MISSISSIPPI LEGISLATURE

By: Representatives Williams-Barnes, Stamps, To: Judiciary A Bell (65th), Paden

HOUSE BILL NO. 1037

1 AN ACT ENTITLED THE "WOMEN'S ECONOMIC SECURITY ACT OF 2021"; 2 TO REQUIRE MINIMUM SPENDING LEVELS ON THE CHILD CARE PAYMENT 3 PROGRAM (CCPP) FROM THE TEMPORARY ASSISTANCE FOR NEEDY FAMILIES 4 (TANF) BLOCK GRANT; TO AMEND SECTION 37-153-7, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 5 1972, TO EXPAND THE MISSISSIPPI STATE WORKFORCE INVESTMENT BOARD 6 TO INCLUDE A WOMAN WITH EXPERTISE IN ASSISTING WOMEN IN JOB 7 TRAINING AND SECURING EMPLOYMENT IN NONTRADITIONAL OCCUPATIONS; TO AMEND SECTION 7-1-355, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, TO REQUIRE THE 8 9 MISSISSIPPI DEPARTMENT OF EMPLOYMENT SECURITY TO ACHIEVE GENDER EQUITY IN THE WORKFORCE INVESTMENT ACT OR WORKFORCE INNOVATION 10 11 OPPORTUNITY ACT WORKFORCE DEVELOPMENT SYSTEM; TO REQUIRE CERTAIN 12 INFORMATION TO BE INCLUDED IN AN ANNUAL REPORT TO THE LEGISLATURE; 13 TO REQUIRE EQUAL PAY CERTIFICATES OF COMPLIANCE; TO CREATE WOMEN IN HIGH-WAGE, HIGH-DEMAND, NONTRADITIONAL JOBS GRANT PROGRAM; TO 14 15 ESTABLISH THE MISSISSIPPI PAID FAMILY LEAVE ACT; TO ESTABLISH A 16 MISSISSIPPI HIGHER EDUCATION GRANT PROGRAM FOR SINGLE MOTHERS TO 17 PROVIDE FINANCIAL AID TO COMPLETE TWO- AND FOUR-YEAR DEGREES AT 18 PUBLIC COLLEGES AND UNIVERSITIES ADMINISTERED BY THE POSTSECONDARY 19 EDUCATION FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE BILL; TO CREATE THE MISSISSIPPI 20 MINIMUM WAGE ACT; TO PROVIDE FOR THE IMPLEMENTATION OF A STATE 21 MINIMUM WAGE; TO AMEND SECTIONS 17-1-51 AND 25-3-40, MISSISSIPPI 22 CODE OF 1972, TO CONFORM TO THE PRECEDING SECTION; TO BRING 23 FORWARD SECTIONS 7-7-204, 23-15-239, 37-7-307, 57-34-5, 85-3-4, 24 97-3-54.4 AND 99-19-20, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, FOR THE PURPOSE OF POSSIBLE AMENDMENT; TO PROVIDE THAT NO EMPLOYER SHALL PAY AN 25 26 EMPLOYEE A WAGE AT A RATE LESS THAN THE RATE AT WHICH AN EMPLOYEE 27 OF A DIFFERENT GENDER IS PAID FOR COMPARABLE WORK; TO PROVIDE THAT 28 AN EMPLOYEE MAY FILE A PETITION IN THE PROPER CIRCUIT COURT FOR 29 VIOLATIONS OF THIS ACT; AND FOR RELATED PURPOSES.

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BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MISSISSIPPI:

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31 <u>SECTION 1.</u> This act shall be known and may be cited as the 32 "Mississippi Women's Economic Security Act of 2022."

33 <u>SECTION 2.</u> (1) This section shall be known and cited as the 34 "Mississippi Affordable Child Care Act."

35 Each federal fiscal year, the Mississippi Department (2) 36 of Human Services (MDHS) and/or any state agency receiving and 37 administering the federal Temporary Assistance for Needy Families 38 (TANF) Block Grant shall spend no less than Twenty Million Dollars 39 (\$20,000,000.00) of federal TANF funds and/or state TANF Maintenance of Effort (MOE) funds on the Child Care Payment 40 41 Program (CCPP). The Mississippi Department of Human Services (MDHS) and/or any state agency receiving and administering the 42 43 federal TANF Block Grant shall transfer no less than twenty percent (20%) of the state's fixed basic block grant amount for 44 its annual TANF Block Grant to the Child Care and Development Fund 45 46 (CCDF) for purposes of serving eligible families through the Child 47 Care Payment Program (CCPP).

48 SECTION 3. Section 37-153-7, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 49 amended as follows:

50 37-153-7. (1) There is created the Mississippi Office of 51 Workforce Development and the Mississippi State Workforce 52 Investment Board, which shall serve as the advisory board for the 53 office. The Mississippi State Workforce Investment Board shall be 54 composed of * * * <u>twenty-eight (28)</u> voting members, of which a 55 majority shall be representatives of business and industry in

H. B. No. 1037 **~ OFFICIAL ~** 22/HR31/R1087 PAGE 2 (ENK\JAB) 56 accordance with the federal Workforce Innovation and Opportunity 57 Act, or any successive acts.

58 (2) The members of the State Workforce Investment Board59 shall include:

(a) The Governor, or his designee;

(b) * * * <u>Sixteen (16)</u> members, appointed by the
Governor, of whom:

63 (i) A majority shall be representatives of64 businesses in the state, who:

65 Are owners of businesses, chief executives 1. 66 or operating officers of businesses, or other business executives or employers with optimum policymaking or hiring authority, and 67 68 who, in addition, may be members of a local board described in 69 Section 3122(b)(2)(A)(i) of the federal Workforce Innovation and 70 Opportunity Act. At least two (2) of the members appointed under 71 this item 1. shall be small business owners, chief executives or 72 operating officers of businesses with less than fifty (50) 73 employees;

74 2. Represent businesses, including small 75 businesses, or organizations representing businesses, which 76 provide employment opportunities that, at a minimum, include 77 high-quality, work-relevant training and development in 78 high-demand industry sectors or occupations in the state; and

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79 3. Are appointed from among individuals 80 nominated by state business organizations and business trade 81 associations; 82 (ii) Not less than twenty percent (20%) shall 83 consist of representatives of the workforce within the state, 84 which: 85 Includes labor organization 1. 86 representatives who have been nominated by state labor 87 federations: 2. 88 Includes a labor organization member or 89 training director from an apprenticeship program in the state, 90 which shall be a joint labor-management apprenticeship program if 91 such a program exists in the state; 92 3. May include representatives of 93 community-based organizations, including organizations serving 94 veterans or providing or supporting competitive, integrated 95 employment for individuals with disabilities, who have demonstrated experience and expertise in addressing employment, 96 97 training or education needs of individuals with barriers to 98 employment; and 99 4. May include representatives of 100 organizations, including organizations serving out-of-school youth, who have demonstrated experience or expertise in addressing 101 102 the employment, training or education needs of eligible youth;

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103 5. Includes at least one (1) woman with 104 expertise in assisting women in job training and securing employment in nontraditional occupations; 105 106 (iii) The balance shall include government 107 representatives, including the lead state officials with primary 108 responsibility for core programs, and chief elected officials 109 (collectively representing both cities and counties, where 110 appropriate); 111 Two (2) representatives of businesses in the state (C) 112 appointed by the Lieutenant Governor; 113 (d) Two (2) representatives of businesses in the state appointed by the Governor from a list of three (3) recommendations 114 115 from the Speaker of the House; and 116 The following state officials: (e) 117 (i) The Executive Director of the Mississippi 118 Department of Employment Security; 119 (ii) The Executive Director of the Department of 120 Rehabilitation Services; 121 (iii) The State Superintendent of Public 122 Education; 123 (iv) The Executive Director of the Mississippi 124 Development Authority; 125 (V) The Executive Director of the Mississippi 126 Community College Board; 127 H. B. No. 1037 ~ OFFICIAL ~ 22/HR31/R1087

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128 (* * *vi) The Commissioner of the Institutions of 129 Higher Learning.

(f) One (1) senator, appointed by the Lieutenant
Governor, and one (1) representative, appointed by the Speaker of
the House, shall serve on the state board in a nonvoting capacity.

(g) The Governor may appoint additional members if required by the federal Workforce Innovation and Opportunity Act, or any successive acts.

(h) Members of the board shall serve a term of four (4)years, and shall not serve more than three (3) consecutive terms.

138 (i) The membership of the board shall reflect the139 diversity of the State of Mississippi.

(j) The Governor shall designate the Chairman of the Mississippi State Workforce Investment Board from among the business and industry voting members of the board, and a quorum of the board shall consist of a majority of the voting members of the board.

(k) The voting members of the board who are not state employees shall be entitled to reimbursement of their reasonable expenses in the manner and amount specified in Section 25-3-41 and shall be entitled to receive per diem compensation as authorized in Section 25-3-69.

(3) Members of the state board may be recalled by their
appointing authority for cause, including a felony conviction,
fraudulent or dishonest acts or gross abuse of discretion, failure

H. B. No. 1037 22/HR31/R1087 PAGE 6 (ENK\JAB) 153 to meet board member qualifications, or chronic failure to attend 154 board meetings.

155 The Mississippi Department of Employment Security shall (4)156 establish limits on administrative costs for each portion of 157 Mississippi's workforce development system consistent with the 158 federal Workforce Investment Act or any future federal workforce 159 legislation. The Mississippi Department of Employment Security 160 shall be responsible for providing necessary administrative, 161 clerical and budget support for the State Workforce Investment 162 Board.

(5) The Mississippi State Workforce Investment Board shall
have the following duties. These duties are intended to be
consistent with the scope of duties provided in the federal
Workforce Innovation and Opportunity Act, amendments and successor
legislation to this act, and other relevant federal law:

168 (a) Through the office, develop and submit to the 169 Governor, Lieutenant Governor and Speaker of the House a strategic plan for an integrated state workforce development system that 170 171 aligns resources and structures the system to more effectively and 172 efficiently meet the demands of Mississippi's employers and job 173 seekers. This plan will comply with the federal Workforce 174 Investment Act of 1998, as amended, the federal Workforce Innovation and Opportunity Act of 2014 and amendments and 175 176 successor legislation to these acts;

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177 (b) Assist the Governor, Lieutenant Governor and 178 Speaker of the House in the development and continuous improvement 179 of the statewide workforce investment system that shall include: 180 Development of linkages in order to assure (i) 181 coordination and nonduplication among programs and activities; and 182 (ii) Review local workforce development plans that 183 reflect the use of funds from the federal Workforce Investment Act, * * * the Wagner-Peyser Act and the * * * Mississippi 184 185 Comprehensive Workforce Training and Education Consolidation Act; 186 Recommend to the office the designation of local (C) 187 workforce investment areas as required in Section 116 of the 188 federal Workforce Investment Act of 1998 and the Workforce 189 Innovation and Opportunity Act of 2014. There shall be four (4) 190 workforce investment areas that are generally aligned with the planning and development district structure in Mississippi. 191 192 Planning and development districts will serve as the fiscal agents 193 to manage Workforce Investment Act funds, oversee and support the 194 local workforce investment boards aligned with the area and the 195 local programs and activities as delivered by the one-stop 196 employment and training system. The planning and development 197 districts will perform this function through the provisions of the 198 county cooperative service districts created under Sections 199 19-3-101 through 19-3-115; however, planning and development 200 districts currently performing this function under the Interlocal

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201 Cooperation Act of 1974, Sections 17-13-1 through 17-13-17, may 202 continue to do so;

(d) Assist the Governor in the development of an allocation formula for the distribution of funds for adult employment and training activities and youth activities to local workforce investment areas;

207 (e) Recommend comprehensive, results-oriented measures
208 that shall be applied to all of Mississippi's workforce
209 development system programs;

210 Assist the Governor in the establishment and (f) 211 management of a one-stop employment and training system conforming 212 to the requirements of the federal Workforce Investment Act of 213 1998 and the Workforce Innovation and Opportunity Act of 2014, as 214 amended, recommending policy for implementing the Governor's approved plan for employment and training activities and services 215 216 within the state. In developing this one-stop career operating 217 system, the Mississippi State Workforce Investment Board, in conjunction with local workforce investment boards, shall: 218

(i) Design broad guidelines for the delivery ofworkforce development programs;

(ii) Identify all existing delivery agencies and other resources;

(iii) Define appropriate roles of the various agencies to include an analysis of service providers' strengths and weaknesses;

(iv) Determine the best way to utilize the various agencies to deliver services to recipients; and

(v) Develop a financial plan to support the delivery system that shall, at a minimum, include an accountability system;

(g) To provide authority, in accordance with any executive order of the Governor, for developing the necessary collaboration among state agencies at the highest level for accomplishing the purposes of this chapter;

(h) To monitor the effectiveness of the workforcedevelopment centers and WIN job centers;

(i) To advise the Governor, public schools,
community/junior colleges and institutions of higher learning on
effective school-to-work transition policies and programs that
link students moving from high school to higher education and
students moving between community colleges and four-year
institutions in pursuit of academic and technical skills training;

(j) To work with industry to identify barriers that inhibit the delivery of quality workforce education and the responsiveness of educational institutions to the needs of industry;

(k) To provide periodic assessments on effectiveness and results of the overall Mississippi comprehensive workforce development system and district councils;

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H. B. No. 1037 22/HR31/R1087 PAGE 10 (ENK\JAB) (1) Develop broad statewide development goals,
including a goal to raise the state's labor force participation
rate;

(m) Perform a comprehensive review of Mississippi's workforce development efforts, including the amount spent and effectiveness of programs supported by state or federal money; and

(n) To assist the Governor in carrying out any other
responsibility required by the federal Workforce Investment Act of
1998, as amended and the Workforce Innovation and Opportunity Act,
successor legislation and amendments.

(6) The Mississippi State Workforce Investment Board shall
coordinate all training programs and funds within its purview,
consistent with the federal Workforce Investment Act, Workforce
Innovation and Opportunity Act, amendments and successor
legislation to these acts, and other relevant federal law.

265 Each state agency director responsible for workforce training 266 activities shall advise the Mississippi Office of Workforce 267 Development and the State Workforce Investment Board of 268 appropriate federal and state requirements. Each state agency, 269 department and institution shall report any monies received for 270 workforce training activities or career and technical education 271 and a detailed itemization of how those monies were spent to the 272 state board. The board shall compile the data and provide a 273 report of the monies and expenditures to the Chairs of the House and Senate Appropriations Committee, the Chair of the House 274

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275 Workforce Development Committee and the Chair of the Senate 276 Economic and Workforce Development Committee by October 1 of each 277 year. Each such state agency director shall remain responsible 278 for the actions of his agency; however, each state agency and 279 director shall work cooperatively to fulfill the state's goals.

(7) The State Workforce Investment Board shall establish an
 executive committee, which shall consist of the following State
 Workforce Investment Board members:

(a) The Chair of the State Workforce Investment Board;
(b) Two (2) business representatives currently serving
on the state board selected by the Governor;

(c) The two (2) business representatives currently
 serving on the state board appointed by the Lieutenant Governor;

(d) The two (2) business representatives currently
serving on the state board appointed by the Governor from a list
of three (3) recommendations from the Speaker of the House;

(e) The two (2) legislators, who shall serve in a nonvoting capacity, one (1) of whom shall be appointed by the Lieutenant Governor from the membership of the Mississippi Senate and one (1) of whom shall be appointed by the Speaker of the House of Representatives from the membership of the Mississippi House of Representatives.

(8) The executive committee shall select an executive
director of the Office of Workforce Development, with the advice
and consent of a majority of the State Workforce Investment Board.

H. B. No. 1037 **~ OFFICIAL ~** 22/HR31/R1087 PAGE 12 (ENK\JAB) 300 The executive committee shall seek input from economic development 301 organizations across the state when selecting the executive 302 director. The executive director shall:

303 (a) Be a person with extensive experience in 304 development of economic, human and physical resources, and 305 promotion of industrial and commercial development. The executive 306 director shall have a bachelor's degree from a state-accredited 307 institution and no less than eight (8) years of professional 308 experience related to workforce or economic development;

309 (b) Perform the functions necessary for the daily 310 operation and administration of the office, with oversight from 311 the executive committee and the State Workforce Investment Board, 312 to fulfill the duties of the state board as described in Chapter 313 476, Laws of 2020;

(c) Hire staff needed for the performance of his or her duties under Chapter 476, Laws of 2020. The executive director, with approval from the executive committee, shall set the compensation of any hired employees from any funds made available for that purpose;

(d) Enter any part of the Mississippi Community College Board, individual community and junior colleges, or other workforce training facilities operated by the state or its subdivisions;

323 (e) Serve at the will and pleasure of the executive 324 committee;

325 (f) Promulgate rules and regulations, subject to 326 oversight by the executive committee, not inconsistent with this 327 chapter, as may be necessary to enforce the provisions in Chapter 328 476, Laws of 2020; and

(g) Perform any other actions he or she, in
consultation with the executive committee, deems necessary to
fulfill the duties under Chapter 476, Laws of 2020.

(9) The Office of Workforce Development and Mississippi
Community College Board shall collaborate in the administration
and oversight of the Mississippi Workforce Enhancement Training
Fund and Mississippi Works Fund, as described in Section 71-5-353.
The executive director shall maintain complete and exclusive
operational control of the office's functions.

(10) The office shall file an annual report with the Governor, Secretary of State, President of the Senate, Secretary of the Senate, Speaker of the House, and Clerk of the House not later than October 1 of each year regarding all funds approved by the office to be expended on workforce training during the prior calendar year. The report shall include:

(a) Information on the performance of the Mississippi
Workforce Enhancement Training Fund and the Mississippi Works
Fund, in terms of adding value to the local and state economy, the
contribution to future growth of the state economy, and movement
toward state goals, including increasing the labor force
participation rate; and

350 (b) With respect to specific workforce training351 projects:

(i) The location of the training;
(ii) The amount allocated to the project;
(iii) The purpose of the project;
(iv) The specific business entity that is the
beneficiary of the project; and

357 (v) The number of employees intended to be trained 358 and actually trained, if applicable, in the course of the project.

359 (c) All information concerning a proposed project which 360 is provided to the executive director shall be kept confidential. 361 Such confidentiality shall not limit disclosure under the 362 Mississippi Public Records Act of 1983 of records describing the 363 nature, quantity, cost or other pertinent information related to 364 the activities of, or services performed using, the Mississippi 365 Workforce Enhancement Training Fund or the Mississippi Works Fund.

(11) Nothing in Chapter 476, Laws of 2020 [Senate Bill No.
2564] shall void or otherwise interrupt any contract, lease, grant
or other agreement previously entered into by the State Workforce
Investment Board, Mississippi Community College Board, individual
community or junior colleges, or other entities.

371 SECTION 4. Section 7-1-355, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 372 amended as follows:

373 7-1-355. (1) The Mississippi Department of Employment
374 Security, Office of the Governor, is designated as the sole

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375 administrator of all programs for which the state is the prime 376 sponsor under Title 1(B) of Public Law 105-220, Workforce 377 Investment Act of 1998, and the Workforce Innovation Opportunity 378 Act (Public Law 113-128) and the regulations promulgated 379 thereunder, and may take all necessary action to secure to this 380 state the benefits of that legislation. The Mississippi 381 Department of Employment Security, Office of the Governor, may 382 receive and disburse funds for those programs that become 383 available to it from any source.

384 (2)The Mississippi Department of Employment Security, 385 Office of the Governor, shall establish guidelines on the amount 386 and/or percentage of indirect and/or administrative expenses by 387 the local fiscal agent or the Workforce Development Center 388 operator. The Mississippi Department of Employment Security, 389 Office of the Governor, shall develop an accountability system and 390 make an annual report to the Legislature before December 31 of 391 each year on Workforce Investment Act activities. The report 392 shall include, but is not limited to, the following:

393 (a) The total number of individuals served through the
394 Workforce Development Centers and the percentage and number of
395 individuals for which a quarterly follow-up is provided;

396 (b) The number of individuals who receive core services397 by each center;

398 (c) The number of individuals who receive intensive 399 services by each center;

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402 (i) A list of schools and colleges to which these
403 vouchers were issued and the average cost per school of the
404 vouchers; and

405 (ii) A list of the types of programs for which 406 these vouchers were issued;

407 (e) The number of individuals placed in a job through408 Workforce Development Centers;

(f) The monies and the amount retained for
administrative and other costs received from Workforce Investment
Act or Workforce Innovation Opportunity Act funds for each agency
or organization that Workforce Investment Act or Workforce
<u>Innovation Opportunity Act</u> funds flow through as a percentage and
actual dollar amount of all Workforce Investment Act or Workforce
Innovation Opportunity Act funds received.

416 (3) The Mississippi Department of Employment Security shall

417 achieve gender pay equity in the Workforce Investment Act or

418 Workforce Innovation Opportunity Act workforce development

419 systems. The department shall include in the annual report

420 required by subsection (2) of this section:

- 421 (a) The gender and race of those seeking employment
- 422 services;
- 423 (b) Training by training provider extended to each
- 424 participant by gender; and

425 (c) Earnings for each participant by gender as

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verification of pay equity in the workforce system.

427 SECTION 5. Equal pay certificate. (1) No department or 428 agency of the state shall execute a contract or agreement in 429 excess of One Hundred Thousand Dollars (\$100,000.00) with a 430 business that has twenty (20) or more full-time employees in this 431 state or a state where the business has its primary place of 432 business on a single day during the prior twelve (12) months, 433 unless the business has an equal pay certificate or it has certified in writing that it is exempt. A certificate is valid 434 435 for four (4) years.

436 (2) This section does not apply to a business with respect 437 to a specific contract if the Executive Director of the Department 438 of Finance and Administration determines that application of this 439 section would cause undue hardship to the contracting entity.

440 (3) A business shall apply for an equal pay certificate by 441 paying a One Hundred Fifty Dollar (\$150.00) filing fee and 442 submitting an equal pay compliance statement to the Department of 443 Finance and Administration. The proceeds from the fees collected 444 under this section shall be deposited in an equal pay certificate 445 special revenue account. The Department of Finance and 446 Administration shall issue an equal pay certificate of compliance 447 to a business that submits to the department a statement signed by 448 the chairperson of the board or chief executive officer of the business: 449

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H. B. No. 1037 22/HR31/R1087 PAGE 18 (ENK\JAB) 450 (a) That the business is in compliance with Title VII451 of the Civil Rights Act of 1964;

452 That the average compensation for its female (b) 453 employees is not consistently below the average compensation for 454 its male employees within each of the major job categories in the 455 EEO-1 Employer Information Report for which an employee is 456 expected to perform work under the contract, taking into account 457 factors such as length of service, requirements of specific jobs, 458 experience, skill, effort, responsibility, working conditions of 459 the job, or other mitigating factors;

460 (c) That the business does not restrict employees of
461 one (1) sex to certain job classifications and makes retention and
462 promotion decisions without regard to sex;

(d) That wage and benefit disparities are corrected
when identified to ensure compliance with the laws cited in
paragraph (a) and with paragraph (b) of this subsection; and

466 (e) How often wages and benefits are evaluated to
467 ensure compliance with the laws cited in paragraph (a) and with
468 paragraph (b) of this subsection.

469 (4) The equal pay compliance statement shall also indicate470 whether the business, in setting compensation and benefits, uses:

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(a) A market pricing approach;

472 (b) State prevailing wage or union contract

473 requirements;

474 (c) A performance pay system;

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(d) An internal analysis; or

476 (e) An alternative approach to determine what level of
477 wages and benefits to pay its employees. If the business uses an
478 alternative approach, the business must provide a description of
479 its approach.

480 Receipt of the equal pay compliance statement by the 481 commissioner does not establish compliance with the laws set forth 482 in subsection (3)(a) of this section.

(5) The Department of Finance and Administration must issue an equal pay certificate, or a statement of why the application was rejected, within fifteen (15) days of receipt of the application. An application may be rejected only if it does not comply with the requirements of subsection (3) of this section.

488 An equal pay certificate for a business may be suspended (6) 489 or revoked by the Department of Finance and Administration when 490 the business fails to make a good-faith effort to comply with the 491 laws identified in subsection (3) of this section, fails to make a 492 good-faith effort to comply with this section, or has multiple 493 violations of this section or the laws identified in subsection 494 (3) of this section. Before suspending or revoking a certificate, 495 the Department of Finance and Administration must first have 496 sought to conciliate with the business regarding wages and 497 benefits due to employees.

498 (7) If a contract is awarded to a business that does not499 have an equal pay certificate as required under this section, or

500 that is not in compliance with subsection (3) of this section, the 501 Department of Finance and Administration may void the contract on 502 behalf of the state. The contract award entity that is a party to 503 the agreement must be notified by the Department of Finance and 504 Administration before the Department of Finance and Administration 505 takes action to void the contract.

A contract may be abridged or terminated by the contract award entity identified upon notice that the Department of Finance and Administration has suspended or revoked the certificate of the business.

510 (8) A business may obtain an administrative hearing before 511 the suspension or revocation of its certificate is effective by 512 filing a written request for a hearing twenty (20) days after 513 service of notice by the Department of Finance and Administration. 514 A business may obtain an administrative hearing before the 515 contract award entity's abridgement or termination of a contract 516 is effective by filing a written request for a hearing twenty (20) 517 days after service of notice by the contract award entity.

518 (9) The Department of Finance and Administration must 519 provide technical assistance to any business that requests 520 assistance regarding this section.

(10) The State Auditor may audit the business's compliance with this section. As part of an audit, upon request, a business must provide the State Auditor the following information with respect to employees expected to perform work under the contract

H. B. No. 1037 22/HR31/R1087 PAGE 21 (ENK\JAB) 525 in each of the major job categories in the EEO-1 Employer 526 Information Report:

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(a) Number of male employees;

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(b) Number of female employees;

529 (c) Average annualized salaries paid to male employees 530 and to female employees, in the manner most consistent with the 531 employer's compensation system, within each major job category;

(d) Information on performance payments, benefits, or other elements of compensation, in the manner most consistent with the employer's compensation system, if requested by the State Auditor as part of a determination as to whether these elements of compensation are different for male and female employees;

537 (e) Average length of service for male and female 538 employees in each major job category; and

(f) Other information identified by the business or by
the Department of Finance and Administration, as needed, to
determine compliance.

(11) Data submitted to the Department of Finance and Administration related to equal pay certificates are private data on individuals or nonpublic data with respect to persons other than department employees. The Department of Finance and Administration's decision to issue, not issue, revoke or suspend an equal pay certificate is public data.

548 (12) The Department of Finance and Administration shall 549 report to the Governor and the Legislature by January 31 of every

H. B. No. 1037 *** OFFICIAL *** 22/HR31/R1087 PAGE 22 (ENK\JAB) year, beginning January 31, 2023. The report shall indicate the number of equal pay certificates issued, the number of audits conducted, the processes used by contractors to ensure compliance with subsection (3) of this section, and a summary of its auditing efforts. The Department of Finance and Administration shall consult with the Committee on the Status of Women in preparing the report.

557 <u>SECTION 6.</u> It is declared to be the public policy of the 558 State of Mississippi to establish fair minimum wages for workers 559 in order to safeguard their health, efficiency and general 560 well-being and to protect those workers as well as their employers 561 from the effects of unfair competition resulting from wage levels 562 detrimental to their health, efficiency and well-being.

563 <u>SECTION 7.</u> (1) Except as otherwise provided in this act, 564 every employer shall pay each of its employees a fair minimum wage 565 as provided in this section.

566 (2) The state minimum wage shall be as follows:

567 (a) Beginning January 1, 2023, the rate of not less 568 than Seven Dollars and Fifty Cents (\$7.50) per hour;

569 (b) Beginning January 1, 2024, the rate of not less 570 than Seven Dollars and Seventy-five Cents (\$7.75) per hour;

571 (c) Beginning January 1, 2025, the rate of not less 572 than Eight Dollars (\$8.00) per hour; and

573 (d) Beginning January 1, 2026, the rate of not less 574 than Ten Dollars (\$10.00) per hour.

H. B. No. 1037 **~ OFFICIAL ~** 22/HR31/R1087 PAGE 23 (ENK\JAB) (3) Whenever the highest federal minimum wage is increased, the minimum wage established under this section shall be increased to the amount of the federal minimum wage plus one-half of one percent (1/2 of 1%) more than the federal rate, rounded to the nearest whole cent, effective on the same date as the increase in the highest federal minimum wage, and shall apply to all wage orders and administrative regulations then in force.

(4) The rates for learners, beginners, and persons under the age of eighteen (18) years shall be not less than eighty-five percent (85%) of the state minimum wage for the first two hundred (200) hours of their employment and equal to the applicable state minimum wage thereafter, except institutional training programs specifically exempted by the director.

588 **SECTION 8.** As used in this act, the following words shall 589 have the meanings ascribed herein unless the context clearly 590 requires otherwise:

(a) "Director" means the Executive Director of theMississippi Department of Employment Security.

593 (b) "Department" means the Mississippi Department of 594 Employment Security, Office of the Governor, established under 595 Section 71-5-101.

(c) "Wage" means compensation due to an employee by reason of his or her employment, payable in legal tender of the United States or checks on banks convertible into cash on demand at full face value, subject to any deductions, charges or

H. B. No. 1037 22/HR31/R1087 PAGE 24 (ENK\JAB) 600 allowances as may be permitted by this act or by regulations of 601 the department under this act.

(d) "Employ" means to suffer or to permit to work.
(e) "Employer" means any individual, partnership,
association, corporation, business trust, or any person or group
of persons acting directly or indirectly in the interest of an
employer in relation to an employee. The term "employer" does not
mean:

(i) Any individual, partnership, association,
corporation, business trust, or any person or group of persons
acting directly or indirectly in the interest of an employer in
relation to an employee that employs fewer than five (5) employees
in a regular employment relationship; or

(ii) Any person, firm or corporation, or other
entity subject to the provisions of the federal Fair Labor
Standards Act of 1938.

(f) "Independent contractor" means any individual who contracts to perform certain work away from the premises of his or her employer, uses his or her own methods to accomplish the work, and is subject to the control of the employer only as to the result of his or her work.

621 (g) "Employee" means any individual employed by an 622 employer but does not mean:

623 (i) Any individual employed in a bona fide624 executive, administrative or professional capacity, or as an

H. B. No. 1037 **~ OFFICIAL ~** 22/HR31/R1087 PAGE 25 (ENK\JAB) 625 outside commission-paid salesperson, who customarily performs his 626 or her services away from his or her employer's premises, taking 627 orders for goods or services;

(ii) Any student performing services for any
school, college or university in which he or she is enrolled and
is regularly attending classes;

(iii) Any individual employed by the United States
or by the state or any political subdivision of the state, except
public schools and school districts;

634 (iv) Any individual engaged in an activity of any 635 educational, charitable, religious or nonprofit organization where 636 the employer/employee relationship does not in fact exist or where 637 the service is rendered to the organization gratuitously;

638 (v) Any bona fide independent contractor; 639 (vi) Any individual employed by an agricultural 640 employer who did not use more than five hundred (500) man-days of 641 agricultural labor in any calendar quarter of the preceding 642 calendar year;

643 (vii) The parent, spouse, child or other member of644 an agricultural employer's immediate family;

645 (viii) An individual who:

1. Is employed as a hand harvest laborer and is paid on a piece-rate basis in an operation that has been, and is customarily and generally recognized as having been, paid on a piece-rate basis in the region of employment;

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(h) "Occupation" means any occupation, service, trade,
business, industry, or branch or group of industries or employment
or class of employment in which employees are gainfully employed.

(i) "Gratuities" means voluntary monetary contributions
received by an employee from a guest, patron or customer for
services rendered.

(j) "Man-day" means any day during any portion of whichan employee performs any agricultural labor.

681 <u>SECTION 9.</u> Nothing in this act shall be deemed to interfere 682 with, impede, or in any way diminish the right of employers and 683 employees to bargain collectively through representatives of their 684 own choosing in order to establish wages or other conditions of 685 work.

686 **SECTION 10.** (1) Any employer who willfully:

(a) Hinders or delays the department or its authorized
representative in the performance of its duties in the enforcement
of this act;

690 (b) Refuses to admit the department or its authorized691 representative to any place of employment;

(c) Fails to make, keep and preserve any records as
required under the provisions of this act or to make the record
accessible to the department or its authorized representative upon
demand;

696 (d) Refuses to furnish a sworn statement of the record697 or any other information required for the proper enforcement of

H. B. No. 1037 **••• OFFICIAL •** 22/HR31/R1087 PAGE 28 (ENK\JAB) 698 this act to the department or its authorized representative upon 699 demand; or

(e) Fails to post a summary of this act or a copy of any applicable regulations as required by this act shall be deemed in violation of this act and shall, upon conviction, be fined not less than One Hundred Dollars (\$100.00) nor more than Four Hundred Dollars (\$400.00). For the purposes of this subsection, each violation shall constitute a separate offense.

706 (2) Any employer who pays or agrees to pay minimum wages at 707 a rate less than the rate applicable under this act shall be 708 guilty of a felony and the employer shall:

(a) Be fined not less than Four Thousand Dollars (\$4,000.00) nor more than Ten Thousand Dollars (\$10,000.00) for each offense if the total amount of all unpaid wages owed to an employee is more than Two Thousand Dollars (\$2,000.00);

(b) Be fined not less than Two Thousand Dollars (\$2,000.00) nor more than Four Thousand Dollars (\$4,000.00) or the agent or officer of the employer shall be imprisoned not more than one (1) year, or both, for each offense if the total amount of all unpaid wages owed to an employee is more than One Thousand Dollars (\$1,000.00) but not more than Two Thousand Dollars (\$2,000.00);

(c) Be fined not less than One Thousand Dollars (\$1,000.00) nor more than Two Thousand Dollars (\$2,000.00) or the agent or officer of the employer shall be imprisoned not more than six (6) months, or both, for each offense if the total amount of

723 all unpaid wages owed to an employee is more than Five Hundred 724 Dollars (\$500.00) but not more than One Thousand Dollars 725 (\$1,000.00); or

(d) Be fined not less than Four Hundred Dollars (\$400.00) nor more than One Thousand Dollars (\$1,000.00) or the agent or officer of the employer shall be imprisoned not more than three (3) months, or both, for each offense if the total amount of all unpaid wages owed to an employee is Five Hundred Dollars (\$500.00) or less.

732 (3) Any employer who willfully discharges or in any other733 manner willfully discriminates against any employee because:

(a) The employee has made any complaint to his or her
employer, to the department, or to the director or his or her
authorized representative that he or she has not been paid minimum
wages in accordance with the provisions of this act;

(b) The employee has caused to be instituted or is
about to cause to be instituted any proceeding under or related to
this act; or

741 (c) The employee has testified or is about to testify742 in any such proceeding;

743 Shall be deemed in violation of this act and shall, upon 744 conviction, be fined not more than One Hundred Dollars (\$100.00).

745 <u>SECTION 11.</u> (1) For any occupation, the department shall 746 make and revise any administrative regulations, including 747 definitions of terms, as it may deem appropriate to carry out the

H. B. No. 1037 **~ OFFICIAL ~** 22/HR31/R1087 PAGE 30 (ENK\JAB) 748 purposes of this act or necessary to prevent the circumvention or 749 evasion of those purposes and to safeguard the minimum wage rates 750 established.

751 (2) The regulations may include, but are not limited to,752 regulations governing:

753 (a) Outside or commission salespeople;

(b) Learners and apprentices, their number, proportionor length of service;

756 (c) Part-time pay, bonuses or fringe benefits;

757 (d) Special pay for special or extra work;

(e) Permitted charges to employees or allowances for
board, lodging, apparel or other facilities or services
customarily furnished by employers to employees;

761

(f) Allowances for gratuities; or

(g) Allowances for other special conditions or
circumstances that may be usual in a particular employer/employee
relationship.

(3) Regulations or revisions issued by the department under this section shall be made only after a public hearing, at which any person may be heard by the department, at least ten (10) days subsequent to publication of notice of the hearing in a newspaper of general circulation throughout the State of Mississippi.

770 **SECTION 12.** The director or his or her authorized 771 representatives shall:

772 Have authority to enter and inspect the place of (a) 773 business or employment of any employer in the state for the 774 purpose of examining and inspecting any books, registers, payrolls 775 and other records of any employer that in any way relate to or 776 have a bearing upon the question of wages, hours or other 777 conditions of employment of any employees; copy any of the books, 778 registers, payrolls or other records as he or she may deem 779 necessary or appropriate; and question employees to ascertain 780 whether the provisions of this act and regulations issued under 781 this act have been and are being complied with;

(b) Have authority to require from the employer full and correct statements in writing, including sworn statements, with respect to wages, hours, names, addresses and any information pertaining to his or her employees as the director or his or her authorized representative may deem necessary or appropriate;

787 (c) Publish all regulations made by the department; and
788 (d) Otherwise implement and enforce the regulations and
789 decisions of the department.

790 <u>SECTION 13.</u> Except as otherwise provided in this section, no
791 employer shall employ any of his or her employees for a workweek
792 longer than forty (40) hours unless the employee receives
793 compensation for his or her employment in excess of the hours
794 above specified at a rate not less than one and one-half (1-1/2)
795 times the regular rate of pay at which he or she is employed.

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H. B. No. 1037 22/HR31/R1087 PAGE 32 (ENK\JAB) 796 SECTION 14. (1) Every employer of an employee engaged in 797 any occupation in which gratuities have been customarily and 798 usually constituted and have been recognized as a part of 799 remuneration for hiring purposes shall be entitled to an allowance 800 for gratuities as a part of the hourly wage rate provided in 801 Section 7 of this act in an amount not to exceed fifty percent 802 (50%) of the minimum wage established by Section 7 of this act, 803 provided that the employee actually received that amount in 804 gratuities and that the application of the foregoing gratuity 805 allowances results in payment of wages other than gratuities to 806 tipped employees, including full-time students, subject to the 807 provisions of this act, of not less than fifty percent (50%) of 808 the minimum wage prescribed by this act.

(2) In determining whether an employee received in gratuities the amount claimed, the director may require the employee to show to the satisfaction of the director that the actual amount of gratuities received by him or her during any workweek was less than the amount determined by the employer as the amount by which the wage paid the employee was deemed to be increased under this section.

816 <u>SECTION 15.</u> (1) Every employer subject to any provisions of 817 this act shall keep a summary of this act, approved by the 818 department, and copies of any applicable regulations issued under 819 this act posted in a conspicuous and accessible place in or about 820 the premises where any person subject to this act is employed.

H. B. No. 1037 *** OFFICIAL ~** 22/HR31/R1087 PAGE 33 (ENK\JAB) (2) Employers shall be furnished copies of the summaries of
 this statute and regulations by the director on request without
 charge.

824 (1) Every employer subject to any provision of SECTION 16. 825 this act or of any regulation issued under this act shall make and 826 keep for a period of not less than three (3) years, in or about 827 the premises where any employee is employed, a record of the name, address and occupation of each of his or her employees, the rate 828 829 of pay and the amount paid each pay period to each employee and 830 any other information as the department prescribes by regulation 831 as necessary or appropriate for the enforcement of the provisions 832 of this act or of the regulations under this act.

833 (2) The records shall be open for inspection or
834 transcription by the director or his or her authorized
835 representative at any reasonable time.

836 (3) Every employer shall furnish to the director or to his 837 or her authorized representative on demand a sworn statement of 838 the records and information upon forms prescribed or approved by 839 the director.

840 <u>SECTION 17.</u> (1) Any employer who pays any employee less 841 than minimum wages to which the employee is entitled under or by 842 virtue of this act shall be liable to the employee affected for 843 the full amount of the wages, less any amount actually paid to the 844 employee by the employer, and for costs and reasonable attorney's 845 fees as may be allowed by the court.

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846 (2) Any agreement between the employee and employer to work
847 for less than minimum wages shall be no defense to the action.
848 (3) The venue of the action shall lie in the circuit court
849 of any county in which the services which are the subject of the
850 employment were performed.

(4) The director shall have the authority to fully enforce this act by instituting legal action to recover any wages which he or she determines to be due to employees under this act.

854 SECTION 18. Section 17-1-51, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 855 amended as follows:

856 17-1-51. (1) No county, board of supervisors of a county, 857 municipality or governing authority of a municipality is 858 authorized to establish a mandatory, minimum living wage rate that 859 is lower than the rate provided in this act, minimum number of 860 vacation or sick days, whether paid or unpaid, that would regulate 861 how a private employer pays its employees. Each county, board of 862 supervisors of a county, municipality or governing authority of a 863 municipality shall be prohibited from establishing a mandatory, 864 minimum living wage rate that is lower than the rate provided in 865 this act, minimum number of vacation or sick days, whether paid or 866 unpaid, that would regulate how a private employer pays its 867 employees.

868 (2) The Legislature finds that the prohibitions of
869 subsection (1) of this section are necessary to ensure an economic
870 climate conducive to new business development and job growth in

871 the State of Mississippi while protecting the health and

872 well-being of workers. * * *

873 ***

874 (* * *3) The Legislature concludes from * * * this finding 875 that, in order for a business to remain competitive and yet 876 attract and retain the highest possible caliber of employees, and 877 thereby remain sound, an enterprise must work in * * * an 878 environment * * * that respects its workers and that encourages 879 the payment of fair minimum wage rates * * *. The net impact of 880 any local * * * wages that are greater than the rate provided in 881 this act * * * will be economically * * * stable and create 882 a * * * rise and * * * increase in the standard of living for the 883 citizens of the state. * * *

884 SECTION 19. Section 25-3-40, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 885 amended as follows:

25-3-40. On July 1, 1978, and each year thereafter, the Mississippi Compensation Plan shall be amended to provide salary increases in such amounts and percentages as might be recommended by the Legislative Budget Office and as may be authorized by funds appropriated by the Legislature for the purpose of granting incentive salary increases as deemed possible dependent upon the availability of general and special funds.

It is hereby declared to be the intent of the Mississippi Legislature to implement the minimum wage as enacted by statutory law of the United States Congress subject to funds being available

for that purpose. It is further the intent of the Legislature to implement the state minimum wage as provided in this act. It is the intent and purpose of this section to maximize annual salary increases consistent with the availability of funds as might be determined by the Mississippi Legislature at its regular annual session and that all salary increases hereafter be made consistent with the provisions of this section.

903 SECTION 20. Section 7-7-204, Mississippi Code of 1972, is
904 brought forward as follows:

905 7 - 7 - 204. (1) Within the limits of the funds available to 906 the Office of the State Auditor for such purpose, the State 907 Auditor may grant a paid internship to students pursuing junior or 908 senior undergraduate-level year coursework toward a bachelor's 909 degree in accounting or graduate-level coursework toward a master's degree in accounting. Those applicants deemed qualified 910 911 shall receive funds that may be used to pay for tuition, books and 912 related fees to pursue their degree. It is the intent of the 913 Legislature that the paid internship program (hereinafter referred 914 to as the program) shall be used as an incentive for accounting 915 students to develop job-related skills and to encourage accounting 916 careers at the Office of the State Auditor.

917 (2) In order to be eligible for the program, an applicant 918 must:

919 (a) Attend any college or school approved and920 designated by the Office of the State Auditor.

H. B. No. 1037 22/HR31/R1087 PAGE 37 (ENK\JAB) 921 (b) Satisfy the following conditions:

922 (i) Undergraduate stipulations: Applicants must 923 have successfully obtained a minimum of fifty-eight (58) semester 924 hours toward a bachelor of science degree in accounting from a 925 Mississippi institution of higher learning.

Applicants must have achieved a minimum grade point average (GPA) on the previously obtained semester hours toward a bachelor of science degree in accounting of 3.0 on a 4.0 scale.

929 If accepted into the program, participants shall maintain a 930 minimum cumulative GPA of 3.0 on a 4.0 scale in all coursework 931 counted toward a bachelor of science degree in accounting.

932 (ii) Graduate stipulations: Applicants must have 933 met the regular admission standards and have been accepted into 934 the master of science accounting program at a Mississippi 935 institution of higher learning.

936 If accepted into the program, participants shall maintain a 937 minimum cumulative GPA of 3.0 on a 4.0 scale in all coursework 938 counted toward a master of science degree in accounting.

939 (c) All program participants will be required to work a 940 total of three hundred thirty-six (336) hours each summer at the 941 Office of the State Auditor in Jackson, Mississippi.

942 (d) Agree to work as an auditor at the Office of the 943 State Auditor upon graduation for a period of time equivalent to 944 the period of time for which the applicant receives compensation,

H. B. No. 1037 *** OFFICIAL ~** 22/HR31/R1087 PAGE 38 (ENK\JAB) 945 calculated to the nearest whole month, but in no event less than 946 two (2) years.

947 Before being placed into the program, each (3) (a) applicant shall enter into a contract with the Office of the State 948 949 Auditor, which shall be deemed a contract with the State of 950 Mississippi, agreeing to the terms and conditions upon which the 951 internship shall be granted to him. The contract shall include 952 such terms and provisions necessary to carry out the full purpose 953 and intent of this section. The form of such contract shall be 954 prepared and approved by the Attorney General of this state, and 955 shall be signed by the State Auditor of the Office of the State 956 Auditor and the participant.

957 Upon entry into the program, participants will (b) 958 become employees of the Office of the State Auditor during their 959 time in the program and shall be eligible for benefits such as 960 medical insurance paid by the agency for the participant; however, 961 in accordance with Section 25-11-105II(b), those participants 962 shall not become members of the Public Employees' Retirement 963 System while participating in the program. Participants shall not 964 accrue personal or major medical leave while they are in the 965 program.

966 (c) The Office of the State Auditor shall have the 967 authority to cancel any contract made between it and any program 968 participant upon such cause being deemed sufficient by the State 969 Auditor.

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H. B. No. 1037 22/HR31/R1087 PAGE 39 (ENK\JAB) 970 (d) The Office of the State Auditor is vested with full 971 and complete authority and power to sue in its own name any 972 participant for any damages due the state on any such uncompleted 973 contract, which suit shall be filed and handled by the Attorney 974 General of the state. The Office of the State Auditor may 975 contract with a collection agency or banking institution, subject 976 to approval by the Attorney General, for collection of any damages 977 due the state from any participant. The State of Mississippi, the 978 Office of the State Auditor and its employees are immune from any suit brought in law or equity for actions taken by the collection 979 980 agency or banking institution incidental to or arising from their 981 performance under the contract. The Office of the State Auditor, 982 collection agency and banking institution may negotiate for the 983 payment of a sum that is less than full payment in order to 984 satisfy any damages the participant owes the state, subject to 985 approval by the director of the sponsoring facility within the 986 Office of the State Auditor.

987 Any recipient who is accepted into the program by (4)(a) 988 the Mississippi Office of the State Auditor and who fails to 989 complete undergraduate- or graduate-level coursework toward a 990 degree in accounting, or withdraws from school at any time before 991 completing his or her education, shall be liable to repay the 992 Office of the State Auditor for all monies received during the 993 time the recipient was in the program, at the rate of pay received by the employee while in the program, including benefits paid by 994

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H. B. No. 1037 22/HR31/R1087 PAGE 40 (ENK\JAB) 995 the agency for the participant, and monies received for tuition, 996 books and related fees used to pursue their degree with interest 997 accruing at ten percent (10%) per annum from the date the 998 recipient failed or withdrew from school. The recipient also will 999 not be liable for repayment for any money earned during the 1000 required summer hours. This money shall be considered earned by 1001 the recipient at the federal minimum wage rate.

1002 All paid internship compensation received by the (b) 1003 recipient while in school shall be considered earned conditioned upon the fulfillment of the terms and obligations of the paid 1004 1005 internship contract and this section. However, no recipient of 1006 the paid internship shall accrue personal or major medical leave 1007 while the recipient is pursuing junior or senior 1008 undergraduate-level year coursework toward a bachelor's degree in accounting or graduate-level coursework toward a master's degree 1009 1010 in accounting. The recipient shall not be liable for liquidated 1011 damages.

1012 (C) If the recipient does not work as an auditor at the 1013 Office of the State Auditor for the period required under 1014 subsection (2) (d) of this section, the recipient shall be liable 1015 for repayment on demand of the remaining portion of the 1016 compensation that the recipient was paid while in the program which has not been unconditionally earned, with interest accruing 1017 1018 at ten percent (10%) per annum from the recipient's date of 1019 graduation or the date that the recipient last worked at the

H. B. No. 1037 **~ OFFICIAL ~** 22/HR31/R1087 PAGE 41 (ENK\JAB) 1020 Office of the State Auditor, whichever is the later date. In 1021 addition, there shall be included in any contract for paid student 1022 internship a provision for liquidated damages equal to Five 1023 Thousand Dollars (\$5,000.00) which may be reduced on a pro rata 1024 basis for each year served under such contract.

1025 SECTION 21. Section 23-15-239, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 1026 brought forward as follows:

1027 23-15-239. (1) The executive committee of each county, in 1028 the case of a primary election, or the election commissioners of each county, in the case of all other elections, in conjunction 1029 1030 with the circuit clerk, shall, in the years in which counties conduct an election, sponsor and conduct, not less than five (5) 1031 days before each election, not less than four (4) hours and not 1032 more than eight (8) hours of poll manager training to instruct 1033 1034 poll managers as to their duties in the proper administration of 1035 the election and the operation of the polling place. Any poll 1036 manager who completes the online training course provided by the Secretary of State shall only be required to complete two (2) 1037 1038 hours of in-person poll manager training. No poll manager shall 1039 serve in any election unless he or she has received these 1040 instructions once during the twelve (12) months immediately 1041 preceding the date upon which the election is held; however, nothing in this section shall prevent the appointment of an 1042 alternate poll manager to fill a vacancy in case of an emergency. 1043 The county executive committee or the election commissioners, as 1044

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H. B. No. 1037 22/HR31/R1087 PAGE 42 (ENK\JAB) 1045 appropriate, shall train a sufficient number of alternates to 1046 serve in the event a poll manager is unable to serve for any 1047 reason.

(2)1048 (a) If it is eligible under Section 23-15-266, the 1049 county executive committee may enter into a written agreement with 1050 the circuit clerk or the county election commission authorizing the circuit clerk or the county election commission to perform any 1051 1052 of the duties required of the county executive committee pursuant 1053 to this section. Any agreement entered into pursuant to this 1054 subsection shall be signed by the chair of the county executive 1055 committee and the circuit clerk or the chair of the county 1056 election commission, as appropriate. The county executive 1057 committee shall notify the state executive committee and the Secretary of State of the existence of the agreement. 1058

1059 (b) If it is eligible under Section 23-15-266, the 1060 municipal executive committee may enter into a written agreement 1061 with the municipal clerk or the municipal election commission 1062 authorizing the municipal clerk or the municipal election 1063 commission to perform any of the duties required of the municipal 1064 executive committee pursuant to this section. Any agreement 1065 entered into pursuant to this subsection shall be signed by the 1066 chair of the municipal executive committee and the municipal clerk 1067 or the chair of the municipal election commission, as appropriate. The municipal executive committee shall notify the state executive 1068

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1069 committee and the Secretary of State of the existence of the 1070 agreement.

1071 The board of supervisors and the municipal governing (3) authority, in their discretion, may compensate poll managers who 1072 1073 attend these training sessions. The compensation shall be at a 1074 rate of not less than the federal hourly minimum wage nor more 1075 than Twelve Dollars (\$12.00) per hour. Poll managers shall not be 1076 compensated for more than sixteen (16) hours of attendance at the 1077 training sessions regardless of the actual amount of time that 1078 they attended the training sessions.

1079 (4) The time and location of the training sessions required 1080 pursuant to this section shall be announced to the general public 1081 by posting a notice thereof at the courthouse and by delivering a copy of the notice to the office of a newspaper having general 1082 circulation in the county five (5) days before the date upon which 1083 1084 the training session is to be conducted. Persons who will serve 1085 as poll watchers for candidates and political parties, as well as 1086 members of the general public, shall be allowed to attend the 1087 sessions.

(5) Subject to the following annual limitations, the election commissioners shall be entitled to receive a per diem in the amount of One Hundred Dollars (\$100.00), to be paid from the county general fund, for every day or period of no less than five (5) hours accumulated over two (2) or more days actually employed

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1093 in the performance of their duties for the necessary time spent in 1094 conducting training sessions as required by this section:

(a) In counties having less than fifteen thousand
(15,000) residents according to the latest federal decennial
census, not more than five (5) days per year;

(b) In counties having fifteen thousand (15,000) residents according to the latest federal decennial census but less than thirty thousand (30,000) residents according to the latest federal decennial census, not more than eight (8) days per year;

(c) In counties having thirty thousand (30,000) residents according to the latest federal decennial census but less than seventy thousand (70,000) residents according to the latest federal decennial census, not more than ten (10) days per year;

(d) In counties having seventy thousand (70,000) residents according to the latest federal decennial census but less than ninety thousand (90,000) residents according to the latest federal decennial census, not more than twelve (12) days per year;

(e) In counties having ninety thousand (90,000) residents according to the latest federal decennial census but less than one hundred seventy thousand (170,000) residents according to the latest federal decennial census, not more than fifteen (15) days per year;

(f) In counties having one hundred seventy thousand (170,000) residents according to the latest federal decennial census but less than two hundred thousand (200,000) residents according to the latest federal decennial census, not more than eighteen (18) days per year;

(g) In counties having two hundred thousand (200,000) residents according to the latest federal decennial census but less than two hundred twenty-five thousand (225,000) residents according to the latest federal decennial census, not more than nineteen (19) days per year;

(h) In counties having two hundred twenty-five thousand
(225,000) residents or more according to the latest federal
decennial census, not more than twenty-two (22) days per year.

(6) Election commissioners shall claim the per diem authorized in subsection (5) of this section in the manner provided for in Section 23-15-153(6).

(7) (a) To provide poll manager training, the Secretary of State has developed a single, comprehensive poll manager training program to ensure uniform, secure elections throughout the state. The program includes online training on all state and federal election laws and procedures and voting machine opening and closing procedures.

(b) County poll managers who individually access and complete the online training program, including all skills assessments, at least five (5) days before an election shall be

1143 defined as "certified poll managers," and entitled to a
1144 "Certificate of Completion."

(c) At least one (1) certified poll manager shall be appointed by the county election officials to work in each polling place in the county during each general election.

1148 **SECTION 22.** Section 37-7-307, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 1149 brought forward as follows:

1150 37-7-307. (1) For purposes of this section, the term 1151 "licensed employee" means any employee of a public school district 1152 required to hold a valid license by the Commission on Teacher and 1153 Administrator Education, Certification and Licensure and 1154 Development.

(2) The school board of a school district shall establish by rules and regulations a policy of sick leave with pay for licensed employees and teacher assistants employed in the school district, and such policy shall include the following minimum provisions for sick and emergency leave with pay:

(a) Each licensed employee and teacher assistant, at the beginning of each school year, shall be credited with a minimum sick leave allowance, with pay, of seven (7) days for absences caused by illness or physical disability of the employee during that school year.

(b) Any unused portion of the total sick leave allowance shall be carried over to the next school year and credited to such licensed employee and teacher assistant if the

H. B. No. 1037 **~ OFFICIAL ~** 22/HR31/R1087 PAGE 47 (ENK\JAB) 1168 licensed employee or teacher assistant remains employed in the 1169 same school district. In the event any public school licensed employee or teacher assistant transfers from one public school 1170 1171 district in Mississippi to another, any unused portion of the 1172 total sick leave allowance credited to such licensed employee or 1173 teacher assistant shall be credited to such licensed employee or teacher assistant in the computation of unused leave for 1174 1175 retirement purposes under Section 25-11-109. Accumulation of sick 1176 leave allowed under this section shall be unlimited.

(c) No deduction from the pay of such licensed employee or teacher assistant may be made because of absence of such licensed employee or teacher assistant caused by illness or physical disability of the licensed employee or teacher assistant until after all sick leave allowance credited to such licensed employee or teacher assistant has been used.

1183 (d) For the first ten (10) days of absence of a 1184 licensed employee because of illness or physical disability, in any school year, in excess of the sick leave allowance credited to 1185 1186 such licensed employee, there shall be deducted from the pay of 1187 such licensed employee the established substitute amount of 1188 licensed employee compensation paid in that local school district, 1189 necessitated because of the absence of the licensed employee as a 1190 result of illness or physical disability. In lieu of deducting 1191 the established substitute amount from the pay of such licensed 1192 employee, the policy may allow the licensed employee to receive

full pay for the first ten (10) days of absence because of illness or physical disability, in any school year, in excess of the sick leave allowance credited to such licensed employee. Thereafter, the regular pay of such absent licensed employee shall be suspended and withheld in its entirety for any period of absence because of illness or physical disability during that school year.

1199 Beginning with the school year 1983-1984, each (3) (a) 1200 licensed employee at the beginning of each school year shall be 1201 credited with a minimum personal leave allowance, with pay, of two 1202 (2) days for absences caused by personal reasons during that school year. Effective for the 2010-2011 and 2011-2012 school 1203 1204 years, licensed employees shall be credited with an additional 1205 one-half (1/2) day of personal leave for every day the licensed 1206 employee is furloughed without pay as provided in Section 1207 37-7-308. Except as otherwise provided in paragraph (b) of this 1208 subsection, such personal leave shall not be taken on the first 1209 day of the school term, the last day of the school term, on a day previous to a holiday or a day after a holiday. Personal leave 1210 1211 may be used for professional purposes, including absences caused 1212 by attendance of such licensed employee at a seminar, class, 1213 training program, professional association or other functions 1214 designed for educators. No deduction from the pay of such licensed employee may be made because of absence of such licensed 1215 1216 employee caused by personal reasons until after all personal leave 1217 allowance credited to such licensed employee has been used.

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H. B. No. 1037 22/HR31/R1087 PAGE 49 (ENK\JAB) 1218 However, the superintendent of a school district, in his 1219 discretion, may allow a licensed employee personal leave in addition to any minimum personal leave allowance, under the 1220 1221 condition that there shall be deducted from the salary of such 1222 licensed employee the actual amount of any compensation paid to 1223 any person as a substitute, necessitated because of the absence of 1224 the licensed employee. Any unused portion of the total personal 1225 leave allowance up to five (5) days shall be carried over to the 1226 next school year and credited to such licensed employee if the 1227 licensed employee remains employed in the same school district. 1228 Any personal leave allowed for a furlough day shall not be carried over to the next school year. 1229

(b) Notwithstanding the restrictions on the use of
personal leave prescribed under paragraph (a) of this subsection,
a licensed employee may use personal leave as follows:

(i) Personal leave may be taken on the first day of the school term, the last day of the school term, on a day previous to a holiday or a day after a holiday if, on the applicable day, an immediate family member of the employee is being deployed for military service.

(ii) Personal leave may be taken on a day previous to a holiday or a day after a holiday if an employee of a school district has either a minimum of ten (10) years' experience as an employee of that school district or a minimum of thirty (30) days

H. B. No. 1037 *** OFFICIAL ~** 22/HR31/R1087 PAGE 50 (ENK\JAB) 1242 of unused accumulated leave that has been earned while employed in 1243 that school district.

(iii) Personal leave may be taken on the first day of the school term, the last day of the school term, on a day previous to a holiday or a day after a holiday if, on the applicable day, the employee has been summoned to appear for jury duty or as a witness in court.

(iv) Personal leave may be taken on the first day of the school term, the last day of the school term, on a day previous to a holiday or a day after a holiday if, on the applicable day, an immediate family member of the employee dies or funeral services are held. Any day of the three (3) bereavement days may be used at the discretion of the teacher, and are not required to be taken in consecutive succession.

For the purpose of this subsection (3), the term "immediate family member" means spouse, parent, stepparent, child or stepchild, grandparent or sibling, including a stepbrother or stepsister.

(4) Beginning with the school year 1992-1993, each licensed
employee shall be credited with a professional leave allowance,
with pay, for each day of absence caused by reason of such
employee's statutorily required membership and attendance at a
regular or special meeting held within the State of Mississippi of
the State Board of Education, the Commission on Teacher and
Administrator Education, Certification and Licensure and

H. B. No. 1037 *** OFFICIAL ~** 22/HR31/R1087 PAGE 51 (ENK\JAB) 1267 Development, the Commission on School Accreditation, the 1268 Mississippi Authority for Educational Television, the meetings of 1269 the state textbook rating committees or other meetings authorized 1270 by local school board policy.

1271 Upon retirement from employment, each licensed and (5)1272 nonlicensed employee shall be paid for not more than thirty (30) 1273 days of unused accumulated leave earned while employed by the 1274 school district in which the employee is last employed. Such 1275 payment for licensed employees shall be made by the school 1276 district at a rate equal to the amount paid to substitute teachers 1277 and for nonlicensed employees, the payment shall be made by the 1278 school district at a rate equal to the federal minimum wage. The 1279 payment shall be treated in the same manner for retirement 1280 purposes as a lump-sum payment for personal leave as provided in Section 25-11-103(f). Any remaining lawfully credited unused 1281 1282 leave, for which payment has not been made, shall be certified to 1283 the Public Employees' Retirement System in the same manner and 1284 subject to the same limitations as otherwise provided by law for 1285 unused leave. No payment for unused accumulated leave may be made 1286 to either a licensed or nonlicensed employee at termination or 1287 separation from service for any purpose other than for the purpose 1288 of retirement.

1289 (6) The school board may adopt rules and regulations which 1290 will reasonably aid to implement the policy of sick and personal

H. B. No. 1037 **~ OFFICIAL ~** 22/HR31/R1087 PAGE 52 (ENK\JAB) 1291 leave, including, but not limited to, rules and regulations having 1292 the following general effect:

(a) Requiring the absent employee to furnish the
certificate of a physician or dentist or other medical
practitioner as to the illness of the absent licensed employee,
where the absence is for four (4) or more consecutive school days,
or for two (2) consecutive school days immediately preceding or
following a nonschool day;

(b) Providing penalties, by way of full deduction from salary, or entry on the work record of the employee, or other appropriate penalties, for any materially false statement by the employee as to the cause of absence;

(c) Forfeiture of accumulated or future sick leave, if the absence of the employee is caused by optional dental or medical treatment or surgery which could, without medical risk, have been provided, furnished or performed at a time when school was not in session;

(d) Enlarging, increasing or providing greater sick or personal leave allowances than the minimum standards established by this section in the discretion of the school board of each school district.

(7) School boards may include in their budgets provisions for the payment of substitute employees, necessitated because of the absence of regular licensed employees. All such substitute employees shall be paid wholly from district funds, except as

H. B. No. 1037 ~ OFFICIAL ~ 22/HR31/R1087 PAGE 53 (ENK\JAB) otherwise provided for long-term substitute teachers in Section 37-19-20. Such school boards, in their discretion, also may pay, from district funds other than adequate education program funds, the whole or any part of the salaries of all employees granted leaves for the purpose of special studies or training.

1321 (8) The school board may further adopt rules and regulations 1322 which will reasonably implement such leave policies for all other 1323 nonlicensed and hourly paid school employees as the board deems 1324 appropriate. Effective for the 2010-2011 and 2011-2012 school 1325 years, nonlicensed employees shall be credited with an additional 1326 one-half (1/2) day of personal leave for every day the nonlicensed 1327 employee is furloughed without pay as provided in Section 1328 37-7-308.

Vacation leave granted to either licensed or nonlicensed 1329 (9) 1330 employees shall be synonymous with personal leave. Unused 1331 vacation or personal leave accumulated by licensed employees in 1332 excess of the maximum five (5) days which may be carried over from one year to the next may be converted to sick leave. The annual 1333 1334 conversion of unused vacation or personal leave to sick days for 1335 licensed or unlicensed employees shall not exceed the allowable 1336 number of personal leave days as provided in Section 25-3-93. The 1337 annual total number of converted unused vacation and/or personal 1338 days added to the annual unused sick days for any employee shall 1339 not exceed the combined allowable number of days per year provided in Sections 25-3-93 and 25-3-95. Local school board policies that 1340

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H. B. No. 1037 22/HR31/R1087 PAGE 54 (ENK\JAB) 1341 provide for vacation, personal and sick leave for employees shall 1342 not exceed the provisions for leave as provided in Sections 25-3-93 and 25-3-95. Any personal or vacation leave previously 1343 converted to sick leave under a lawfully adopted policy before May 1344 1345 1, 2004, or such personal or vacation leave accumulated and 1346 available for use prior to May 1, 2004, under a lawfully adopted policy but converted to sick leave after May 1, 2004, shall be 1347 1348 recognized as accrued leave by the local school district and 1349 available for use by the employee. The leave converted under a lawfully adopted policy prior to May 1, 2004, or such personal and 1350 1351 vacation leave accumulated and available for use as of May 1, 2004, which was subsequently converted to sick leave may be 1352 1353 certified to the Public Employees' Retirement System upon termination of employment and any such leave previously converted 1354 and certified to the Public Employees' Retirement System shall be 1355 1356 recognized.

(10) (a) For the purposes of this subsection, the following words and phrases shall have the meaning ascribed in this paragraph unless the context requires otherwise:

(i) "Catastrophic injury or illness" means a life-threatening injury or illness of an employee or a member of an employee's immediate family that totally incapacitates the employee from work, as verified by a licensed physician, and forces the employee to exhaust all leave time earned by that employee, resulting in the loss of compensation from the local

1366 school district for the employee. Conditions that are short-term 1367 in nature, including, but not limited to, common illnesses such as 1368 influenza and the measles, and common injuries, are not 1369 catastrophic. Chronic illnesses or injuries, such as cancer or 1370 major surgery, that result in intermittent absences from work and 1371 that are long-term in nature and require long recuperation periods 1372 may be considered catastrophic.

(ii) "Immediate family" means spouse, parent,
stepparent, sibling, child or stepchild, grandparent, stepbrother
or stepsister.

(b) Any school district employee may donate a portion of his or her unused accumulated personal leave or sick leave to another employee of the same school district who is suffering from a catastrophic injury or illness or who has a member of his or her immediate family suffering from a catastrophic injury or illness, in accordance with the following:

(i) The employee donating the leave (the "donor
employee") shall designate the employee who is to receive the
leave (the "recipient employee") and the amount of unused
accumulated personal leave and sick leave that is to be donated,
and shall notify the school district superintendent or his
designee of his or her designation.

(ii) The maximum amount of unused accumulated personal leave that an employee may donate to any other employee may not exceed a number of days that would leave the donor

employee with fewer than seven (7) days of personal leave remaining, and the maximum amount of unused accumulated sick leave that an employee may donate to any other employee may not exceed fifty percent (50%) of the unused accumulated sick leave of the donor employee.

(iii) An employee must have exhausted all of his or her available leave before he or she will be eligible to receive any leave donated by another employee. Eligibility for donated leave shall be based upon review and approval by the donor employee's supervisor.

1401 (iv) Before an employee may receive donated leave, 1402 he or she must provide the school district superintendent or his 1403 designee with a physician's statement that states that the illness meets the catastrophic criteria established under this section, 1404 1405 the beginning date of the catastrophic injury or illness, a 1406 description of the injury or illness, and a prognosis for recovery 1407 and the anticipated date that the recipient employee will be able 1408 to return to work.

(v) Before an employee may receive donated leave, the superintendent of education of the school district shall appoint a review committee to approve or disapprove the said donations of leave, including the determination that the illness is catastrophic within the meaning of this section.

1414 (vi) If the total amount of leave that is donated 1415 to any employee is not used by the recipient employee, the whole

H. B. No. 1037 **~ OFFICIAL ~** 22/HR31/R1087 PAGE 57 (ENK\JAB) 1416 days of donated leave shall be returned to the donor employees on 1417 a pro rata basis, based on the ratio of the number of days of 1418 leave donated by each donor employee to the total number of days 1419 of leave donated by all donor employees.

1420 (vii) Donated leave shall not be used in lieu of 1421 disability retirement.

1422 (11) Effective January 1, 2020, the provisions of this
1423 section shall be fully applicable to any licensed employee of the
1424 Mississippi School of the Arts (MSA).

1425 SECTION 23. Section 57-34-5, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 1426 brought forward as follows:

1427 57-34-5. **Definitions.** As used in this chapter, the 1428 following words and phrases shall have the meanings ascribed to 1429 them in this section, unless the context clearly indicates a 1430 different meaning:

(a) "Act" means the provisions of this chapter.
(b) "Authority" means the Alabama-Mississippi Joint
Economic Development Authority created pursuant to this chapter.

1434 (c) "Board of directors" means the board of directors 1435 of the authority.

1436

(d) "Designated geographic area" means:

(i) Those counties in the State of Alabama that share a common border with any county in the State of Mississippi; and

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H. B. No. 1037 22/HR31/R1087 PAGE 58 (ENK\JAB) (ii) Those counties in the State of Mississippi that share a common border with any county in the State of Alabama.

(e) "Herein," "hereby," "hereunder," "hereof" and other equivalent words refer to this chapter as an entirety and not solely to the particular section or portion thereof in which any such word is used.

1447

(f) "Project" means:

1448 (i) Any industrial, commercial, research and
1449 development, warehousing, distribution, transportation,
1450 processing, mining, United States government or tourism enterprise
1451 together with all real property required for construction,
1452 maintenance and operation of the enterprise:

1453 1. With an initial capital investment of not 1454 less than Three Hundred Million Dollars (\$300,000,000.00) from 1455 private or United States government sources together with all 1456 buildings, and other supporting land and facilities, structures or 1457 improvements of whatever kind required or useful for construction, 1458 maintenance and operation of the enterprise; or

2. With an initial capital investment of not less than One Hundred Fifty Million Dollars (\$150,000,000.00) from private or United States government sources together with all buildings and other supporting land and facilities, structures or improvements of whatever kind required or useful for construction,

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1464 maintenance and operation of the enterprise and which creates at 1465 least one thousand (1,000) net new full-time jobs; or 3. Which creates at least one thousand 1466 1467 (1,000) net new full-time jobs which provide an average hourly 1468 wage of not less than two hundred percent (200%) of the federal 1469 minimum wage in effect on the date the project is placed in 1470 service. 1471 Any addition to, or expansion of, any (ii) 1472 existing enterprise as described in this paragraph if the addition 1473 or expansion: 1474 1. Has an initial capital investment of not 1475 less than Three Hundred Million Dollars (\$300,000,000.00) from 1476 private or United States government sources; 1477 2. Has an initial capital investment of not 1478 less than One Hundred Fifty Million Dollars (\$150,000,000.00) from 1479 private or United States government sources together with all 1480 buildings and other supporting land and facilities, structures or improvements of whatever kind required or useful for construction, 1481 1482 maintenance and operation of the enterprise and which creates at 1483 least one thousand (1,000) net new full-time jobs; or 1484 3. Creates at least one thousand (1,000) net 1485 new full-time jobs which provide an average hourly wage of not less than two hundred percent (200%) of the federal minimum wage 1486 in effect on the date the project is placed in service. 1487

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(iii) Any development with an initial capital investment from private sources of not less than Seven Hundred Fifty Million Dollars (\$750,000,000.00) which will create at least three thousand (3,000) net new full-time jobs satisfying criteria to be established by the authority.

1493 In addition to meeting the other requirements of this 1494 paragraph, in order to fall within the definition of the term 1495 "project":

1496 (i) The enterprise or development must be located1497 within the designated geographic area; and

(ii) Each state must provide funds or in-kind contributions equal to at least one-third (1/3) of the total costs of the project to the states.

(g) "Project agreement" means an agreement, approved by the Legislature of the states, setting forth certain obligations, responsibilities, benefits, administrative matters and any other matters with respect to a specific project that are not inconsistent with the terms of this chapter as the legislatures of the states deem appropriate with respect to a specific project.

1507

(h) "Project tax revenues" means:

(i) All of the following state and local taxes
paid directly to a state or a local government by the project:
income taxes, ad valorem taxes on real and personal property,
sales and use taxes, franchise taxes, license taxes, excise taxes
and severance taxes; and

H. B. No. 1037 **~ OFFICIAL ~** 22/HR31/R1087 PAGE 61 (ENK\JAB) (ii) All state and local personal income tax and occupational tax withholdings from employees of the project attributable to employment at the project.

1516 (i) "States" means the State of Alabama and the State1517 of Mississippi collectively.

1518 SECTION 24. Section 85-3-4, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 1519 brought forward as follows:

1520 85-3-4. (1) The wages, salaries or other compensation of 1521 laborers or employees, residents of this state, shall be exempt 1522 from seizure under attachment, execution or garnishment for a 1523 period of thirty (30) days from the date of service of any writ of 1524 attachment, execution or garnishment.

1525 (2) After the passage of the period of thirty (30) days 1526 described in subsection (1) of this section, the maximum part of 1527 the aggregate disposable earnings (as defined by Section 1672(b) 1528 of Title 15, USCS) of an individual that may be levied by 1529 attachment, execution or garnishment shall be:

1530 (a) In the case of earnings for any workweek, the1531 lesser amount of either,

1532 (i) Twenty-five percent (25%) of his disposable1533 earnings for that week, or

(ii) The amount by which his disposable earnings for that week exceed thirty (30) times the federal minimum hourly wage (prescribed by section 206 (a)(1) of Title 29, USCS) in effect at the time the earnings are payable; or

H. B. No. 1037 **~ OFFICIAL ~** 22/HR31/R1087 PAGE 62 (ENK\JAB) (b) In the case of earnings for any period other than a week, the amount by which his disposable earnings exceed the following "multiple" of the federal minimum hourly wage which is equivalent in effect to that set forth in subparagraph (a) (ii) of this subsection (2): The number of workweeks, or fractions thereof multiplied by thirty (30) multiplied by the applicable federal minimum wage.

1545 (3) (a) The restrictions of subsections (1) and (2) of this 1546 section do not apply in the case of:

(i) Any order for the support of any person issued by a court of competent jurisdiction or in accordance with an administrative procedure, which is established by state law, which affords substantial due process, and which is subject to judicial review.

(ii) Any debt due for any state or local tax.
(b) Except as provided in subparagraph (b) (iii) of this
subsection (3), the maximum part of the aggregate disposable
earnings of an individual for any workweek which is subject to
garnishment to enforce any order for the support of any person
shall not exceed:

(i) Where such individual is supporting his spouse
or dependent child (other than a spouse or child with respect to
whose support such order is used), fifty percent (50%) of such
individual's disposable earnings for that week; and

H. B. No. 1037 **~ OFFICIAL ~** 22/HR31/R1087 PAGE 63 (ENK\JAB) (ii) Where such individual is not supporting such a spouse or dependent child described in subparagraph (b)(i) of this subsection (3), sixty percent (60%) of such individual's disposable earnings for that week;

1566 (iii) With respect to the disposable earnings of 1567 any individual for that workweek, the fifty percent (50%) specified in subparagraph (b)(i) of this subsection (3) shall be 1568 1569 deemed to be fifty-five percent (55%) and the sixty percent (60%) 1570 specified in subparagraph (b) (ii) of this subsection (3) shall be 1571 deemed to be sixty-five percent (65%), if and to the extent that 1572 such earnings are subject to garnishment to enforce a support 1573 order with respect to a period which is prior to the period of 1574 twelve (12) weeks which ends with the beginning of such workweek. 1575 Section 97-3-54.4, Mississippi Code of 1972, is SECTION 25. 1576 brought forward as follows:

1577 97-3-54.4. For the purposes of the Mississippi Human 1578 Trafficking Act the following words and phrases shall have the 1579 meanings ascribed herein unless the context clearly requires 1580 otherwise:

1581 (a) "Act" or "this act" means the Mississippi Human 1582 Trafficking Act.

1583 (b) "Actor" means a person who violates any of the 1584 provisions of Sections 97-3-54 through 97-3-54.4.

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1585 (c) "Blackmail" means obtaining property or things of 1586 value of another by threatening to (i) inflict bodily injury on 1587 anyone; or (ii) commit any other criminal offense.

1588

(d) "Coerce" or "coercion" means:

(i) Causing or threatening to cause bodily harm to
any person, physically restraining or confining any person, or
threatening to physically restrain or confine any person;

(ii) Exposing or threatening to expose any fact or information or disseminating or threatening to disseminate any fact or information that would tend to subject a person to criminal or immigration proceedings, hatred, contempt or ridicule;

(iii) Destroying, concealing, removing, confiscating or possessing any actual or purported passport or other immigration document, or any other actual or purported government identification document of any person;

1600 (iv) Providing a controlled substance to a person 1601 for the purpose of compelling the person to engage in labor or 1602 sexual servitude against the person's will;

1603 (v) Causing or threatening to cause financial harm1604 to any person or using financial control over any person;

1605 (vi) Abusing or threatening to abuse a position of 1606 power, the law, or legal process;

1607 (vii) Using blackmail;

1608 (viii) Using an individual's personal services as 1609 payment or satisfaction of a real or purported debt when: 1. the

H. B. No. 1037 **~ OFFICIAL ~** 22/HR31/R1087 PAGE 65 (ENK\JAB) 1610 reasonable value of the services is not applied toward the 1611 liquidation of the debt; 2. the length of the services is not 1612 limited and the nature of the services is not defined; 3. the 1613 principal amount of the debt does not reasonably reflect the value 1614 of the items or services for which the debt is incurred; or 4. the 1615 individual is prevented from acquiring accurate and timely 1616 information about the disposition of the debt; or

1617 (ix) Using any scheme, plan or pattern of conduct 1618 intended to cause any person to believe that, if the person did 1619 not perform the labor or services, that the person or another 1620 person would suffer serious harm or physical restraint.

(e) "Commercial sexual activity" means any sex act on account of which anything of value is given to, promised to, or received by any person.

(f) "Enterprise" means any individual, sole
proprietorship, partnership, corporation, union or other legal
entity, or any association or group of individuals associated in
fact regardless of whether a legal entity has been formed pursuant
to any state, federal or territorial law. It includes illicit as
well as licit enterprises and governmental as well as other
entities.

(g) "Financial harm" includes, but is not limited to, extortion as defined by Section 97-3-82, Mississippi Code of 1972, or violation of the usury law as defined by Title 75, Chapter 17, Mississippi Code of 1972.

H. B. No. 1037 **~ OFFICIAL ~** 22/HR31/R1087 PAGE 66 (ENK\JAB) 1635 (h) "Forced labor or services" means labor or services 1636 that are performed or provided by another person and are obtained 1637 or maintained through coercion.

(i) "Labor" means work of economic or financial value.
(j) "Maintain" means, in relation to labor or services,
to secure continued performance thereof, regardless of any initial
agreement on the part of the trafficked person to perform such
labor or service.

1643 (k) "Minor" means a person under the age of eighteen
1644 (18) years.

1645 (1) "Obtain" means, in relation to labor or services,1646 to secure performance thereof.

1647 (m) "Pecuniary damages" means any of the following:

(i) The greater of the gross income or value to the defendant of the victim's labor or services, including sexual services, not reduced by the expense the defendant incurred as a result of maintaining the victim, or the value of the victim's labor or services calculated under the minimum wage and overtime provisions of the Fair Labor Standards Act, 29 USCS Section 201 et seq., whichever is higher;

(ii) If it is not possible or in the best interest of the victim to compute a value under subparagraph (i) of this paragraph (m), the equivalent of the value of the victim's labor or services if the victim had provided labor or services that were

H. B. No. 1037 *** OFFICIAL ~** 22/HR31/R1087 PAGE 67 (ENK\JAB) 1659 subject to the minimum wage and overtime provisions of the Fair Labor Standards Act, 29 USCS 201 et seq.; 1660 1661 (iii) Costs and expenses incurred by the victim as 1662 a result of the offense for: Medical services; 1663 1. 1664 2. Therapy or psychological counseling; 1665 Temporary housing; 3. 1666 4. Transportation; 1667 5. Childcare: 1668 6. Physical and occupational therapy or 1669 rehabilitation; 1670 Funeral, interment, and burial services; 7. 1671 reasonable attorney's fees and other legal costs; and 1672 Other expenses incurred by the victim. 8. "Serious harm" means harm, whether physical or 1673 (n) 1674 nonphysical, including psychological, economic or reputational, to 1675 an individual that would compel a reasonable person in similar 1676 circumstances as the individual to perform or continue to perform 1677 labor or services to avoid incurring the harm. 1678 "Services" means an ongoing relationship between a (\circ) 1679 person and the actor in which the person performs activities under 1680 the supervision of or for the benefit of the actor or a third party and includes, without limitation, commercial sexual 1681 1682 activity, sexually explicit performances, or the production of 1683 sexually explicit materials.

H. B. No. 1037 **~ OFFICIAL ~** 22/HR31/R1087 PAGE 68 (ENK\JAB) 1684 (p) "Sexually explicit performance" means a live or 1685 public act or show intended to arouse or satisfy the sexual 1686 desires or appeal to the prurient interests of patrons.

(q) "Trafficked person" means a person subjected to the practices prohibited by this act regardless of whether a perpetrator is identified, apprehended, prosecuted or convicted, and is a term used interchangeably with the terms "victim," "victim of trafficking" and "trafficking victim."

1692 (r) "Venture" means any group of two (2) or more 1693 individuals associated in fact, whether or not a legal entity.

1694 (s) "Sexually oriented material" shall have the meaning 1695 ascribed in Section 97-5-27, Mississippi Code of 1972.

1696 SECTION 26. Section 99-19-20, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 1697 brought forward as follows:

99-19-20. 1698 (1) Except as otherwise provided under Section 1699 99-19-20.1, when any court sentences a defendant to pay a fine, 1700 the court may order (a) that the fine be paid immediately, or (b) 1701 that the fine be paid in installments to the clerk of the court or 1702 to the judge, if there be no clerk, or (c) that payment of the 1703 fine be a condition of probation, or (d) that the defendant be 1704 required to work on public property for public benefit under the 1705 direction of the sheriff for a specific number of hours, or (e) 1706 any combination of the above.

1707 (2) Except as otherwise provided under Section 99-19-20.1,1708 the defendant may be imprisoned until the fine is paid if the

H. B. No. 1037 **~ OFFICIAL ~** 22/HR31/R1087 PAGE 69 (ENK\JAB) 1709 defendant is financially able to pay a fine and the court so 1710 finds, subject to the limitations provided under this section. 1711 The defendant shall not be imprisoned if the defendant is 1712 financially unable to pay a fine and so states to the court in 1713 writing, under oath, after sentence is pronounced, and the court 1714 so finds, except if the defendant is financially unable to pay a fine and such defendant failed or refused to comply with a prior 1715 1716 sentence as specified in subsection (1) of this section, the 1717 defendant may be imprisoned.

1718 This subsection shall be limited as follows:

(a) In no event shall such period of imprisonment
exceed one (1) day for each One Hundred Dollars (\$100.00) of the
fine.

(b) If a sentence of imprisonment, as well as a fine, were imposed, the aggregate of such term for nonpayment of a fine and the original sentence of imprisonment shall not exceed the maximum authorized term of imprisonment.

(c) It shall be in the discretion of the judge to determine the rate of the credit to be earned for work performed under subsection (1)(d), but the rate shall be no lower than the rate of the highest current federal minimum wage.

(3) Periods of confinement imposed for nonpayment of two (2) or more fines shall run consecutively unless specified by the court to run concurrently.

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1733 <u>SECTION 27.</u> (1) **Definitions.** The following words and 1734 phrases shall have the meanings as defined in this section unless 1735 the context clearly indicates otherwise:

(a) "Child" means a biological, adopted, or foster
child, a stepchild, a legal ward, or a child of a person standing
in loco parentis, who is: (i) under eighteen (18) years of age;
(ii) or eighteen (18) years of age or older and incapable of
self-care because of a mental or physical disability.

1741 (b) "Department" means the Mississippi Department of 1742 Employment Security.

1743

(c) "Director" means the director of the department.

(d) "Employee" means a person who has been employed:
(i) for at least twelve (12) months by the employer with respect
to whom leave is requested; and (ii) for at least one thousand two
hundred fifty (1,250) hours of service with the employer during
the previous twelve-month period.

1749 "Employee" does not mean a person who is employed at a 1750 worksite at which the employer employs less than fifty (50) 1751 employees if the total number of employees employed by that 1752 employer within seventy-five (75) miles of that worksite is less 1753 than fifty (50).

(e) "Employer" means: (i) any person, firm,
corporation, partnership, business trust, legal representative, or
other business entity which engages in any business, industry,
profession, or activity in this state and includes any unit of

H. B. No. 1037 22/HR31/R1087 PAGE 71 (ENK\JAB) 1758 local government including, but not limited to, a county, city, 1759 town, municipal corporation, quasi-municipal corporation, or political subdivision, which employs fifty (50) or more employees 1760 1761 for each working day during each of twenty (20) or more calendar 1762 workweeks in the current or preceding calendar year; (ii) the 1763 state, state institutions, and state agencies; and (iii) any unit 1764 of local government including, but not limited to, a county, city, 1765 town, municipal corporation, quasi-municipal corporation, or 1766 political subdivision.

(f) "Employment benefits" means all benefits provided or made available to employees by an employer, including group life insurance, health insurance, disability insurance, sick leave, annual leave, educational benefits, and pensions except benefits that are provided by a practice or written policy of an employer or through an employee benefit plan as defined in 29 USC Section 1002(3).

1774 (g) "Family member" means a child, parent, spouse, or 1775 state registered domestic partner of an employee.

(h) "Health care provider" means: (i) a person
licensed as a physician or an osteopathic physician and surgeon;
(ii) a person licensed as an advanced registered nurse
practitioner; or (iii) any other person determined by the director
to be capable of providing health care services.

1781 (i) "Intermittent leave" is leave taken in separate1782 blocks of time due to a single qualifying reason.

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1783 (j) "Leave for a family member's serious health 1784 condition" means leave as defined in subsection (3) of this 1785 section.

1786 (k) "Leave for the birth or placement of a child" means1787 leave as defined in subsection (3) of this section.

1788 (1) "Leave for the employee's serious health condition" 1789 means leave as defined in subsection (3) of this section.

(m) "Parent" means the biological or adoptive parent of an employee or an individual who stood in loco parentis to an employee when the employee was a child.

(n) "Period of incapacity" means an inability to work, attend school, or perform other regular daily activities because of the serious health condition, treatment of that condition or recovery from it, or subsequent treatment in connection with such inpatient care.

(o) "Reduced leave schedule" means a leave schedule
that reduces the usual number of hours per workweek, or hours per
workday, of an employee.

1801 "Serious health condition" means an illness, (p) (i) injury, impairment, or physical or mental condition that involves: 1802 1803 1. inpatient care in a hospital, hospice, or residential medical 1804 care facility, including any period of incapacity; or 2. 1805 continuing treatment by a health care provider. A serious health condition involving continuing treatment by a health care provider 1806 1807 includes any one or more of the following:

H. B. No. 1037 **~ OFFICIAL ~** 22/HR31/R1087 PAGE 73 (ENK\JAB) 1808 1. A period of incapacity of more than three 1809 (3) consecutive calendar days, and any subsequent treatment or period of incapacity relating to the same condition, that also 1810 involves: 1811 1812 Treatment two (2) or more times by a a. 1813 health care provider, by a nurse or physician's assistant under direct supervision of a health care provider, or by a provider of 1814 1815 health care services under orders of, or on referral by, a health 1816 care provider; or 1817 b. Treatment by a health care provider 1818 on at least one (1) occasion which results in a regimen of 1819 continuing treatment under the supervision of the health care 1820 provider; 1821 Any period of incapacity due to pregnancy, 2. 1822 or for prenatal care; 1823 3. Any period of incapacity or treatment for 1824 such incapacity due to a chronic serious health condition. А 1825 chronic serious health condition is one which: 1826 Requires periodic visits for a. 1827 treatment by a health care provider, or by a nurse or physician's 1828 assistant under direct supervision of a health care provider; 1829 b. Continues over an extended period of 1830 time, including recurring episodes of a single underlying 1831 condition; and

1832 c. May cause episodic rather than a 1833 continuing period of incapacity;

4. A period of incapacity which is permanent or long-term due to a condition for which treatment may not be effective. The employee or family member must be under the continuing supervision of, but need not be receiving active treatment by, a health care provider; or

1839 5. Any period of absence to receive multiple 1840 treatments, including any period of recovery from the treatments, 1841 by a health care provider or by a provider of health care services 1842 under orders of, or on referral by, a health care provider, either for restorative surgery after an accident or other injury, or for 1843 1844 a condition that would likely result in a period of incapacity of more than three (3) consecutive calendar days in the absence of 1845 medical intervention or treatment, such as cancer, severe 1846 1847 arthritis, or kidney disease.

(ii) Treatment for purposes of subparagraph (i) of this paragraph (p) includes, but is not limited to, examinations to determine if a serious health condition exists and evaluations of the condition.

1852 Treatment does not include routine physical examinations, eye 1853 examinations, or dental examinations. Under subparagraph (i)1.b. 1854 of this paragraph (p), a regimen of continuing treatment includes, 1855 but is not limited to, a course of prescription medication or 1856 therapy requiring special equipment to resolve or alleviate the

1857 health condition. A regimen of continuing treatment that includes 1858 taking over-the-counter medications, such as aspirin, 1859 antihistamines, or salves, or bed rest, drinking fluids, exercise, 1860 and other similar activities that can be initiated without a visit 1861 to a health care provider, is not, by itself, sufficient to 1862 constitute a regimen of continuing treatment for purposes of this 1863 act.

Conditions for which cosmetic treatments are 1864 (iii) 1865 administered are not "serious health conditions" unless inpatient 1866 hospital care is required or unless complications develop. Unless 1867 complications arise, the common cold, the flu, earaches, upset 1868 stomach, minor ulcers, headaches other than migraine, routine 1869 dental or orthodontia problems, and periodontal disease are examples of conditions that do not meet the definition of a 1870 "serious health condition" and do not qualify for leave under this 1871 1872 act. Restorative dental or plastic surgery after an injury or 1873 removal of cancerous growths are serious health conditions provided all the other conditions of this section are met. 1874

1875 Mental illness resulting from stress or allergies may be 1876 serious health conditions provided all the other conditions of 1877 this section are met.

1878 (iv) Substance abuse may be a serious health 1879 condition if the conditions of this section are met. However, 1880 leave may only be taken for treatment for substance abuse by a 1881 health care provider or by a provider of health care services upon

H. B. No. 1037 22/HR31/R1087 PAGE 76 (ENK\JAB) 1882 referral by a health care provider. Absence from work because of 1883 the employee's use of the substance, rather than for treatment, 1884 does not qualify for leave under this act.

(v) Absences attributable to incapacity under subparagraph (i)1. or 3. of this paragraph (p) qualify for leave under this act even though the employee or the immediate family member does not receive treatment from a health care provider during the absence, and even if the absence does not last more than three (3) days.

1891 (q) "Spouse" means a husband or wife, as the case may 1892 be, or state registered domestic partner.

1893 (2) Administration. The Mississippi Department of
1894 Employment Security shall administer the provisions of this act.

1895 (3) Entitlement to paid leave. (a) An employee is entitled
1896 to a total of twelve (12) workweeks of paid leave during any
1897 twelve-month period for one or more of the following:

1898 (i) Because of the birth of a child of the1899 employee and in order to care for the child;

1900 (ii) Because of the placement of a child with the 1901 employee for adoption or foster care;

(iii) In order to care for a family member of the employee, if the family member has a serious health condition; or (iv) Because of a serious health condition that makes the employee unable to perform the functions of the position of the employee.

H. B. No. 1037 *** OFFICIAL ~** 22/HR31/R1087 PAGE 77 (ENK\JAB) (b) The entitlement to leave for the birth or placement of a child expires at the end of the twelve-month period beginning on the date of such birth or placement.

1910

(4) Leave taken intermittently or on reduced leave schedule.

(a) When paid leave is taken after the birth or placement of a child for adoption or foster care, an employee may take paid leave intermittently or on a reduced paid leave schedule with the employers' agreement. The employers' agreement is not required, however, for paid leave during which the employee has a serious health condition in connection with the birth of a child or if the newborn child has a serious health condition.

1918 Paid leave may be taken intermittently or on a (b) 1919 reduced leave schedule when medically necessary for medical treatment of a serious health condition by or under the 1920 1921 supervision of a health care provider, or for recovery from 1922 treatment or recovery from a serious health condition. It may 1923 also be taken to provide care or psychological comfort to an immediate family member with a serious health condition. 1924

(i) Intermittent paid leave may be taken for a serious health condition that requires treatment by a health care provider periodically, rather than for one (1) continuous period of time, and may include leave of periods from an hour or more to several weeks.

1930 (ii) Intermittent or reduced schedule paid leave1931 may be taken for absences where the employee or family member is

H. B. No. 1037 **~ OFFICIAL ~** 22/HR31/R1087 PAGE 78 (ENK\JAB) 1932 incapacitated or unable to perform the essential functions of the 1933 position because of a chronic serious health condition even if he 1934 or she does not receive treatment by a health care provider.

(c) There is no limit on the size of an increment of paid leave when an employee takes intermittent paid leave or paid leave on a reduced paid leave schedule. However, an employer may limit leave increments to the shortest period of time that the employer's payroll system uses to account for absences or use of leave, provided it is one (1) hour or less.

(d) The taking of paid leave intermittently or on a reduced leave schedule under this section may not result in a reduction in the total amount of leave to which the employee is entitled beyond the amount of leave actually taken.

(e) If an employee requests intermittent paid leave, or leave on a reduced leave schedule, for a family member's serious health condition or the employees' serious health condition when the condition is foreseeable based on planned medical treatment, the employer may require such employee to transfer temporarily to an available alternative position offered by the employer for which the employee is qualified and that:

(i) Has equivalent pay and benefits; and
(ii) Better accommodates recurring periods of
leave than the regular employment position of the employee.
(5) Foreseeable paid leave. (a) If the necessity for paid
leave for the birth or placement of a child is foreseeable based

H. B. No. 1037 **~ OFFICIAL ~** 22/hR31/R1087 PAGE 79 (ENK\JAB) 1957 on an expected birth or placement, the employee shall provide the 1958 employer with not less than thirty (30) days notice, before the 1959 date the leave is to begin, of the employee's intention to take 1960 leave for the birth or placement of a child, except that if the 1961 date of the birth or placement requires leave to begin in less 1962 than thirty (30) days, the employee shall provide such notice as 1963 is practicable.

(b) If the necessity for paid leave for a family member's serious health condition or the employee's serious health condition is foreseeable based on planned medical treatment, the employee:

(i) Must make a reasonable effort to schedule the treatment so as not to unduly disrupt the operations of the employer, subject to the approval of the health care provider of the employee or the health care provider of the family member, as appropriate; and

(ii) Must provide the employer with not less than thirty (30) days notice, before the date the leave is to begin, of the employee's intention to take leave for a family member's serious health condition or the employee's serious health condition, except that if the date of the treatment requires leave to begin in less than thirty (30) days, the employee must provide such notice as is practicable.

1980 (6) **Spouses employed by same employer.** If spouses entitled 1981 to leave under this act are employed by the same employer, the

H. B. No. 1037 **~ OFFICIAL ~** 22/HR31/R1087 PAGE 80 (ENK\JAB) aggregate number of workweeks of paid leave to which both may be entitled may be limited to twelve (12) workweeks during any twelve-month period, if such leave is taken: (a) for the birth or placement of a child; or (b) for a parent's serious health condition.

1987 (7) Certification. (a) An employer may require that a request for paid leave for a family member's serious health 1988 1989 condition or the employee's serious health condition be supported 1990 by a certification issued by the health care provider of the 1991 employee or of the family member, as appropriate. The employee 1992 must provide, in a timely manner, a copy of the certification to 1993 the employer.

1994 (b) Certification provided under paragraph (a) of this1995 subsection is sufficient if it states:

1996 (i) The date on which the serious health condition1997 commenced;

1998 (ii) The probable duration of the condition; 1999 The appropriate medical facts within the (iii) 2000 knowledge of the health care provider regarding the condition; 2001 (iv) 1. For purposes of leave for a family 2002 member's serious health condition, a statement that the employee 2003 is needed to care for the family member and an estimate of the 2004 amount of time that such employee is needed to care for the family 2005 member; and

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2006 2. For purposes of leave for the employee's 2007 serious health condition, a statement that the employee is unable 2008 to perform the functions of the position of the employee;

2009 (v) In the case of certification for intermittent 2010 leave, or leave on a reduced leave schedule, for planned medical 2011 treatment, the dates on which the treatment is expected to be 2012 given and the duration of the treatment;

(vi) In the case of certification for intermittent leave, or leave on a reduced leave schedule, for the employee's serious health condition, a statement of the medical necessity for the intermittent leave or leave on a reduced leave schedule, and the expected duration of the intermittent leave or reduced leave schedule; and

2019 (vii) In the case of certification for 2020 intermittent leave, or leave on a reduced leave schedule, for a 2021 family member's serious health condition, a statement that the 2022 employee's intermittent leave or leave on a reduced leave schedule 2023 is necessary for the care of the family member who has a serious 2024 health condition, or will assist in their recovery, and the 2025 expected duration and schedule of the intermittent leave or 2026 reduced leave schedule.

(c) If the employer has reason to doubt the validity of the certification provided under paragraph (a) of this subsection (7) for leave for a family member's serious health condition or the employee's serious health condition, the employer may require,

H. B. No. 1037 **~ OFFICIAL ~** 22/HR31/R1087 PAGE 82 (ENK\JAB) at the expense of the employer, that the employee obtain the opinion of a second health care provider designated or approved by the employer concerning any information certified under paragraph (b) of this subsection (7) for the leave. The second health care provider may not be employed on a regular basis by the employer.

2036 (d) If the second opinion described in paragraph (c) of 2037 this subsection (7) differs from the opinion in the original 2038 certification provided under paragraph (a) of this subsection (7), 2039 the employer may require, at the expense of the employer, that the employee obtain the opinion of a third health care provider 2040 2041 designated or approved jointly by the employer and the employee 2042 concerning the information certified under paragraph (b) of this 2043 subsection (7). The opinion of the third health care provider 2044 concerning the information certified under paragraph (b) of this subsection (7) is considered to be final and is binding on the 2045 2046 employer and the employee.

2047 (e) The employer may require that the employee obtain 2048 subsequent recertifications on a reasonable basis.

(8) Employment protection. (a) Except as provided in paragraph (b) of this subsection, any employee who takes paid leave for the intended purpose of the leave is entitled, on return from the leave:

2053 (i) To be restored by the employer to the position 2054 of employment held by the employee when the leave commenced; or

H. B. No. 1037 **~ OFFICIAL ~** 22/HR31/R1087 PAGE 83 (ENK\JAB) (ii) To be restored to an equivalent position with equivalent employment benefits, pay, and other terms and conditions of employment at a workplace within twenty (20) miles of the employee's workplace when leave commenced.

2059 (b) The taking of leave may not result in the loss of 2060 any employment benefits accrued before the date on which the leave 2061 commenced.

2062 (c) Nothing in this section entitles any restored 2063 employee to (i) the accrual of any seniority or employment 2064 benefits during any period of leave; or (ii) any right, benefit, 2065 or position of employment other than any right, benefit, or 2066 position to which the employee would have been entitled had the 2067 employee not taken the leave.

2068 As a condition of restoration under paragraph (a) (d) 2069 of this subsection for an employee who has taken leave for the 2070 employee's serious health condition, the employer may have a 2071 uniformly applied practice or policy that requires each such 2072 employee to receive certification from the health care provider of 2073 the employee that the employee is able to resume work, except that 2074 nothing in this paragraph (d) supersedes a valid local law or a 2075 collective bargaining agreement that governs the return to work of 2076 such employees.

2077 (e) Nothing in this subsection prohibits an employer 2078 from requiring an employee on leave to report periodically to the

H. B. No. 1037 **~ OFFICIAL ~** 22/HR31/R1087 PAGE 84 (ENK\JAB) 2079 employer on the status and intention of the employee to return to 2080 work.

An employer may deny restoration under this subsection to any salaried employee who is among the highest paid ten percent (10%) of the employees employed by the employer within seventy-five (75) miles of the facility at which the employee is employed if:

2085 (i) Denial is necessary to prevent substantial and 2086 grievous economic injury to the operations of the employer;

(ii) The employer notifies the employee of the intent of the employer to deny restoration on such basis at the time the employer determines that the injury would occur; and

2090 (iii) The leave has commenced and the employee 2091 elects not to return to employment after receiving the notice.

2092 Employment benefits. During any period of paid leave (9) 2093 taken, if the employee is not eligible for any employer 2094 contribution to medical or dental benefits under an applicable 2095 collective bargaining agreement or employer policy during any 2096 period of leave, an employer shall allow the employee to continue, 2097 at the employee's expense, medical or dental insurance coverage, 2098 including any spouse and dependent coverage, in accordance with 2099 state or federal law. The premium to be paid by the employee shall not exceed one hundred two percent (102%) of the applicable 2100 2101 premium for the leave period.

2102 (10) Prohibited acts. (a) It is unlawful for any employer 2103 to:

H. B. No. 1037 **~ OFFICIAL ~** 22/HR31/R1087 PAGE 85 (ENK\JAB) (i) Interfere with, restrain, or deny the exercise
of, or the attempt to exercise, any right provided under this act;
or

(ii) Discharge or in any other manner discriminate against any individual for opposing any practice made unlawful by this act.

2110 (b) It is unlawful for any person to discharge or in 2111 any other manner discriminate against any individual because the 2112 individual has:

(i) Filed any charge, or has instituted or caused to be instituted any proceeding, under or related to this act; (ii) Given, or is about to give, any information in connection with any inquiry or proceeding relating to any right provided under this act; or

(iii) Testified, or is about to testify, in any inquiry or proceeding relating to any right provided under this act.

2121 Complaint investigations by director. Upon complaint (11)2122 by an employee, the director shall investigate to determine if 2123 there has been compliance with this act and the rules adopted 2124 under this act. If the investigation indicates that a violation 2125 may have occurred, a hearing must be held. The director must issue a written determination including his or her findings after 2126 the hearing. A judicial appeal from the director's determination 2127

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2128 may be taken, with the prevailing party entitled to recover 2129 reasonable costs and attorney's fees.

(12) Civil penalty. An employer who is found to have violated a requirement of this act and the rules adopted under this act, is subject to a civil penalty of not less than One Thousand Dollars (\$1,000.00) for each violation. Civil penalties must be collected by the department and deposited into the family and medical leave enforcement account.

2136 (13) Civil action by employees. (a) Any employer who 2137 violates is liable:

2138 (i) For damages equal to:

2139 1. The amount of:

2140 a. Any wages, salary, employment 2141 benefits, or other compensation denied or lost to such employee by 2142 reason of the violation; or

2143 b. In a case in which wages, salary, 2144 employment benefits, or other compensation have not been denied or 2145 lost to the employee, any actual monetary losses sustained by the 2146 employee as a direct result of the violation, such as the cost of 2147 providing care, up to a sum equal to twelve (12) weeks of wages or 2148 salary for the employee;

2149 2. The interest on the amount described in 2150 subparagraph (i)1. of this paragraph (a) calculated at the 2151 prevailing rate; and

2152 3. An additional amount as liquidated damages 2153 equal to the sum of the amount described in subparagraph (i)1. of this paragraph (a) and the interest described in subparagraph 2154 2155 (i)2. of this paragraph (a), except that if an employer who has 2156 violated proves to the satisfaction of the court that the act or 2157 omission which violated was in good faith and that the employer 2158 had reasonable grounds for believing that the act or omission was 2159 not a violation of, the court may, in the discretion of the court, 2160 reduce the amount of the liability to the amount and interest 2161 determined under subparagraph (i)1 and 2 of this paragraph (a), 2162 respectively; and

2163 (ii) For such equitable relief as may be
2164 appropriate, including employment, reinstatement, and promotion.

(b) An action to recover the damages or equitable relief prescribed in subsection (1) of this section may be maintained against any employer in any court of competent jurisdiction by any one or more employees for and on behalf of: (i) The employees; or

2170 (ii) The employees and other employees similarly 2171 situated.

(c) The court in such an action shall, in addition to
any judgment awarded to the plaintiff, allow reasonable attorney's
fees, reasonable expert witness fees, and other costs of the
action to be paid by the defendant.

2176 (14)Notice-Penalties. Each employer shall post and keep 2177 posted, in conspicuous places on the premises of the employer where notices to employees and applicants for employment are 2178 customarily posted, a notice, to be prepared or approved by the 2179 2180 director, setting forth excerpts from, or summaries of, the 2181 pertinent provisions of this act and information pertaining to the 2182 filing of a charge. Any employer that willfully violates this 2183 section may be subject to a civil penalty of not more than One 2184 Hundred Dollars (\$100.00) for each separate offense. Anv 2185 penalties collected by the department under this subsection shall 2186 be deposited into the family and medical leave enforcement 2187 account.

(15) Effect on other laws. Nothing in this act shall be construed: (a) to modify or affect any state or local law prohibiting discrimination on the basis of race, religion, color, national origin, sex, age, or disability; or (b) to supersede any provision of any local law that provides greater family or medical leave rights than the rights established under this act.

(16) Effect on existing employment benefits. Nothing in this act diminishes the obligation of an employer to comply with any collective bargaining agreement or any employment benefit program or plan that provides greater family or medical leave rights to employees than the rights established under this act.

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H. B. No. 1037 22/HR31/R1087 PAGE 89 (ENK\JAB) 2200 diminished by any collective bargaining agreement or any 2201 employment benefit program or plan.

(17) Encouragement of more generous leave policies. Nothing in this act shall be construed to discourage employers from adopting or retaining leave policies more generous than any policies that comply with the requirements under this act.

(18) Relationship to federal Family and Medical Leave Act.
(a) Leave under this section and leave under the
federal Family and Medical Leave Act of 1993 (Act Feb. 5, 1993,
Public Law 103-3, 107 Stat. 6) is in addition to any leave for
sickness or temporary disability because of pregnancy or
childbirth;

(b) Leave taken under this act must be taken
concurrently with any leave taken under the federal Family and
Medical Leave Act of 1993 (Act Feb. 5, 1993, Public Law 103-3, 107
Stat. 6).

(19) Construction. This must be construed to the extent possible in a manner that is consistent with similar provisions, if any, of the federal Family and Medical Leave Act of 1993 (Act Feb. 5, 1993, Public Law 103-3, 107 Stat. 6), and that gives consideration to the rules, precedents, and practices of the federal Department of Labor relevant to the federal act.

2222SECTION 28.Women in High-Wage, High-Demand, Nontraditional2223Jobs Grant Program. (1) The following words and phrases shall

H. B. No. 1037 *** OFFICIAL ~** 22/HR31/R1087 PAGE 90 (ENK\JAB) 2224 have the meanings as defined in this section unless the context 2225 clearly indicates otherwise:

(a) "Commissioner" means the Executive Director of theMississippi Department of Employment Security.

2228 (b) "Eligible organization" includes, but is not 2229 limited to:

2230 (i) Community-based organizations experienced in 2231 serving women;

2232 (ii) Employers;

2233	(iii) Business and trade associations;
2234	(iv) Labor unions and employee organizations;
2235	(v) Registered apprenticeship programs;
2236	(vi) Secondary and postsecondary education
2237	institutions located in Mississippi; and
2238	(vii) Workforce and economic development agencies.
2239	(c) "High-wage, high-demand" means occupations that

represent at least one-tenth of one percent (0.1%) of total employment in the base year, have an annual median salary which is higher than the average for the current year, and are projected to have more total openings as a share of employment than the average.

(d) "Low-income" means income less than two hundred percent (200%) of the federal poverty guideline adjusted for a family size of four (4).

H. B. No. 1037 *** OFFICIAL ~** 22/HR31/R1087 PAGE 91 (ENK\JAB) (e) "Nontraditional occupations" mean those occupations in which women make up less than twenty-five percent (25%) of the workforce as defined under United States Code, Title 20, Section 2251 2302.

2252 (2) Grant program. The Executive Director of the 2253 Mississippi Department of Employment Security shall establish the 2254 Women in High-Wage, High-Demand, Nontraditional Jobs Grant Program 2255 to increase the number of women in high-wage, high-demand, 2256 nontraditional occupations. The Executive Director of the 2257 Mississippi Department of Employment Security shall make grants to 2258 eligible organizations for programs that encourage and assist 2259 women to enter high-wage, high-demand, nontraditional occupations, 2260 including, but not limited to, those in the skilled trades, 2261 science, technology, engineering and math (STEM) occupations.

(3) Use of funds. Grant funds awarded under this sectionmay be used for:

(a) Recruitment, preparation, placement, and retention
of women, including low-income women with child care
responsibilities, in registered apprenticeships, postsecondary
education programs, on-the-job training and permanent employment
in high-wage, high-demand, nontraditional occupations;

(b) Secondary or postsecondary education or other training to prepare women to succeed in high-wage, high-demand, nontraditional occupations. Activities under this section may be conducted by the grantee or in collaboration with another

H. B. No. 1037 **~ OFFICIAL ~** 22/HR31/R1087 PAGE 92 (ENK\JAB) 2273 institution, including, but not limited to, a public or private 2274 secondary or postsecondary school;

2275 Innovative, hands-on best practices that stimulate (C) 2276 interest in high-wage, high-demand, nontraditional occupations 2277 among women, increase awareness among women about opportunities in 2278 high-wage, high-demand, nontraditional occupations, or increase 2279 access to secondary programming leading to jobs in high-wage, 2280 high-demand, nontraditional occupations. Best practices include, 2281 but are not limited to, mentoring, internships, or apprenticeships 2282 for women in high-wage, high-demand, nontraditional occupations;

(d) Training and other staff development for job seeker counselors and caseworkers on opportunities in high-wage, high-demand, nontraditional occupations;

(e) Incentives for employers and sponsors of registered
 apprenticeship programs to retain women in high-wage, high-demand,
 nontraditional occupations for more than one (1) year;

(f) Training and technical assistance for employers to create a safe and healthy workplace environment designed to retain and advance women, including best practices for addressing sexual harassment, and to overcome gender inequity among employers and registered apprenticeship programs;

(g) Public education and outreach activities to overcome stereotypes about women in high-wage, high-demand, nontraditional occupations, including the development of educational and marketing materials; and

H. B. No. 1037 22/HR31/R1087 PAGE 93 (ENK\JAB) (h) Support for women in high-wage, high-demand,
nontraditional occupations including, but not limited to,
assistance with workplace issues resolution and access to advocacy
assistance and services.

(4) Grant applications must include detailed informationabout how the applicant plans to:

(a) Increase women's participation in high-wage,
high-demand occupations in which women are currently
underrepresented in the workforce;

(b) Comply with the requirements under subsection (3)of this section; and

(c) Use grant funds in conjunction with funding fromother public or private sources.

(5) In awarding grants under this section, the executivedirector shall give priority to eligible organizations:

(a) With demonstrated success in recruiting and preparing women, especially low-income women with child care responsibilities, for high-wage, high-demand, nontraditional occupations; and

(b) That leverage additional public and privateresources.

(6) At least fifty percent (50%) of total grant funds must be awarded to programs providing services and activities targeted to low-income women.

(7) The executive director shall monitor the use of funds under this section, collect and compile information on the activities of other state agencies and public or private entities that have purposes similar to those under this section, and identify other public and private funding available for these purposes.

2328 There is established the Mississippi Higher SECTION 29. (1) 2329 Education Grant Program for Single Mothers. This program is for 2330 college or university freshmen, sophomores, juniors and seniors 2331 and will be administered by the Mississippi Postsecondary 2332 Education Financial Assistance Board established under Section 2333 37-106-9. The board shall set the dates and deadlines for 2334 applying for an award under this section and shall establish the 2335 rules and regulations as it deems necessary and proper to carry 2336 out the purposes and intent of this section.

(2) The board shall approve grants to full-time and
part-time freshmen, sophomore, junior and senior Mississippi
residents who meet the general requirements for student
eligibility as provided in subsection (4) of this section.

(3) Grants under the program shall be for single mothers who
are Mississippi resident students from any Mississippi family
whose prior year adjusted gross income (AGI) is at or below one
hundred and fifty percent (150%) of the Federal Poverty
Guidelines. The award shall be applied to tuition, rooms and
meals, books, materials, fees and child care expenses and shall be

H. B. No. 1037 **~ OFFICIAL ~** 22/HR31/R1087 PAGE 95 (ENK\JAB) at least One Thousand Five Hundred Dollars (\$1,500.00) for students attending any board-approved institution of higher learning or community or junior college. The award will be prorated per term, semester or quarter of the academic year for costs of attendance, calculated according to the formula specified in subsection (8) of this section.

(4) The general requirements for initial eligibility for the
Mississippi Higher Education Grant Program for Single Mothers
shall consist of the following:

(a) An unmarried mother to at least one (1) minorchild.

(b) Member of a Mississippi family whose prior year
adjusted gross income (AGI) is at or below one hundred and fifty
percent (150%) of the Federal Poverty Guidelines.

(c) Acceptance for enrollment at any state institution of higher learning or public community or junior college located in Mississippi, or any regionally accredited, state-approved, nonprofit two-year or four-year college or university located in Mississippi and approved by the board.

(d) Completion of a secondary education as follows:
(i) Graduation from high school verified by the
institution before disbursement of award with a minimum grade
point average of 2.0 calculated on a 4.0 scale after seven (7)
semesters as certified by the high school counselor or other
authorized school official on the application; or

H. B. No. 1037 *** OFFICIAL *** 22/HR31/R1087 PAGE 96 (ENK\JAB) 2372 (ii) Attendance at a home education program during2373 grade levels 9 through 12; or

2374 (iii) Satisfactory completion of the High School2375 Equivalency Diploma; or

2376 (iv) Successful completion of the International2377 Baccalaureate Program.

(e) A minimum score of fifteen (15) on the ACT test
except that any student entering a vocational or technical program
of study, or who has satisfactorily completed the High School
Equivalency Diploma Test and attends a community or junior college
will not be required to have a test score under the ACT unless a
student enrolls in courses of academic study.

(f) Any student currently enrolled in any qualified institution shall have to only meet the same requirements as students who are applying for a renewal award.

2387 (5)By accepting a Mississippi Higher Education Grant for 2388 Single Mothers, the student is attesting to the accuracy, completeness and correctness of information provided to 2389 2390 demonstrate the student's eligibility. Falsification of such 2391 information shall result in the denial of any pending grant and 2392 revocation of any award currently held to the extent that no 2393 further payments shall be made. Any student knowingly making 2394 false statements in order to receive a grant shall be quilty of a 2395 misdemeanor punishable, upon conviction thereof, by a fine of up to Ten Thousand Dollars (\$10,000.00), a prison sentence of up to 2396

2397 one (1) year in the county jail, or both, and shall be required to 2398 return all grants wrongfully obtained.

(6) Eligibility for renewal of Mississippi Higher Education Grants for Single Mothers shall be evaluated at the end of each semester, or term, of each academic year. As a condition for renewal, a student shall:

(a) Make steady academic progress toward a certificate
or degree, as outlined in the school Satisfactory Academic
Progress Standards and certified by the institution's registrar.

2406 Maintain continuous enrollment for not less than (b) 2407 two (2) semesters or three (3) quarters in each successive 2408 academic year, unless granted an exception for cause by the 2409 administering board; examples of cause may include student participation in a cooperative program, internship program or 2410 foreign study program. If a student fails to maintain continuous 2411 2412 enrollment, and is not granted an exception for cause by the 2413 administering board, the student is ineligible to receive the grant during the following semester or trimester or term of the 2414 2415 regular academic year.

(c) Have a cumulative grade point average of at least
2417 2.0 calculated on a 4.0 scale at the end of each semester or
2418 trimester or term.

2419 (7) Each student, each year, must complete a Free2420 Application for Federal Student Aid form or a Statement of

2421 Certification as designed by the administering board to determine 2422 her eligibility for a grant.

2423 The amount of the Mississippi Higher Education (8) (a) 2424 Grant for Single Mothers awarded to any one (1) student, up to the 2425 maximum amount provided in subsection (3) of this section, shall 2426 be the difference of the student's cost of attendance at her 2427 accredited college of choice and the amount of federal aid such 2428 student may receive, not to supplant but to supplement the amount 2429 of any federal aid awarded to the student. Cost of attendance is 2430 the tuition and fees of the applicable institution plus an allowance for room, meals, books, materials and child care 2431 2432 expenses.

(b) Payment of the grant shall be made payable to the recipient and the educational institution and mailed directly to the institution, to be applied first to tuition.

(9) In order for an institution to remain eligible for its students to participate in the Mississippi Higher Education Grant Program for Single Mothers, the institution shall comply with any other requirements set forth by the board.

(10) No student may receive a Mississippi Higher Education
Grant for Single Mothers for more than the equivalent semesters or
quarters required to complete one (1) baccalaureate degree or one
(1) certificate or associate degree program per institution.

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(11) In no case shall any student receive any combination of student financial aid that would exceed the cost of attendance, as defined in subsection (8)(a) of this section.

2447 SECTION 30. Each federal fiscal year, any Temporary 2448 Assistance for Needy Families (TANF) state Maintenance of Effort 2449 (MOE) funds spent on or allocated to state-funded scholarship 2450 programs administered by the Mississippi Institutes of Higher 2451 Learning and/or the Mississippi Community College Board shall be 2452 spent solely on or allocated solely for the Mississippi Higher 2453 Education Grant Program for Single Mothers. This funding 2454 requirement shall not preclude any additional state funds to be 2455 spent on or allocated to the Mississippi Higher Education Grant 2456 Program for Single Mothers.

2457 <u>SECTION 31.</u> Sections 31 through 33 shall be known and may be 2458 cited as the "Evelyn Gandy Fair Pay Act."

2459 <u>SECTION 32.</u> The Mississippi Legislature finds that the 2460 existence of wage differentials based on sex in industries engaged 2461 in commerce or in the production of goods for commerce:

(a) Depresses the wages and living standards for
employees that are necessary for their health and efficiency,
thereby increasing the poverty rate in Mississippi;

(b) Prevents the maximum utilization of the available
labor resources, thereby depressing the growth of the state GDP;
(c) Tends to cause labor disputes, thereby burdening,
affecting and obstructing commerce;

H. B. No. 1037 **~ OFFICIAL ~** 22/HR31/R1087 PAGE 100 (ENK\JAB) 2469 (d) Burdens commerce and the free flow of goods in 2470 commerce; and

2471 Constitutes an unfair method of competition. (e) 2472 SECTION 33. (1) No employer shall discriminate in any way 2473 against any employee on the basis of sex by paying a salary or 2474 wage to any employee at a rate less than the rate paid to its 2475 employees of the opposite sex for equal work on jobs that require 2476 equal skill, effort and responsibility to perform, and which are 2477 performed under similar working conditions, except where such 2478 payment is made pursuant to:

(a) A seniority system; however, time spent on leave due to a pregnancy-related condition and parental, family and medical leave, shall not reduce the seniority-level of an employee;

2483

(b) A merit system;

2484 (c) A system which measures earnings by quantity or 2485 quality of production; or

2486 (d) A differential based on any bona fide factor other 2487 than sex if the factor:

2488 (i) Is not based on or derived from a differential 2489 in wage based on sex;

2490 (ii) Is job-related with respect to the position 2491 and necessary for the business; and

2492 (iii) Accounts for the entire differential.

H. B. No. 1037 **~ OFFICIAL ~** 22/HR31/R1087 PAGE 101 (ENK\JAB) An employer who is paying a wage rate differential in violation of this subsection shall not, in order to comply with the provisions of this subsection, reduce the wage rate of any employee.

(2) (a) No labor organization, or its agents, representing employees of an employer whose employees are subject to the provisions of this section, shall cause or attempt to cause the employer to discriminate against an employee in violation of subsection (1) of this section.

(b) As used in this subsection (2), the term "labor organization" means any organization of any kind, or any agency or employee representation committee or plan, in which employees participate and which exists for the purpose, in whole or in part, of dealing with employers concerning grievances, labor disputes, wages, rates of pay, hours of employment or conditions of work.

(3) For purposes of administration and enforcement, any amounts owed to an employee that have been withheld in violation of this section shall be deemed to be unpaid minimum wages or unpaid overtime compensation.

(4) (a) An employer that has been charged with unlawful sex discrimination under this section shall be entitled to a rebuttable presumption that the employer has not engaged in unlawful sex discrimination in violation of this section if:

2516 (i) The charge is made by an employee who holds a 2517 job predominantly occupied by members of one (1) sex, which means

H. B. No. 1037 **~ OFFICIAL ~** 22/HR31/R1087 PAGE 102 (ENK\JAB) 2518 that at least seventy-five percent (75%) of the occupants of the 2519 job are of the same sex, and the employee alleges he or she is 2520 being paid less than an employee who does a different job;

(ii) The employer has, within two (2) years of the commencement of the action, completed a self-evaluation that meets the standards set forth in paragraph (d) of this subsection; and

(iii) The employer makes an affirmative showing that it has made reasonable and substantial progress towards eliminating wage differentials, including implementing any required remediation plan, between jobs of equivalent value, including the job of the employee making the charge, in accordance with the self-evaluation required in subparagraph (ii) of this paragraph.

2531 In such cases, the court must give the aggrieved (b) 2532 party an opportunity to rebut this presumption through evidence 2533 that reasonably demonstrates that, notwithstanding the employer's 2534 self-evaluation, the employer has violated this section. In rebutting this presumption, the aggrieved party may provide all 2535 2536 relevant information including, but not limited to, evidence that: 2537 The employer's job analysis devalues (i) 2538 attributes associated with jobs occupied predominantly by members

of one (1) sex and/or over-values attributes associated with jobs occupied predominantly by members of the opposite sex; (ii) The job the aggrieved party occupies was not

2542 adequately evaluated; or

H. B. No. 1037 **~ OFFICIAL ~** 22/HR31/R1087 PAGE 103 (ENK\JAB) (iii) A job evaluation process has been completed and, if necessary, a remediation process is in progress or has been completed, but the self-evaluation has not been reviewed and updated at reasonable intervals to adjust for changes in the work environment over time.

(c) An employer wishing to be availed of this presumption must produce documentation that describes the self-evaluation process in detail sufficient to show that the employer has met the standards under paragraph (d).

2552 (d) In order to be eligible for the presumption of 2553 compliance, the self-evaluation must:

(i) Clearly define the employer's establishment;
(ii) Analyze the employee population to identify
differentials in wages, including raises, bonuses, incentive
payments and other forms of remuneration, based on sex;

2558 (iii) Establish a job evaluation plan to determine 2559 the value of jobs within the establishment. The plan must: 2560 1. Be free of any bias based on a person's 2561 sex; 2562 Allow for the comparison of all jobs; and 2. 2563 3. Fully and accurately measure the skill,

2564 effort, responsibility and working conditions of each job based on 2565 the actual work performance requirements of the jobs evaluated; 2566 (iv) Apply the job evaluation plan to all jobs;

H. B. No. 1037 *** OFFICIAL *** 22/HR31/R1087 PAGE 104 (ENK\JAB) 2567 (v) Create a salary structure or have an 2568 identifying salary group system where jobs of equal value are 2569 placed in the same level or grouping;

(vi) Determine for each salary grouping, or for each total job evaluation score, the pay differential between jobs that are predominantly occupied by one (1) sex and other jobs, including those predominantly occupied by the opposite sex, in order to identify any wage rate discrimination; and

(vii) Remedy any pay differential identified in subsection (vi); however, such remediation may not reduce the pay of any employee or class of employees.

The presumption of compliance may be strengthened where, through the self-evaluation, including any needed remediation, the employer maintains communication with and keeps employees apprised of the process. The method and procedure for that communication may vary according to the size and organizational structure of the establishment, but any method or procedure chosen should be adequate to reach all employees at the establishment.

2585 (5) It shall be an unlawful employment practice for an 2586 employer to:

(a) Require, as a condition of employment, that an
employee refrain from inquiring about, discussing or disclosing
his or her wages or the wages of another employee;

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2590 (b) Require an employee to sign a waiver or other 2591 document which purports to deny an employee the right to disclose 2592 or discuss his or her wages;

(c) Discharge, formally discipline, or otherwise
discriminate against an employee for inquiring about, discussing,
or disclosing his or her wages or the wages of another employee;
however, nothing in this subsection (5) creates an obligation for
an employer or employee to disclose wages;

2598 Retaliate or in any other manner discriminate (d) 2599 against an employee or applicant for employment because that 2600 individual has opposed a practice made unlawful by this act or 2601 because that individual has made a charge, filed a complaint, or 2602 instituted or caused to be instituted any investigation, 2603 proceeding, hearing, or action under or related to this act, 2604 including an investigation conducted by the employer, or has 2605 testified or is planning to testify, or has assisted, or 2606 participated in any manner in any such investigation, proceeding, 2607 or hearing under this act.

2608 (6) A civil action asserting a violation of this (a) 2609 section may be maintained against any employer in any court of 2610 competent jurisdiction by any one (1) or more employees for or on 2611 behalf of the employee, a group of employees, and other employees similarly situated. Any such action shall commence no later than 2612 2613 two (2) years after the discriminatory practice declared unlawful by this section has occurred. A discriminatory practice occurs 2614

when a discriminatory compensation decision or other practice is adopted, when an employee is subjected to a discriminatory compensation decision or other practice, or when an employee is affected by the application of a discriminatory compensation decision or other practice, including each time wages, benefits, or other compensation is paid based on the discriminatory compensation decision or other practice.

(b) If an employer is found in violation of this section, the employee may recover in a civil action the amount of their unpaid wages; liquidated damages; compensatory damages; punitive damages as may be appropriate, where the employee demonstrates that the employer acted with malice or reckless indifference; other equitable relief as may be appropriate; and the costs of the action and reasonable attorney's fees.

2629 <u>SECTION 34.</u> Definitions. (1) As used in this section, the 2630 following words and terms have the following meanings:

2631 (a) "Department" means the Mississippi Department of2632 Employment Security.

(b) "Domestic partner" means a party to a civil union.
(c) "Domestic violence" means certain crimes when
committed by one (1) family or household member against another.
(d) "Employee" means any person suffered or permitted
to work by an employer, except that independent contractors or
subcontractors shall not be considered employees.

H. B. No. 1037 **~ OFFICIAL ~** 22/HR31/R1087 PAGE 107 (ENK\JAB) (e) "Employer" means any individual, partnership, association, corporation, business trust, or any person or group of persons acting directly or indirectly in the interest of an employer, in relation to an employee, but does not include the United States government.

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(f) "Family member" means:

(i) Regardless of age, a biological, adopted or foster child, stepchild or legal ward, a child of a domestic partner, a child to whom the employee stands in loco parentis, or an individual to whom the employee stood in loco parentis when the individual was a minor;

(ii) A biological, foster, stepparent or adoptive parent or legal guardian of an employee's spouse or domestic partner or a person who stood in loco parentis when the employee or employee's spouse or domestic partner was a minor child;

(iii) A person to whom the employee is legally married under the laws of any state, or a domestic partner of an employee;

(iv) A grandparent, grandchild or sibling (whether of a biological, foster, adoptive or step relationship) of the employee or the employee's spouse or domestic partner; or (v) Any other individual related by blood or affinity whose close association with the employee is the

2662 equivalent of a family relationship.

(g) "Health care professional" means any person licensed under federal or Mississippi law to provide medical or emergency services, including, but not limited to, doctors, nurses, and emergency room personnel.

(h) "Paid sick leave time" or "paid sick and safe leave time" means time that is compensated at the same hourly rate and with the same benefits, including health care benefits, as the employee normally earns during hours worked and is provided by an employer to an employee.

"Retaliatory personnel action" means denial of any 2672 (i) 2673 right guaranteed under this chapter and any threat, discharge, 2674 suspension, demotion, reduction of hours, reporting or threatening 2675 to report an employee's suspected citizenship or immigration 2676 status, or the suspected citizenship or immigration status of a 2677 family member of the employee to a federal, state or local agency, 2678 or any other adverse action against an employee for the exercise 2679 of any right guaranteed herein including any sanctions against an 2680 employee who is the recipient of public benefits for rights 2681 guaranteed under this chapter. Retaliatory personnel action shall 2682 also include interference with or punishment for in any manner 2683 participating in or assisting an investigation, proceeding, or 2684 hearing under this section.

2685 (j) "Sexual assault" means a crime as defined in 2686 Mississippi law.

H. B. No. 1037 *** OFFICIAL ~** 22/HR31/R1087 PAGE 109 (ENK\JAB) (k) "Stalking" means harassing another person or willfully, maliciously and repeatedly following another person with the intent to place that person in reasonable fear of bodily injury.

(2) All employees in Mississippi shall accrue a minimum of one (1) hour of paid sick and safe leave time for every thirty (30) hours worked up to a maximum of fifty-six (56) hours per year, unless the employer chooses to provide a higher annual limit.

(3) Employees who are exempt from the overtime requirements
under 29 USC Section 213(a)(1) of the Federal Fair Labor Standards
Act, 29 USC Section 201 et seq., will be assumed to work forty
(40) hours in each work week for purposes of paid sick and safe
leave time accrual unless their normal work week is less than
forty (40) hours, in which case paid sick and safe leave time
accrues based upon that normal work week.

(4) Paid sick and safe leave time as provided in this chapter shall begin to accrue at the commencement of employment or pursuant to the law's effective date, whichever is later. An employer may provide all paid sick and safe leave time that an employee is expected to accrue in a year at the beginning of the year.

(5) Employees shall be entitled to use accrued paid sick and safe leave time beginning on the ninetieth calendar day following commencement of their employment, unless otherwise permitted by

H. B. No. 1037 *** OFFICIAL ~** 22/HR31/R1087 PAGE 110 (ENK\JAB) 2712 the employer. On and after the ninetieth calendar day of 2713 employment, employees may use paid sick and safe leave time as it 2714 is accrued.

(6) Paid sick and safe leave time shall be carried over to the following calendar year; however, an employee's use of paid sick and safe leave time provided under this chapter in each calendar year shall not exceed fifty-six (56) hours.

Alternatively, in lieu of carryover of unused earned paid sick and safe leave time from one (1) year to the next, an employer may pay an employee for unused earned paid sick and safe leave time at the end of a year and provide the employee with an amount of paid sick and safe leave that meets or exceeds the requirements of this chapter that is available for the employee's immediate use at the beginning of the subsequent year.

(7) Any employer with a paid leave time off policy who makes available an amount of paid leave time off sufficient to meet the accrual requirements of this section that may be used for the same purposes and under the same conditions, including with regards to employee notice and documentation, as paid sick and safe leave time under this chapter is not required to provide additional paid sick and safe leave time.

(8) Nothing in this chapter shall be construed as requiring
financial or other reimbursement to an employee from an employer
upon the employee's termination, resignation, retirement, or other

2736 separation from employment for accrued paid sick and safe leave 2737 time that has not been used.

If an employee is transferred to a separate division, 2738 (9) entity or location, but remains employed by the same employer, the 2739 2740 employee is entitled to all paid sick and safe leave time accrued 2741 at the prior division, entity or location and is entitled to use 2742 all paid sick and safe leave time as provided in this chapter. 2743 When there is a separation from employment and the employee is 2744 rehired within one (1) year of separation by the same employer, previously accrued paid sick and safe leave time that had not been 2745 2746 used shall be reinstated. Further, the employee shall be entitled 2747 to use accrued paid sick and safe leave time and accrue additional 2748 sick and safe leave time at the re-commencement of employment.

(10) When a different employer succeeds or takes the place of an existing employer, all employees of the original employer who remain employed by the successor employer are entitled to all earned paid sick and safe leave time they accrued when employed by the original employer, and are entitled to use earned paid sick and safe leave time previously accrued.

(11) At its discretion, an employer may loan sick and safe leave time to an employee in advance of accrual by such employee. (12) Paid sick and safe leave time shall be provided to an employee by an employer for:

(a) An employee's mental or physical illness, injury orhealth condition; an employee's need for medical diagnosis, care,

H. B. No. 1037 **~ OFFICIAL ~** 22/HR31/R1087 PAGE 112 (ENK\JAB) 2761 or treatment of a mental or physical illness, injury or health 2762 condition; an employee's need for preventive medical care;

(b) Care of a family member with a mental or physical illness, injury or health condition; care of a family member who needs medical diagnosis, care, or treatment of a mental or physical illness, injury or health condition; care of a family member who needs preventive medical care;

2768 Closure of the employee's place of business by (C) 2769 order of a public official due to a public health emergency or an employee's need to care for a child whose school or place of care 2770 2771 has been closed by order of a public official due to a public 2772 health emergency, or care for oneself or a family member when it 2773 has been determined by the health authorities having jurisdiction or by a health care provider that the employee's or family 2774 2775 member's presence in the community may jeopardize the health of 2776 others because of their exposure to a communicable disease, 2777 whether or not the employee or family member has actually 2778 contracted the communicable disease; or

(d) Time off needed when the employee or a member of the employee's family is a victim of domestic violence, sexual assault or stalking.

(13) Paid sick and safe leave time shall be provided upon the request of an employee. Such request may be made orally, in writing, by electronic means or by any other means acceptable to

2785 the employer. When possible, the request shall include the 2786 expected duration of the absence.

(14) When the use of paid sick and safe leave time is foreseeable, the employee shall make a good faith effort to provide notice of the need for such time to the employer in advance of the use of the sick and safe leave time and shall make a reasonable effort to schedule the use of sick and safe leave time in a manner that does not unduly disrupt the operations of the employer.

2794 (15)An employer that requires notice of the need to use 2795 earned paid sick and safe leave time where the need is not 2796 foreseeable shall provide a written policy that contains 2797 procedures for the employee to provide notice. An employer that 2798 has not provided to the employee a copy of its written policy for 2799 providing such notice shall not deny earned paid sick and safe 2800 leave time to the employee based on noncompliance with such a policy. 2801

(16) Paid sick and safe leave time may be used in the lesser of hourly increments or the smallest increment that the employer's payroll system uses to account for absences or use of other time.

(17) For paid sick and safe leave time of more than three
(3) consecutive work days, an employer may require reasonable
documentation that the paid sick and safe leave time has been used
for a purpose covered by paragraphs (a) and (b) of this subsection
if the employer has notified the employee in writing of this

requirement in advance of the employee's use of paid sick and safe time. An employer may not require that the documentation explain the nature of the illness or the details of the domestic violence, sexual assault, or stalking.

(a) Documentation signed by a health care professional
indicating that paid sick leave time is necessary shall be
considered reasonable documentation under paragraph (a) of this
subsection.

(b) One of the following, of the employee's choosing,
shall be considered reasonable documentation of an absence under
paragraph (b) of this subsection (17) of this section:

(i) An employee's written statement that the employee or the employee's family member is a victim of domestic violence, sexual assault or stalking;

(ii) A police report indicating that the employee or employee's family member was a victim of domestic violence, sexual assault or stalking;

(iii) A court document indicating that the employee or employee's family member is involved in legal action related to domestic violence, sexual assault or stalking; or

(iv) A signed statement from a victim and witness advocate affirming that the employee or employee's family member is receiving services from a victim services organization or is involved in legal action related to domestic violence, sexual assault or stalking.

(18) An employer's requirements for verification may not result in an unreasonable burden or expense on the employee and may not exceed privacy or verification requirements otherwise established by law.

(19) An employer may not require, as a condition of an employee's taking paid sick and safe leave time, that the employee search for or find a replacement worker to cover the hours during which the employee is using paid sick and safe leave time.

(20) It shall be unlawful for an employer or any other person to interfere with, restrain, or deny the exercise, or the attempt to exercise, any right protected under this section.

2846 An employer shall not take retaliatory personnel action (21)2847 or discriminate against an employee or former employee because the person has exercised rights protected under this chapter. 2848 Such 2849 rights include, but are not limited to, the right to request or 2850 use paid sick and safe leave pursuant to this chapter; the right 2851 to file a complaint with the department or the courts or inform 2852 any person about any employer's alleged violation of this chapter; 2853 the right to participate in an investigation, hearing or 2854 proceeding or cooperate with or assist the department in its 2855 investigations of alleged violations of this chapter; and the 2856 right to inform any person of their potential rights under this 2857 chapter.

(22) It shall be unlawful for an employer's absence controlpolicy to count paid sick and safe leave time taken under this

H. B. No. 1037 **~ OFFICIAL ~** 22/HR31/R1087 PAGE 116 (ENK\JAB) 2860 chapter as an absence that may lead to or result in discipline, 2861 discharge, demotion, suspension, or any other adverse action.

(23) Protections of this section shall apply to any person who mistakenly but in good faith alleges violations of this chapter.

(24) There shall be a rebuttable presumption of unlawful retaliatory personnel action under this section whenever an employer takes action against a person within ninety (90) days of when that person:

(a) Files a complaint with the department or a courtalleging a violation of any provision of this chapter;

(b) Informs any person about an employer's allegedviolation of this chapter;

(c) Cooperates with the department or other persons in the investigation or prosecution of any alleged violation of this chapter;

(d) Opposes any policy, practice or act that isunlawful under this chapter; or

(e) Informs any person of their rights under thischapter.

(25) (a) Employers shall give employees written notice of the following at the commencement of employment or by the effective date of this chapter, whichever is later, which shall include the following information:

2884 (i) Employees are entitled to paid sick and safe
2885 leave time;

(ii) The amount of paid sick and safe leave time;
(iii) The terms of paid sick and safe leave time
use guaranteed under this chapter;

(iv) That retaliatory personnel actions against employees who request or use paid sick and safe leave time is prohibited;

(v) That each employee has the right to file a complaint or bring a civil action if paid sick and safe leave time, as required by this section, is denied by the employer or the employee is subjected to retaliatory personnel action for requesting or taking paid sick and safe leave time; and

(vi) Contact information for the department where questions about rights and responsibilities under this chapter can be answered.

(b) Employers shall comply with this subsection by supplying each of their employees with a notice in English and in any language that is the first language spoken by at least five percent (5%) of the employer's workforce that contains the information required in paragraph (a) of this subsection, provided that the notice has been translated into such language by the department.

2907 (c) The amount of paid sick and safe leave time 2908 available to the employee, the amount of paid sick and safe leave

H. B. No. 1037 **••• OFFICIAL •** 22/HR31/R1087 PAGE 118 (ENK\JAB) time taken by the employee to date in the year and the amount of pay the employee has received as paid sick and safe leave time shall be recorded in, or on an attachment to, the employee's regular paycheck or be made available at the employee's request.

2913 (d) Employers shall display a poster in a conspicuous 2914 and accessible place in each establishment where such employees 2915 are employed. The poster displayed shall be in English and in any 2916 language that is the first language spoken by at least five 2917 percent (5%) of the employer's workforce that contains the information required in paragraph (a) of this subsection, provided 2918 2919 that the poster has been translated into such language by the 2920 department.

(e) The department shall create and make available to employers, in all languages deemed appropriate by the department, posters that contain the information required under paragraph (a) of this subsection.

(f) An employer who willfully violates the notice and posting requirements of this subsection shall be subject to a civil fine in an amount not to exceed One Hundred Dollars (\$100.00) for each separate violation.

(26) An employer may not require disclosure of details relating to domestic violence, sexual assault, sexual contact or stalking or the details of an employee's or an employee's family member's health information as a condition of providing paid sick and safe leave time under this section. If an employer possesses

H. B. No. 1037 *** OFFICIAL ~** 22/HR31/R1087 PAGE 119 (ENK\JAB) health information or information pertaining to domestic violence, sexual assault, sexual contact or stalking about an employee or employee's family member, such information shall be treated as confidential and not disclosed except to the affected employee or with the permission of the affected employee.

(27) The minimum requirements pertaining to paid sick and safe leave time in this section shall not be construed to preempt, limit or otherwise affect the applicability of any other law, regulation, requirement, policy or standard that provides for greater accrual or use by employees of sick and safe leave time, whether paid or unpaid, or that extends other protections to employees.

2946 (28) Nothing in this section shall be construed to supersede 2947 or preempt any provision of any local law that provides greater 2948 rights to paid sick and safe leave time than the rights 2949 established under this section.

(29) Nothing in this section shall be construed in a manner to discourage or prohibit an employer from the adoption of a paid sick and safe leave time policy that provides greater rights or benefits than the one required in this section.

(30) Nothing in this section shall be construed as diminishing the obligation of an employer to comply with any contract, collective bargaining agreement, employment benefit plan or other agreement that provides greater sick and safe leave time to an employee than required in this chapter.

H. B. No. 1037 **~ OFFICIAL ~** 22/HR31/R1087 PAGE 120 (ENK\JAB) (31) Nothing in this chapter shall be construed as diminishing the rights of public employees regarding paid sick and safe leave or use of sick and safe leave time as provided in the general laws.

2963 (32) Employers shall retain records documenting hours worked 2964 by employees and paid sick and safe leave time taken by employees, 2965 for a period of three (3) years, and shall allow the department 2966 access to such records, with appropriate notice and at a mutually 2967 agreeable time, to monitor compliance with the requirements of 2968 this section. When an issue arises as to an employee's 2969 entitlement to paid sick and safe leave time under this section, 2970 if the employer does not maintain or retain adequate records 2971 documenting hours worked by the employee and paid sick and safe 2972 leave time taken by the employee, or does not allow the department reasonable access to such records, it shall be presumed that the 2973 2974 employer has violated the section, absent clear and convincing 2975 evidence otherwise.

2976 **SECTION 35.** This act shall take effect and be in force from 2977 and after July 1, 20221.