By: Harden

To: Education;
Appropriations

SENATE BILL NO. 2488

AN ACT TO EMPOWER AND DIRECT THE STATE BOARD OF EDUCATION TO ESTABLISH AND IMPLEMENT AN IMPROVING AND HIGH-PERFORMING SCHOOLS PROGRAM FOR IDENTIFYING AND GRANTING FINANCIAL INCENTIVES TO LOW PERFORMING SCHOOLS THAT IMPROVE AND TO THE HIGHEST PERFORMING 5 SCHOOLS IN THEIR CLASSIFICATION; TO ESTABLISH CRITERIA AND 6 AUTHORIZE SALARY PAYMENTS TO SCHOOL PERSONNEL UNDER THIS PROGRAM SUBJECT TO SPECIFIC APPROPRIATION BY THE LEGISLATURE; TO AMEND SECTION 37-17-6, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, TO AUTHORIZE THE STATE 7 8 9 BOARD OF EDUCATION TO DEVELOP A SCHOOL IMPROVEMENT PROGRAM AND A 10 PROBATIONARY PERIOD FOR SCHOOLS WITH ACCREDITATION DEFICIENCIES TO 11 BE DESIGNATED AS "SCHOOLS AT RISK," TO PROVIDE FOR AN EVALUATION PROCESS, TO PROVIDE FOR THE IDENTIFICATION AND TRAINING OF 12 INDEPENDENT EVALUATION TEAM MEMBERS, TO PROVIDE SCHOOL EVALUATION PROCEDURES FOR THE EVALUATION TEAMS, TO PROVIDE FOR THE 13 14 DEVELOPMENT OF SCHOOL IMPROVEMENT PLANS FOR SUCH SCHOOLS AT RISK, TO PROVIDE FOR THE APPOINTMENT OF ASSISTANCE TEAMS BY THE STATE 15 16 17 DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION, TO AUTHORIZE THE SCHOOL AT RISK IMPROVEMENT PROCESS TO INCLUDE MANDATORY PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT 18 FOR INDIVIDUAL PRINCIPALS, TEACHERS AND SUPERINTENDENTS OF SUCH 19 20 SCHOOLS AND TO PROVIDE EMPLOYMENT SANCTIONS FOR PRINCIPALS OR 21 TEACHERS WHO FAIL TO PARTICIPATE IN SUCH PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT, 22 TO PROVIDE FOR A PERFORMANCE-BASED EVALUATION OF SUCH PRINCIPALS 23 AND TEACHERS WHO HAVE PARTICIPATED IN SUCH PROFESSIONAL 24 DEVELOPMENT, TO PROVIDE FOR RECALL ELECTIONS OR APPOINTMENT DECISIONS FOR SUPERINTENDENTS OR SCHOOL BOARD MEMBERS IN CERTAIN SITUATIONS WHERE SCHOOLS AT RISK DO NOT IMPROVE DEFICIENCIES, AND 25 26 TO REQUIRE CERTAIN REPORTS BY THE STATE DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION; 27 28 TO AMEND SECTION 37-9-25, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, IN CONFORMITY THERETO; TO AMEND SECTION 37-7-306, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, TO 29 30 REQUIRE ALL LOCAL SCHOOL BOARD MEMBERS SELECTED AFTER JULY 1, 2000, TO HAVE A HIGH SCHOOL DIPLOMA OR ITS EQUIVALENT, AND $\dot{\text{TO}}$ 31 32 REQUIRE SCHOOL BOARD MEMBERS OF SCHOOLS WHICH HAVE LOST THEIR ACCREDITATION TO COMPLETE ANNUAL TRAINING COURSES IN ORDER TO 33 RETAIN THEIR OFFICE; AND FOR RELATED PURPOSES. 34 35 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MISSISSIPPI: <u>SECTION 1.</u> (1) The State Board of Education shall 36 37 establish, design and implement a High-Performing Schools Program and an Improving Schools Program for identifying and rewarding 38 39 public schools that improve. The State Board of Education shall 40 develop rules and regulations for the program, establish criteria, 41 and establish a process through which high-performing and 42 improving schools will be identified and rewarded. Upon full

- 43 implementation of the statewide testing program, High-Performing
- 44 or Improving School designation shall be made by the State Board
- 45 of Education as follows:
- 46 (a) A growth expectation will be established by testing
- 47 students annually and, using a psychometrically approved formula,
- 48 by tracking their progress. This growth expectation will result
- 49 in a composite score each year for each school.
- 50 (b) A determination will be made as to the percentage
- of students proficient in each school. This measurement will
- 52 define what a student must know in order to be deemed proficient
- 53 at each grade level and will clearly show how well a student is
- 54 performing. The definition of proficiency shall be developed for
- 55 each grade, based on input from teachers and their review of the
- 56 curriculum requirements.
- 57 (c) A school has the following two (2) methods for
- 58 designation as either an Improving or a High-Performing School, to
- 59 be determined on an annual basis:
- (i) A school exceeds its growth expectation by a
- 61 percentage established by the State Board of Education; or
- 62 (ii) A school achieves the grade level proficiency
- 63 standard established by the State Board of Education.
- Any school which has lost its accreditation and is designated
- 65 as a School at Risk and exceeds its growth expectation by a
- 66 percentage as established by the State Board of Education shall no
- 67 longer be considered a School at Risk and shall be eligible for
- 68 monetary awards under this section. High-Performing School
- 69 designation shall not be achieved by a school where the lowest
- 70 quartile of student achievement scores is not improving.
- 71 (2) Upon designation, Improving and High-Performing Schools
- 72 shall be eligible to receive an incentive amount per licensed and
- 73 nonlincensed school personnel to be determined annually by the
- 74 State Board of Education. All funds awarded under this subsection
- 75 shall be subject to specific appropriation therefor by the
- 76 Legislature.
- 77 Salary supplements authorized under this subsection for
- 78 employees of schools receiving Improving or High-Performing
- 79 designation shall not be considered as bonus payments, and shall

- 80 be made in lump sum payments during the first pay period of the
- 81 school year following such designation. All such salary
- 82 supplements shall be paid directly by the State Department of
- 83 Education to the local school district for delivery to the
- 84 designated school, and shall be in addition to the minimum and
- 85 adequate education program allotments and not a part thereof in
- 86 accordance with regulations promulgated by the State Board of
- 87 Education, and subject to specific appropriation therefor by the
- 88 Legislature.
- 89 (3) In addition to salary supplements for Improving and
- 90 High-Performing Schools, the State Board of Education shall award
- 91 the schools receiving such designation an additional incentive
- 92 amount to be made to an Improving or High-Performing School to
- 93 meet needs as determined by a vote of all licensed and
- 94 instructional personnel employed at the school. This incentive
- 95 amount will include a base amount per school plus an additional
- 96 amount based on that school's average daily attendance. These
- 97 incentive funds may be used for specific school needs, including,
- 98 but not limited to:
- 99 (a) Funding for unique staff professional development
- 100 activities. Staff participating in such activities will report to
- 101 the school and school district about the benefits and lessons
- 102 learned from such training;
- 103 (b) Technology needs;
- 104 (c) Sabbaticals for outstanding teachers/administrators
- 105 to pursue additional professional development or educational
- 106 enrichment.
- 107 All funds awarded under this subsection shall be subject to
- 108 specific appropriation therefor by the Legislature.
- 109 (4) In addition, the State Board of Education shall provide
- 110 special recognition to the schools receiving such designation and
- 111 their school districts. Examples of such recognition may include,
- 112 but not be limited to: public announcements and events;

- 113 certificates of recognition and plaques for teachers, principals,
- 114 superintendents and parents; and media announcements utilizing the
- 115 services of Mississippi Educational Television.
- SECTION 2. Section 37-17-6, Mississippi Code of 1972, is
- 117 amended as follows:[JU1]
- 118 37-17-6. (1) The State Board of Education, acting through
- 119 the Commission on School Accreditation, shall establish and
- 120 implement a permanent performance-based accreditation system, and
- 121 all public elementary and secondary schools shall be accredited
- 122 under this system.
- 123 (2) No later than June 30, 1995, the State Board of
- 124 Education, acting through the Commission on School Accreditation,
- 125 shall require school districts to provide school classroom space
- 126 that is air conditioned as a minimum requirement for
- 127 accreditation.
- 128 (3) (a) Beginning with the 1994-1995 school year, the State
- 129 Board of Education, acting through the Commission on School
- 130 Accreditation, shall require that school districts employ
- 131 certified school librarians according to the following formula:
- 132 Number of Students Number of Certified
- 133 Per School Library School Librarians
- 134 0 499 Students 1/2 Full-time Equivalent
- 135 Certified Librarian
- 136 500 or More Students 1 Full-time
- 137 Certified Librarian
- 138 (b) The State Board of Education, however, may increase
- 139 the number of positions beyond the above requirements.
- 140 (c) The assignment of such school librarians to the
- 141 particular schools shall be at the discretion of the local school
- 142 district. No individual shall be employed as a certified school
- 143 librarian without appropriate training and certification as a
- 144 school librarian by the State Department of Education.
- 145 (d) School librarians in such district shall spend at

- 146 least fifty percent (50%) of direct work time in a school library
- 147 and shall devote no more than one-fourth (1/4) of the workday to
- 148 administrative activities which are library related.
- (e) Nothing in this subsection shall prohibit any
- 150 school district from employing more certified school librarians
- 151 than are provided for in this section.
- (f) Any additional millage levied to fund school
- 153 librarians required for accreditation under this subsection shall
- 154 be included in the tax increase limitation set forth in Sections
- 155 37-57-105 and 37-57-107 and shall not be deemed a new program for
- 156 purposes of the limitation.
- 157 (4) On or before July 1, 2000, the State Board of Education
- 158 shall implement the performance-based accreditation system for
- 159 school districts and for individual schools which shall include
- 160 the following:
- 161 (a) High expectations for students and high standards
- 162 for all schools, with a focus on the basic curriculum;
- 163 (b) Strong accountability for results with appropriate
- 164 local flexibility for local implementation;
- 165 (c) A process to implement accountability at both the
- 166 school district level and the school level;
- 167 (d) Individual schools shall be held accountable for
- 168 student growth and performance;
- (e) Set annual performance standards for each of the
- 170 schools of the state and measure the performance of each school
- 171 against itself through the standard that has been set for it;
- 172 (f) A determination of which schools exceed their
- 173 standards and a plan for providing recognition and rewards to such
- 174 schools;
- 175 (g) A determination of which schools are failing to
- 176 meet their standards and a determination of the appropriate role
- 177 of the State Board of Education and the State Department of
- 178 Education in providing assistance and initiating possible

- 179 intervention; and
- 180 (h) Development of a comprehensive student assessment
- 181 system to implement these requirements.
- 182 The State Board of Education may continue to assign school
- 183 district performance levels by using a number classification and
- 184 may assign individual school performance levels by using a number
- 185 classification to be consistent with school district performance
- 186 levels.
- 187 (5) Nothing in this section shall be deemed to require a
- 188 nonpublic school which receives no local, state or federal funds
- 189 for support to become accredited by the State Board of Education.
- 190 (6) The State Board of Education shall create an
- 191 accreditation audit unit under the Commission on School
- 192 Accreditation to determine whether schools are complying with
- 193 accreditation standards.
- 194 (7) The State Board of Education shall be specifically
- 195 authorized and empowered to withhold adequate minimum education
- 196 program or adequate education program fund allocations, whichever
- 197 is applicable, to any public school district for failure to timely
- 198 report student, school personnel and fiscal data necessary to meet
- 199 state and/or federal requirements.
- 200 (8) Deleted.
- 201 (9) The State Board of Education shall establish, for those
- 202 school districts failing to meet accreditation standards, a
- 203 program of development to be complied with in order to receive
- 204 state funds, except as otherwise provided in subsection (14) of
- 205 this section when the Governor has declared a state of emergency
- 206 in a school district or as otherwise provided in Section 206,
- 207 Mississippi Constitution of 1890. The state board, in
- 208 establishing these standards, shall provide for notice to schools
- 209 and sufficient time and aid to enable schools to attempt to meet
- 210 these standards, unless procedures under subsection (14) of this
- 211 section have been invoked.

212 (10) Beginning July 1, 1998, the State Board of Education
213 shall be charged with the implementation of the program of
214 development in each applicable school district as follows:
215 (a) Develop an impairment report for each district
216 failing to meet accreditation standards in conjunction with school
217 district officials;

(b) Notify any applicable school district failing to meet accreditation standards that it is on probation until corrective actions are taken or until the deficiencies have been removed. The local school district shall develop a corrective action plan to improve its deficiencies. For district academic deficiencies, the corrective action plan for each such school district shall be based upon a complete analysis of the following: student test data, student grades, student attendance reports, student drop-out data, existence and other relevant data. corrective action plan shall describe the specific measures to be taken by the particular school district and school to improve: (a) instruction; (b) curriculum; (c) professional development; (d) personnel and classroom organization; (e) student incentives for performance; (f) process deficiencies; and (g) reporting to the local school board, parents and the community. The corrective action plan shall describe the specific individuals responsible for implementing each component of the recommendation and how each will be evaluated. All corrective action plans shall be provided to the State Board of Education as may be required. The decision of the State Board of Education establishing the probationary period of time shall be final;

(c) Offer, during the probationary period, technical assistance to the school district in making corrective actions.

Beginning July 1, 1998, subject to the availability of funds, the State Department of Education shall provide technical and/or financial assistance to all such school districts in order to implement each measure identified in that district's corrective

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245 action plan through professional development and on-site

246 assistance. Each such school district shall apply for and utilize

- 247 all available federal funding in order to support its corrective
- 248 action plan in addition to state funds made available under this
- 249 paragraph;
- 250 (d) Contract, in its discretion, with the institutions
- 251 of higher learning or other appropriate private entities to assist
- 252 school districts;
- 253 (e) Provide for publication of public notice at least
- 254 one time during the probationary period, in a newspaper published
- 255 within the jurisdiction of the school district failing to meet
- 256 accreditation standards, or if no newspaper is published therein,
- 257 then in a newspaper having a general circulation therein. The
- 258 publication shall include the following: declaration of school
- 259 system's status as being on probation; all details relating to the
- 260 impairment report; and other information as the State Board of
- 261 Education deems appropriate. Public notices issued under this
- 262 section shall be subject to Section 13-3-31 and not contrary to
- 263 other laws regarding newspaper publication.
- 264 (11) (a) If the recommendations for corrective action are
- 265 not taken by the local school district or if the deficiencies are
- 266 not removed by the end of the probationary period, the Commission
- 267 on School Accreditation shall conduct a hearing to allow such
- 268 affected school district to present evidence or other reasons why
- 269 its accreditation should not be withdrawn. Subsequent to its
- 270 consideration of the results of such hearing, the Commission on
- 271 School Accreditation shall be authorized, with the approval of the
- 272 State Board of Education, to withdraw the accreditation of a
- 273 public school district, and issue a request to the Governor that a
- 274 state of emergency be declared in that district.
- 275 (b) If the State Board of Education and the Commission
- 276 on School Accreditation determine that an extreme emergency
- 277 situation exists in a school district which jeopardizes the

278 safety, security or educational interests of the children enrolled

279 in the schools in that district and such emergency situation is

280 believed to be related to a serious violation or violations of

281 accreditation standards or state or federal law, the State Board

282 of Education may request the Governor to declare a state of

283 emergency in that school district. For purposes of this

284 paragraph, such declarations of a state of emergency shall not be

285 limited to those instances when a school district's impairments

286 are related to a lack of financial resources, but also shall

287 include serious failure to meet minimum academic standards, as

288 evidenced by a continued pattern of poor student performance.

289 (c) Whenever the Governor declares a state of emergency

290 in a school district in response to a request made under paragraph

(a) or (b) of this subsection, the State Board of Education may

292 take one (1) or more of the following actions:

293 (i) Declare a state of emergency, under which some

294 or all of state funds can be escrowed except as otherwise provided

295 in Section 206, Constitution of 1890, until the board determines

296 corrective actions are being taken or the deficiencies have been

297 removed, or that the needs of students warrant the release of

298 funds. Such funds may be released from escrow for any program

which the board determines to have been restored to standard even

though the state of emergency may not as yet be terminated for the

301 district as a whole;

302 (ii) Override any decision of the local school

303 board or superintendent of education, or both, concerning the

304 management and operation of the school district, or initiate and

305 make decisions concerning the management and operation of the

306 school district;

307 (iii) Assign an interim conservator who will have

308 those powers and duties prescribed in subsection (14) of this

309 section;

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310 (iv) Grant transfers to students who attend this

- 311 school district so that they may attend other accredited schools
- 312 or districts in a manner which is not in violation of state or
- 313 federal law;
- 314 (v) For states of emergency declared under
- 315 paragraph (a) only, if the accreditation deficiencies are related
- 316 to the fact that the school district is too small, with too few
- 317 resources, to meet the required standards and if another school
- 318 district is willing to accept those students, abolish that
- 319 district and assign that territory to another school district or
- 320 districts. If the school district has proposed a voluntary
- 321 consolidation with another school district or districts, then if
- 322 the State Board of Education finds that it is in the best interest
- 323 of the pupils of the district for such consolidation to proceed,
- 324 the voluntary consolidation shall have priority over any such
- 325 assignment of territory by the State Board of Education;
- 326 (vi) For states of emergency declared under
- 327 paragraph (b) only, reduce local supplements paid to school
- 328 district employees, including, but not limited to, instructional
- 329 personnel, assistant teachers and extracurricular activities
- 330 personnel, if the district's impairment is related to a lack of
- 331 financial resources, but only to an extent which will result in
- 332 the salaries being comparable to districts similarly situated, as
- 333 determined by the State Board of Education;
- 334 (vii) For states of emergency declared under
- 335 paragraph (b) only, the State Board of Education must take such
- 336 action as prescribed in Section 37-17-13.
- 337 (d) At such time as satisfactory corrective action has
- 338 been taken in a school district in which a state of emergency has
- 339 been declared, the State Board of Education may request the
- 340 Governor to declare that the state of emergency no longer exists
- 341 in the district.
- 342 (12) Upon the declaration of a state of emergency in a
- 343 school district under subsection (11) of this section, the

344 Commission on School Accreditation shall be responsible for public 345 notice at least once a week for at least three (3) consecutive 346 weeks in a newspaper published within the jurisdiction of the school district failing to meet accreditation standards, or if no 347 348 newspaper is published therein, then in a newspaper having a general circulation therein. The size of such notice shall be no 349 350 smaller than one-fourth (1/4) of a standard newspaper page and 351 shall be printed in bold print. If a conservator has been 352 appointed for the school district, such notice shall begin as 353 "By authority of Section 37-17-6, Mississippi Code of 1972, as amended, adopted by the Mississippi Legislature during 354 355 the 1991 Regular Session, this school district (name of school 356 district) is hereby placed under the jurisdiction of the State Department of Education acting through its appointed conservator 357 358 (name of conservator)." 359 The notice also shall include, in the discretion of the State 360 Board of Education, any or all details relating to the school district's emergency status, including the declaration of a state 361 362 of emergency in the school district and a description of the 363 district's impairment deficiencies, conditions of any 364 conservatorship and corrective actions recommended and being 365 taken. Public notices issued under this section shall be subject 366 to Section 13-3-31 and not contrary to other laws regarding 367 newspaper publication. Upon termination of the state of emergency in a school 368 369 district, the Commission on School Accreditation shall cause notice to be published in the school district in the same manner 370 provided in this section, to include any or all details relating 371 to the corrective action taken in the school district which 372

374 (13) The State Board of Education or the Commission on 375 School Accreditation shall have the authority to require school 376 districts to produce the necessary reports, correspondence,

resulted in the termination of the state of emergency.

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- 377 financial statements, and any other documents and information
- 378 necessary to fulfill the requirements of this section.
- Nothing in this section shall be construed to grant any
- 380 individual, corporation, board or conservator the authority to
- 381 levy taxes except in accordance with presently existing statutory
- 382 provisions.
- 383 (14) (a) Whenever the Governor declares a state of
- 384 emergency in a school district in response to a request made under
- 385 subsection (11) of this section, the State Board of Education, in
- 386 its discretion, may assign an interim conservator to the school
- 387 district who will be responsible for the administration,
- 388 management and operation of the school district, including, but
- 389 not limited to, the following activities:
- 390 (i) Approving or disapproving all financial
- 391 obligations of the district, including, but not limited to, the
- 392 employment, termination, nonrenewal and reassignment of all
- 393 certified and noncertified personnel, contractual agreements and
- 394 purchase orders, and approving or disapproving all claim dockets
- 395 and the issuance of checks; in approving or disapproving
- 396 employment contracts of superintendents, assistant superintendents
- 397 or principals, the interim conservator shall not be required to
- 398 comply with the time limitations prescribed in Sections 37-9-15
- 399 and 37-9-105;
- 400 (ii) Supervising the day-to-day activities of the
- 401 district's staff, including reassigning the duties and
- 402 responsibilities of personnel in a manner which, in the
- 403 determination of the conservator, will best suit the needs of the
- 404 district;
- 405 (iii) Reviewing the district's total financial
- 406 obligations and operations and making recommendations to the
- 407 district for cost savings, including, but not limited to,
- 408 reassigning the duties and responsibilities of staff;
- 409 (iv) Attending all meetings of the district's

- 410 school board and administrative staff;
- 411 (v) Approving or disapproving all athletic, band
- 412 and other extracurricular activities and any matters related to
- 413 those activities;
- 414 (vi) Maintaining a detailed account of
- 415 recommendations made to the district and actions taken in response
- 416 to those recommendations;
- 417 (vii) Reporting periodically to the State Board of
- 418 Education on the progress or lack of progress being made in the
- 419 district to improve the district's impairments during the state of
- 420 emergency; and
- 421 (viii) Appointing a parent advisory committee,
- 422 comprised of parents of students in the school district, which may
- 423 make recommendations to the conservator concerning the
- 424 administration, management and operation of the school district.
- 425 Except when, in the determination of the State Board of
- 426 Education, the school district's impairment is related to a lack
- 427 of financial resources, the cost of the salary of the conservator
- 428 and any other actual and necessary costs related to the
- 429 conservatorship paid by the State Department of Education shall be
- 430 reimbursed by the local school district from nonminimum program
- 431 funds. The department shall submit an itemized statement to the
- 432 superintendent of the local school district for reimbursement
- 433 purposes, and any unpaid balance may be withheld from the
- 434 district's minimum or adequate education program funds.
- At such time as the Governor, pursuant to the request of the
- 436 State Board of Education, declares that the state of emergency no
- 437 longer exists in a school district, the powers and
- 438 responsibilities of the interim conservator assigned to such
- 439 district shall cease.
- (b) In order to provide loans to school districts under
- 441 a state of emergency which have impairments related to a lack of
- 442 financial resources, the School District Emergency Assistance Fund

443 is created as a special fund in the State Treasury into which 444 monies may be transferred or appropriated by the Legislature from 445 any available public education funds. The maximum amount that may be appropriated or transferred to the School District Emergency 446 447 Assistance Fund for any one (1) emergency shall be Two Million Dollars (\$2,000,000.00), and the maximum amount that may be 448 449 appropriated during any fiscal year shall be Three Million Dollars 450 (\$3,000,000.00). The State Board of Education may loan monies from the School 451 452 District Emergency Assistance Fund to a school district that is 453 under a state of emergency in such amounts, as determined by the 454 board, which are necessary to correct the district's impairments related to a lack of financial resources. The loans shall be 455 evidenced by an agreement between the school district and the 456 457 State Board of Education and shall be repayable in principal, 458 without necessity of interest, to the State General Fund or the 459 Education Enhancement Fund, depending on the source of funding for such loan, by the school district from any allowable funds that 460 461 are available. The total amount loaned to the district shall be due and payable within five (5) years after the impairments 462 463 related to a lack of financial resources are corrected. 464 school district fails to make payments on the loan in accordance 465 with the terms of the agreement between the district and the State 466 Board of Education, the State Department of Education, in 467 accordance with rules and regulations established by the State 468 Board of Education, may withhold that district's minimum program 469 funds in an amount and manner that will effectuate repayment 470 consistent with the terms of the agreement; such funds withheld by 471 the department shall be deposited into the State General Fund or the Education Enhancement Fund, as the case may be. 472 473 If the State Board of Education determines that an extreme emergency exists, simultaneous with the powers exercised in this 474 475 subsection, it shall take immediate action against all parties

476 responsible for the affected school districts having been 477 determined to be in an extreme emergency. Such action shall 478 include, but not be limited to, initiating civil actions to recover funds and criminal actions to account for criminal 479 480 activity. Any funds recovered by the State Auditor or the State 481 Board of Education from the surety bonds of school officials or 482 from any civil action brought under this subsection shall be 483 applied toward the repayment of any loan made to a school district

- (15) In the event a majority of the membership of the school board of any school district resigns from office, the State Board of Education shall be authorized to assign an interim conservator, who shall be responsible for the administration, management and operation of the school district until such time as new board members are selected or the Governor declares a state of emergency in that school district under subsection (11), whichever occurs first. In such case, the State Board of Education, acting through the interim conservator, shall have all powers which were held by the previously existing school board, and may take such action as prescribed in Section 37-17-13 and/or one or more of the actions authorized in this section.
- (16) Beginning with the school district audits conducted for the 1997-1998 fiscal year, the State Board of Education, acting through the Commission on School Accreditation, shall require each school district to comply with standards established by the State Department of Audit for the verification of fixed assets and the auditing of fixed assets records as a minimum requirement for accreditation.
- 504 (17) Upon full implementation of the statewide testing
 505 programs, the State Board of Education shall establish for those
 506 individual schools failing to meet accreditation standards, a
 507 program of development to be complied with in order to receive
 508 state funds, as follows:

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hereunder.

509	(a) Following a thorough analysis of school data each
510	year, the State Department of Education shall identify those
511	schools that are the most deficient in educating students and are
512	in need of improvement. This analysis shall measure the
513	individual school performance by determining if a school met its
514	assigned yearly growth expectation and by determining what
515	percentage of the students in the school are proficient. A school
516	shall be identified as needing assistance and labeled a School at
517	Risk, if the school: (i) does not meet its growth expectation;
518	and (ii) has a percentage of students functioning below grade
519	level, as designated by the State Board of Education.
520	(b) Once a School at Risk has been identified and
521	written notice sent by the State Board of Education by certified
522	mail to both the school principal and the local board of
523	education, the State Board of Education and the State Department
524	of Education shall assign an evaluation team to the school. The
525	evaluation team shall consist of a minimum of four (4) trained
526	members appointed by the department and approved by the State
527	Board of Education from the following categories: (i) school
528	superintendents; (ii) school principals; (iii) curriculum
529	coordinators; (iv) teachers; and (v) local school board members.
530	Optional evaluation team members in specialized areas may be
531	utilized by the State Department of Education if needed. These
532	additional members may include individuals with expertise and
533	knowledge in such areas as vocational-technical education, special
534	education, federal programs and school technology. Evaluation
535	team members shall be independent of the school being evaluated
536	and shall not be employees of the State Department of Education.
537	The team may include retired educators who have met certain
538	standards and have completed all necessary training. All
539	evaluation team members shall be trained, at a minimum, in the
540	following: (i) school accreditation legal requirements; (ii) data
541	analysis; (iii) curriculum alignment; (iv) effective curriculum

542	and instructional strategies; (v) the State Department of
543	Education school improvement plan process; (vi) personnel
544	appraisal; (vii) effective community involvement; (viii) public
545	relations; (ix) safe and orderly school climate; (x) policy
546	development and implementation; and (xi) effective school resource
547	allocation. A team leader shall be chosen by the department for
548	each evaluation team to provide overall guidance to the team. The
549	State Department shall assist each evaluation team by providing
550	administrative and clerical support.
551	(c) An approved evaluation team shall have the
552	following authority and responsibility:
553	(i) The evaluation team shall have the authority
554	to request any and all financial documentation that it deems
555	necessary, and the School at Risk, with the assistance and
556	cooperation of the school district central office, shall submit
557	such requested financial information to the evaluation team.
558	(ii) The evaluation team shall analyze the School
559	at Risk's data to determine probable areas of weakness before
560	conducting an on-site audit. The evaluation team shall proceed to
561	conduct an on-site audit and shall prepare an evaluation report.
562	If necessary, the evaluation team shall request additional
563	individuals in specialty areas to participate as a team member in
564	preparing the evaluation. After completing the evaluation of the
565	School at Risk, the team shall prepare and adopt its school
566	evaluation report which shall be submitted to the State
567	Superintendent of Education for review and approval. The school
568	evaluation report shall identify any personnel who were found by
569	the evaluation team to be in need of participation in a
570	professional development plan.
571	(d) Following the approval of the evaluation report by
572	the State Superintendent of Education, a representative from the
573	State Department of Education and the evaluation team leader shall
574	present the evaluation report to the principal of the School at

575	Risk, and to the superintendent and school board members of the
576	local school district. Following this presentation, the
577	evaluation report shall be presented to the community served by
578	the School at Risk at an advertised public meeting.
579	(e) Based on the findings of the evaluation report and
580	the results of the public meeting, the State Department of
581	Education and the evaluation team leader shall assist the school
582	principal and other local school officials in the development of a
583	school improvement plan to improve its deficiencies. A local
584	parent advisory committee shall be established by the evaluation
585	team at the school in order to provide input and guidance into the
586	development of the school improvement plan and its evaluation
587	during the implementation period. Local parent teacher
588	associations or organizations shall have input in the selection of
589	the parent advisory committees. Where no active local parent
590	teacher group exists, the State Department of Education may
591	request assistance from the Mississippi Parent Teacher Association
592	in the selection of the local parent advisory committee.
593	(f) The school improvement plan shall be approved by
594	the principal of the School at Risk, the superintendent of the
595	local school district, the local school board and a majority of
596	the teachers of the school, within a time period to be determined
597	by the evaluation team.
598	(g) The State Department of Education shall provide
599	technical assistance to the School at Risk in the implementation
600	of the school improvement plan including the implementation of any
601	recommended professional development plan, or may contract with
602	the institutions of higher learning or other appropriate private
603	entities to provide such technical assistance. This assistance
604	team shall collaborate with school and school district employees
605	in the implementation and monitoring of the school improvement
606	plan, and report as appropriate to the local school board, the
607	local community.

608	(h) As part of the school improvement plan for a School
609	at Risk, a professional development plan shall be prepared for
610	those school administrators, teachers or other employees who are
611	identified by the evaluation team as needing improvement as
612	follows:
613	(i) If a principal is deemed to be in need of
614	improvement by the evaluation team, a professional development
615	plan shall be developed for the principal regardless of his
616	period of employment at the school. The principal's full
617	participation in the professional development plan shall be
618	required. The plan shall provide professional training in the
619	roles and behaviors of an instructional leader and shall offer
620	training specifically identified for that principal's needs. The
621	principal of a School at Risk may also be assigned a mentor who
622	has demonstrated expertise as a high-performing principal.
623	Mentors shall make a personal time commitment to this process and
624	may not be evaluators of the principals being mentored. The local
625	school board and superintendent shall continue to evaluate all
626	school personnel during this period, evaluate their professional
627	development plans and make personnel decisions as appropriate.
628	At the end of the second year, if a school continues to be a
629	School at Risk, the local school board shall initiate one of the
630	<pre>following three options:</pre>
631	1. Impose a cap on the principal's salary,
632	make any necessary adjustments in his professional development
633	plan, and continue a third year of professional development and
634	mentoring; or
635	2. Nonrenew the principal's contract for the
636	<pre>next school year; or</pre>
637	3. Dismiss the principal consistent with the
638	provisions of Section 37-9-59.
639	If extenuating circumstances exist, such as the assignment of a
640	principal at a School at Risk for less than two (2) years, other

641	options may be considered subject to approval by the State Board
642	of Education.
643	At the end of the third year, if a school continues to be a
644	School at Risk, the local school board shall initiate one of the
645	<pre>following four options:</pre>
646	1. Transfer the principal to another school,
647	but not to another School at Risk; or
648	2. Reassign the principal to other duties
649	than that of principal with the appropriate salary reduction; or
650	3. Nonrenew the principal's contract for the
651	next school year; or
652	4. Dismiss the principal, consistent with the
653	provisions of Section 37-9-59.
654	If extenuating circumstances exist, such as the assignment of a
655	principal at a School at Risk for less than three (3) years, other
656	options may be considered subject to approval by the State Board
657	of Education.
658	At the end of the fourth year, if a school continues to be a
659	School at Risk and a principal has been at that school for more
660	than three (3) years, the local school board shall dismiss the
661	principal in a manner consistent with the provisions of Section
662	37-9-59; and the State Board of Education may initiate the school
663	district conservatorship process as authorized under Section
664	<u>37-17-6.</u>
665	(ii) If a teacher is deemed to be in need of
666	professional development by the independent evaluation team, that
667	teacher shall be required to participate in a professional
668	development plan. This plan will provide professional training
669	and will be based on each teacher's specific needs and teaching
670	assignments. The teacher's full participation in the professional
671	development plan shall be required. This process shall be
672	followed by a performance-based evaluation, which shall monitor
673	the teacher's teaching skills and teaching behavior over a period

	674	of time.	This monitoring	shall i	include	announced	and	unannounce
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- 675 reviews. This procedure may be similar to the process used by the
- 676 National Professional Teaching Standards Board's process, which
- 677 <u>includes such activities as videotaping teachers and providing</u>
- 678 <u>videotapes to the evaluators</u>. <u>Additionally</u>, the teacher may also
- 679 be assigned a mentor who has demonstrated expertise as a
- 680 high-performing teacher.
- If, after one year, the teacher fails to perform, the local
- 682 <u>school board shall re-evaluate the teacher's professional</u>
- 683 development plan, make any necessary adjustments to it, and
- 684 require his participation in the plan for a second year.
- If, after the second year, the teacher fails to perform, his
- 686 performance and professional development plan shall be
- 687 <u>re-evaluated; and the local school board shall take one of the</u>
- 688 <u>following three actions:</u>
- 1. Impose a cap on the teacher's salary, make
- 690 <u>any necessary adjustments in the teacher's professional</u>
- 691 <u>development plan</u>, and develop a professional development plan for
- 692 the third year; or
- 2. Nonrenew the teacher's contract for the
- 694 <u>next school year; or</u>
- 3. Dismiss the teacher, consistent with the
- 696 provisions of Section 37-9-59.
- If, after the third year, the teacher fails to perform, his
- 698 performance and professional development plan shall again be
- 699 <u>re-evaluated; and the local school board shall take one of the</u>
- 700 <u>following actions:</u>
- 701 <u>1. Reassign the teacher to a nonteaching</u>
- 702 position with appropriate salary reduction; or
- 703 <u>2. Nonrenew the teacher's contract for the</u>
- 704 next school year; or
- 705 <u>3. Dismiss the teacher, consistent with the</u>
- 706 provisions of Section 37-9-59.

707	If, after the fourth year, a teacher does not meet
708	performance expectations, the local school board shall dismiss the
709	teacher in a manner consistent with the provisions of Section
710	<u>37-9-59.</u>
711	(iii) If the evaluation report reveals a school
712	district central office problem, a superintendent of the school
713	district having a School at Risk may be required to participate in
714	a professional development plan. Additionally, the superintendent
715	may be assigned a mentor who is a high-performing superintendent
716	and has demonstrated expertise and knowledge of high-performing
717	schools. The local school board will continue to evaluate the
718	performance of the superintendent and his participation in a
719	professional development plan, making appropriate revisions to the
720	plan as needed.
721	If a school continues to be a School at Risk after a second
722	year or a third year, the local school board may 1. Impose a cap
723	on the superintendent's salary, or 2. make any necessary
724	adjustments to his professional development plan, and require his
725	continued participation in a plan.
726	In the event a school continues to be designated a School at
727	Risk after four (4) years of implementing a school improvement
728	plan, or in the event that more than fifty percent (50%) of the
729	schools within the school district are designated as schools at
730	risk in any one (1) year, the State Board of Education shall issue
731	a written request with documentation to the Governor that the
732	office of the superintendent of such school district shall be
733	subject to recall. Whenever the Governor declares that the office
734	of superintendent of such school district shall be subject to
735	recall, the local school board or the county election commission,
736	as the case may be, shall take the following action:
737	1. If the office of superintendent is an
738	elected office, the name shall be submitted by the county election
739	commission at the next general election to the voters eligible to

740	vote within the county. The ballot shall read substantially as
741	<u>follows:</u>
742	"Shall County Superintendent of Education
743	(Here the name of the superintendent shall be inserted) of the
744	(here the title of the school district shall
745	be inserted) be retained in office? Yes No
746	If a majority of those voting on the question vote against
747	retaining him in office, a vacancy shall exist which shall be
748	filled as provided by law; otherwise, the superintendent shall
749	remain in office for the term of such office, and at the
750	expiration of such term shall be eligible for qualification and
751	election to another term or terms.
752	2. If the office of superintendent is an
753	appointive office, the name of the superintendent shall be
754	submitted by the president of the local school board at the next
755	regular meeting of the school board for retention in office or
756	dismissal from office. If a majority of the school board voting
757	on the question vote against retaining him in office, a vacancy
758	shall exist which shall be filled as provided by law, otherwise
759	the superintendent shall remain in office for the duration of his
760	employment contract.
761	(i) In the event a school continues to be designated a
762	School at Risk after four (4) years of implementing a school
763	improvement plan, or in the event that more than fifty percent
764	(50%) of the schools within the school district are designated as
765	schools at risk in any one (1) year, the State Board of Education
766	shall issue a written request with documentation to the Governor
767	that the membership of the school board of such school district
768	shall be subject to recall. Whenever the Governor declares that
769	the membership of the school board shall be subject to recall, the
770	county election commission or the local governing authorities, as
771	the case may be, shall take the following action:
772	1. If the members of the local school board

773	are elected to office, the official name of the school board shall
774	be submitted by the county election commission at the next general
775	election to the voters eligible to vote within the county or
776	school district, as the case may be. The ballot shall read
777	substantially as follows:
778	"Shall the members of the school board of the
779	School District (Here the title of school
780	district shall be inserted) be retained in office? Yes
781	<u>No"</u>
782	If a majority of those voting on the question vote against
783	retaining the members of the school board in office, a vacancy in
784	each board member's office shall exist which shall be filled as
785	provided by law; otherwise, the school board members shall remain
786	in office for the term of each respective member, and at the
787	expiration of each term of office the member shall be eligible for
788	qualification and election to another term or terms of office.
789	2. If the local school board is an appointed
790	school board, the name of all school board members shall be
791	submitted as a collective board by the president of the municipal
792	or county governing authority, as the case may be, at the next
793	regular meeting of the governing authority for retention in office
794	or dismissal from office. If a majority of the governing
795	authority voting on the question vote against retaining the board
796	in office, a vacancy shall exist in each school board member's
797	office, which shall be filled as provided by law, otherwise the
798	members of the appointed school board shall remain in office for
799	the duration of their term of appointment, and may be reappointed.
300	(j) In the event a school continues to be designated a
301	School at Risk after four (4) years of implementing a school
302	improvement plan, or in the event that more than fifty percent
303	(50%) of the schools within the school district are designated as
304	schools at risk in any one (1) year, the State Board of Education
305	may request that the Governor declare a state of emergency in that

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     school district. Upon the declaration of the state of emergency
     by the Governor, the State Board of Education may take all such
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     action for dealing with school districts as is authorized under
     subsections (11) or (14) of this section, including the
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     appointment of an interim conservator.
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               (k) The State Department of Education shall make a
     semiannual report to the State Board of Education identifying the
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     number and names of schools classified as a School at Risk, which
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     shall include a description of the deficiencies identified and the
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     actions recommended and implemented. The department shall also
     notify the State Board of Education of any School at Risk which
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     has successfully completed their improvement plans and shall
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     notify the Governor and the Legislature of such school's progress.
          SECTION 3. Section 37-9-25, Mississippi Code of 1972, is
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     amended as follows:[RDD2]
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          37-9-25. The school board shall have the power and
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     authority, in its discretion, to employ the superintendent, unless
     such superintendent is elected, for not exceeding four (4)
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     scholastic years and the principals or licensed employees for not
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     exceeding three (3) scholastic years. In such case, contracts
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     shall be entered into with such superintendents, principals and
     licensed employees for the number of years for which they have
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     been employed. All such contracts with licensed employees shall
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     for the years after the first year thereof be subject to the
     contingency that the licensed employee may be released if, during
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     the life of the contract, the average daily attendance should
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     decrease from that existing during the previous year and thus
     necessitate a reduction in the number of licensed employees during
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     any year after the first year of the contract. However, in all
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     such cases the licensed employee must be released before July 1 or
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     at least thirty (30) days prior to the beginning of the school
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     term, whichever date should occur earlier. All such contracts
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     with superintendents, principals or licensed teachers shall for
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     the years after the first year thereof be subject to the
     contingency that the superintendent, principal or teacher may be
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     released if, during the life of the contract, the school becomes
     designated as a School at Risk pursuant to the provisions of
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     Section 37-17-6(17), Mississippi Code of 1972, and the school or
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     school district's deficiencies are not improved as required in
     said provision. The salary to be paid for the years after the
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     first year of such contract shall be subject to revision, either
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     upward or downward, in the event of an increase or decrease in the
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     funds available for the payment thereof, but, unless such salary
     is revised prior to the beginning of a school year, it shall
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     remain for such school year at the amount fixed in such contract.
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      However, where school district funds, other than minimum
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     education program funds, are available during the school year in
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     excess of the amount anticipated at the beginning of the school
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     year the salary to be paid for such year may be increased to the
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     extent that such additional funds are available and nothing herein
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     shall be construed to prohibit same.
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          SECTION 4. Section 37-7-306, Mississippi Code of 1972, is
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     amended as follows:[JU3]
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          37-7-306. (1) Every school board member selected after July
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     1, 2000, shall have a high school diploma or its equivalent.
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          (2) Every school board member selected after July 1, 1993,
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     shall be required to complete a basic course of training and
     education for local school board members, in order for board
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     members to carry out their duties more effectively and be exposed
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     to new ideas involving school restructuring. Such basic course of
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     training, approved by the State Board of Education, shall be
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     conducted by the School Executive Management Institute of the
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     State Department of Education. Upon completion of the basic
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     course of training, the School Executive Management Institute
     shall file a certificate of completion for the school board member
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     with the office of the local school board.
                                                 In the event that a
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- 872 board member fails to complete such training within six (6) months
- 873 of his selection, or six (6) months from April 15, 1993, such
- 874 board member shall no longer be qualified to serve and shall be
- 875 removed from office.
- 876 (3) In addition to meeting the requirements of subsection
- 877 (2) of this section, after taking office, each school board member
- 878 shall be required to file annually in the office of the school
- 879 board a certificate of completion of a course of continuing
- 880 education conducted by the Mississippi School Boards Association.
- 881 (4) Upon the failure of any local school board member to
- 882 file with the school board the certificate of completion of the
- 883 basic course of training as provided in subsection (2) of this
- 884 section, the school board member shall be removed from office.
- 885 (5) Upon the failure of any local school board member of a
- 886 school district with a school failing to meet minimum
- 887 <u>accreditation standards to file with the school board the</u>
- 888 <u>certificate of completion of the continuing education course of</u>
- 889 training provided in subsection (3) of this section, the school
- 890 <u>board member shall be removed from office.</u>
- SECTION 5. The Attorney General of the State of Mississippi
- 892 shall submit Sections 2 and 4 of this act, immediately upon
- 893 approval by the Governor, or upon approval by the Legislature
- 894 subsequent to a veto, to the Attorney General of the United States
- 895 or to the United States District Court for the District of
- 896 Columbia in accordance with the provisions of the Voting Rights
- 897 Act of 1965, as amended and extended.
- SECTION 6. This act shall take effect and be in force from
- 899 and after July 1, 2000; provided that Sections 2 and 4 shall take
- 900 effect and be in force from and after the date it is effectuated
- 901 under Section 5 of the Voting Rights Act of 1965, as amended and
- 902 extended.