By: Senator(s) Rhodes, Tate, Kirby, Blackwell, Michel, McMahan, Chassaniol, DeBar, McLendon, Robinson, Younger, England, McCaughn, Whaley, Parks, Berry, Williams, Ladner, Seymour, Suber, Boyd, Hill To: Finance

## SENATE BILL NO. 2968

AN ACT TO AMEND SECTION 27-35-50, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, TO SPECIFY PROVISIONS FOR DETERMINING THE TRUE VALUE OF RURAL STRUCTURES FOR AD VALOREM TAX ASSESSMENT PURPOSES; TO REQUIRE THAT THE TRUE VALUE OF ANY RURAL STRUCTURE APPRAISED BEFORE JANUARY 1, 5 2025, BE RECALCULATED FOR 2025 AND SUBSEQUENT TAX YEARS IN ACCORDANCE WITH THIS ACT, BEGINNING WITH A REAPPRAISAL OF THE TRUE 7 VALUE AS OF THE YEAR OF THE INITIAL APPRAISAL; TO REQUIRE THE TAX ASSESSOR, IN ARRIVING AT THE TRUE VALUE OF A RURAL STRUCTURE IN 8 9 OPERATION ON OR BEFORE JANUARY 1, 2025, TO FOLLOW THE GUIDELINES 10 IN THE DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE APPRAISAL MANUAL IN USE IMMEDIATELY PRIOR TO THE VERSION REVISED DECEMBER 2020; TO REQUIRE THE TAX 11 12 ASSESSOR, IN ARRIVING AT THE TRUE VALUE OF A RURAL STRUCTURE 13 PLACED IN OPERATION AFTER JANUARY 1, 2025, TO FOLLOW THE GUIDELINES IN THE MOST CURRENT VERSION OF THE DEPARTMENT OF 14 REVENUE APPRAISAL MANUAL; TO PROVIDE THAT, AFTER THE INITIAL 15 16 APPRAISAL, THE TRUE VALUE OF SUCH A RURAL STRUCTURE SHALL BE BASED 17 SOLELY ON DEPRECIATION AT A RATE OF 7% PER YEAR; TO PROVIDE THAT 18 NET DEPRECIATION SHALL NOT FALL BELOW 20% OF THE ORIGINAL TRUE VALUE OF THE RURAL STRUCTURE; TO REQUIRE THAT AN ADJUSTMENT OF 45% 19 20 FOR ECONOMIC OBSOLESCENCE BE APPLIED TO ALL POULTRY HOUSES USED IN 21 COMMERCIAL FARMING OPERATIONS; AND FOR RELATED PURPOSES.

- BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MISSISSIPPI:
- 23 **SECTION 1.** Section 27-35-50, Mississippi Code of 1972, is
- 24 amended as follows:
- 25 27-35-50. (1) True value shall mean and include, but shall
- 26 not be limited to, market value, cash value, actual cash value,

- 27 proper value and value for the purposes of appraisal for ad 28 valorem taxation.
- 29 With respect to each and every parcel of property 30 subject to assessment, the tax assessor shall, in ascertaining 31 true value, consider whenever possible the income capitalization 32 approach to value, the cost approach to value and the market data approach to value, as such approaches are determined by the 33 34 Department of Revenue. For differing types of categories of 35 property, differing approaches may be appropriate. The choice of 36 the particular valuation approach or approaches to be used should 37 be made by the assessor upon a consideration of the category or nature of the property, the approaches to value for which the 38 39 highest quality data is available, and the current use of the 40 property.
  - (3) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (4) of this section, in determining the true value of land and improvements thereon, factors to be taken into consideration are the proximity to navigation; to a highway; to a railroad; to a city, town, village or road; and any other circumstances that tend to affect its value, and not what it might bring at a forced sale but what the owner would be willing to accept and would expect to receive for it if he were disposed to sell it to another able and willing to buy.

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- 50 (4) (a) In arriving at the true value of all Class I and 51 Class II property and improvements, the appraisal shall be made
- 52 according to current use, regardless of location.
- (b) (i) In arriving at the true value of any land used
- 54 for agricultural purposes, the appraisal shall be made according
- 55 to its use on January 1 of each year, regardless of its location;
- 56 in making the appraisal, the assessor shall use soil types,
- 57 productivity and other criteria set forth in the land appraisal
- 58 manuals of the Department of Revenue, which criteria shall
- 59 include, but not be limited to, an income capitalization approach
- 60 with a capitalization rate of not less than ten percent (10%) and
- 61 a moving average of not more than ten (10) years; however, for the
- 62 year 2022 and thereafter, the moving average for such land, except
- 63 land devoted to the production of timber, shall be as follows:
- 64 for the year 2022, four (4) years; for the year 2023, five (5)
- 65 years; for the year 2024, six (6) years; for the year 2025, seven
- 66 (7) years; for the year 2026, eight (8) years; for the year 2027,
- 67 nine (9) years; and for the year 2028 and thereafter, ten (10)
- 68 years. However, for the year 1990, the moving average shall not
- 69 be more than five (5) years; for the year 1991, not more than six
- 70 (6) years; for the year 1992, not more than seven (7) years; for
- 71 the year 1993, not more than eight (8) years; and for the year
- 72 1994, not more than nine (9) years; and for the year 1990, the
- 73 variation up or down from the previous year shall not exceed
- 74 twenty percent (20%) and thereafter, the variation, up or down,

75 from a previous year shall not exceed ten percent (10%) through 76 the year 2018; and for the year 2019 and thereafter, the 77 variation, up or down, from a previous year shall not exceed four 78 percent (4%). Government payments and crop insurance indemnities 79 shall not be included in determining the true value of such land, 80 and a charge for management of each crop equal to twenty-five percent (25%) of the sum of a crop's estimated variable cost, 81 82 machinery ownership cost, and general farm overhead cost, shall be 83 deducted in determining the true value of such land. The land 84 shall be deemed to be used for agricultural purposes when it is 85 devoted to the commercial production of crops and other commercial products of the soil, including, but not limited to, the 86 87 production of fruits and timber or the raising of livestock and poultry; however, enrollment in the federal Conservation Reserve 88 89 Program or in any other United States Department of Agriculture 90 conservation program or the fact that the land is leased for 91 hunting or fishing purposes shall not preclude land being deemed to be used for agricultural purposes solely on the ground that the 92 93 land is not being devoted to the production of commercial products 94 of the soil, and income derived from participation in the federal 95 program or income derived from a hunting or fishing lease may be 96 used in combination with other relevant criteria to determine the 97 The true value of aquaculture shall be true value of such land. 98 determined in the same manner as that used to determine the true 99 value of row crops.

L00	(ii) 1. From and after January 1, 2025, the
101	provisions of this subparagraph (ii) shall govern the valuation of
L02	rural structures. The true value of any rural structure appraised
L03	before January 1, 2025, shall be recalculated for 2025 and
L O 4	subsequent tax years in accordance with this subparagraph (ii),
L05	beginning with a reappraisal of the true value as of the year of
L06	the initial appraisal.
L07	2. For purposes of this subparagraph (ii),
108	"rural structure" means any rural secondary building covered in
L09	Chapter V of the Department of Revenue appraisal manual, as
L10	revised December 2020. The term "rural structure" includes, but
L11	is not limited to, silos, grain storage bins, barns and poultry
L12	houses, but does not include rural dwellings.
L13	3. In arriving at the true value of a rural
L14	structure in operation on or before January 1, 2025, the assessor
L15	shall follow the guidelines in the Department of Revenue appraisal
L16	manual in use immediately prior to the version revised December
L17	2020. In arriving at the true value of a rural structure placed
L18	in operation after January 1, 2025, the assessor shall follow the
L19	guidelines in the most current version of the Department of
L20	Revenue appraisal manual.
L21	4. After the initial appraisal, the true
L22	value of a rural structure shall be based solely on depreciation
L23	on a straight-line basis at a rate of seven percent (7%) per year.
L24	For as long as the rural structure remains usable and in

125	production, net depreciation shall not fall below twenty percent
126	(20%) of the original true value. Once the twenty-percent
127	threshold is reached, no further depreciation shall be applied for
128	the duration of the operational life of the rural structure.
129	5. Starting with land roll 2009, an
130	adjustment of forty-five percent (45%) for economic obsolescence
131	shall be applied to all poultry houses used in commercial farming
132	operations.
133	6. If any provision in this subparagraph (ii)
134	is found to conflict with any other provision in this section, the
135	provision of this subparagraph (ii) shall control.
136	(c) In determining the true value based upon current
137	use, no consideration shall be taken of the prospective value such
138	property might have if it were put to some other possible use.
139	(d) In arriving at the true value of affordable rental
140	housing, the assessor shall use the appraisal procedure set forth
141	in land appraisal manuals of the Department of Revenue. Such
142	procedure shall prescribe that the appraisal shall be made
143	according to actual net operating income attributable to the
144	property, capitalized at a market value capitalization rate
145	prescribed by the Department of Revenue that reflects the
146	prevailing cost of capital for commercial real estate in the
147	geographical market in which the affordable rental housing is
148	located adjusted for the enhanced risk that any recorded land use
149	regulation places on the net operating income from the property.

The owner of affordable rental housing shall provide to the county tax assessor on or before April 1 of each year, an accurate statement of the actual net operating income attributable to the property for the immediately preceding year prepared in accordance with generally acceptable accounting principles. As used in this paragraph:

(i) "Affordable rental housing" means residential housing consisting of one or more rental units, the construction and/or rental of which is subject to Section 42 of the Internal Revenue Code (26 USC 42), the Home Investment Partnership Program under the Cranston-Gonzalez National Affordable Housing Act (42 USC 12741 et seq.), the Federal Home Loan Banks Affordable Housing Program established pursuant to the Financial Institutions Reform, Recovery and Enforcement Act (FIRREA) of 1989 (Public Law 101-73), or any other federal, state or similar program intended to provide affordable housing to persons of low or moderate income and the occupancy and maximum rental rates of such housing are restricted based on the income of the persons occupying such housing.

(ii) "Land use regulation" means a restriction imposed by an extended low-income housing agreement or other covenant recorded in the applicable land records or by applicable law or regulation restricting the maximum income of residents and/or the maximum rental rate in the affordable rental housing.

173 (e) In arriving at the true value of ground leases on 174 real property leased by the Mississippi State Port at Gulfport,

175 the assessor shall use the appraisal procedure set forth in land 176 appraisal manuals of the Department of Revenue. Such procedure 177 shall prescribe that the appraisal shall be made according to 178 actual net ground rent attributable to the leased premises, 179 capitalized at a market value capitalization rate prescribed by 180 the Department of Revenue that reflects the prevailing cost of capital of commercial real estate in the geographical market in 181 182 which the Mississippi State Port at Gulfport is located. 183 in this paragraph (e):

- (i) "Ground leases" means those leases of land

  where the Mississippi State Port at Gulfport is the landlord and a

  person or business entity is the tenant.
- (ii) "Ground rent" means the rent paid to the

  Mississippi State Port at Gulfport in a set amount for a specific

  length of tenancy where the amount of rent may be adjusted from

  time to time based upon market indices, such as the consumer price

  index. Ground rent does not include percentage rent and rent

  based on improvements or any other type of rental payment.
- 193 (iii) "Percentage rent" means the rent paid to the
  194 Mississippi State Port at Gulfport that is calculated based upon
  195 revenue generated by the tenant by virtue of the ground lease.
- 196 (iv) "Rent based on improvements" means the rent
  197 paid to the Mississippi State Port at Gulfport that is calculated
  198 based upon investments in improvements to the leased premises made
  199 by tenant.

200	(5)	The	true	value	of	each	class	of	property	shall	be
201	determined	d anı	nuall	V •							

- 202 (6) The Department of Revenue shall have the power to adopt, 203 amend or repeal such rules or regulations in a manner consistent 204 with the Constitution of the State of Mississippi to implement the 205 duties assigned to the department in this section.
- 206 **SECTION 2.** This act shall take effect and be in force from 207 and after January 1, 2025.