By: Representative Osborne

To: Workforce Development; Business and Commerce

HOUSE BILL NO. 16

- AN ACT TO CREATE THE "FAIR MINIMUM WAGE ACT"; TO ESTABLISH
 THE STATE MINIMUM WAGE AT \$15.00 PER HOUR; TO BRING FORWARD
 SECTIONS 7-7-204, 17-1-51, 23-15-239, 25-3-40, 37-7-307, 57-34-5,
 85-3-4, 97-3-54.4 AND 99-19-20, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, FOR
- 4 85-3-4, 97-3-54.4 AND 99-19-20, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, FOR 5 PURPOSES OF POSSIBLE AMENDMENT; AND FOR RELATED PURPOSES.
- 6 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MISSISSIPPI:
- 7 **SECTION 1.** This act shall be known and may be cited as the
- 8 "Fair Minimum Wage Act."
- 9 **SECTION 2.** (1) The Legislature finds that:
- 10 (a) The current minimum wage is insufficient to keep
- 11 families out of poverty.
- 12 (b) Due to inflation and federal inaction, the value of
- 13 the federal minimum wage has plummeted.
- 14 (c) State services are strained by families of
- 15 minimum-wage workers who qualify for public programs like Medicaid
- 16 and other benefits.
- 17 (2) This law is enacted to increase the wages of low-income
- 18 workers, promote the economic strength of the state and take
- 19 pressure off state social service programs.

- SECTION 3. (1) No employer shall pay less than the state
- 21 minimum wage designated in this section to each employee in every
- 22 occupation.
- 23 (2) Except as otherwise provided in this section, the
- 24 minimum wage for employees shall be Fifteen Dollars (\$15.00) per
- 25 hour.
- 26 (3) On September 30, 2024, and on September 30 of each year
- 27 thereafter, the Mississippi Department of Employment Security
- 28 shall calculate an adjusted minimum wage rate in direct proportion
- 29 to an increase or decrease in the United States Department of
- 30 Labor's Consumer Price Index for Urban Wage Earners and Clerical
- 31 Workers (CPI-W), or a successor index, for the prior period of
- 32 July 1 to June 30. That adjusted minimum wage shall take effect
- 33 on the following January 1.
- 34 (4) Employers, including employers regulated under the
- 35 federal Fair Labor Standards Act, may not include any amount
- 36 received by employees as commissions or tips in determining the
- 37 amount of the minimum wage required to be paid.
- 38 **SECTION 4.** Section 7-7-204, Mississippi Code of 1972, is
- 39 brought forward as follows:
- 7-7-204. (1) Within the limits of the funds available to
- 41 the Office of the State Auditor for such purpose, the State
- 42 Auditor may grant a paid internship to students pursuing junior or
- 43 senior undergraduate-level year coursework toward a bachelor's
- 44 degree in accounting or graduate-level coursework toward a

45	master's	dearee	in	accounting	. Those	applicants	deemed	qualified

- 46 shall receive funds that may be used to pay for tuition, books and
- 47 related fees to pursue their degree. It is the intent of the
- 48 Legislature that the paid internship program (hereinafter referred
- 49 to as the program) shall be used as an incentive for accounting
- 50 students to develop job-related skills and to encourage accounting
- 51 careers at the Office of the State Auditor.
- 52 (2) In order to be eligible for the program, an applicant
- 53 must:
- 54 (a) Attend any college or school approved and
- 55 designated by the Office of the State Auditor.
- 56 (b) Satisfy the following conditions:
- 57 (i) Undergraduate stipulations: Applicants must
- 58 have successfully obtained a minimum of fifty-eight (58) semester
- 59 hours toward a bachelor of science degree in accounting from a
- 60 Mississippi institution of higher learning.
- Applicants must have achieved a minimum grade point average
- 62 (GPA) on the previously obtained semester hours toward a bachelor
- of science degree in accounting of 3.0 on a 4.0 scale.
- If accepted into the program, participants shall maintain a
- 65 minimum cumulative GPA of 3.0 on a 4.0 scale in all coursework
- 66 counted toward a bachelor of science degree in accounting.
- 67 (ii) Graduate stipulations: Applicants must have
- 68 met the regular admission standards and have been accepted into

- 69 the master of science accounting program at a Mississippi
- 70 institution of higher learning.
- 71 If accepted into the program, participants shall maintain a
- 72 minimum cumulative GPA of 3.0 on a 4.0 scale in all coursework
- 73 counted toward a master of science degree in accounting.
- 74 (c) All program participants will be required to work a
- 75 total of three hundred thirty-six (336) hours each summer at the
- 76 Office of the State Auditor in Jackson, Mississippi.
- 77 (d) Agree to work as an auditor at the Office of the
- 78 State Auditor upon graduation for a period of time equivalent to
- 79 the period of time for which the applicant receives compensation,
- 80 calculated to the nearest whole month, but in no event less than
- 81 two (2) years.
- 82 (3) (a) Before being placed into the program, each
- 83 applicant shall enter into a contract with the Office of the State
- 84 Auditor, which shall be deemed a contract with the State of
- 85 Mississippi, agreeing to the terms and conditions upon which the
- 86 internship shall be granted to him. The contract shall include
- 87 such terms and provisions necessary to carry out the full purpose
- 88 and intent of this section. The form of such contract shall be
- 89 prepared and approved by the Attorney General of this state, and
- 90 shall be signed by the State Auditor of the Office of the State
- 91 Auditor and the participant.
- 92 (b) Upon entry into the program, participants will
- 93 become employees of the Office of the State Auditor during their

- 94 time in the program and shall be eligible for benefits such as
- 95 medical insurance paid by the agency for the participant; however,
- 96 in accordance with Section 25-11-105II(b), those participants
- 97 shall not become members of the Public Employees' Retirement
- 98 System while participating in the program. Participants shall not
- 99 accrue personal or major medical leave while they are in the
- 100 program.
- 101 (c) The Office of the State Auditor shall have the
- 102 authority to cancel any contract made between it and any program
- 103 participant upon such cause being deemed sufficient by the State
- 104 Auditor.
- 105 (d) The Office of the State Auditor is vested with full
- 106 and complete authority and power to sue in its own name any
- 107 participant for any damages due the state on any such uncompleted
- 108 contract, which suit shall be filed and handled by the Attorney
- 109 General of the state. The Office of the State Auditor may
- 110 contract with a collection agency or banking institution, subject
- 111 to approval by the Attorney General, for collection of any damages
- 112 due the state from any participant. The State of Mississippi, the
- 113 Office of the State Auditor and its employees are immune from any
- 114 suit brought in law or equity for actions taken by the collection
- 115 agency or banking institution incidental to or arising from their
- 116 performance under the contract. The Office of the State Auditor,
- 117 collection agency and banking institution may negotiate for the
- 118 payment of a sum that is less than full payment in order to

- satisfy any damages the participant owes the state, subject to approval by the director of the sponsoring facility within the Office of the State Auditor.
- 122 (4)Any recipient who is accepted into the program by 123 the Mississippi Office of the State Auditor and who fails to 124 complete undergraduate- or graduate-level coursework toward a degree in accounting, or withdraws from school at any time before 125 126 completing his or her education, shall be liable to repay the 127 Office of the State Auditor for all monies received during the 128 time the recipient was in the program, at the rate of pay received 129 by the employee while in the program, including benefits paid by 130 the agency for the participant, and monies received for tuition, 131 books and related fees used to pursue their degree with interest 132 accruing at ten percent (10%) per annum from the date the 133 recipient failed or withdrew from school. The recipient also will 134 not be liable for repayment for any money earned during the 135 required summer hours. This money shall be considered earned by 136 the recipient at the federal minimum wage rate.
- 137 (b) All paid internship compensation received by the
 138 recipient while in school shall be considered earned conditioned
 139 upon the fulfillment of the terms and obligations of the paid
 140 internship contract and this section. However, no recipient of
 141 the paid internship shall accrue personal or major medical leave
 142 while the recipient is pursuing junior or senior
 143 undergraduate-level year coursework toward a bachelor's degree in

- 144 accounting or graduate-level coursework toward a master's degree
- 145 in accounting. The recipient shall not be liable for liquidated
- 146 damages.
- 147 (c) If the recipient does not work as an auditor at the
- 148 Office of the State Auditor for the period required under
- 149 subsection (2)(d) of this section, the recipient shall be liable
- 150 for repayment on demand of the remaining portion of the
- 151 compensation that the recipient was paid while in the program
- 152 which has not been unconditionally earned, with interest accruing
- 153 at ten percent (10%) per annum from the recipient's date of
- 154 graduation or the date that the recipient last worked at the
- 155 Office of the State Auditor, whichever is the later date. In
- 156 addition, there shall be included in any contract for paid student
- 157 internship a provision for liquidated damages equal to Five
- 158 Thousand Dollars (\$5,000.00) which may be reduced on a pro rata
- 159 basis for each year served under such contract.
- 160 **SECTION 5.** Section 17-1-51, Mississippi Code of 1972, is
- 161 brought forward as follows:
- 162 17-1-51. (1) No county, board of supervisors of a county,
- 163 municipality or governing authority of a municipality is
- 164 authorized to establish a mandatory, minimum living wage rate,
- 165 minimum number of vacation or sick days, whether paid or unpaid,
- 166 that would regulate how a private employer pays its employees.
- 167 Each county, board of supervisors of a county, municipality or
- 168 governing authority of a municipality shall be prohibited from

- establishing a mandatory, minimum living wage rate, minimum number
 of vacation or sick days, whether paid or unpaid, that would
 regulate how a private employer pays its employees.
- 172 The Legislature finds that the prohibitions of (2) 173 subsection (1) of this section are necessary to ensure an economic 174 climate conducive to new business development and job growth in the State of Mississippi. We believe that inconsistent 175 176 application of wage and benefit laws from city to city or county 177 to county must be avoided. While not suggesting a state minimum 178 wage or minimum benefit package, any debate and subsequent action 179 on these matters should be assigned to the Mississippi Legislature 180 as provided in Section 25-3-40, and not local counties or 181 municipalities.
- 182 The Legislature further finds that wages and employee 183 benefits comprise the most significant expense of operating a 184 business. It also recognizes that neither potential employees or 185 business patrons are likely to restrict themselves to employment 186 opportunities or goods and services in any particular county or 187 municipality. Consequently, local variations in legally required 188 minimum wage rates or mandatory minimum number of vacation or sick 189 leave days would threaten many businesses with a loss of employees 190 to local governments which require a higher minimum wage rate and many other businesses with the loss of patrons to areas which 191 192 allow for a lower wage rate and more or less vacation or sick days. The net effect of this situation would be detrimental to 193

- the business environment of the state and to the citizens,

 businesses and governments of the local jurisdictions as well as

 the local labor markets.
- 197 The Legislature concludes from these findings that, in 198 order for a business to remain competitive and yet attract and 199 retain the highest possible caliber of employees, and thereby 200 remain sound, an enterprise must work in a uniform environment 201 with respect to minimum wage rates, and mandatory minimum number 202 of vacation or sick leave days. The net impact of local 203 variations in mandated wages and mandatory minimum number of 204 vacation or sick leave days would be economically unstable and 205 create a decline and decrease in the standard of living for the citizens of the state. Consequently, decisions regarding minimum 206 207 wage, living wage and other employee benefit policies must be made by the state as provided in Section 25-3-40, so that consistency 208 209 in the wage market is preserved.
- 210 **SECTION 6.** Section 23-15-239, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 211 brought forward as follows:
- 212 23-15-239. (1) The executive committee of each county, in 213 the case of a primary election, or the election commissioners of 214 each county, in the case of all other elections, in conjunction 215 with the circuit clerk, shall, in the years in which counties conduct an election, sponsor and conduct, not less than five (5) 216 217 days before each election, not less than four (4) hours and not more than eight (8) hours of poll manager training to instruct 218

219 poll managers as to their duties in the proper administration of 220 the election and the operation of the polling place. Any poll 221 manager who completes the online training course provided by the 222 Secretary of State shall only be required to complete two (2) 223 hours of in-person poll manager training. No poll manager shall 224 serve in any election unless he or she has received these 225 instructions once during the twelve (12) months immediately 226 preceding the date upon which the election is held; however, 227 nothing in this section shall prevent the appointment of an 228 alternate poll manager to fill a vacancy in case of an emergency. 229 The county executive committee or the election commissioners, as 230 appropriate, shall train a sufficient number of alternates to 231 serve in the event a poll manager is unable to serve for any 232 reason. 233

(2) (a) If it is eligible under Section 23-15-266, the county executive committee may enter into a written agreement with the circuit clerk or the county election commission authorizing the circuit clerk or the county election commission to perform any of the duties required of the county executive committee pursuant to this section. Any agreement entered into pursuant to this subsection shall be signed by the chair of the county executive committee and the circuit clerk or the chair of the county election commission, as appropriate. The county executive committee shall notify the state executive committee and the Secretary of State of the existence of the agreement.

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244	(b) If it is eligible under Section 23-15-266, the
245	municipal executive committee may enter into a written agreement
246	with the municipal clerk or the municipal election commission
247	authorizing the municipal clerk or the municipal election
248	commission to perform any of the duties required of the municipal
249	executive committee pursuant to this section. Any agreement
250	entered into pursuant to this subsection shall be signed by the
251	chair of the municipal executive committee and the municipal clerk
252	or the chair of the municipal election commission, as appropriate.
253	The municipal executive committee shall notify the state executive
254	committee and the Secretary of State of the existence of the
255	agreement.

- (3) The board of supervisors and the municipal governing authority, in their discretion, may compensate poll managers who attend these training sessions. The compensation shall be at a rate of not less than the federal hourly minimum wage and not more than Twenty Dollars (\$20.00) per hour. Poll managers shall not be compensated for more than sixteen (16) hours of attendance at the training sessions regardless of the actual amount of time that they attended the training sessions.
- (4) The time and location of the training sessions required pursuant to this section shall be announced to the general public by posting a notice thereof at the courthouse and by delivering a copy of the notice to the office of a newspaper having general circulation in the county five (5) days before the date upon which

269 the training session is to be conducted. Persons who will serve

270 as poll watchers for candidates and political parties, as well as

271 members of the general public, shall be allowed to attend the

272 sessions.

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273 (5) Subject to the following annual limitations, the

274 election commissioners shall be entitled to receive a per diem in

the amount of One Hundred Ten Dollars (\$110.00), to be paid from

276 the county general fund, for every day or period of no less than

277 five (5) hours accumulated over two (2) or more days actually

278 employed in the performance of their duties for the necessary time

279 spent in conducting training sessions as required by this section:

280 (a) In counties having less than fifteen thousand

(15,000) residents according to the latest federal decennial

282 census, not more than five (5) days per year;

283 (b) In counties having fifteen thousand (15,000)

284 residents according to the latest federal decennial census but

285 less than thirty thousand (30,000) residents according to the

286 latest federal decennial census, not more than eight (8) days per

287 year;

288 (c) In counties having thirty thousand (30,000)

289 residents according to the latest federal decennial census but

less than seventy thousand (70,000) residents according to the

291 latest federal decennial census, not more than ten (10) days per

292 year;

293	(d) In counties having seventy thousand (70,000)
294	residents according to the latest federal decennial census but
295	less than ninety thousand (90,000) residents according to the
296	latest federal decennial census, not more than twelve (12) days
297	per year;

residents according to the latest federal decennial census but
less than one hundred seventy thousand (170,000) residents
according to the latest federal decennial census, not more than
fifteen (15) days per year;

In counties having ninety thousand (90,000)

- (f) In counties having one hundred seventy thousand (170,000) residents according to the latest federal decennial census but less than two hundred thousand (200,000) residents according to the latest federal decennial census, not more than eighteen (18) days per year;
- 308 (g) In counties having two hundred thousand (200,000)
 309 residents according to the latest federal decennial census but
 310 less than two hundred twenty-five thousand (225,000) residents
 311 according to the latest federal decennial census, not more than
 312 nineteen (19) days per year;
- (h) In counties having two hundred twenty-five thousand (225,000) residents or more according to the latest federal decennial census, not more than twenty-two (22) days per year.

316	(6) Election commissioners shall claim the per diem
317	authorized in subsection (5) of this section in the manner
318	provided for in Section 23-15-153(6)

- 319 (7) (a) To provide poll manager training, the Secretary of 320 State has developed a single, comprehensive poll manager training 321 program to ensure uniform, secure elections throughout the state. 322 The program includes online training on all state and federal 323 election laws and procedures and voting machine opening and 324 closing procedures.
- 325 (b) County poll managers who individually access and
 326 complete the online training program, including all skills
 327 assessments, at least five (5) days before an election shall be
 328 defined as "certified poll managers," and entitled to a
 329 "Certificate of Completion."
- 330 (c) At least one (1) certified poll manager shall be 331 appointed by the county election officials to work in each polling 332 place in the county during each general election.
- 333 **SECTION 7.** Section 25-3-40, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 334 brought forward as follows:
- 25-3-40. On July 1, 1978, and each year thereafter, the
 Mississippi Compensation Plan shall be amended to provide salary
 increases in such amounts and percentages as might be recommended
 by the Legislative Budget Office and as may be authorized by funds
 appropriated by the Legislature for the purpose of granting

340	incentive	salary	increase	es as	deemed	possible	dependent	upon	the
341	availabili	ity of c	general a	and s	pecial :	funds.			

- 342 It is hereby declared to be the intent of the Mississippi Legislature to implement the minimum wage as enacted by statutory 343 344 law of the United States Congress subject to funds being available 345 for that purpose. It is the intent and purpose of this section to 346 maximize annual salary increases consistent with the availability 347 of funds as might be determined by the Mississippi Legislature at 348 its regular annual session and that all salary increases hereafter 349 be made consistent with the provisions of this section.
- 350 **SECTION 8.** Section 37-7-307, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 351 brought forward as follows:
- 352 37-7-307. (1) For purposes of this section, the term
 353 "licensed employee" means any employee of a public school district
 354 required to hold a valid license by the Commission on Teacher and
 355 Administrator Education, Certification and Licensure and
 356 Development.
- 357 (2) The school board of a school district shall establish by
 358 rules and regulations a policy of sick leave with pay for licensed
 359 employees and teacher assistants employed in the school district,
 360 and such policy shall include the following minimum provisions for
 361 sick and emergency leave with pay:
- 362 (a) Each licensed employee and teacher assistant, at
 363 the beginning of each school year, shall be credited with a
 364 minimum sick leave allowance, with pay, of seven (7) days for

absences caused by illness or physical disability of the employee during that school year.

- 367 Any unused portion of the total sick leave 368 allowance shall be carried over to the next school year and 369 credited to such licensed employee and teacher assistant if the 370 licensed employee or teacher assistant remains employed in the 371 same school district. In the event any public school licensed 372 employee or teacher assistant transfers from one public school 373 district in Mississippi to another, any unused portion of the 374 total sick leave allowance credited to such licensed employee or 375 teacher assistant shall be credited to such licensed employee or 376 teacher assistant in the computation of unused leave for retirement purposes under Section 25-11-109. Accumulation of sick 377 378 leave allowed under this section shall be unlimited.
 - (c) No deduction from the pay of such licensed employee or teacher assistant may be made because of absence of such licensed employee or teacher assistant caused by illness or physical disability of the licensed employee or teacher assistant until after all sick leave allowance credited to such licensed employee or teacher assistant has been used.
- 385 (d) For the first ten (10) days of absence of a
 386 licensed employee because of illness or physical disability, in
 387 any school year, in excess of the sick leave allowance credited to
 388 such licensed employee, there shall be deducted from the pay of
 389 such licensed employee the established substitute amount of

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necessitated because of the absence of the licensed employee as a 391 392 result of illness or physical disability. In lieu of deducting 393 the established substitute amount from the pay of such licensed 394 employee, the policy may allow the licensed employee to receive 395 full pay for the first ten (10) days of absence because of illness 396 or physical disability, in any school year, in excess of the sick 397 leave allowance credited to such licensed employee. Thereafter, 398 the regular pay of such absent licensed employee shall be 399 suspended and withheld in its entirety for any period of absence 400 because of illness or physical disability during that school year. 401 Beginning with the school year 1983-1984, each (3) (a) 402 licensed employee at the beginning of each school year shall be 403 credited with a minimum personal leave allowance, with pay, of two 404 (2) days for absences caused by personal reasons during that 405 school year. Effective for the 2010-2011 and 2011-2012 school 406 years, licensed employees shall be credited with an additional 407 one-half (1/2) day of personal leave for every day the licensed 408 employee is furloughed without pay as provided in Section 409 37-7-308. Except as otherwise provided in paragraph (b) of this 410 subsection, such personal leave shall not be taken on the first 411 day of the school term, the last day of the school term, on a day previous to a holiday or a day after a holiday. Personal leave 412 413 may be used for professional purposes, including absences caused by attendance of such licensed employee at a seminar, class, 414

licensed employee compensation paid in that local school district,

415	training program, professional association or other functions
416	designed for educators. No deduction from the pay of such
417	licensed employee may be made because of absence of such licensed
418	employee caused by personal reasons until after all personal leave
419	allowance credited to such licensed employee has been used.
420	However, the superintendent of a school district, in his
421	discretion, may allow a licensed employee personal leave in
422	addition to any minimum personal leave allowance, under the
423	condition that there shall be deducted from the salary of such
424	licensed employee the actual amount of any compensation paid to
425	any person as a substitute, necessitated because of the absence of
426	the licensed employee. Any unused portion of the total personal
427	leave allowance up to five (5) days shall be carried over to the
428	next school year and credited to such licensed employee if the

432 Notwithstanding the restrictions on the use of 433 personal leave prescribed under paragraph (a) of this subsection, 434 a licensed employee may use personal leave as follows:

licensed employee remains employed in the same school district.

Any personal leave allowed for a furlough day shall not be carried

435 (i) Personal leave may be taken on the first day 436 of the school term, the last day of the school term, on a day 437 previous to a holiday or a day after a holiday if, on the 438 applicable day, an immediate family member of the employee is being deployed for military service. 439

over to the next school year.

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440	(ii) Personal leave may be taken on a day previous
441	to a holiday or a day after a holiday if an employee of a school
442	district has either a minimum of ten (10) years' experience as an
443	employee of that school district or a minimum of thirty (30) days
444	of unused accumulated leave that has been earned while employed in
445	that school district.

- (iii) Personal leave may be taken on the first day

 of the school term, the last day of the school term, on a day

 previous to a holiday or a day after a holiday if, on the

 applicable day, the employee has been summoned to appear for jury

 duty or as a witness in court.
- of the school term, the last day of the school term, on a day
 previous to a holiday or a day after a holiday if, on the
 applicable day, an immediate family member of the employee dies or
 funeral services are held. Any day of the three (3) bereavement
 days may be used at the discretion of the teacher, and are not
 required to be taken in consecutive succession.
- 458 For the purpose of this subsection (3), the term "immediate 459 family member" means spouse, parent, stepparent, child or 460 stepchild, grandparent or sibling, including a stepbrother or 461 stepsister.
- 462 (4) Beginning with the school year 1992-1993, each licensed 463 employee shall be credited with a professional leave allowance, 464 with pay, for each day of absence caused by reason of such

465	employee's statutorily required membership and attendance at a
466	regular or special meeting held within the State of Mississippi of
467	the State Board of Education, the Commission on Teacher and
468	Administrator Education, Certification and Licensure and
469	Development, the Commission on School Accreditation, the
470	Mississippi Authority for Educational Television, the meetings of
471	the state textbook rating committees or other meetings authorized
472	by local school board policy.

473 Upon retirement from employment, each licensed and nonlicensed employee shall be paid for not more than thirty (30) 474 475 days of unused accumulated leave earned while employed by the 476 school district in which the employee is last employed. Such 477 payment for licensed employees shall be made by the school 478 district at a rate equal to the amount paid to substitute teachers 479 and for nonlicensed employees, the payment shall be made by the 480 school district at a rate equal to the federal minimum wage. 481 payment shall be treated in the same manner for retirement 482 purposes as a lump-sum payment for personal leave as provided in 483 Section 25-11-103(f). Any remaining lawfully credited unused 484 leave, for which payment has not been made, shall be certified to 485 the Public Employees' Retirement System in the same manner and 486 subject to the same limitations as otherwise provided by law for 487 unused leave. No payment for unused accumulated leave may be made 488 to either a licensed or nonlicensed employee at termination or

489	separation	from	service	for	any	purpose	other	than	for	the	purpose
490	of retireme	ent.									

- 491 The school board may adopt rules and regulations which (6) will reasonably aid to implement the policy of sick and personal 492 493 leave, including, but not limited to, rules and regulations having 494 the following general effect:
- 495 Requiring the absent employee to furnish the 496 certificate of a physician or dentist or other medical 497 practitioner as to the illness of the absent licensed employee, where the absence is for four (4) or more consecutive school days, 498 499 or for two (2) consecutive school days immediately preceding or 500 following a nonschool day;
- Providing penalties, by way of full deduction from 501 502 salary, or entry on the work record of the employee, or other 503 appropriate penalties, for any materially false statement by the 504 employee as to the cause of absence;
- 505 Forfeiture of accumulated or future sick leave, if the absence of the employee is caused by optional dental or 506 507 medical treatment or surgery which could, without medical risk, 508 have been provided, furnished or performed at a time when school 509 was not in session;
- 510 Enlarging, increasing or providing greater sick or (d) personal leave allowances than the minimum standards established 511 512 by this section in the discretion of the school board of each school district. 513

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514	(7) School boards may include in their budgets provisions
515	for the payment of substitute employees, necessitated because of
516	the absence of regular licensed employees. All such substitute
517	employees shall be paid wholly from district funds, except as
518	otherwise provided for long-term substitute teachers in Section
519	37-19-20. Such school boards, in their discretion, also may pay,
520	from district funds other than adequate education program funds,
521	the whole or any part of the salaries of all employees granted
522	leaves for the purpose of special studies or training.

- (8) The school board may further adopt rules and regulations which will reasonably implement such leave policies for all other nonlicensed and hourly paid school employees as the board deems appropriate. Effective for the 2010-2011 and 2011-2012 school years, nonlicensed employees shall be credited with an additional one-half (1/2) day of personal leave for every day the nonlicensed employee is furloughed without pay as provided in Section 37-7-308.
- 531 Vacation leave granted to either licensed or nonlicensed 532 employees shall be synonymous with personal leave. Unused 533 vacation or personal leave accumulated by licensed employees in 534 excess of the maximum five (5) days which may be carried over from 535 one year to the next may be converted to sick leave. The annual 536 conversion of unused vacation or personal leave to sick days for 537 licensed or unlicensed employees shall not exceed the allowable number of personal leave days as provided in Section 25-3-93. 538

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540 days added to the annual unused sick days for any employee shall not exceed the combined allowable number of days per year provided 541 in Sections 25-3-93 and 25-3-95. Local school board policies that 542 543 provide for vacation, personal and sick leave for employees shall 544 not exceed the provisions for leave as provided in Sections 545 25-3-93 and 25-3-95. Any personal or vacation leave previously 546 converted to sick leave under a lawfully adopted policy before May 547 1, 2004, or such personal or vacation leave accumulated and available for use prior to May 1, 2004, under a lawfully adopted 548 549 policy but converted to sick leave after May 1, 2004, shall be 550 recognized as accrued leave by the local school district and 551 available for use by the employee. The leave converted under a 552 lawfully adopted policy prior to May 1, 2004, or such personal and 553 vacation leave accumulated and available for use as of May 1, 554 2004, which was subsequently converted to sick leave may be 555 certified to the Public Employees' Retirement System upon 556 termination of employment and any such leave previously converted 557 and certified to the Public Employees' Retirement System shall be 558 recognized.

annual total number of converted unused vacation and/or personal

- (10) (a) For the purposes of this subsection, the following words and phrases shall have the meaning ascribed in this paragraph unless the context requires otherwise:
- 562 (i) "Catastrophic injury or illness" means a
 563 life-threatening injury or illness of an employee or a member of

564 an employee's immediate family that totally incapacitates the 565 employee from work, as verified by a licensed physician, and 566 forces the employee to exhaust all leave time earned by that 567 employee, resulting in the loss of compensation from the local 568 school district for the employee. Conditions that are short-term 569 in nature, including, but not limited to, common illnesses such as 570 influenza and the measles, and common injuries, are not 571 catastrophic. Chronic illnesses or injuries, such as cancer or 572 major surgery, that result in intermittent absences from work and 573 that are long-term in nature and require long recuperation periods may be considered catastrophic. 574

- 575 (ii) "Immediate family" means spouse, parent,
 576 stepparent, sibling, child or stepchild, grandparent, stepbrother
 577 or stepsister.
- 578 (b) Any school district employee may donate a portion 579 of his or her unused accumulated personal leave or sick leave to 580 another employee of the same school district who is suffering from 581 a catastrophic injury or illness or who has a member of his or her 582 immediate family suffering from a catastrophic injury or illness, 583 in accordance with the following:
- (i) The employee donating the leave (the "donor employee") shall designate the employee who is to receive the leave (the "recipient employee") and the amount of unused accumulated personal leave and sick leave that is to be donated,

588	and shall	notify	the s	school	district	superintendent	or	his
589	designee	of his	or her	desid	gnation.			

- 590 The maximum amount of unused accumulated personal leave that an employee may donate to any other employee 591 592 may not exceed a number of days that would leave the donor 593 employee with fewer than seven (7) days of personal leave 594 remaining, and the maximum amount of unused accumulated sick leave 595 that an employee may donate to any other employee may not exceed 596 fifty percent (50%) of the unused accumulated sick leave of the 597 donor employee.
- (iii) An employee must have exhausted all of his
 or her available leave before he or she will be eligible to
 receive any leave donated by another employee. Eligibility for
 donated leave shall be based upon review and approval by the donor
 employee's supervisor.
- 603 (iv) Before an employee may receive donated leave, 604 he or she must provide the school district superintendent or his 605 designee with a physician's statement that states that the illness 606 meets the catastrophic criteria established under this section, 607 the beginning date of the catastrophic injury or illness, a 608 description of the injury or illness, and a prognosis for recovery 609 and the anticipated date that the recipient employee will be able 610 to return to work.
- (v) Before an employee may receive donated leave, 612 the superintendent of education of the school district shall

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- donations of leave, including the determination that the illness
- 615 is catastrophic within the meaning of this section.
- (vi) If the total amount of leave that is donated
- 617 to any employee is not used by the recipient employee, the whole
- 618 days of donated leave shall be returned to the donor employees on
- 619 a pro rata basis, based on the ratio of the number of days of
- 620 leave donated by each donor employee to the total number of days
- 621 of leave donated by all donor employees.
- 622 (vii) Donated leave shall not be used in lieu of
- 623 disability retirement.
- 624 (11) Effective January 1, 2020, the provisions of this
- 625 section shall be fully applicable to any licensed employee of the
- 626 Mississippi School of the Arts (MSA).
- 627 **SECTION 9.** Section 57-34-5, Mississippi Code of 1972, is
- 628 brought forward as follows:
- 57-34-5. **Definitions**. As used in this chapter, the
- 630 following words and phrases shall have the meanings ascribed to
- 631 them in this section, unless the context clearly indicates a
- 632 different meaning:
- (a) "Act" means the provisions of this chapter.

- (b) "Authority" means the Alabama-Mississippi Joint
- 635 Economic Development Authority created pursuant to this chapter.
- 636 (c) "Board of directors" means the board of directors
- 637 of the authority.

638	(d) "Designated geographic area" means:
639	(i) Those counties in the State of Alabama that
640	share a common border with any county in the State of Mississippi;
641	and
642	(ii) Those counties in the State of Mississippi
643	that share a common border with any county in the State of
644	Alabama.
645	(e) "Herein," "hereby," "hereunder," "hereof" and other
646	equivalent words refer to this chapter as an entirety and not
647	solely to the particular section or portion thereof in which any
648	such word is used.
649	(f) "Project" means:
650	(i) Any industrial, commercial, research and
651	development, warehousing, distribution, transportation,
652	processing, mining, United States government or tourism enterprise
653	together with all real property required for construction,
654	maintenance and operation of the enterprise:
655	1. With an initial capital investment of not
656	less than Three Hundred Million Dollars (\$300,000,000.00) from
657	private or United States government sources together with all
658	buildings, and other supporting land and facilities, structures or
659	improvements of whatever kind required or useful for construction,
660	maintenance and operation of the enterprise; or
661	2. With an initial capital investment of not
662	less than One Hundred Fifty Million Dollars (\$150,000,000.00) from

663	private or United States government sources together with all
664	buildings and other supporting land and facilities, structures or
665	improvements of whatever kind required or useful for construction,
666	maintenance and operation of the enterprise and which creates at
667	least one thousand (1,000) net new full-time jobs; or
668	3. Which creates at least one thousand
669	(1,000) net new full-time jobs which provide an average hourly
670	wage of not less than two hundred percent (200%) of the federal
671	minimum wage in effect on the date the project is placed in
672	service.
673	(ii) Any addition to, or expansion of, any
674	existing enterprise as described in this paragraph if the addition
675	or expansion:
676	1. Has an initial capital investment of not
677	less than Three Hundred Million Dollars (\$300,000,000.00) from
678	private or United States government sources;
679	2. Has an initial capital investment of not
680	less than One Hundred Fifty Million Dollars (\$150,000,000.00) from
681	private or United States government sources together with all
682	buildings and other supporting land and facilities, structures or
683	improvements of whatever kind required or useful for construction,
684	maintenance and operation of the enterprise and which creates at
685	least one thousand (1,000) net new full-time jobs; or
686	3. Creates at least one thousand (1,000) net
687	new full-time jobs which provide an average hourly wage of not

688	less	than	two	hundred	percent	(200%)	of	the	federal	minimum	wage
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- 689 in effect on the date the project is placed in service.
- 690 (iii) Any development with an initial capital
- 691 investment from private sources of not less than Seven Hundred
- 692 Fifty Million Dollars (\$750,000,000.00) which will create at least
- 693 three thousand (3,000) net new full-time jobs satisfying criteria
- 694 to be established by the authority.
- In addition to meeting the other requirements of this
- 696 paragraph, in order to fall within the definition of the term
- 697 "project":
- (i) The enterprise or development must be located
- 699 within the designated geographic area; and
- 700 (ii) Each state must provide funds or in-kind
- 701 contributions equal to at least one-third (1/3) of the total costs
- 702 of the project to the states.
- 703 (g) "Project agreement" means an agreement, approved by
- 704 the Legislature of the states, setting forth certain obligations,
- 705 responsibilities, benefits, administrative matters and any other
- 706 matters with respect to a specific project that are not
- 707 inconsistent with the terms of this chapter as the legislatures of
- 708 the states deem appropriate with respect to a specific project.
- 709 (h) "Project tax revenues" means:
- 710 (i) All of the following state and local taxes
- 711 paid directly to a state or a local government by the project:
- 712 income taxes, ad valorem taxes on real and personal property,

- 713 sales and use taxes, franchise taxes, license taxes, excise taxes
- 714 and severance taxes; and
- 715 (ii) All state and local personal income tax and
- 716 occupational tax withholdings from employees of the project
- 717 attributable to employment at the project.
- 718 (i) "States" means the State of Alabama and the State
- 719 of Mississippi collectively.
- 720 **SECTION 10.** Section 85-3-4, Mississippi Code of 1972, is
- 721 brought forward as follows:
- 722 85-3-4. (1) The wages, salaries or other compensation of
- 723 laborers or employees, residents of this state, shall be exempt
- 724 from seizure under attachment, execution or garnishment for a
- 725 period of thirty (30) days from the date of service of any writ of
- 726 attachment, execution or garnishment.
- 727 (2) After the passage of the period of thirty (30) days
- 728 described in subsection (1) of this section, the maximum part of
- 729 the aggregate disposable earnings (as defined by Section 1672(b)
- 730 of Title 15, USCS) of an individual that may be levied by
- 731 attachment, execution or garnishment shall be:

- 732 (a) In the case of earnings for any workweek, the
- 733 lesser amount of either,
- 734 (i) Twenty-five percent (25%) of his disposable
- 735 earnings for that week, or
- 736 (ii) The amount by which his disposable earnings
- 737 for that week exceed thirty (30) times the federal minimum hourly

738	wage	(prescribed	by	Section	206	(a) (1)	of	Title	29,	USCS)	in
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- 739 effect at the time the earnings are payable; or
- 740 (b) In the case of earnings for any period other than a
- 741 week, the amount by which his disposable earnings exceed the
- 742 following "multiple" of the federal minimum hourly wage which is
- 743 equivalent in effect to that set forth in paragraph (a) (ii) of
- 744 this subsection (2): The number of workweeks, or fractions
- 745 thereof multiplied by thirty (30) multiplied by the applicable
- 746 federal minimum wage.
- 747 (3) (a) The restrictions of subsections (1) and (2) of this
- 748 section do not apply in the case of:
- 749 (i) Any order for the support of any person issued
- 750 by a court of competent jurisdiction or in accordance with an
- 751 administrative procedure, which is established by state law, which
- 752 affords substantial due process, and which is subject to judicial
- 753 review.
- 754 (ii) Any debt due for any state or local tax.
- 755 (b) Except as provided in subparagraph (b) (iii) of this
- 756 subsection (3), the maximum part of the aggregate disposable
- 757 earnings of an individual for any workweek which is subject to
- 758 garnishment to enforce any order for the support of any person
- 759 shall not exceed:
- 760 (i) Where such individual is supporting his spouse
- 761 or dependent child (other than a spouse or child with respect to

- 762 whose support such order is used), fifty percent (50%) of such
- 763 individual's disposable earnings for that week; and
- 764 (ii) Where such individual is not supporting such
- 765 a spouse or dependent child described in subparagraph (b) (i) of
- 766 this subsection (3) , sixty percent (60%) of such individual's
- 767 disposable earnings for that week;
- 768 (iii) With respect to the disposable earnings of
- 769 any individual for that workweek, the fifty percent (50%)
- 770 specified in subparagraph (b)(i) of this subsection (3) shall be
- 771 deemed to be fifty-five percent (55%) and the sixty percent (60%)
- 772 specified in subparagraph (b)(ii) of this subsection (3) shall be
- 773 deemed to be sixty-five percent (65%), if and to the extent that
- 774 such earnings are subject to garnishment to enforce a support
- 775 order with respect to a period which is prior to the period of
- 776 twelve (12) weeks which ends with the beginning of such workweek.
- 777 **SECTION 11.** Section 97-3-54.4, Mississippi Code of 1972, is
- 778 brought forward as follows:
- 779 97-3-54.4. For the purposes of the Mississippi Human
- 780 Trafficking Act the following words and phrases shall have the
- 781 meanings ascribed herein unless the context clearly requires
- 782 otherwise:
- 783 (a) "Act" or "this act" means the Mississippi Human
- 784 Trafficking Act.
- 785 (b) "Actor" means a person who violates any of the
- 786 provisions of Sections 97-3-54 through 97-3-54.4.

787	(c) "Blackmail" means obtaining property or things of
788	value of another by threatening to (i) inflict bodily injury on
789	anyone; or (ii) commit any other criminal offense.
790	(d) "Coerce" or "coercion" means:
791	(i) Causing or threatening to cause bodily harm to
792	any person, physically restraining or confining any person, or
793	threatening to physically restrain or confine any person;
794	(ii) Exposing or threatening to expose any fact or
795	information or disseminating or threatening to disseminate any
796	fact or information that would tend to subject a person to
797	criminal or immigration proceedings, hatred, contempt or ridicule;
798	(iii) Destroying, concealing, removing,
799	confiscating or possessing any actual or purported passport or
800	other immigration document, or any other actual or purported
801	government identification document of any person;
802	(iv) Providing a controlled substance to a person
803	for the purpose of compelling the person to engage in labor or
804	sexual servitude against the person's will;
805	(v) Causing or threatening to cause financial harm
806	to any person or using financial control over any person;
807	(vi) Abusing or threatening to abuse a position of
808	power, the law, or legal process;
809	(vii) Using blackmail;
810	(viii) Using an individual's personal services as

payment or satisfaction of a real or purported debt when: 1. the

812 reasonable value of the services is not applied toward the

813 liquidation of the debt; 2. the length of the services is not

814 limited and the nature of the services is not defined; 3. the

815 principal amount of the debt does not reasonably reflect the value

816 of the items or services for which the debt is incurred; or 4. the

817 individual is prevented from acquiring accurate and timely

818 information about the disposition of the debt; or

819 (ix) Using any scheme, plan or pattern of conduct

820 intended to cause any person to believe that, if the person did

821 not perform the labor or services, that the person or another

822 person would suffer serious harm or physical restraint.

823 (e) "Commercial sexual activity" means any sex act on

824 account of which anything of value is given to, promised to, or

825 received by any person.

(f) "Enterprise" means any individual, sole

827 proprietorship, partnership, corporation, union or other legal

828 entity, or any association or group of individuals associated in

829 fact regardless of whether a legal entity has been formed pursuant

to any state, federal or territorial law. It includes illicit as

831 well as licit enterprises and governmental as well as other

832 entities.

830

(g) "Financial harm" includes, but is not limited to,

834 extortion as defined by Section 97-3-82, Mississippi Code of 1972,

835 or violation of the usury law as defined by Title 75, Chapter 17,

836 Mississippi Code of 1972.

837		(h)	"Forced	labor	or s	ervices"	means	labor	or	services
838	that are	perfo	rmed or	provide	ed by	another	person	and	are	obtained
839	or mainta	ained t	through	coercio	on.					

- (i) "Labor" means work of economic or financial value.
- (j) "Maintain" means, in relation to labor or services, to secure continued performance thereof, regardless of any initial agreement on the part of the trafficked person to perform such
- (k) "Minor" means a person under the age of eighteen (18) years.
- 847 (1) "Obtain" means, in relation to labor or services, 848 to secure performance thereof.
- (m) "Pecuniary damages" means any of the following:
- (i) The greater of the gross income or value to
 the defendant of the victim's labor or services, including sexual
 services, not reduced by the expense the defendant incurred as a
 result of maintaining the victim, or the value of the victim's
 labor or services calculated under the minimum wage and overtime
 provisions of the Fair Labor Standards Act, 29 USCS Section 201 et
 seq., whichever is higher;
- (ii) If it is not possible or in the best interest of the victim to compute a value under subparagraph (i) of this paragraph (m), the equivalent of the value of the victim's labor or services if the victim had provided labor or services that were

labor or service.

861	subject to the minimum wage and overtime provisions of the Fair
862	Labor Standards Act, 29 USCS 201 et seq.;
863	(iii) Costs and expenses incurred by the victim as
864	a result of the offense for:
865	1. Medical services;
866	2. Therapy or psychological counseling;
867	3. Temporary housing;
868	4. Transportation;
869	5. Childcare;
870	6. Physical and occupational therapy or
871	rehabilitation;
872	7. Funeral, interment, and burial services;
873	reasonable attorney's fees and other legal costs; and
874	8. Other expenses incurred by the victim.
875	(n) "Serious harm" means harm, whether physical or
876	nonphysical, including psychological, economic or reputational, to
877	an individual that would compel a reasonable person in similar
878	circumstances as the individual to perform or continue to perform
879	labor or services to avoid incurring the harm.
880	(o) "Services" means an ongoing relationship between a
881	person and the actor in which the person performs activities under
882	the supervision of or for the benefit of the actor or a third
883	party and includes, without limitation, commercial sexual
884	activity, sexually explicit performances, or the production of
885	sexually explicit materials.

886	(p)			"Sex	ually	exp	olic	cit p	erf	orm	ance"	means	а	live	or
887	public	act	or	show	inten	ded	to	arou	ise o	or	satis	fy the	se	exual	
888	desires	or	apr	neal t	o the	nrı	ırie	nt i	nte	res	ts of	patro	ns		

- (q) "Trafficked person" means a person subjected to the practices prohibited by this act regardless of whether a perpetrator is identified, apprehended, prosecuted or convicted, and is a term used interchangeably with the terms "victim,"

 "victim of trafficking" and "trafficking victim."
- 894 (r) "Venture" means any group of two (2) or more 895 individuals associated in fact, whether or not a legal entity.
- 896 (s) "Sexually oriented material" shall have the meaning 897 ascribed in Section 97-5-27, Mississippi Code of 1972.
- 898 **SECTION 12.** Section 99-19-20, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 899 brought forward as follows:
- 900 99-19-20. (1) Except as otherwise provided under Section 901 99-19-20.1, when any court sentences a defendant to pay a fine, 902 the court may order (a) that the fine be paid immediately, or (b) 903 that the fine be paid in installments to the clerk of the court or 904 to the judge, if there be no clerk, or (c) that payment of the 905 fine be a condition of probation, or (d) that the defendant be 906 required to work on public property for public benefit under the 907 direction of the sheriff for a specific number of hours, or (e) 908 any combination of the above.
- 909 (2) Except as otherwise provided under Section 99-19-20.1, 910 the defendant may be imprisoned until the fine is paid if the

911 defendant is financially able to pay a fine and the court so

912 finds, subject to the limitations provided under this section.

913 The defendant shall not be imprisoned if the defendant is

914 financially unable to pay a fine and so states to the court in

915 writing, under oath, after sentence is pronounced, and the court

916 so finds, except if the defendant is financially unable to pay a

917 fine and such defendant failed or refused to comply with a prior

918 sentence as specified in subsection (1) of this section, the

919 defendant may be imprisoned.

920 This subsection shall be limited as follows:

921 (a) In no event shall such period of imprisonment

exceed one (1) day for each One Hundred Dollars (\$100.00) of the

923 fine.

922

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929

924 (b) If a sentence of imprisonment, as well as a fine,

925 were imposed, the aggregate of such term for nonpayment of a fine

and the original sentence of imprisonment shall not exceed the

927 maximum authorized term of imprisonment.

928 (c) It shall be in the discretion of the judge to

determine the rate of the credit to be earned for work performed

930 under subsection (1)(d), but the rate shall be no lower than the

931 rate of the highest current federal minimum wage.

932 (3) Periods of confinement imposed for nonpayment of two (2)

933 or more fines shall run consecutively unless specified by the

934 court to run concurrently.

935 **SECTION 13.** This act shall take effect and be in force from 936 and after July 1, 2024.