By: Broomfield To: Judiciary A

HOUSE BILL NO. 63

AN ACT TO AUTHORIZE THE USE OF IGNITION INTERLOCK DEVICES IN DUI CONVICTIONS; TO PROVIDE FOR THE ADMINISTRATION OF THE USE OF SUCH DEVICES; TO PROVIDE PENALTIES FOR VIOLATIONS OF THIS ACT; TO AMEND SECTION 63-11-30, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, TO CONFORM TO THE PROVISIONS OF THIS ACT; AND FOR RELATED PURPOSES.

- BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MISSISSIPPI:
- 7 <u>SECTION 1.</u> (1) (a) In addition to the penalties authorized
- 8 for violations of Section 63-11-30 and as a condition of receiving
- 9 hardship driving privileges, a court may, in its discretion, upon
- 10 finding a person both financially able to afford an interlock
- 11 device and also guilty of violating the provisions of Section
- 12 63-11-30, order the person to operate only a motor vehicle which
- 13 is equipped with a functioning ignition interlock device. This
- 14 restriction may continue for a period of up to the maximum time
- 15 such person's license may be suspended or restricted under the
- 16 provisions of Section 63-11-30. The court shall establish a
- 17 specific calibration setting no lower than point zero two (.02)
- 18 nor more than point zero five (.05) blood alcohol concentration at
- 19 which the ignition interlock device will prevent the motor vehicle
- 20 from being started and the period of time that the person shall be
- 21 subject to the restriction. For the purpose of this section,
- 22 "ignition interlock device" means a device which connects a motor

- vehicle ignition system to a breath-alcohol analyzer and prevents 23
- a motor vehicle ignition from starting if a driver's blood alcohol 24
- level exceeds the calibrated setting on the device. 25
- (b) Upon ordering the use of an ignition interlock 26
- device, the court shall: 27
- 28 State on the record the requirement for and
- the period of use of the device, and so notify the Department of 29
- Public Safety; 30
- (ii) Direct that the records of the department 31
- reflect: 32
- That the person may not operate a motor 33 1.
- vehicle that is not equipped with an ignition interlock device; 34
- 35 and
- 36 Whether the court has expressly permitted
- the person to operate a motor vehicle without an ignition 37
- interlock device under paragraph (g)(ii); 38
- (iii) Direct the department to attach or imprint a 39
- notation on the driver's license of any person restricted under 40
- this section stating that the person may operate only a motor 41
- vehicle equipped with an ignition interlock device or, in lieu 42
- thereof, require such person to have in his possession a copy of 43
- the court order requiring such device; 44
- 45 (iv) Require proof of the installation of the
- device and periodic reporting by the person for verification of 46
- the proper operation of the device; 47
- (v) Require the person to have the system 48
- monitored for proper use and accuracy by an entity approved by the 49
- department at least semiannually, or more frequently as the 50
- circumstances may require; 51
- 52 (vi) Require the person to pay the reasonable cost
- of leasing or buying, monitoring, and maintaining the device, and 53

54 may establish a payment schedule therefor; and may allow such fees

55 related to the ignition interlock that are paid by the offender to

56 be applied as a credit to any fines assessed against the offender

57 as a result of a conviction for the violation of this section

58 which resulted in the order for the ignition interlock device.

- 59 (c) A person prohibited under this section from
- operating a motor vehicle that is not equipped with an ignition
- 61 interlock device may not solicit or have another person attempt to
- 62 start or start a motor vehicle equipped with such a device.
- 63 Except as provided in paragraph (g), a violation of this paragraph
- 64 is a misdemeanor and upon conviction a violator shall be fined an
- amount not to exceed One Thousand Dollars (\$1,000.00) or
- 66 imprisoned for not more than one (1) year, or both.
- (d) A person may not attempt to start or start a motor
- 68 vehicle equipped with an ignition interlock device for the purpose
- 69 of providing an operable motor vehicle to a person who is
- 70 prohibited under this section from operating a motor vehicle that
- 71 is not equipped with an ignition interlock device. Except as
- 72 provided in paragraph (g), a violation of this paragraph is a
- 73 misdemeanor and upon conviction the violator shall be fined an
- 74 amount not to exceed One Thousand Dollars (\$1,000.00) or
- 75 imprisoned for not more than one (1) year, or both.
- 76 (e) A person may not tamper with, or in any way attempt
- 77 to circumvent, the operation of an ignition interlock device that
- 78 has been installed in a motor vehicle. Except as provided in
- 79 paragraph (g), a violation of this paragraph is a misdemeanor and
- 80 upon conviction the violator shall be fined an amount not to
- 81 exceed One Thousand Dollars (\$1,000.00) or imprisoned for not more

- 82 than one (1) year, or both.
- (f) A person may not knowingly provide a motor vehicle
- 84 not equipped with a functioning ignition interlock device to
- 85 another person who the provider of such vehicle knows or should
- 86 know is prohibited from operating a motor vehicle not equipped
- 87 with an ignition interlock device. Except as provided in
- 88 paragraph (g), a violation of this paragraph is a misdemeanor and
- 89 upon conviction the violator shall be fined an amount not to
- 90 exceed One Thousand Dollars (\$1,000.00) or imprisoned for not more
- 91 than one (1) year, or both.
- 92 (g) A person who violates the provisions of paragraphs
- 93 (c) through (f) commits a misdemeanor; provided, that penalty
- 94 shall not apply if:
- 95 (i) The starting of a motor vehicle, or the
- 96 request to start a motor vehicle, equipped with an ignition
- 97 interlock device is done for the purpose of safety or mechanical
- 98 repair of the device or the vehicle, and the person subject to the
- 99 court order does not operate the vehicle; or
- 100 (ii) The court finds that a person is required to
- 101 operate a motor vehicle in the course and scope of the person's
- 102 employment and if the vehicle is owned by the employer, the person
- 103 may operate that vehicle during regular working hours for the
- 104 purposes of employment without installation of an ignition
- 105 interlock device, if the employer has been notified of such
- 106 driving privilege restriction and if proof of that notification is
- 107 with the vehicle. This employment exemption does not apply,
- 108 however, if the business entity that owns the vehicle is owned or
- 109 controlled by the person who is prohibited from operating a motor

- 110 vehicle not equipped with an ignition interlock device.
- (h) (i) In addition to the circumstances under which a
- 112 judge may order the use of an ignition interlock device set out in
- 113 subsection (1)(a), a judge may order that the vehicle owned or
- operated by a person or a family member of such person who
- 115 committed a violation of Section 63-11-30, be equipped with an
- 116 ignition interlock device for all or a portion of the time the
- 117 driver's license of the operator of such vehicle is suspended or
- 118 restricted pursuant to this section, if:
- 1. The operator of the vehicle used to
- 120 violate Section 63-11-30, has at least one (1) prior conviction
- 121 for driving a motor vehicle when such person's privilege to do so
- 122 is cancelled, suspended or revoked as provided by Section
- 123 63-11-30; or
- 124 2. The driver's license of the operator of
- 125 such vehicle was cancelled, suspended or revoked at the time of
- the violation of Section 63-11-30.
- 127 (ii) A judge ordering the use of an ignition
- 128 interlock device pursuant to this paragraph shall follow the same
- 129 procedures set out in subsection (1)(a) and (b), and the
- 130 provisions of paragraphs (c) through (g) shall apply to an
- 131 interlock device ordered pursuant to this paragraph.
- 132 (iii) The provisions of this paragraph shall not
- 133 apply if the vehicle used to commit the violation of Section
- 134 63-11-30, was, at the time of such violation, leased, rented or
- 135 stolen.
- (i) (i) A person's second or subsequent violation of
- 137 Section 63-11-30 creates an inference that the provisions of

subsection (1)(a) are necessary to protect the public, and that 138 the court should order that such offender's motor vehicle be 139 equipped with a functioning interlock device as defined by such 140 subsection. To overcome such inference, the court must make an 141 affirmative finding on the record that there is sufficient cause 142 not to enter such an order and must state such cause on the 143 record. If the court determines that the inference has not been 144 overcome and orders use of an interlock device, it shall make a 145 further finding as to whether the offender's motor vehicle will be 146 147 equipped with the device:

- 1. For all or a portion of the time the
 driver's license of such offender is suspended or restricted
 pursuant to Section 63-11-30;
- 2. Only after such offender's driver's license is no longer suspended or restricted pursuant to Section 63-11-30; or
- 3. A combination of 1. and 2. above.
- (ii) All interlock devices ordered pursuant to
 this subsection shall be of the type that records and stores the
 driver's blood alcohol content at certain intervals for use by the
 court as provided by law. No such device ordered pursuant to this
 subsection shall be used that will or that may be set, modified or
 adjusted to automatically turn the motor vehicle's engine off
 after it has been started.
- 162 (iii) The provisions of this subsection shall
 163 apply to any interlock device ordered pursuant to this paragraph.
- 164 (2) The provisions of this section are supplemental to the 165 provisions of Section 63-11-30.

SECTION 2. Section 63-11-30, Mississippi Code of 1972, is amended as follows:

168 63-11-30. (1) It is unlawful for any person to drive or 169 otherwise operate a vehicle within this state who (a) is under the influence of intoxicating liquor; (b) is under the influence of 170 171 any other substance which has impaired such person's ability to operate a motor vehicle; (c) has an alcohol concentration of ten 172 one-hundredths percent (.10%) or more for persons who are above 173 174 the legal age to purchase alcoholic beverages under state law, or 175 two one-hundredths percent (.02%) or more for persons who are 176 below the legal age to purchase alcoholic beverages under state 177 law, in the person's blood based upon grams of alcohol per one hundred (100) milliliters of blood or grams of alcohol per two 178 hundred ten (210) liters of breath as shown by a chemical analysis 179 of such person's breath, blood or urine administered as authorized 180 by this chapter; (d) is under the influence of any drug or 181 controlled substance, the possession of which is unlawful under 182 183 the Mississippi Controlled Substances Law; or (e) has an alcohol concentration of four one-hundredths percent (.04%) or more in the 184 person's blood, based upon grams of alcohol per one hundred (100) 185 milliliters of blood or grams of alcohol per two hundred ten (210) 186 187 liters of breath as shown by a chemical analysis of such person's blood, breath or urine, administered as authorized by this chapter 188 189 for persons operating a commercial motor vehicle.

(2) (a) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (3), upon conviction of any person for the first offense of violating subsection (1) of this section where chemical tests provided for under Section 63-11-5 were given, or where chemical test results

190

191

192

are not available, such person shall be fined not less than Two 194 195 Hundred Fifty Dollars (\$250.00) nor more than One Thousand Dollars 196 (\$1,000.00), or imprisoned for not more than forty-eight (48) 197 hours in jail or both; and the court shall order such person to attend and complete an alcohol safety education program as 198 provided in Section 63-11-32. The court may substitute attendance 199 at a victim impact panel instead of forty-eight (48) hours in 200 jail. In addition, the Department of Public Safety, the 201 Commissioner of Public Safety or his duly authorized agent shall, 202 203 after conviction and upon receipt of the court abstract, suspend 204 the driver's license and driving privileges of such person for a 205 period of not less than ninety (90) days and until such person 206 attends and successfully completes an alcohol safety education program as herein provided; provided, however, in no event shall 207 such period of suspension exceed one (1) year. Commercial driving 208 privileges shall be suspended as provided in Section 63-1-83. 209 210 The circuit court having jurisdiction in the county in which 211 the conviction was had or the circuit court of the person's county of residence may reduce the suspension of driving privileges under 212 Section 63-11-30(2)(a) if the denial of which would constitute a 213 hardship on the offender, except that no court may issue such an 214 order reducing the suspension of driving privileges under this 215 216 subsection until thirty (30) days have elapsed from the effective 217 date of the suspension. Hardships shall only apply to first offenses under Section 63-11-30(1), and shall not apply to second, 218 219 third or subsequent convictions of any person violating subsection 220 (1) of this section. A reduction of suspension on the basis of 221 hardship shall not be available to any person who refused to

submit to a chemical test upon the request of a law enforcement 222 223 officer as provided in Section 63-11-5. When the petition is 224 filed, such person shall pay to the circuit clerk of the court 225 where the petition is filed a fee of Fifty Dollars (\$50.00), which shall be deposited into the State General Fund to the credit of a 226 special fund hereby created in the State Treasury to be used for 227 alcohol or drug abuse treatment and education, upon appropriation 228 by the Legislature. This fee shall be in addition to any other 229 230 court costs or fees required for the filing of petitions. 231 The petition filed under the provisions of this subsection shall contain the specific facts which the petitioner alleges to 232 233 constitute a hardship and the driver's license number of the petitioner. A hearing may be held on any petition filed under 234 this subsection only after ten (10) days' prior written notice to 235 the Commissioner of Public Safety, or his designated agent, or the 236 attorney designated to represent the state. At such hearing, the 237 court may enter an order reducing the period of suspension. 238 239 The order entered under the provisions of this subsection shall contain the specific grounds upon which hardship was 240 determined, and shall order the petitioner to attend and complete 241 an alcohol safety education program as provided in Section 242 243 63-11-32. A certified copy of such order shall be delivered to 244 the Commissioner of Public Safety by the clerk of the court within 245 five (5) days of the entry of the order. The certified copy of 246 such order shall contain information which will identify the petitioner, including, but not limited to, the name, mailing 247 address, street address, Social Security number and driver's 248 249 license number of the petitioner.

At any time following at least thirty (30) days of suspension for a first offense violation of this section, the court may grant the person hardship driving privileges upon written petition of the defendant, if it finds reasonable cause to believe that revocation would hinder the person's ability to:

(i) Continue his employment;

256 (ii) Continue attending school or an educational 257 institution; or

258 (iii) Obtain necessary medical care.

259 Proof of the hardship shall be established by clear and 260 convincing evidence which shall be supported by independent 261 documentation.

Except as otherwise provided in subsection (3), upon any second conviction of any person violating subsection (1) of this section, the offenses being committed within a period of five (5) years, such person shall be fined not less than Six Hundred Dollars (\$600.00) nor more than One Thousand Five Hundred Dollars (\$1,500.00) and shall be imprisoned not less than ten (10) days nor more than one (1) year and sentenced to community service work for not less than ten (10) days nor more than one (1) year. Except as may otherwise be provided by paragraph (e) of this subsection, the Commissioner of Public Safety shall suspend the driver's license of such person for two (2) years. Suspension of a commercial driver's license shall be governed by Section 63-1-83. Upon any second conviction as described in this paragraph, the court shall ascertain whether the defendant is married, and if the defendant is married shall obtain the name and address of the defendant's spouse; the clerk of the court shall

255

262

263

264

265

266

267

268

269

270

271

272

273

274

275

276

submit this information to the Department of Public Safety. 278 279 Further, the commissioner shall notify in writing, by certified mail, return receipt requested, the owner of the vehicle and the 280 281 spouse, if any, of the person convicted of the second violation of the possibility of forfeiture of the vehicle if such person is 282 convicted of a third violation of subsection (1) of this section. 283 The owner of the vehicle and the spouse shall be considered 284 notified under this paragraph if the notice is deposited in the 285 United States mail and any claim that the notice was not in fact 286 287 received by the addressee shall not affect a subsequent forfeiture 288 proceeding. 289 Except as otherwise provided in subsection (3), for any third or subsequent conviction of any person violating 290 subsection (1) of this section, the offenses being committed 291 within a period of five (5) years, such person shall be guilty of 292 a felony and fined not less than Two Thousand Dollars (\$2,000.00) 293 nor more than Five Thousand Dollars (\$5,000.00) and shall be 294 295 imprisoned not less than one (1) year nor more than five (5) years in the State Penitentiary. The law enforcement agency shall seize 296 the vehicle operated by any person charged with a third or 297 subsequent violation of subsection (1) of this section, if such 298 299 convicted person was driving the vehicle at the time the offense 300 was committed. Such vehicle may be forfeited in the manner 301 provided by Sections 63-11-49 through 63-11-53. Except as may 302 otherwise be provided by paragraph (e) of this subsection, the Commissioner of Public Safety shall suspend the driver's license 303

of such person for five (5) years. The suspension of a commercial

driver's license shall be governed by Section 63-1-83.

304

306 Except as otherwise provided in subsection (3), any person convicted of a second violation of subsection (1) of this 307 308 section, may have the period that his driver's license is 309 suspended reduced if such person receives an in-depth diagnostic assessment, and as a result of such assessment is determined to be 310 in need of treatment of his alcohol and/or drug abuse problem and 311 successfully completes treatment of his alcohol and/or drug abuse 312 problem at a program site certified by the Department of Mental 313 314 Such person shall be eligible for reinstatement of his Health. 315 driving privileges upon the successful completion of such 316 treatment after a period of one (1) year after such person's driver's license is suspended. Each person who receives a 317 diagnostic assessment shall pay a fee representing the cost of 318 such assessment. Each person who participates in a treatment 319 program shall pay a fee representing the cost of such treatment. 320 321 Except as otherwise provided in subsection (3), any (e)

- (e) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (3), any person convicted of a third or subsequent violation of subsection (1) of this section may enter an alcohol and/or drug abuse program approved by the Department of Mental Health for treatment of such person's alcohol and/or drug abuse problem. If such person successfully completes such treatment, such person shall be eligible for reinstatement of his driving privileges after a period of three (3) years after such person's driver's license is suspended.
- (3) (a) This subsection shall be known and may be cited as

 Zero Tolerance for Minors. The provisions of this subsection

 shall apply only when a person under the age of twenty-one (21)

 years has a blood alcohol concentration two one-hundredths percent

322

323

324

325

326

327

328

329

330

331

332

(.02%) or more, but lower than eight one-hundredths percent
(.08%). If such person's blood alcohol concentration is eight
one-hundredths percent (.08%) or more, the provisions of
subsection (2) shall apply.

(b) Upon conviction of any person under the age of twenty-one (21) years for the first offense of violating subsection (1) of this section where chemical tests provided for under Section 63-11-5 were given, or where chemical test results are not available, such person shall have his driver's license suspended for ninety (90) days and shall be fined Two Hundred Fifty Dollars (\$250.00); and the court shall order such person to attend and complete an alcohol safety education program as provided in Section 63-11-32. The court may also require attendance at a victim impact panel.

The circuit court having jurisdiction in the county in which the conviction was had or the circuit court of the person's county of residence may reduce the suspension of driving privileges under Section 63-11-30(2)(a) if the denial of which would constitute a hardship on the offender, except that no court may issue such an order reducing the suspension of driving privileges under this subsection until thirty (30) days have elapsed from the effective date of the suspension. Hardships shall only apply to first offenses under Section 63-11-30(1), and shall not apply to second, third or subsequent convictions of any person violating subsection (1) of this section. A reduction of suspension on the basis of hardship shall not be available to any person who refused to submit to a chemical test upon the request of a law enforcement officer as provided in Section 63-11-5. When the petition is

filed, such person shall pay to the circuit clerk of the court 362 363 where the petition is filed a fee of Fifty Dollars (\$50.00), which shall be deposited into the State General Fund to the credit of a 364 365 special fund hereby created in the State Treasury to be used for alcohol or drug abuse treatment and education, upon appropriation 366 by the Legislature. This fee shall be in addition to any other 367 court costs or fees required for the filing of petitions. 368 369 The petition filed under the provisions of this subsection 370 shall contain the specific facts which the petitioner alleges to

shall contain the specific facts which the petitioner alleges to constitute a hardship and the driver's license number of the petitioner. A hearing may be held on any petition filed under this subsection only after ten (10) days' prior written notice to the Commissioner of Public Safety, or his designated agent, or the attorney designated to represent the state. At such hearing, the court may enter an order reducing the period of suspension.

377 The order entered under the provisions of this subsection 378 shall contain the specific grounds upon which hardship was 379 determined, and shall order the petitioner to attend and complete an alcohol safety education program as provided in Section 380 381 63-11-32. A certified copy of such order shall be delivered to the Commissioner of Public Safety by the clerk of the court within 382 383 five (5) days of the entry of the order. The certified copy of 384 such order shall contain information which will identify the 385 petitioner, including, but not limited to, the name, mailing 386 address, street address, Social Security number and driver's 387 license number of the petitioner.

At any time following at least thirty (30) days of suspension 389 for a first offense violation of this section, the court may grant

371

372

373

374

375

- 390 the person hardship driving privileges upon written petition of
- 391 the defendant, if it finds reasonable cause to believe that
- 392 revocation would hinder the person's ability to:
- 393 (i) Continue his employment;
- 394 (ii) Continue attending school or an educational
- 395 institution; or
- 396 (iii) Obtain necessary medical care.
- 397 Proof of the hardship shall be established by clear and
- 398 convincing evidence which shall be supported by independent
- 399 documentation.
- 400 (c) Upon any second conviction of any person under the
- 401 age of twenty-one (21) years violating subsection (1) of this
- 402 section, the offenses being committed within a period of five (5)
- 403 years, such person shall be fined not more than Five Hundred
- 404 Dollars (\$500.00) and shall have his driver's license suspended
- 405 for one (1) year.
- 406 (d) For any third or subsequent conviction of any
- 407 person under the age of twenty-one (21) years violating subsection
- 408 (1) of this section, the offenses being committed within a period
- 409 of five (5) years, such person shall be fined not more than One
- 410 Thousand Dollars (\$1,000.00) and shall have his driver's license
- 411 suspended until he reaches the age of twenty-one (21) or for two
- 412 (2) years, whichever is longer.
- 413 (e) Any person under the age of twenty-one (21) years
- 414 convicted of a second violation of subsection (1) of this section,
- 415 may have the period that his driver's license is suspended reduced
- 416 if such person receives an in-depth diagnostic assessment, and as
- 417 a result of such assessment is determined to be in need of

treatment of his alcohol and/or drug abuse problem and 418 419 successfully completes treatment of his alcohol and/or drug abuse 420 problem at a program site certified by the Department of Mental 421 Health. Such person shall be eligible for reinstatement of his driving privileges upon the successful completion of such 422 treatment after a period of six (6) months after such person's 423 driver's license is suspended. Each person who receives a 424 diagnostic assessment shall pay a fee representing the cost of 425 such assessment. Each person who participates in a treatment 426 427 program shall pay a fee representing the cost of such treatment.

(f) Any person under the age of twenty-one (21) years convicted of a third or subsequent violation of subsection (1) of this section shall complete treatment of an alcohol and/or drug abuse program at a site certified by the Department of Mental Health.

The court shall have the discretion to rule that a

first offense of this subsection by a person under the age of 434 435 twenty-one (21) years shall be nonadjudicated. Such person shall be eligible for nonadjudication only once. The Department of 436 Public Safety shall maintain a confidential registry of all cases 437 which are nonadjudicated as provided in this paragraph. A judge 438 439 who rules that a case is nonadjudicated shall forward such ruling to the Department of Public Safety. Judges and prosecutors 440 441 involved in implied consent violations shall have access to the 442 confidential registry for the purpose of determining nonadjudication eligibility. A record of a person who has been 443 nonadjudicated shall be maintained for five (5) years or until 444 445 such person reaches the age of twenty-one (21) years. Any person

whose confidential record has been disclosed in violation of this 447 paragraph shall have a civil cause of action against the person 448 and/or agency responsible for such disclosure.

(4) Every person convicted of operating a vehicle while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or any other substance which has impaired such person's ability to operate a motor vehicle where the person (a) refused a law enforcement officer's request to submit to a chemical test of his breath as provided in this chapter, or (b) was unconscious at the time of a chemical test and refused to consent to the introduction of the results of such test in any prosecution, shall be punished consistent with the penalties prescribed herein for persons submitting to the test, except that there shall be an additional suspension of driving privileges as follows:

The Commissioner of Public Safety or his authorized agent shall suspend the driver's license or permit to drive or deny the issuance of a license or permit to such person as provided for first, second and third or subsequent offenders in subsection (2) of this section. Such suspension shall be in addition to any suspension imposed pursuant to subsection (1) of Section 63-11-23.

Every person who operates any motor vehicle in violation (5) of the provisions of subsection (1) of this section and who in a negligent manner causes the death of another or mutilates, disfigures, permanently disables or destroys the tongue, eye, lip, nose or any other limb, organ or member of another shall, upon conviction, be guilty of a felony and shall be committed to the custody of the State Department of Corrections for a period of time not to exceed twenty-five (25) years.

474 Upon conviction of any violation of subsection (1) of 475 this section, the trial judge shall sign in the place provided on 476 the traffic ticket, citation or affidavit stating that the person 477 arrested either employed an attorney or waived his right to an 478 attorney after having been properly advised. If the person arrested employed an attorney, the name, address and telephone 479 number of the attorney shall be written on the ticket, citation or 480 affidavit. The judge shall cause a copy of the traffic ticket, 481 citation or affidavit, and any other pertinent documents 482 483 concerning the conviction, to be sent to the Commissioner of 484 Public Safety. A copy of the traffic ticket, citation or 485 affidavit and any other pertinent documents, having been attested as true and correct by the Commissioner of Public Safety, or his 486 designee, shall be sufficient proof of the conviction for purposes 487 of determining the enhanced penalty for any subsequent convictions 488 of violations of subsection (1) of this section. 489

- operating a vehicle while under the influence of an intoxicating liquor or while under the influence of any other substance that has impaired the person's ability to operate a motor vehicle occurring after July 1, 1992, shall be counted for the purposes of determining if a violation of subsection (1) of this section is a first, second, third or subsequent offense and the penalty that shall be imposed upon conviction for a violation of subsection (1) of this section.
- 499 (8) For the purposes of determining how to impose the
 500 sentence for a second, third or subsequent conviction under this
 501 section, the indictment shall not be required to enumerate

490

491

492

493

494

495

496

497

- previous convictions. It shall only be necessary that the indictment state the number of times that the defendant has been convicted and sentenced within the past five (5) years under this section to determine if an enhanced penalty shall be imposed. The amount of fine and imprisonment imposed in previous convictions shall not be considered in calculating offenses to determine a
- (9) Any person under the legal age to obtain a license to operate a motor vehicle convicted under this section shall not be eligible to receive such license until the person reaches the age of eighteen (18) years.
- (10) Suspension of driving privileges for any person convicted of violations of Section 63-11-30(1) shall run consecutively.

second, third or subsequent offense of this section.

- 516 (11) The court may order the use of an ignition interlock
 517 device as provided by Section 1 of this act.
- 518 SECTION 3. This act shall take effect and be in force from 519 and after July 1, 2000.