

By: Senator(s) Bryan

To: Public Health and
Welfare

SENATE BILL NO. 2694

1 AN ACT TO AMEND SECTION 73-21-69, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972,
2 TO EXTEND THE DATE OF THE REPEALER ON THE MISSISSIPPI PHARMACY
3 PRACTICE ACT; TO AMEND SECTION 73-21-97, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972,
4 TO EXTEND THE DATE OF THE REPEALER ON THE PROVISION OF LAW THAT
5 AUTHORIZES THE STATE BOARD OF PHARMACY TO TAKE DISCIPLINARY ACTION
6 AGAINST A PERSON LICENSED UNDER THE MISSISSIPPI PHARMACY PRACTICE
7 ACT FOR VIOLATIONS OF THE PATIENT'S RIGHT TO INFORMED HEALTH CARE
8 CHOICES ACT; TO AMEND SECTIONS 73-21-85, 73-21-103 AND 73-21-111,
9 MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, TO INFORM THE CODE PUBLISHER TO MAKE
10 MINOR NONSUBSTANTIVE GRAMMATICAL CORRECTIONS; TO BRING FORWARD
11 SECTIONS 73-21-71 THROUGH 73-21-83, 73-21-87 THROUGH 73-21-95,
12 73-21-99 THROUGH 73-21-101, 73-21-105 THROUGH 73-21-109, AND
13 73-21-113 THROUGH 73-21-129, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, WHICH
14 COMPRISE THE REMAINING PORTIONS OF THE MISSISSIPPI PHARMACY
15 PRACTICE ACT, FOR THE PURPOSE OF POSSIBLE AMENDMENT; AND FOR
16 RELATED PURPOSES.

17 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MISSISSIPPI:

18 **SECTION 1.** Section 73-21-69, Mississippi Code of 1972, is
19 amended as follows:

20 73-21-69. Sections 73-21-71 through 73-21-129, which create
21 the State Board of Pharmacy and prescribe its duties and powers,
22 shall stand repealed on July 1, * * * 2029.

23 **SECTION 2.** Section 73-21-97, Mississippi Code of 1972, is
24 amended as follows:



73-21-97. (1) The board may refuse to issue or renew, or may suspend, reprimand, revoke or restrict the license, registration or permit of any person upon one or more of the following grounds:

(a) Unprofessional conduct as defined by the rules and regulations of the board;

(b) Incapacity of a nature that prevents a pharmacist from engaging in the practice of pharmacy with reasonable skill, confidence and safety to the public;

(c) Being found guilty by a court of competent jurisdiction of one or more of the following:

(i) A felony;

(ii) Any act involving moral turpitude or gross immorality; or

(iii) Violation of pharmacy or drug laws of this state or rules or regulations pertaining thereto, or of statutes, rules or regulations of any other state or the federal government;

(d) Fraud or intentional misrepresentation by a licensee or permit holder in securing the issuance or renewal of a license or permit;

(e) Engaging or aiding and abetting an individual to engage in the practice of pharmacy without a license;

(f) Violation of any of the provisions of this chapter or rules or regulations adopted pursuant to this chapter;

(g) Failure to comply with lawful orders of the board;



(h) Negligently or willfully acting in a manner inconsistent with the health or safety of the public;

(i) Addiction to or dependence on alcohol or controlled substances or the unauthorized use or possession of controlled substances;

(j) Misappropriation of any prescription drug;

(k) Being found guilty by the licensing agency in another state of violating the statutes, rules or regulations of that jurisdiction;

(l) The unlawful or unauthorized possession of a controlled substance;

(m) Willful failure to submit drug monitoring information or willful submission of incorrect dispensing information as required by the Prescription Monitoring Program under Section 73-21-127;

(n) Failure to obtain the license, registration or permit required by this chapter; or

(o) Violation(s) of the provisions of Sections 41-121-1 through 41-121-9 relating to deceptive advertisement by health care practitioners. This paragraph shall stand repealed on July 1, * * * 2029.

(2) In lieu of suspension, revocation or restriction of a license as provided for above, the board may warn or reprimand the offending pharmacist.



(3) In addition to the grounds specified in subsection (1) of this section, the board shall be authorized to suspend the license, registration or permit of any person for being out of compliance with an order for support, as defined in Section 93-11-153. The procedure for suspension of a license, registration or permit for being out of compliance with an order for support, and the procedure for the reissuance or reinstatement of a license, registration or permit suspended for that purpose, and the payment of any fees for the reissuance or reinstatement of a license, registration or permit suspended for that purpose, shall be governed by Section 93-11-157 or 93-11-163, as the case may be. If there is any conflict between any provision of Section 93-11-157 or 93-11-163 and any provision of this chapter, the provisions of Section 93-11-157 or 93-11-163, as the case may be, shall control.

SECTION 3. Section 73-21-85, Mississippi Code of 1972, is amended as follows:

73-21-85. (1) To obtain a license to engage in the practice of pharmacy by examination, or by score transfer, the applicant shall:

(a) Have submitted a written application on the form prescribed by the board;

(b) Be of good moral character;



97 (c) Have graduated from a school or college of pharmacy
98 accredited by the American Council of Pharmaceutical Education and
99 have been granted a pharmacy degree therefrom;

100 (d) Have successfully passed an examination approved by
101 the board;

102 (e) Have paid all fees specified by the board for
103 examination, not to exceed the cost to the board of administering
104 the examination;

105 (f) Have paid all fees specified by the board for
106 licensure; and

107 (g) Have submitted evidence of externship and/or
108 internship as specified by the board.

109 (2) To obtain a license to engage in the practice of
110 pharmacy, a foreign pharmacy graduate applicant shall obtain the
111 National Association of Boards of Pharmacy's Foreign Pharmacy
112 Graduate Examination Committee's certification, which shall
113 include, but not be limited to, successfully passing the Foreign
114 Pharmacy Graduate Equivalency Examination and attaining a total
115 score of at least five hundred fifty (550) on the Test of English
116 as a Foreign Language (TOEFL), and shall:

117 (a) Have submitted a written application on the form
118 prescribed by the board;

119 (b) Be of good moral character;

120 (c) Have graduated and been granted a pharmacy degree
121 from a college or school of pharmacy recognized and approved by



the National Association of Boards of Pharmacy's Foreign Pharmacy
Graduate Examination Committee;

(d) Have paid all fees specified by the board for
examination, not to exceed the cost to the board of administering
the examination;

(e) Have successfully passed an examination approved by
the board;

(f) Have completed the number of internship hours as
set forth by regulations of the board; and

(g) Have paid all fees specified by the board for
licensure.

(3) Each application or filing made under this section shall
include the social security number(s) of the applicant in
accordance with Section 93-11-64.

(4) To * * * ensure that all applicants are of good moral
character, the board shall conduct a criminal history records
check on all applicants for a license. In order to determine the
applicant's suitability for licensing, the applicant shall be
fingerprinted. The board shall submit the fingerprints to the
Department of Public Safety for a check of the state criminal
records and forward to the Federal Bureau of Investigation for a
check of the national criminal records. The Department of Public
Safety shall disseminate the results of the state check and the
national check to the board for a suitability determination. The
board shall be authorized to collect from the applicant the amount



of the fee that the Department of Public Safety charges the board for the fingerprinting, whether manual or electronic, and the state and national criminal history records checks.

(5) To * * * ensure that all applicants are of good moral character, the board, upon request of the Dean of the University of Mississippi School of Pharmacy, shall be authorized to conduct a criminal history records check on all applicants for enrollment into the School of Pharmacy. In order to determine the applicant's suitability for enrollment and licensing, the applicant shall be fingerprinted. The board shall submit the fingerprints to the Department of Public Safety for a check of the state criminal records and forward to the Federal Bureau of Investigation for a check of the national criminal records. The Department of Public Safety shall disseminate the results of the state check and the national check to the board for a suitability determination and the board shall forward the results to the Dean of the School of Pharmacy. The board shall be authorized to collect from the applicant the amount of the fee that the Department of Public Safety charges the board for the fingerprinting, whether manual or electronic, and the state and national criminal history records checks.

SECTION 4. Section 73-21-103, Mississippi Code of 1972, is amended as follows:

73-21-103. (1) Upon the finding of the existence of grounds for action against any permitted facility or discipline of any



person holding a license, registration or permit, seeking a license, registration or permit, seeking to renew a license or permit under the provisions of this chapter, or practicing or doing business without a license, registration or permit, the board may impose one or more of the following penalties:

(a) Suspension of the offender's license, registration and/or permit for a term to be determined by the board;

(b) Revocation of the offender's license, registration and/or permit;

(c) Restriction of the offender's license, registration and/or permit to prohibit the offender from performing certain acts or from engaging in the practice of pharmacy in a particular manner for a term to be determined by the board;

(d) Imposition of a monetary penalty as follows:

(i) For the first violation, a monetary penalty of not less than Two Hundred Fifty Dollars (\$250.00) nor more than One Thousand Dollars (\$1,000.00) for each violation;

(ii) For the second violation and subsequent violations, a monetary penalty of not less than Five Hundred Dollars (\$500.00) nor more than Five Thousand Dollars (\$5,000.00) for each violation.

Money collected by the board under paragraph (d)(i), (ii) and (iv) of this section shall be deposited to the credit of the State General Fund of the State Treasury;



(iii) The board may assess a monetary penalty for those reasonable costs that are expended by the board in the investigation and conduct of a proceeding for licensure revocation, suspension or restriction, including, but not limited to, the cost of process service, court reporters, expert witnesses and investigators.

Money collected by the board under paragraph (d)(iii) of this section, shall be deposited to the credit of the Special Fund of the Pharmacy Board;

(iv) The board may impose a monetary penalty for those facilities/businesses registered with the Pharmacy Board as wholesalers/manufacturers of not less than Three Hundred Dollars (\$300.00) per violation and not more than Fifty Thousand Dollars (\$50,000.00) per violation;

(v) The board may impose a monetary penalty for any dispenser, pharmacist or practitioner licensed to dispense controlled substance and specified noncontrolled substance drugs, who knowingly fails to submit drug monitoring information or knowingly submits incorrect dispensing information of not more than Ten Thousand Dollars (\$10,000.00) per violation. Any penalty collected under this subparagraph (v) shall be deposited into the special fund of the State Pharmacy Board to support the operations of the Prescription Monitoring Program (PMP);

(vi) The board may impose a monetary penalty for any person who obtains prescription information and who knowingly



discloses this information for misuse or purposely alters the reporting information, or uses the PMP in any manner other than for which it was intended, of not more than Fifty Thousand Dollars (\$50,000.00) per violation. Any penalty collected under this subparagraph (vi) shall be deposited into the special fund of the State Board of Pharmacy and used to support the operations of the Prescription Monitoring Program;

(vii) The board may impose a monetary penalty of not more than One Thousand Dollars (\$1,000.00) per day upon any person or business that practices or does business without the license, registration or permit required by this chapter.

(e) Refusal to renew offender's license, registration and/or permit;

(f) Placement of the offender on probation and supervision by the board for a period to be determined by the board;

(g) Public or private reprimand.

Whenever the board imposes any penalty under this subsection, the board may require rehabilitation and/or additional education as the board may deem proper under the circumstances, in addition to the penalty imposed.

(2) Any person whose license, registration and/or permit has been suspended, revoked or restricted pursuant to this chapter, whether voluntarily or by action of the board, shall have the right to petition the board at reasonable intervals for



reinstatement of such license, registration and/or permit. Such petition shall be made in writing and in the form prescribed by the board. Upon investigation and hearing, the board may, in its discretion, grant or deny such petition, or it may modify its original finding to reflect any circumstances which have changed sufficiently to warrant such modifications. The procedure for the reinstatement of a license, registration or permit that is suspended for being out of compliance with an order for support, as defined in Section 93-11-153, shall be governed by Section 93-11-157 or 93-11-163, as the case may be.

(3) Nothing herein shall be construed as barring criminal prosecutions for violation of this chapter where such violations are deemed as criminal offenses in other statutes of this state or of the United States.

(4) A monetary penalty assessed and levied under this section shall be paid to the board by the licensee, registrant or permit holder upon the expiration of the period allowed for appeal of such penalties under Section 73-21-101, or may be paid sooner if the licensee, registrant or permit holder elects.

(5) When payment of a monetary penalty assessed and levied by the board against a licensee, registrant or permit holder in accordance with this section is not paid by the licensee, registrant or permit holder when due under this section, the board shall have the power to institute and maintain proceedings in its name for enforcement of payment in the chancery court of the



271 county and judicial district of residence of the licensee,
272 registrant or permit holder, or if the licensee, registrant or
273 permit holder is a nonresident of the State of Mississippi, in the
274 Chancery Court of the First Judicial District of Hinds County,
275 Mississippi. When such proceedings are instituted, the board
276 shall certify the record of its proceedings, together with all
277 documents and evidence, to the chancery court and the matter shall
278 thereupon be heard in due course by the court, which shall review
279 the record and make its determination thereon. The hearing on the
280 matter may, in the discretion of the chancellor, be tried in
281 vacation.

282 (6) The board shall develop and implement a uniform penalty
283 policy which shall set the minimum and maximum penalty for any
284 given violation of board regulations and laws governing the
285 practice of pharmacy. The board shall adhere to its uniform
286 penalty policy except in such cases where the board specifically
287 finds, by majority vote, that a penalty in excess of, or less
288 than, the uniform penalty is appropriate. Such vote shall be
289 reflected in the minutes of the board and shall not be imposed
290 unless such appears as having been adopted by the board.

291 **SECTION 5.** Section 73-21-111, Mississippi Code of 1972, is
292 amended as follows:

293 73-21-111. (1) The board shall make, adopt, amend and
294 repeal, from time to time, such rules and regulations for the



regulation of supportive personnel as may be deemed necessary by the board.

(2) Every person who acts or serves as a pharmacy technician in a pharmacy that is located in this state and permitted by the board shall obtain a registration from the board. To obtain a pharmacy technician registration the applicant must:

(a) Have submitted a written application on a form(s) prescribed by the board; and

(b) Be of good moral character; and

(c) Have paid the initial registration fee not to exceed One Hundred Dollars (\$100.00).

(3) Each pharmacy technician shall renew his or her registration annually. To renew his or her registration, a technician must:

(a) Submit an application on a form prescribed by the board; and

(b) Pay a renewal fee not to exceed One Hundred Dollars (\$100.00) for each annual registration period. The board may add a surcharge of not more than Five Dollars (\$5.00) to the registration renewal fee to assist in funding a program that assists impaired pharmacists, pharmacy students and pharmacy technicians.

(4) To * * * ensure that all applicants are of good moral character, the board shall conduct a criminal history records check on all applicants for a license. In order to determine the



applicant's suitability for licensing, the applicant shall be fingerprinted. The board shall submit the fingerprints to the Department of Public Safety for a check of the state criminal records and forward to the Federal Bureau of Investigation for a check of the national criminal records. The Department of Public Safety shall disseminate the results of the state check and the national check to the board for a suitability determination. The board shall be authorized to collect from the applicant the amount of the fee that the Department of Public Safety charges the board for the fingerprinting, whether manual or electronic, and the state and national criminal history records checks.

SECTION 6. Section 73-21-71, Mississippi Code of 1972, is brought forward as follows:

73-21-71. This chapter shall be known as the "Mississippi Pharmacy Practice Act."

SECTION 7. Section 73-21-73, Mississippi Code of 1972, is brought forward as follows:

73-21-73. As used in this chapter, unless the context requires otherwise:

(a) "Administer" means the direct application of a prescription drug pursuant to a lawful order of a practitioner to the body of a patient by injection, inhalation, ingestion or any other means.

(b) "Biological product" means the same as that term is defined in 42 USC Section 262.



(c) "Board of Pharmacy," "Pharmacy Board," "MSBP" or "board" means the State Board of Pharmacy.

(d) "Compounding" means (i) the production, preparation, propagation, conversion or processing of a sterile or nonsterile drug or device either directly or indirectly by extraction from substances of natural origin or independently by means of chemical or biological synthesis or from bulk chemicals or the preparation, mixing, measuring, assembling, packaging or labeling of a drug or device as a result of a practitioner's prescription drug order or initiative based on the practitioner/patient/pharmacist relationship in the course of professional practice, or (ii) for the purpose of, as an incident to, research, teaching or chemical analysis and not for sale or dispensing. Compounding also includes the preparation of drugs or devices in anticipation of prescription drug orders based on routine regularly observed prescribing patterns.

(e) "Continuing education unit" means ten (10) clock hours of study or other such activity as may be approved by the board, including, but not limited to, all programs which have been approved by the American Council on Pharmaceutical Education.

(f) "Deliver" or "delivery" means the actual, constructive or attempted transfer in any manner of a drug or device from one (1) person to another, whether or not for a consideration, including, but not limited to, delivery by mailing or shipping.



370 (g) "Device" means an instrument, apparatus, implement,
371 machine, contrivance, implant, in vitro reagent or other similar
372 or related article, including any component part or accessory
373 which is required under federal or state law to be prescribed by a
374 practitioner and dispensed by a pharmacist.

375 (h) "Dispense" or "dispensing" means the interpretation
376 of a valid prescription of a practitioner by a pharmacist and the
377 subsequent preparation of the drug or device for administration to
378 or use by a patient or other individual entitled to receive the
379 drug.

380 (i) "Distribute" means the delivery of a drug or device
381 other than by administering or dispensing to persons other than
382 the ultimate consumer.

383 (j) "Drug" means:

384 (i) Articles recognized as drugs in the official
385 United States Pharmacopeia, official National Formulary, official
386 Homeopathic Pharmacopeia, other drug compendium or any supplement
387 to any of them;

388 (ii) Articles intended for use in the diagnosis,
389 cure, mitigation, treatment or prevention of disease in man or
390 other animals;

391 (iii) Articles other than food intended to affect
392 the structure or any function of the body of man or other animals;
393 and



(iv) Articles intended for use as a component of any articles specified in subparagraph (i), (ii) or (iii) of this paragraph.

(k) "Drugroom" means a business, which does not require the services of a pharmacist, where prescription drugs or prescription devices are bought, sold, maintained or provided to consumers.

(l) "Extern" means a student in the professional program of a school of pharmacy accredited by the American Council on Pharmaceutical Education who is making normal progress toward completion of a professional degree in pharmacy.

(m) "Foreign pharmacy graduate" means a person whose undergraduate pharmacy degree was conferred by a recognized school of pharmacy outside of the United States, the District of Columbia and Puerto Rico. Recognized schools of pharmacy are those colleges and universities listed in the World Health Organization's World Directory of Schools of Pharmacy, or otherwise approved by the Foreign Pharmacy Graduate Examination Committee (FPGEC) certification program as established by the National Association of Boards of Pharmacy.

(n) "Generic equivalent drug product" means a drug product which (i) contains the identical active chemical ingredient of the same strength, quantity and dosage form; (ii) is of the same generic drug name as determined by the United States Adoptive Names and accepted by the United States Food and Drug



Administration; and (iii) conforms to such rules and regulations as may be adopted by the board for the protection of the public to assure that such drug product is therapeutically equivalent.

(o) "Interchangeable biological product" or "I.B." means a biological product that the federal Food and Drug Administration:

(i) Has licensed and determined as meeting the standards for interchangeability under 42 USC Section 262(k)(4); or

(ii) Has determined is therapeutically equivalent as set forth in the latest edition of or supplement to the federal Food and Drug Administration's Approved Drug Products with Therapeutic Equivalence Evaluations.

(p) "Internet" means collectively the myriad of computer and telecommunications facilities, including equipment and operating software, which comprise the interconnected worldwide network of networks that employ the Transmission Control Protocol/Internet Protocol, or any predecessor or successor protocol to such protocol, to communicate information of all kinds by wire or radio.

(q) "Interested directly" means being employed by, having full or partial ownership of, or control of, any facility permitted or licensed by the Mississippi State Board of Pharmacy.



(r) "Interested indirectly" means having a spouse who is employed by any facility permitted or licensed by the Mississippi State Board of Pharmacy.

(s) "Intern" means a person who has graduated from a school of pharmacy but has not yet become licensed as a pharmacist.

(t) "Manufacturer" means a person, business or other entity engaged in the production, preparation, propagation, conversion or processing of a prescription drug or device, if such actions are associated with promotion and marketing of such drugs or devices.

(u) "Manufacturer's distributor" means any person or business who is not an employee of a manufacturer, but who distributes sample drugs or devices, as defined under subsection (i) of this section, under contract or business arrangement for a manufacturer to practitioners.

(v) "Manufacturing" of prescription products means the production, preparation, propagation, conversion or processing of a drug or device, either directly or indirectly, by extraction from substances from natural origin or independently by means of chemical or biological synthesis, or from bulk chemicals and includes any packaging or repackaging of the substance(s) or labeling or relabeling of its container, if such actions are associated with promotion and marketing of such drug or devices.



466 (w) "Misappropriation of a prescription drug" means to
467 illegally or unlawfully convert a drug, as defined in subsection
468 (i) of this section, to one's own use or to the use of another.

469 (x) "Nonprescription drugs" means nonnarcotic medicines
470 or drugs that may be sold without a prescription and are
471 prepackaged and labeled for use by the consumer in accordance with
472 the requirements of the statutes and regulations of this state and
473 the federal government.

474 (y) "Person" means an individual, corporation,
475 partnership, association or any other legal entity.

476 (z) "Pharmacist" means an individual health care
477 provider licensed by this state to engage in the practice of
478 pharmacy. This recognizes a pharmacist as a learned professional
479 who is authorized to provide patient services.

480 (aa) "Pharmacy" means any location for which a pharmacy
481 permit is required and in which prescription drugs are maintained,
482 compounded and dispensed for patients by a pharmacist. This
483 definition includes any location where pharmacy-related services
484 are provided by a pharmacist.

485 (bb) "Prepackaging" means the act of placing small
486 precounted quantities of drug products in containers suitable for
487 dispensing or administering in anticipation of prescriptions or
488 orders.



489 (cc) "Unlawful or unauthorized possession" means
490 physical holding or control by a pharmacist of a controlled
491 substance outside the usual and lawful course of employment.

492 (dd) "Practice of pharmacy" means a health care service
493 that includes, but is not limited to, the compounding, dispensing,
494 and labeling of drugs or devices; interpreting and evaluating
495 prescriptions; administering and distributing drugs and devices;
496 the compounding, dispensing and labeling of drugs and devices;
497 maintaining prescription drug records; advising and consulting
498 concerning therapeutic values, content, hazards and uses of drugs
499 and devices; initiating or modifying of drug therapy in accordance
500 with written guidelines or protocols previously established and
501 approved by the board; selecting drugs; participating in drug
502 utilization reviews; storing prescription drugs and devices;
503 ordering lab work in accordance with written guidelines or
504 protocols as defined by paragraph (nn) of this section; providing
505 pharmacotherapeutic consultations; supervising supportive
506 personnel and such other acts, services, operations or
507 transactions necessary or incidental to the conduct of the
508 foregoing.

509 (ee) "Practitioner" means a physician, dentist,
510 veterinarian, or other health care provider authorized by law to
511 diagnose and prescribe drugs.

512 (ff) "Prescription" means a written, verbal or
513 electronically transmitted order issued by a practitioner for a



drug or device to be dispensed for a patient by a pharmacist.

"Prescription" includes a standing order issued by a practitioner to an individual pharmacy that authorizes the pharmacy to dispense an opioid antagonist to certain persons without the person to whom the opioid antagonist is dispensed needing to have an individual prescription, as authorized by Section 41-29-319(3).

(gg) "Prescription drug" or "legend drug" means a drug which is required under federal law to be labeled with either of the following statements prior to being dispensed or delivered:

(i) "Caution: Federal law prohibits dispensing without prescription," or

(ii) "Caution: Federal law restricts this drug to use by or on the order of a licensed veterinarian"; or a drug which is required by any applicable federal or state law or regulation to be dispensed on prescription only or is restricted to use by practitioners only.

(hh) "Product selection" means the dispensing of a generic equivalent drug product or an interchangeable biological product in lieu of the drug product ordered by the prescriber.

(ii) "Provider" or "primary health care provider" includes a pharmacist who provides health care services within his or her scope of practice pursuant to state law and regulation.

(jj) "Registrant" means a pharmacy or other entity which is registered with the Mississippi State Board of Pharmacy to buy, sell or maintain controlled substances.



539 (kk) "Repackager" means a person registered by the
540 federal Food and Drug Administration as a repackager who removes a
541 prescription drug product from its marketed container and places
542 it into another, usually of smaller size, to be distributed to
543 persons other than the consumer.

544 (ll) "Reverse distributor" means a business operator
545 that is responsible for the receipt and appropriate return or
546 disposal of unwanted, unneeded or outdated stocks of controlled or
547 uncontrolled drugs from a pharmacy.

548 (mm) "Supportive personnel" or "pharmacist technician"
549 means those individuals utilized in pharmacies whose
550 responsibilities are to provide nonjudgmental technical services
551 concerned with the preparation and distribution of drugs under the
552 direct supervision and responsibility of a pharmacist.

553 (nn) "Written guideline or protocol" means an agreement
554 in which any practitioner authorized to prescribe drugs delegates
555 to a pharmacist authority to conduct specific prescribing
556 functions in an institutional setting, or with the practitioner's
557 individual patients, provided that a specific protocol agreement
558 between the practitioner and the pharmacist is signed and filed as
559 required by law or by rule or regulation of the board.

560 (oo) "Wholesaler" means a person who buys or otherwise
561 acquires prescription drugs or prescription devices for resale or
562 distribution, or for repackaging for resale or distribution, to
563 persons other than consumers.



564 (pp) "Pharmacy benefit manager" has the same meaning as
565 defined in Section 73-21-153.

566 **SECTION 8.** Section 73-21-75, Mississippi Code of 1972, is
567 brought forward as follows:

568 73-21-75. (1) The State Board of Pharmacy created by former
569 Section 73-21-9 is continued and reconstituted as follows: The
570 board shall consist of seven (7) appointed members. At least one
571 (1) appointment shall be made from each congressional district.
572 Each appointed member of the board shall be appointed by the
573 Governor, with the advice and consent of the Senate, from a list
574 of five (5) names submitted by the Mississippi Pharmacists
575 Association, with input from the Magnolia Pharmaceutical Society,
576 the Mississippi Independent Pharmacies Association (MIPA),
577 Mississippi Society of Health-System Pharmacists (MSHP) and
578 Mississippi College of Clinical Pharmacy (MCCP) and other
579 pharmacist associations or societies. Of the members appointed,
580 one (1) shall, at the time of appointment, have had five (5)
581 years' experience as a pharmacist at a facility holding an
582 institutional permit, and one (1) shall, at the time of
583 appointment, have had five (5) years' experience as a pharmacist
584 at a facility holding a retail permit. Any person appointed to
585 the board shall be limited to two (2) full terms of office during
586 any fifteen-year period, including any member serving on May 14,
587 1992.



(2) The members of the board appointed and serving prior to July 1, 1983, whose terms have not expired by July 1, 1983, shall serve the balance of their terms as members of the reconstituted board, and they shall be considered to be from the same congressional districts from which they were originally appointed if they still reside therein, even if the district boundaries have changed subsequent to their original appointments. The Governor shall appoint the remaining members of the reconstituted board in the manner prescribed in subsection (1) of this section on July 1, 1983. The initial members of the reconstituted board shall serve terms of office as follows:

(a) The term of the member from the First Congressional District shall expire on July 1, 1984; and from and after July 1, 1996, this appointment shall be designated as Post 1.

(b) The term of the member from the Second Congressional District shall expire on July 1, 1988; and from and after July 1, 1996, this appointment shall be designated as Post 2.

(c) The term of the member from the Third Congressional District shall expire on July 1, 1986; and from and after July 1, 1996, this appointment shall be designated as Post 3.

(d) The term of the member from the Fourth Congressional District shall expire on July 1, 1985; and from and after July 1, 1996, this appointment shall be designated as Post 4.



613 (e) The term of the member from the Fifth Congressional
614 District shall expire on July 1, 1987; and from and after July 1,
615 1996, this appointment shall be designated as Post 5.

616 (f) The term of one (1) of the members from the state
617 at large shall expire on July 1, 1985; and from and after July 1,
618 1996, this appointment shall be designated as Post 6.

619 (g) The term of the other member from the state at
620 large shall expire on July 1, 1988; and from and after July 1,
621 1996, this appointment shall be designated as Post 7.

622 The appointments of members from congressional districts as
623 provided under this section shall be made from the congressional
624 districts as they existed on July 1, 2001.

625 (3) At the expiration of a term, members of the board shall
626 be appointed in the manner prescribed in subsection (1) of this
627 section for terms of five (5) years from the expiration date of
628 the previous terms. Any vacancy on the board prior to the
629 expiration of a term for any reason, including resignation,
630 removal, disqualification, death or disability, shall be filled by
631 appointment of the Governor in the manner prescribed in subsection
632 (1) of this section for the balance of the unexpired term. The
633 Mississippi Pharmacists Association, with input from the Magnolia
634 Pharmaceutical Society, the Mississippi Independent Pharmacies
635 Association (MIPA), Mississippi Society of Health-System
636 Pharmacists (MSHP) and Mississippi College of Clinical Pharmacy
637 (MCCP) and other pharmacist associations or societies, shall



638 submit a list of nominees no more than thirty (30) days after a
639 vacancy occurs, and the Governor shall fill such vacancies within
640 ninety (90) days after each such vacancy occurs. If an election
641 is required to narrow the number of potential candidates for
642 nominations to the board, the Mississippi Pharmacists Association
643 shall provide a ballot to each pharmacist holding a valid
644 Mississippi license.

645 (4) To be qualified to be a member of the board, a person
646 shall:

647 (a) Be an adult citizen of Mississippi for a period of
648 at least five (5) years preceding his appointment to the board;

649 (b) Be a pharmacist licensed and in good standing to
650 practice pharmacy in the State of Mississippi; and

651 (c) Have actively engaged in the practice of pharmacy
652 in Mississippi for a period of at least five (5) years.

653 (5) The Governor may remove any or all members of the board
654 on proof of unprofessional conduct, continued absence from the
655 state, or for failure to perform the duties of his office. Any
656 member who shall not attend two (2) consecutive meetings of the
657 board for any reason other than illness of such member shall be
658 subject to removal by the Governor. The president of the board
659 shall notify the Governor in writing when any such member has
660 failed to attend two (2) consecutive regular meetings. No removal
661 shall be made without first giving the accused an opportunity to
662 be heard in refutation of the charges made against him, and he



663 shall be entitled to receive a copy of the charges at the time of
664 filing.

665 **SECTION 9.** Section 73-21-77, Mississippi Code of 1972, is
666 brought forward as follows:

667 73-21-77. (1) Each person appointed as a member of the
668 board shall qualify by taking the oath prescribed by the
669 Constitution for the state officers, and shall file certificate
670 thereof in the Office of the Secretary of State within fifteen
671 (15) days after his appointment.

672 (2) There shall be a president of the board and such other
673 officers as deemed necessary by the board elected by and from its
674 membership.

675 (3) The board shall meet at least once each quarter to
676 transact business, and may meet at such additional times as it may
677 deem necessary. Such additional meetings may be called by the
678 president of the board or a majority of the members of the board.

679 (4) The place for each meeting shall be determined prior to
680 giving notice of such meeting and shall not be changed after such
681 notice is given without adequate subsequent notice.

682 (5) A majority of the members of the board shall constitute
683 a quorum for the conduct of the meeting and all actions of the
684 board shall be by a majority.

685 (6) Each member of the board shall receive a per diem as
686 provided in Section 25-3-69, not to exceed thirty (30) days in any
687 one (1) period of twelve (12) months, for each day actually



engaged in meetings of the board, together with necessary traveling and other expenses as provided in Section 25-3-41.

SECTION 10. Section 73-21-79, Mississippi Code of 1972, is brought forward as follows:

73-21-79. (1) The board shall employ an executive director of the board. The executive director shall be a citizen of Mississippi and a pharmacist licensed and in good standing to practice pharmacy in the State of Mississippi, who has had five (5) years' experience as a pharmacist.

(2) The executive director shall receive a salary to be set by the board, subject to the approval of the State Personnel Board, and shall be entitled to necessary expenses incurred in the performance of his official duties. He shall devote full time to the duties of his office and shall not be engaged in any other business that will interfere with the duties of his office.

(3) The duties and responsibilities of the executive director shall be defined by rules and regulations prescribed by the board.

(4) The board may, in its discretion, employ persons in addition to the executive director in such other positions or capacities as it deems necessary to the proper conduct of board business. Any pharmacist-investigator employed by the board may have other part-time employment, provided that he shall not accept any employment that would cause a conflict of interest in his



pharmacist-investigator duties. The board may employ legal counsel to assist in the conduct of its business.

SECTION 11. Section 73-21-81, Mississippi Code of 1972, is brought forward as follows:

73-21-81. The responsibility for the enforcement of the provisions of this chapter shall be vested in the board. The board shall have all of the duties, powers and authority specifically granted by and necessary to the enforcement of this chapter. The board may make, adopt, amend and repeal such rules and regulations as may be deemed necessary by the board, from time to time, for the proper administration and enforcement of this chapter, in accordance with the provisions of the Mississippi Administrative Procedures Law (Section 25-43-1.101 et seq.).

SECTION 12. Section 73-21-83, Mississippi Code of 1972, is brought forward as follows:

73-21-83. (1) The board shall be responsible for the control and regulation of the practice of pharmacy, to include the regulation of pharmacy externs or interns and pharmacist technicians, in this state, the regulation of the wholesaler distribution of drugs and devices as defined in Section 73-21-73, the distribution of sample drugs or devices by manufacturer's distributors as defined in Section 73-21-73 by persons other than the original manufacturer or distributor in this state and the regulation of pharmacy benefit managers as defined in Section 73-21-153.



(2) A license for the practice of pharmacy shall be obtained by all persons prior to their engaging in the practice of pharmacy. However, the provisions of this chapter shall not apply to physicians, dentists, veterinarians, osteopaths or other practitioners of the healing arts who are licensed under the laws of the State of Mississippi and are authorized to dispense and administer prescription drugs in the course of their professional practice.

(3) The initial licensure fee shall be set by the board but shall not exceed Two Hundred Dollars (\$200.00), except the initial licensure fee for pharmacy benefit managers shall be set by the board but shall not exceed Five Hundred Dollars (\$500.00).

(4) All students actively enrolled in a professional school of pharmacy accredited by the American Council on Pharmaceutical Education who are making satisfactory progress toward graduation and who act as an extern or intern under the direct supervision of a pharmacist in a location permitted by the Board of Pharmacy must obtain a pharmacy student registration prior to engaging in such activity. The student registration fee shall be set by the board but shall not exceed One Hundred Dollars (\$100.00).

(5) All persons licensed to practice pharmacy prior to July 1, 1991, by the State Board of Pharmacy under Section 73-21-89 shall continue to be licensed under the provisions of Section 73-21-91.



SECTION 13. Section 73-21-87, Mississippi Code of 1972, is brought forward as follows:

73-21-87. (1) To obtain a license to engage in the practice of pharmacy by reciprocity or license transfer, the applicant shall:

(a) Have submitted a written application on the form prescribed by the board;

(b) Be of good moral character;

(c) Have possessed at the time of initial licensure as a pharmacist such other qualifications necessary to have been eligible for licensure at that time in that state;

(d) Have presented to the board proof that any license or licenses granted to the applicant by any other states have not been suspended, revoked, cancelled or otherwise restricted for any reason except nonrenewal or the failure to obtain required continuing education credits; and

(e) Have paid all fees specified by the board for licensure.

(2) No applicant shall be eligible for licensure by reciprocity or license transfer unless the state in which the applicant was initially licensed also grants a reciprocal license or transfer license to pharmacists licensed by this state under like circumstances and conditions.

(3) The issuance of a license by reciprocity to a military-trained applicant, military spouse or person who



establishes residence in this state shall be subject to the provisions of Section 73-50-1 or 73-50-2, as applicable.

(4) Each application or filing made under this section shall include the social security number(s) of the applicant in accordance with Section 93-11-64.

SECTION 14. Section 73-21-89, Mississippi Code of 1972, is brought forward as follows:

73-21-89. (1) The board shall issue a license to practice pharmacy to any person, if such person be otherwise qualified, upon presentation to the board of:

(a) Satisfactory proof that the applicant has been graduated from the University of Mississippi School of Pharmacy;

(b) Written application for licensure; and

(c) Payment of all fees specified by the board for licensure.

(2) The board shall not issue any new licenses pursuant to this section after June 30, 1987.

(3) Each application or filing made under this section shall include the social security number(s) of the applicant in accordance with Section 93-11-64, Mississippi Code of 1972.

SECTION 15. Section 73-21-91, Mississippi Code of 1972, is brought forward as follows:

73-21-91. (1) Every pharmacist shall renew his license annually. To renew his license, a pharmacist shall:



810 (a) Submit an application for renewal on the form
811 prescribed by the board;

812 (b) Submit satisfactory evidence of the completion in
813 the last licensure period of such continuing education units as
814 shall be required by the board, but in no case less than one (1)
815 continuing education unit in the last licensure period;

816 (c) (i) Pay any renewal fees as required by the board,
817 not to exceed One Hundred Dollars (\$100.00) for each annual
818 licensing period, provided that the board may add a surcharge of
819 not more than Five Dollars (\$5.00) to a license renewal fee to
820 fund a program to aid impaired pharmacists or pharmacy students.
821 Any pharmacist license renewal received postmarked after December
822 31 of the renewal period will be returned and a Fifty Dollar
823 (\$50.00) late renewal fee will be assessed before renewal.

824 (ii) The license fee for a pharmacy benefit
825 manager shall be set by the board, but shall not exceed Five
826 Hundred Dollars (\$500.00). Any license renewal received
827 postmarked after December 31 of the renewal period will be
828 returned and a Five Hundred Dollar (\$500.00) late renewal fee will
829 be assessed before renewal.

830 (2) Any pharmacist who has defaulted in license renewal may
831 be reinstated within two (2) years upon payment of renewal fees in
832 arrears and presentation of evidence of the required continuing
833 education. Any pharmacist defaulting in license renewal for a
834 period in excess of two (2) years shall be required to



835 successfully complete the examination given by the board pursuant
836 to Section 73-21-85 before being eligible for reinstatement as a
837 pharmacist in Mississippi, or shall be required to appear before
838 the board to be examined for his competence and knowledge of the
839 practice of pharmacy, and may be required to submit evidence of
840 continuing education. If the person is found fit by the board to
841 practice pharmacy in this state, the board may reinstate his
842 license to practice pharmacy upon payment of all renewal fees in
843 arrears.

844 (3) Each application or filing made under this section shall
845 include the social security number(s) of the applicant in
846 accordance with Section 93-11-64.

847 **SECTION 16.** Section 73-21-93, Mississippi Code of 1972, is
848 brought forward as follows:

849 73-21-93. (1) The examination for licensure required under
850 Section 73-21-85 shall be given by the board at least once during
851 each year. The board shall determine the content and subject
852 matter of each examination, the place, time and date of the
853 administration of the examination and those persons who have
854 successfully passed the examination.

855 (2) The examination shall be prepared to measure the
856 competence of the applicant to engage in the practice of pharmacy.
857 The board may employ and cooperate with any organization or
858 consultant in the preparation and grading of an appropriate
859 examination, but shall retain the sole discretion and



responsibility of determining which applicants have successfully passed such an examination.

(3) The board shall have authority to use the laboratories of the school of pharmacy and other facilities of the University of Mississippi for the purpose of examining applicants.

SECTION 17. Section 73-21-95, Mississippi Code of 1972, is brought forward as follows:

73-21-95. The assistant pharmacist license is hereby abolished after April 30, 1984. The board shall issue a license to practice pharmacy to those persons presently holding an assistant pharmacist license upon their meeting the requirements of Section 73-21-91.

SECTION 18. Section 73-21-99, Mississippi Code of 1972, is brought forward as follows:

73-21-99. (1) Disciplinary action by the board against a licensee, registrant or permit holder, or license, registration or permit shall require the following:

(a) A sworn affidavit filed with the board charging a licensee or permit holder with an act which is grounds for disciplinary action as provided in Section 73-21-97; and

(b) An order of the Investigations Review Committee of the board which shall cause the executive director of the board to fix a time and place for a hearing by the board. The executive director shall cause a written notice specifying the offense or offenses for which the licensee or permit holder is charged and



notice of the time and place of the hearing to be served upon the licensee or permit holder at least thirty (30) days prior to the hearing date. Such notice may be served by mailing a copy thereof by certified mail, postage prepaid, to the last-known residence or business address of the licensee or permit holder.

(2) The board shall designate two (2) of its members to serve on a rotating, no longer than three-consecutive-month basis with the executive director and legal counsel for the board as an Investigations Review Committee, and the board's investigators shall provide status reports solely to the Investigations Review Committee during monthly meetings of the board. Such reports shall be made on all on-going investigations, and shall apply to any routine inspections which may give rise to the filing of a complaint. In the event any complaint on a licensee comes before the board for possible disciplinary action, the members of the board serving on the Investigations Review Committee which reviewed the investigation of such complaint shall recuse themselves and not participate in the disciplinary proceeding.

(3) The board acting by and through its Investigation Review Committee may, if deemed necessary, issue a letter of reprimand to any licensee, registrant or permit holder in lieu of formal action by the board.

(4) The board, acting by and through its executive director, is hereby authorized and empowered to issue subpoenas for the attendance of witnesses and the production of books and papers at



910 such hearing. Process issued by the board shall extend to all
911 parts of the state and shall be served by any person designated by
912 the board for such service.

913 (5) The accused shall have the right to appear either
914 personally or by counsel, or both, to produce witnesses or
915 evidence in his behalf, to cross-examine witnesses, and to have
916 subpoenas issued by the board.

917 (6) At the hearing, the board shall administer oaths as may
918 be necessary for the proper conduct of the hearing. All hearings
919 shall be conducted by the board, which shall not be bound by
920 strict rules of procedure or by the laws of evidence in the
921 conduct of its proceedings, but the determination shall be based
922 upon sufficient evidence to sustain it.

923 (7) Where, in any proceeding before the board, any witness
924 fails or refuses to attend upon a subpoena issued by the board,
925 refuses to testify, or refuses to produce any books and papers the
926 production of which is called for by a subpoena, the attendance of
927 such witness, the giving of his testimony or the production of the
928 books and papers shall be enforced by any court of competent
929 jurisdiction of this state in the manner provided for the
930 enforcement of attendance and testimony of witnesses in civil
931 cases in the courts of this state.

932 (8) The board shall, within thirty (30) days after
933 conclusion of the hearing, reduce its decision to writing and
934 forward an attested true copy thereof to the last-known residence



or business address of such licensee or permit holder by way of United States first-class, certified mail, postage prepaid.

SECTION 19. Section 73-21-101, Mississippi Code of 1972, is brought forward as follows:

73-21-101. (1) The right to appeal from the action of the board in denying, revoking, suspending or refusing to renew any license, registration or permit issued by the board, or fining or otherwise disciplining any person is hereby granted. Such appeal shall be to the chancery court of the county of the residence of the licensee or permit holder on the record made, including a verbatim transcript of the testimony at the hearing. The appeal shall be taken within thirty (30) days after notice of the action of the board in denying, revoking, suspending or refusing to renew the license or permit, or fining or otherwise disciplining the person. The appeal shall be perfected upon filing notice of the appeal and by the prepayment of all costs, including the cost of the preparation of the record of the proceedings by the board, and the filing of a bond in the sum of Two Hundred Dollars (\$200.00), conditioned that if the action of the board in denying, revoking, suspending or refusing to renew the license or permit, or fining or otherwise disciplining the person, be affirmed by the chancery court, the licensee or permit holder will pay the costs of the appeal and the action in the chancery court.

(2) If there is an appeal, such appeal shall act as a supersedeas. The chancery court shall dispose of the appeal and



enter its decision promptly. The hearing on the appeal may, in the discretion of the chancellor, be tried in vacation. The scope of review of the chancery court shall be limited to a review of the record made before the board to determine if the action of the board is unlawful for the reason that it was (a) not supported by substantial evidence, (b) arbitrary or capricious, (c) beyond the power of the board to make, or (d) in violation of some statutory or constitutional right of the appellant. The decision of the chancery court may be appealed to the Supreme Court in the manner provided by law.

(3) Actions taken by the board in suspending a license, registration or permit when required by Section 93-11-157 or 93-11-163 are not actions from which an appeal may be taken under this section. Any appeal of a suspension of a license, registration or permit that is required by Section 93-11-157 or 93-11-163 shall be taken in accordance with the appeal procedure specified in Section 93-11-157 or 93-11-163, as the case may be, rather than the procedure specified in this section.

SECTION 20. Section 73-21-105, Mississippi Code of 1972, is brought forward as follows:

73-21-105. (1) Every facility/business that engages in the wholesale distribution of prescription drugs, to include without limitation, manufacturing in this state, distribution into this state, or selling or offering to sell in this state, or distribution from or within this state, and every reverse



distributor located in or outside of this state that conducts business with pharmacies in this state, shall register biennially or annually, to be determined by the board, with the Mississippi State Board of Pharmacy by applying for a permit on a form supplied by the board and accompanied by a fee as set by subsection (4) of this section. The Pharmacy Board shall by regulation determine the classification of permit(s) that shall be required.

(2) Every business/facility/pharmacy located in this state that engages in or proposes to engage in the dispensing and delivery of prescription drugs to consumers shall register with the Mississippi State Board of Pharmacy by applying for a permit on a form supplied by the board and accompanied by a fee as set by subsection (4) of this section. The Pharmacy Board shall by regulation determine the classification of permit(s) that shall be required.

(3) The board shall establish by rule or regulation the criteria which each business shall meet to qualify for a permit in each classification. The board shall issue a permit to any applicant who meets the criteria as established. The board may issue various types of permits with varying restrictions to businesses where the board deems it necessary by reason of the type of activities conducted by the business requesting a permit.

(4) The board shall specify by rule or regulation the registration procedures to be followed, including, but not limited



1010 to, specification of forms for use in applying for such permits
1011 and times, places and fees for filing such applications. However,
1012 the biennial fee for an original or renewal permit shall not
1013 exceed One Thousand Dollars (\$1,000.00).

1014 (5) Applications for permits shall include the following
1015 information about the proposed business:

1016 (a) Ownership;

1017 (b) Location;

1018 (c) Identity of the responsible person or pharmacist
1019 licensed to practice in the state, who shall be the pharmacist in
1020 charge of the pharmacy, where one is required by this chapter, and
1021 such further information as the board may deem necessary.

1022 (6) Permits issued by the board pursuant to this section
1023 shall not be transferable or assignable.

1024 (7) The board shall specify by rule or regulation minimum
1025 standards for the responsibility in the conduct of any
1026 business/facility and/or pharmacy that has been issued a permit.
1027 The board is specifically authorized to require that the portion
1028 of the facility located in this state to which a pharmacy permit
1029 applies be operated only under the direct supervision of no less
1030 than one (1) pharmacist licensed to practice in this state, and to
1031 provide such other special requirements as deemed necessary.
1032 Nothing in this subsection shall be construed to prevent any
1033 person from owning a pharmacy.



1034 (8) All businesses permitted by the board shall report to
1035 the board the occurrence of any of the following changes:

1036 (a) Permanent closing;

1037 (b) Change of ownership, management, location or
1038 pharmacist in charge;

1039 (c) Any and all other matters and occurrences as the
1040 board may require by rule or regulation.

1041 (9) Disasters, accidents and emergencies which may affect
1042 the strength, purity or labeling of drugs, medications, devices or
1043 other materials used in the diagnosis or the treatment of injury,
1044 illness and disease shall be immediately reported to the board.

1045 (10) No business that is required to obtain a permit shall
1046 be operated until a permit has been issued for such business by
1047 the board. Any person, firm or corporation violating any of the
1048 provisions of this section shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and,
1049 upon conviction thereof, shall be punished by a fine of not less
1050 than One Hundred Dollars (\$100.00) nor more than One Thousand
1051 Dollars (\$1,000.00), or imprisonment in the county jail for not
1052 less than thirty (30) days nor more than ninety (90) days, or by
1053 both such fine and imprisonment. However, the provisions of this
1054 chapter shall not apply to physicians, dentists, veterinarians,
1055 osteopaths or other practitioners of the healing arts who are
1056 licensed under the laws of the State of Mississippi and are
1057 authorized to dispense and administer prescription drugs in the
1058 course of their professional practice.



SECTION 21. Section 73-21-106, Mississippi Code of 1972, is brought forward as follows:

73-21-106. (1) Any pharmacy located outside this state that ships, mails or delivers, in any manner, controlled substances or prescription or legend drugs or devices into this state shall be considered a nonresident pharmacy and shall be permitted by the board. The board shall establish by rule or regulation the criteria that each nonresident pharmacy must meet to qualify for a nonresident permit. After a permit has been issued, it may not be amended, transferred or reassigned. A pharmacist-in-charge of a nonresident pharmacy may not be the pharmacist-in-charge at any other location that has been issued a permit by the board.

(2) Each nonresident pharmacy shall:

(a) Comply with all lawful directions and requests for information from the regulatory or licensing agency of the state in which it is licensed as well as with all requests for information made by the board under this section. The nonresident pharmacy shall maintain at all times a valid unexpired license, permit or registration to conduct the pharmacy in compliance with the laws of the state in which it is a resident. As a prerequisite to being permitted by the board, the nonresident pharmacy shall submit a copy of the most recent inspection report resulting from an inspection conducted by the regulatory or licensing agency of the state in which it is located;



1083 (b) Maintain its records of controlled substances and
1084 prescription or legend drugs or devices dispensed to patients in
1085 this state so that the records are readily retrievable from the
1086 records of other drugs dispensed; and

1087 (c) Certify that it understands Mississippi pharmacy
1088 laws and regulations and agrees to comply with those laws and
1089 regulations and any other state or federal laws that apply to the
1090 practice of pharmacy. The pharmacist-in-charge must hold a
1091 Mississippi pharmacist license, be licensed to practice pharmacy
1092 in the state of residence of the nonresident pharmacy, and be
1093 current and in good standing with the licensing boards of both
1094 states.

1095 (3) Any pharmacy subject to this section shall provide
1096 during its regular hours of operation, but not less than six (6)
1097 days per week and for a minimum of forty (40) hours per week, a
1098 toll-free telephone service to facilitate communication between
1099 patients in this state and a pharmacist at the pharmacy who has
1100 access to the patient's records. This toll-free number shall be
1101 disclosed on a label affixed to each container of drugs dispensed
1102 to patients in this state.

1103 (4) The permit fee for nonresident pharmacies shall be the
1104 same as the fee as set by subsection (4) of Section 73-21-105.

1105 (5) The permit requirements of this section shall apply to
1106 any nonresident pharmacy that dispenses, distributes, ships, mails



1107 or delivers controlled substances or prescription or legend drugs
1108 and devices into this state directly to a consumer.

1109 (6) The board may deny, revoke or suspend a nonresident
1110 pharmacy permit only for:

1111 (a) Failure to comply with any requirement of this
1112 section or Section 41-29-125;

1113 (b) Conduct that causes serious bodily or serious
1114 psychological injury to a resident of this state if the board has
1115 referred the matter to the regulatory or licensing agency in the
1116 state in which the pharmacy is located and the regulatory or
1117 licensing agency fails to initiate an investigation within
1118 forty-five (45) days of the referral; or

1119 (c) Violation of the Uniform Controlled Substances Law.

1120 (7) It is unlawful for any nonresident pharmacy that is not
1121 permitted under this section to advertise its services in this
1122 state, or for any person who is a resident of this state to
1123 advertise the pharmacy services of a nonresident pharmacy that is
1124 not permitted with the board, with the knowledge that the
1125 advertisement will or is likely to induce members of the public in
1126 this state to use the pharmacy to fill prescriptions.

1127 (8) When requested to do so by the board or the Mississippi
1128 Bureau of Narcotics, each nonresident pharmacy shall supply any
1129 inspection reports, controlled substances dispensing records,
1130 warning notices, notice of deficiency reports or any other related
1131 reports from the state in which it is located concerning the



1132 operation of a nonresident pharmacy for review of compliance with
1133 state and federal drug laws.

1134 **SECTION 22.** Section 73-21-107, Mississippi Code of 1972, is
1135 brought forward as follows:

1136 73-21-107. (1) The board or its representative may enter
1137 and inspect, during reasonable hours, a facility which has
1138 obtained or applied for a permit under Section 73-21-105 relative
1139 to the following:

1140 (a) Drug storage and security;
1141 (b) Equipment;
1142 (c) Sanitary conditions; or
1143 (d) Records, reports, or other documents required to be
1144 kept or made under this chapter or the Uniform Controlled
1145 Substances Law (Section 41-29-101 et seq.) or rules and
1146 regulations adopted under such laws.

1147 (2) Prior to an entry and inspection, the board
1148 representative shall state his purpose and present appropriate
1149 credentials to the owner, pharmacist or agent in charge of a
1150 facility.

1151 (3) The board representative may:

1152 (a) Inspect and copy records, reports, and other
1153 documents required to be kept or made under this chapter, the
1154 Uniform Controlled Substances Law, or rules and regulations
1155 adopted under such laws;



1156 (b) Inspect, within reasonable limits and in a
1157 reasonable manner, a facility's storage, equipment, security,
1158 records, or prescription drugs or devices; or

1159 (c) Inventory any stock of any prescription drugs or
1160 devices in the facility.

1161 (4) Unless the owner, pharmacist, or agent in charge of the
1162 facility consents in writing, an inspection authorized by this
1163 section may not extend to:

1164 (a) Financial data;

1165 (b) Sales data other than shipment data; or

1166 (c) Pricing data.

1167 **SECTION 23.** Section 73-21-108, Mississippi Code of 1972, is
1168 brought forward as follows:

1169 73-21-108. (1) **Definitions.** For the purposes of this
1170 section:

1171 (a) "Home medical equipment" means technologically
1172 sophisticated medical equipment and devices usable in a home care
1173 setting, including, but not limited to:

1174 (i) Oxygen for human consumption, oxygen
1175 concentrators and/or oxygen delivery systems and equipment;

1176 (ii) Ventilators;

1177 (iii) Respiratory disease management devices;

1178 (iv) Electronic and computer driven wheelchairs
1179 and seating systems;

1180 (v) Apnea monitors;



1181 (vi) Transcutaneous electrical nerve stimulator
1182 (TENS) units;
1183 (vii) Low air loss cutaneous pressure management
1184 devices;
1185 (viii) Sequential compression devices;
1186 (ix) Neonatal home phototherapy devices;
1187 (x) Feeding pumps; and
1188 (xi) Other similar equipment as defined in
1189 regulations adopted by the board.

1190 The term "home medical equipment" does not include medical
1191 equipment used in the normal course of treating patients by
1192 hospitals, hospices, long-term care facilities or home health
1193 agencies, or medical equipment used or dispensed by health care
1194 professionals licensed by the State of Mississippi if the
1195 professional is practicing within the scope of his or her
1196 professional practice. In addition, the term does not include
1197 items such as upper and lower extremity prosthetics, canes,
1198 crutches, walkers, bathtub grab bars, standard wheelchairs,
1199 commode chairs and bath benches.

1200 (b) "Home medical equipment services" means the
1201 delivery, installation, maintenance, replacement, and/or
1202 instruction in the use of home medical equipment, used by a sick
1203 or disabled individual, to allow the individual to be cared for
1204 and maintained in a home or noninstitutional environment.



1205 (c) "Medical gas" means those gases and liquid oxygen
1206 intended for human consumption.

1207 (d) "Order" means an order issued by a licensed
1208 practitioner legally authorized to order home medical equipment
1209 and/or medical gases.

1210 (2) **Permit required.** (a) No person, business or entity
1211 located in this state or outside of this state that is subject to
1212 this section shall sell, rent or provide or offer to sell, rent or
1213 provide directly to patients in this state any home medical
1214 equipment, legend devices, and/or medical gas unless such person,
1215 business or entity first obtains a Medical Equipment Supplier
1216 Permit from the board.

1217 (b) The permitting requirements of this section apply
1218 to all persons, companies, agencies and other business entities
1219 that are in the business of supplying home medical equipment to
1220 patients in their places of residence and that bill the patient or
1221 the patient's insurance, Medicare, Medicaid or other third party
1222 payor for the rent or sale of that equipment.

1223 (c) The board shall require a separate permit for each
1224 facility location directly or indirectly owned or operated in this
1225 state.

1226 (d) The application for a permit shall be made to the
1227 board on a form supplied by the board and shall be accompanied by
1228 a fee of not more than Three Hundred Dollars (\$300.00), as
1229 prescribed by the board. Once issued, every permit must be



1230 renewed annually, and the renewal fee shall be not more than One
1231 Hundred Seventy-five Dollars (\$175.00), as prescribed by the
1232 board.

1233 (e) All permits issued under this section shall expire
1234 annually on June 30 of each year. Applications for renewal must
1235 be made to the board on or before June 30 and must be accompanied
1236 by the fee as prescribed by the board. A late renewal fee of One
1237 Hundred Dollars (\$100.00) shall be added to all renewal
1238 applications received by the board after June 30 of each renewal
1239 period. The permit shall become void if the renewal application,
1240 renewal fee and the late renewal fee are not received by the board
1241 by September 30 of each year.

1242 (3) **Exemptions.** (a) The permitting requirements of this
1243 section do not apply to the following entities or practitioners
1244 unless they have a separate business entity, company, corporation
1245 or division that is in the business of providing home medical
1246 equipment for sale or rent to patients at their places of
1247 residence:

1248 (i) Home health agencies;
1249 (ii) Hospitals;
1250 (iii) Wholesalers and/or manufacturers;
1251 (iv) Medical doctors, physical therapists,
1252 respiratory therapists, occupational therapists, speech
1253 pathologists, optometrists, chiropractors and podiatrists who use



1254 home medical equipment and/or legend devices in their individual
1255 practices;

1256 (v) Pharmacies;

1257 (vi) Hospice programs;

1258 (vii) Nursing homes and/or long-term care
1259 facilities;

1260 (viii) Veterinarians; dentists; and emergency
1261 medical services.

1262 (b) Although community pharmacies are exempt from the
1263 permitting requirements of this section, they shall be subject to
1264 the same regulations that are applicable to permitted businesses
1265 or entities for the sale or rental of home medical equipment
1266 covered by this section.

1267 (c) Nothing in this section shall prohibit trained
1268 individuals from using oxygen, liquid oxygen and/or legend devices
1269 in emergencies.

1270 (d) Nothing in this section shall prohibit the
1271 prehospital emergency administration of oxygen by licensed health
1272 care providers, emergency medical technicians, first responders,
1273 firefighters, law enforcement officers and other emergency
1274 personnel trained in the proper use of emergency oxygen.

1275 (4) **Order required.** Home medical equipment suppliers shall
1276 not provide any home medical equipment to a patient without a
1277 valid order from an authorized licensed practitioner.



1278 (5) **Regulations.** The board shall adopt regulations for the
1279 distribution and sale or rental of home medical equipment, legend
1280 devices and medical gases that promote the public health and
1281 welfare and comply with at least the minimum standards, terms and
1282 conditions of federal laws and regulations. The regulations shall
1283 include, without limitation:

1284 (a) Minimum information from each home medical
1285 equipment, legend device and medical gas supplier required for
1286 permitting and renewal permits;

1287 (b) Minimum qualifications of persons who engage in the
1288 distribution of home medical equipment;

1289 (c) Appropriate education, training or experience of
1290 persons employed by home medical equipment suppliers;

1291 (d) Minimum standards for storage of home medical
1292 equipment;

1293 (e) Minimum requirements for the establishment and
1294 maintenance of all records for the sale, rental and servicing of
1295 home medical equipment; and

1296 (f) Minimum standards of operation and professional
1297 conduct.

1298 (6) **Medical Equipment Advisory Committee to the board.**

1299 (a) A Medical Equipment Advisory Committee (MEAC),
1300 composed of three (3) members selected by the Mississippi
1301 Association of Medical Equipment Suppliers and approved by the
1302 board, shall review and make recommendations to the board



1303 regarding all regulations dealing with home medical equipment,
1304 legend devices and medical gases that are proposed by the board
1305 and before they are adopted by the board.

1306 (b) All MEAC members must have been actively involved
1307 in the home medical equipment business for a minimum of five (5)
1308 years before the selection to the committee and shall hold and
1309 maintain, in good standing, a permit issued by the board under
1310 this section.

1311 (c) The MEAC members shall meet at least quarterly and
1312 review all home medical equipment suppliers' inspection reports.
1313 All complaints and reports of investigations of violations of law
1314 or regulations regarding home medical equipment, legend devices
1315 and medical gases shall first be reviewed by the MEAC. After
1316 review, the MEAC may make recommendations to the board's
1317 Investigations Review Committee regarding further administrative
1318 action by the board.

1319 (d) The MEAC shall keep and maintain minutes of all
1320 meetings of the MEAC and shall provide copies of the minutes to
1321 the board on a quarterly basis.

1322 (7) **Revocation, suspension or restriction of permit and**
1323 **penalties.**

1324 (a) The board may revoke, suspend, restrict or refuse
1325 to issue or renew a permit or impose a monetary penalty, in
1326 accordance with Section 73-21-103 except that the monetary penalty
1327 shall not exceed Ten Thousand Dollars (\$10,000.00) per violation,



1328 if the business or holder of a permit or applicant for a permit
1329 issued under this section has committed or is found guilty by the
1330 board of any of the following:

1331 (i) Violation of any federal, state or local law
1332 or regulations relating to home medical equipment, legend devices
1333 or medical gases.

1334 (ii) Violation of any of the provisions of this
1335 section or regulations adopted under this section.

1336 (iii) Commission of an act or engaging in a course
1337 of conduct that constitutes a clear and present danger to the
1338 public health and safety.

1339 (iv) Filing a claim or assisting in the filing of
1340 a claim for reimbursement for home medical equipment or home
1341 medical equipment services that were not provided or that were not
1342 authorized to be provided.

1343 (v) Failure to comply with any lawful order of the
1344 board.

1345 (b) Disciplinary action by the board against a business
1346 or any person holding a permit under this section shall be in
1347 accordance with Section 73-21-99.

1348 **SECTION 24.** Section 73-21-109, Mississippi Code of 1972, is
1349 brought forward as follows:

1350 73-21-109. No person shall make use of the terms
1351 "drugstore," "pharmacy," "apothecary" or words of similar meaning
1352 which indicate that pharmaceutical services are performed in any



1353 sign, letterhead or advertisement unless such person is a permit
1354 holder as provided in Section 73-21-105, or such property or name
1355 was previously registered with the Mississippi State Board of
1356 Pharmacy or provided pharmaceutical services in excess of twenty
1357 (20) years. Any person violating this section shall be guilty of
1358 a misdemeanor and, upon conviction thereof, shall be punished by a
1359 fine of not less than One Hundred Dollars (\$100.00) nor more than
1360 Three Hundred Dollars (\$300.00), or by imprisonment in the county
1361 jail for not less than thirty (30) days nor more than ninety (90)
1362 days, or by both.

1363 **SECTION 25.** Section 73-21-113, Mississippi Code of 1972, is
1364 brought forward as follows:

1365 73-21-113. All fees received by the board from examinations,
1366 licenses, permits and monetary penalties, and any other funds
1367 received by the board, shall be paid to the State Treasurer, who
1368 shall issue receipts therefor and deposit such funds in the State
1369 Treasury in a special fund to the credit of the board. All such
1370 funds shall be expended only pursuant to appropriation approved by
1371 the Legislature and as provided by law.

1372 **SECTION 26.** Section 73-21-115, Mississippi Code of 1972, is
1373 brought forward as follows:

1374 73-21-115. (1) Every prescription written in this state by
1375 a person authorized to issue such prescription shall be on
1376 prescription forms containing two (2) lines for the prescriber's
1377 signature. There shall be a signature line in the lower



1378 right-hand corner of the prescription form beneath which shall be
1379 clearly imprinted the words "substitution permissible." There
1380 shall be a signature line in the lower left-hand corner of the
1381 prescription form beneath which shall be clearly imprinted the
1382 words "dispense as written." The prescriber's signature on either
1383 signature line shall validate the prescription and shall designate
1384 approval or disapproval of product selection.

1385 (2) If a prescription form which does not contain the two
1386 (2) signature lines required in subsection (1) of this section is
1387 utilized by the prescriber, he shall write in his own handwriting
1388 the words "dispense as written" thereupon to prevent product
1389 selection.

1390 (3) A pharmacist licensed by the Mississippi State Board of
1391 Pharmacy may dispense a one-time emergency dispensing of a
1392 prescription of up to a seventy-two-hour supply of a prescribed
1393 medication in the event the pharmacist is unable to contact the
1394 prescriber to obtain refill authorization, provided that:

1395 (a) The prescription is not for a controlled substance;

1396 (b) In the pharmacist's professional judgment, the
1397 interruption of therapy might reasonably produce undesirable
1398 health consequences or may cause physical or mental discomfort;

1399 (c) The dispensing pharmacist notifies the prescriber
1400 or his agent of the emergency dispensing within seven (7) working
1401 days after the one-time emergency dispensing;



1402 (d) The pharmacist properly records the dispensing as a
1403 separate nonrefillable prescription. Said document shall be filed
1404 as is required of all other prescription records. This document
1405 shall be serially numbered and contain all information required of
1406 other prescriptions. In addition it shall contain the number of
1407 the prescription from which it was refilled; and

1408 (e) The pharmacist shall record on the new document the
1409 circumstances which warrant this emergency dispensing.

1410 This emergency dispensing shall be done only in the permitted
1411 facility which contains the nonrefillable prescription.

1412 **SECTION 27.** Section 73-21-117, Mississippi Code of 1972, is
1413 brought forward as follows:

1414 73-21-117. (1) A pharmacist may select a generic equivalent
1415 drug product or an interchangeable biological product only when
1416 such selection results in lower cost to the purchaser, unless
1417 product selection is expressly prohibited by the prescriber.

1418 (2) A pharmacist shall select a generic equivalent drug
1419 product or an interchangeable biological product when:

1420 (a) The purchaser requests the selection of a generic
1421 equivalent drug product or an interchangeable biological product;
1422 or

1423 (b) The prescriber has not expressly prohibited product
1424 selection; and

1425 (c) Product selection will result in lower cost to the
1426 purchaser.



1427 Before product selection is made, the pharmacist shall advise
1428 the purchaser of his prerogatives under this subsection.

1429 (3) When requested by the purchaser to dispense the drug
1430 product or biological product as ordered by the prescriber, a
1431 pharmacist shall not select a generic equivalent drug product or
1432 an interchangeable biological product.

1433 (4) Within five (5) business days following the dispensing
1434 of any biological product, the dispensing pharmacist or the
1435 pharmacist's designee shall make an entry of the specific product
1436 provided to the purchaser, including the name of the product and
1437 the manufacturer, and communicate that information to the
1438 prescriber. The communication shall be conveyed by making an
1439 entry that is electronically accessible to the prescriber through:

- 1440 (a) An interoperable electronic medical records system;
- 1441 (b) An electronic prescribing technology;
- 1442 (c) A pharmacist benefit management system; or
- 1443 (d) A pharmacy record.

1444 (5) Entry into an electronic records system as described in
1445 subsection (4) of this section is presumed to provide notice to
1446 the prescriber. Otherwise, the pharmacist shall communicate the
1447 biological product dispensed to the prescriber using facsimile,
1448 telephone, electronic transmission, or other prevailing means,
1449 provided that communication shall not be required where:



1450 (a) There is no federal Food and Drug
1451 Administration-approved interchangeable biological product for the
1452 product prescribed; or

1453 (b) A refill prescription is not changed from the
1454 product dispensed on the prior filling of the prescription.

1455 (6) The board shall maintain a link on its website to the
1456 federal Food and Drug Administration's List of Licensed Biological
1457 Products with Reference Product Exclusivity and Biosimilarity or
1458 Interchangeability Evaluations.

1459 **SECTION 28.** Section 73-21-119, Mississippi Code of 1972, is
1460 brought forward as follows:

1461 73-21-119. (1) The label of the container of any drug
1462 product which is sold within the State of Mississippi for resale
1463 at retail and which requires a prescription to be dispensed at
1464 retail shall contain at a minimum the name of the manufacturer of
1465 the final dosage unit, expiration date if applicable, batch or lot
1466 number and national drug code. The label of the container of any
1467 biological product dispensed by a pharmacist shall include its
1468 nonproprietary name designated by the federal Food and Drug
1469 Administration for use and the name of the manufacturer of the
1470 product.

1471 (2) Whenever product selection is made, the pharmacist shall
1472 indicate on the label of the dispensed container the initials
1473 "G.E." or "I.B.," as appropriate. The label for generic
1474 equivalent drugs shall include the proprietary name of the product



1475 dispensed or the generic name of the product dispensed and its
1476 manufacturer either written in full or appropriately abbreviated,
1477 unless the prescriber indicates that the name of the drug product
1478 shall not appear on the label. The label for interchangeable
1479 biological products shall include its nonproprietary name
1480 designated by the federal Food and Drug Administration for use and
1481 the name of the manufacturer of the product.

1482 **SECTION 29.** Section 73-21-121, Mississippi Code of 1972, is
1483 brought forward as follows:

1484 73-21-121. (1) Product selection as authorized by Sections
1485 73-21-115 through 73-21-119 shall not constitute evidence of
1486 negligence by the dispensing pharmacist when such product
1487 selection is in accordance with reasonable and prudent pharmacy
1488 practice. No prescriber shall be liable for civil damages or in
1489 any criminal prosecution arising from the incorrect product
1490 selection by a pharmacist.

1491 (2) Any person having knowledge relating to a pharmacist or
1492 to a pharmacy student which might provide grounds for disciplinary
1493 action by the board may report relevant facts to the board, and
1494 shall by reason of reporting such facts in good faith be immune
1495 from civil liability.

1496 (3) Any person furnishing information in the form of data,
1497 reports or records to the board or to a pharmacist organization
1498 approved by the board to receive such information, where such
1499 information is furnished for the purpose of aiding a pharmacist or



1500 a pharmacy student impaired by chemical abuse or by mental or by
1501 physical illness, shall by reason of furnishing such information
1502 in good faith be immune from civil liability.

1503 (4) The records of the board or the records of a pharmacist
1504 organization approved by the board to aid pharmacists or pharmacy
1505 students impaired by chemical abuse, where such records relate to
1506 the impairment, shall be confidential and are not considered open
1507 records; provided, however, the board may disclose this
1508 confidential information only:

1509 (a) In a disciplinary hearing before the board, or in
1510 an appeal of an action or order of the board;

1511 (b) To the pharmacist licensing or disciplinary
1512 authorities of other jurisdictions in the case of a pharmacist who
1513 is licensed in, or seeking transfer to, another state; or

1514 (c) Pursuant to an order of a court of competent
1515 jurisdiction.

1516 **SECTION 30.** Section 73-21-123, Mississippi Code of 1972, is
1517 brought forward as follows:

1518 73-21-123. Nothing in this chapter shall be construed to
1519 prevent, or in any manner interfere with, or to require a permit
1520 for the sale of nonnarcotic nonprescription drugs which may be
1521 lawfully sold under the United States Food, Drug and Cosmetic Act
1522 (21 USCS 301 et seq. as now or hereafter amended) without a
1523 prescription, nor shall any rule or regulation be adopted by the
1524 board under the provisions of this chapter which shall require the



1525 sale of nonprescription drugs by a licensed pharmacist in a
1526 pharmacy or otherwise apply to or interfere with the sale or
1527 distribution of such drugs.

1528 **SECTION 31.** Section 73-21-124, Mississippi Code of 1972, is
1529 brought forward as follows:

1530 73-21-124. (1) (a) It is lawful for a pharmacy registered
1531 under Section 73-21-105 to sell or distribute to a person, without
1532 a prescription, products containing not more than three and six
1533 tenths (3.6) grams per day and not more than seven and two tenths
1534 (7.2) grams per thirty-day period of pseudoephedrine or ephedrine,
1535 and it is lawful for a person to purchase products containing
1536 those ingredients from a registered pharmacy without a
1537 prescription.

1538 (b) All products authorized under this subsection (1)
1539 must be stored by a pharmacy by placing the products behind a
1540 counter in an area within the pharmacy where the public is not
1541 permitted.

1542 (c) Any products authorized under this subsection (1)
1543 sold by a pharmacy must be sold by an individual licensed as a
1544 pharmacist or by an employee of the pharmacy under the direct
1545 supervision and control of a licensed pharmacist.

1546 (d) No pharmacy may sell or distribute, and no person
1547 may purchase, more products than allowed under this section unless
1548 by valid prescription. It is not a defense in a prosecution under



1549 this section that no money was exchanged during a transaction that
1550 would otherwise be unlawful under this section.

1551 (2) A pharmacy selling products in a manner authorized under
1552 subsection (1) of this section must:

1553 (a) Use the National Precursor Log Exchange (NPLEx)
1554 system administered by the National Association of Drug Diversion
1555 Investigators, provided that the system is available to pharmacies
1556 or retailers in the state without a charge for accessing the NPLEx
1557 system, before completing the over-the-counter sale of each
1558 product authorized under subsection (1) of this section. Before
1559 completing a sale of an over-the-counter material, compound,
1560 mixture, or preparation containing any detectable quantity of
1561 pseudoephedrine or ephedrine, its salts or optical isomers, or
1562 salts of optical isomers a pharmacy or retailer shall
1563 electronically submit the information required under subsection
1564 (b) of this subsection (2) to the NPLEx system. The pharmacy or
1565 retailer shall not complete the sale if the NPLEx system generates
1566 a stop-sale alert. The system shall contain an override function
1567 that may be used by an agent of a retail establishment who is
1568 dispensing the drug product, and who has a reasonable fear of
1569 imminent bodily harm if the transaction is not completed. The
1570 system shall create a record of each use of the override
1571 mechanism.

1572 (b) Maintain an electronic log of required information
1573 for each transaction, and require the purchaser of the package to



1574 be at least eighteen (18) years of age and provide a valid,
1575 unsuspended driver's license or nondriver identification card
1576 issued by this state or another state, a United States Uniformed
1577 Services Privilege and Identification Card, or a United States or
1578 foreign passport, and to sign a written or electronic log
1579 attesting to the validity of the information provided for each
1580 transaction. The record of each transaction must include the
1581 information from the identification card as well as the type of
1582 and government entity issuing the identification card used, the
1583 name, date of birth, and current address of the purchaser, the
1584 date and time of the sale, the name of the compound, mixture, or
1585 preparation being sold, and the total amount, in grams or
1586 milligrams, of pseudoephedrine or ephedrine being sold.

1587 (c) Maintain a written log or an alternative electronic
1588 recordkeeping mechanism if a pharmacy or retailer experiences
1589 mechanical or electronic failure of the required electronic
1590 tracking system until such time as the pharmacy or retailer is
1591 able to comply with the electronic sales-tracking requirement. No
1592 person shall purchase, receive or otherwise acquire more than
1593 three and six-tenths (3.6) grams per day or seven and two-tenths
1594 (7.2) grams of pseudoephedrine or ephedrine within any thirty-day
1595 period.

1596 (3) The National Association of Drug Diversion Investigators
1597 shall provide real-time access to the NPLEx information through
1598 the NPLEx online portal to law enforcement in the state.



1599 (4) (a) Pseudoephedrine and ephedrine products dispensed
1600 pursuant to a legitimate prescription are exempt from this
1601 section.

1602 (b) The amounts of pseudoephedrine and ephedrine
1603 products dispensed to a person pursuant to a legitimate
1604 prescription shall not be considered under subsection (1)(a) of
1605 this section.

1606 (5) A violation of this section is a misdemeanor and is
1607 punishable as follows:

1608 (a) For a first offense, by a fine not to exceed One
1609 Thousand Dollars (\$1,000.00).

1610 (b) For a second or subsequent offense, by a fine not
1611 to exceed Ten Thousand Dollars (\$10,000.00).

1612 (6) A pharmacist who is the general owner or operator of an
1613 establishment where pseudoephedrine and ephedrine products are
1614 available for sale shall not be penalized under this section for
1615 the conduct of an employee if the retailer documents that an
1616 employee training program approved by the Mississippi Board of
1617 Pharmacy was conducted by the pharmacist. The Mississippi Board
1618 of Pharmacy shall develop or approve all training programs for
1619 pharmacy employees.

1620 (7) A person who resides in a state that requires a
1621 prescription for the purchase of pseudoephedrine or ephedrine, or
1622 who presents identification from a state that requires a
1623 prescription for the purchase of pseudoephedrine or ephedrine, may



1624 purchase those products only upon presentation of a valid
1625 prescription for the pseudoephedrine or ephedrine.

1626 **SECTION 32.** Section 73-21-125, Mississippi Code of 1972, is
1627 brought forward as follows:

1628 73-21-125. (1) Any community pharmacy, including a
1629 faith-based community pharmacy, or any licensed pharmacist who
1630 voluntarily provides charitable services in a community pharmacy,
1631 or any other person who serves as a volunteer in a community
1632 pharmacy, shall be immune from liability for any civil action
1633 arising out of supplying pharmaceutical products in the course of
1634 providing such charitable or gratuitous pharmaceutical products.
1635 This section shall not extend immunity to acts of gross negligence
1636 or willful or wanton misconduct or to the manufacturer or designer
1637 of products provided.

1638 (2) Any community pharmacy seeking immunity under this
1639 section shall post a notice, in a conspicuous place adjacent to
1640 the area where prescriptions are picked up by consumers, reading
1641 substantially as follows: "NOTICE: If you are harmed by
1642 medication that you receive here, you do not have the same legal
1643 recourse as you have against other pharmacies." Failure to post
1644 the notice negates the immunity from liability provided under this
1645 section. The notice shall be no less than eleven (11) by fourteen
1646 (14) inches in size, and the type used shall be no smaller than
1647 thirty-six (36) point and surrounded by a one-inch solid black
1648 border.



1649 (3) For purposes of this section, "community pharmacy" means
1650 a pharmacy operated solely for charitable purposes, whose only
1651 function is to supply gratuitous pharmaceutical products, and
1652 which is operated by a nonprofit organization qualified or
1653 eligible for qualification as a tax-exempt organization under 26
1654 USCS 501.

1655 **SECTION 33.** Section 73-21-126, Mississippi Code of 1972, is
1656 brought forward as follows:

1657 73-21-126. (1) The State Board of Pharmacy shall promulgate
1658 rules regarding the issuance and renewal of licenses and permits
1659 for new or renewal application requirements for both in- and
1660 out-of-state wholesale distributors, chain pharmacy warehouses and
1661 repackagers shipping into Mississippi. Requirements for new
1662 and/or renewal applications, if information has not been
1663 previously provided to the board, will include, but not be limited
1664 to, the following:

1665 (a) Type of ownership (individual, partnership or
1666 corporation);

1667 (b) Names of principal owners or officers and social
1668 security numbers;

1669 (c) Names of designated representatives and social
1670 security numbers;

1671 (d) Criminal background checks of applicants and
1672 designated representatives as required by rule;

1673 (e) Copy of license in home state;



1674 (f) Bond requirements.

1675 (2) To ensure that all applicants are of good moral
1676 character, the board shall conduct a criminal history records
1677 check on all applicants for a license. In order to determine the
1678 applicant's suitability for licensing, the applicant shall be
1679 fingerprinted. The board shall submit the fingerprints to the
1680 Department of Public Safety for a check of the state criminal
1681 records and forward to the Federal Bureau of Investigation for a
1682 check of the national criminal records. The Department of Public
1683 Safety shall disseminate the results of the state check and the
1684 national check to the board for a suitability determination. The
1685 board shall be authorized to collect from the applicant the amount
1686 of the fee that the Department of Public Safety charges the board
1687 for the fingerprinting, whether manual or electronic, and the
1688 state and national criminal history records checks.

1689 (3) The board shall promulgate rules for the establishment
1690 of a pedigree or electronic file to be used by wholesale
1691 distributors, chain pharmacy warehouses and repackagers for the
1692 purpose of ensuring the integrity of drugs owned, purchased,
1693 distributed, returned, transferred and sold when the products
1694 leave the normal distribution channel.

1695 (4) The board is authorized to use an outside agency to
1696 accredit wholesale distributors and repackagers, including the
1697 National Association of Boards of Pharmacy's (NABP) Verified
1698 Accredited Wholesale Distributors (VAWD) program.



(5) Pharmacies shall not be responsible for verification or adjudication of the pedigree for pharmaceuticals.

(6) The board may exempt wholesalers accredited by the VAWD program from the above requirements.

SECTION 34. Section 73-21-127, Mississippi Code of 1972, is brought forward as follows:

73-21-127. (1) The Board of Pharmacy shall develop and implement a computerized program to track prescriptions for controlled substances and to report suspected abuse and misuse of controlled substances in compliance with the federal regulations promulgated under authority of the National All Schedules Prescription Electronic Reporting Act of 2005 and in compliance with the federal HIPAA law, under the following conditions:

(a) Submission or reporting of dispensing information shall be mandatory and required by the State Board of Pharmacy for any entity dispensing controlled substances in or into the State of Mississippi, except for the dispensing of controlled substance drugs by a veterinarian residing in the State of Mississippi.

(b) The prescriptions tracked shall be prescriptions for controlled substances listed in Schedule II, III, IV or V and specified noncontrolled substances identified by the State Board of Pharmacy that are dispensed to residents in the State of Mississippi by licensed pharmacies, nonresident pharmacies, institutions and dispensing practitioners, regardless of dispenser location.



1724 (c) The Board of Pharmacy shall report any activity it
1725 reasonably suspects may be fraudulent or illegal to the
1726 appropriate law enforcement agency or occupational licensing board
1727 and provide them with the relevant information obtained for
1728 further investigation.

1729 (d) The program shall provide information regarding the
1730 potential inappropriate use of controlled substances and the
1731 specified noncontrolled substances to practitioners,
1732 pharmacists-in-charge and appropriate state agencies in order to
1733 prevent the inappropriate or illegal use of these controlled
1734 substances. The specific purposes of the program shall be to: be
1735 proactive in safeguarding public health and safety; support the
1736 legitimate use of controlled substances; facilitate and encourage
1737 the identification, intervention with and treatment of individuals
1738 addicted to controlled substances and specified noncontrolled
1739 drugs; identify and prevent drug diversion; provide assistance to
1740 those state and federal law enforcement and regulatory agencies
1741 investigating cases of drug diversion or other misuse; and inform
1742 the public and health care professionals of the use and abuse
1743 trends related to controlled substance and specified noncontrolled
1744 drugs.

1745 (e) (i) Access to collected data shall be confidential
1746 and not subject to the provisions of the federal Freedom of
1747 Information Act or the Mississippi Public Records Act. Upon
1748 request, the State Board of Pharmacy shall provide collected



1749 information to: pharmacists or practitioners who are properly
1750 registered with the State Board of Pharmacy and are authorized to
1751 prescribe or dispense controlled substances for the purpose of
1752 providing medical and pharmaceutical care for their patients;
1753 local, state and federal law enforcement officials engaged in the
1754 administration, investigation or enforcement of the laws governing
1755 illicit drug use; regulatory and licensing boards in this state;
1756 Division of Medicaid regarding Medicaid and Medicare Program
1757 recipients; judicial authorities under grand jury subpoena; an
1758 individual who requests the individual's own prescription
1759 monitoring information; and prescription monitoring programs in
1760 other states through mutual agreement adhering to State Board of
1761 Pharmacy policies.

1762 (ii) The Director of the Mississippi Bureau of
1763 Narcotics, or his designee, shall have access to the Prescription
1764 Monitoring Program (PMP) database for the purpose of investigating
1765 the potential illegal acquisition, distribution, dispensing,
1766 prescribing or administering of the controlled and noncontrolled
1767 substances monitored by the program, subject to all legal
1768 restrictions on further dissemination of the information obtained.

1769 (iii) The State Board of Pharmacy may also provide
1770 statistical data for research or educational purposes if the board
1771 determines the use of the data to be of significant benefit to
1772 public health and safety. The board maintains the right to refuse
1773 any request for PMP data.



1774 (iv) A pharmacist licensed by the Mississippi
1775 Board of Pharmacy must be a registered user of the PMP. Failure
1776 of a pharmacist licensed by the Mississippi Board of Pharmacy to
1777 register as a user of the PMP is grounds for disciplinary action
1778 by the board.

1779 (v) All licensed practitioners as defined under
1780 Section 73-21-73(ee) holding an active DEA number shall register
1781 as users of the PMP.

1782 (f) The Prescription Monitoring Program through the
1783 Board of Pharmacy may:

1784 (i) Establish the cost of administration,
1785 maintenance, and operation of the program and charge to like
1786 agencies a fee based on a formula to be determined by the board
1787 with collaboration and input from participating agencies; and

1788 (ii) Assess charges for information and/or
1789 statistical data provided to agencies, institutions and
1790 individuals. The amounts of those fees shall be set by the
1791 Executive Director of the Board of Pharmacy based on the
1792 recommendation of the Director of the PMP.

1793 All such fees collected shall be deposited into the special
1794 fund of the State Board of Pharmacy and used to support the
1795 operations of the PMP.

1796 (g) A dispenser pharmacist or practitioner licensed to
1797 dispense controlled substances and specified noncontrolled
1798 substance drugs who knowingly fails to submit drug-monitoring



1799 information or knowingly submits incorrect dispensing information
1800 shall be subject to actions against the pharmacist's or
1801 practitioner's license, registrations or permit and/or an
1802 administrative penalty as provided in Sections 73-21-97 and
1803 73-21-103. Any misuse of the PMP is subject to penalties as
1804 provided in Sections 73-21-97 and 73-21-103.

1805 (h) The Board of Pharmacy and the Prescription
1806 Monitoring Program shall be immune from civil liability arising
1807 from inaccuracy of any of the information submitted to the
1808 program.

1809 (i) "Practitioner," as used in this section, shall
1810 include any person licensed, registered or otherwise permitted to
1811 distribute, dispense, prescribe or administer a controlled
1812 substance, as defined under Section 41-29-105(y), and any person
1813 defined as a "practitioner" under Section 73-21-73(ee).

1814 (j) In addition to any funds appropriated by the
1815 Legislature, the State Board of Pharmacy may apply for any
1816 available grants and accept any gifts, grants or donations to
1817 assist in future development or in maintaining the program.

1818 (2) In addition to receiving the dispensing information
1819 regarding controlled substances as provided in subsection (1) of
1820 this section, the State Board of Pharmacy shall receive and
1821 maintain in the Prescription Monitoring Program (a) the medical
1822 cannabis dispensing information that medical cannabis dispensaries
1823 under the Mississippi Medical Cannabis Act are required to report



1824 to the PMP under Section 41-137-33, and (b) any other medical
1825 cannabis dispensing information that dispensaries are required to
1826 report to the PMP. The medical cannabis dispensing information
1827 reported by medical cannabis dispensaries under Section 41-137-33
1828 shall not be considered to be a prescription for the purposes of
1829 the Mississippi Pharmacy Practice Act or the Uniform Controlled
1830 Substances Law.

1831 **SECTION 35.** Section 73-21-127.1, Mississippi Code of 1972,
1832 is brought forward as follows:

1833 73-21-127.1. The Prescription Monitoring Program shall issue
1834 a report each year to the Legislature that indicates the number of
1835 opioid prescriptions that were provided to patients during that
1836 year.

1837 **SECTION 36.** Section 73-21-129, Mississippi Code of 1972, is
1838 brought forward as follows:

1839 73-21-129. (1) Each manufacturer whose products are
1840 distributed within the State of Mississippi shall make adequate
1841 provision for the return of outdated drugs from pharmacies, both
1842 full and partial containers, excluding biological, infused or
1843 intravenously injected drugs and drugs that are inhaled during
1844 surgery, within six (6) months after the labeled expiration date,
1845 for prompt full credit or refund.

1846 (2) Wholesale distributors and reverse distributors that are
1847 required to register with the board and have a permit under



1848 Section 73-21-105 shall implement and administer the return
1849 policies established by the manufacturer.

1850 (3) If the board receives information that a manufacturer
1851 has failed to comply with this section, the board shall
1852 investigate the matter and present any evidence of the
1853 manufacturer's failure to comply to a review committee composed of
1854 the Dean of the University of Mississippi School of Pharmacy, the
1855 Executive Director of the State Board of Pharmacy and the Director
1856 of the Pharmacy Bureau of the Division of Medicaid, or the
1857 designee of any of those officials. The committee shall review
1858 the evidence of the manufacturer's failure to comply with this
1859 section and make a recommendation to the board regarding the
1860 discipline of the manufacturer for its failure to comply. After
1861 the board has received the recommendation of the committee, the
1862 board may discipline the manufacturer by providing that the
1863 manufacturer's products shall be ineligible for use in product
1864 selection in any state drug assistance programs.

1865 (4) A pharmacist may not dispense a prescription drug or
1866 controlled drug unless the pharmacist has satisfactory evidence
1867 that the manufacturer of the drug has a procedure for the return
1868 of expired drugs.

1869 (5) Any manufacturer that had a repurchase program in place
1870 on January 1, 2008, shall be exempt from the provisions of this
1871 section, provided that the repurchase program makes provision for



1872 the repurchase of outdated drugs in either full or partial amounts
1873 within six (6) months after the labeled expiration date.

1874 (6) As used in this section, the term "biological drug" or
1875 "biological product" means a virus, therapeutic serum, toxin,
1876 antitoxin, vaccine, blood, blood component or derivative,
1877 allergenic product or analogous product, or arsphenamine or
1878 derivative of arsphenamine or any other trivalent organic arsenic
1879 compound, applicable to the prevention, treatment or cure of a
1880 disease or condition of human beings.

1881 **SECTION 37.** This act shall take effect and be in force from
1882 and after June 30, 2025.

