By: Representatives Turner, Arnold To: Insurance

COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR HOUSE BILL NO. 888

AN ACT TO AMEND SECTION 27-7-1001, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, TO DEFINE "DISASTER MITIGATION EXPENSE", "DISASTER RECOVERY EXPENSES" AND "QUALIFIED CATASTROPHE EXPENSES"; TO AMEND SECTION 27-7-1003, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, TO CLARIFY THAT THE LIMITS ON 5 THE TOTAL AMOUNT THAT MAY BE CONTRIBUTED TO A CATASTROPHE SAVINGS ACCOUNT IS AN ANNUAL LIMIT; TO AMEND SECTION 27-7-1005, 7 MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, TO CLARIFY THAT CATASTROPHE SAVINGS ACCOUNTS MAY BE USED FOR QUALIFIED DISASTER MITIGATION EXPENSES; 8 9 TO AMEND SECTION 83-1-191, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, TO PROVIDE 10 THAT THE MISSISSIPPI COMPREHENSIVE HURRICANE AND WIND DAMAGE 11 MITIGATION TRUST FUND SHALL FUND THE COMPREHENSIVE HURRICANE AND 12 WIND DAMAGE MITIGATION PROGRAM; TO ADD "WIND" TO THE MISSISSIPPI COMPREHENSIVE HURRICANE DAMAGE MITIGATION PROGRAM; TO DELETE THE REPEALER; TO CREATE A SPECIAL FUND IN THE STATE TREASURY TO BE 14 15 DESIGNATED AS THE "MISSISSIPPI COMPREHENSIVE HURRICANE AND WIND 16 DAMAGE MITIGATION PROGRAM TRUST FUND"; TO AMEND SECTION 83-2-33, 17 MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, TO PROVIDE THAT ALL PROPERTY AND 18 CASUALTY INSURANCE COMPANIES DOING BUSINESS IN THIS STATE SHALL 19 CONTRIBUTE, IN PROPORTION TO THEIR GROSS PREMIUMS, TO THE 20 MISSISSIPPI COMPREHENSIVE HURRICANE AND WIND DAMAGE MITIGATION 21 PROGRAM TRUST FUND; TO PROVIDE THAT TOTAL CONTRIBUTIONS COLLECTED FOR THE MISSISSIPPI COMPREHENSIVE HURRICANE AND WIND DAMAGE 22 23 MITIGATION PROGRAM TRUST FUND SHALL NOT EXCEED ONE MILLION FIVE 24 HUNDRED THOUSAND DOLLARS; TO TRANSFER FIVE MILLION DOLLARS FROM 25 THE MISSISSIPPI SURPLUS LINES ASSOCIATION TO THE MISSISSIPPI 26 COMPREHENSIVE HURRICANE AND WIND DAMAGE MITIGATION PROGRAM TRUST 27 FUND; TO BRING FORWARD SECTION 83-2-3, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, 28 FOR THE PURPOSE OF POSSIBLE AMENDMENTS; AND FOR RELATED PURPOSES. 29 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MISSISSIPPI:

SECTION 1. Section 27-7-1001, Mississippi Code of 1972, is

31 amended as follows:

32 27-7-1001. As used in this article, the following terms 33 shall have the meanings as defined in this section:

34 (a) "Catastrophe savings account" means a regular

35 savings account or money market account established by an

36 insurance policyholder who is a state income taxpayer (i) to pay

37 an insurance deductible under an insurance policy that covers the

38 taxpayer's legal residence that covers hurricane, flood, windstorm

39 or other catastrophic event damage, (ii) to pay for catastrophic

40 event damage to the taxpayer's legal residence that is not covered

41 by the policy of insurance that covers the taxpayer's legal

42 residence for such damage after the deductible under such policy

43 has been paid, * * * (iii) to pay self-insured losses for the

44 taxpayer's legal residence from a hurricane, flood, windstorm, or

45 other catastrophic event, or (iv) to pay qualified disaster

46 mitigation expenses. The account must be labeled as a

47 "catastrophe savings account" in order to qualify as a catastrophe

48 savings account for the purposes of this article. A taxpayer may

49 establish only one (1) catastrophe savings account and shall

50 specify that the purpose of the account is to cover the aggregate

51 amount of insurance policy deductibles and other uninsured

52 portions of risks of loss from a hurricane, flood, windstorm or

53 other catastrophic event or disaster mitigation expenses.

54 (b) "Catastrophic event" means windstorms, cyclones,

55 earthquakes, hurricanes, ice storms, tornadoes, high winds, flood,

56 hail and force majeure, and similar perils not normally among

58	obtainable through the purchase of wind, wind and hail, flood, or
59	storm or windstorm coverage, or any combination of those
60	coverages. The term "catastrophic event" also includes any event
61	or occurrence for which a Presidential declaration of disaster or
62	declaration of disaster by the Governor is issued.
63	(c) "Disaster mitigation expenses" means expenses for
64	any of the following with respect to the taxpayer's legal
65	residence:
66	(i) Tornado safe rooms manufactured or constructed
67	in accordance with FEMA 320 or FEMA 361 guidance or tornado
68	shelters manufactured or constructed in accordance with the
69	National Storm Shelter/International Code Council 500 standard.
70	(ii) Opening protection, including impact and wind
71	resistance windows, exterior doors and garage doors.
72	(iii) Reinforcement of roof-to-wall and
73	floor-to-wall connection for wind or seismic activity.
74	(iv) Roof covering for impact, fire or high wind
75	resistance.
76	(v) Cripple and shear walls to resist seismic
77	activity.
78	(vi) Flood resistance building materials.

those covered under most property casualty insurance policies, but

(vii) Elevating structures and utilities above

base flood elevation.

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81	(viii) Fire resistance exterior wall
82	assemblies/systems.
83	(ix) Lightning protection systems.
84	(x) Whole home standby generators.
85	(xi) Any activity specified by the Commissioner of
86	Insurance as appropriate to mitigate the risks of future hazards
87	(including earthquake, flood, hail, wind, hurricane, sinkhole,
88	lightning, power outage, tornado, wildfire and other natural
89	disasters.
90	(d) "Disaster recovery expenses" means, with respect to
91	the taxpayer's legal residence, any expense incurred to replace or
92	repair catastrophic event related uninsured personal property
93	losses totaling One Thousand Dollars (\$1,000.000) or greater.
94	(e) "Qualified catastrophe expenses" means disaster
95	mitigation expenses and disaster recovery expenses.
96	SECTION 2. Section 27-7-1003, Mississippi Code of 1972, is
97	amended as follows:
98	27-7-1003. (1) Except as otherwise provided in Section
99	27-7-1005, the amounts contributed to a catastrophe savings
100	account in accordance with subsection (3) of this section,
101	interest income earned on a catastrophe savings account, and
102	distributions from a catastrophe savings account shall be excluded
103	from the taxable gross income of the account holder under Section
104	27-7-15.

- 105 (2) A catastrophe savings account is not subject to
 106 attachment, levy, garnishment, or legal process in this state,
 107 provided that no funds in an account are derived from or the
 108 result of a fraudulent conveyance making contributions to the
 109 account.
- 110 (3) The total amount that may be contributed <u>annually</u> to a
 111 catastrophe savings account shall not exceed any of the following:
- 112 (a) In the case of an individual whose qualified
 113 insurance deductible is less than or equal to One Thousand Dollars
 114 (\$1,000.00), the amount of Two Thousand Dollars (\$2,000.00).
- 115 (b) In the case of an individual whose qualified
 116 insurance deductible is greater than One Thousand Dollars
 117 (\$1,000.00), the amount equal to the lesser of Fifteen Thousand
 118 Dollars (\$15,000.00) or twice the amount of the taxpayer's
 119 qualified insurance deductible.
- (c) In the case of a self-insured individual who chooses not to obtain insurance on his or her legal residence, the amount of Three Hundred Fifty Thousand Dollars (\$350,000.00), but in no event may the amount contributed exceed the value of the taxpayer's legal residence.
- 125 (4) If a taxpayer contributes in excess of the limits
 126 provided in subsection (3) of this section, the taxpayer shall
 127 withdraw the amount of the excess contributions and include that
 128 amount in the taxable gross income of the taxpayer in the year of
 129 withdrawal.

130	SECTION 3.	Section	27-7-1005,	Mississippi	Code	of	1972,	is
131	amended as follo	ws:						

- 27-7-1005. (1) A distribution from a catastrophe savings
 account shall be included in the taxable gross income of the
 taxpayer unless the amount of the distribution is used to pay
 qualified catastrophe expenses or qualified disaster mitigation
 expenses.
- 137 (2) No amount of a distribution shall be included in the
 138 taxable gross income of the taxpayer if the qualified catastrophe
 139 expenses and qualified disaster mitigation expenses of the
 140 taxpayer during the taxable year are equal to or greater than the
 141 aggregate distributions during the taxable year.
 - (3) If the aggregate distributions exceed the qualified catastrophe expenses and qualified disaster mitigation expenses during the taxable year, the amount otherwise included in the taxable gross income of the taxpayer shall be reduced by the amount of the distributions for qualified catastrophe expenses and qualified disaster mitigation expenses.
- 148 (4) (a) The tax paid under Section 27-7-5 that is
 149 attributable to a taxable distribution shall be increased by two
 150 and one-half percent (2-1/2%) of the amount of the distribution
 151 that is includable in the taxable gross income of the taxpayer.
- 152 (b) The additional tax imposed by this subsection does 153 not apply if either of the following apply:

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154		(i)	The taxpa	ayer no	longe	owns	a leg	gal	resid	lence
155	that qualifies	for	homestead	exempti	ion und	der Sec	tion	27-	-33-1	et
156	seq.; or									

- 157 (ii) The distribution is from a catastrophe
 158 savings account conforming with Section 27-7-1003(3)(c) and is
 159 made on or after the date on which the taxpayer attains the age of
 160 seventy (70) years.
- 161 If a taxpayer who owns a catastrophe savings account (5) 162 dies, the amount of money in his or her account shall be included in the taxable gross income of the person who receives the 163 164 account, unless that person is the surviving spouse of the 165 taxpayer. Upon the death of the surviving spouse, the amount of 166 money in the account shall be included in the taxable gross income 167 of the person who receives the account. The additional tax 168 imposed in subsection (4) of this section does not apply to a 169 distribution from the account upon the death of the taxpayer or 170 the surviving spouse.
- SECTION 4. Section 83-1-191, Mississippi Code of 1972, is amended as follows:
- 173 83-1-191. (1) There is established within the Department of
 174 Insurance a Comprehensive Hurricane and Wind Damage Mitigation
 175 Program. This section does not create an entitlement for property
 176 owners or obligate the state in any way to fund the inspection or
 177 retrofitting of residential property or commercial property in
 178 this state. * * * The Mississippi Comprehensive Hurricane and

179	Wind Damage Mitigation Trust Fund, upon appropriation from the
180	Legislature, shall fund this program. The Department of Insurance
181	may contract with a third-party vendor to administer this program;
182	however, in entering into any such contract, the provisions of the
183	public purchasing laws on state contracts shall be followed and
184	may expend not more than ten percent (10%) of the monies in the
185	fund for the administration and management of the fund and
186	carrying out the purposes of this section. The program may
187	develop and implement a comprehensive and coordinated approach for
188	hurricane and wind damage mitigation that may include the
189	following:

construction measures. The performance of a cost-benefit study to establish the most appropriate wind hazard mitigation construction measures for both new construction and the retrofitting of existing construction for both residential and commercial facilities within the wind-borne debris regions of Mississippi as defined by the International Building Code. The recommended wind construction techniques shall be based on both the newly adopted Mississippi building code sections for wind load design and the wind-borne debris region. The list of construction measures to be considered for evaluation in the cost-benefit study shall be based on scientifically established and sound, but common, construction techniques that go above and beyond the basic recommendations in the adopted building codes. This allows residents to utilize

204	multiple options that will further reduce risk and loss and still
205	be awarded for their endeavors with appropriate wind insurance
206	discounts. It is recommended that existing accepted scientific
207	studies that validate the wind hazard construction techniques
208	benefits and effects be taken into consideration when establishing
209	the list of construction techniques that homeowners and business
210	owners can employ. This will ensure that only established
211	construction measures that have been studied and modeled as
212	successful mitigation measures will be considered to reduce the
213	chance of including risky or unsound data that will cost both the
214	property owner and state unnecessary losses. The cost-benefit
215	study shall be based on actual construction cost data collected
216	for several types of residential construction and commercial
217	construction materials, building techniques and designs that are
218	common to the region. The study shall provide as much information
219	as possible that will enhance the data and options provided to the
220	public, so that homeowners and business owners can make informed
221	and educated decisions as to their level of involvement. Based on
222	the construction data, modeling shall be performed on a variety of
223	residential and commercial designs, so that a broad enough
224	representative spectrum of data can be obtained. The data from
225	the study will be utilized in a report to establish tables
226	reflecting actuarially appropriate levels of wind insurance
227	discounts (in percentages) for each mitigation construction
228	technique/combination of techniques. This report will be utilized

229	as a guide for the Department of Insurance and the insurance
230	industry for developing actuarially appropriate discounts, credits
231	or other rate differentials, or appropriate reductions in
232	deductibles, for properties on which fixtures or construction
233	techniques demonstrated to reduce the amount of loss in a
234	windstorm have been installed or implemented. Additional data
235	that will enhance the program, such as studies to reflect property
236	value increases for retrofitting or building to the established
237	wind hazard mitigation construction techniques and cost comparison
238	data collected to establish the value of this program against the
239	investment required to include the mitigation measures, also may
240	be provided.

241 (b) Wind certification and hurricane mitigation 242 inspections.

(i) Home-retrofit inspections of site-built, residential property, including single-family, two-family, three-family or four-family residential units, and a set of representative commercial facilities may be offered to determine what mitigation measures are needed and what improvements to existing residential properties are needed to reduce the property's vulnerability to hurricane or wind damage. A state program may be established within the Department of Insurance to provide homeowners and business owners wind certification and hurricane mitigation inspections. The inspections provided to homeowners and business owners, at a minimum, must include:

254	1. A home inspection and report that
255	summarizes the results and identifies corrective actions a
256	homeowner may take to mitigate hurricane or wind damage.
257	2. A range of cost estimates regarding the
258	mitigation features.
259	3. Insurer-specific information regarding
260	premium discounts correlated to recommended mitigation features
261	identified by the inspection.
262	4. A hurricane resistance rating scale
263	specifying the home's current as well as projected wind resistance
264	capabilities.
265	This data may be provided by trained and certified inspectors
266	in standardized reporting formats and forms to ensure all data
267	collected during inspections is equivalent in style and content
268	that allows construction data, estimates and discount information
269	to be easily assimilated into a database. Data pertaining to the
270	number of inspections and inspection reports may be stored in a
271	state database for evaluation of the program's success and review
272	of state goals in reducing wind hazard loss in the state.
273	(ii) To qualify for selection by the department as
274	a provider of wind certification and hurricane mitigation
275	inspections services, the entity shall, at a minimum, and on a
276	form and in the manner prescribed by the commissioner:
277	1. Use wind certification and hurricane

mitigation inspectors who:

279	a. Have prior experience in residential
280	and/or commercial construction or inspection and have received
281	specialized training in hurricane and wind mitigation procedures
282	through the state certified program. In order to qualify for
283	training in the inspection process, the individual should be
284	either a licensed building code official, a licensed contractor of
285	inspector in the State of Mississippi, or a civil engineer.
286	b. Have undergone drug testing and
287	background checks.
288	c. Have been certified through a state
289	mandated training program, in a manner satisfactory to the
290	department, to conduct the inspections.
291	d. Have not been convicted of a felony
292	crime of violence or of a sexual offense; have not received a
293	first-time offender pardon or nonadjudication order for a felony
294	crime of violence or of a sexual offense; or have not entered a
295	plea of guilty or nolo contendere to a felony charge of violence
296	or of a sexual offense.
297	e. Submit a statement authorizing the
298	Commissioner of Insurance to order fingerprint analysis or any
299	other analysis or documents deemed necessary by the commissioner
300	for the purpose of verifying the criminal history of the
301	individual. The commissioner shall have the authority to conduct
302	criminal history verification on a local, state or national level

303	and	shall	have	the	authorit	ty to	require	the	individual	to	pay	for
304	the	costs	of s	uch (criminal	histo	ory veri	ficat	tion.			

- Provide a quality assurance program
 including a reinspection component.
- 307 Have data collection equipment and 308 computer systems, so that data can be submitted electronically to 309 the state's database of inspection reports, insurance 310 certificates, and other industry information related to this 311 It is mandatory that all inspectors provide original program. 312 copies to the property owner of any inspection reports, estimates, 313 etc., pertaining to the inspection and keep a copy of all inspection materials on hand for state audits. 314
- 315 (c) Financial grants to retrofit properties. Financial grants may be used to encourage single-family, site-built,
 317 owner-occupied, residential property owners or commercial property
 318 owners to retrofit their properties to make them less vulnerable
 319 to hurricane and wind damage.
- 320 Education and consumer awareness. (d) Multimedia 321 public education, awareness and advertising efforts designed to 322 specifically address mitigation techniques may be employed, as 323 well as a component to support ongoing consumer resources and 324 referral services. In addition, all insurance companies shall 325 provide notification to their clients regarding the availability 326 of this program, participation details, and directions to the state website promoting the program, along with appropriate 327

328	contact	phone	numbers	to	the	state	agency	administrating	the

- 329 program. The notification to the clients must be sent by the
- 330 insurance company within thirty (30) days after filing their
- 331 insurance discount schedules with the Department of Insurance.
- 332 (e) Advisory council. There is created an advisory
- 333 council to provide advice and assistance to the program
- 334 administrator with regard to his or her administration of the
- 335 program. The advisory council shall consist of:
- 336 (i) An agent, selected by the Independent
- 337 Insurance Agents of Mississippi.
- 338 (ii) Two (2) representatives of residential
- 339 property insurers, selected by the Department of Insurance.
- 340 (iii) One (1) representative of homebuilders,
- 341 selected by the Home Builders Association of Mississippi.
- 342 (iv) The Chairman of the House Insurance
- 343 Committee, or his designee.
- 344 (v) The Chairman of the Senate Insurance
- 345 Committee, or his designee.
- 346 (vi) The Executive Director of the Mississippi
- 347 Windstorm Underwriting Association, or his designee.
- 348 (vii) The Director of the Mississippi Emergency
- 349 Management Agency, or his designee.
- Members appointed under subparagraphs (i) and (ii) shall
- 351 serve at the pleasure of the Department of Insurance. All other
- 352 members shall serve as voting ex officio members. Members of the

353 advisory council who are not legislators, state officials or state 354 employees shall be compensated at the per diem rate authorized by 355 Section 25-3-69, and shall be reimbursed in accordance with 356 Section 25-3-41, for mileage and actual expenses incurred in the 357 performance of their duties. Legislative members of the advisory 358 council shall be paid from the contingent expense funds of their 359 respective houses in the same manner as provided for committee 360 meetings when the Legislature is not in session; however, no per 361 diem or expense for attending meetings of the advisory council may 362 be paid while the Legislature is in session. No advisory council member may incur per diem, travel or other expenses unless 363 364 previously authorized by vote, at a meeting of the council, which 365 action shall be recorded in the official minutes of the meeting. 366 Nonlegislative members shall be paid from any funds made available to the advisory council for that purpose. 367

- 368 (f) Rules and regulations. The Department of Insurance
 369 may adopt rules and regulations * * * as necessary for the
 370 administration and implementation of the Comprehensive Hurricane
 371 and Wind Damage Mitigation Program. * * *
- 372 (2) Nothing in this section shall prohibit the Department of
 373 Insurance from entering into an agreement with any other
 374 appropriate state agency to assist with or perform any of the
 375 duties set forth hereunder.

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377 SECTION 5. There is created in the State Treasury a special 378 fund to be designated as the "Mississippi Comprehensive Hurricane and Wind Damage Mitigation Program Trust Fund." The Legislature 379 380 may appropriate the amount necessary to fulfill the obligations 381 created under this act from the State General Fund to such special 382 Furthermore, the Commissioner of Insurance is authorized to 383 apply for any federal or private grants that will provide funds 384 for this program. Unexpended amounts remaining in the fund at the 385 end of a fiscal year shall not lapse into the State General Fund, and any interest earned on amounts in the fund shall be deposited 386 to the credit of the fund. 387

388 **SECTION 6.** Section 83-2-33, Mississippi Code of 1972, is amended as follows:

business in this state shall contribute annually, at such times as the Insurance Commissioner shall determine, in proportion to their gross premiums collected within the State of Mississippi during the preceding year, to a special fund in the State Treasury to be known as the * * "Mississippi Comprehensive Hurricane and Wind Damage Mitigation Program Trust Fund". The commissioner is hereby authorized to employ such actuarial and other assistance as shall be necessary to carry out the duties of the department; and such employees shall be under the authority and direction of the Insurance Commissioner. The amount to be contributed annually to the fund shall be fixed each year by the Insurance Commissioner at

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- 402 a percentage of the gross premiums so collected during the
- 403 preceding year. However, a minimum assessment of One Hundred
- 404 Dollars (\$100.00) shall be charged to each licensed property and
- 405 casualty insurance company regardless of the gross premium amount
- 406 collected during the preceding year.
- The total contributions collected for the * * * Mississippi
- 408 Comprehensive Hurricane and Wind Damage Mitigation Program Trust
- 409 Fund shall not exceed the sum of * * * $\underline{\text{One Million Five Hundred}}$
- 410 Thousand Dollars (\$1,500,000.00) in each fiscal year.
- 411 * * *
- From and after July 1, 2016, no state agency shall charge
- 413 another state agency a fee, assessment, rent or other charge for
- 414 services or resources received by authority of this section.
- 415 **SECTION 7.** Upon the effective date of this act, the State
- 416 Treasurer, in conjunction with the State Fiscal Officer, shall
- 417 transfer the sum of Five Million Dollars (\$5,000,000.00) from the
- 418 Mississippi Surplus Lines Association to the Mississippi
- 419 Comprehensive Hurricane and Wind Damage Mitigation Program Trust
- 420 Fund.
- 421 **SECTION 8.** Section 83-2-3, Mississippi Code of 1972, is
- 422 brought forward as follows:
- 423 83-2-3. (1) Rates shall comply with the following
- 424 standards:
- 425 (a) Rates shall not be excessive, inadequate or

426 unfairly discriminatory.

427	(b) A rate is excessive if it is likely to produce a
428	profit that is unreasonably high for the insurance provided or if
429	the expense provision included therein is unreasonably high in
430	relation to the services rendered.

- 431 (c) A rate is inadequate if it threatens the solvency 432 of the insurance company or tends to create a monopoly.
- 433 (d) Unfair discrimination exists if, after allowing for
 434 practical limitations, price differentials fail to reflect
 435 equitably the differences in expected losses and expenses. A rate
 436 is not unfairly discriminatory because different premiums result
 437 for policyholders with like loss exposures with different
 438 expenses, or like expenses but different loss exposures, so long
 439 as the rate reflects the differences with reasonable accuracy.
- 440 (2) In determining whether rates comply with the standards 441 set forth in subsection (1), the following criteria shall apply:
 - (a) Due consideration shall be given to past and prospective loss and expense experience within and outside this state; to catastrophe hazards; to any residual market loss redistributions and other similar obligations; to a reasonable provision for profit and contingencies; to trends within and outside this state; to loadings for leveling premium rates over a reasonable period of time or for dividends or savings to be allowed or returned by insurers to their policyholders, members or subscribers; and to all other relevant factors, including the judgment of the filer.

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452	(b) Risks may be classified in any reasonable way for
453	the establishment of rates except that no risks may be grouped by
454	classifications based, in whole or in part, on race, color, creed
455	or national origin of the risk. Rates may be modified for
456	individual risks in accordance with rating plans or schedules
457	which provide for recognition of probable variations in hazards,
458	expenses or both.

- 459 (c) The systems of expense provisions included in rates
 460 for use by an insurer or group of insurers may differ from those
 461 of other insurers or group of insurers to reflect the operating
 462 methods of such insurer or group with respect to any kind of
 463 insurance, or with respect to any subdivision or combination
 464 thereof.
- (d) Any homeowners' insurance policy filed with the

 Commissioner of Insurance that offers a percentage deductible for

 the peril of windstorm from a named storm shall offer a buy-back

 provision for that deductible which is actuarially sound; however,

 the Commissioner of Insurance may grant a waiver from the

 mandatory buy-back provision in accordance with the following

 procedure and criteria:
- 472 (i) An insurance company shall make a formal
 473 filing requesting a waiver from the buy-back provision requirement
 474 with the Commissioner of Insurance.
- 475 (ii) An insurance company shall submit written
 476 proof in its formal filing as to why it is in the best interest of

477 Mississippi policyholders to receive a waiver from the buy-back 478 provision requirement and shall provide any supporting 479 documentation requested by the commissioner deemed appropriate to

480 make his decision.

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- (iii) All expenses incurred by the Commissioner of
 Insurance or his designee in determining the validity of the
 waiver request shall be borne by the petitioning insurer. Such
 expenses may include, but not be limited to, the cost of reviewing
 the filing by actuaries, and if the commissioner deems a public
 hearing appropriate, the cost of a facility, the cost of publicity
 and the cost of a court reporter for the hearing.
 - (e) The commissioner shall establish by regulation uniform policy language regarding the applicability of hurricane deductibles and the form of notice to be provided to an insured under a homeowner's insurance policy by an insurer utilizing a hurricane deductible program or programs. The term "hurricane," for the purpose of a hurricane deductible program, means a storm system that has been declared to be a hurricane by the National Hurricane Center of the National Weather Service. The duration of the hurricane includes the time period, in Mississippi:
- 497 (i) Beginning at the time a hurricane watch or
 498 hurricane warning is issued for any part of Mississippi by the
 499 National Hurricane Center of the National Weather Service;
- 500 (ii) Continuing for the time period during which 501 the hurricane conditions exist anywhere in Mississippi; and

502	(iii) Ending twenty-four (24) hours following the
503	termination of the last hurricane watch or hurricane warning
504	issued for any part of Mississippi by the National Hurricane
505	Center of the National Weather Service.
506	(3) To ensure the most appropriate use of state resources

- with respect to the engagement of actuarial services for the review of rate filings under this chapter, the commissioner may adopt rules and regulations to establish the criteria and procedures for determining when a rate filing should be submitted to an actuary for review.
- 512 **SECTION 9.** This act shall take effect and be in force from 513 and after July 1, 2024.