professional or health care provider receives
474	the prior authorization approval or the length of the treatment as
475	determined by the patient's health care professional.
476	Notwithstanding the foregoing, a health insurer and an enrollee or
477	his or her health care professional may extend a prior
478	authorization approval for a longer period, by agreement. This
479	section shall not apply to the prescription of benzodiazepines or
480	Schedule II narcotic drugs, such as opioids.

- (2) Nothing in this section shall require a policy or plan to cover any care, treatment or services for any health condition that the terms of coverage otherwise completely exclude from the policy's or plan's covered benefits without regard for whether the care, treatment, or services are medically necessary.
- section 16. Continuity of prior approvals. (1) On receipt
  of information documenting a prior authorization approval from the
  enrollee or from the enrollee's health care professional or health
  care provider, a health insurance issuer shall honor a prior
  authorization granted to an enrollee from a previous health
  insurance issuer for at least the initial ninety (90) days of an

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- 492 enrollee's coverage under a new health plan, subject to the terms 493 of the member's coverage agreement.
- 494 (2) During the time period described in subsection (1) of 495 this section, a health insurance issuer may perform its own review 496 to grant a prior authorization approval subject to the terms of 497 the member's coverage agreement.
- 498 (3) If there is a change in coverage of or approval criteria 499 for a previously authorized health care service, the change in 500 coverage or approval criteria does not affect an enrollee who 501 received prior authorization approval before the effective date of 502 the change for the remainder of the enrollee's plan year.
  - (4) Except to the extent required by medical exceptions processes for prescription drugs, nothing in this section shall require a policy or plan to cover any care, treatment or services for any health condition that the terms of coverage otherwise completely exclude from the policy's or plan's covered benefits without regard for whether the care, treatment or services are medically necessary.
- 510 SECTION 17. Effect of insurer's failure to comply. A
  511 failure by a health insurance issuer to comply with the deadlines
  512 and other requirements specified in this act shall result in any
  513 health care services subject to review to be automatically deemed
  514 authorized by the health insurance issuer or its contracted
  515 private review agent.

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516	<b>SECTION 18. Enforcement and administration.</b> (1) In
517	addition to the enforcement powers granted to it by law to enforce
518	the provisions of this act, the department is granted specific
519	authority to issue a cease-and-desist order or require a private
520	review agent or health insurance issuer to submit a plan of
521	correction for violations of this act, or both. Subject to
522	regulations promulgated by the department under the provisions of
523	the Mississippi Administrative Procedure Law and after proper
524	notice and the opportunity for a hearing, the department may
525	impose upon a private review agent, health benefit plan or health
526	insurance issuer an administrative fine not to exceed Ten Thousand
527	Dollars (\$10,000.00) per violation for failure to submit a
528	requested plan of correction, failure to comply with its plan of
529	correction, or repeated violations of this act. All fines
530	collected by the department under this section shall be deposited
531	into the State General Fund. The department may also exercise all
532	authority granted to it under Section 41-83-13 to deny or revoke a
533	certificate of a private review agent for a violation of this act.
534	(2) Any person or his or her treating physician who has
535	evidence that his or her health insurance issuer or health benefit

(2) Any person or his or her treating physician who has evidence that his or her health insurance issuer or health benefit plan is in violation of the provisions of this act may file a complaint with the department. The department shall review all complaints received and investigate all complaints that it deems to state a potential violation. The department shall fairly, efficiently and timely review and investigate complaints. Health

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541	insurance issuers, health benefit plans and private review agents
542	found to be in violation of this act shall be penalized in
543	accordance with this section.

- 544 (3) The department shall have the authority to promulgate 545 rules and regulations under the Mississippi Administrative 546 Procedures Law to govern the administration of this act.
- SECTION 19. Reports to the department. (1) By June 1,

  2025, and each June 1 after that date, a health insurance issuer

  shall report to the department, on a form issued by the

  department, the following aggregated trend data, de-identified of

  protected health information, related to the insurer's practices

  and experience for the prior plan year for health care services

  submitted for payment:
- 554 (a) The number of prior authorization requests;
- 555 (b) The number of prior authorization requests denied;
- 556 (c) The number of prior authorization appeals received;
- 557 (d) The number of adverse determinations reversed on
- 558 appeal;
- (e) Of the total number of prior authorization
- 560 requests, the number of prior authorization requests that were not
- 561 submitted electronically;
- (f) The ten (10) health care services that were most
- 563 frequently denied through prior authorization;
- 564 (g) The ten (10) reasons prior authorization requests
- 565 were most frequently denied;

566	(h) The number of claims for health care services that
000	(II) THE HAMBEL OF CLAIMS FOR HEATER CARE SERVICES CHAC
567	were examined through a post-service utilization review process;
568	(i) The number and percentage of claims for health care
569	services denied through post-service utilization review; and
570	(j) The ten (10) health care services that were most
571	frequently denied as a result of post-service utilization reviews.
572	(2) All reports required by this section shall be considered
573	public records under the Mississippi Public Records Act of 1983

576 redactions.

577 **SECTION 20. False requests for prior authorization.** If a

and the department shall make all reports freely available to

requestors and post all reports to its public website without

- 578 health insurance issuer has clear and convincing evidence that a
- 579 health care professional or health care provider has knowingly and
- 580 willingly submitted false or fraudulent requests for prior
- 581 authorization to the health insurance issuer, the issuer shall
- 582 notify and provide that information to the Commissioner of
- 583 Insurance. After receipt of such notification and information,
- 584 the commissioner shall forward these reports to the Board of
- 585 Medical Licensure or such other licensing agency with oversight of
- 586 the health care provider.
- 587 **SECTION 21.** Section 41-83-1, Mississippi Code of 1972, is
- 588 amended as follows:

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- 589 41-83-1. As used in this chapter, the following terms shall
- 590 be defined as follows:

591	(a) "Utilization review" means a system for reviewing
592	the appropriate and efficient allocation of hospital resources and
593	medical services given or proposed to be given, including, but not
594	limited to, any prior authorization as defined in Section 4 of
595	this act, to a patient or group of patients as to necessity for
596	the purpose of determining whether such service should be covered
597	or provided by an insurer, plan or other entity.

- 598 (b) "Private review agent" means a
  599 nonhospital-affiliated person or entity performing utilization
  600 review on behalf of:
- 601 (i) An employer or employees in the State of 602 Mississippi; or
- 603 (ii) A third party that provides or administers 604 hospital and medical benefits to citizens of this state, 605 including: a health maintenance organization issued a certificate 606 of authority under and by virtue of the laws of the State of 607 Mississippi; or a health insurer, nonprofit health service plan, 608 health insurance service organization, or preferred provider 609 organization or other entity offering health insurance policies, 610 contracts or benefits in this state.
- 611 (c) "Utilization review plan" means a description of 612 the utilization review procedures of a private review agent.
- (d) "Department" means the Mississippi State Department of \* \* \* Insurance.

615	(	e)	"Certificate	e" mear	ns a	certif	icat	e	of	re	egistratio	on
616	granted by	the	Mississippi	State	Depa	artment	of	*	* :	* ]	Insurance	to
617	a private r	evie	ew agent.									

- SECTION 22. Section 41-83-3, Mississippi Code of 1972, is amended as follows:
- 41-83-3. (1) A private review agent who approves or denies
  payment or who recommends approval or denial of payment for
  hospital or medical services or whose review results in approval
  or denial of payment for hospital or medical services on a case by
  case basis, may not conduct utilization review in this state
  unless the Mississippi State Department of \* \* \* Insurance has
  granted the private review agent a certificate.
- (2) The Mississippi State Department of \* \* \* Insurance

  shall issue a certificate to an applicant that has met all the

  requirements of this chapter and all applicable regulations of the

  department.
- 631 (3) A certificate issued under this chapter is not 632 transferable.
- (4) The State Department of \* \* \* Insurance shall adopt
  regulations to implement the provisions of this chapter. Any
  personal information required by the department with respect to
  customers or patients shall be held in confidence and not
  disclosed to the public.
- 638 **SECTION 23.** Section 41-83-13, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 639 amended as follows:

640	41-83-13. (1) The department shall deny a certificate to
641	any applicant if, upon review of the application, the department
642	finds that the applicant proposing to conduct utilization review
643	does not:

- 644 (a) Have available the services of a physician to carry 645 out its utilization review activities;
- (b) Meet any applicable regulations the department adopted under this chapter relating to the qualifications of private review agents or the performance of utilization review; and
- (c) Provide assurances satisfactory to the department that the procedure and policies of the private review agent will protect the confidentiality of medical records and the private review agent will be reasonably accessible to patients and providers for five (5) working days a week during normal business hours in this state.
  - (2) The department may revoke or deny a certificate if the holder does not comply with the performance assurances under this section, violates any provision of this chapter, or violates any regulation adopted pursuant to this chapter.
- 660 (3) Before denying or revoking a certificate under this 661 section, the department shall provide the applicant or certificate 662 holder with reasonable time to supply additional information 663 demonstrating compliance with the requirements of this chapter and 664 the opportunity to request a hearing. If an applicant or

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665	certificate	holder	requests	a hearing,	the	department	shall	send	а
666	hearing noti	ce and	conduct a	hearing *	* *	•			

SECTION 24. Section 41-83-31, Mississippi Code of 1972, is amended as follows:

41-83-31. Any program of utilization review with regard to
hospital, medical or other health care services provided in this
state, including, but not limited to, any prior authorization as
defined in Section 4 of this act, shall comply with the following:

(a) No determination adverse to a patient or to any affected health care provider shall be made on any question relating to the necessity or justification for any form of hospital, medical or other health care services without prior evaluation and concurrence in the adverse determination by a physician licensed to practice in \* \* \* any United States jurisdiction and certified by the board(s) of the American Board of Medical Specialists or the American Board of Osteopathy within the relevant specialty. The physician who made the adverse determination shall discuss the reasons for any adverse determination with the affected health care provider, if the provider so requests. The physician shall comply with this request within \* \* \* seven (7) calendar days of being notified of a request. Adverse determination by a physician shall not be grounds for any disciplinary action against the physician by the

State Board of Medical Licensure.

689	(b) Any determination regarding hospital, medical or
690	other health care services rendered or to be rendered to a patient
691	which may result in a denial of third-party reimbursement or a
692	denial of precertification for that service shall include the
693	evaluation, findings and concurrence of a physician trained in the
694	relevant specialty or subspecialty <u>and certified by the board(s)</u>
695	of the American Board of Medical Specialists or the American Board
696	of Osteopathy within the relevant specialty, if requested by the
697	patient's physician, to make a final determination that care
698	rendered or to be rendered was, is, or may be medically
699	inappropriate.

- 700 (c) The requirement in this section that the physician
  701 who makes the evaluation and concurrence in the adverse
  702 determination must be licensed to practice in Mississippi shall
  703 not apply to the Comprehensive Health Insurance Risk Pool
  704 Association or its policyholders and shall not apply to any
  705 utilization review company which reviews fewer than ten (10)
  706 persons residing in the State of Mississippi.
- 707 **SECTION 25.** Section 83-1-101, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 708 amended as follows:
- 83-1-101. Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, and except as provided herein, any person or other entity which provides coverage in this state for medical, surgical, chiropractic, physical therapy, speech pathology, audiology, professional mental health, dental, hospital, or

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- 714 optometric expenses, whether such coverage is by direct payment,
- 715 reimbursement \* \* \* or otherwise, and all private review agents
- 716 covered by Sections 41-83-1 through 41-83-31, shall be presumed to
- 717 be subject to the jurisdiction of the State Insurance Department,
- 718 unless (a) the person or other entity shows that while providing
- 719 such services it is subject to the jurisdiction of another agency
- 720 of this state, any subdivisions thereof, or the federal
- 721 government; or (b) the person or other entity is providing
- 722 coverage under the Direct Primary Care Act in Sections 83-81-1
- 723 through 83-81-11.
- 724 **SECTION 26.** Section 41-83-21, Mississippi Code of 1972, is
- 725 amended as follows:
- 726 41-83-21. Notwithstanding language to the contrary elsewhere
- 727 contained herein, if a licensed physician certifies in writing to
- 728 an insurer within seventy-two (72) hours of an admission that the
- 729 insured person admitted was in need of immediate hospital care for
- 730 emergency services, such shall constitute a prima facie case of
- 731 the medical necessity of the admission. To overcome this, the
- 732 entity requesting the utilization review and/or the private review
- 733 agent must show by clear and convincing evidence that the admitted
- 734 person was not in need of immediate hospital care.
- 735 **SECTION 27.** Section 83-9-6.3, Mississippi Code of 1972, is
- 736 amended as follows:
- 737 83-9-6.3. (1) As used in this section:

738	(a) "Health benefit plan" means services consisting of
739	medical care, provided directly, through insurance or
740	reimbursement, or otherwise, and including items and services paid
741	for as medical care under any hospital or medical service policy
742	or certificate, hospital or medical service plan contract,
743	preferred provider organization, or health maintenance
744	organization contract offered by a health insurance issuer. The
745	term "health benefit plan" includes the Medicaid fee-for-service
746	program and any managed care program, coordinated care program,
747	coordinated care organization program or health maintenance
748	organization program implemented by the Division of Medicaid.

- "Health insurance issuer" means any entity that offers health insurance coverage through a health benefit plan, policy, or certificate of insurance subject to state law that regulates the business of insurance. "Health insurance issuer" also includes a health maintenance organization, as defined and regulated under Section 83-41-301 et seq., and includes the Division of Medicaid for the services provided by fee-for-service and through any managed care program, coordinated care program, coordinated care organization program or health maintenance organization program implemented by the division.
- 759 "Prior authorization" means a utilization 760 management criterion used to seek permission or waiver of a drug 761 to be covered under a health benefit plan that provides 762 prescription drug benefits.

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763		(d)	"Prio	r author	izatio	n form"	means	a s	tandardi	ized,	,
764	uniform	applica	ation	develope	d by a	health	insura	ance	issuer	for	the
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- 766 Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the 767 contrary, in order to establish uniformity in the submission of 768 prior authorization forms, on or after January 1, 2014, a health 769 insurance issuer shall use only a single, standardized prior 770 authorization form for obtaining any prior authorization for 771 prescription drug benefits. The form shall not exceed two (2) 772 pages in length, excluding any instructions or guiding 773 documentation. The form shall also be made available 774 electronically, and the prescribing provider may submit the 775 completed form electronically to the health benefit plan. 776 Additionally, the health insurance issuer shall submit its prior 777 authorization forms to the Mississippi Department of Insurance to 778 be kept on file on or after January 1, 2014. A copy of any 779 subsequent replacements or modifications of a health insurance 780 issuer's prior authorization form shall be filed with the 781 Mississippi Department of Insurance within fifteen (15) days prior 782 to use or implementation of such replacements or modifications.
- 783 (3) A health insurance issuer shall respond within two (2)
  784 business days upon receipt of a completed prior authorization
  785 request from a prescribing provider that was submitted using the
  786 standardized prior authorization form required by subsection (2)
  787 of this section. Notwithstanding the foregoing provisions of this

788	subsection,	health	insurance	issuers	shall	comply	with	Section	2
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- 789 of this act in regard to prior authorizations in urgent
- 790 circumstances.
- 791 **SECTION 28.** Section 41-83-5, Mississippi Code of 1972, is
- 792 brought forward as follows:
- 793 41-83-5. No certificate is required for those private review
- 794 agents conducting general in-house utilization review for
- 795 hospitals, home health agencies, preferred provider organizations
- 796 or other managed care entities, clinics, private physician offices
- 797 or any other health facility or entity, so long as the review does
- 798 not result in the approval or denial of payment for hospital or
- 799 medical services for a particular case. Such general in-house
- 800 utilization review is completely exempt from the provisions of
- 801 this chapter.
- 802 **SECTION 29.** Section 41-83-7, Mississippi Code of 1972, is
- 803 brought forward as follows:
- 804 41-83-7. (1) An applicant for a certificate shall:
- 805 (a) Submit an application to the department; and
- 806 (b) Pay to the department the application fee
- 807 established by the department through regulation.
- 808 (2) The application shall:
- 809 (a) Be on a form and accompanied by any supporting
- 810 documentation that the department requires; and
- 811 (b) Be signed and verified by the applicant.

812	(3) The application fee required under this section shall be
813	sufficient to pay for the administrative cost of the certification
814	program and any other cost associated with carrying out the
815	provisions of this chapter.

- 816 **SECTION 30.** Section 41-83-9, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 817 brought forward as follows:
- 41-83-9. In conjunction with the application, the private review agent shall submit information that the department requires including:
- (a) A utilization review plan that includes a
  description of review criteria, standards and procedures to be
  used in evaluating proposed or delivered hospital and medical care
  and the provisions by which patients, physicians or hospitals may
  seek reconsideration or appeal of adverse decisions by the private
  review agent;
- 827 (b) The type and qualifications of the personnel either 828 employed or under contract to perform the utilization review;
- 829 (c) The procedures and policies to insure that a 830 representative of the private review agent is reasonably 831 accessible to patients and providers at all times in this state;
- (d) The policies and procedures to insure that all applicable state and federal laws to protect the confidentiality of individual medical records are followed;

835		(e)	A c	ору	of	the	mate	rial	ls de	esigned	to i	nfo	rm	
836	applicable	pat	ient	s an	ıd	provi	iders	of	the	require	ement	s o	f th	ιe
837	utilizatio	n re	view	pla	n;	and								

- (f) A list of the third party payors for which the private review agent is performing utilization review in this state.
- SECTION 31. Section 41-83-11, Mississippi Code of 1972, is brought forward as follows:
- 41-83-11. (1) A certificate expires on the second anniversary of its effective date unless the certificate is renewed for a two-year term as provided in this section.
- 846 (2) Before the certificate expires, a certificate may be 847 renewed for an additional two-year term if the applicant:
- 848 (a) Otherwise is entitled to the certificate;
- 849 (b) Pays the department the renewal fee set by the 850 department through regulation; and
- (c) Submits to the department a renewal application on the form that the department requires and satisfactory evidence of compliance with any requirement of this chapter for certificate renewal.
- 855 **SECTION 32.** Section 41-83-15, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 856 brought forward as follows:
- 857 41-83-15. The department shall establish reporting 858 requirements to:

859		(a)	Evaluate	the	effectiveness	of	private	review
860	agents;	and						

- 861 (b) Determine if the utilization review programs are in compliance with the provisions of this section and applicable regulations.
- SECTION 33. Section 41-83-17, Mississippi Code of 1972, is brought forward as follows:
- 866 41-83-17. A private review agent may not disclose or publish 867 individual medical records or any other confidential medical information obtained in the performance of utilization review 868 869 activities without the patient's authorization or an order of a 870 county, circuit or chancery court of Mississippi or a United 871 States district court. Provided, however, that nothing in this 872 chapter shall prohibit private review agents from providing 873 information to a third party with whom the private review agent is 874 under contract or acting on behalf of.
- 875 **SECTION 34.** Section 41-83-19, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 876 brought forward as follows:
- 41-83-19. A person who violates any provision of this
  chapter or any regulation adopted under this chapter is guilty of
  a misdemeanor and on conviction is subject to a penalty not
  exceeding One Thousand Dollars (\$1,000.00).
- SECTION 35. Section 41-83-23, Mississippi Code of 1972, is brought forward as follows:

883	41-83-23. Any person aggrieved by a final decision of the
884	department or a private review agent in a contested case under
885	this chapter shall have the right of judicial appeal to the
886	chancery court of the county of the residence of the aggrieved
887	person.

- Notwithstanding any provision of this chapter, the insured shall have the express right to pursue any legal remedies he may have in a court of competent jurisdiction.
- 891 **SECTION 36.** Section 41-83-25, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 892 brought forward as follows:
- 41-83-25. (1) Every health insurance plan proposing to
  issue or deliver a health insurance policy or contract or
  administer a health benefit program which provides for the
  coverage of hospital and medical benefits and the utilization
  review of those benefits shall:
- 898 (a) Have a certificate in accordance with this chapter; 899 or
- 900 (b) Contract with a private review agent who has a 901 certificate in accordance with this chapter.
- 902 (2) Notwithstanding any other provisions of this chapter,
  903 for claims where the medical necessity of the provision of a
  904 covered benefit is disputed, a health service plan that does not
  905 meet the requirements of subsection (1) of this section shall pay
  906 any person or hospital entitled to reimbursement under the policy
  907 or contract.

908	SECTION 37.	Section 41-83-27	, Mississippi	Code	of	1972,	is
909	brought forward as	s follows:					

- 910 41-83-27. (1) Every insurer proposing to issue or deliver a health insurance policy or contract or administer a health benefit 911 912 program which provides for the coverage of hospital and medical benefits and the utilization review of such benefits shall: 913
- 914 Have a certificate in accordance with this chapter; (a) 915
- 916 Contract with a private review agent that has a (b) 917 certificate in accordance with this chapter.
- 918 (2) Notwithstanding any provision of this chapter, for 919 claims where the medical necessity of the provision of a covered 920 benefit is disputed, an insurer that does not meet the 921 requirements of subsection (1) of this section shall pay any 922 person or hospital entitled to reimbursement under the policy or 923 contract.
- 924 SECTION 38. Section 41-83-29, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 925 brought forward as follows:
- 926 41-83-29. Any health insurer proposing to issue or deliver 927 in this state a group or blanket health insurance policy or 928 administer a health benefit program which provides for the 929 coverage of hospital and medical benefits and the utilization 930 review of such benefits shall:
- 931 Have a certificate in accordance with this chapter; (a) 932 or

or

933	(b)	Contract	with a	a priva	ate review	agent	that	has	a
934	certificate in	n accordan	ce with	n this	chapter.				

935 **SECTION 39.** This act shall take effect and be in force from 936 and after July 1, 2024.