MISSISSIPPI LEGISLATURE

By: Representative Yancey

**REGULAR SESSION 2024** 

To: Public Health and Human Services

## HOUSE BILL NO. 1169

1 AN ACT TO EXEMPT ANY OFFICIAL, AGENT OR EMPLOYEE OF THE STATE 2 OR A POLITICAL SUBDIVISION THEREOF FROM ENFORCING OR BEING ORDERED 3 TO ENFORCE ANY FEDERAL DIRECTIVE THAT ALLOWS ANY MEDICAL, HEALTH 4 CARE, BEHAVIORAL, OR MENTAL HEALTH TREATMENT, SERVICE, THERAPY OR 5 COUNSELING TO AN UNEMANCIPATED MINOR OR ANY INSTRUCTION IN HUMAN 6 SEXUALITY WITHOUT PARENTAL NOTIFICATION OR CONSENT; TO PROVIDE A 7 CAUSE OF ACTION BY A PARENT OR LEGAL GUARDIAN AGAINST ANY PERSON, 8 CORPORATION OR OTHER ENTITY, WHO VIOLATES THE MEDICAL AND MENTAL 9 HEALTH RELATED PARENTAL NOTIFICATION AND CONSENT REQUIREMENTS; TO 10 BRING FORWARD SECTIONS 37-13-173 AND 41-41-3, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 11 1972, FOR THE PURPOSE OF POSSIBLE AMENDMENTS; AND FOR RELATED 12 PURPOSES.

13 WHEREAS, the United States Supreme Court has held that under the Tenth Amendment, "Congress cannot compel the States to enact 14 or enforce a federal regulatory program ... Congress cannot 15 16 circumvent that prohibition by conscripting the State's officers directly. The Federal Government may neither issue directives 17 18 requiring the States to address particular problems, nor command the States' officers, or those of their political subdivisions, to 19 administer or enforce a federal regulatory program." (Printz v. 20 U.S., 521 U.S. 898, 935 (1997)); and 21 22 WHEREAS, Chief Justice John Roberts in NFIB v. Sebelius, 567 23 U.S. 519 (2012), cites with approval the warning that "it is of

H. B. No. 1169 G1/2 24/HR43/R1887 PAGE 1 (DJ\EW) fundamental importance to consider whether essential attributes of state sovereignty are compromised by the assertion of federal power"; and

27 WHEREAS, Section 41-41-3, Mississippi Code of 1972, provides 28 that health care cannot be provided to a minor without the consent 29 of a parent, guardian or other authorized person as provided 30 therein; and

WHEREAS, Section 37-13-173, Mississippi Code of 1972, 31 32 provides that each "school providing instruction or any other 33 presentation on human sexuality in the classroom, assembly or 34 other official setting shall be required to provide no less than 35 one (1) week's written notice thereof to the parents of children 36 in such programs of instruction. The written notice must inform 37 the parents of their right to request the inclusion of their child 38 for such instruction or presentation. The notice also must inform 39 the parents of the right, and the appropriate process, to review 40 the curriculum and all materials to be used in the lesson or presentation. Upon the request of any parent, the school shall 41 42 excuse the parent's child from such instruction or presentation, without detriment to the student"; and 43

WHEREAS, the federal Bipartisan Safer Communities Act, Pub. Law 117-159, Section 11004, 136 Stat. 1313, instructs the Secretary of Health and Human Services to issue guidance that includes best practices for ensuring children have access to comprehensive health care services, including children without a

H. B. No. 1169 24/HR43/R1887 PAGE 2 (DJ\EW) 49 mental health or substance use disorder diagnosis: NOW, 50

THEREFORE,

51 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MISSISSIPPI: 52 SECTION 1. It is the purpose and intention of the 53 Legislature to protect the rights of the state government and of 54 the people of this state reserved to them in our federal system of government under the Ninth and Tenth Amendments to the United 55 States Constitution, insofar as the rights of parents to govern 56 57 and direct medical and health care decisions of their children are 58 concerned.

59 SECTION 2. No federal executive order, agency order, rule, quidance document, memorandum, directive, regulation or 60 61 administrative interpretation of a law or statute enrolled by the 62 United States Congress and signed by the President of the United States, including, without limitation, any provision of the 63 64 Bipartisan Safer Communities Act, Pub. Law 117-159, Section 11004, 65 136 Stat. 1313, which allows any medical, health care, behavioral or mental health treatment, service, therapy or counseling without 66 67 parental notification or consent in contravention of the 68 provisions of Sections 37-13-173 and 41-41-3, as applicable, shall 69 be enforced or ordered to be enforced by any official, agent or 70 employee of this state or a political subdivision thereof, or any person acting under color of state law. 71

72 SECTION 3. (1) Notwithstanding any federal executive order, 73 agency order, rule, quidance document, memorandum, directive,

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74 regulation or administrative interpretation of a law or statute 75 enrolled by the United States Congress and signed by the President 76 of the United States, including, without limitation, any provision 77 of the Bipartisan Safer Communities Act, Pub. Law 117-159, Section 11004, 136 Stat. 1313, any school district, health care 78 79 institution or health care provider as defined in Section 80 41-41-203, who violates the provisions of Sections 37-13-173 or 81 41-41-3, as applicable, may be subject to a civil suit for damages 82 brought by any parent whose rights, secured by those sections, were violated. Relief available in a civil brought under the 83 84 authority of this section suit may include, without limitation, 85 actual damages, court costs, reasonable attorney fees as ordered 86 by the court, and punitive damages if the violation satisfies the 87 standards for imposition of punitive damages elsewhere provided by 88 law.

89 (2) An individual may assert a violation of this act as a 90 claim in any judicial or administrative proceeding or as defense 91 in any judicial or administrative proceeding without regard to 92 whether the proceeding is brought by or in the name of the 93 government, any private person or any other party.

94 (3) An action under this act may be commenced, and relief
95 may be granted, in a court of competent jurisdiction in the state
96 without regard to whether the individual commencing the action has
97 sought or exhausted available administrative remedies.

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H. B. No. 1169 24/HR43/R1887 PAGE 4 (DJ\EW) 98 (4) Sovereign immunity shall not be an affirmative defense99 in any action pursuant to this act.

SECTION 5. Section 37-13-173, Mississippi Code of 1972, is brought forward as follows:

102 37-13-173. Each school providing instruction or any other 103 presentation on human sexuality in the classroom, assembly or 104 other official setting shall be required to provide no less than 105 one (1) week's written notice thereof to the parents of children 106 in such programs of instruction. The written notice must inform 107 the parents of their right to request the inclusion of their child 108 for such instruction or presentation. The notice also must inform 109 the parents of the right, and the appropriate process, to review 110 the curriculum and all materials to be used in the lesson or presentation. Upon the request of any parent, the school shall 111 excuse the parent's child from such instruction or presentation, 112 113 without detriment to the student.

SECTION 6. Section 41-41-3, Mississippi Code of 1972, is brought forward as follows:

116 41-41-3. (1) It is hereby recognized and established that, 117 in addition to such other persons as may be so authorized and 118 empowered, any one (1) of the following persons who is reasonably 119 available, in descending order of priority, is authorized and 120 empowered to consent on behalf of an unemancipated minor, either 121 orally or otherwise, to any surgical or medical treatment or

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123 recommended, prescribed or directed by a duly licensed physician:

124 (a) The minor's guardian or custodian.

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(b) The minor's parent.

126 (c) An adult brother or sister of the minor.

127 (d) The minor's grandparent.

(2) If none of the individuals eligible to act under
subsection (1) is reasonably available, an adult who has exhibited
special care and concern for the minor and who is reasonably
available may act; the adult shall communicate the assumption of
authority as promptly as practicable to the individuals specified
in subsection (1) who can be readily contacted.

(3) Any female, regardless of age or marital status, is
empowered to give consent for herself in connection with pregnancy
or childbirth.

137 SECTION 4. If any one or more provisions, sections, 138 subsections, sentences, clauses, phrases or words of this act or the application thereof to any person or circumstance is found to 139 140 be unconstitutional, the same is hereby declared to be severable and the balance of this act shall remain effective notwithstanding 141 142 such unconstitutionality. The Legislature hereby declares that it 143 would have passed this act, and each provision, section, subsection, sentence, clause, phrase or word thereof, irrespective 144 of the fact that any one or more provisions, sections, 145

H. B. No. 1169 24/HR43/R1887 PAGE 6 (DJ\EW)  146 subsections, sentences, clauses, phrases or words be declared 147 unconstitutional.

## 148 **SECTION 7.** This act shall take effect and be in force from

149 and after July 1, 2024.

H. B. No. 1169 24/HR43/R1887 PAGE 7 (DJ\EW) ST: Parental consent for medical treatment and instruction in human sexuality; require for students in K-12 notwithstanding federal