

By: Senator(s) Michel, Younger, Wiggins, Thomas, Whaley, Frazier, McLendon, DeLano, Boyd, Sparks, Hill, Horhn, Norwood, Simmons (12th), Chassaniol, Branning, Brumfield, Parker, Simmons (13th)

To: Insurance

SENATE BILL NO. 2140  
(As Sent to Governor)

1 AN ACT TO ENACT THE MISSISSIPPI PRIOR AUTHORIZATION REFORM  
2 ACT; TO ESTABLISH THE LEGISLATIVE FINDINGS OF THE ACT; TO PROVIDE  
3 THE APPLICABILITY AND SCOPE OF THE ACT; TO REQUIRE HEALTH  
4 INSURANCE ISSUERS TO MAINTAIN A COMPLETE LIST OF SERVICES FOR  
5 WHICH PRIOR AUTHORIZATIONS ARE REQUIRED; TO REQUIRE HEALTH  
6 INSURANCE ISSUERS TO MAKE ANY CURRENT PRIOR AUTHORIZATION  
7 REQUIREMENTS AND RESTRICTIONS READILY ACCESSIBLE AND POSTED ON ITS  
8 WEBSITE; TO SET REQUIREMENTS FOR THE CLINICAL REVIEW CRITERIA OF  
9 HEALTH INSURANCE ISSUERS; TO PROHIBIT HEALTH INSURANCE ISSUERS  
10 FROM DENYING A CLAIM FOR FAILURE TO OBTAIN PRIOR AUTHORIZATION IF  
11 THE PRIOR AUTHORIZATION REQUIREMENT WAS NOT IN EFFECT ON THE DATE  
12 OF SERVICE ON THE CLAIM; TO REQUIRE HEALTH INSURERS TO MAKE  
13 CERTAIN PRIOR AUTHORIZATION STATISTICS AVAILABLE ON THEIR WEBSITE;  
14 TO REQUIRE HEALTH INSURANCE ISSUERS TO MAKE AVAILABLE A  
15 STANDARDIZED ELECTRONIC PRIOR AUTHORIZATION REQUEST TRANSACTION  
16 PROCESS BY JANUARY 1, 2025; TO REQUIRE ALL HEALTH CARE  
17 PROFESSIONALS AND HEALTH CARE PROVIDERS TO USE THAT PROCESS NOT  
18 LATER THAN JANUARY 1, 2027; TO ESTABLISH CERTAIN REQUIREMENTS ON  
19 HEALTH INSURANCE ISSUERS FOR PRIOR AUTHORIZATIONS IN NONURGENT  
20 CIRCUMSTANCES AND URGENT CIRCUMSTANCES; TO REQUIRE HEALTH  
21 INSURANCE ISSUERS TO GIVE CERTAIN NOTIFICATIONS WHEN MAKING AN  
22 ADVERSE DETERMINATION; TO ESTABLISH THE QUALIFICATIONS FOR  
23 PERSONNEL WHO REVIEW APPEALS OF PRIOR AUTHORIZATIONS; TO REQUIRE  
24 HEALTH INSURANCE ISSUERS TO PERIODICALLY REVIEW ITS PRIOR  
25 AUTHORIZATION REQUIREMENTS AND TO CONSIDER REMOVAL OF THESE  
26 REQUIREMENTS IN CERTAIN CASES; TO PROVIDE THAT A HEALTH INSURANCE  
27 ISSUER MAY NOT REVOKE OR FURTHER LIMIT, CONDITION OR RESTRICT A  
28 PREVIOUSLY ISSUED PRIOR AUTHORIZATION WHILE IT REMAINS VALID UNDER  
29 THIS ACT UNLESS CERTAIN EXCLUSIONS ARE APPLICABLE; TO PROVIDE HOW  
30 LONG PRIOR AUTHORIZATION APPROVALS SHALL BE VALID; TO PROVIDE HOW  
31 LONG THE PRIOR AUTHORIZATIONS FOR CHRONIC CONDITIONS SHALL BE  
32 VALID; TO ESTABLISH THE PROCEDURE FOR THE CONTINUITY OF PRIOR  
33 APPROVALS FROM PREVIOUS HEALTH INSURANCE ISSUERS TO CURRENT  
34 ISSUERS; TO PROVIDE THAT A FAILURE BY A HEALTH INSURANCE ISSUER TO



35 COMPLY WITH THE DEADLINES AND OTHER REQUIREMENTS SPECIFIED IN THIS  
36 ACT SHALL RESULT IN ANY HEALTH CARE SERVICES SUBJECT TO REVIEW TO  
37 BE AUTOMATICALLY DEEMED AUTHORIZED BY THE HEALTH INSURANCE ISSUER  
38 OR ITS CONTRACTED PRIVATE REVIEW AGENT; TO AUTHORIZE THE  
39 DEPARTMENT OF INSURANCE TO ISSUE CEASE AND DESIST ORDERS TO HEALTH  
40 INSURANCE ISSUERS OR PRIVATE REVIEW AGENTS; TO AUTHORIZE THE STATE  
41 DEPARTMENT OF INSURANCE TO IMPOSE UPON A PRIVATE REVIEW AGENT,  
42 HEALTH BENEFIT PLAN OR HEALTH INSURANCE ISSUER AN ADMINISTRATIVE  
43 FINE NOT TO EXCEED \$10,000 PER VIOLATION OF THE ACT; TO REQUIRE  
44 HEALTH INSURANCE ISSUERS TO REPORT TO THE DEPARTMENT CERTAIN DATA;  
45 TO REQUIRE HEALTH INSURANCE ISSUERS TO NOTIFY THE COMMISSIONER OF  
46 INSURANCE OF SUSPECTED SUBMISSIONS OF FALSE REQUESTS FOR PRIOR  
47 AUTHORIZATION; TO REQUIRE THE COMMISSIONER TO HAVE AN  
48 ADMINISTRATIVE HEARING ON SUCH MATTERS TO RESOLVE THE ISSUE; TO  
49 AMEND SECTIONS 41-83-1, 41-83-3, 41-83-13, 41-83-21, 41-83-31,  
50 83-1-101 AND 83-9-6.3, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, TO CONFORM WITH  
51 THE PROVISIONS OF THIS ACT; TO BRING FORWARD SECTIONS 41-83-5,  
52 41-83-7, 41-83-9, 41-83-11, 41-83-15, 41-83-17, 41-83-19,  
53 41-83-23, 41-83-25, 41-83-27 AND 41-83-29, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF  
54 1972, FOR THE PURPOSE OF POSSIBLE AMENDMENT; AND FOR RELATED  
55 PURPOSES.

56 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MISSISSIPPI:

57 **SECTION 1.** This act shall be known and may be cited as the  
58 "Mississippi Prior Authorization Reform Act."

59 **SECTION 2.** **Legislative findings.** The Mississippi  
60 Legislature finds and declares that:

61 (a) The health care professional-patient relationship  
62 is paramount and should not be subject to unreasonable third-party  
63 interference;

64 (b) Prior authorization programs may be subject to  
65 member coverage agreements and medical policies, but shall not  
66 hinder the independent medical judgment of a physician or other  
67 health care provider; and

68 (c) Prior authorization programs must be transparent to  
69 ensure a fair and consistent process for health care providers and  
70 their patients.



71           **SECTION 3. Applicability and scope.** This act applies to  
72 every health insurance issuer and all health benefit plans, as  
73 both terms are defined in Section 83-9-6.3, and all private review  
74 agents and utilization review plans, as both terms are defined in  
75 Section 41-83-1, with the exception of employee or employer  
76 self-insured health benefit plans under the federal Employee  
77 Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 or health care provided  
78 pursuant to the Workers' Compensation Act. This act does not  
79 diminish the duties and responsibilities under other federal or  
80 state law or rules promulgated under those laws applicable to a  
81 health insurer, health insurance issuer, health benefit plan,  
82 private review agent or utilization review plan, including, but  
83 not limited to, the requirement of a certificate in accordance  
84 with Section 41-83-3.

85           **SECTION 4. Definitions.** For purposes of this act, unless  
86 the context requires otherwise, the following terms shall have the  
87 meanings as defined in this section:

88           (a) "Adverse determination" means a determination by a  
89 health insurance issuer that, based on the information provided, a  
90 request for a benefit under the health insurance issuer's health  
91 benefit plan upon application of any utilization review technique  
92 does not meet the health insurance issuer's requirements for  
93 medical necessity, appropriateness, health care setting, level of  
94 care, or effectiveness or is determined to be experimental or  
95 investigational and the requested benefit is therefore denied,



96 reduced, or terminated or payment is not provided or made, in  
97 whole or in part, for the benefit; the denial, reduction, or  
98 termination of or failure to provide or make payment, in whole or  
99 in part, for a benefit based on a determination by a health  
100 insurance issuer that a preexisting condition was present before  
101 the effective date of coverage; or a rescission of coverage  
102 determination, which does not include a cancellation or  
103 discontinuance of coverage that is attributable to a failure to  
104 timely pay required premiums or contributions toward the cost of  
105 coverage.

106 (b) "Appeal" means a formal request, either orally or  
107 in writing, to reconsider an adverse determination.

108 (c) "Approval" means a determination by a health  
109 insurance issuer that a health care service has been reviewed and,  
110 based on the information provided, satisfies the health insurance  
111 issuer's requirements for medical necessity and appropriateness.

112 (d) "Clinical review criteria" means the written  
113 screening procedures, decision abstracts, clinical protocols and  
114 practice guidelines used by a health insurance issuer to determine  
115 the necessity and appropriateness of health care services.

116 (e) "Department" means the Mississippi State Department  
117 of Insurance.

118 (f) "Emergency medical condition" means a medical  
119 condition manifesting itself by acute symptoms of sufficient  
120 severity, including, but not limited to, severe pain, such that a



121 prudent layperson who possesses an average knowledge of health and  
122 medicine could reasonably expect the absence of immediate medical  
123 attention to result in:

124 (i) Placing the health of the individual or, with  
125 respect to a pregnant woman, the health of the woman or her unborn  
126 child, in serious jeopardy;

127 (ii) Serious impairment to bodily functions; or

128 (iii) Serious dysfunction of any bodily organ or  
129 part.

130 (g) "Emergency services" means health care items and  
131 services furnished or required to evaluate and treat an emergency  
132 medical condition.

133 (h) "Enrollee" means any person and his or her  
134 dependents enrolled in or covered by a health care plan.

135 (i) "Health care professional" means a physician, a  
136 registered professional nurse or other individual appropriately  
137 licensed or registered to provide health care services.

138 (j) "Health care provider" means any physician,  
139 hospital, ambulatory surgery center, or other person or facility  
140 that is licensed or otherwise authorized to deliver health care  
141 services.

142 (k) "Health care service" means any services or level  
143 of services included in the furnishing to an individual of medical  
144 care or the hospitalization incident to the furnishing of such



145 care, as well as the furnishing to any person of any other  
146 services for the purpose of preventing, alleviating, curing, or  
147 healing human illness or injury, including behavioral health,  
148 mental health, home health and pharmaceutical services and  
149 products.

150 (l) "Health insurance issuer" has the meaning given to  
151 that term in Section 83-9-6.3. Any provision of this act that  
152 applies to a "health insurance issuer" also applies to any person  
153 or entity covered under the scope of this act in Section 3 of this  
154 act.

155 (m) "Medically necessary" means a health care  
156 professional exercising prudent clinical judgment would provide  
157 care to a patient for the purpose of preventing, diagnosing, or  
158 treating an illness, injury, disease or its symptoms and that are:

159 (i) In accordance with generally accepted  
160 standards of medical practice; and

161 (ii) Clinically appropriate in terms of type,  
162 frequency, extent, site and duration and are considered effective  
163 for the patient's illness, injury or disease; and not primarily  
164 for the convenience of the patient, treating physician, other  
165 health care professional, caregiver, family member or other  
166 interested party, but focused on what is best for the patient's  
167 health outcome.

168 (n) "Physician" means any person with a valid doctor of  
169 medicine, doctor of osteopathy or doctor of podiatry degree.



170           (o) "Prior authorization" means the process by which a  
171 health insurance issuer determines the medical necessity and  
172 medical appropriateness of an otherwise covered health care  
173 service before the rendering of such health care service. "Prior  
174 authorization" includes any health insurance issuer's requirement  
175 that an enrollee, health care professional or health care provider  
176 notify the health insurance issuer before, at the time of, or  
177 concurrent to providing a health care service.

178           (p) "Urgent health care service" means a health care  
179 service with respect to which the application of the time periods  
180 for making a nonexpedited prior authorization that in the opinion  
181 of a treating health care professional or health care provider  
182 with knowledge of the enrollee's medical condition:

183                   (i) Could seriously jeopardize the life or health  
184 of the enrollee or the ability of the enrollee to regain maximum  
185 function;

186                   (ii) Could subject the enrollee to severe pain  
187 that cannot be adequately managed without the care or treatment  
188 that is the subject of the utilization review; or

189                   (iii) Could lead to likely onset of an emergency  
190 medical condition if the service is not rendered during the time  
191 period to render a prior authorization determination for an urgent  
192 medical service.

193           (q) "Urgent health care service" does not include  
194 emergency services.



195 (r) "Private review agent" has the meaning given to  
196 that term in Section 41-83-1.

197 **SECTION 5. Disclosure and review of prior authorization**

198 **requirements.** (1) A health insurance issuer shall maintain a  
199 complete list of services for which prior authorization is  
200 required, including for all services where prior authorization is  
201 performed by an entity under contract with the health insurance  
202 issuer.

203 (2) A health insurance issuer shall make any current prior  
204 authorization requirements and restrictions, including the written  
205 clinical review criteria, readily accessible and conspicuously  
206 posted on its website to enrollees, health care professionals and  
207 health care providers. Content published by a third party and  
208 licensed for use by a health insurance issuer may be made  
209 available through the health insurance issuer's secure,  
210 password-protected website so long as the access requirements of  
211 the website do not unreasonably restrict access. Requirements  
212 shall be described in detail, written in easily understandable  
213 language, and readily available to the health care professional  
214 and health care provider at the point of care. The website shall  
215 indicate for each service subject to prior authorization:

216 (a) When prior authorization became required for  
217 policies issued or health benefit plan documents delivered in  
218 Mississippi, including the effective date or dates and the  
219 termination date or dates, if applicable, in Mississippi;





220 (b) The date the Mississippi-specific requirement was  
221 listed on the health insurance issuer's, health benefit plan's, or  
222 private review agent's website;

223 (c) Where applicable, the date that prior authorization  
224 was removed for Mississippi; and

225 (d) Where applicable, access to a standardized  
226 electronic prior authorization request transaction process.

227 (3) The clinical review criteria must:

228 (a) Be based on nationally recognized, generally  
229 accepted standards except where state law provides its own  
230 standard;

231 (b) Be developed in accordance with the current  
232 standards of a national medical accreditation entity;

233 (c) Ensure quality of care and access to needed health  
234 care services;

235 (d) Be evidence-based;

236 (e) Be sufficiently flexible to allow deviations from  
237 norms when justified on a case-by-case basis; and

238 (f) Be evaluated and updated, if necessary, at least  
239 annually.

240 (4) A health insurance issuer shall not deny a claim for  
241 failure to obtain prior authorization if the prior authorization  
242 requirement was not in effect on the date of service on the claim.



243 (5) A health insurance issuer shall not deem as incidental  
244 or deny supplies or health care services that are routinely used  
245 as part of a health care service when:

246 (a) An associated health care service has received  
247 prior authorization; or

248 (b) Prior authorization for the health care service is  
249 not required.

250 (6) If a health insurance issuer intends either to implement  
251 a new prior authorization requirement or restriction or amend an  
252 existing requirement or restriction, the health insurance issuer  
253 shall provide contracted health care professionals and contracted  
254 health care providers of enrollees written notice of the new or  
255 amended requirement or amendment no less than sixty (60) days  
256 before the requirement or restriction is implemented. Written  
257 notice may take the form of a conspicuous notice posted on the  
258 health insurance issuer's public website or portal for contracted  
259 health care professionals and contracted health care providers. A  
260 health insurance issuer shall provide email notices to health care  
261 professionals or health care providers if the health care  
262 professional or health care provider has requested to receive the  
263 notice through email. The health insurance issuer shall ensure  
264 that the new or amended requirement is not implemented unless the  
265 health insurance issuer's website has been updated to reflect the  
266 new or amended requirement or restriction. Written notice of a  
267 new, amended, or restricted prior authorization requirement, as



268 required by this subsection (6), may be provided less than sixty  
269 (60) days in advance if a health insurance issuer determines and  
270 contemporaneously notifies the department in writing that:

271 (a) The health insurance issuer has identified  
272 fraudulent or abusive practices related to the health care  
273 service;

274 (b) The health care service is unavailable or scarce  
275 which necessitates the use of an alternative health care service;

276 (c) The health care service is newly introduced to the  
277 health care market and a delay in providing coverage for the  
278 health care service and would not be in the best interests of  
279 enrollees;

280 (d) The health care service is the subject of a  
281 clinical trial authorized by the United States Food and Drug  
282 Administration; or

283 (e) Changes to the health care service or its  
284 availability are otherwise required by law to be made by the  
285 health insurance issuer in less than sixty (60) days.

286 (7) Health insurance issuers using prior authorization shall  
287 make statistics available regarding prior authorization approvals  
288 and denials on their website in a readily accessible format.  
289 Following each calendar year, the statistics must be updated  
290 annually, by March 31, and include all of the following  
291 information:



- 292 (a) A list of all health care services, including  
293 medications, that are subject to prior authorization;
- 294 (b) The percentage of standard prior authorization  
295 requests that were approved, aggregated for all items and  
296 services;
- 297 (c) The percentage of standard prior authorization  
298 requests that were denied, aggregated for all items and services;
- 299 (d) The percentage of prior authorization requests that  
300 were approved after appeal, aggregated for all items and services;
- 301 (e) The percentage of prior authorization requests for  
302 which the timeframe for review was extended, and the request was  
303 approved, aggregated for all items and services;
- 304 (f) The percentage of expedited prior authorization  
305 requests that were approved, aggregated for all items and  
306 services;
- 307 (g) The percentage of expedited prior authorization  
308 requests that were denied, aggregated for all items and services;
- 309 (h) The average and median time that elapsed between  
310 the submission of a request and a determination by the payer, plan  
311 or health insurance issuer, for standard prior authorization,  
312 aggregated for all items and services;
- 313 (i) The average and median time that elapsed between  
314 the submission of a request and a decision by the payer, plan or  
315 health insurance issuer, for expedited prior authorizations,  
316 aggregated for all items and services; and



317 (j) Any other information as the department determines  
318 appropriate.

319 **SECTION 6. Standardized electronic prior authorizations.**

320 (1) If any health insurance issuer requires prior authorization  
321 of a health care service, the insurer or its designee utilization  
322 review organization shall, by January 1, 2025, make available a  
323 standardized electronic prior authorization request transaction  
324 process using an internet webpage, internet webpage portal, or  
325 similar electronic, internet, and web-based system.

326 (2) Not later than January 1, 2027, all health care  
327 professionals and health care providers shall be required to use  
328 the standardized electronic prior authorization request  
329 transaction process made available as required by subsection (1)  
330 of this section.

331 **SECTION 7. Prior authorizations in nonurgent circumstances.**

332 If a health insurance issuer requires prior authorization of a  
333 health care service, the health insurance issuer must make an  
334 approval or adverse determination and notify the enrollee, the  
335 enrollee's health care professional, and the enrollee's health  
336 care provider of the approval or adverse determination as  
337 expeditiously as the enrollee's condition requires but no later  
338 than seven (7) calendar days after obtaining all necessary  
339 information to make the approval or adverse determination, unless  
340 a longer minimum time frame is required under federal law for the  
341 health insurance issuer and the health care service at issue. As



342 used in this section, "necessary information" includes the results  
343 of any face-to-face clinical evaluation, second opinion or other  
344 clinical information that is directly applicable to the requested  
345 service that may be required. Notwithstanding the foregoing  
346 provisions of this section, health insurance issuers must comply  
347 with the requirements of Section 83-9-6.3 to respond by two (2)  
348 business days for prior authorization requests for pharmaceutical  
349 services and products.

350 **SECTION 8. Prior authorizations in urgent circumstances.**

351 (1) If requested by a treating health care provider or health  
352 care professional for an enrollee, a health insurance issuer must  
353 render an approval or adverse determination concerning urgent  
354 health care services and notify the enrollee, the enrollee's  
355 health care professional and the enrollee's health care provider  
356 of that approval or adverse determination as expeditiously as the  
357 enrollee's condition requires but no later than forty-eight (48)  
358 hours after receiving all information needed to complete the  
359 review of the requested health care services, unless a longer  
360 minimum time frame is required under federal law for the health  
361 insurance issuer and the urgent health care service at issue.

362 (2) To facilitate the rendering of a prior authorization  
363 determination in conformance with this section, a health insurance  
364 issuer must establish a mechanism to ensure health care  
365 professionals have access to appropriately trained and licensed  
366 clinical personnel who have access to physicians for consultation,



367 designated by the plan to make such determinations for prior  
368 authorization concerning urgent care services.

369 **SECTION 9. Notifications for adverse determinations.** If a  
370 health insurance issuer makes an adverse determination, the health  
371 insurance issuer shall include the following in the notification  
372 to the enrollee, the enrollee's health care professional, and the  
373 enrollee's health care provider:

374 (a) The reasons for the adverse determination and  
375 related evidence-based criteria, including a description of any  
376 missing or insufficient documentation;

377 (b) The right to appeal the adverse determination;

378 (c) Instructions on how to file the appeal; and

379 (d) Additional documentation necessary to support the  
380 appeal.

381 **SECTION 10. Personnel qualified to review appeals.** (1) A  
382 health insurance issuer must ensure that all appeals are reviewed  
383 by a physician when the request is by a physician or a  
384 representative of a physician. The physician must:

385 (a) Possess a current and valid nonrestricted license  
386 to practice medicine in any United States jurisdiction;

387 (b) Be certified by the board(s) of the American Board  
388 of Medical Specialists or the American Board of Osteopathy within  
389 the relevant specialty of a physician who typically manages the  
390 medical condition or disease;



391 (c) Be knowledgeable of, and have experience providing,  
392 the health care services under appeal;

393 (d) Not have been directly involved in making the  
394 adverse determination; and

395 (e) Consider all known clinical aspects of the health  
396 care service under review, including, but not limited to, a review  
397 of all pertinent medical records provided to the health insurance  
398 issuer by the enrollee's health care professional or health care  
399 provider and any medical literature provided to the health  
400 insurance issuer by the health care professional or health care  
401 provider.

402 (2) Notwithstanding the foregoing, a licensed health care  
403 professional who satisfies the requirements in this section may  
404 review appeal requests submitted by a health care professional  
405 licensed in the same profession.

406 **SECTION 11. Insurer review of prior authorization**

407 **requirements.** A health insurance issuer shall periodically review  
408 its prior authorization requirements and consider removal of prior  
409 authorization requirements:

410 (a) Where a medication or procedure prescribed is  
411 customary and properly indicated or is a treatment for the  
412 clinical indication as supported by peer-reviewed medical  
413 publications; or

414 (b) For patients currently managed with an established  
415 treatment regimen.





416           **SECTION 12. Revocation of prior authorizations.**   (1) A  
417 health insurance issuer may not revoke or further limit, condition  
418 or restrict a previously issued prior authorization approval while  
419 it remains valid under this act.

420           (2) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, if a claim  
421 is properly coded and submitted timely to a health insurance  
422 issuer, the health insurance issuer shall make payment according  
423 to the terms of coverage on claims for health care services for  
424 which prior authorization was required and approval received  
425 before the rendering of health care services, unless one (1) of  
426 the following occurs:

427           (a) It is timely determined that the enrollee's health  
428 care professional or health care provider knowingly and without  
429 exercising prudent clinical judgment provided health care services  
430 that required prior authorization from the health insurance issuer  
431 or its contracted private review agent without first obtaining  
432 prior authorization for those health care services;

433           (b) It is timely determined that the health care  
434 services claimed were not performed;

435           (c) It is timely determined that the health care  
436 services rendered were contrary to the instructions of the health  
437 insurance issuer or its contracted private review agent or  
438 delegated reviewer if contact was made between those parties  
439 before the service being rendered;



440 (d) It is timely determined that the enrollee receiving  
441 such health care services was not an enrollee of the health care  
442 plan; or

443 (e) The approval was based upon a material  
444 misrepresentation by the enrollee, health care professional, or  
445 health care provider; as used in this paragraph, "material" means  
446 a fact or situation that is not merely technical in nature and  
447 results or could result in a substantial change in the situation.

448 (3) Nothing in this section shall preclude a private review  
449 agent or a health insurance issuer from performing post-service  
450 reviews of health care claims for purposes of payment integrity or  
451 for the prevention of fraud, waste, or abuse.

452 **SECTION 13. Length of approvals.** (1) A prior authorization  
453 approval shall be valid for the lesser of six (6) months after the  
454 date the health care professional or health care provider receives  
455 the prior authorization approval or the length of treatment as  
456 determined by the patient's health care professional or the  
457 renewal of the policy or plan, and the approval period shall be  
458 effective regardless of any changes, including any changes in  
459 dosage for a prescription drug prescribed by the health care  
460 professional. Notwithstanding the foregoing, a health insurer and  
461 an enrollee or his/her health care professional may extend a prior  
462 authorization approval for a longer period, by agreement. All  
463 dosage increases must be based on established evidentiary  
464 standards, and nothing in this section shall prohibit a health



465 insurance issuer from having safety edits in place. This section  
466 shall not apply to the prescription of benzodiazepines or Schedule  
467 II narcotic drugs, such as opioids.

468 (2) Nothing in this section shall require a policy or plan  
469 to cover any care, treatment, or services for any health condition  
470 that the terms of coverage otherwise completely exclude from the  
471 policy's or plan's covered benefits without regard for whether the  
472 care, treatment or services are medically necessary.

473 **SECTION 14. Approvals for chronic conditions.** (1) If a  
474 health insurance issuer requires a prior authorization for a  
475 recurring health care service or maintenance medication for the  
476 treatment of a chronic or long-term condition, including, but not  
477 limited to, chemotherapy for the treatment of cancer, the approval  
478 shall remain valid for the lesser of twelve (12) months from the  
479 date the health care professional or health care provider receives  
480 the prior authorization approval or the length of the treatment as  
481 determined by the patient's health care professional.

482 Notwithstanding the foregoing, a health insurer and an enrollee or  
483 his or her health care professional may extend a prior  
484 authorization approval for a longer period, by agreement. This  
485 section shall not apply to the prescription of benzodiazepines or  
486 Schedule II narcotic drugs, such as opioids.

487 (2) Nothing in this section shall require a policy or plan  
488 to cover any care, treatment or services for any health condition  
489 that the terms of coverage otherwise completely exclude from the



490 policy's or plan's covered benefits without regard for whether the  
491 care, treatment, or services are medically necessary.

492 **SECTION 15. Continuity of prior approvals.** (1) On receipt  
493 of information documenting a prior authorization approval from the  
494 enrollee or from the enrollee's health care professional or health  
495 care provider, a health insurance issuer shall honor a prior  
496 authorization granted to an enrollee from a previous health  
497 insurance issuer for at least the initial ninety (90) days of an  
498 enrollee's coverage under a new health plan, subject to the terms  
499 of the member's coverage agreement.

500 (2) During the time period described in subsection (1) of  
501 this section, a health insurance issuer may perform its own review  
502 to grant a prior authorization approval subject to the terms of  
503 the member's coverage agreement.

504 (3) If there is a change in coverage or approval criteria  
505 for a previously authorized health care service, the change in  
506 coverage or approval criteria does not affect an enrollee who  
507 received prior authorization approval before the effective date of  
508 the change for the remainder of the enrollee's plan year.

509 (4) Except to the extent required by medical exceptions  
510 processes for prescription drugs, nothing in this section shall  
511 require a policy or plan to cover any care, treatment or services  
512 for any health condition that the terms of coverage otherwise  
513 completely exclude from the policy's or plan's covered benefits



514 without regard for whether the care, treatment or services are  
515 medically necessary.

516 **SECTION 16. Effect of insurer's failure to comply.** A  
517 failure by a health insurance issuer to comply with the deadlines  
518 and other requirements specified in this act shall result in any  
519 health care services subject to review to be automatically deemed  
520 authorized by the health insurance issuer or its contracted  
521 private review agent.

522 **SECTION 17. Enforcement and administration.** (1) In  
523 addition to the enforcement powers granted to it by law to enforce  
524 the provisions of this act, the department is granted specific  
525 authority to issue a cease-and-desist order or require a private  
526 review agent or health insurance issuer to submit a plan of  
527 correction for violations of this act, or both. Subject to  
528 regulations promulgated by the department under the provisions of  
529 the Mississippi Administrative Procedure Law and after proper  
530 notice and the opportunity for a hearing, the department may  
531 impose upon a private review agent, health benefit plan or health  
532 insurance issuer an administrative fine not to exceed Ten Thousand  
533 Dollars (\$10,000.00) per violation for failure to submit a  
534 requested plan of correction, failure to comply with its plan of  
535 correction, or repeated violations of this act. All fines  
536 collected by the department under this section shall be deposited  
537 into the State General Fund. The department may also exercise all



538 authority granted to it under Section 41-83-13 to deny or revoke a  
539 certificate of a private review agent for a violation of this act.

540 (2) Any person or his or her treating physician who has  
541 evidence that his or her health insurance issuer or health benefit  
542 plan is in violation of the provisions of this act may file a  
543 complaint with the department. The department shall review all  
544 complaints received and investigate all complaints that it deems  
545 to state a potential violation. The department shall fairly,  
546 efficiently and timely review and investigate complaints. Health  
547 insurance issuers, health benefit plans and private review agents  
548 found to be in violation of this act shall be penalized in  
549 accordance with this section.

550 (3) The department shall have the authority to promulgate  
551 rules and regulations under the Mississippi Administrative  
552 Procedures Law to govern the administration of this act.

553 **SECTION 18. Reports to the department.** (1) By June 1,  
554 2025, and each June 1 after that date, a health insurance issuer  
555 shall report to the department, on a form issued by the  
556 department, the following aggregated trend data, de-identified of  
557 protected health information, related to the insurer's practices  
558 and experience for the prior plan year for health care services  
559 submitted for payment:

- 560 (a) The number of prior authorization requests;  
561 (b) The number of prior authorization requests denied;  
562 (c) The number of prior authorization appeals received;



563 (d) The number of adverse determinations reversed on  
564 appeal;

565 (e) Of the total number of prior authorization  
566 requests, the number of prior authorization requests that were not  
567 submitted electronically;

568 (f) The ten (10) health care services that were most  
569 frequently denied through prior authorization;

570 (g) The ten (10) reasons prior authorization requests  
571 were most frequently denied;

572 (h) The number of claims for health care services that  
573 were examined through a post-service utilization review process;

574 (i) The number and percentage of claims for health care  
575 services denied through post-service utilization review; and

576 (j) The ten (10) health care services that were most  
577 frequently denied as a result of post-service utilization reviews.

578 (2) All reports required by this section shall be considered  
579 public records under the Mississippi Public Records Act of 1983  
580 and the department shall make all reports freely available to  
581 requestors and post all reports to its public website without  
582 redactions.

583 **SECTION 19. False requests for prior authorization.** If a  
584 health insurance issuer has clear and convincing evidence that a  
585 health care professional or health care provider has knowingly and  
586 willingly submitted false or fraudulent requests for prior  
587 authorization to the health insurance issuer, the issuer shall



588 notify and provide that information to the Commissioner of  
589 Insurance. After receipt of such notification and information,  
590 the commissioner shall forward these reports to the Board of  
591 Medical Licensure or such other licensing agency with oversight of  
592 the health care provider.

593 **SECTION 20.** Section 41-83-1, Mississippi Code of 1972, is  
594 amended as follows:

595 41-83-1. As used in this chapter, the following terms shall  
596 be defined as follows:

597 (a) "Utilization review" means a system for reviewing  
598 the appropriate and efficient allocation of hospital resources and  
599 medical services given or proposed to be given, including, but not  
600 limited to, any prior authorization as defined in Section 4 of  
601 this act, to a patient or group of patients as to necessity for  
602 the purpose of determining whether such service should be covered  
603 or provided by an insurer, plan or other entity.

604 (b) "Private review agent" means a  
605 nonhospital-affiliated person or entity performing utilization  
606 review on behalf of:

607 (i) An employer or employees in the State of  
608 Mississippi; or

609 (ii) A third party that provides or administers  
610 hospital and medical benefits to citizens of this state,  
611 including: a health maintenance organization issued a certificate  
612 of authority under and by virtue of the laws of the State of





613 Mississippi; or a health insurer, nonprofit health service plan,  
614 health insurance service organization, or preferred provider  
615 organization or other entity offering health insurance policies,  
616 contracts or benefits in this state.

617 (c) "Utilization review plan" means a description of  
618 the utilization review procedures of a private review agent.

619 (d) "Department" means the Mississippi State Department  
620 of \* \* \* Insurance.

621 (e) "Certificate" means a certificate of registration  
622 granted by the Mississippi State Department of \* \* \* Insurance to  
623 a private review agent.

624 **SECTION 21.** Section 41-83-3, Mississippi Code of 1972, is  
625 amended as follows:

626 41-83-3. (1) A private review agent who approves or denies  
627 payment or who recommends approval or denial of payment for  
628 hospital or medical services or whose review results in approval  
629 or denial of payment for hospital or medical services on a case by  
630 case basis, may not conduct utilization review in this state  
631 unless the Mississippi State Department of \* \* \* Insurance has  
632 granted the private review agent a certificate.

633 (2) The Mississippi State Department of \* \* \* Insurance  
634 shall issue a certificate to an applicant that has met all the  
635 requirements of this chapter and all applicable regulations of the  
636 department.



637 (3) A certificate issued under this chapter is not  
638 transferable.

639 (4) The State Department of \* \* \* Insurance shall adopt  
640 regulations to implement the provisions of this chapter. Any  
641 personal information required by the department with respect to  
642 customers or patients shall be held in confidence and not  
643 disclosed to the public.

644 **SECTION 22.** Section 41-83-13, Mississippi Code of 1972, is  
645 amended as follows:

646 41-83-13. (1) The department shall deny a certificate to  
647 any applicant if, upon review of the application, the department  
648 finds that the applicant proposing to conduct utilization review  
649 does not:

650 (a) Have available the services of a physician to carry  
651 out its utilization review activities;

652 (b) Meet any applicable regulations the department  
653 adopted under this chapter relating to the qualifications of  
654 private review agents or the performance of utilization review;  
655 and

656 (c) Provide assurances satisfactory to the department  
657 that the procedure and policies of the private review agent will  
658 protect the confidentiality of medical records and the private  
659 review agent will be reasonably accessible to patients and  
660 providers for five (5) working days a week during normal business  
661 hours in this state.



662 (2) The department may revoke or deny a certificate if the  
663 holder does not comply with the performance assurances under this  
664 section, violates any provision of this chapter, or violates any  
665 regulation adopted pursuant to this chapter.

666 (3) Before denying or revoking a certificate under this  
667 section, the department shall provide the applicant or certificate  
668 holder with reasonable time to supply additional information  
669 demonstrating compliance with the requirements of this chapter and  
670 the opportunity to request a hearing. If an applicant or  
671 certificate holder requests a hearing, the department shall send a  
672 hearing notice and conduct a hearing \* \* \*.

673 **SECTION 23.** Section 41-83-21, Mississippi Code of 1972, is  
674 amended as follows:

675 41-83-21. Notwithstanding language to the contrary elsewhere  
676 contained herein, if a licensed physician certifies in writing to  
677 an insurer within seventy-two (72) hours of an admission that the  
678 insured person admitted was in need of immediate hospital care for  
679 emergency services, such shall constitute a prima facie case of  
680 the medical necessity of the admission. To overcome this, the  
681 entity requesting the utilization review and/or the private review  
682 agent must show by clear and convincing evidence that the admitted  
683 person was not in need of immediate hospital care.

684 **SECTION 24.** Section 41-83-31, Mississippi Code of 1972, is  
685 amended as follows:



686 41-83-31. Any program of utilization review with regard to  
687 hospital, medical or other health care services provided in this  
688 state, including, but not limited to, any prior authorization as  
689 defined in Section 4 of this act, shall comply with the following:

690 (a) No determination adverse to a patient or to any  
691 affected health care provider shall be made on any question  
692 relating to the necessity or justification for any form of  
693 hospital, medical or other health care services without prior  
694 evaluation and concurrence in the adverse determination by a  
695 physician licensed to practice in Mississippi. The physician who  
696 made the adverse determination shall discuss the reasons for any  
697 adverse determination with the affected health care provider, if  
698 the provider so requests. The physician shall comply with this  
699 request within \* \* \* seven (7) calendar days of being notified of  
700 a request. Adverse determination by a physician shall not be  
701 grounds for any disciplinary action against the physician by the  
702 State Board of Medical Licensure.

703 (b) Any determination regarding hospital, medical or  
704 other health care services rendered or to be rendered to a patient  
705 which may result in a denial of third-party reimbursement or a  
706 denial of precertification for that service shall include the  
707 evaluation, findings and concurrence of a physician trained in the  
708 relevant specialty or subspecialty, if requested by the patient's  
709 physician, to make a final determination that care rendered or to  
710 be rendered was, is, or may be medically inappropriate.



711 (c) The requirement in this section that the physician  
712 who makes the evaluation and concurrence in the adverse  
713 determination must be licensed to practice in Mississippi shall  
714 not apply to the Comprehensive Health Insurance Risk Pool  
715 Association or its policyholders and shall not apply to any  
716 utilization review company which reviews fewer than ten (10)  
717 persons residing in the State of Mississippi.

718 **SECTION 25.** Section 83-1-101, Mississippi Code of 1972, is  
719 amended as follows:

720 83-1-101. Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the  
721 contrary, and except as provided herein, any person or other  
722 entity which provides coverage in this state for medical,  
723 surgical, chiropractic, physical therapy, speech pathology,  
724 audiology, professional mental health, dental, hospital, or  
725 optometric expenses, whether such coverage is by direct payment,  
726 reimbursement \* \* \* or otherwise, and all private review agents  
727 covered by Sections 41-83-1 through 41-83-31, shall be presumed to  
728 be subject to the jurisdiction of the State Insurance Department,  
729 unless (a) the person or other entity shows that while providing  
730 such services it is subject to the jurisdiction of another agency  
731 of this state, any subdivisions thereof, or the federal  
732 government; or (b) the person or other entity is providing  
733 coverage under the Direct Primary Care Act in Sections 83-81-1  
734 through 83-81-11.



735           **SECTION 26.** Section 83-9-6.3, Mississippi Code of 1972, is  
736 amended as follows:

737           83-9-6.3. (1) As used in this section:

738           (a) "Health benefit plan" means services consisting of  
739 medical care, provided directly, through insurance or  
740 reimbursement, or otherwise, and including items and services paid  
741 for as medical care under any hospital or medical service policy  
742 or certificate, hospital or medical service plan contract,  
743 preferred provider organization, or health maintenance  
744 organization contract offered by a health insurance issuer. The  
745 term "health benefit plan" includes the Medicaid fee-for-service  
746 program and any managed care program, coordinated care program,  
747 coordinated care organization program or health maintenance  
748 organization program implemented by the Division of Medicaid.

749           (b) "Health insurance issuer" means any entity that  
750 offers health insurance coverage through a health benefit plan,  
751 policy, or certificate of insurance subject to state law that  
752 regulates the business of insurance. "Health insurance issuer"  
753 also includes a health maintenance organization, as defined and  
754 regulated under Section 83-41-301 et seq., and includes the  
755 Division of Medicaid for the services provided by fee-for-service  
756 and through any managed care program, coordinated care program,  
757 coordinated care organization program or health maintenance  
758 organization program implemented by the division.



759 (c) "Prior authorization" means a utilization  
760 management criterion used to seek permission or waiver of a drug  
761 to be covered under a health benefit plan that provides  
762 prescription drug benefits.

763 (d) "Prior authorization form" means a standardized,  
764 uniform application developed by a health insurance issuer for the  
765 purpose of obtaining prior authorization.

766 (2) Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the  
767 contrary, in order to establish uniformity in the submission of  
768 prior authorization forms, on or after January 1, 2014, a health  
769 insurance issuer shall use only a single, standardized prior  
770 authorization form for obtaining any prior authorization for  
771 prescription drug benefits. The form shall not exceed two (2)  
772 pages in length, excluding any instructions or guiding  
773 documentation. The form shall also be made available  
774 electronically, and the prescribing provider may submit the  
775 completed form electronically to the health benefit plan.  
776 Additionally, the health insurance issuer shall submit its prior  
777 authorization forms to the Mississippi Department of Insurance to  
778 be kept on file on or after January 1, 2014. A copy of any  
779 subsequent replacements or modifications of a health insurance  
780 issuer's prior authorization form shall be filed with the  
781 Mississippi Department of Insurance within fifteen (15) days prior  
782 to use or implementation of such replacements or modifications.



783 (3) A health insurance issuer shall respond within two (2)  
784 business days upon receipt of a completed prior authorization  
785 request from a prescribing provider that was submitted using the  
786 standardized prior authorization form required by subsection (2)  
787 of this section. Notwithstanding the foregoing provisions of this  
788 subsection, health insurance issuers shall comply with Section 8  
789 of this act in regard to prior authorizations in urgent  
790 circumstances.

791 **SECTION 27.** Section 41-83-5, Mississippi Code of 1972, is  
792 brought forward as follows:

793 41-83-5. No certificate is required for those private review  
794 agents conducting general in-house utilization review for  
795 hospitals, home health agencies, preferred provider organizations  
796 or other managed care entities, clinics, private physician offices  
797 or any other health facility or entity, so long as the review does  
798 not result in the approval or denial of payment for hospital or  
799 medical services for a particular case. Such general in-house  
800 utilization review is completely exempt from the provisions of  
801 this chapter.

802 **SECTION 28.** Section 41-83-7, Mississippi Code of 1972, is  
803 brought forward as follows:

804 41-83-7. (1) An applicant for a certificate shall:  
805 (a) Submit an application to the department; and  
806 (b) Pay to the department the application fee  
807 established by the department through regulation.





808 (2) The application shall:

809 (a) Be on a form and accompanied by any supporting  
810 documentation that the department requires; and

811 (b) Be signed and verified by the applicant.

812 (3) The application fee required under this section shall be  
813 sufficient to pay for the administrative cost of the certification  
814 program and any other cost associated with carrying out the  
815 provisions of this chapter.

816 **SECTION 29.** Section 41-83-9, Mississippi Code of 1972, is  
817 brought forward as follows:

818 41-83-9. In conjunction with the application, the private  
819 review agent shall submit information that the department requires  
820 including:

821 (a) A utilization review plan that includes a  
822 description of review criteria, standards and procedures to be  
823 used in evaluating proposed or delivered hospital and medical care  
824 and the provisions by which patients, physicians or hospitals may  
825 seek reconsideration or appeal of adverse decisions by the private  
826 review agent;

827 (b) The type and qualifications of the personnel either  
828 employed or under contract to perform the utilization review;

829 (c) The procedures and policies to insure that a  
830 representative of the private review agent is reasonably  
831 accessible to patients and providers at all times in this state;



832 (d) The policies and procedures to insure that all  
833 applicable state and federal laws to protect the confidentiality  
834 of individual medical records are followed;

835 (e) A copy of the materials designed to inform  
836 applicable patients and providers of the requirements of the  
837 utilization review plan; and

838 (f) A list of the third party payors for which the  
839 private review agent is performing utilization review in this  
840 state.

841 **SECTION 30.** Section 41-83-11, Mississippi Code of 1972, is  
842 brought forward as follows:

843 41-83-11. (1) A certificate expires on the second  
844 anniversary of its effective date unless the certificate is  
845 renewed for a two-year term as provided in this section.

846 (2) Before the certificate expires, a certificate may be  
847 renewed for an additional two-year term if the applicant:

848 (a) Otherwise is entitled to the certificate;

849 (b) Pays the department the renewal fee set by the  
850 department through regulation; and

851 (c) Submits to the department a renewal application on  
852 the form that the department requires and satisfactory evidence of  
853 compliance with any requirement of this chapter for certificate  
854 renewal.

855 **SECTION 31.** Section 41-83-15, Mississippi Code of 1972, is  
856 brought forward as follows:



857 41-83-15. The department shall establish reporting  
858 requirements to:

859 (a) Evaluate the effectiveness of private review  
860 agents; and

861 (b) Determine if the utilization review programs are in  
862 compliance with the provisions of this section and applicable  
863 regulations.

864 **SECTION 32.** Section 41-83-17, Mississippi Code of 1972, is  
865 brought forward as follows:

866 41-83-17. A private review agent may not disclose or publish  
867 individual medical records or any other confidential medical  
868 information obtained in the performance of utilization review  
869 activities without the patient's authorization or an order of a  
870 county, circuit or chancery court of Mississippi or a United  
871 States district court. Provided, however, that nothing in this  
872 chapter shall prohibit private review agents from providing  
873 information to a third party with whom the private review agent is  
874 under contract or acting on behalf of.

875 **SECTION 33.** Section 41-83-19, Mississippi Code of 1972, is  
876 brought forward as follows:

877 41-83-19. A person who violates any provision of this  
878 chapter or any regulation adopted under this chapter is guilty of  
879 a misdemeanor and on conviction is subject to a penalty not  
880 exceeding One Thousand Dollars (\$1,000.00).



881           **SECTION 34.** Section 41-83-23, Mississippi Code of 1972, is  
882 brought forward as follows:

883           41-83-23. Any person aggrieved by a final decision of the  
884 department or a private review agent in a contested case under  
885 this chapter shall have the right of judicial appeal to the  
886 chancery court of the county of the residence of the aggrieved  
887 person.

888           Notwithstanding any provision of this chapter, the insured  
889 shall have the express right to pursue any legal remedies he may  
890 have in a court of competent jurisdiction.

891           **SECTION 35.** Section 41-83-25, Mississippi Code of 1972, is  
892 brought forward as follows:

893           41-83-25. (1) Every health insurance plan proposing to  
894 issue or deliver a health insurance policy or contract or  
895 administer a health benefit program which provides for the  
896 coverage of hospital and medical benefits and the utilization  
897 review of those benefits shall:

898                   (a) Have a certificate in accordance with this chapter;  
899 or

900                   (b) Contract with a private review agent who has a  
901 certificate in accordance with this chapter.

902           (2) Notwithstanding any other provisions of this chapter,  
903 for claims where the medical necessity of the provision of a  
904 covered benefit is disputed, a health service plan that does not  
905 meet the requirements of subsection (1) of this section shall pay



906 any person or hospital entitled to reimbursement under the policy  
907 or contract.

908         **SECTION 36.** Section 41-83-27, Mississippi Code of 1972, is  
909 brought forward as follows:

910             41-83-27. (1) Every insurer proposing to issue or deliver a  
911 health insurance policy or contract or administer a health benefit  
912 program which provides for the coverage of hospital and medical  
913 benefits and the utilization review of such benefits shall:

914                     (a) Have a certificate in accordance with this chapter;

915 or

916                     (b) Contract with a private review agent that has a  
917 certificate in accordance with this chapter.

918             (2) Notwithstanding any provision of this chapter, for  
919 claims where the medical necessity of the provision of a covered  
920 benefit is disputed, an insurer that does not meet the  
921 requirements of subsection (1) of this section shall pay any  
922 person or hospital entitled to reimbursement under the policy or  
923 contract.

924         **SECTION 37.** Section 41-83-29, Mississippi Code of 1972, is  
925 brought forward as follows:

926             41-83-29. Any health insurer proposing to issue or deliver  
927 in this state a group or blanket health insurance policy or  
928 administer a health benefit program which provides for the  
929 coverage of hospital and medical benefits and the utilization  
930 review of such benefits shall:



931 (a) Have a certificate in accordance with this chapter;

932 or

933 (b) Contract with a private review agent that has a  
934 certificate in accordance with this chapter.

935 **SECTION 38.** This act shall take effect and be in force from  
936 and after July 1, 2024.

