Adopted COMMITTEE AMENDMENT NO 1 PROPOSED TO

House Bill No. 1029

BY: Committee

Amend by striking all after the enacting clause and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

7 <u>SECTION 1.</u> Wherever the term "Armed Forces" or "Uniformed 8 Services" shall appear in the Mississippi Code of 1972, the term 9 shall be construed to include members of the United States Space 10 Force.

SECTION 2. Section 23-15-673, Mississippi Code of 1972, is amended as follows:

13 23-15-673. (1) For the purposes of this subarticle, the 14 term "absent voter" shall mean and include the following persons 15 if they are absent from their county of residence and are 16 otherwise gualified to vote in Mississippi:

23/SS26/HB1029A.J PAGE 1 17 Any enlisted or commissioned members, male or (a) 18 female, of the United States Army, or any of its respective components or various divisions thereof; any enlisted or 19 20 commissioned members, male or female, of the United States Navy, 21 or any of its respective components or various divisions thereof; 22 any enlisted or commissioned members, male or female, of the 23 United States Air Force, or any of its respective components or 24 various divisions thereof; any enlisted or commissioned members, 25 male or female, of the United States Marines, or any of its respective components or various divisions thereof; or any persons 26 27 in any division of the armed services of the United States; or any 28 persons who are members of the United States Space Force, who are 29 citizens of Mississippi;

30 (b) Any member of the Merchant Marine and the American
31 Red Cross who is a citizen of Mississippi;

32 (c) Any disabled war veteran who is a patient in any
33 hospital and who is a citizen of Mississippi;

34 (d) Any civilian attached to and serving outside of the
35 United States with any branch of the Armed Forces or with the
36 Merchant Marine or American Red Cross, and who is a citizen of
37 Mississippi;

38 (e) Any trained or certified emergency response
39 provider who is deployed during the time period authorized by law
40 for absentee voting, on election day, or during any state of

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41 emergency declared by the President of the United States or any 42 Governor of any state within the United States;

43 (f) Any citizen of Mississippi temporarily residing
44 outside the territorial limits of the United States and the
45 District of Columbia;

46 (g) Any citizen of Mississippi enrolled as a student at
47 the United States Naval Academy, the United States Coast Guard
48 Academy, the United States Merchant Marine Academy, the United
49 States Air Force Academy or the United States Military Academy.

(2) The spouse and dependents of any absent voter as set out in paragraphs (a) through (g) of subsection (1) of this section shall also be included in the meaning of absent voter and may register to vote and vote an absentee ballot as provided in this subarticle if also absent from the county of their residence on the date of the election and otherwise qualified to vote in Mississippi.

57 (3) For the purpose of this subarticle, the term "election"
58 shall mean and include the following sets of elections: special
59 and runoff special elections, preferential and general elections,
60 first and second primary elections or general elections without
61 preferential elections, whichever system is applicable.

62 SECTION 3. Section 33-1-1, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 63 amended as follows:

64 33-1-1. In this chapter, and in Chapters 3, 5, 7, 9 and 1165 of this title, the words:

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(a) Military forces of the state shall mean the
organized militia, the state retired list, the state reserve list,
and the Mississippi State Guard, and all other components of the
militia of the state which may hereafter be organized.

(b) Organized militia shall mean the Mississippi
National Guard, including the Army National Guard and the Air
National Guard, and the Mississippi State Guard when organized,
and shall be deemed to include any unit, component, element,
headquarters, staff or cadre thereof, as well as any member or
members.

(c) Mississippi National Guard shall mean that part of the organized militia of this state which is organized, equipped and federally recognized under the provisions of the laws of the United States and of the State of Mississippi relating to the National Guard.

(d) Army National Guard shall mean the members of
federally recognized units and organizations of the Mississippi
National Guard which are a reserve component of the United States
Army.

(e) Air National Guard shall mean the members of
federally recognized units and organizations of the Mississippi
National Guard which are a reserve component of the United States
Air Force.

89 (f) Military shall include Army, Air and Naval Forces90 and the United States Space Force.

23/SS26/HB1029A.J PAGE 4 91 (g) Military fund shall mean any and all monies 92 appropriated by the Legislature for the support of the militia and 93 such other revenues as may be received or collected by the 94 military department.

95 Federal recognition or federally recognized shall (h) 96 mean acknowledgment by the Secretary of the Air Force or the 97 Secretary of the Army that an individual has been appointed to an 98 authorized grade and position vacancy appropriate to his 99 qualifications in the Air National Guard, or the Army National 100 Guard, and that he meets the prescribed federal requirements for 101 such grade and position; or that the particular unit or 102 organization has been recognized by the Secretary of the Air Force 103 or the Secretary of the Army as a component of the Air National 104 Guard or Army National Guard of the United States.

(i) Unit or organization shall mean a single military
organization having a mission, function, and a structure
prescribed by competent authority.

(j) Active state duty shall mean active military duty in other than a training status in or with a force of the organized militia or with the Adjutant General's Department, upon the orders of the Governor.

(k) State training duty shall mean military duty in a training status authorized under Title 32 of the United States Code, Annotated, and regulations issued thereunder.

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(1) Service of the United States or active service of the United States shall mean any active military duty in the Armed Forces of the United States except duty for training purposes.
(m) Officer shall include commissioned officers and

119 warrant officers of the militia of this state unless otherwise
120 specified.

121 (n) Enlisted man shall be understood to designate 122 members of the militia of this state other than officers and 123 warrant officers.

124 (o) Gender-words importing the masculine gender only125 shall apply to female as well as male.

SECTION 4. Section 37-135-31, Mississippi Code of 1972, is amended as follows:

128 37-135-31.

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ARTICLE I

PURPOSE

Interstate Compact on Educational

Opportunity for Military Children

132

133 Section 1. It is the purpose of this compact to remove 134 barriers to educational success imposed on children of military 135 families because of frequent moves and deployment of their parents 136 by:

A. Facilitating the timely enrollment of children of military families and ensuring that they are not placed at a disadvantage due to difficulty in the transfer of education

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140 records from the previous school district(s) or variations in 141 entrance/age requirements.

B. Facilitating the student placement process through which
children of military families are not disadvantaged by variations
in attendance requirements, scheduling, sequencing, grading,
course content or assessment.

C. Facilitating the qualification and eligibility for
enrollment, educational programs, and participation in
extracurricular academic, athletic, and social activities.

D. Facilitating the on-time graduation of children ofmilitary families.

E. Providing for the promulgation and enforcement ofadministrative rules implementing the provisions of this compact.

F. Providing for the uniform collection and sharing of information between and among member states, schools, and military families under this compact.

156 G. Promoting coordination between this compact and other 157 compacts affecting military children.

H. Promoting flexibility and cooperation between the
educational system, parents, and the student in order to achieve
educational success for the student.

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ARTICLE II

DEFINITIONS

163 Section 2. As used in this compact, unless the context 164 clearly requires a different construction:

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A. "Active duty" means full-time duty status in the active uniformed service of the United States, including members of the National Guard and Reserve on active duty orders pursuant to 10 USC, Sections 1209 and 1211.

B. "Children of military families" means school-aged
children, enrolled in Kindergarten through 12th Grade, in the
household of an active duty member.

172 C. "Compact commissioner" means the voting representative of 173 each compacting state appointed pursuant to Article VIII of this 174 compact.

D. "Deployment" means the period one (1) month prior to the service members' departure from their home station on military orders through six (6) months after return to their home station.

178 "Educational records" means those official records, Ε. files, and data directly related to a student and maintained by 179 180 the school or local education agency, including, but not limited 181 to, records encompassing all the material kept in the student's 182 cumulative folder such as general identifying data, records of 183 attendance and of academic work completed, records of achievement 184 and results of evaluative tests, health data, disciplinary status, 185 test protocols, and individualized education programs.

F. "Extracurricular activities" means a voluntary activity
sponsored by the school or local education agency or an
organization sanctioned by the local education agency.
Extracurricular activities include, but are not limited to,

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190 preparation for and involvement in public performances, contests, 191 athletic competitions, demonstrations, displays and club 192 activities.

193 G. "Interstate Commission on Educational Opportunity for 194 Military Children" means the commission that is created under 195 Article IX of this compact, which is generally referred to as the 196 Interstate Commission.

H. "Local education agency" means a public authority legally constituted by the state as an administrative agency to provide control of and direction for Kindergarten through 12th Grade public educational institutions.

201 I. "Member state" means a state that has enacted this 202 compact.

203 "Military installation" means a base, camp, post, J. 204 station, yard, center, homeport facility for any ship, or other 205 activity under the jurisdiction of the Department of Defense, 206 including any leased facility, which is located within any of the 207 several states, the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of 208 Puerto Rico, the U.S. Virgin Islands, Guam, American Samoa, the 209 Northern Marianas Islands, and any other U.S. Territory. Such 210 term does not include any facility used primarily for civil works, 211 river and harbor projects, or flood control projects.

212 K. "Nonmember state" means a state that has not enacted this 213 compact.

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214 L. "Receiving state" means the state to which a child of a 215 military family is sent, brought, or caused to be sent or brought. 216 "Rule" means a written statement by the Interstate Μ. 217 Commission promulgated pursuant to Article XII of this compact 218 that is of general applicability; implements, interprets, or 219 prescribes a policy or provision of the compact, or an 220 organizational, procedural, or practice requirement of the Interstate Commission and has the force and effect of statutory 221 222 law in a member state; and includes the amendment, repeal, or 223 suspension of an existing rule.

N. "Sending state" means the state from which a child of a
military family is sent, brought, or caused to be sent or brought.
O. "State" means a state of the United States, the District
of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, the U.S. Virgin
Islands, Guam, American Samoa, the Northern Marianas Islands, and
any other U.S. Territory.

P. "Student" means the child of a military family for whom the local education agency receives public funding and who is formally enrolled in Kindergarten through 12th Grade.

Q. "Transition" means: (i) the formal and physical process of transferring from school to school or (ii) the period of time in which a student moves from one school in the sending state to another school in the receiving state.

R. "Uniformed services" means the Army, Navy, Air Force,
Space Force, Marine Corps, Coast Guard, as well as the

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239 Commissioned Corps of the National Oceanic and Atmospheric 240 Administration, and Public Health Services. 241 "Veteran" means a person who served in the active S. military, naval, or air service and who was discharged or released 242 243 therefrom under conditions other than dishonorable. 244 ARTICLE III 245 APPLICABILITY 246 Section 3. A. Except as otherwise provided in subsection B, 247 this compact shall apply to the children of: 248 1. Active duty members of the uniformed services as 249 defined in this compact, including members of the National Guard 250 and Reserve on active duty orders pursuant to 10 USC, Sections 251 1209 and 1211; 252 2. Members or veterans of the uniformed services who 253 are severely injured and medically discharged or retired for a 254 period of one (1) year after medical discharge or retirement; and 255 3. Members of the uniformed services who die on active 256 duty or as a result of injuries sustained on active duty for a 257 period of one (1) year after death. 258 The provisions of this interstate compact shall only в. 259 apply to local education agencies as defined in this compact. 260 The provisions of this interstate compact shall not apply С. 261 to the children of: 262 1. Inactive members of the National Guard and Military 263 Reserves;

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264 2. Members of the uniformed services now retired,
265 except as provided in subsection A;

266 3. Veterans of the uniformed services, except as267 provided in subsection A; and

268 4. Other U.S. Department of Defense personnel and other
269 federal agency civilian and contract employees not defined as
270 active duty members of the uniformed services.

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ARTICLE IV

EDUCATIONAL RECORDS AND ENROLLMENT

273 Section 4. A. Unofficial or "hand-carried" education 274 records. In the event that official education records cannot be 275 released to the parents for the purpose of transfer, the custodian 276 of the records in the sending state shall prepare and furnish to 277 the parent a complete set of unofficial educational records 278 containing uniform information as determined by the Interstate 279 Commission. Upon receipt of the unofficial education records by a 280 school in the receiving state, the school shall enroll and 281 appropriately place the student based on the information provided 282 in the unofficial records pending validation by the official 283 records, as quickly as possible.

B. Official education records/transcripts. Simultaneous with the enrollment and conditional placement of the student, the school in the receiving state shall request the student's official education records from the school in the sending state. Upon receipt of this request, the school in the sending state will

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process and furnish the official education records to the school in the receiving state within ten (10) days or within such time as is reasonably determined under the rules promulgated by the Interstate Commission.

293 С. Immunizations. Compacting states shall give thirty (30) 294 days from the date of enrollment or within such time as is 295 reasonably determined under the rules promulgated by the 296 Interstate Commission for students to obtain any immunization(s) 297 required by the receiving state. For a series of immunizations, 298 initial vaccinations must be obtained within thirty (30) days or 299 within such time as is reasonably determined under the rules 300 promulgated by the Interstate Commission.

301 D. Kindergarten and First Grade entrance age. Students 302 shall be allowed to continue their enrollment at the grade level 303 in the receiving state commensurate with their grade level 304 (including kindergarten) from a local education agency in the 305 sending state at the time of transition, regardless of age. A 306 student who has satisfactorily completed the prerequisite grade 307 level in the local education agency in the sending state shall be 308 eligible for enrollment in the next highest grade level in the 309 receiving state, regardless of age. A student transferring after 310 the start of the school year in the receiving state shall enter the school in the receiving state on their validated level from an 311 312 accredited school in the sending state.

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ARTICLE V

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PLACEMENT AND ATTENDANCE

315 Section 5. A. Course placement. When the student transfers before or during the school year, the receiving state school shall 316 317 initially honor placement of the student in educational courses 318 based on the student's enrollment in the sending state school 319 and/or educational assessments conducted at the school in the 320 sending state if the courses are offered. Course placement 321 includes, but is not limited to, honors, International 322 Baccalaureate, advanced placement, vocational, technical, and 323 career pathway courses. Continuing the student's academic program 324 from the previous school and promoting placement in academically 325 and career challenging courses should be paramount when 326 considering placement. This does not preclude the school in the 327 receiving state from performing subsequent evaluations to ensure 328 appropriate placement and continued enrollment of the student in 329 the course(s).

330 Educational program placement. The receiving state Β. school shall initially honor placement of the student in 331 332 educational programs based on current educational assessments 333 conducted at the school in the sending state or 334 participation/placement in like programs in the sending state. 335 Such programs include, but are not limited to, (i) gifted and 336 talented programs, and (ii) English as a second language (ESL). 337 This does not preclude the school in the receiving state from

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338 performing subsequent evaluations to ensure appropriate placement 339 of the student.

340 Special education services. In compliance with the С. federal requirements of the Individuals with Disabilities 341 Education Act (IDEA), 20 USC, Section 1400 et seq., the receiving 342 343 state shall initially provide comparable services to a student 344 with disabilities based on his/her current Individualized 345 Education Program (IEP) and in compliance with the requirements of 346 Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act, 29 USC, Section 794, and 347 with Title II of the Americans with Disabilities Act, 42 USC, 348 Sections 12131-12165, and the receiving state shall make 349 reasonable accommodations and modifications to address the needs 350 of incoming students with disabilities, subject to an existing 504 351 or Title II Plan, to provide the student with equal access to 352 education. This does not preclude the school in the receiving 353 state from performing subsequent evaluations to ensure appropriate 354 placement of the student.

D. Placement flexibility. Local education agency administrative officials shall have flexibility in waiving course/program prerequisites or other preconditions for placement in courses/programs offered under the jurisdiction of the local education agency.

E. Absence as related to deployment activities. A student whose parent or legal guardian is an active duty member of the uniformed services, as defined by the compact, and has been called

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to duty for, is on leave from, or has immediately returned from deployment to a combat zone or combat support posting, shall be granted additional excused absences at the discretion of the local education agency superintendent to visit with his or her parent or legal guardian relative to such leave or deployment of the parent or guardian.

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ARTICLE VI

ELIGIBILITY

371 Section 6. A. Eligibility for enrollment.

1. Special power of attorney, relative to the guardianship of a child of a military family, and executed under applicable law, shall be sufficient for the purposes of enrollment and all other actions requiring parental participation and consent;

2. A local education agency shall be prohibited from charging local tuition to a transitioning military child placed in the care of a noncustodial parent or other person standing in loco parentis who lives in a jurisdiction other than that of the custodial parent; and

382 3. A transitioning military child, placed in the care 383 of a noncustodial parent or other person standing in loco parentis 384 who lives in a jurisdiction other than that of the custodial 385 parent, may continue to attend the school in which he/she was 386 enrolled while residing with the custodial parent.

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B. Eligibility for extracurricular participation. State and local education agencies shall facilitate the opportunity for transitioning military children's inclusion in extracurricular activities, regardless of application deadlines, to the extent they are otherwise qualified.

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GRADUATION

ARTICLE VII

394 Section 7. In order to facilitate the on-time graduation of 395 children of military families, state and local education agencies 396 shall incorporate the following procedures:

397 Α. Waiver requirements. Local education agency 398 administrative officials shall waive specific courses required for 399 graduation if similar coursework has been satisfactorily completed 400 in another local education agency or shall provide reasonable 401 justification for denial. Should a waiver not be granted to a 402 student who would qualify to graduate from the sending school, the 403 local education agency shall provide an alternative means of 404 acquiring required coursework so that graduation may occur on 405 time.

B. Exit exams. States shall accept: (i) exit or end-of-course exams required for graduation from the sending state, (ii) national norm-referenced achievement tests, or (iii) alternative testing, in lieu of testing requirements for graduation in the receiving state. In the event the above alternatives cannot be accommodated by the receiving state for a

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412 student transferring in his or her senior year, then the 413 provisions of Article VII, subsection C shall apply.

414 Transfers during senior year. Should a military student С. 415 transferring at the beginning or during his or her senior year be 416 ineligible to graduate from the receiving local education agency 417 after all alternatives have been considered, the sending and 418 receiving local education agencies shall ensure the receipt of a 419 diploma from the sending local education agency, if the student 420 meets the graduation requirements of the sending local education agency. In the event that one (1) of the states in question is 421 not a member of this compact, the member state shall use best 422 423 efforts to facilitate the on-time graduation of the student in 424 accordance with subsections A and B of this Article.

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ARTICLE VIII

STATE COORDINATION

427 Section 8. A. Each member state shall, through the creation 428 of a State Council or use of an existing body or board, provide 429 for the coordination among its agencies of government, local 430 education agencies, and military installations concerning the 431 state's participation in, and compliance with, this compact and Interstate Commission activities. While each member state may 432 433 determine the membership of its own State Council, its membership 434 must include at least: (i) the State Superintendent of Education, 435 (ii) the superintendent of a school district with a high concentration of military children, (iii) one (1) representative 436

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from a military installation, (iv) one (1) representative each from the legislative and executive branches of government, and other offices and stakeholder groups the State Council deems appropriate. A member state that does not have a school district deemed to contain a high concentration of military children may appoint a superintendent from another school district to represent local education agencies on the State Council.

B. The State Council of each member state shall appoint or designate a military family education liaison to assist military families and the state in facilitating the implementation of this compact.

C. The Governor of each member state shall appoint or designate a compact commissioner responsible for the administration and management of the state's participation in the compact and who is empowered to establish statewide policy related to matters governed by this compact.

D. The compact commissioner and the military family education liaison designated herein shall be ex officio members of the State Council, unless either is already a full voting member of the State Council.

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ARTICLE IX

458 INTERSTATE COMMISSION ON EDUCATIONAL OPPORTUNITY

459

FOR MILITARY CHILDREN

460 Section 9. The member states hereby create the Interstate
461 Commission on Educational Opportunity for Military Children. The

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462 activities of the Interstate Commission are the formation of 463 public policy and are a discretionary state function. The 464 Interstate Commission shall:

A. Be a body corporate and joint agency of the member states and shall have all the responsibilities, powers, and duties set forth herein and such additional powers as may be conferred upon it by a subsequent concurrent action of the respective Legislatures of the member states in accordance with the terms of this compact.

B. Consist of one (1) Interstate Commission voting representative from each member state who shall be that state's compact commissioner and who is empowered to establish statewide policy related to matters governed by this compact.

475 1. Each member state represented at a meeting of the
476 Interstate Commission is entitled to one (1) vote;

477 2. A majority of the total member states shall
478 constitute a quorum for the transaction of business, unless a
479 larger quorum is required by the bylaws of the Interstate
480 Commission;

3. A representative shall not delegate a vote to another member state. In the event the compact commissioner is unable to attend a meeting of the Interstate Commission, the Governor or State Council may delegate voting authority to another person from the state for a specified meeting; and

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486 4. The bylaws may provide for meetings of the
487 Interstate Commission to be conducted by telecommunication or
488 electronic communication.

489 C. Consist of ex officio, nonvoting representatives who are 490 members of interested organizations. Such ex officio members, as 491 defined in the bylaws, may include, but not be limited to, members 492 of the representative organizations of military family advocates, 493 local education agency officials, parent and teacher groups, the 494 U.S. Department of Defense, the Education Commission of the 495 States, the Interstate Agreement on the Qualification of 496 Educational Personnel, and other interstate compacts affecting the 497 education of children of military members.

D. Meet at least once each calendar year. The chairperson may call additional meetings and, upon the request of a simple majority of the member states, shall call additional meetings.

501 Е. Establish an executive committee, whose members shall 502 include the officers of the Interstate Commission and such other 503 members of the Interstate Commission as determined by the bylaws. 504 Members of the executive committee shall serve a one-year term. 505 Members of the executive committee shall be entitled to one (1) 506 vote each. The executive committee shall have the power to act on 507 behalf of the Interstate Commission, with the exception of 508 rule-making, during periods when the Interstate Commission is not 509 in session. The executive committee shall oversee the day-to-day activities of the administration of the compact, including 510

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511 enforcement and compliance with the provisions of the compact, its 512 bylaws and rules, and other such duties as deemed necessary. The 513 U.S. Department of Defense shall serve as an ex officio, nonvoting 514 member of the executive committee.

F. Establish bylaws and rules that provide for conditions and procedures under which the Interstate Commission shall make its information and official records available to the public for inspection or copying. The Interstate Commission may exempt from disclosure information or official records to the extent they would adversely affect personal privacy rights or proprietary interests.

522 G. Public notice shall be given by the Interstate Commission 523 of all meetings, and all meetings shall be open to the public, 524 except as set forth in the rules or as otherwise provided in the 525 compact. The Interstate Commission and its committees may close a 526 meeting, or portion thereof, when it determines by two-thirds 527 (2/3) vote that an open meeting would be likely to:

528 1. Relate solely to the Interstate Commission's 529 internal personnel practices and procedures;

530 2. Disclose matters specifically exempted from531 disclosure by federal and state statute;

532 3. Disclose trade secrets or commercial or financial533 information that is privileged or confidential;

534 4. Involve accusing a person of a crime or formally535 censuring a person;

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536 5. Disclose information of a personal nature where 537 disclosure would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of 538 personal privacy;

539 6. Disclose investigative records compiled for law540 enforcement purposes; or

541 7. Specifically relate to the Interstate Commission's 542 participation in a civil action or other legal proceeding.

543 For a meeting, or portion of a meeting, closed pursuant н. 544 to the provisions of subsection G, the Interstate Commission's 545 legal counsel or designee shall certify that the meeting may be 546 closed and shall reference each relevant exemptible provision. 547 The Interstate Commission shall keep minutes, which shall fully 548 and clearly describe all matters discussed in a meeting and shall 549 provide a full and accurate summary of actions taken, and the 550 reasons therefor, including a description of the views expressed 551 and the record of a roll call vote. All documents considered in 552 connection with an action shall be identified in such minutes. 553 All minutes and documents of a closed meeting shall remain under 554 seal, subject to release by a majority vote of the Interstate 555 Commission.

I. The Interstate Commission shall collect standardized data concerning the educational transition of the children of military families under this compact as directed through its rules, which shall specify the data to be collected, the means of collection and data exchange, and reporting requirements. Such methods of

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data collection, exchange, and reporting shall, insofar as is reasonably possible, conform to current technology and coordinate its information functions with the appropriate custodian of records as identified in the bylaws and rules.

The Interstate Commission shall create a process that 565 J. 566 permits military officials, education officials, and parents to 567 inform the Interstate Commission if and when there are alleged 568 violations of the compact or its rules or when issues subject to 569 the jurisdiction of the compact or its rules are not addressed by 570 the state or local education agency. This subsection shall not be 571 construed to create a private right of action against the 572 Interstate Commission or any member state.

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ARTICLE X

POWERS AND DUTIES OF THE INTERSTATE COMMISSION

575 **Section 10.** The Interstate Commission shall have the 576 following powers:

A. To provide for dispute resolution among member states. B. To promulgate rules and take all necessary actions to effect the goals, purposes, and obligations as enumerated in this compact. The rules shall have the force and effect of statutory law and shall be binding in the compact states to the extent and in the manner provided in this compact.

583 C. To issue, upon request of a member state, advisory 584 opinions concerning the meaning or interpretation of the 585 interstate compact, its bylaws, rules, and actions.

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586 D. To enforce compliance with the compact provisions, the 587 rules promulgated by the Interstate Commission, and the bylaws, 588 using all necessary and proper means, including, but not limited 589 to, the use of judicial process.

590 E. To establish and maintain offices, which shall be located 591 within one or more of the member states.

592 F. To purchase and maintain insurance and bonds.

593 G. To borrow, accept, hire, or contract for services of 594 personnel.

H. To establish and appoint committees, including, but not limited to, an executive committee as required by Article IX, subsection E, which shall have the power to act on behalf of the Interstate Commission in carrying out its powers and duties hereunder.

I. To elect or appoint such officers, attorneys, employees, agents, or consultants, and to fix their compensation, define their duties, and determine their qualifications and to establish the Interstate Commission's personnel policies and programs relating to conflicts of interest, rates of compensation, and qualifications of personnel.

J. To accept any and all donations and grants of money,
equipment, supplies, materials, and services and to receive,
utilize, and dispose of them.

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K. To lease, purchase, accept contributions or donations of,
or otherwise to own, hold, improve, or use any property, real,
personal, or mixed.

L. To sell, convey, mortgage, pledge, lease, exchange, abandon, or otherwise dispose of any property, real, personal, or mixed.

615 M. To establish a budget and make expenditures.

616 N. To adopt a seal and bylaws governing the management and 617 operation of the Interstate Commission.

O. To report annually to the Legislatures, Governors,
judiciary, and state councils of the member states concerning the
activities of the Interstate Commission during the preceding year.
Such reports shall also include any recommendations that may have
been adopted by the Interstate Commission.

P. To coordinate education, training, and public awareness regarding the compact, its implementation, and operation for officials and parents involved in such activity.

Q. To establish uniform standards for the reporting,collecting, and exchanging of data.

628 R. To maintain corporate books and records in accordance 629 with the bylaws.

630 S. To perform such functions as may be necessary or 631 appropriate to achieve the purposes of this compact.

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T. To provide for the uniform collection and sharing of
information between and among member states, schools, and military
families under this compact.

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ARTICLE XI

636 ORGANIZATION AND OPERATION OF THE INTERSTATE COMMISSION

637 Section 11. A. The Interstate Commission shall, by a 638 majority of the members present and voting, within twelve (12) 639 months after the first Interstate Commission meeting, adopt bylaws 640 to govern its conduct as may be necessary or appropriate to carry 641 out the purposes of the compact, including, but not limited to:

642 1. Establishing the fiscal year of the Interstate643 Commission;

644 2. Establishing an executive committee and such other645 committees as may be necessary;

646 3. Providing for the establishment of committees and
647 for governing any general or specific delegation of authority or
648 function of the Interstate Commission;

649 4. Providing reasonable procedures for calling and
650 conducting meetings of the Interstate Commission and ensuring
651 reasonable notice of each such meetings;

652 5. Establishing the titles and responsibilities of the653 officers and staff of the Interstate Commission;

654 6. Providing a mechanism for concluding the operations 655 of the Interstate Commission and the return of surplus funds that 656 may exist upon the termination of the compact after the payment 657 and reserving all of its debts and obligations; and

658 7. Providing "start-up" rules for initial659 administration of the compact.

660 Β. The Interstate Commission shall, by a majority of the 661 members, elect annually from among its members a chairperson, a vice chairperson and a treasurer, each of whom shall have the 662 663 authority and duties as may be specified in the bylaws. The 664 chairperson or, in the chairperson's absence or disability, the vice chairperson shall preside at all meetings of the Interstate 665 666 Commission. The officers so elected shall serve without compensation or remuneration from the Interstate Commission 667 668 provided that, subject to the availability of budgeted funds, the 669 officers shall be reimbursed for ordinary and necessary costs and 670 expenses incurred by them in the performance of their 671 responsibilities as officers of the Interstate Commission.

672

C. Executive Committee, officers, and personnel.

673 The executive committee shall have such authority 1. 674 and duties as may be set forth in the bylaws, including, but not 675 limited to: (a) managing the affairs of the Interstate Commission 676 in a manner consistent with the bylaws and purposes of the 677 Interstate Commission; (b) overseeing an organizational structure 678 within and appropriate procedures for the Interstate Commission to 679 provide for the creation of rules, operating procedures, and 680 administrative and technical support functions; and (c) planning,

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681 implementing, and coordinating communications and activities with 682 other state, federal, and local government organizations in order 683 to advance the goals of the Interstate Commission.

684 2. The executive committee may, subject to the approval 685 of the Interstate Commission, appoint or retain an executive 686 director for such period, upon such terms and conditions, and for 687 such compensation as the Interstate Commission may deem 688 appropriate. The executive director shall serve as secretary to 689 the Interstate Commission, but shall not be a member of the 690 Interstate Commission. The executive director shall hire and 691 supervise such other persons as may be authorized by the 692 Interstate Commission.

693 D. The Interstate Commission's executive director and its 694 employees shall be immune from suit and liability, either 695 personally or in their official capacity, for a claim for damage 696 to or loss of property or personal injury or other civil liability 697 caused or arising out of or relating to an actual or alleged act, 698 error, or omission that occurred, or that such person had a 699 reasonable basis for believing occurred, within the scope of 700 Interstate Commission employment, duties, or responsibilities, 701 provided that such person shall not be protected from suit or 702 liability for damage, loss, injury, or liability caused by the 703 intentional or willful and wanton misconduct of such person.

704 1. The liability of the Interstate Commission's
705 executive director and employees or the Interstate Commission

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706 representatives, acting within the scope of their employment or 707 duties for acts, errors, or omissions occurring within such 708 person's state, may not exceed the limits of liability set forth 709 under the constitution and laws of that state for state officials, employees, and agents. The Interstate Commission is considered to 710 711 be an instrumentality of the states for the purposes of any such 712 action. Nothing in this subsection D shall be construed to 713 protect such person from suit or liability for damage, loss, 714 injury, or liability caused by the intentional or willful and 715 wanton misconduct of such person.

716 The Interstate Commission shall defend the executive 2. 717 director and its employees and, subject to the approval of the 718 Attorney General or other appropriate legal counsel of the member 719 state represented by an Interstate Commission representative, 720 shall defend such Interstate Commission representative in any 721 civil action seeking to impose liability arising out of an actual 722 or alleged act, error, or omission that occurred within the scope 723 of Interstate Commission employment, duties, or responsibilities, 724 or that the defendant had a reasonable basis for believing 725 occurred within the scope of Interstate Commission employment, 726 duties, or responsibilities provided that the actual or alleged 727 act, error, or omission did not result from intentional or willful 728 and wanton misconduct on the part of such person.

To the extent not covered by the state involved,
member state, or the Interstate Commission, the representatives or

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731 employees of the Interstate Commission shall be held harmless in 732 the amount of a settlement or judgment, including attorney's fees 733 and costs, obtained against such persons arising out of an actual 734 or alleged act, error, or omission that occurred within the scope 735 of Interstate Commission employment, duties, or responsibilities, 736 or that such persons had a reasonable basis for believing occurred 737 within the scope of Interstate Commission employment, duties, or 738 responsibilities, provided that the actual or alleged act, error, 739 or omission did not result from intentional or willful and wanton 740 misconduct on the part of such persons.

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ARTICLE XII

RULE-MAKING FUNCTIONS OF THE INTERSTATE COMMISSION

743 Section 12. A. Rule-making authority. The Interstate 744 Commission shall promulgate reasonable rules in order to 745 effectively and efficiently achieve the purposes of this compact. 746 Notwithstanding the foregoing, in the event the Interstate 747 Commission exercises its rule-making authority in a manner that is beyond the scope of the purposes of this compact, or the powers 748 749 granted hereunder, then such an action by the Interstate 750 Commission shall be invalid and have no force or effect.

B. Rule-making procedure. Rules shall be made pursuant to a rule-making process that substantially conforms to the "Model State Administrative Procedure Act," of 1981 Act, Uniform Laws Annotated, Vol. 15, p. 1 (2000) as amended, as may be appropriate to the operations of the Interstate Commission.

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756 C. Not later than thirty (30) days after a rule is 757 promulgated, any person may file a petition for judicial review of 758 the rule provided that the filing of such a petition shall not 759 stay or otherwise prevent the rule from becoming effective unless 760 the court finds that the petitioner has a substantial likelihood 761 of success. The court shall give deference to the actions of the 762 Interstate Commission consistent with applicable law and shall not 763 find the rule to be unlawful if the rule represents a reasonable 764 exercise of the Interstate Commission's authority.

D. If a majority of the Legislatures of the compacting states rejects a rule by enactment of a statute or resolution in the same manner used to adopt the compact, then such rule shall have no further force and effect in any compacting state.

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ARTICLE XIII

OVERSIGHT, ENFORCEMENT, AND DISPUTE RESOLUTION

771 Section 13. A. Oversight.

1. The executive, legislative, and judicial branches of state government in each member state shall enforce this compact and shall take all actions necessary and appropriate to effectuate the compact's purposes and intent. The provisions of this compact and the rules promulgated hereunder shall have standing as statutory law;

778 2. All courts shall take judicial notice of the compact 779 and the rules in any judicial or administrative proceeding in a 780 member state pertaining to the subject matter of this compact

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781 which may affect the powers, responsibilities, or actions of the 782 Interstate Commission; and

3. The Interstate Commission shall be entitled to
receive all service of process in any such proceeding and shall
have standing to intervene in the proceeding for all purposes.
Failure to provide service of process to the Interstate Commission
shall render a judgment or order void as to the Interstate
Commission, this compact, or promulgated rules.

789 B. Default, technical assistance, suspension, and790 termination.

791 If the Interstate Commission determines that a member state 792 has defaulted in the performance of its obligations or 793 responsibilities under this compact, or the bylaws or promulgated 794 rules, the Interstate Commission shall:

Provide written notice to the defaulting state and
 other member states of the nature of the default, the means of
 curing the default, and any action taken by the Interstate
 Commission. The Interstate Commission shall specify the
 conditions by which the defaulting state must cure its default;

800 2. Provide remedial training and specific technical801 assistance regarding the default;

3. If the defaulting state fails to cure the default, the defaulting state shall be terminated from the compact upon an affirmative vote of a majority of the member states, and all rights, privileges, and benefits conferred by this compact shall

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806 be terminated from the effective date of termination. A cure of 807 the default does not relieve the offending state of obligations or 808 liabilities incurred during the period of the default;

4. Suspension or termination of membership in the compact shall be imposed only after all other means of securing compliance have been exhausted. Notice of intent to suspend or terminate shall be given by the Interstate Commission to the Governor, the majority and minority leaders of the defaulting state's Legislature, and each of the member states;

5. The state which has been suspended or terminated is responsible for all assessments, obligations, and liabilities incurred through the effective date of suspension or termination, including obligations the performance of which extends beyond the effective date of suspension or termination;

6. The Interstate Commission shall not bear any costs relating to any state that has been found to be in default or which has been suspended or terminated from the compact, unless otherwise mutually agreed upon in writing between the Interstate Commission and the defaulting state; and

7. The defaulting state may appeal the action of the Interstate Commission by petitioning the United States District Court for the District of Columbia or the federal district where the Interstate Commission has its principal offices. The prevailing party shall be awarded all costs of such litigation including reasonable attorney's fees.

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831 C. Dispute resolution.

1. The Interstate Commission shall attempt, upon the request of a member state, to resolve disputes that are subject to the compact and that may arise among member states and between member and nonmember states.

2. The Interstate Commission shall promulgate a rule providing for both mediation and binding dispute resolution for disputes as appropriate.

D. Enforcement.

1. The Interstate Commission, in the reasonable exercise of its discretion, shall enforce the provisions and rules of this compact.

843 2. The Interstate Commission may by majority vote of 844 the members initiate legal action in the United States District 845 Court for the District of Columbia or, at the discretion of the 846 Interstate Commission, in the federal district where the 847 Interstate Commission has its principal offices to enforce compliance with the provisions of the compact, its promulgated 848 849 rules and bylaws against a member state in default. The relief 850 sought may include both injunctive relief and damages. In the 851 event judicial enforcement is necessary, the prevailing party 852 shall be awarded all costs of such litigation including reasonable attorney's fees. 853

3. The remedies herein shall not be the exclusiveremedies of the Interstate Commission. The Interstate Commission

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856 may avail itself of any other remedies available under state law 857 or the regulation of a profession.

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ARTICLE XIV

859

FINANCING OF THE INTERSTATE COMMISSION

860 Section 14. A. The Interstate Commission shall pay or 861 provide for the payment of the reasonable expenses of its 862 establishment, organization, and ongoing activities.

863 The Interstate Commission may levy on and collect an Β. 864 annual assessment from each member state to cover the cost of the 865 operations and activities of the Interstate Commission and its 866 staff, which must be in a total amount sufficient to cover the 867 Interstate Commission's annual budget as approved each year. The 868 aggregate annual assessment amount shall be allocated based upon a 869 formula to be determined by the Interstate Commission, which shall 870 promulgate a rule binding upon all member states.

C. The Interstate Commission shall not incur obligations of any kind prior to securing the funds adequate to meet the same nor shall the Interstate Commission pledge the credit of any of the member states, except by and with the authority of the member state.

D. The Interstate Commission shall keep accurate accounts of all receipts and disbursements. The receipts and disbursements of the Interstate Commission shall be subject to the audit and accounting procedures established under its bylaws. However, all receipts and disbursements of funds handled by the Interstate

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881 Commission shall be audited yearly by a certified or licensed 882 public accountant and the report of the audit shall be included in 883 and become part of the annual report of the Interstate Commission. 884 ARTICLE XV 885 MEMBER STATES, EFFECTIVE DATE, AND AMENDMENT

886 Section 15. A. Any state is eligible to become a member 887 state.

888 The compact shall become effective and binding upon Β. 889 legislative enactment of the compact into law by no less than ten 890 (10) of the states. The effective date shall be no earlier than 891 December 1, 2008. Thereafter it shall become effective and 892 binding as to any other member state upon enactment of the compact 893 into law by that state. The Governors of nonmember states or 894 their designees shall be invited to participate in the activities 895 of the Interstate Commission on a nonvoting basis prior to 896 adoption of the compact by all states.

C. The Interstate Commission may propose amendments to the compact for enactment by the member states. No amendment shall become effective and binding upon the Interstate Commission and the member states unless and until it is enacted into law by unanimous consent of the member states.

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ARTICLE XVI

WITHDRAWAL AND DISSOLUTION

904 Section 16. A. Withdrawal.

23/SS26/HB1029A.J PAGE 37 905 1. Once effective, the compact shall continue in force 906 and remain binding upon each and every member state, provided that 907 a member state may withdraw from the compact specifically by 908 repealing the statute which enacted the compact into law.

909 2. Withdrawal from this compact shall be by the 910 enactment of a statute repealing the same, but shall not take 911 effect until one (1) year after the effective date of such statute 912 and until written notice of the withdrawal has been given by the 913 withdrawing state to the Governor of each other member 914 jurisdiction.

915 3. The withdrawing state shall immediately notify the 916 chairperson of the Interstate Commission in writing upon the 917 introduction of legislation repealing this compact in the 918 withdrawing state. The Interstate Commission shall notify the 919 other member states of the withdrawing state's intent to withdraw 920 within sixty (60) days of its receipt thereof.

921 4. The withdrawing state is responsible for all
922 assessments, obligations, and liabilities incurred through the
923 effective date of withdrawal, including obligations the
924 performance of which extends beyond the effective date of
925 withdrawal.

926 5. Reinstatement following withdrawal of a member state
927 shall occur upon the withdrawing state reenacting the compact or
928 upon such later date as determined by the Interstate Commission.
929 B. Dissolution of compact.

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930 1. This compact shall dissolve effective upon the date 931 of the withdrawal or default of the member state that reduces the 932 membership in the compact to one (1) member state.

933 2. Upon the dissolution of this compact, the compact 934 becomes null and void and shall be of no further force or effect 935 and the business and affairs of the Interstate Commission shall be 936 concluded and surplus funds shall be distributed in accordance 937 with the bylaws.

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ARTICLE XVII

SEVERABILITY AND CONSTRUCTION

940 Section 17. A. The provisions of this compact shall be 941 severable and if any phrase, clause, sentence, or provision is 942 deemed unenforceable, the remaining provisions of the compact 943 shall be enforceable.

B. The provisions of this compact shall be liberallyconstrued to effectuate its purposes.

946 C. Nothing in this compact shall be construed to prohibit 947 the applicability of other interstate compacts to which the states 948 are members.

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ARTICLE XVIII

950

BINDING EFFECT OF COMPACT AND OTHER LAWS

951 Section 18. A. Other laws.

952 1. Nothing herein prevents the enforcement of any other953 law of a member state that is not inconsistent with this compact.

954 2. All member states' laws conflicting with this955 compact are superseded to the extent of the conflict.

956 B. Binding effect of the compact.

957 1. All lawful actions of the Interstate Commission,
958 including all rules and bylaws promulgated by the Interstate
959 Commission, are binding upon the member states.

960 2. All agreements between the Interstate Commission and961 the member states are binding in accordance with their terms.

3. In the event any provision of this compact exceeds the constitutional limits imposed on the Legislature of any member state, such provision shall be ineffective to the extent of the conflict with the constitutional provision in question in that member state.

967 **SECTION 5.** Section 49-7-351, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 968 amended as follows:

969 49-7-351. (1) The purpose of this section is to honor 970 wounded veterans and active duty service members by providing 971 hunting, fishing and other recreational opportunities for them in 972 state wildlife management areas and wildlife refuges.

973 (2) As used in this section, the term:

974 (a) "Active duty" means full-time duty in the Armed
975 Forces, Reserves or National Guard during wartime service as
976 defined by the United States Congress.

977 (b) "Armed Forces" means the United States Army, Navy,978 Marine Corps, Air Force, Space Force and Coast Guard.

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979 (c) "National Guard" means the Army National Guard and 980 the Air Force National Guard of the United States.

981 "Reserves" means the Army Reserve, Navy Reserve, (d) 982 Marine Corps Reserve, Air Force Reserve and Coast Guard Reserve. 983 (3) The Commission on Wildlife, Fisheries and Parks may 984 designate an area or areas or establish special seasons within 985 wildlife management areas and wildlife refuges for hunting, 986 fishing and other recreational activities for eligible veterans 987 and active duty service members to be known as "Wounded Warrior 988 Special Programs."

989 (4) The designated areas or special seasons shall be open to 990 a person who:

991 (a) Is an active duty member of the Armed Forces,
992 National Guard or Reserves and has a combat-related physical
993 injury as determined by the member's branch of service; or

(b) Is a veteran member of the Armed Forces, National
Guard or Reserves who served on active duty during a period of war
as defined by the United States Congress, and:

997 (i) Has a service-connected physical disability as998 determined by the United States Department of Veterans Affairs; or

999 (ii) Was discharged or released from military 1000 service because of a physical disability acquired or aggravated 1001 while serving on active duty during a period of war.

1002 (5) The department may allow one (1) person to accompany an 1003 eligible veteran or active duty service member who requires

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1004 assistance to hunt, fish or participate in the recreational 1005 activity.

1006 (6) The commission may adopt any rules and regulations1007 deemed necessary to administer this section.

1008 SECTION 6. Section 73-50-1, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 1009 amended as follows:

1010 73-50-1. (1) This section shall be known as the "Military 1011 Family Freedom Act."

1012 (2) As used in this section, the term:

(a) "License" means any license (other than a privilege license), certificate, registration or other evidence of qualification that an individual is required to obtain before he or she may engage in or represent himself or herself to be a member of a particular profession or occupation.

"Occupational licensing board" means any state 1018 (b) 1019 board, commission, department or other agency in Mississippi that 1020 is established for the primary purpose of regulating the entry of persons into, and/or the conduct of persons within, a particular 1021 1022 profession or occupation, and which is authorized to issue 1023 licenses. For the purposes of this section, the State Department 1024 of Education shall be considered an occupational licensing board 1025 when issuing teacher licenses under Section 37-3-2.

1026 (c) "Military" means the Armed Forces or Reserves of 1027 the United States, including the Army, Navy, Marine Corps, Coast 1028 Guard, Air Force, Space Force and the reserve components thereof,

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1029 the National Guard of any state, the military reserves of any 1030 state, or the naval militia of any state.

1031 (3) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, an 1032 occupational licensing board shall issue a license to an applicant 1033 who is a member of the military, or an applicant who is married to 1034 or is a dependent of a member of the military, if, upon 1035 application to an occupational licensing board, the applicant 1036 satisfies the following conditions:

1037 (a) The applicant has been awarded a military
1038 occupational specialty, completed a military program of training,
1039 completed testing or equivalent training and experience, and
1040 performed in the occupational specialty; or

1041 (b) The applicant holds a current and valid license in 1042 another state in an occupation with a similar scope of practice, 1043 as determined by the occupational licensing board in Mississippi 1044 and has held this license from the occupational licensing board in 1045 the other state for at least one (1) year; and

1046 The applicant has not committed any act in the (C) 1047 other state that would have constituted grounds for refusal, 1048 suspension or revocation of a license to practice that occupation 1049 in Mississippi at the time the act was committed, the occupational 1050 licensing board in the other state holds the applicant in good 1051 standing, and the applicant does not have a disqualifying criminal 1052 record as determined by the occupational licensing board in Mississippi under Mississippi law; and 1053

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(d) The applicant did not surrender a license because of negligence or intentional misconduct related to the applicant's work in the occupation in another state; and

1057 (e) The applicant does not have a complaint, allegation 1058 or investigation pending before an occupational licensing board or 1059 other board in another state that relates to unprofessional 1060 conduct or an alleged crime. If the applicant has a complaint, 1061 allegation or investigation pending, the occupational licensing 1062 board in Mississippi shall not issue or deny a license to the 1063 applicant until the complaint, allegation or investigation is 1064 resolved, or the applicant otherwise satisfies the criteria for 1065 licensure in Mississippi to the satisfaction of the occupational 1066 licensing board in Mississippi; and

1067 (f) The applicant pays all applicable fees in1068 Mississippi.

(4) Notwithstanding any other law, the occupational licensing board shall issue a license to an applicant who is a member of the military, or an applicant who is married to or is a dependent of a member of the military, upon application based on work experience in another state, if all the following apply:

1074 (a) The applicant worked in a state that does not use a
1075 license to regulate a lawful occupation, but Mississippi uses a
1076 license to regulate a lawful occupation with a similar scope of
1077 practice, as determined by the occupational licensing board;

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1078 (b) The applicant worked for at least three (3) years 1079 in the lawful occupation; and

1080 (c) The applicant satisfies the provisions of 1081 paragraphs (c) through (f) of subsection (3) of this section.

(5) An occupational licensing board may require an applicant to pass a jurisprudential examination specific to relevant state laws in Mississippi that regulate the occupation if the issuance of a license in Mississippi requires an applicant to pass a jurisprudential examination specific to relevant state statutes and administrative rules in Mississippi that regulate the occupation.

1089 (6) The occupational licensing board shall issue or deny the 1090 license to the applicant within one hundred twenty days (120) days 1091 after receiving an application.

If the application requires longer than two (2) weeks to 1092 1093 process, the occupational licensing board shall issue a temporary 1094 practice permit within thirty (30) days after receiving the 1095 application if the applicant submits an affidavit, under penalties 1096 of perjury, affirming that he or she satisfies the provisions of 1097 subsection (3)(a) or subsection (3)(b) of this section and 1098 subsection (3)(c) through (e) and pays all applicable fees as required by subsection (3)(f), or satisfies the provisions of 1099 subsection (4)(a) through (c) and pays all applicable fees as 1100 required by subsection (3)(f). 1101

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The applicant may practice under the temporary permit until a license is granted, or until a notice to deny the license is issued, in accordance with rules adopted by the occupational licensing board. A temporary license will expire in three hundred sixty-five (365) days after its issuance if the applicant fails to satisfy the requirement for licensure in subsection (5), if applicable.

(7) (a) The applicant may appeal any of the following decisions of an occupational licensing board to a court of general jurisdiction:

1112

(i) Denial of a license;

1113 (ii) Determination of the occupation;

1114 (iii) Determination of the similarity of the scope
1115 of practice of the license issued; or

(iv) Other determinations under this section.

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(b) The court shall determine all questions of law, including the interpretation of a constitutional or statutory provision or a rule adopted by an occupational licensing board, without regard to any previous determination that may have been made on the question in any action before the occupational licensing board.

(8) An occupational licensing board shall prominently print the following on all license applications, any communication denying a license, and on the board's website: "Pursuant to the provisions of the Military Family Freedom Act, Mississippi shall

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1127 recognize occupational licenses obtained from other states for 1128 military members and their families." An occupational licensing 1129 board shall prepare and place on the board's website an annual 1130 report detailing the number of applications submitted to the 1131 licensing board under this section during a calendar year and the 1132 actions taken by the board on the applications.

(9) An occupational licensing board shall adopt rules necessary to implement this section by January 1, 2021. In addition, an occupational licensing board shall make all reasonable efforts to issue a license to an applicant for a license under this section.

(10) Nothing in this section shall be construed to prohibit a military applicant, spouse or dependent from proceeding under the existing licensure requirements established by an occupational licensing board in Mississippi.

(11) Nothing in this chapter shall be construed to prevent
Mississippi from entering into a licensing compact or reciprocity
agreement with another state, foreign province or foreign country.
A license issued under this section is valid only in Mississippi.
It does not make the person eligible to work in another state
under an interstate compact or reciprocity agreement unless
otherwise provided in Mississippi law.

(12) Nothing in this section shall be construed to apply to the practice of law as regulated under Section 73-3-1 et seq.

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1151 (13) This section preempts any ordinances of any

1152 municipality, county and other political subdivisions of the State 1153 of Mississippi that regulate licenses.

1154 SECTION 7. This act shall take effect and be in force from 1155 and after July 1, 2023, and shall stand repealed from and after 1156 June 30, 2023.

Further, amend by striking the title in its entirety and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

AN ACT TO PROVIDE THAT REFERENCES IN THE MISSISSIPPI CODE TO "ARMED FORCES" OR "UNIFORMED SERVICES" SHALL INCLUDE MEMBERS OF THE UNITED STATES SPACE FORCE; TO AMEND SECTIONS 23-15-673, 33-1-1, 37-135-31, 49-7-351 AND 73-50-1, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, IN CONFORMITY THERETO; AND FOR RELATED PURPOSES.