By: Representatives Hale, Keen, Hall To: Energy

HOUSE BILL NO. 1583

- AN ACT TO CREATE THE CONSUMER FREEDOM OF CHOICE IN APPLIANCES ACT; TO DEFINE THE TERMS "GOVERNMENTAL ENTITY", "UTILITY SERVICE" AND "APPLIANCE"; TO PROHIBIT A GOVERNMENTAL ENTITY FROM ENACTING OR ENFORCING ANY RESOLUTION, ORDINANCE, REGULATION, RULE, CODE, OR 5 POLICY TO TAKE ANY ACTION THAT RESTRICTS OR PROHIBITS, OR HAS THE EFFECT OF RESTRICTING OR PROHIBITING, ANY PERSON OR ENTITY FROM USING ANY APPLIANCE BASED ON THE TYPE OF UTILITY SERVICE REQUIRED 7 TO OPERATE THE APPLIANCE; TO BRING FORWARD SECTIONS 77-3-3 AND 8 9 77-3-201, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, WHICH RELATE TO THE REGULATION OF PUBLIC UTILITIES, FOR PURPOSES OF POSSIBLE AMENDMENT; AND FOR 10 11 RELATED PURPOSES.
- 12 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MISSISSIPPI:
- 13 **SECTION 1.** This act shall be known and may be cited as the
- 14 Consumer Freedom of Choice in Appliances Act.
- 15 **SECTION 2.** For purposes of this section, the following terms
- 16 shall be defined as follows, unless the context clearly indicates
- 17 otherwise:
- 18 (a) "Governmental entity" means any agency, department,
- 19 institution, instrumentality, or political subdivision of the
- 20 State of Mississippi, or any agency, department, institution of a
- 21 political subdivision.

(b) "Utility service" means electrical, natural g	as,	or
---	-----	----

- 23 liquified petroleum (L.P.) gas service provided to an end user.
- (c) "Appliance" means a device or apparatus which uses
- 25 a utility service for its energy operating requirements and has
- 26 been manufactured and designed to perform a specific task in a
- 27 domestic or household setting or manufactured and designed to
- 28 perform similar functions in a commercial or industrial setting.
- 29 The term "appliance" includes a device used for cooking, space
- 30 heating, water heating, or another end use.
- 31 **SECTION 3.** A governmental entity shall not enact or enforce
- 32 any resolution, ordinance, regulation, rule, code, or policy to
- 33 take any action that restricts or prohibits, or has the effect of
- 34 restricting or prohibiting, any person or entity from using any
- 35 appliance based on the type of utility service required to operate
- 36 the appliance.
- 37 **SECTION 4.** Nothing in this act shall be construed as
- 38 affecting a governmental entity's authority to do the following:
- 39 (a) Require that utility services necessary to operate
- 40 an appliance be obtained from a provider that is authorized to do
- 41 business in the location.
- 42 (b) Prohibit the usage of any appliance for an illegal
- 43 purpose.
- 44 (c) Exercise existing police powers to review and
- 45 approve an application before building permits, or to otherwise
- 46 enforce building, fire, and other public safety codes or

- 47 subdivision regulations. However, no governmental entity may deny
- 48 a building permit or subdivision regulation application based
- 49 solely on the type of appliance and/or utility service proposed
- 50 for the project.
- 51 (d) Taking actions to ensure the safe use of appliances
- 52 in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations for usage.
- 53 **SECTION 5.** Section 77-3-3, Mississippi Code of 1972, is
- 54 brought forward as follows:
- 55 77-3-3. As used in this chapter:
- 56 (a) The term "corporation" includes a private or public
- 57 corporation, a municipality, an association, a joint-stock
- 58 association or a business trust.
- 59 (b) The term "person" includes a natural person, a
- 60 partnership of two (2) or more persons having a joint or common
- 61 interest, a cooperative, nonprofit, limited dividend or mutual
- 62 association, a corporation, or any other legal entity.
- 63 (c) The term "municipality" includes any incorporated
- 64 city, town or village.
- (d) The term "public utility" includes persons and
- 66 corporations, or their lessees, trustees and receivers now or
- 67 hereafter owning or operating in this state equipment or
- 68 facilities for:
- (i) The generation, manufacture, transmission,
- 70 distribution, provision, or furnishing of electricity to or for

71	the public, whether an individual person or an entity or a
72	collection of persons or entities, for compensation;
73	(ii) The transmission, sale, sale for resale, or
74	distribution of natural, artificial, or mixed natural and
75	artificial gas to the public for compensation by means of
76	transportation, transmission, or distribution facilities and
77	equipment located within this state; however, the term shall not
78	include the production and gathering of natural gas, the sale of
79	natural gas in or within the vicinity of the field where produced,
80	or the distribution or sale of liquefied petroleum gas or the sale
81	to the ultimate consumer of natural gas for use as a motor vehicle
82	fuel;
83	(iii) The transmission, conveyance or reception of
84	any message over wire, of writing, signs, signals, pictures and
85	sounds of all kinds by or for the public, where such service is
86	offered to the public for compensation, and the furnishing, or the
87	furnishing and maintenance, of equipment or facilities to the
88	public, for compensation, for use as a private communications
89	system or part thereof; however, no person or corporation not
90	otherwise a public utility within the meaning of this chapter
91	shall be deemed such solely because of engaging in this state in
92	the furnishing, for private use as last aforementioned, and
93	moreover, nothing in this chapter shall be construed to apply to
94	television stations, radio stations, community television antenna
95	services, video services, Voice over Internet Protocol services

96 ("VoIP"), any wireless services, including commercial mobile 97 services, Internet Protocol ("IP") - enabled services or broadband services; and 98 99 The transmission, distribution, sale or (iv)100 resale of water to the public for compensation, or the collection, 101 transmission, treatment or disposal of sewage, or otherwise 102 operating a sewage disposal service, to or for the public for 103 compensation. 104 The term "public utility" shall not include any person not 105 otherwise a public utility, who provides or furnishes the services 106 or commodity described in this paragraph only to himself, his 107 employees or tenants as an incident of such employee service or 108 tenancy, if such services are not sold or resold to such tenants 109 or employees on a metered or consumption basis other than the submetering authorized under Section 77-3-97. 110 111 The term "public utility" shall not include any person not 112 otherwise a public utility, who purchases electricity on a metered retail basis from the electric public utility that holds a 113 114 certificate of public convenience and necessity for the area in 115 which the person is located, and provides or furnishes a portion

the public for compensation directly and exclusively to charge

of that electricity, but not electricity from any other source, to

116

117

118

119

120	end-use	customer,	whether	or	not	such	person	receives	compensation
-----	---------	-----------	---------	----	-----	------	--------	----------	--------------

- 121 for battery or vehicle charging.
- 122 A public utility's business other than of the character
- 123 defined in subparagraphs (i) through (iv) of this paragraph is not
- 124 subject to the provisions of this chapter.
- 125 (e) The term "rate" means and includes every
- 126 compensation, charge, fare, toll, customer deposit, rental and
- 127 classification, or the formula or method by which such may be
- 128 determined, or any of them, demanded, observed, charged or
- 129 collected by any public utility for any service, product or
- 130 commodity described in this section, offered by it to the public,
- 131 and any rules, regulations, practices or contracts relating to any
- 132 such compensation, charge, fare, toll, rental or classification;
- 133 however, the term "rate" shall not include charges for electrical
- 134 current furnished, delivered or sold by one (1) public utility to
- 135 another for resale.
- 136 (f) The word "commission" shall refer to the Public
- 137 Service Commission of the State of Mississippi, as now existing,
- 138 unless otherwise indicated.
- 139 (q) The term "affiliated interest" or "affiliate"
- 140 includes:
- 141 (i) Any person or corporation owning or holding,
- 142 directly or indirectly, twenty-five percent (25%) or more of the
- 143 voting securities of a public utility;

144	(ii) Any person or corporation in any chain of
145	successive ownership of twenty-five percent (25%) or more of the
146	voting securities of a public utility;
147	(iii) Any corporation of which fifteen percent
148	(15%) or more of the voting securities is owned or controlled,
149	directly or indirectly, by a public utility;
150	(iv) Any corporation of which twenty-five percent
151	(25%) or more of the voting securities is owned or controlled,
152	directly or indirectly, by any person or corporation that owns or
153	controls, directly or indirectly, twenty-five percent (25%) or
154	more of the voting securities of any public utility or by any
155	person or corporation in any chain of successive ownership of
156	twenty-five percent (25%) of such securities;
157	(v) Any person who is an officer or director of a
158	public utility or of any corporation in any chain of successive
159	ownership of fifteen percent (15%) or more of voting securities of
160	a public utility; or
161	(vi) Any person or corporation that the
162	commission, after notice and hearing, determines actually
163	exercises any substantial influence or control over the policies
164	and actions of a public utility, or over which a public utility
165	exercises such control, or that is under a common control with a
166	public utility, such control being the possession, directly or
167	indirectly, of the power to direct or cause the discretion of the
168	management and policies of another, whether such power is

144

- established through ownership of voting securities or by any other direct or indirect means.
- However, the term "affiliated interest" or "affiliate" shall
- 172 not include a joint agency organized pursuant to Section 77-5-701
- 173 et seq., nor a member municipality thereof.
- (h) The term "facilities" includes all the plant and
- 175 equipment of a public utility, used or useful in furnishing public
- 176 utility service, including all real and personal property without
- 177 limitation, and any and all means and instrumentalities in any
- 178 manner owned, operated, leased, licensed, used, controlled,
- 179 furnished or supplied for, by or in connection with its public
- 180 utility business.
- 181 (i) The term "cost of service" includes operating
- 182 expenses, taxes, depreciation, net revenue and operating revenue
- 183 requirement at a claimed rate of return from public utility
- 184 operations.
- 185 (j) The term "lead-lag study" includes an analysis to
- 186 determine the amount of capital which investors in a public
- 187 utility, the rates of which are subject to regulation under the
- 188 provisions of this chapter, must provide to meet the day-to-day
- 189 operating costs of the public utility prior to the time such costs
- 190 are recovered from customers, and the measurement of (i) the lag
- 191 in collecting from the customer the cost of providing service, and
- 192 (ii) the lag in paying the cost of providing service by the public
- 193 utility.

194	(k) The term "broadband services" means any service
195	that consists of or includes a high-speed access capability to
196	transmit at a rate that is not less than two hundred (200)
197	kilobits per second either in the upstream or downstream direction
198	and either:
199	(i) Is used to provide access to the Internet, or
200	(ii) Provides computer processing, information
201	storage, information content or protocol conversion, including any
202	service applications or information service provided over such
203	high-speed access service.
204	(1) The term "video services" means video programming
205	services without regard to delivery technology, including Internet
206	Protocol technology ("Internet Protocol television or IPTV") and
207	video programming provided as a part of a service that enables
208	users to access content, information, email or other services
209	offered over the public Internet. The term "video programming"
210	means any programming as defined in 47 USCS Section 522(20).
211	(m) The term "Voice over Internet Protocol services" or
212	"VoIP services" means any service that: (i) enables real-time,
213	two-way voice communications that originate from or terminate to
214	the user's location in Internet Protocol or any successor
215	protocol; (ii) uses a broadband connection from the user's
216	location; and (iii) permits users generally to receive calls that
217	originate on the Public Switched Telephone Network and to

218

H. B. No. 1583

24/HR26/R1359 PAGE 9 (MCL\KW)

terminate calls to the Public Switched Telephone Network.

219		(r	n) The	term	" (comme	rcial	mob	ile	services"	means	any
220	services	as	defined	lin	47	USCS	Secti	ion	332 ((d).		

- The term "Internet Protocol-enabled services" or 221 222 "IP-enabled services" means any service, capability, 223 functionality, or application provided using Internet Protocol, or 224 any successor protocol, that enables an end user to send or 225 receive a communication in Internet Protocol format, or any 226 successor format, regardless of whether the communications is 227 voice, data or video. Nothing contained in this paragraph shall 228 apply to retail services that are tariffed by the commission.
- (p) "Broadband service provider" means an entity that provides broadband services to others on a wholesale basis or to end-use customers on a retail basis.
- (q) "Broadband operator" means a broadband service
 provider that uses the electric delivery system of any public
 utility of the type as defined in paragraph (d)(i) of this section
 with the public utility's consent to provide broadband services.
- (r) "Electric delivery system" means the poles, lines,
 fiber, cables, broadband system, materials, equipment, easements
 and other facilities or properties used by any public utility of
 the type as defined in paragraph (d) (i) of this section to deliver
 or facilitate the delivery, sale or use of electric energy.
- 241 (s) "Eligible municipality" means any municipality with 242 a population of greater than One Hundred Thousand (100,000) 243 according to the latest decennial census which has been the

244	subject	of	litigation	bv	the	United	States	Environmenta

- 245 Protection Agency for violations of the Safe Drinking Water Act,
- 246 42 USC Section 300(f) et seq.
- 247 (t) "Eligible homeowners association" means any
- 248 homeowners association created and governed by restrictive
- 249 covenants, if the subdivision subject to these covenants:
- 250 (i) Was constructed prior to 1970 outside of
- 251 municipal boundaries;
- 252 (ii) Was subsequently annexed by an eligible
- 253 municipality, irrespective of whether the municipality was an
- 254 eligible municipality at the time of annexation or subsequently
- 255 became eligible; and
- 256 (iii) Is adjacent to which a ground water well
- 257 system originally designed to supply the subdivision which
- 258 continues to provide drinking water to a private user is located.
- 259 **SECTION 6.** Section 77-3-201, Mississippi Code of 1972, is
- 260 brought forward as follows:
- 77-3-201. As used in this article, the following words and
- 262 phrases shall include the meanings ascribed by this section unless
- 263 the context requires a different meaning:
- 264 (a) "Owner" shall specifically refer to a holder of an
- 265 interest in real property which is proposed to be served by a
- 266 public utility as defined in subparagraph (iv) of paragraph (d) of
- 267 Section 77-3-3. "Owner" shall include both the plural and the

268	singular	and	any	person,	firm,	corporation,	association	or
269	combinati	ion d	of si	uch entit	ties.			

270	(b) "Public utility" includes any person, firm,
271	corporation or association and any public body, political
272	subdivision, agency or instrumentality thereof owning or owning
273	and operating a public utility service described by subparagraph
274	(iv) of paragraph (d) of Section 77-3-3. However, an incorporated
275	municipality which owns or owns and operates such a described
276	public utility service shall not be subject to the provisions of
277	this article. The term "public utility" also includes the
278	successors and assigns of any such public utility.