By: Simpson, Reeves

To: Judiciary A

HOUSE BILL NO. 511

- AN ACT TO AMEND SECTION 25-9-171, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972,
- 2 TO CLARIFY DEFINITION IN THE WHISTLEBLOWER LAW; TO AMEND SECTIONS
- 3 25-9-173 AND 25-9-175, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, IN CONFORMITY; TO
- 4 AMEND SECTION 25-9-177, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, TO REVISE VENUE
- 5 AND TO PROVIDE A STATUTE OF LIMITATIONS; AND FOR RELATED PURPOSES.
- 6 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MISSISSIPPI:
- 7 SECTION 1. Section 25-9-171, Mississippi Code of 1972, is
- 8 amended as follows:
- 9 25-9-171. For purposes of Sections 25-9-171 through
- 10 25-9-177, the following terms shall have the meanings ascribed to
- 11 them herein:
- 12 (a) "Abuse" means acting in an arbitrary and capricious
- 13 manner that adversely affects the accomplishment of a function of
- 14 any governmental entity.
- 15 (b) "Governmental entity" means a board, commission,
- 16 department, office or other agency of the state or a political
- 17 subdivision of the state <u>as the term political subdivision is</u>
- 18 <u>defined in Section 11-46-1</u>.
- 19 (c) "Employee" means any individual employed or holding
- 20 office in any department or agency of state * * * government or a
- 21 political subdivision as the term political subdivision is defined
- 22 <u>in Section 11-46-1</u>.

- 23 (d) "Improper governmental action" means any action by
- 24 an employee which is undertaken in the performance of the
- 25 employee's official duties, whether or not the action is within
- 26 the scope of the employee's employment:
- 27 (i) Which is in violation of any federal or state
- 28 law or regulation, is an abuse of authority, results in
- 29 substantial abuse, misuse, destruction, waste, or loss of public
- 30 funds or public resources; or
- 31 (ii) Which is of substantial and specific danger
- 32 to the public health or safety; or
- 33 (iii) Which is discrimination based on race or
- 34 gender.
- "Improper governmental action" does not include personnel
- 36 actions for which other remedies exist, including, but not limited
- 37 to, employee grievances, complaints, appointments, promotions,
- 38 transfers, assignments, reassignments, reinstatements,
- 39 restorations, reemployments, performance evaluations, reductions
- 40 in pay, dismissals, suspensions, demotions, violations of the
- 41 state personnel system or local personnel policies, alleged labor
- 42 agreement violations, reprimands * * * or any personnel action
- 43 which may be taken under federal or state law.
- (e) "Misuse" means an illegal or unauthorized use.
- 45 (f) "Personnel action" means an action that affects an
- 46 employee's promotion, demotion, transfer, work assignment or
- 47 performance evaluation.
- 48 (g) "State investigative body" shall mean the Attorney
- 49 General of the State of Mississippi, the State Auditor, the
- 50 Mississippi Ethics Commission, the Joint Legislative Committee on
- 51 Performance Evaluation and Expenditure Review or any other
- 52 standing committee of the Legislature, or any district attorney of
- 53 the State of Mississippi.

- 54 (h) "Use of official authority or influence" includes
- 55 taking, directing others to take, recommending, processing or
- 56 approving any personnel action such as an appointment, promotion,
- 57 transfer, assignment, reassignment, reinstatement, restoration,
- 58 reemployment, performance evaluation or other disciplinary action.
- (i) "Waste" means an unnecessary or unreasonable
- 60 expenditure or use.
- (j) "Whistleblower" means an employee who in good faith
- 62 reports an alleged improper governmental action to a state
- 63 investigative body, initiating an investigation. For purposes of
- 64 the provisions of this act, the term "whistleblower" also means an
- 65 employee who in good faith provides information to a state
- 66 investigative body, or an employee who is believed to have
- 67 reported alleged improper governmental action to a state
- 68 investigative body or to have provided information to a state
- 69 investigative body but who, in fact, has not reported such action
- 70 or provided such information.
- 71 SECTION 2. Section 25-9-173, Mississippi Code of 1972, is
- 72 amended as follows:
- 73 25-9-173. (1) No governmental entity shall dismiss or
- 74 otherwise adversely affect the compensation or employment status
- 75 of any public employee because the public employee testified or
- 76 provided information to a state investigative body whether or not
- 77 the testimony or information is provided under oath.
- 78 (2) Any person who is a whistleblower, as defined in Section
- 79 25-9-171, and who as a result of being a whistleblower has been
- 80 subjected to workplace reprisal or retaliatory action, is entitled
- 81 to the remedies provided under Section 25-9-175. For the purpose

- 82 of this section, "reprisal or retaliatory action" means, but is
- 83 not limited to:
- 84 (a) Unwarranted and unsubstantiated letters of
- 85 reprimand or unsatisfactory performance evaluations;
- 86 (b) Demotion;
- 87 (c) Reduction in pay;
- 88 (d) Denial of promotion;
- 89 (e) Suspension;
- 90 (f) Dismissal; and
- 91 (g) Denial of employment.
- 92 (3) An employee who has filed a valid whistleblower
- 93 complaint or who is believed to have filed a valid whistleblower
- 94 <u>complaint</u> may not recover the damages and other remedies provided
- 95 under Section 25-9-175 unless the dismissal or adverse action
- 96 taken against him was the direct result of providing information
- 97 to a state investigative body.
- 98 (4) Nothing in this section prohibits a governmental entity
- 99 from making any decision exercising its authority to terminate,
- 100 suspend or discipline an employee who engages in workplace
- 101 reprisal or retaliatory action against a whistleblower.
- 102 (5) A governmental entity is not precluded from taking any
- 103 action in accordance with established personnel policies against
- 104 an employee who knowingly and intentionally provides false
- 105 information to a state investigative body.
- SECTION 3. Section 25-9-175, Mississippi Code of 1972, is
- 107 amended as follows:
- 108 25-9-175. Any governmental entity which violates the
- 109 provisions of Section 25-9-173 shall be liable to the public

110 employee for back pay and reinstatement. In addition, an employee 111 whose employment is suspended or terminated or who is subjected to 112 adverse personnel action in violation of Section 25-9-173 is 113 entitled to sue for injunctive relief, compensatory damages, court 114 costs and reasonable attorney's fees; provided, however, that an 115 employee may not recover an amount that exceeds the limitations 116 provided in Section 11-46-15. Additionally, each member of any 117 governmental entity's governing board or authority may be found 118 individually liable for a civil fine of up to Ten Thousand Dollars (\$10,000.00) for each violation of Section 25-9-173. In any 119 120 instance where the governmental entity in violation of Section 121 25-9-173 has no governing board or authority, the governmental entity's executive director may be found individually liable for a 122 civil fine not to exceed Ten Thousand Dollars (\$10,000.00). 123 124 the court determines that any action filed under this section by an employee is frivolous and <u>unwarranted</u>, the court may award to 125 126 the employer court costs and reasonable expenses, including 127 attorney's fees, incurred in defense of actions brought by the employee under this section. 128 SECTION 4. Section 25-9-177, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 129 130 amended as follows: 131 25-9-177. Actions to recover civil fines and other remedies 132 provided for under Section 25-9-175 may be instituted in the 133 Circuit Court for the First Judicial District of Hinds County, in 134 the circuit court in the county or judicial district where the

governmental entity has its principal office or in the circuit

commenced within one (1) year after the date of the actionable

court of the public employees' residence and such actions shall be

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138 conduct and not after. In such actions, the public employee shall 139 prove by a preponderance of the evidence that, but for his 140 providing information or testimony to a state investigative body 141 prior to occurrence of the dismissal or any adverse action, his 142 dismissal or any adverse action taken against him would not have 143 occurred. Remedies provided for herein shall be supplemental to any other remedies, judicial or administrative, provided for under 144 145 law. Any administrative remedies provided for state-service 146 employees under Sections 25-9-127 through 25-9-131, Mississippi 147 Code of 1972, or any remedies under a grievance or appeal process 148 of the employing governmental entity relating to suspension or 149 termination of employment or adverse personnel action, shall not 150 be exhausted or diminished as a result of any action taken by the employee under Sections 25-9-175 and 25-9-177, and the employee 151 152 shall be required to exhaust such remedies prior to instituting an action authorized under Sections 25-9-175 and 25-9-177. 153 154 SECTION 5. This act shall take effect and be in force from 155 and after July 1, 2000.