

By: Senator(s) Robertson

To: Judiciary, Division A;  
Appropriations

## SENATE BILL NO. 2870

1 AN ACT TO ESTABLISH A PATIENT'S COMPENSATION FUND FOR THE  
2 PURPOSE OF PROVIDING COMPENSATION TO PATIENTS SUFFERING LOSS,  
3 DAMAGES OR EXPENSE AS THE RESULT OF PROFESSIONAL MALPRACTICE BY  
4 HEALTH CARE PROVIDERS; TO DEFINE CERTAIN TERMS; TO PROVIDE  
5 LIMITATION OF RECOVERY AGAINST QUALIFIED HEALTH CARE PROVIDERS IN  
6 MEDICAL MALPRACTICE ACTIONS; TO PROVIDE FOR PAYMENTS FOR FUTURE  
7 MEDICAL CARE AND RELATED BENEFITS WITHOUT REGARD TO THE  
8 LIMITATION; TO CREATE THE PATIENT'S COMPENSATION FUND OVERSIGHT  
9 BOARD IN ORDER TO PROVIDE FOR THE ORGANIZATION, ADMINISTRATION AND  
10 DEFENSE OF THE FUND; TO AUTHORIZE A SURCHARGE PAID BY HEALTH CARE  
11 PROVIDERS TO FUND THE PATIENT'S COMPENSATION FUND; TO PROVIDE THAT  
12 THE AMOUNT OF THE SURCHARGE SHALL BE DETERMINED BY THE  
13 COMMISSIONER OF INSURANCE; TO PROVIDE THAT ALL MALPRACTICE CLAIMS  
14 SHALL BE REVIEWED BY A MEDICAL REVIEW PANEL; TO ESTABLISH THE  
15 MEMBERSHIP OF THE MEDICAL REVIEW PANEL; TO AMEND SECTION 11-1-60,  
16 MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, IN CONFORMITY THERETO; TO LIMIT  
17 CONTINGENCY FEES CHARGED BY ATTORNEYS FOR REPRESENTING PERSONS  
18 SEEKING DAMAGES IN CONNECTION WITH ACTIONS FOR INJURY OR DAMAGE  
19 AGAINST HEALTH CARE PROVIDERS; TO REPEAL SECTIONS 83-48-1 THROUGH  
20 83-48-7, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, WHICH CREATE THE MEDICAL  
21 MALPRACTICE INSURANCE AVAILABILITY ACT; AND FOR RELATED PURPOSES.

22 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MISSISSIPPI:

23 **SECTION 1. Definitions.**

24 (1) As used in this chapter, unless the context clearly  
25 requires otherwise:

26 (a) "Health care provider" means a person, partnership,  
27 limited liability partnership, limited liability company,  
28 corporation, facility, or institution licensed by this state to  
29 provide health care or professional services as a physician,  
30 hospital, institution for the aged or infirm, community blood  
31 center, tissue bank, dentist, registered or licensed practical  
32 nurse or certified nurse assistant, ambulance service, certified  
33 registered nurse anesthetist, nurse midwife, licensed midwife,  
34 pharmacist, optometrist, podiatrist, chiropractor, physical  
35 therapist, occupational therapist, psychologist, social worker,  
36 licensed professional counselor, or any nonprofit facility

37 considered tax-exempt under Section 501(c)(3), Internal Revenue  
38 Code, pursuant to 26 USC 501(c)(3), for the diagnosis and  
39 treatment of cancer or cancer-related diseases, whether or not  
40 such a facility is required to be licensed by this state, or any  
41 professional corporation a health care provider is authorized to  
42 form under the Mississippi Code of 1972, or any partnership,  
43 limited liability partnership, limited liability company, or  
44 corporation whose business is conducted principally by health care  
45 providers, or an officer, employee, partner, member, shareholder,  
46 or agent thereof acting in the course and scope of his employment.

47 (b) "Physician" means a person licensed to practice  
48 medicine in this state.

49 (c) "Patient" means a natural person who receives or  
50 should have received health care from a health care provider.

51 (d) "Hospital" means any hospital, institution for the  
52 aged or infirm, or any physician's or dentist's offices or clinics  
53 containing facilities for the examination, diagnosis, treatment or  
54 care of human illnesses.

55 (e) "Board" means the Patient's Compensation Fund  
56 Oversight Board created in Section 4 of this chapter.

57 (f) "Representative" means the spouse, parent,  
58 guardian, trustee, attorney or other legal agent of the patient.

59 (g) "Tort" means any breach of duty or any negligent  
60 act or omission proximately causing injury or damage to another.  
61 The standard of care required of every health care provider,  
62 except a hospital, in rendering professional services or health  
63 care to a patient, shall be to exercise that degree of skill  
64 ordinarily employed, under similar circumstances, by the members  
65 of his profession in good standing in the same community or  
66 locality, and to use reasonable care and diligence, along with his  
67 best judgment, in the application of his skill.

68 (h) "Malpractice" means any unintentional tort or any  
69 breach of contract based on health care or professional services

70 rendered, or which should have been rendered, by a health care  
71 provider, to a patient, including failure to render services  
72 timely and the handling of a patient, including loading and  
73 unloading of a patient, including failure to obtain a patient's  
74 informed consent, and also includes all legal responsibility of a  
75 health care provider arising from acts or omissions in the  
76 training or supervision of health care providers, or from defects  
77 in blood, tissue, transplants, drugs and medicines, or from  
78 defects in or failures of prosthetic devices, implanted in or used  
79 on or in the person of a patient.

80 (i) "Health care" means any act, or treatment performed  
81 or furnished, or which should have been performed or furnished, by  
82 any health care provider for, to, or on behalf of a patient during  
83 the patient's medical care, treatment or confinement.

84 (j) "Insurer" means the authority or the entity chosen  
85 to manage the authority or an insurer writing policies of  
86 malpractice insurance.

87 (k) "Proof of financial responsibility" as provided for  
88 in this chapter shall be determined by the board.

89 (l) "Court" means a court of competent jurisdiction and  
90 proper venue over the parties.

91 (m) "Ambulance service" means an entity which operates  
92 either ground or air ambulances, using a minimum of two (2)  
93 persons on each ground ambulance, at least one of whom is trained  
94 and registered at the level of certified emergency medical  
95 technician-basic, or at the intermediate or paramedic levels, or  
96 one who is a registered nurse, and using a minimum on any air  
97 ambulance of one (1) person trained and registered at the  
98 paramedic level or a person who is a registered nurse, or any  
99 officer, employee or agent thereof acting in the course and scope  
100 of his employment.

101 (n) "Community blood center" means any independent  
102 nonprofit nonhospital based facility which collects blood and

103 blood products from donors primarily to supply blood and blood  
104 components to other health care facilities.

105 (o) "Tissue bank" means any independent nonprofit  
106 facility procuring and processing human organs or tissues for  
107 transplantation, medical education, research or therapy.

108 (p) "Executive director" means the executive director of  
109 the board, appointed and employed pursuant to Section 4(4)(b)(vi)  
110 of this chapter.

111 (q) "Claims manager" means the claims manager appointed  
112 and employed by the board pursuant to Section 4(4)(b)(vii) of this  
113 chapter.

114 (r) "Related benefits" with respect to future medical  
115 care are all reasonable and necessary medical, surgical,  
116 hospitalization, physical rehabilitation and custodial services,  
117 including drugs, prosthetic devices and other similar materials  
118 reasonably necessary in the provision of such services. The  
119 fund's obligation to provide these benefits or to reimburse the  
120 claimant for those benefits is limited to the lesser of the amount  
121 billed therefor or the maximum amount allowed under the  
122 reimbursement schedule.

123 (s) "Extended reporting endorsement" means tail  
124 coverage, or an endorsement which, when purchased by a provider at  
125 the end of his claims-made coverage period, provides coverage for  
126 a claim arising from an incident which occurred during the  
127 effective period of enrollment but was reported following the  
128 termination of active enrollment.

129 (2) A health care provider who fails to qualify under this  
130 chapter is not covered by the provisions of this chapter and is  
131 subject to liability under the law without regard to the  
132 provisions of this chapter. If a health care provider does not so  
133 qualify, the patient's remedy will not be affected by the terms  
134 and provisions of this chapter, except as hereinafter provided  
135 with respect to the suspension and the running of statute of

136 limitations against a health care provider who has not qualified  
137 under this chapter when a claim has been filed against the health  
138 care provider for review under this chapter.

139 (3) (a) Subject to Section 6 of this chapter, a person  
140 having a claim under this chapter for bodily injuries to or death  
141 of a patient on account of malpractice may file a complaint in any  
142 court of law having requisite jurisdiction.

143 (b) No dollar amount or figure shall be included in the  
144 demand in any malpractice complaint, but the prayer shall be for  
145 such damages as are reasonable in the premises.

146 (c) This section shall not prevent a person from  
147 alleging a requisite jurisdictional amount in a malpractice claim  
148 filed in a court requiring such an allegation.

149 (d) All claims and complaints submitted by a patient,  
150 claimant, or their representative, as a result of malpractice as  
151 defined in this section, shall, once the parties have certified to  
152 the court that discovery is complete, be given priority on the  
153 court's docket, to the extent practicable, over any other civil  
154 action before the court, provided that the provisions of this  
155 paragraph (d) shall not supersede the provisions of Mississippi  
156 Rules of Civil Procedure.

157 (4) Nothing in this chapter shall be construed to make the  
158 Patient's Compensation Fund liable for any sums except for those  
159 arising from medical malpractice. Notwithstanding any other law  
160 to the contrary, the provisions of this chapter shall not apply to  
161 medical malpractice actions against the state or any political  
162 subdivision thereof.

163 (5) The board shall appoint legal counsel for the Patient's  
164 Compensation Fund. It shall be the responsibility of the board to  
165 establish minimum qualifications and standards for lawyers who may  
166 be appointed to defend professional liability cases on behalf of  
167 the Patient's Compensation Fund. The minimum qualifications and  
168 the appointments procedure shall be published at least annually in

169 the Mississippi Bar Journal or such other publication as will  
170 reasonably assure dissemination to the membership of the  
171 Mississippi Bar Association. The primary insurer's counsel may be  
172 permitted by the board to continue the professional liability  
173 litigation on behalf of the Patient's Compensation Fund where no  
174 conflict of interest exists or where there is no potential  
175 conflict of interest.

176 **SECTION 2. Limitation of Recovery.**

177 (1) To be qualified under the provisions of this chapter, a  
178 health care provider shall:

179 (a) Cause to be filed with the board proof of financial  
180 responsibility as provided by subsection (5) of this section.

181 (b) Pay the surcharge assessed by this chapter on all  
182 health care providers according to Section 4 of this chapter.

183 (c) For self-insureds, qualification shall be effective  
184 upon acceptance of proof of financial responsibility by and  
185 payment of the surcharge to the board. Qualification shall be  
186 effective for all others at the time the malpractice insurer  
187 accepts payment of the surcharge.

188 (2) (a) Regardless of the number of health care providers  
189 against whom the claim or action is brought or the number of  
190 separate claims or actions brought with respect to the same  
191 injury, the total amount recoverable for all malpractice claims  
192 incurred for injuries to or death of a patient, exclusive of  
193 future medical care and related benefits as provided in Section 3  
194 of this chapter, shall not exceed Five Hundred Thousand Dollars  
195 (\$500,000.00) plus interest at the rate provided by law relating  
196 to judgments in circuit courts.

197 (b) A health care provider qualified under this chapter  
198 and any person or entity vicariously liable for the acts of that  
199 health care provider are not liable for an amount in excess of One  
200 Hundred Thousand Dollars (\$100,000.00) plus interest thereon as  
201 provided by law relating to judgments in circuit courts accruing

202 after July 1, 2004, for all malpractice claims incurred because of  
203 injuries to or death of any one patient.

204 (c) (i) Any amount due from a judgment or settlement  
205 or from a final award in an arbitration proceeding which is in  
206 excess of the total liability of all liable health care providers,  
207 as provided in paragraph (b) of this subsection, shall be paid  
208 from the Patient's Compensation Fund pursuant to the provisions of  
209 Section 4(3) of this chapter.

210 (ii) The total amounts paid in accordance with  
211 paragraphs (b) and (c) of this subsection shall not exceed the  
212 limitation as provided in paragraph (a) of this subsection.

213 (3) Except as provided in Section 4(3), any advance payment  
214 made by the defendant health care provider or his insurer to or  
215 for the plaintiff, or any other person, may not be construed as an  
216 admission of liability for injuries or damages suffered by the  
217 plaintiff or anyone else in an action brought for medical  
218 malpractice.

219 (4) (a) Evidence of an advance payment is not admissible  
220 until there is a final judgment in favor of the plaintiff, in  
221 which event the court shall reduce the judgment to the plaintiff  
222 to the extent of the advance payment.

223 (b) The advance payment shall inure to the exclusive  
224 benefit of the defendant or his insurer making the payment.

225 (c) In the event the advance payment exceeds the  
226 liability of the defendant or the insurer making it, the court  
227 shall order any adjustment necessary to equalize the amount which  
228 each defendant is obligated to pay, exclusive of costs.

229 (d) In no case shall an advance payment in excess of an  
230 award be repayable by the person receiving it.

231 (e) In the event that a partial settlement is executed  
232 between the defendant and/or his insurer with a plaintiff for the  
233 sum of One Hundred Thousand Dollars (\$100,000.00) or less, written  
234 notice of such settlement shall be sent to the board. Such

235 settlement shall not bar the continuation of the action against  
236 the Patient's Compensation Fund for excess sums in which event the  
237 court shall reduce any judgment to the plaintiff in the amount of  
238 malpractice liability insurance in force as provided for in  
239 subsection (2)(b) of this section. Prior to entering into any  
240 settlement which may bind the Patient's Compensation Fund, any  
241 insurer or self-insured health care provider must have  
242 participated in claim reserve consultations and must have provided  
243 notice to the fund that a settlement was being considered.

244 (5) (a) Financial responsibility of a health care provider  
245 under this section may be established only by filing with the  
246 board proof that the health care provider is insured by a policy  
247 of malpractice liability insurance in the amount of at least One  
248 Hundred Thousand Dollars (\$100,000.00) per claim with  
249 qualification under this section taking effect and following the  
250 same form as the policy of malpractice liability insurance of the  
251 health care provider, or in the event the health care provider is  
252 self-insured, proof of financial responsibility by depositing with  
253 the board One Hundred Twenty-five Thousand Dollars (\$125,000.00)  
254 in money or represented by irrevocable letters of credit,  
255 federally insured certificates of deposit, bonds, securities, cash  
256 values of insurance, or any other security approved by the board.  
257 In the event any portion of the amount is seized pursuant to the  
258 judicial process, the self-insured health care provider shall have  
259 five (5) days to deposit with the board the amounts so seized.  
260 The health care provider's failure to timely post the amounts with  
261 the board shall terminate his enrollment in the Patient's  
262 Compensation Fund.

263 **SECTION 3. Future Medical Care and Related Benefits.**

264 (1) (a) In all malpractice claims filed with the board  
265 which proceed to trial, the jury shall be given a special  
266 interrogatory asking if the patient is in need of future medical  
267 care and related benefits and the amount thereof.



268 (b) In actions upon malpractice claims tried by the  
269 court, the court's finding shall include a recitation that the  
270 patient is or is not in need of future medical care and related  
271 benefits and the amount thereof.

272 (c) If the total amount is for the maximum amount  
273 recoverable, exclusive of the value of future medical care and  
274 related benefits, the cost of all future medical care and related  
275 benefits shall be paid in accordance with this section.

276 (d) If the total amount is for the maximum amount  
277 recoverable, including the value of the future medical care and  
278 related benefits, the amount of future medical care and related  
279 benefits shall be deducted from the total amount and shall be paid  
280 from the Patient's Compensation Fund as incurred and presented for  
281 payment. The remaining portion of the judgment shall be paid in  
282 accordance with Section 4(1)(g) and Section 4(2)(b)(i), (ii) and  
283 (iii) of this chapter.

284 (e) In all cases where judgment is rendered for a total  
285 amount less than the maximum amount recoverable, including any  
286 amount awarded on future medical care and related benefits,  
287 payment shall be in accordance with Section 4(1)(g) and Section  
288 4(2)(b)(i), (ii) and (iii) of this chapter.

289 (f) The provisions of this subsection shall be  
290 applicable to all malpractice claims.

291 (2) (a) "Future medical care and related benefits" for the  
292 purpose of this section means all reasonable and necessary  
293 medical, surgical, hospitalization, physical rehabilitation, and  
294 custodial services and includes drugs, prosthetic devices, and  
295 other similar materials reasonably necessary in the provision of  
296 such services, after the date of the injury and which are approved  
297 by the board.

298 (b) "Future medical care and benefits" as used in this  
299 section shall not be construed to mean nonessential specialty  
300 items or devices of convenience.

301           (3) Once a judgment is entered in favor of a patient who is  
302 found to be in need of future medical care and related benefits or  
303 a settlement is reached between a patient and the Patient's  
304 Compensation Fund in which the provision of medical care and  
305 related benefits is agreed upon and continuing as long as medical  
306 or surgical attention is reasonably necessary, the patient may  
307 make a claim to the Patient's Compensation Fund through the board  
308 for all future medical care and related benefits directly or  
309 indirectly made necessary by the health care provider's  
310 malpractice, subject to a semiprivate room limitation in the event  
311 of hospitalization, unless the patient refuses to allow them to be  
312 furnished.

313           (4) Payments for future and incurred medical care and  
314 related benefits shall be paid by the Patient's Compensation Fund  
315 without regard to the Five Hundred Thousand Dollar (\$500,000.00)  
316 limitation imposed in Section 2 of this chapter.

317           (5) (a) The circuit court from which final judgment issues  
318 shall have continuing jurisdiction in cases where future medical  
319 care and related benefits are determined to be needed by the  
320 patient.

321           (b) The court shall award reasonable attorney fees to  
322 the claimant's attorney if the court finds that the Patient's  
323 Compensation Fund unreasonably fails to pay for medical care  
324 within thirty (30) days after submission of a claim for payment of  
325 such benefits.

326           (6) Nothing in this section shall be construed to prevent a  
327 patient and a health care provider and/or the Patient's  
328 Compensation Fund from entering into a court-approved settlement  
329 agreement whereby future medical care and related benefits shall  
330 be provided for a limited period of time only or to a limited  
331 degree.

332           (7) The provision of reasonable and necessary future medical  
333 care and services shall be governed by rule, except that all

334 nursing or sitter care shall be specifically prescribed or ordered  
335 by a patient's treating health care provider and such care shall  
336 be rendered by a licensed and/or qualified registered nurse or  
337 licensed practical nurse, or by a sitter, a member of the  
338 patient's family or household, or other person as specifically  
339 approved by the fund. All claims for nursing or sitter care must  
340 include a signed, detailed statement by the person rendering the  
341 care, setting forth the date, time and type of care rendered to  
342 and for the patient. Providers of nursing or sitter care shall be  
343 funded at the lesser of the billed amount or the maximum amount  
344 allowed under the reimbursement schedule, except that nursing or  
345 sitter care provided by members of the patient's family or  
346 household will be funded at an amount to be established and  
347 periodically reviewed by rule.

348 (8) The Patient's Compensation Fund shall be entitled to  
349 have a physical examination of the patient by a physician of the  
350 Patient's Compensation Fund's choice from time to time for the  
351 purpose of determining the patient's continued need of future  
352 medical care and related benefits, subject to the following  
353 requirements:

354 (a) (i) Notice in writing shall be delivered to or  
355 served upon the patient or the patient's counsel of record,  
356 specifying the time and place where it is intended to conduct the  
357 examination.

358 (ii) Such notice must be given at least ten (10)  
359 days before the time stated in the notice.

360 (iii) Delivery of the notice may be by certified  
361 mail.

362 (b) Such examination shall be by a licensed medical  
363 physician licensed under the laws of this state or of the state or  
364 county wherein the patient resides.

365 (c) (i) The place at which such examination is to be  
366 conducted shall not involve an unreasonable amount of travel for  
367 the patient considering all circumstances.

368 (ii) It shall not be necessary for a patient who  
369 resides outside this state to come into this state for such an  
370 examination unless so ordered by the court.

371 (d) Within thirty (30) days after the examination, the  
372 patient shall be compensated by the party requesting the  
373 examination for all necessary and reasonable expenses incidental  
374 to submitting to the examination including the reasonable costs of  
375 travel, meals, lodging, loss of pay, or other direct expenses.

376 (e) (i) Examinations may not be required more  
377 frequently than at six (6) months intervals except that, upon  
378 application to the court having jurisdiction of the claim and  
379 after reasonable cause shown therefor, examination within a  
380 shorter interval may be ordered.

381 (ii) In considering such application, the court  
382 should exercise care to prevent harassment to the patient.

383 (f) (i) The patient shall be entitled to have a  
384 physician or an attorney of his own choice or both present at such  
385 examination.

386 (ii) The patient shall pay such physician or  
387 attorney himself.

388 (g) The patient shall be promptly furnished with a copy  
389 of the report of the examination made by the physician making the  
390 examination on behalf of the Patient's Compensation Fund.

391 (9) If a patient fails or refuses to submit to examination  
392 in accordance with a notice and if the requirements of subsection  
393 (8) of this section have been satisfied, then the patient shall  
394 not be entitled to attorney fees in any action to enforce rights  
395 pursuant to subsection (5) of this section.

396 (10) (a) Any physician selected by the Patient's  
397 Compensation Fund and paid by the Patient's Compensation Fund who

398 shall make or be present at an examination of the patient  
399 conducted in pursuance of this section may be required to testify  
400 as to the conduct thereof and the findings made.

401 (b) Communications made by the patient upon such  
402 examination by such physician or physicians shall not be  
403 considered privileged.

404 (11) The Patient's Compensation Fund shall pay all  
405 reasonable fees and costs of medical examinations and the costs  
406 and the fees of the medical expert witnesses in any proceeding in  
407 which the termination of medical care and related benefits is  
408 sought.

409 **SECTION 4. Patient's Compensation Fund.**

410 (1) (a) All funds collected pursuant to the provisions of  
411 this chapter shall be paid into the State Treasury and shall be  
412 credited to the special fund, which is hereby created in the State  
413 Treasury and designated as the "Patient's Compensation Fund." The  
414 state recognizes and acknowledges that the fund and any income  
415 from it are not public monies, but rather are private monies which  
416 shall be held in trust as a custodial fund by the state for the  
417 use, benefit and protection of medical malpractice claimants and  
418 the fund's private health care provider members, and all of such  
419 funds and income earned from investing the private monies  
420 comprising the corpus of this fund shall be subject to use and  
421 disposition only as provided by this section.

422 (b) (i) In order to provide monies for the fund, an  
423 annual surcharge shall be levied on all health care providers in  
424 Mississippi qualified under the provisions of this chapter.

425 (ii) The surcharge shall be determined by the  
426 Mississippi Department of Insurance based upon actuarial  
427 principles and in accordance with an application for rates or rate  
428 changes, or both, filed by the Patient's Compensation Fund  
429 Oversight Board, established and authorized pursuant to subsection  
430 (4) of this section.

431                   (iii) The application for rate changes filed by  
432 the board shall be submitted to the Mississippi Department of  
433 Insurance at least annually on the basis of an annual actuarial  
434 study by an independent actuary of the Patient's Compensation  
435 Fund.

436                   (iv) The surcharge shall be collected on the same  
437 basis as premiums by each insurer and surplus line agent.

438                   (v) The board shall collect the surcharge from  
439 health care providers qualified as self-insureds.

440                   (vi) The surcharge for self-insureds shall be the  
441 amount determined by the board in accordance with rules and  
442 regulations promulgated by the board and in accordance with the  
443 rate set by the Mississippi Department of Insurance to be the  
444 amount of surcharge which the health care provider would  
445 reasonably be required to pay were his qualification based upon  
446 filing a policy of malpractice liability insurance.

447                   (c) (i) Such surcharge shall be due and payable to the  
448 Patient's Compensation Fund within forty-five (45) days after the  
449 premiums for malpractice liability insurance have been received by  
450 the agent of the insurer or surplus line agent from the health  
451 care provider in Mississippi.

452                   (ii) It shall be the duty of the insurer or  
453 surplus line agent to remit the surcharge to the Patient's  
454 Compensation Fund within forty-five (45) days of the date of  
455 payment by the health care provider. Failure of the insurer or  
456 surplus line agent to remit payment within forty-five (45) days  
457 shall subject the insurer or surplus line agent to a penalty of  
458 twelve percent (12%) of the annual surcharge and all reasonable  
459 attorney's fees. Upon the failure of the insurer or surplus line  
460 agent to remit as provided herein, the board is authorized to  
461 institute legal proceedings to collect the surcharge, together  
462 with penalties, legal interest and attorney's fees.

463           (d) If the annual premium surcharge is not paid within  
464 the time required above, upon written notice of such nonpayment  
465 given by the board concurrently to the Commissioner of Insurance  
466 and the insurer or surplus line agent, the certificate of  
467 authority of the insurer and surplus line agent shall be suspended  
468 until the annual premium surcharge is paid.

469           (e) (i) All expenses of collecting, protecting and  
470 administering the fund shall be paid from the fund.

471                   (ii) The functions of collecting, administering  
472 and protecting the fund, including all matters relating to  
473 establishing reserves, the evaluating and settlement of claims,  
474 and relating to the defense of the fund, shall be carried out by  
475 the board.

476                   (iii) The function of selecting the list of  
477 attorney names from which the selection of the attorney chairman  
478 of the medical review panels is to be made shall be the  
479 responsibility of the board.

480                   (iv) These expenses of the board shall be paid  
481 from the fund by the State Treasurer in accordance with the law.

482                   (v) The board shall budget and appropriate from  
483 the fund sufficient monies for carrying out the duties, functions  
484 and responsibilities imposed in this section and shall also  
485 appropriate all remaining monies in the fund for use by the board  
486 to pay approved claims based upon final judgments, court-approved  
487 settlements, final arbitration awards, and judgments awarding  
488 medical care and related benefits rendered pursuant to Section 3  
489 of this chapter and vouchers drawn by the board pursuant to a  
490 judgment reciting that a patient is in need of future medical and  
491 related benefits under the provisions of Section 3 of this chapter  
492 in accordance with paragraph (g) of this subsection and in  
493 accordance with subsection (2) of this section.

494                   (vi) Any purchases from the fund of furniture,  
495 fixtures, equipment or other property shall be specifically

496 designated, by such method of identification as is reasonable and  
497 practical for each item, as the property of the fund.

498 (f) (i) The Mississippi Department of Insurance in  
499 accordance with a rate filing request made by the board may reduce  
500 the surcharge provided in this subsection; however, at all times  
501 the fund shall be maintained so as to provide an actuarially sound  
502 percentage of the annual surcharge premiums, reserves established  
503 for individual claims, reserves established for incurred but not  
504 reported claims, and expenses.

505 (ii) No reduction in the surcharge shall be made  
506 unless sufficient surplus is available in the fund.

507 (g) (i) Claims from the Patient's Compensation Fund  
508 exclusive of those provided for in Section 3 of this chapter shall  
509 be computed at the time the claim becomes final.

510 (ii) A final claim shall be paid within forty-five  
511 (45) days of the board's receipt of a certified copy of the  
512 settlement, judgment, or arbitration award, unless the fund is  
513 exhausted and the proration provision contained in subparagraph  
514 (g)(iii) applies.

515 (iii) If the fund would be exhausted by payment in  
516 full of all final claims then the amount paid to each claimant  
517 shall be prorated.

518 (iv) Any amounts due and unpaid shall be prorated.

519 (v) Any amounts due and unpaid shall be paid in  
520 the following semiannual periods.

521 (2) (a) The board shall request the State Treasurer to  
522 issue payment in the amount of each claim submitted to and  
523 approved by the board, or prorated payment as the case may be,  
524 against the fund within thirty (30) days of receipt of a certified  
525 copy of the settlement, judgment, or arbitration award except that  
526 payment for claims made pursuant to subparagraph (b)(iv) or (v) of  
527 this subsection, or both, shall be made upon receipt of such  
528 certified copy.



529           (b) The only claim against the fund shall be a voucher  
530 or other appropriate request by the board after it receives at  
531 least one (1) of the following:

532           (i) A certified copy of a final judgment in excess  
533 of One Hundred Thousand Dollars (\$100,000.00) against a health  
534 care provider.

535           (ii) A certified copy of a court approved  
536 settlement in excess of One Hundred Thousand Dollars (\$100,000.00)  
537 against a health care provider.

538           (iii) A certified copy of a final award in excess  
539 of One Hundred Thousand Dollars (\$100,000.00) in an arbitration  
540 proceeding against a health care provider.

541           (iv) A certified copy of a judgment awarding  
542 medical care and related benefits rendered pursuant to Section 3  
543 of this chapter.

544           (v) A voucher drawn by the board through the  
545 Patient's Compensation Fund defense counsel pursuant to a judgment  
546 reciting that a patient is in need of future medical care and  
547 related benefits under the provisions of Section 3 of this  
548 chapter.

549           (3) If the insurer of a health care provider or a  
550 self-insured health care provider has agreed to settle its  
551 liability on a claim against its insured and claimant is demanding  
552 an amount in excess thereof from the Patient's Compensation Fund  
553 for a complete and final release, then the following procedure  
554 must be followed:

555           (a) A petition shall be filed by the claimant with the  
556 court in which the action is pending against the health care  
557 provider, if none is pending in the county where the alleged  
558 malpractice occurred, seeking (i) approval of an agreed  
559 settlement, if any, and/or (ii) demanding payment of damages from  
560 the Patient's Compensation Fund.

561           (b) A copy of the petition shall be served on the  
562 board, the health care provider and his insurer at least ten (10)  
563 days before filing and shall contain sufficient information to  
564 inform the other parties about the nature of the claim and the  
565 additional amount demanded.

566           (c) The board and the insurer of the health care  
567 provider or the self-insured health care provider may agree to a  
568 settlement with the claimant from the Patient's Compensation Fund,  
569 or the board and the insurer of the health care provider or the  
570 self-insured health care provider may file written objections to  
571 the payment of the amount demanded. The agreement or objections  
572 to the payment demanded shall be filed within twenty (20) days  
573 after the petition is filed.

574           (d) As soon as practicable after the petition is filed  
575 in the court, the judge shall fix the date on which the petition  
576 seeking approval of the agreed settlement and/or demanding payment  
577 of damages from the fund shall be heard, and shall notify the  
578 claimant, the insurer of the health care provider or the  
579 self-insured health care provider and the board thereof as  
580 provided by law.

581           (e) At the hearing the board, the claimant and the  
582 insurer of the health care provider or the self-insured health  
583 care provider may introduce relevant evidence to enable the court  
584 to determine whether or not the petition should be approved if it  
585 is submitted on agreement without objections. If the board, the  
586 insurer of the health care provider, or the self-insured health  
587 care provider and the claimant cannot agree on the amount, if any,  
588 to be paid out of the Patient's Compensation Fund, then the trier  
589 of fact shall determine at a subsequent trial which shall take  
590 place only after the board shall have been given an adequate  
591 opportunity to conduct discovery, identify and retain expert  
592 witnesses, and prepare a defense, the amount of claimant's  
593 damages, if any, in excess of the amount already paid by the

594 insurer of the health care provider or self-insured health care  
595 provider. The trier of fact shall determine the amount for which  
596 the fund is liable and render a finding and judgment accordingly.  
597 The board shall have a right to request trial by jury whether or  
598 not a jury trial has been requested by the claimant or by any  
599 health care provider.

600 (f) The board shall not be entitled to file a suit or  
601 otherwise assert a claim against any qualified health provider as  
602 defined in this chapter on the basis that the qualified health  
603 care provider failed to comply with the appropriate standard of  
604 care in treating or failing to treat any patient.

605 (g) The board may apply the provisions of Section  
606 11-7-15, Mississippi Code of 1972, or Section 85-5-7, Mississippi  
607 Code of 1972, or both, to assert a credit or offset for the  
608 allocated percentage of negligence or fault of a qualified health  
609 care provider provided at least one (1) of the following  
610 conditions is met:

611 (i) A payment has been made to the claimant by, in  
612 the name of, or on behalf of the qualified health care provider  
613 whose percentage of fault the board seeks to allocate.

614 (ii) A payment has been made to the claimant by,  
615 in the name of, or on behalf of another qualified health care  
616 provider in order to obtain a dismissal or release of liability of  
617 the qualified health care provider whose percentage of fault the  
618 board seeks to allocate, provided that there shall be no separate  
619 credit or offset for the fault of an employer or other vicariously  
620 liable entity who was not independently negligent or otherwise at  
621 fault and who makes a payment in order to obtain a dismissal or  
622 release of liability of a single qualified health care provider  
623 for whom the payor is vicariously liable.

624 (iii) All or a portion of a payment made by  
625 another qualified health care provider, by the insurer of another  
626 qualified health care provider, or by the employer of another

627 qualified health care provider has been attributed to or allocated  
628 to the qualified health care provider whose percentage of fault  
629 the board seeks to allocate, provided that there shall be no  
630 separate credit or offset for the fault of an employer or other  
631 vicariously liable entity who has not independently negligent or  
632 otherwise at fault and who makes a payment in order to obtain a  
633 dismissal or release of liability of a single qualified health  
634 care provider for whom the payor is vicariously liable.

635 (iv) A medical review panel has determined that  
636 the qualified health care provider whose percentage of fault the  
637 board seeks to allocate failed to comply with the appropriate  
638 standard of care and that the failure was a cause of the damage or  
639 injury suffered by the patient, or a medical review panel has  
640 determined that there is a material issue of fact, not requiring  
641 expert opinion, bearing on liability of the qualified health care  
642 provider whose percentage of fault the board seeks to allocate for  
643 consideration by the trier of fact.

644 (v) The qualified health care provider does not  
645 object within thirty (30) days after notice of the board's  
646 intention to allocate the health care provider's percentage of  
647 fault is delivered via certified mail to the plaintiff, the  
648 qualified health care provider, and the qualified health care  
649 providers' professional liability insurer or to their attorneys.

650 (vi) The trier of fact determines, after a hearing  
651 in which the qualified health care provider whose percentage of  
652 fault the board seeks to allocate shall be given an opportunity to  
653 appear and participate, that there has been collusion or other  
654 improper conduct between the defendant health care providers to  
655 the detriment of the interests of the fund.

656 (vii) Except where the sum of One Hundred Thousand  
657 Dollars (\$100,000.00) has been paid by, in the name of, or on  
658 behalf of the qualified health care provider whose percentage of  
659 fault the board seeks to allocate, in any case in which the board

660 is entitled pursuant to the provisions of Section 11-7-15,  
661 Mississippi Code of 1972, or Section 85-5-7, Mississippi Code of  
662 1972, or both, to assert a credit or offset for the allocated  
663 percentage of negligence or fault of a qualified health care  
664 provider, the board shall have the burden of proving the  
665 negligence or fault of the qualified health care provider whose  
666 percentage of fault the board seeks to allocate.

667 (viii) In approving a settlement or determining  
668 the amount, if any, to be paid from the Patient's Compensation  
669 Fund, the trier of fact shall consider the liability of the health  
670 care provider as admitted and established where the insurer has  
671 paid its policy limits of One Hundred Thousand Dollars  
672 (\$100,000.00) or where the self-insured health care provider has  
673 paid One Hundred Thousand Dollars (\$100,000.00).

674 (ix) In each instance in which a claimant seeks to  
675 recover any sum from the board, each qualified health care  
676 provider or insurer or employer of a qualified health care  
677 provider who has made or has agreed to make any payment, including  
678 any reimbursement of court costs, medical expenses, or other  
679 expenses, to the claimant, the claimant's attorney, or any other  
680 person or entity shall be required, not later than ten (10) days  
681 after the filing of the petition for approval of the settlement,  
682 to file and serve upon the board an answer to the petition for  
683 approval of the settlement which sets forth a complete explanation  
684 of each such payment, to include the identity of each payee, the  
685 identity of each entity by or on whose behalf each payment has  
686 been or is to be made, each amount paid or to be paid directly or  
687 indirectly by, on behalf of, or which has been or is to be  
688 attributed or allocated to any qualified health care provider, the  
689 purpose of each such payment, and the precise nature of any  
690 collateral agreement which has been made or is to be made in  
691 connection with the proposed settlement.

692           (f) Any settlement approved by the court shall not be  
693 appealed. Any judgment of the court fixing damages recoverable in  
694 any such contested proceeding shall be appealable pursuant to the  
695 rules governing appeals in any other civil court case tried by the  
696 court.

697           (g) For the benefit of both the insured and the  
698 Patient's Compensation Fund, the insurer of the health provider  
699 shall exercise good faith and reasonable care both in evaluating  
700 the plaintiff's claim and in considering and acting upon  
701 settlement thereof. A self-insured health care provider shall,  
702 for the benefit of the Patient's Compensation Fund, also exercise  
703 good faith and reasonable care both in evaluating the plaintiff's  
704 claim and in considering and acting upon settlement thereof.

705           (h) The parties may agree that any amounts due from the  
706 Patient's Compensation Fund pursuant to Section 4(2) of this  
707 chapter be paid by annuity contract purchased by the Patient's  
708 Compensation Fund for and on behalf of the claimant.

709           (i) Notwithstanding any other provision of this  
710 chapter, any self-insured health care provider who has agreed to  
711 settle its liability on a claim and has been released by the  
712 claimant for such claim or any other claim arising from the same  
713 cause of action shall be removed as a party to the petition, and  
714 his name shall be removed from any judgment that is rendered in  
715 the proceeding. Such release shall be filed with the clerk of  
716 court in the county in which the petition is filed upon the filing  
717 of a properly executed, sworn release and settlement of claim.

718           (4) (a) (i) The Patient's Compensation Fund Oversight  
719 Board is hereby created and established in the Office of the  
720 Governor. The board shall be comprised of nine (9) members,  
721 appointed by the Governor subject to Senate confirmation.

722                       (ii) Nine (9) members of the board shall be a  
723 representative of and for one or more classes of health care  
724 providers enrolled in the fund, and the board's membership shall

725 be apportioned according to the distribution of aggregate  
726 surcharges paid to the fund among the several classes of health  
727 care providers enrolled with the fund, as follows:

728           1. Four (4) members of the board shall be  
729 representatives of the class of health care providers contributing  
730 the greatest percentage of the fund's aggregate surcharges.

731           2. Two (2) members of the board shall be  
732 representatives of the class of health care providers contributing  
733 the second greatest percentage of the fund's aggregate surcharges.

734           3. One (1) member of the board shall be a  
735 representative of the class of health care providers contributing  
736 the third greatest percentage of the fund's aggregate surcharges.

737           4. One (1) member of the board shall be  
738 appointed to represent all other classes of health care providers  
739 enrolled with the fund.

740           (iii) The ninth member of the board shall be  
741 appointed from nominees provided by the Commissioner of Insurance,  
742 and this member must be an executive of a property and casualty  
743 insurance company that is licensed in this state which does not  
744 sell medical professional liability insurance.

745           (iv) Appointments of members representing a single  
746 class of health care providers shall be made from nominations  
747 solicited from the respective principal professional organizations  
748 of such health care providers in the state. The member of the  
749 board representing all other classes of health care providers  
750 shall be nominated by concurrence of the respective principal  
751 professional organizations of such health care providers in the  
752 state. In the absence of such concurrence each such professional  
753 organization shall name a representative to an ad hoc committee  
754 which shall, from among its number, nominate a representative to  
755 the board.

756           (v) For the purpose of apportioning representation  
757 on the board, the percentage surcharge contribution of each

758 distinct class of health care providers listed in Section 1 of  
759 this chapter to the aggregate surcharges paid to the fund shall be  
760 calculated for each fiscal year of the fund, and apportionment  
761 with respect to an initial or subsequent appointment to the board  
762 shall be based on such percentage contributions for the fund  
763 fiscal year preceding any such appointment.

764           (vi) Two (2) of the initial members of the board  
765 appointed pursuant to paragraph (a)(ii)1. of this subsection, one  
766 (1) of the initial members appointed pursuant to paragraph  
767 (a)(ii)2., and the member appointed pursuant to paragraph  
768 (a)(ii)3. shall serve for terms of three (3) years. One (1) of  
769 the members of the initial board appointed pursuant to paragraph  
770 (a)(ii)1. of this subsection and one (1) of the initial members  
771 appointed pursuant to paragraph (a)(ii)2. shall serve for terms of  
772 two (2) years. The remaining members of the initial board shall  
773 serve for terms of one (1) year. Thereafter, each member of the  
774 board shall serve for a term of three (3) years, with any vacancy  
775 occurring in any such position being filled for the unexpired term  
776 of such position in the manner of the original appointment, in  
777 accordance with the apportionment of representation provided for  
778 by this subsection.

779           (vi) The board shall annually elect a chairman and  
780 secretary from among its members and shall meet not less  
781 frequently than quarterly during the calendar year on the call of  
782 the chairman at such times and places as he may designate.

783           (viii) The members of the board shall receive  
784 Seventy-five Dollars (\$75.00) per day while engaged in board  
785 business and for attendance at all meetings of the board.  
786 Reasonable expenses incurred by board members in their travel to  
787 and attendance at meetings of the board shall be reimbursed by the  
788 fund in accordance with applicable laws and administrative  
789 regulations. The members of the board shall not be reimbursed for  
790 any expenses incurred for board meetings outside of the state.



791           (b) The board shall be responsible, and have full  
792 authority under law, for the management, administration, operation  
793 and defense of the fund in accordance with the provisions of this  
794 chapter.

795           (c) In addition to such other powers and authority  
796 elsewhere expressly or impliedly conferred on the board by this  
797 chapter, the board shall have the authority, to the extent not  
798 inconsistent with the provisions of this chapter, to:

799                 (i) Collect all surcharges and other monies due  
800 the fund.

801                 (ii) Establish and define the standards and forms  
802 of financial responsibility required of self-insured health care  
803 providers, and the standards and forms of malpractice liability  
804 insurance policies issued by admitted insurance companies and the  
805 standards, forms, acceptable ratings and other criteria for  
806 medical malpractice liability insurance policies issued by  
807 nonadmitted insurance companies which are acceptable as proof of  
808 financial responsibility pursuant to Section 2 of this chapter, as  
809 a condition to initial and continuing enrollment with the fund.

810                 (iii) Collect, accumulate, and maintain claims  
811 experience data from enrolled health care providers and insurance  
812 companies providing professional liability insurance coverage to  
813 health care providers in this state in such form as may be  
814 necessary or appropriate to permit the fund to develop appropriate  
815 surcharge rates for the fund.

816                 (iv) Employ, or retain the services of a qualified  
817 competent independent actuary to perform the annual actuarial  
818 study of the fund required by this section and to advise the board  
819 on all aspects of the fund's administration, operation and defense  
820 which require application of the actuarial science.

821                 (v) Contract for any services necessary or  
822 advisable to implement the authority and discharge the

823 responsibilities conferred and imposed on the board by this  
824 chapter.

825           (vi) Employ an appropriately qualified executive  
826 director and delegate to such executive director all or any  
827 portion of the authority for administration and operation of the  
828 fund vested in the board, subject to the superseding authority of  
829 the board.

830           (vii) Employ an appropriately qualified claims  
831 manager and delegate to such claims manager all or any portion of  
832 the authority for the protection and defense of the fund vested in  
833 the board, subject to the superseding authority of the board.

834           (viii) Employ, or contract with, legal counsel to  
835 advise and represent the board and represent the fund in  
836 proceedings pursuant to this chapter. Such counsel shall be  
837 licensed to practice law in the State of Mississippi.

838           (ix) Employ such clerical personnel as may be  
839 necessary or appropriate to carry out the responsibilities of the  
840 board under this chapter.

841           (x) Defend the fund from all claims due wholly or  
842 in part to the negligence or liability of anyone other than a  
843 qualified health care provider regardless of whether a qualified  
844 health care provider has settled and paid its statutory maximum,  
845 or has been adjudged liable or negligent.

846           (xi) Defend the fund from all claims arising under  
847 subparagraph (x) of this paragraph (c), and obtain indemnity and  
848 reimbursement to the fund of all amounts for which anyone other  
849 than a qualified health care provider may be held liable. The  
850 right of indemnity and reimbursement to the fund shall be limited  
851 to that amount that the fund may be cast in judgment.

852           (xii) The right to apply the provisions of Section  
853 11-7-15, Mississippi Code of 1972, and Section 85-5-7,  
854 Mississippi Code of 1972, or both, to assert a credit or offset

855 for the allocated percentage of negligence or fault of a qualified  
856 health care provider governed by the provisions of those sections.

857 (xiii) Intervene as a matter of right, at its  
858 discretion, in any civil action or proceeding in which the  
859 constitutionality of this chapter and/or any other Mississippi law  
860 related to medical malpractice as defined in this chapter is  
861 challenged.

862 (d) The board shall have authority to adopt and  
863 promulgate such rules, regulations and standards as it may deem  
864 necessary or advisable to implement the authority and discharge  
865 the responsibilities conferred and imposed on the board by this  
866 chapter.

867 (e) All communications made and all documents and  
868 records developed by, between or among the Attorney General,  
869 claims manager, the oversight board, any person or entity  
870 contracted to provide services to or on behalf of the fund under  
871 this chapter, and enrolled health care providers and their  
872 insurers, relative to or in anticipation of defense of the fund or  
873 enrolled health care providers against, establishment of reserves  
874 with respect to, or prospective settlement of, individual  
875 malpractice claims shall be confidential and privileged against  
876 disclosure to any third party, pursuant to request, subpoena, or  
877 otherwise.

878 (5) The executive director shall annually project revenue  
879 and expense budgets for the fund for the succeeding fiscal year.  
880 Such budget shall reflect all revenues projected to be collected  
881 or received by or accruing to the fund during such fiscal year,  
882 together with the projected expenses of the administration,  
883 operation, and defense of the fund and satisfaction of its  
884 liabilities and obligations. Such budgets shall be submitted to  
885 the board for approval, and as approved by the board, submitted to  
886 the Governor, joint legislative budget office and the State  
887 Treasurer.

888           (6) The executive director shall annually prepare an  
889 appropriate request based on the annual budget prepared pursuant  
890 to subsection (5) of this section for approval by the board.

891           (7) The executive director shall prepare or cause to be  
892 prepared, statements of the financial condition of the fund at the  
893 end of each calendar quarter. Such statement may be prepared, at  
894 the election of the executive director, in accordance with the  
895 statutory accounting principles applicable to liability insurance  
896 companies authorized to do business in this state or in accordance  
897 with generally accepted accounting principles relating to  
898 accounting for governmental funds.

899           (8) On or before July 1 of each year, the executive director  
900 shall cause to be prepared an annual statement of the financial  
901 condition of the fund at December 31 of the preceding year, which  
902 statement shall be substantially in the form of the annual report  
903 required to be filed by liability insurance companies authorized  
904 to do business in this state, and which statement shall have been  
905 audited or reviewed by an independent certified public accountant.  
906 Such statement shall be submitted to the Governor, the board and  
907 the Legislature on or before July 1 of each year and shall be a  
908 public record.

909           **SECTION 5. Malpractice Coverage.**

910           (1) (a) Only while malpractice liability insurance remains  
911 in force, or in the case of a self-insured health care provider,  
912 only while the security required by regulations of the board  
913 remains undiminished, are the health care provider and his insurer  
914 liable to a patient, or his representative, for malpractice to the  
915 extent and in the manner specified in this chapter.

916           (b) When, and during the period that each shareholder,  
917 partner, member, agent, officer, or employee of a corporation,  
918 partnership, limited liability partnership, or limited liability  
919 company, who is eligible for qualification as a health care  
920 provider under this chapter, and who is providing health care on

921 behalf of such corporation, partnership, or limited liability  
922 company, is qualified as a health care provider under the  
923 provisions of Section 2(1) of this chapter, such corporation,  
924 partnership, limited liability partnership, or limited liability  
925 company shall, without the payment of an additional surcharge, be  
926 deemed concurrently qualified and enrolled as a health care  
927 provider under this chapter.

928 (2) The filing of proof of financial responsibility with the  
929 board shall constitute, on the part of the insurer, a conclusive  
930 and unqualified acceptance of the provisions of this chapter.

931 (3) Any provision in a policy attempting to limit or modify  
932 the liability of the insurer contrary to the provisions of this  
933 chapter is void, except that a provision in a malpractice  
934 liability insurance policy approved by the board which limits the  
935 aggregate sum for which the insurer may be liable during the  
936 policy period shall be valid.

937 (4) Every policy issued under this chapter is deemed to  
938 include the following provisions, and any change which may be  
939 occasioned by legislation adopted by the Legislature of the State  
940 of Mississippi as fully as if it were written therein:

941 (a) The insurer assumes all obligations to pay an award  
942 imposed against its insured under the provisions of this chapter;  
943 and

944 (b) Any termination of this policy by cancellation is  
945 not effective as to patients claiming against the insured covered  
946 hereby, unless at least thirty (30) days before the taking effect  
947 of the cancellation, a written notice giving the date upon which  
948 termination becomes effective has been received by the insured and  
949 the board at their offices. In no event shall the cancellation  
950 affect in any manner any claim which was first reported to the  
951 insurer during the term of the policy; except that the insurer may  
952 deny defense and indemnification to an insured by reason of

953 exclusions set forth in the policy or the insurer's failure to  
954 comply with any provision of the policy.

955 (5) If an insurer fails or refuses to pay a final judgment,  
956 except during the pendency of an appeal, or fails or refuses to  
957 comply with any provisions of this chapter, in addition to any  
958 other legal remedy, the board may also revoke the approval of its  
959 policy form until the insurer pays the award or judgment or has  
960 complied with the violated provisions of this chapter and has  
961 resubmitted its policy form and received the approval of the  
962 board.

963 **SECTION 6. Medical Review Panel.**

964 (1) (a) All malpractice claims against health care  
965 providers covered by this chapter, other than claims validly  
966 agreed for submission to a lawfully binding arbitration procedure,  
967 shall be reviewed by a medical review panel established as  
968 hereinafter provided for in this section.

969 (b) A request for review of a malpractice claim or  
970 malpractice complaint shall contain, at a minimum, all of the  
971 following:

972 (i) A request for the formation of a medical  
973 review panel;

974 (ii) The name of the patient;

975 (iii) The names of the claimants;

976 (iv) The names of the defendant health care  
977 providers;

978 (v) The dates of the alleged malpractice;

979 (vi) A brief description of the alleged  
980 malpractice as to each named defendant health care provider; and

981 (vii) A brief description of the alleged injuries.

982 (c) A claimant shall have forty-five (45) days from the  
983 mailing date of the confirmation of receipt of the request for  
984 review in accordance with this section to pay to the board a

985 filing fee in the amount of One Hundred Dollars (\$100.00) per  
986 named defendant qualified under this chapter.

987 (d) Such filing fee may be waived only upon receipt by  
988 the board of one (1) of the following:

989 (i) An affidavit of a physician holding a valid  
990 license to practice his or her specialty in the state of his or  
991 her residence certifying the adequate medical records have been  
992 obtained and reviewed and that the allegations of malpractice  
993 against each defendant state health care provider named in the  
994 claim constitute a claim of a breach of the applicable standard of  
995 care as to each named defendant state health care provider.

996 (ii) A pauper's affidavit prepared and submitted  
997 in accordance with Sections 11-53-17 and 11-53-19, Mississippi  
998 Code of 1972, in a circuit court in a venue in which the  
999 malpractice claim could properly be brought upon the conclusion of  
1000 the medical review process.

1001 (e) Failure to comply with the provisions of this  
1002 section within the specified time frame shall render the request  
1003 for review of a malpractice claim invalid and without effect.  
1004 Such an invalid request for review of a malpractice claim shall  
1005 not suspend the time within which suit must be instituted in  
1006 paragraph (g) of this subsection.

1007 (f) All funds generated by such filing fees shall be  
1008 private monies and shall be applied to the costs of the Patient's  
1009 Compensation Fund Oversight Board incurred in the administration  
1010 of claims.

1011 (g) The filing of the request for a review of a claim  
1012 shall suspend the time within which suit must be instituted, in  
1013 accordance with this chapter, until ninety (90) days following  
1014 notification, by certified mail, as provided in subsection (10) of  
1015 this section, to the claimant or his attorney of the issuance of  
1016 the opinion by the medical review panel, in the case of those  
1017 health care providers covered by this chapter, or in the case of a

1018 health care provider against whom a claim has been filed under the  
1019 provisions of this chapter, but who has not qualified under this  
1020 chapter, until sixty (60) days following notification by certified  
1021 mail to the claimant or his attorney by the board that the health  
1022 care provider is not covered by this chapter. The filing of a  
1023 request for review of a claim shall suspend the running of the  
1024 statute of limitations against all joint and several obligors, and  
1025 all joint tort-feasors, including, but not limited to, health care  
1026 providers, both qualified and not qualified, to the same extent  
1027 that the statute of limitations is suspended against the party or  
1028 parties that are the subject of the request for review. Filing a  
1029 request for review of a malpractice claim as required by this  
1030 section with any agency or entity other than the board shall not  
1031 suspend or interrupt the statute of limitations.

1032 (h) The request for review of a malpractice claim under  
1033 this section shall be deemed filed on the date of receipt of the  
1034 request stamped and certified by the board or on the date of  
1035 mailing of the request if mailed to the board by certified or  
1036 registered mail only upon timely compliance with the provisions of  
1037 Section (5) of this chapter.

1038 (i) It shall be the duty of the board within fifteen  
1039 (15) days of the receipt of the claim by the board to:

1040 (i) Confirm to the claimant that the filing has  
1041 been officially received and whether or not the named defendant or  
1042 defendants have qualified under this chapter.

1043 (ii) In the confirmation to the claimant pursuant  
1044 to subparagraph (i), notify the claimant of the amount of the  
1045 filing fee due and the time frame within which such fee is due to  
1046 the board, and that upon failure to comply with the provisions of  
1047 subsection (1)(c) and/or (d) the request for review of a  
1048 malpractice claim is invalid and without effect and that the  
1049 request shall not suspend the time within which suit must be  
1050 instituted in paragraph (g) of this subsection.



1051                   (iii) Notify all named defendants, whether or not  
1052 qualified under the provisions of this section that a filing has  
1053 been made against them and request made for the formation of a  
1054 medical review panel, and forward a copy of the proposed complaint  
1055 to each named defendant at his or her last and usual place of  
1056 residence or his or her office.

1057                   (j) The board shall notify the claimant and all named  
1058 defendants of the following information:

1059                   (i) The date of the receipt of the filing fee.

1060                   (ii) That no filing was due because the claimant  
1061 timely provided the affidavit set forth in subsection (1)(d)(i).

1062                   (iii) That the claimant has timely complied with  
1063 the provisions of this section.

1064                   (iv) That the required filing fee was not timely  
1065 paid pursuant to subsection (1)(c).

1066                   (k) An attorney chairman for the state medical review  
1067 panel shall be appointed within six (6) months from the date the  
1068 request for review of the claim was filed. Upon appointment of  
1069 the attorney chairman, the parties shall notify the board of the  
1070 name and address of the attorney chairman. If the board has not  
1071 received notice of the appointment of an attorney chairman within  
1072 four (4) months from the date the request for review of the claim  
1073 was filed, then the board shall send notice to the parties by  
1074 certified or registered mail that the claim will be dismissed in  
1075 sixty (60) days unless an attorney chairman is appointed within  
1076 six (6) months from the date the request for review of the claim  
1077 was filed. If the board has not received notice of the  
1078 appointment of an attorney chairman within six (6) months from the  
1079 date the request for review of the claim was filed, then the board  
1080 shall promptly send notice to the parties by certified or  
1081 registered mail that the claim has been dismissed for failure to  
1082 appoint an attorney chairman and the parties shall be deemed to  
1083 have waived the use of the state medical review panel. The filing

1084 of a request for a medical review panel shall suspend the time  
1085 within which suit must be filed until ninety (90) days after the  
1086 claim has been dismissed in accordance with this section.

1087       (2) (a) (i) No action against a health care provider  
1088 covered by this chapter, or his insurer, may be commenced in any  
1089 court before the claimant's proposed complaint has been presented  
1090 to a medical review panel established pursuant to this section.

1091               (ii) A certificate of enrollment issued by the  
1092 board shall be admitted in evidence.

1093               (iii) However, with respect to an act of  
1094 malpractice which occurs after July 1, 2004, if an opinion is not  
1095 rendered by the panel within twelve (12) months after the date of  
1096 notification of the selection of the attorney chairman by the  
1097 executive director to the selected attorney and all other parties  
1098 pursuant to paragraph (a) of subsection (3) of this section, suit  
1099 may be instituted against a health care provider covered by this  
1100 chapter. However, either party may petition a court of competent  
1101 jurisdiction for an order extending the twelve-month period  
1102 provided in this subsection for good cause shown. After the  
1103 twelve-month period provided for in this subsection or any  
1104 court-ordered extension thereof, the medical review panel  
1105 established to review the claimant's complaint shall be dissolved  
1106 without the necessity of obtaining a court order of dissolution.

1107               (iv) By agreement of both parties, the use of the  
1108 medical review panel may be waived.

1109       (b) (i) A health care provider, against whom a claim  
1110 has been filed under the provisions of this chapter, may raise any  
1111 exception or defenses available pursuant to Mississippi law in a  
1112 court of competent jurisdiction and proper venue at any time  
1113 without need for completion of the review process by the medical  
1114 review panel.

1115               (ii) If the court finds that the statute of  
1116 limitations for the claim has expired or otherwise was preempted

1117 before being filed, the panel, if established, shall be dissolved.

1118           (c) Ninety (90) days after the notification to all  
1119 parties by certified mail by the attorney chairman of the board of  
1120 the dissolution of the medical review panel or ninety (90) days  
1121 after the expiration of any court-ordered extension as authorized  
1122 by paragraph (a) of this subsection, the suspension of the running  
1123 of statute of limitations with respect to a qualified health care  
1124 provider shall cease.

1125           (3) The medical review panel shall consist of three (3)  
1126 health care providers who hold unrestricted licenses to practice  
1127 their profession in Mississippi and one (1) attorney. The parties  
1128 may agree on the attorney member of the medical review panel or if  
1129 no agreement can be reached, then the attorney member of the  
1130 medical review panel shall be selected in the following manner:

1131           (a) (i) Upon receipt of notification, the board shall  
1132 draw five (5) names at random from the list of attorneys  
1133 maintained by the board who reside or maintain an office in the  
1134 county which would be proper venue for the action in a court of  
1135 law. The names of judges, magistrates, district attorneys and  
1136 assistant district attorneys shall be excluded if drawn and new  
1137 names drawn in their place. After selection of the attorney  
1138 names, the Office of the Clerk of the Supreme Court shall notify  
1139 the board of the names so selected. It shall be the duty of the  
1140 board to notify the parties of the attorney names from which the  
1141 parties may choose the attorney member of the panel within five  
1142 (5) days. If no agreement can be reached within five (5) days,  
1143 the parties shall immediately initiate a procedure of selecting  
1144 the attorney by each striking two (2) names alternately, with the  
1145 claimant striking first and so advising the health care provider  
1146 of the name of the attorney so stricken; thereafter, the health  
1147 care provider and the claimant shall alternately strike until both  
1148 sides have stricken two (2) names and the remaining name shall be  
1149 the attorney member of the panel. If either the plaintiff or

1150 defendant fails to strike, the clerk of the Mississippi Supreme  
1151 Court shall strike for that party within five (5) additional days.

1152 (ii) After the striking, the office of the board  
1153 shall notify the attorney and all other parties of the name of the  
1154 selected attorney.

1155 (b) The attorney shall act as chairman of the panel and  
1156 in an advisory capacity but shall have no vote. It is the duty of  
1157 the chairman to expedite the selection of the other panel members,  
1158 to convene the panel, and expedite the panel's review of the  
1159 proposed complaint. The chairman shall establish a reasonable  
1160 schedule for submission of evidence to the medical review panel  
1161 but must allow sufficient time for the parties to make full and  
1162 adequate presentation of related facts and authorities within  
1163 ninety (90) days following selection of the panel.

1164 (c) (i) The plaintiff shall notify the attorney  
1165 chairman and the named defendants of his choice of a health care  
1166 provider member of the medical review panel within thirty (30)  
1167 days of the date of certification of his filing by the board.

1168 (ii) The named defendant shall then have fifteen  
1169 (15) days after notification by the plaintiff of the plaintiff's  
1170 choice of his health care provider panelist to name the  
1171 defendant's health care provider panelist.

1172 (iii) If either the plaintiff or defendant fails  
1173 to make a selection of health care provider panelist within the  
1174 time provided, the attorney chairman shall notify by certified  
1175 mail the failing party to make such selection within five (5) days  
1176 of the receipt of the notice.

1177 (iv) If no selection is made within the five-day  
1178 period, then the chairman shall make the selection on behalf of  
1179 the failing party. The two (2) health care provider panel members  
1180 selected by the parties or on their behalf shall be notified by  
1181 the chairman to select the third health care provider panel member  
1182 within fifteen (15) days of their receipt of such notice.

1183                   (v) If the two (2) health care provider panel  
1184 members fail to make such selection within the fifteen-day period  
1185 allowed, the chairman shall then make the selection of the third  
1186 panel member and thereby complete the panel.

1187                   (vi) The qualification and selection of physician  
1188 members of the medical review panel shall be as follows:

1189                   1. All physicians who hold an unrestricted  
1190 license to practice medicine in the State of Mississippi and who  
1191 are engaged in the active practice of medicine in this state,  
1192 whether in the teaching profession or otherwise, shall be  
1193 available for selection.

1194                   2. Each party to the action shall have the  
1195 right to select one (1) physician and upon selection the physician  
1196 shall be required to serve.

1197                   3. When there are multiple plaintiffs or  
1198 defendants, there shall be only one (1) physician selected per  
1199 side. The plaintiff, whether single or multiple, shall have the  
1200 right to select one (1) physician, and the defendant, whether  
1201 single or multiple, shall have the right to select one (1)  
1202 physician.

1203                   4. A panelist so selected and the attorney  
1204 member selected in accordance with this subsection shall serve  
1205 unless for good cause shown may be excused. To show good cause  
1206 for relief from serving, the panelist shall present an affidavit  
1207 to a judge of a court of competent jurisdiction and proper venue  
1208 which shall set out the facts showing that service would  
1209 constitute an unreasonable burden or undue hardship. A health  
1210 care provider panelist may also be excused from serving by the  
1211 attorney chairman if during the previous twelve-month period he  
1212 has been appointed to four (4) other medical review panels. In  
1213 either such event, a replacement panelist shall be selected within  
1214 fifteen (15) days in the same manner as the excused panelist.

1215                   5. If there is only one (1) party defendant  
1216 which is not a hospital, community blood center, tissue bank or  
1217 ambulance service, all panelists except the attorney shall be from  
1218 the same class and specialty of practice of health care provider  
1219 as the defendant. If there is only one (1) party defendant which  
1220 is a hospital, community blood center, tissue bank or ambulance  
1221 service, all panelists except the attorney shall be physicians.  
1222 If there are claims against multiple defendants, one or more of  
1223 whom are health care providers other than a hospital, community  
1224 blood center, tissue bank, or ambulance service, the panelists  
1225 selected in accordance with this subsection may also be selected  
1226 from health care providers who are from the same class and  
1227 specialty of practice of health care providers as are any of the  
1228 defendants other than a hospital, community blood center, tissue  
1229 bank, or ambulance service.

1230                   (d) When the medical review panel is formed, the  
1231 chairman shall within five (5) days notify the board and the  
1232 parties by registered or certified mail of the names and addresses  
1233 of the panel members and the date on which the last member was  
1234 selected.

1235                   (e) Before entering upon their duties, each voting  
1236 panelist shall subscribe before a notary public the following  
1237 oath: "I, (name) do solemnly swear/affirm that I will faithfully  
1238 perform the duties of a medical review panel member to the best of  
1239 my ability and without partiality or favoritism of any kind. I  
1240 acknowledge that I represent neither side and that it is my lawful  
1241 duty to serve with complete impartiality and to render a decision  
1242 in accordance with law and the evidence." The attorney panel  
1243 member shall subscribe to the same oath except that in lieu of the  
1244 last sentence thereof the attorney's oath shall state: "I  
1245 acknowledge that I represent neither side and that it is my lawful  
1246 duty to advise the panel members concerning matters of law and

1247 procedure and to serve as chairman." The original of each oath  
1248 shall be attached to the opinion rendered by the panel.

1249 (f) The party aggrieved by the alleged failure or  
1250 refusal of another to perform according to the provisions of this  
1251 section may petition any circuit court of proper venue over the  
1252 parties for an order directing that the parties comply with the  
1253 medical review panel provisions of this chapter.

1254 (g) A panelist or a representative or attorney for any  
1255 interested party shall not discuss with other members of a medical  
1256 review panel on which he serves a claim which is to be reviewed by  
1257 the panel until all evidence to be considered by the panel has  
1258 been submitted. A panelist or a representative or attorney for  
1259 any interested party shall not discuss the pending claim with the  
1260 claimant or his attorney asserting the claim or with a health care  
1261 provider or his attorney against whom a claim has been asserted  
1262 under this section. A panelist or the attorney chairman shall  
1263 disclose in writing to the parties prior to the hearing any  
1264 employment relationship or financial relationship with the  
1265 claimant, the health care provider against whom a claim is  
1266 asserted, or the attorneys representing the claimant or health  
1267 care provider, or any other relationship that might give rise to a  
1268 conflict of interest for the panelists.

1269 (4) (a) The evidence to be considered by the medical review  
1270 panel shall be promptly submitted by the respective parties in  
1271 written form only.

1272 (b) The evidence may consist of medical charts, x-rays,  
1273 lab tests, excerpts of treatises, depositions of witnesses  
1274 including parties, affidavits, interrogatories, and reports of  
1275 medical experts, and any other form of evidence allowable by the  
1276 medical review panel.

1277 (c) If expert testimony is utilized in any claim  
1278 against a physician for injury to or death of a patient, a person  
1279 may qualify as an expert witness on the issue of whether the

1280 physician departed from accepted standards of medical care and  
1281 whether the actions of the physician caused the injury to or the  
1282 death of the patient only if the person is a physician who meets  
1283 all of the following criteria:

1284                   (i) He is practicing medicine at the same time  
1285 such testimony is given or was practicing medicine at the time the  
1286 claim arose.

1287                   (ii) He has knowledge of accepted standards of  
1288 medical care for the diagnosis, care, or treatment of the illness,  
1289 injury or condition involved in the claim.

1290                   (iii) He is qualified on the basis of training or  
1291 experience to offer an expert opinion regarding those accepted  
1292 standards of care.

1293                   (iv) He is licensed to practice medicine by the  
1294 Mississippi State Board of Medical Licensure, is licensed to  
1295 practice medicine by any other jurisdiction in the United States,  
1296 or is a graduate of a medical school accredited by the American  
1297 Medical Association's Liaison Committee on Medical Education or  
1298 the American Osteopathic Association.

1299                   (v) For purposes of this subsection "practicing  
1300 medicine or "medical practice" includes, but is not limited to,  
1301 training residents or students at an accredited school of medicine  
1302 or osteopathy or serving as a consulting physician to other  
1303 physicians who provide direct patient care, upon the request of  
1304 such other physician.

1305                   (d) In determining whether a witness is qualified on  
1306 the basis of training or experience, the court shall consider  
1307 whether, at the time the claim arose or at the time the testimony  
1308 is given, the witness is board certified or has other substantial  
1309 training or experience in an area of medical practice relevant to  
1310 the claim and is actively practicing in that area.

1311                   (e) The court shall apply the criteria specified in  
1312 paragraph (c)(i), (ii), (iii) and (iv) of this subsection in



1313 determining whether a person is qualified to offer expert  
1314 testimony on the issue of whether the physician departed from  
1315 accepted standards of medical care.

1316 (f) Nothing herein shall be construed to prohibit a  
1317 physician from qualifying as an expert solely because he is a  
1318 defendant in a medical malpractice claim.

1319 (g) Depositions of the parties and witnesses may be  
1320 taken prior to the convening of the panel.

1321 (h) Upon request of any party, or upon request of any  
1322 two (2) panel members, the clerk of any district court shall issue  
1323 subpoenas and subpoenas duces tecum in aid of the taking of  
1324 depositions and the production of documentary evidence for  
1325 inspection and/or copying.

1326 (i) The chairman of the panel shall advise the panel  
1327 relative to any legal question involved in the review proceeding  
1328 and shall prepare the opinion of the panel as provided in  
1329 subsection (7).

1330 (j) A copy of the evidence shall be sent to each member  
1331 of the panel.

1332 (5) Either party, after submission of all evidence and upon  
1333 ten (10) days' notice to the other side, shall have the right to  
1334 convene the panel at a time and place agreeable to the members of  
1335 the panel. Either party may question the panel concerning any  
1336 matters relevant to issues to be decided by the panel before the  
1337 issuance of their report. The chairman of the panel shall preside  
1338 at all meetings. Meetings shall be informal.

1339 (6) The panel shall have the right and duty to request and  
1340 procure all necessary information. The panel may consult with  
1341 medical authorities, provided the names of such authorities are  
1342 submitted to the parties with a synopsis of their opinions and  
1343 provided further that the parties may then obtain their testimony  
1344 by deposition. The panel may examine reports of such other health  
1345 care providers necessary to fully inform itself regarding the

1346 issue to be decided. Both parties shall have full access to any  
1347 material submitted to the panel.

1348 (7) The panel shall have the sole duty to express its expert  
1349 opinion as to whether or not the evidence supports the conclusion  
1350 that the defendant or defendants acted or failed to act within the  
1351 appropriate standards of care. After reviewing all evidence and  
1352 after any examination of the panel by counsel representing either  
1353 party, the panel shall, within thirty (30) days but in all events  
1354 within one hundred eighty (180) days after the selection of the  
1355 last panel member, render one or more of the following expert  
1356 opinions, which shall be in writing and signed by the panelists,  
1357 together with written reasons for their conclusions:

1358 (a) The evidence supports the conclusion that the  
1359 defendant or defendants failed to comply with the appropriate  
1360 standard of care as charged in the complaint.

1361 (b) The evidence does not support the conclusion that  
1362 the defendant or defendants failed to meet the applicable standard  
1363 of care as charged in the complaint.

1364 (c) That there is a material issue of fact, not  
1365 requiring expert opinion, bearing on liability for consideration  
1366 by the court.

1367 (d) Where paragraph (a) above is answered in the  
1368 affirmative, that the conduct complained of was or was not a  
1369 factor of the resultant damages. If such conduct was a factor,  
1370 whether the plaintiff suffered:

1371 (i) any disability and the extent and duration of  
1372 the disability; and

1373 (ii) any permanent impairment and the percentage  
1374 of the impairment.

1375 (8) Any report of the expert opinion reached by the medical  
1376 review panel shall be admissible as evidence in any action  
1377 subsequently brought by the claimant in a court of law, but such  
1378 expert opinion shall not be conclusive and either party shall have

1379 the right to call, at his cost, any member of the medical review  
1380 panel as a witness. If called, the witness shall be required to  
1381 appear and testify. A panelist shall have absolute immunity from  
1382 civil liability for all communications, findings, opinions and  
1383 conclusions made in the course and scope of duties prescribed by  
1384 this chapter.

1385 (9) (a) (i) Each physician member of the medical review  
1386 panel shall be paid at the rate of One Hundred Dollars (\$100.00)  
1387 per diem, not to exceed a total of One Thousand Dollars  
1388 (\$1,000.00) for all work performed as a member of the panel  
1389 exclusive of time involved if called as a witness to testify in a  
1390 court of law regarding the communications, findings, and  
1391 conclusions made in the course and scope of duties as a member of  
1392 the medical review panel, and in addition thereto, reasonable  
1393 travel expenses.

1394 (ii) The attorney chairman of the medical review  
1395 panel shall be paid at the rate of One Hundred Dollars (\$100.00)  
1396 per diem, not to exceed a total of Fifteen Hundred Dollars  
1397 (\$1500.00) for all work performed as a member of the panel  
1398 exclusive of time involved if called as a witness to testify in a  
1399 court of law regarding the communications, findings and  
1400 conclusions made in the course and scope of duties as a member of  
1401 the medical review panel, and in addition thereto, reasonable  
1402 travel expenses. Additionally, the attorney chairman shall be  
1403 reimbursed for all reasonable out-of-pocket expenses incurred in  
1404 performing his duties for each medical review panel. The attorney  
1405 chairman shall submit the amount due him for all work performed as  
1406 a member of the panel by affidavit, which shall attest that he has  
1407 performed in the capacity of chairman of the medical review panel  
1408 and that he was personally present at all the panel's meetings or  
1409 deliberations.

1410 (b) The costs of the medical review panel shall be paid  
1411 by the party or side which the opinion of the review panel does

1412 not favor, or the nonprevailing party. However, if the medical  
1413 review panel's opinion is unfavorable to the claimant and the  
1414 claimant is unable to pay, the claimant shall submit to the  
1415 attorney chairman prior to the convening of the medical review  
1416 panel an in forma pauperis ruling issued in accordance with  
1417 Sections 11-53-17 and 11-53-19, Mississippi Code of 1972, by a  
1418 circuit court in a venue in which the malpractice claim could  
1419 properly be brought upon the conclusion of the medical review  
1420 process. Upon timely receipt of the in forma pauperis ruling, the  
1421 costs of the medical review panel shall be paid by the health care  
1422 provider, with the proviso that if the claimant subsequently  
1423 receives a settlement or receives a judgment, the advance payment  
1424 of the medical review panel costs will be offset.

1425 (c) If the claimant receives an unfavorable opinion  
1426 from the medical review panel and files suit which results in a  
1427 verdict in favor of the defendant health care provider the  
1428 defendant health care provider is entitled to recover all  
1429 reasonable expenses, including attorneys' fees, incurred by him in  
1430 defending the suit.

1431 (d) If the medical review panel decides that there is a  
1432 material issue of fact bearing on liability for consideration by  
1433 the court, the claimant and the health care provider shall split  
1434 the costs of the medical review panel. However, in those  
1435 instances in which the claimant is unable to pay his share of the  
1436 costs of the medical review panel, the claimant shall submit to  
1437 the attorney chairman prior to convening of the medical review  
1438 panel an in forma pauperis ruling issued in accordance with this  
1439 section by a circuit court in a venue in which the malpractice  
1440 claim could properly be brought upon the conclusion of the medical  
1441 review panel process. Upon timely receipt of the in forma  
1442 pauperis ruling, the costs of the medical review panel shall be  
1443 paid by the health care provider with the proviso that if the  
1444 claimant subsequently receives a settlement or receives a

1445 judgment, the advance payment of the claimant's share of the costs  
1446 of the medical review panel will be offset.

1447 (e) Upon the rendering of the written panel decision,  
1448 if any one of the panelists finds that the evidence supports the  
1449 conclusion that a defendant health care provider failed to comply  
1450 with the appropriate standard of care and such failure caused  
1451 injury to or the death of the claimant as charged in the  
1452 complaint, each defendant health care provider as to whom such a  
1453 determination was made shall reimburse to the claimant that  
1454 portion of the filing fee applicable to the claim against such  
1455 defendant health care provider or if any one (1) of the panelists  
1456 finds that the evidence supports the conclusion that there is a  
1457 material issue of fact, not requiring expert opinion, bearing on  
1458 liability of such defendant health care provider for consideration  
1459 by the court, each such defendant health care provider as to whom  
1460 such a determination was made shall reimburse to the claimant  
1461 fifty percent (50%) of that portion of the filing fee applicable  
1462 to the claim against such defendant health care provider.

1463 (10) The chairman shall submit a copy of the panel's report  
1464 to the board and all parties and attorneys by registered or  
1465 certified mail within five (5) days after the panel renders its  
1466 opinion.

1467 (11) In the event the medical review panel after a good  
1468 faith effort has been unable to carry out its duties by the end of  
1469 the one hundred-eighty-day period, as provided in subsection (7),  
1470 either party or the board, after exhausting all remedies available  
1471 to them under this section, may petition the appropriate court of  
1472 competent jurisdiction for an order to show cause why the panel  
1473 should not be dissolved and the panelists relieved of their  
1474 duties. The suspension of the running of the statute of  
1475 limitations shall cease sixty (60) days after the receipt by the  
1476 claimant or his attorney of the final order dissolving the medical

1477 review panel, which order shall be mailed to the claimant or his  
1478 attorney by certified mail.

1479 (12) Where the medical review panel issues its opinion after  
1480 the one hundred eighty (180) days required by this section, the  
1481 suspension of the running of the statute of limitations shall not  
1482 cease until ninety (90) days following notification by certified  
1483 mail to the claimant or his attorney of the issuance of the  
1484 opinion as required by subsection (10) of this section.

1485 (4) All reports made to the licensing board pursuant to this  
1486 section shall be and remain confidential and not subject to view  
1487 or discovery by any person or party.

1488 **SECTION 7. Reporting of Claims.**

1489 (1) For the purpose of providing the various licensing  
1490 boards of Mississippi health care providers, as defined by Section  
1491 (1)(a) of this chapter, with information on malpractice claims  
1492 paid by insurers or self insurers on behalf of health care  
1493 providers in this state, each insurer of such health care  
1494 provider, and each health care provider in Mississippi who is  
1495 self-insured shall, within thirty (30) days of the date of  
1496 payment, provide a written report to the licensing board of this  
1497 state having licensing authority over the health care provider on  
1498 whose behalf payment was made, and each such report shall contain:

1499 (a) The name and address of the health care provider.

1500 (b) A brief description of the acts of omission or  
1501 commission which gave rise or allegedly gave rise to the claim,  
1502 and the date thereof.

1503 (c) The name of the patient and the injury which  
1504 resulted or allegedly resulted therefrom.

1505 (d) The amount paid in settlement or discharge of the  
1506 claim, whether paid by compromise, by payment of judgment, by  
1507 payment of arbitration award, or otherwise; and

1508           (e) Where any judicial opinion has been rendered with  
1509 regard to a claim, a copy of all such opinions shall be attached  
1510 to the report.

1511 Provided, however, no report shall be required for compromise  
1512 settlements of claims where the amount paid is One Thousand  
1513 Dollars (\$1,000.00) or less, except where such payments were made  
1514 in satisfaction or compromise of judgment of court or of award of  
1515 arbitrators.

1516           (2) The provisions of this section shall apply to all health  
1517 care providers in Mississippi, whether or not such health care  
1518 provider has qualified under the provisions of this chapter.

1519           (3) There shall be no liability on the part of any insurer  
1520 or person acting for said insurer, for any statements made in good  
1521 faith in the reports required by this section.

1522           **SECTION 8.** Section 11-1-60, Mississippi Code of 1972, is  
1523 amended as follows:

1524           11-1-60. (1) For the purposes of this section, the  
1525 following words and phrases shall have the meanings ascribed  
1526 herein unless the context clearly requires otherwise:

1527           (a) "Noneconomic damages" means subjective,  
1528 nonpecuniary damages arising from death, pain, suffering,  
1529 inconvenience, mental anguish, worry, emotional distress, loss of  
1530 society and companionship, loss of consortium, bystander injury,  
1531 physical impairment, injury to reputation, humiliation,  
1532 embarrassment, loss of the enjoyment of life, hedonic damages,  
1533 other nonpecuniary damages, and any other theory of damages such  
1534 as fear of loss, illness or injury. The term "noneconomic  
1535 damages" shall not include damages for disfigurement, nor does it  
1536 include punitive or exemplary damages.

1537           (b) "Actual economic damages" means objectively  
1538 verifiable pecuniary damages arising from medical expenses and  
1539 medical care, rehabilitation services, custodial care,  
1540 disabilities, loss of earnings and earning capacity, loss of

1541 income, burial costs, loss of use of property, costs of repair or  
1542 replacement of property, costs of obtaining substitute domestic  
1543 services, loss of employment, loss of business or employment  
1544 opportunities, and other objectively verifiable monetary losses.

1545 (c) "Provider of health care" means a licensed  
1546 physician, psychologist, osteopath, dentist, nurse, nurse  
1547 practitioner, physician assistant, pharmacist, podiatrist,  
1548 optometrist, chiropractor, institution for the aged or infirm,  
1549 hospital, licensed pharmacy or any legal entity which may be  
1550 liable for their acts or omissions.

1551 (2) (a) In any action for injury based on malpractice or  
1552 breach of standard of care against a provider of health care,  
1553 including institutions for the aged or infirm, in the event the  
1554 trier of fact finds the defendant liable, they shall not award the  
1555 plaintiff more than the following for noneconomic damages:

1556 (i) For claims for causes of action filed on or  
1557 after January 1, 2003, but before July 1, 2011, the sum of Five  
1558 Hundred Thousand Dollars (\$500,000.00);

1559 (ii) For claims for causes of action filed on or  
1560 after July 1, 2011, but before July 1, 2017, the sum of Seven  
1561 Hundred Fifty Thousand Dollars (\$750,000.00);

1562 (iii) For claims for causes of action filed on or  
1563 after July 1, 2017, the sum of One Million Dollars  
1564 (\$1,000,000.00).

1565 It is the intent of this section to limit all noneconomic  
1566 damages to the above.

1567 (b) The trier of fact shall not be advised of the  
1568 limitations imposed by this subsection (2) and the judge shall  
1569 appropriately reduce any award of noneconomic damages that exceeds  
1570 the applicable limitation.

1571 (3) The limitation on noneconomic damages set forth in  
1572 subsection (2) shall not apply in cases where the judge determines  
1573 that a jury may impose punitive damages.



1574 (4) Nothing in this section shall be construed to impose a  
1575 limitation on damages for disfigurement or actual economic  
1576 damages.

1577 (5) The provisions of this section shall not apply to health  
1578 care providers qualified under Sections 1 through 7 of Senate Bill  
1579 No. \_\_\_\_\_, 2004 Regular Session, whose liability is governed by  
1580 those sections.

1581 **SECTION 9.** (1) An attorney shall not contract for or  
1582 collect a contingency fee for representing any person seeking  
1583 damages in connection with an action for injury or damage against  
1584 a health care provider based upon such person's alleged  
1585 professional negligence in excess of the following limits:

1586 (a) Thirty-three and one-third percent (33-1/3%) of the  
1587 first One Hundred Thousand Dollars (\$100,000.00) recovered.

1588 (b) Twenty-five percent (25%) of the next Four Hundred  
1589 Thousand Dollars (\$400,000.00) recovered.

1590 The limitations shall apply regardless of whether the  
1591 recovery is by settlement, arbitration, or judgment, or whether  
1592 the person for whom the recovery is made is a responsible adult,  
1593 an infant, or a person of unsound mind.

1594 (2) If periodic payments are awarded to the plaintiff, or an  
1595 annuity purchased, the court shall place a total value on these  
1596 payments based upon the projected life expectancy of the plaintiff  
1597 and include this amount in computing the total award from which  
1598 attorney's fees are calculated under this section.

1599 (3) For purposes of this section:

1600 (a) "Recovered" means the net sum recovered after  
1601 deducting any disbursements or costs incurred in connection with  
1602 prosecution or settlement of the claim. Costs of medical care  
1603 incurred by the plaintiff and the attorney's office-overhead costs  
1604 or charges are not deductible disbursements or costs for such  
1605 purpose.

1606           (b) "Health care provider" means any person as defined  
1607 in Section 1(1)(a) of this act. "Health care provider" includes  
1608 the legal representatives of a health care provider.

1609           (c) "Professional negligence" is a negligent act or  
1610 omission to act by a health care provider in the rendering of  
1611 professional services, which act or omission is the proximate  
1612 cause of a personal injury or wrongful death, provided that the  
1613 services are within the scope of services for which the provider  
1614 is licensed and which are not within any restriction imposed by  
1615 the licensing agency or licensed hospital.

1616           **SECTION 10.** Sections 83-48-1, 83-48-3, 83-48-5 and 83-48-7,  
1617 Mississippi Code of 1972, which create the Medical Malpractice  
1618 Insurance Availability Plan, are hereby repealed. On July 1,  
1619 2004, all assets and liabilities of the Medical Malpractice  
1620 Insurance Availability Plan shall be transferred to the Patient's  
1621 Compensation Fund.

1622           **SECTION 11.** The provisions of Sections 1 through 7 of this  
1623 act shall be codified as a separate chapter within the Mississippi  
1624 Code of 1972.

1625           **SECTION 12.** This act shall take effect and be in force from  
1626 and after July 1, 2004, and shall apply only to acts of  
1627 malpractice that occur on or after this date.