To: Juvenile Justice By: Compretta

## HOUSE BILL NO. 1072

3 4	AN ACT TO AMEND SECTIONS 43-21-151 AND 43-21-609, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, TO PROVIDE THAT SUBSEQUENT JUDICIAL PROCEEDINGS SHALL BE IN CHANCERY COURT AFTER A YOUTH COURT GRANTS DURABLE LEGAL CUSTODY IN NEGLECT AND ABUSE CASES; AND FOR RELATED PURPOSES.
	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MISSISSIPPI:

- 7 SECTION 1. Section 43-21-151, Mississippi Code of 1972, is
- 8 amended as follows:
- 43-21-151. (1) The youth court shall have exclusive 9
- 10 original jurisdiction in all proceedings concerning a delinquent
- 11 child, a child in need of supervision, a neglected child, an
- abused child or a dependent child except in the following 12
- 13 circumstances:
- (a) Any act attempted or committed by a child, which if 14
- 15 committed by an adult would be punishable under state or federal
- law by life imprisonment or death, will be in the original 16
- jurisdiction of the circuit court; 17
- (b) Any act attempted or committed by a child with the 18
- use of a deadly weapon, the carrying of which concealed is 19
- prohibited by Section 97-37-1, or a shotgun or a rifle, which 20
- 21 would be a felony if committed by an adult, will be in the
- original jurisdiction of the circuit court; and 22
- (c) When a charge of abuse of a child first arises in 23
- 24 the course of a custody action between the parents of the child
- already pending in the chancery court and no notice of such abuse 25
- was provided prior to such chancery proceedings, the chancery 26
- court may proceed with the investigation, hearing and 27

- 28 determination of such abuse charge as a part of its hearing and
- 29 determination of the custody issue as between the parents,
- 30 notwithstanding the other provisions of the Youth Court Law. The
- 31 proceedings in chancery court on the abuse charge shall be
- 32 confidential in the same manner as provided in youth court
- 33 proceedings.
- When a child is expelled from the public schools, the youth
- 35 court shall be notified of the act of expulsion and the act or
- 36 acts constituting the basis for expulsion.
- 37 (2) Jurisdiction of the child in the cause shall attach at
- 38 the time of the offense and shall continue thereafter for that
- 39 offense until the child's twentieth birthday, unless sooner
- 40 terminated by order of the youth court. The youth court shall not
- 41 have jurisdiction over offenses committed by a child on or after
- 42 his eighteenth birthday, or over offenses committed by a child on
- 43 or after his seventeenth birthday where such offenses would be a
- 44 felony if committed by an adult.
- 45 (3) No child who has not reached his thirteenth birthday
- 46 shall be held criminally responsible or criminally prosecuted for
- 47 a misdemeanor or felony; however, the parent, guardian or
- 48 custodian of such child may be civilly liable for any criminal
- 49 acts of such child. No child under the jurisdiction of the youth
- 50 court shall be held criminally responsible or criminally
- 51 prosecuted by any court for any act designated as a delinquent
- 52 act, unless jurisdiction is transferred to another court under
- 53 Section 43-21-157.
- 54 (4) The youth court shall also have jurisdiction of offenses
- 55 committed by a child which have been transferred to the youth
- 56 court by an order of a circuit court of this state having original
- 57 jurisdiction of the offense, as provided by Section 43-21-159.
- 58 (5) The youth court shall regulate and approve the use of
- 59 teen court as provided in Section \_\_\_\_\_ of House Bill No.\_\_\_\_,
- 60 1996 Regular Session.
- 61 (6) Jurisdiction over subsequent proceedings after durable
- 62 <u>legal custody has been granted as provided in Section 43-21-609</u>
- 63 <u>shall be in chancery court.</u>
- SECTION 2. Section 43-21-609, Mississippi Code of 1972, is

65 amended as follows:

43-21-609. In neglect and abuse cases, the disposition order may include any of the following alternatives, giving precedence

- 68 in the following sequence:
- 69 (a) Release the child without further action;
- 70 (b) Place the child in the custody of his parents, a
- 71 relative or other person subject to any conditions and limitations
- 72 as the court may prescribe. If the court finds that temporary
- 73 relative placement, adoption or foster care placement is
- 74 inappropriate, unavailable or otherwise not in the best interest
- 75 of the child, durable legal custody may be granted by the court to
- 76 any person subject to any limitations and conditions the court may
- 77 prescribe; such durable legal custody will not take effect unless
- 78 the child or children have been in the physical custody of the
- 79 proposed durable custodians for at least one (1) year under the
- 80 supervision of the Department of Human Services. The requirements
- 81 of Section 43-21-613 as to disposition review hearings does not
- 82 apply to those matters in which the court has granted durable
- 83 legal custody. In such cases, the Department of Human Services
- 84 shall be released from any oversight or monitoring
- 85 responsibilities. After durable legal custody has been granted,
- 86 any subsequent proceedings regarding the child shall be in
- 87 <u>chancery court;</u>
- 88 (c) Order terms of treatment calculated to assist the
- 89 child and the child's parent, guardian or custodian which are
- 90 within the ability of the parent, guardian or custodian to
- 91 perform;
- 92 (d) Order youth court personnel, the Department of
- 93 Human Services or child care agencies to assist the child and the
- 94 child's parent, guardian or custodian to secure social or medical
- 95 services to provide proper supervision and care of the child;
- 96 (e) Give legal custody of the child to any of the
- 97 following but in no event to any state training school:

(i) The Department of Human Services for
appropriate placement; or
(ii) Any private or public organization,
preferably community-based, able to assume the education, care and
maintenance of the child, which has been found suitable by the
court. Prior to assigning the custody of any child to any private
institution or agency, the youth court through its designee shall
first inspect the physical facilities to determine that they
provide a reasonable standard of health and safety for the child.
SECTION 3. This act shall take effect and be in force from

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and after July 1, 2000.