To: Judiciary B

By: Representative Horan

HOUSE BILL NO. 1612

AN ACT TO BRING FORWARD SECTIONS 63-11-1, 63-11-3, 63-11-7, 63-11-8, 63-11-9, 63-11-11, 63-11-13, 63-11-15, 63-11-17, 63-11-19, 63-11-21, 63-11-25, 63-11-26, 63-11-27, 63-11-30, 3 63-11-31, 63-11-31.1, 63-11-32, 63-11-33, 63-11-37, 63-11-39, 5 63-11-40, 63-11-41, 63-11-45 AND 63-11-47, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 6 1972, WHICH PROVIDES FOR IMPLIED CONSENT LAWS, FOR PURPOSES OF 7 AMENDMENT; TO BRING FORWARD SECTIONS 63-11-5 AND 63-11-23, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, TO CLARIFY CERTAIN LANGUAGE; TO BRING 8 FORWARD SECTIONS 63-1-216, 63-1-217, 63-1-218, 63-1-219, 63-1-220, 9 63-1-224 AND 63-1-225, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, WHICH PROVIDE FOR 10 DISQUALIFICATION AND SUSPENSION OF COMMERCIAL DRIVER'S LICENSE, 11 12 FOR PURPOSES OF AMENDMENT; TO BRING FORWARD SECTIONS 99-19-72, AND 99-19-73, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, WHICH PROVIDE FOR MONETARY 13 ASSESSMENTS AND FEES FOR VIOLATIONS OF IMPLIED CONSENT LAWS; AND 14 1.5 FOR RELATED PURPOSES. BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MISSISSIPPI: 16 17 **SECTION 1.** Section 63-11-1, Mississippi Code of 1972, is brought forward as follows: 18 19 63-11-1. This chapter may be cited as the Mississippi 20 Implied Consent Law. SECTION 2. Section 63-11-3, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 21

brought forward as follows:

23	63-11-3.	The	following	words	and	phrases	shall	have	the
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- 24 meaning ascribed herein, unless the context clearly indicates
- 25 otherwise:
- 26 (a) "Driving privilege" or "privilege" means both the
- 27 driver's license of those licensed in Mississippi and the driving
- 28 privilege of unlicensed residents and the privilege of
- 29 nonresidents, licensed or not, the purpose of this section being
- 30 to make unlicensed and nonresident drivers subject to the same
- 31 penalties as licensed residents.
- 32 (b) "Community service" means work, projects or
- 33 services for the benefit of the community assigned, supervised and
- 34 recorded by appropriate public officials.
- 35 (c) "Chemical test" means an analysis of a person's
- 36 blood, breath, urine or other bodily substance for the
- 37 determination of the presence of alcohol or any other substance
- 38 which may impair a person's mental or physical ability.
- 39 (d) "Refusal to take breath, urine and/or blood test"
- 40 means an individual declining to take a chemical test, and/or the
- 41 failure to provide an adequate breath sample as required by the
- 42 Implied Consent Law when requested by a law enforcement officer.
- (e) "Alcohol concentration" means either grams of
- 44 alcohol per one hundred (100) milliliters of blood or grams of
- 45 alcohol per two hundred ten (210) liters of breath.
- 46 (f) "Qualified person to withdraw blood" means any
- 47 person who has been trained to withdraw blood in the course of

- 48 their employment duties including, but not limited to, laboratory
- 49 personnel, phlebotomist, emergency medical personnel, nurses and
- 50 doctors.
- "Victim impact panel" means a two-hour seminar in 51 (a)
- 52 which victims of DUI accidents relate their experiences following
- 53 the accident to persons convicted under the Implied Consent Law.
- Paneling programs shall be based on a model developed by Mothers 54
- 55 Against Drunk Driving (MADD) victim panel or equivalent program
- 56 approved by the court.
- 57 "Booked" means the administrative step taken after (h)
- 58 the arrested person is brought to the police station, which
- 59 involves entry of the person's name, the crime for which the
- 60 arrest was made, and other relevant facts on the police docket,
- and which may also include photographing, fingerprinting, and the 61
- 62 like.
- 63 SECTION 3. Section 63-11-5, Mississippi Code of 1972, is
- 64 brought forward as follows:
- 65 63-11-5. (1) (a) Any person who operates a motor vehicle
- 66 upon the public highways, public roads or streets of this state
- 67 shall be deemed to have given his consent, subject to the
- 68 provisions of this chapter, to a chemical test or tests of his
- 69 breath, blood or urine for the purpose of determining alcohol
- 70 concentration. A person shall give his consent to a chemical test
- 71 or tests of his breath, blood or urine for the purpose of

- 72 determining the presence in his body of any other substance which
- 73 would impair a person's ability to operate a motor vehicle.
- 74 (b) The test or tests shall be administered at the
- 75 direction of any authorized officer, when such officer has
- 76 reasonable grounds and probable cause to believe that the person
- 77 was driving or had under his actual physical control a motor
- 78 vehicle upon the public streets or highways of this state while
- 79 under the influence of intoxicating liquor or any other substance
- 80 which had impaired such person's ability to operate a motor
- 81 vehicle.
- 82 (2) (a) A breath analysis test must be administered by a
- 83 person who has met all the educational and training requirements
- 84 of the appropriate course of study prescribed by the Board on Law
- 85 Enforcement Officer Standards and Training; however, sheriffs and
- 86 elected chiefs of police are exempt from the educational and
- 87 training requirement. A breath analysis test must not be given to
- 88 any person within fifteen (15) minutes of consumption of any
- 89 substance by mouth.
- 90 (b) For purposes of this section, the term "authorized
- 91 officer" means any highway patrol officer, commercial motor
- 92 carrier inspector, sheriff or his duly commissioned deputies,
- 93 police officer in any incorporated municipality, national park
- 94 ranger, officer of a state-supported institution of higher
- 95 learning campus police force if such officer is exercising this
- 96 authority in regard to a violation that occurred on campus

- 97 property, or security officer appointed and commissioned pursuant
- 98 to the Pearl River Valley Water Supply District Security Officer
- 99 Law of 1978 if such officer is exercising this authority in regard
- 100 to a violation that occurred within the limits of the Pearl River
- 101 Valley Water Supply District.
- 102 (3) If the officer has reasonable grounds and probable cause
- 103 to believe such person to have been driving a motor vehicle upon
- 104 the public highways, public roads or streets of this state while
- 105 under the influence of intoxicating liquor or any other substance
- 106 that has impaired the person's ability to operate a motor vehicle,
- 107 the officer shall inform the person that his failure to submit to
- 108 such chemical test or tests of his breath, blood or urine shall
- 109 result in the suspension of his privilege to operate a motor
- 110 vehicle upon the public streets, roads or highways of this state
- 111 for a period of ninety (90) days if the person has not previously
- 112 been convicted of a violation of Section 63-11-30, or for a period
- 113 of one (1) year if the person has a prior conviction under Section
- 114 63-11-30.
- 115 (4) The traffic ticket, citation or affidavit issued to a
- 116 person arrested for a violation of this chapter shall conform to
- 117 the requirements of Section 63-9-21(3)(b) and, if filed
- 118 electronically, shall conform to Section 63-9-21(8).
- 119 (5) Any person arrested under the provisions of this chapter
- 120 shall be informed that he has the right to telephone for the

- purpose of requesting legal or medical assistance immediately after being booked for a violation under this chapter.
- 123 (6) The Commissioner of Public Safety and the Mississippi
- 124 Forensics Laboratory created pursuant to Section 45-1-17 are
- 125 authorized to adopt procedures, rules and regulations applicable
- 126 to the Implied Consent Law.
- 127 **SECTION 4.** Section 63-11-7, Mississippi Code of 1972, is
- 128 brought forward as follows:
- 129 63-11-7. If any person be unconscious or dead as a result of
- 130 an accident, or unconscious at the time of arrest or apprehension
- 131 or when the test is to be administered, or is otherwise in a
- 132 condition rendering him incapable of refusal, such person shall be
- 133 subjected to a blood test for the purpose of determining the
- 134 alcoholic content of his blood as provided in this chapter, if the
- 135 arresting officer has reasonable grounds to believe the person to
- 136 have been driving a motor vehicle upon the public highways, public
- 137 roads and streets of this state while under the influence of
- 138 intoxicating liquor. The results of such test or tests, however,
- 139 shall not be used in evidence against such person in any court or
- 140 before any regulatory body without the consent of the person so
- 141 tested, or, if deceased, such person's legal representative.
- 142 However, refusal of release of evidence so obtained by such
- 143 officer or agency will in criminal actions against such person
- 144 result in the suspension of his or her driver's license for a
- 145 period of ninety (90) days as provided in this chapter for

146 conscious and capable persons who have refused to submit to such 147 Blood may only be withdrawn under the provisions of Section It is the intent of this chapter that blood samples 148 taken under this section shall be used exclusively for statistical 149 150 evaluation of accident causes with safequards established to 151 protect the identity of such victims and to extend the rights of 152 privileged communications to those engaged in taking, handling and evaluating such statistical evidence. 153

SECTION 5. Section 63-11-8, Mississippi Code of 1972, is brought forward as follows:

an accident that results in a death shall be tested for the purpose of determining the alcohol content or drug content of such operator's blood, breath or urine. Any blood withdrawal required by this section shall be administered by any qualified person and shall be administered within two (2) hours after such accident, if possible. The exact time of the accident, to the extent possible, and the exact time of the blood withdrawal shall be recorded.

(2) If any investigating law enforcement officer has reasonable grounds to believe that a person is the operator of a motor vehicle involved in an accident that has resulted in a death, it shall be such officer's duty to see that a chemical test is administered as required by this section.

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169	(3) The results of a test administered pursuant to this
170	section may be used as evidence in any court or administrative
171	hearing without the consent of the person so tested.

- 172 (4) No person may refuse to submit to a chemical test 173 required under the provisions of this section.
- (5) Analysis of blood or urine to determine alcohol or drug content pursuant to this section shall be conducted by the Mississippi Forensics Laboratory or a laboratory whose methods and procedures have been approved by the Mississippi Forensics Laboratory.
- SECTION 6. Section 63-11-9, Mississippi Code of 1972, is brought forward as follows:
- 181 63-11-9. Under Section 63-11-7, any qualified person acting
 182 at the request of a law enforcement officer may withdraw blood for
 183 the purpose of determining the alcoholic content therein. This
 184 limitation shall not apply to the taking of breath or urine
 185 specimens.
- SECTION 7. Section 63-11-11, Mississippi Code of 1972, is brought forward as follows:
- 188 63-11-11. If the test given under the provisions of this
 189 chapter is a chemical test of urine, the person tested shall be
 190 given such privacy in the taking of the urine specimen as will
 191 ensure the accuracy of the specimen and, at the same time,
 192 maintain the dignity of the individual involved.

- 193 SECTION 8. Section 63-11-13, Mississippi Code of 1972, is
- 194 brought forward as follows:
- 195 The person tested may, at his own expense, have a 63-11-13.
- physician, registered nurse, clinical laboratory technologist or 196
- 197 clinical laboratory technician or any other qualified person of
- 198 his choosing administer a test, approved by the Mississippi
- 199 Forensics Laboratory created pursuant to Section 45-1-17, in
- 200 addition to any other test, for the purpose of determining the
- 201 amount of alcohol in his blood at the time alleged as shown by
- 202 chemical analysis of his blood, breath or urine. The failure or
- 203 inability to obtain an additional test by such arrested person
- 204 shall not preclude the admissibility in evidence of the test taken
- 205 at the direction of a law enforcement officer.
- 206 SECTION 9. Section 63-11-15, Mississippi Code of 1972, is
- 207 brought forward as follows:
- 208 63-11-15. Upon the written request of the person tested, or
- 209 his attorney, full information concerning the test taken at the
- 210 direction of the law enforcement officer shall be made available
- 211 to him or to his attorney.
- 212 SECTION 10. Section 63-11-17, Mississippi Code of 1972, is
- 213 brought forward as follows:
- 63-11-17. No qualified person, hospital, clinic or funeral 214
- 215 home shall incur any civil or criminal liability as the result of
- 216 the proper administration of a test or chemical analysis of a
- person's breath, blood or urine when requested in writing by a law 217

- 218 enforcement officer to administer such a test or perform such 219 chemical analysis.
- 220 **SECTION 11.** Section 63-11-19, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 221 brought forward as follows:
- 222 63-11-19. A chemical analysis of the person's breath, blood
- 223 or urine, to be considered valid under the provisions of this
- 224 section, shall have been performed according to methods approved
- 225 by the Mississippi Forensics Laboratory created pursuant to
- 226 Section 45-1-17 and the Commissioner of Public Safety and
- 227 performed by an individual possessing a valid permit issued by the
- 228 Mississippi Forensics Laboratory for making such analysis. The
- 229 Mississippi Forensics Laboratory and the Commissioner of Public
- 230 Safety are authorized to approve satisfactory techniques or
- 231 methods, to ascertain the qualifications and competence of
- 232 individuals to conduct such analyses, and to issue permits which
- 233 shall be subject to termination or revocation at the discretion of
- 234 the Mississippi Forensics Laboratory. The Mississippi Forensics
- 235 Laboratory shall not approve the permit required herein for any
- 236 law enforcement officer other than a member of the State Highway
- 237 Patrol, a sheriff or his deputies, a city policeman, an officer of
- 238 a state-supported institution of higher learning campus police
- 239 force, a security officer appointed and commissioned pursuant to
- 240 the Pearl River Valley Water Supply District Security Officer Law
- 241 of 1978, a national park ranger, a national park ranger
- 242 technician, a military policeman stationed at a United States

243	military base located within this state other than a military
244	policeman of the Army or Air National Guard or of Reserve Units of
245	the Army, Air Force, Navy or Marine Corps, a marine law
246	enforcement officer employed by the Department of Marine
247	Resources, or a conservation officer employed by the Mississippi
248	Department of Wildlife, Fisheries and Parks. The permit given a
249	marine law enforcement officer shall authorize such officer to
250	administer tests only for violations of Sections 59-23-1 through
251	59-23-7. The permit given a conservation officer shall authorize
252	such officer to administer tests only for violations of Sections
253	59-23-1 through 59-23-7 and for hunting related incidents
254	resulting in injury or death to any person by discharge of a
255	weapon as provided under Section 49-4-31.

The Mississippi Forensics Laboratory shall make periodic, but not less frequently than quarterly, tests of the methods, machines or devices used in making chemical analysis of a person's breath as shall be necessary to ensure the accuracy thereof, and shall issue its certificate to verify the accuracy of the same.

Without compromising accepted law enforcement standards and methodologies, the Mississippi Forensics Laboratory shall approve for use at least one (1) model of a breath alcohol content instrument that is readily available to law enforcement agencies throughout the state.

266 **SECTION 12.** Section 63-11-21, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 267 brought forward as follows:

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268	63-11-21. If a person refuses upon the request of a law
269	enforcement officer to submit to a chemical test of his breath
270	designated by the law enforcement agency as provided in Section
271	63-11-5, none shall be given, but the officer shall at that point
272	demand the driver's license of the person, who shall deliver his
273	driver's license into the hands of the officer. If a person
274	refuses to submit to a chemical test under the provisions of this
275	chapter, the person shall be informed by the law enforcement
276	officer that the refusal to submit to the test shall subject him
277	to suspension of the privilege to operate a motor vehicle. The
278	officer shall give the driver a receipt for his license on forms
279	prescribed and furnished by the Commissioner of Public Safety.
280	The officer shall forward the driver's license together with a
281	sworn report to the Commissioner of Public Safety stating that he
282	had reasonable grounds and probable cause to believe the person
283	had been operating a motor vehicle upon the public highways,
284	public roads and streets of this state while under the influence
285	of intoxicating liquor or any other substance which may impair a
286	person's mental or physical ability, stating the grounds, and that
287	the person had refused to submit to the chemical test of his
288	breath upon request of the law enforcement officer.

- SECTION 13. Section 63-11-23, Mississippi Code of 1972, is brought forward as follows:
- 291 63-11-23. (1) Administrative license suspension for test 292 refusal. The Commissioner of Public Safety, or his authorized

agent, shall review the sworn report by a law enforcement officer as provided in Section 63-11-21.

295 If upon review the Commissioner of Public Safety, 296 or his authorized agent, finds (i) that the law enforcement 297 officer had reasonable grounds and probable cause to believe the 298 person had been operating a motor vehicle upon the public 299 highways, public roads or streets of this state while under the 300 influence of intoxicating liquor or any other substance that may 301 impair a person's mental or physical ability; (ii) that the person 302 refused to submit to the chemical test of the person's breath, 303 blood or urine upon request of the officer; and (iii) that the 304 person was informed that his license and driving privileges would 305 be suspended or denied if he refused to submit to the chemical 306 test of his breath, blood or urine, then the Commissioner of 307 Public Safety, or his authorized agent, shall give notice to the 308 licensee that his license or permit to drive, or any nonresident 309 operating privilege, shall be suspended thirty (30) days after the 310 date of the notice for a period of ninety (90) days if the person 311 has not previously been convicted of or nonadjudicated for a 312 violation of Section 63-11-30, or, for a period of one (1) year if 313 the person was previously convicted or nonadjudicated under 314 Section 63-11-30. If the commissioner or his authorized agent 315 determines that the license or permit should not be suspended, he 316 shall return the license or permit to the licensee.

317		(b) The	notice	of	suspension	shall	be	in	writing	and
318	conform t	.0	Section	63-1-52	2.						

- 319 (c) A person may continue to drive on either an
 320 interlock-restricted license or under a drug-testing program if so
 321 ordered by a court in the course of a criminal proceeding for a
 322 violation of Section 63-11-30.
- 323 (2) Extension or suspension of privilege to drive; request 324 for trial. (a) If the chemical testing of a person's breath 325 indicates the blood alcohol concentration was eight one-hundredths 326 percent (.08%) or more for persons who are above the legal age to 327 purchase alcoholic beverages under state law, or two 328 one-hundredths percent (.02%) or more for persons who are below 329 the legal age to purchase alcoholic beverages under state law, 330 based upon grams of alcohol per one hundred (100) milliliters of 331 blood or grams of alcohol per two hundred ten (210) liters of 332 breath as shown by a chemical analysis of the person's blood, 333 breath, or urine, the arresting officer shall seize the license 334 and give the driver a receipt for his license on forms prescribed 335 by the Commissioner of Public Safety and shall promptly forward 336 the license together with a sworn report to the Commissioner of 337 Public Safety. The receipt given a person shall be valid as a 338 permit to operate a motor vehicle for thirty (30) days in order 339 that the defendant may be processed through the court having original jurisdiction and a final disposition had. 340

341	(b) If the defendant requests a trial within thirty
342	(30) days and trial is not commenced within thirty (30) days, then
343	the court shall determine if the delay in the trial is the fault
344	of the defendant or his counsel. If the court finds that it is
345	not the fault of the defendant or his counsel, then the court
346	shall order the defendant's privileges to operate a motor vehicle
347	to be extended until the defendant is convicted upon final order
348	of the court.

- If a receipt or permit to drive issued under this subsection expires without a trial having been requested as provided in this subsection, then the Commissioner of Public Safety, or his authorized agent, shall suspend the license or permit to drive or any nonresident operating privilege for the applicable period of time as provided in subsection (1) of this section.
- Offenders driving without a license. If the person is a resident without a license or permit to operate a motor vehicle in this state, the Commissioner of Public Safety, or his authorized agent, shall deny to the person the issuance of a license or permit for a period of one (1) year beginning thirty (30) days after the date of notice of the suspension.
- 362 Appeal. It shall be the duty of the municipal 363 prosecuting attorney, county prosecuting attorney, an attorney 364 employed under the provisions of Section 19-3-49, or if there is not a prosecuting attorney for the municipality or county, the 365

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366	duty of the district attorney to represent the state in any
367	hearing on a de novo appeal held under the provisions of Section
368	63-11-25, Section 63-11-37 or Section 63-11-30.

- 369 (5) Suspension subsequent to conviction. Unless the person 370 obtains an interlock-restricted license or the court orders the 371 person to exercise the privilege to operate a motor vehicle only 372 under an interlock-restricted license or while participating in a court-ordered drug-testing program, thirty (30) days after receipt 373 374 of the court abstract documenting a person's conviction under Section 63-11-30, the Department of Public Safety shall suspend 375 376 the driver's license and privileges of the person to operate a motor vehicle as follows: 377
- 378 (a) When sentenced under Section 63-11-30(2):
- 379 (i) For a first offense: one hundred twenty (120)
- 380 days;
- 381 (ii) For a second offense: one (1) year;
- 382 (iii) For a third offense: for the full period of
- 383 the person's sentence; upon release from incarceration, the person
- 384 will be eligible for only an interlock-restricted license for
- 385 three (3) years;
- 386 (iv) For a fourth or subsequent offense: for the
- 387 full period of the person's sentence; upon release from
- 388 incarceration, the person will be eligible for only an
- 389 interlock-restricted license for ten (10) years and will further
- 390 be subject to court-ordered drug testing if the original offense

- 391 involved operating a motor vehicle under the influence of a drug
- 392 other than alcohol.
- 393 (b) When sentenced under Section 63-11-30(3) (Zero
- 394 Tolerance for Minors):
- 395 (i) For a first offense: one hundred twenty (120)
- 396 days;
- 397 (ii) For a second offense: one (1) year;
- 398 (iii) For a third offense occurring within five
- 399 (5) years, suspend or deny the driving privilege for two (2) years
- 400 or until the person reaches the age of twenty-one (21), whichever
- 401 is longer.
- 402 (6) **Suspensions.** (a) Notices of suspension given under
- 403 this section shall be in writing and conform to Section 63-1-52.
- 404 (b) Suspensions under this and any other chapter shall
- 405 run consecutively and not concurrently.
- 406 (c) The first day of any one-hundred-twenty-day period
- 407 shall begin twenty-one (21) days after entry of judgement of
- 408 conviction or order of nonadjudication.
- 409 (7) License reinstatement. A person is eligible for an
- 410 unrestricted license when the person has completed an alcohol
- 411 safety education program as provided in Section 63-11-32, has
- 412 satisfied all other conditions of law and of the person's sentence
- 413 or nonadjudication, and is not otherwise barred from obtaining an
- 414 unrestricted license.

- SECTION 14. Section 63-11-25, Mississippi Code of 1972, is
- 416 brought forward as follows:
- 417 63-11-25. If the forfeiture, suspension or denial of
- 418 issuance is sustained by the Commissioner of Public Safety, or his
- 419 duly authorized agent pursuant to subsection (1) of Section
- 420 63-11-23, upon such hearing, the person aggrieved may file within
- 421 ten (10) days after the rendition of such decision a petition in
- 422 the circuit or county court having original jurisdiction of the
- 423 violation for review of such decision and such hearing upon review
- 424 shall proceed as a trial de novo before the court without a jury.
- 425 The petition shall be served upon the Attorney General and the
- 426 Commissioner of Public Safety. Provided further, that no such
- 427 party shall be allowed to exercise the driving privilege while any
- 428 such appeal is pending.
- 429 **SECTION 15.** Section 63-11-26, Mississippi Code of 1972, is
- 430 brought forward as follows:
- 431 63-11-26. When the Commissioner of Public Safety, or his
- 432 authorized agent, shall suspend the driver's license or permit to
- 433 drive of a person or shall deny the issuance of a license or
- 434 permit to a person as provided in Section 63-11-30, the person
- 435 shall not be entitled to any judicial review of or appeal from the
- 436 actions of the commissioner. A final conviction under said
- 437 section shall finally adjudicate the privilege of such convicted
- 438 person to operate a motor vehicle upon the public highways, public
- 439 roads and streets of this state.

440	SECTION 16.	Section	63-11-27,	Mississippi	Code	of	1972,	is
441	brought forward as	s follows	s:					

- 442 63-11-27. When it has been finally determined under the procedures of Sections 63-11-21 through 63-11-25, that a 443 444 nonresident's privilege to operate a motor vehicle in this state 445 has been suspended, the commissioner, or his duly authorized 446 agent, shall give information in writing of the action taken to 447 the motor vehicle administrator of the state of the person's 448 residence and of any state in which he has a license.
- 449 SECTION 17. Section 63-11-30, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 450 brought forward as follows:
- 451 (1) It is unlawful for a person to drive or 63-11-30. 452 otherwise operate a vehicle within this state if the person:
- 453 Is under the influence of intoxicating liquor; (a)
- 454 (b) Is under the influence of any other substance that 455 has impaired the person's ability to operate a motor vehicle;
- 456 Is under the influence of any drug or controlled substance, the possession of which is unlawful under the 457 458 Mississippi Controlled Substances Law; or
- 459 Has an alcohol concentration in the person's blood, (d) based upon grams of alcohol per one hundred (100) milliliters of 460 461 blood, or grams of alcohol per two hundred ten (210) liters of breath, as shown by a chemical analysis of the person's breath, 462 463 blood or urine administered as authorized by this chapter, of:

464				(:	L)	Eight	one-	-hundre	edths	ре	ercent	(.() 8 응)	or	more
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466 beverages under state law;

- (ii) Two one-hundredths percent (.02%) or more for
- 468 a person who is below the legal age to purchase alcoholic
- 469 beverages under state law; or
- 470 (iii) Four one-hundredths percent (.04%) or more
- 471 for a person operating a commercial motor vehicle.
- 472 (2) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (3) of this
- 473 section (Zero Tolerance for Minors):
- 474 (a) First offense DUI. (i) Upon conviction of any
- 475 person for the first offense of violating subsection (1) of this
- 476 section where chemical tests under Section 63-11-5 were given, or
- 477 where chemical test results are not available, the person shall be
- 478 fined not less than Two Hundred Fifty Dollars (\$250.00) nor more
- 479 than One Thousand Dollars (\$1,000.00), or imprisoned for not more
- 480 than forty-eight (48) hours in jail, or both; the court shall
- 481 order the person to attend and complete an alcohol safety
- 482 education program as provided in Section 63-11-32 within six (6)
- 483 months of sentencing. The court may substitute attendance at a
- 484 victim impact panel instead of forty-eight (48) hours in jail.
- 485 (ii) Suspension of commercial driving privileges
- 486 is governed by Section 63-1-216.
- 487 (iii) A qualifying first offense may be

488 nonadjudicated by the court under subsection (14) of this section.

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- 490 learning permit at the time of the offense is ineligible for
- 491 nonadjudication.
- 492 (iv) Eligibility for an interlock-restricted
- 493 license is governed by Section 63-11-31 and suspension of regular
- 494 driving privileges is governed by Section 63-11-23.
- 495 (b) **Second offense DUI.** (i) Upon any second
- 496 conviction of any person violating subsection (1) of this section,
- 497 the offenses being committed within a period of five (5) years,
- 498 the person shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, fined not less than
- 499 Six Hundred Dollars (\$600.00) nor more than One Thousand Five
- 500 Hundred Dollars (\$1,500.00), shall be imprisoned not less than
- 501 five (5) days nor more than six (6) months and sentenced to
- 502 community service work for not less than ten (10) days nor more
- 503 than six (6) months. The minimum penalties shall not be suspended
- or reduced by the court and no prosecutor shall offer any
- 505 suspension or sentence reduction as part of a plea bargain.
- 506 (ii) Suspension of commercial driving privileges
- 507 is governed by Section 63-1-216.
- 508 (iii) Eligibility for an interlock-restricted
- 509 license is governed by Section 63-11-31 and suspension of regular
- 510 driving privileges is governed by Section 63-11-23.
- 511 (c) Third offense DUI. (i) For a third conviction of
- 512 a person for violating subsection (1) of this section, the
- 513 offenses being committed within a period of five (5) years, the

- 514 person shall be quilty of a felony and fined not less than Two
- Thousand Dollars (\$2,000.00) nor more than Five Thousand Dollars 515
- (\$5,000.00), and shall serve not less than one (1) year nor more 516
- 517 than five (5) years in the custody of the Department of
- 518 Corrections. For any offense that does not result in serious
- 519 injury or death to any person, the sentence of incarceration may
- 520 be served in the county jail rather than in the State Penitentiary
- at the discretion of the circuit court judge. The minimum 521
- 522 penalties shall not be suspended or reduced by the court and no
- 523 prosecutor shall offer any suspension or sentence reduction as
- 524 part of a plea bargain.
- 525 The suspension of commercial driving (ii)
- 526 privileges is governed by Section 63-1-216.
- 527 The suspension of regular driving privileges (iii)
- is governed by Section 63-11-23. 528
- 529 (d) Fourth and subsequent offense DUI. (i) For any
- 530 fourth or subsequent conviction of a violation of subsection (1)
- 531 of this section, without regard to the time period within which
- 532 the violations occurred, the person shall be guilty of a felony
- and fined not less than Three Thousand Dollars (\$3,000.00) nor 533
- 534 more than Ten Thousand Dollars (\$10,000.00), and shall serve not
- 535 less than two (2) years nor more than ten (10) years in the
- 536 custody of the Department of Corrections.
- 537 The suspension of commercial driving
- privileges is governed by Section 63-1-216. 538

539	(iii) A person convicted of a fourth or subsequent
540	offense is ineligible to exercise the privilege to operate a motor
541	vehicle that is not equipped with an ignition-interlock device for
542	ten (10) years.

- 543 (e) Any person convicted of a second or subsequent 544 violation of subsection (1) of this section shall receive an 545 in-depth diagnostic assessment, and if as a result of the assessment is determined to be in need of treatment for alcohol or 546 547 drug abuse, the person must successfully complete treatment at a 548 program site certified by the Department of Mental Health. 549 person who receives a diagnostic assessment shall pay a fee 550 representing the cost of the assessment. Each person who 551 participates in a treatment program shall pay a fee representing 552 the cost of treatment.
- 553 (f) The use of ignition-interlock devices is governed 554 by Section 63-11-31.
- 555 Zero tolerance for minors. (a) This subsection shall (3) 556 be known and may be cited as Zero Tolerance for Minors. 557 provisions of this subsection shall apply only when a person under 558 the age of twenty-one (21) years has a blood alcohol concentration 559 of two one-hundredths percent (.02%) or more, but lower than eight 560 one-hundredths percent (.08%). If the person's blood alcohol concentration is eight one-hundredths percent (.08%) or more, the 561 562 provisions of subsection (2) shall apply.

563		(b)	(i)	A person	under	the	age o	f twent	cy-one	(21)	is
564	eligible	for no	onadj	udication	of a	quali	ifying	first	offens	e by	the
565	court pur	suant	to s	ubsection	(14)	of th	nis se	ction.			

- 566 (ii) Upon conviction of any person under the age 567 of twenty-one (21) years for the first offense of violating 568 subsection (1) of this section where chemical tests provided for 569 under Section 63-11-5 were given, or where chemical test results 570 are not available, the person shall be fined Two Hundred Fifty 571 Dollars (\$250.00); the court shall order the person to attend and complete an alcohol safety education program as provided in 572 Section 63-11-32 within six (6) months. The court may also 573 574 require attendance at a victim impact panel.
- (c) A person under the age of twenty-one (21) years who is convicted of a second violation of subsection (1) of this section, the offenses being committed within a period of five (5) years, shall be fined not more than Five Hundred Dollars (\$500.00).
- (d) A person under the age of twenty-one (21) years who is convicted of a third or subsequent violation of subsection (1) of this section, the offenses being committed within a period of five (5) years, shall be fined not more than One Thousand Dollars (\$1,000.00).
- 585 (e) License suspension is governed by Section 63-11-23 586 and ignition interlock is governed by Section 63-11-31.

587	(f)	Any person under the age of twenty-one (21)	years
588	convicted of a	a third or subsequent violation of subsection	(1) of
589	this section m	must complete treatment of an alcohol or drug	abuse
590	nrogram at a s	site certified by the Department of Mental Hea	1+h

- (4) **DUI test refusal.** In addition to the other penalties provided in this section, every person refusing a law enforcement officer's request to submit to a chemical test of the person's breath as provided in this chapter, or who was unconscious at the time of a chemical test and refused to consent to the introduction of the results of the test in any prosecution, shall suffer an additional administrative suspension of driving privileges as set forth in Section 63-11-23.
- (5) Aggravated DUI. (a) (i) Except as otherwise provided in subparagraph (ii) of this paragraph (a), every person who operates any motor vehicle in violation of the provisions of subsection (1) of this section and who in a negligent manner causes the death of another or mutilates, disfigures, permanently disables or destroys the tongue, eye, lip, nose or any other limb, organ or member of another shall, upon conviction, be guilty of a separate felony for each victim who suffers death, mutilation, disfigurement or other injury and shall be committed to the custody of the State Department of Corrections for a period of time of not less than five (5) years and not to exceed twenty-five (25) years for each death, mutilation, disfigurement or other injury, and the imprisonment for the second or each subsequent

612 conviction, in the discretion of the court, shall commence either 613 at the termination of the imprisonment for the preceding conviction or run concurrently with the preceding conviction. 614 person charged with causing the death of another as described in 615 616 this subsection shall be required to post bail before being

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released after arrest.

(ii) Every person who is below the legal age to purchase alcoholic beverages under state law and has an alcohol concentration in the person's blood, based upon grams of alcohol per one hundred (100) milliliters of blood, or grams of alcohol per two hundred ten (210) liters of breath, as shown by a chemical analysis of the person's breath, blood or urine administered as authorized by this chapter, of eight one-hundredths percent (0.08%) or more and who in a negligent manner causes the death of another or mutilates, disfigures, permanently disables or destroys the tongue, eye, lip, nose or any other limb, organ or member of another shall, upon conviction, be quilty of a separate felony for each victim who suffers death, mutilation, disfigurement or other injury and shall be committed to the custody of the State Department of Corrections for a period of time not less than five (5) years and not to exceed twenty-five (25) years for each death, mutilation, disfigurement or other injury, and the imprisonment for the second or each subsequent conviction, in the discretion of the court, shall commence either at the termination of the imprisonment for the preceding conviction or run concurrently with

637	the preceding conviction.	Any such person charged with causing
638	the death of another as dea	scribed in this subparagraph shall be
639	required to post bail before	re being released after arrest.

- (b) A holder of a commercial driver's license who is

 convicted of operating a commercial motor vehicle with an alcohol

 concentration of eight one-hundredths percent (.08%) or more shall

 be guilty of a felony and shall be committed to the custody of the

 Department of Corrections for not less than two (2) years and not

 more than ten (10) years.
- 10 (c) The court shall order an ignition-interlock restriction on the offender's privilege to drive as a condition of probation or post-release supervision not to exceed five (5) years unless a longer restriction is required under other law. The ignition-interlock restriction shall not be applied to commercial license privileges until the driver serves the full disqualification period required by Section 63-1-216.
 - (6) **DUI citations.** (a) Upon conviction of a violation of subsection (1) of this section, the trial judge shall sign in the place provided on the traffic ticket, citation or affidavit stating that the person arrested either employed an attorney or waived his right to an attorney after having been properly advised. If the person arrested employed an attorney, the name, address and telephone number of the attorney shall be written on the ticket, citation or affidavit. The court clerk must immediately send a copy of the traffic ticket, citation or

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662	affidavit,	and any	other per	tinent	documents	concerning	the
663	conviction	or othe	r order of	the co	ourt, to t	the Departmen	ıt of
664	Public Safe	etv as p	rovided ir	Sectio	n 63-11-3	37.	

- A copy of the traffic ticket, citation or affidavit (b) 666 and any other pertinent documents, having been attested as true 667 and correct by the Commissioner of Public Safety, or his designee, 668 shall be sufficient proof of the conviction for purposes of 669 determining the enhanced penalty for any subsequent convictions of 670 violations of subsection (1) of this section. The Department of Public Safety shall maintain a central database for verification of prior offenses and convictions.
 - Out-of-state prior convictions. Convictions in another state, territory or possession of the United States, or under the law of a federally recognized Native American tribe, of violations for driving or operating a vehicle while under the influence of an intoxicating liquor or while under the influence of any other substance that has impaired the person's ability to operate a motor vehicle occurring within five (5) years before an offense shall be counted for the purposes of determining if a violation of subsection (1) of this section is a second, third, fourth or subsequent offense and the penalty that shall be imposed upon conviction for a violation of subsection (1) of this section.
 - Charging of subsequent offenses. (a) For the purposes of determining how to impose the sentence for a second, third, fourth or subsequent conviction under this section, the affidavit

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687	or indictment shall not be required to enumerate previous
688	convictions. It shall only be necessary that the affidavit or
689	indictment states the number of times that the defendant has been
690	convicted and sentenced within the past five (5) years for a
691	second or third offense, or without a time limitation for a fourth
692	or subsequent offense, under this section to determine if an
693	enhanced penalty shall be imposed. The amount of fine and
694	imprisonment imposed in previous convictions shall not be
695	considered in calculating offenses to determine a second, third,
696	fourth or subsequent offense of this section.

- (b) Before a defendant enters a plea of guilty to an offense under this section, law enforcement must submit certification to the prosecutor that the defendant's driving record, the confidential registry and National Crime Information Center record have been searched for all prior convictions, nonadjudications, pretrial diversions and arrests for driving or operating a vehicle while under the influence of an intoxicating liquor or while under the influence of any other substance that has impaired the person's ability to operate a motor vehicle. The results of the search must be included in the certification.
- 707 (9) License eligibility for underage offenders. A person
 708 who is under the legal age to obtain a license to operate a motor
 709 vehicle at the time of the offense and who is convicted under this
 710 section shall not be eligible to receive a driver's license until
 711 the person reaches the age of eighteen (18) years.

712	(10)	License	suspensions	and	restrictions	to	run

consecutively. Suspension or restriction of driving privileges
for any person convicted of or nonadjudicated for violations of
subsection (1) of this section shall run consecutively to and not

concurrently with any other administrative license suspension.

- 717 (11) **Ignition interlock**. If the court orders installation 718 and use of an ignition-interlock device as provided in Section 719 63-11-31 for every vehicle operated by a person convicted or 720 nonadjudicated under this section, each device shall be installed, 721 maintained and removed as provided in Section 63-11-31.
 - twenty-one (21) who violates subsection (1) of this section while transporting in a motor vehicle a child under the age of sixteen (16) years is guilty of the separate offense of endangering a child by driving under the influence of alcohol or any other substance which has impaired the person's ability to operate a motor vehicle. The offense of endangering a child by driving under the influence of alcohol or any other substance which has impaired the person's ability to operate a motor vehicle shall not be merged with an offense of violating subsection (1) of this section for the purposes of prosecution and sentencing. An offender who is convicted of a violation of this subsection shall be punished as follows:
- 735 (a) A person who commits a violation of this subsection 736 which does not result in the serious injury or death of a child

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- 737 and which is a first conviction shall be guilty of a misdemeanor
- 738 and, upon conviction, shall be fined not more than One Thousand
- 739 Dollars (\$1,000.00) or shall be imprisoned for not more than
- 740 twelve (12) months, or both;
- 741 (b) A person who commits a violation of this subsection
- 742 which does not result in the serious injury or death of a child
- 743 and which is a second conviction shall be guilty of a misdemeanor
- 744 and, upon conviction, shall be fined not less than One Thousand
- 745 Dollars (\$1,000.00) nor more than Five Thousand Dollars
- 746 (\$5,000.00) or shall be imprisoned for one (1) year, or both;
- 747 (c) A person who commits a violation of this subsection
- 748 which does not result in the serious injury or death of a child
- 749 and which is a third or subsequent conviction shall be quilty of a
- 750 felony and, upon conviction, shall be fined not less than Ten
- 751 Thousand Dollars (\$10,000.00) or shall be imprisoned for not less
- 752 than one (1) year nor more than five (5) years, or both; and
- 753 (d) A person who commits a violation of this subsection
- 754 which results in the serious injury or death of a child, without
- 755 regard to whether the offense was a first, second, third or
- 756 subsequent offense, shall be quilty of a felony and, upon
- 757 conviction, shall be punished by a fine of not less than Ten
- 758 Thousand Dollars (\$10,000.00) and shall be imprisoned for not less
- 759 than five (5) years nor more than twenty-five (25) years.
- 760 (13) **Expunction.** (a) Any person convicted under subsection
- 761 (2) or (3) of this section of a first offense of driving under the

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762	intliience	and	t_{M} $h \cap$	$\nabla = \nabla T$	$n \cap t$	the	holder	\cap \pm	a	commercial	driver'	9
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- 763 license or a commercial learning permit at the time of the offense
- 764 may petition the circuit court of the county in which the
- 765 conviction was had for an order to expunge the record of the
- 766 conviction at least five (5) years after successful completion of
- 767 all terms and conditions of the sentence imposed for the
- 768 conviction. Expunction under this subsection will only be
- 769 available to a person:
- 770 Who has successfully completed all terms and (i)
- 771 conditions of the sentence imposed for the conviction;
- 772 (ii) Who did not refuse to submit to a test of his
- 773 blood or breath;
- 774 (iii) Whose blood alcohol concentration tested
- 775 below sixteen one-hundredths percent (.16%) if test results are
- 776 available;
- 777 (iv) Who has not been convicted of and does not
- 778 have pending any other offense of driving under the influence;
- 779 Who has provided the court with justification (∇)
- 780 as to why the conviction should be expunged; and
- 781 (vi) Who has not previously had a nonadjudication
- 782 or expunction of a violation of this section.
- 783 A person is eligible for only one (1) expunction
- 784 under this subsection, and the Department of Public Safety shall
- 785 maintain a permanent confidential registry of all cases of
- 786 expunction under this subsection for the sole purpose of

787	determining a pe	rson's	e.	ligibili	ity for	expuncti	on,	for
788	nonadjudication,	or as	a	first c	offender	under t	his	section.

- 789 (c) The court in its order of expunction shall state in 790 writing the justification for which the expunction was granted and 791 forward the order to the Department of Public Safety within five 792 (5) days of the entry of the order.
- (14) **Nonadjudication**. (a) For the purposes of this chapter, "nonadjudication" means that the court withholds adjudication of guilt and sentencing, either at the conclusion of a trial on the merits or upon the entry of a plea of guilt by a defendant, and places the defendant in a nonadjudication program conditioned upon the successful completion of the requirements imposed by the court under this subsection.
- 800 (b) A person is eligible for nonadjudication of an 801 offense under this Section 63-11-30 only one (1) time under any 802 provision of a law that authorizes nonadjudication and only for an 803 offender:
- (i) Who has successfully completed all terms and conditions imposed by the court after placement of the defendant in a nonadjudication program;
- 807 (ii) Who was not the holder of a commercial 808 driver's license or a commercial learning permit at the time of 809 the offense;

811	does not have pending any former or subsequent charges under this
812	section; and
813	(iv) Who has provided the court with justification
814	as to why nonadjudication is appropriate.
815	(c) Nonadjudication may be initiated upon the filing of
816	a petition for nonadjudication or at any stage of the proceedings
817	in the discretion of the court; the court may withhold
818	adjudication of guilt, defer sentencing, and upon the agreement of
819	the offender to participate in a nonadjudication program, enter an
820	order imposing requirements on the offender for a period of court
821	supervision before the order of nonadjudication is entered.
822	Failure to successfully complete a nonadjudication program

(iii) Who has not previously been convicted of and

to imposition of all penalties previously withheld due to entrance into a nonadjudication program. The court shall immediately inform the commissioner of the conviction as required in Section 63-11-37.

subjects the person to adjudication of the charges against him and

- (i) The court shall order the person to:
- 1. Pay the nonadjudication fee imposed under
- 830 Section 63-11-31 if applicable;
- 2. Pay all fines, penalties and assessments
- 832 that would have been imposed for conviction;

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833		3. A	attend a	nd comple	ete an	alcohol s	safety	
834	education program	as prov	vided in	Section	63-11-	-32 withir	n six	(6)
835	months of the date	of the	e order;					

4. a. If the court determines that the person violated this section with respect to alcohol or intoxicating liquor, the person must install an ignition-interlock device on every motor vehicle operated by the person, obtain an interlock-restricted license, and maintain that license for one hundred twenty (120) days or suffer a one-hundred-twenty-day suspension of the person's regular driver's license, during which time the person must not operate any vehicle.

b. If the court determines that the person violated this section by operating a vehicle when under the influence of a substance other than alcohol that has impaired the person's ability to operate a motor vehicle, including any drug or controlled substance which is unlawful to possess under the Mississippi Controlled Substances Law, the person must submit to a one-hundred-twenty-day period of a nonadjudication program that includes court-ordered drug testing at the person's own expense not less often than every thirty (30) days, during which time the person may drive if compliant with the terms of the program, or suffer a one-hundred-twenty-day suspension of the person's regular driver's license, during which time the person will not operate any vehicle.

857	(ii) Other conditions that may be imposed by the
858	court include, but are not limited to, alcohol or drug screening,
859	or both, proof that the person has not committed any other traffic
860	violations while under court supervision, proof of immobilization
861	or impoundment of vehicles owned by the offender if required, and
862	attendance at a victim-impact panel.

- (d) The court may enter an order of nonadjudication only if the court finds, after a hearing or after ex parte examination of reliable documentation of compliance, that the offender has successfully completed all conditions imposed by law and previous orders of the court. The court shall retain jurisdiction over cases involving nonadjudication for a period of not more than two (2) years.
- (e) (i) The clerk shall immediately forward a record of every person placed in a nonadjudication program and of every nonadjudication order to the Department of Public Safety for inclusion in the permanent confidential registry of all cases that are nonadjudicated under this subsection (14).
- the trial of implied consent violations and law enforcement
 officers involved in the issuance of citations for implied consent
 violations shall have secure online access to the confidential
 registry for the purpose of determining whether a person has
 previously been the subject of a nonadjudicated case and 1. is
 therefore ineligible for another nonadjudication; 2. is ineligible

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882	as	а	first	offender	for	а	violation	of	this	section;	or	3.	is

883 ineligible for expunction of a conviction of a violation of this

884 section.

885 (iii) The Driver Services Bureau of the department

886 shall have access to the confidential registry for the purpose of

887 determining whether a person is eligible for a form of license not

888 restricted to operating a vehicle equipped with an

889 ignition-interlock device.

890 (iv) The Mississippi Alcohol Safety Education

891 Program shall have secure online access to the confidential

892 registry for research purposes only.

893 (15) The provisions of this section are fully applicable to

894 any person who is under the influence of medical cannabis that is

895 lawful under the Mississippi Medical Cannabis Act and in

896 compliance with rules and regulations adopted thereunder which has

897 impaired the person's ability to operate a motor vehicle.

898 **SECTION 18.** Section 63-11-31, Mississippi Code of 1972, is

899 brought forward as follows:

900 63-11-31. (1) (a) The provisions of this section are

901 supplemental to the provisions of Section 63-11-30.

902 (b) (i) "Ignition-interlock device" means a device

903 approved by the Department of Public Safety that connects a motor

904 vehicle ignition system to a breath-alcohol analyzer and prevents

905 a motor vehicle ignition from starting if the driver's blood

906 alcohol level exceeds the calibrated setting on the device.

907	(ii) "Interlock-restricted license" means a
908	driver's license bearing a restriction that limits the person to
909	operation of vehicles equipped with an ignition-interlock device.

- 910 "Court-ordered drug-testing program" means a 911 program that qualifies under Section 63-11-31.1.
- 912 (c) A person who can exercise the privilege of driving 913 only under an interlock-restricted license must have an 914 ignition-interlock device installed and operating on all motor 915 vehicles owned or operated by the person.
- 916 (d) A person who installs an ignition-interlock device 917 may obtain an interlock-restricted license.
- 918 (2) (a) (i) The cost of installation and operation of an 919 ignition-interlock device shall be borne by the person to whom an 920 interlock-restricted driver's license is issued, and the costs of 921 court-ordered drug testing shall be borne by the person so 922 ordered, unless the person is determined by the court to be 923 indigent.
- 924 (ii) The cost of participating in a court-ordered 925 drug-testing program shall be borne by the person, unless the 926 person is determined by the court to be indigent.
- 927 (b) (i) A person convicted under Section 63-11-30 928 shall be assessed by the court, in addition to the criminal fines, 929 penalties and assessments provided by law for violations of 930 Section 63-11-30, a fee of Fifty Dollars (\$50.00), to be deposited

931 in the Interlock Device Fund in the State Treasury unless th

- 932 person is determined by the court to be indigent.
- 933 (ii) A person nonadjudicated under Section
- 934 63-11-30 shall be assessed by the court, in addition to the
- 935 criminal fines, penalties and assessments provided by law for
- 936 violations of Section 63-11-30, a fee of Two Hundred Fifty Dollars
- 937 (\$250.00) to be deposited in the Interlock Device Fund in the
- 938 State Treasury unless the person is determined by the court to be
- 939 indigent.
- 940 (3) (a) The Department of Public Safety shall promulgate
- 941 rules and regulations for the use of an ignition-interlock device.
- 942 The Department of Public Safety shall approve which vendors shall
- 943 be used to furnish the systems, may assess fees to the vendors,
- 944 and shall prescribe the maximum costs to the offender for
- 945 installation, removal, monthly operation, periodic inspections,
- 946 calibrations and repairs.
- 947 (b) A person who has an ignition-interlock device
- 948 installed in a vehicle shall:
- 949 (i) Provide proof of the installation of the
- 950 device and periodic reporting for verification of the proper
- 951 operation of the device;
- 952 (ii) Have the system monitored for proper use and
- 953 accuracy as required by departmental regulation;

954	(iii) Pay the reasonable cost of leasing or
955	buying, monitoring, and maintaining the device unless the person
956	is determined to be indigent; and
957	(iv) Obtain an ignition-interlock driver's
958	license.
959	(4) (a) (i) A person who is limited to driving only under
960	an interlock-restricted driver's license shall not operate a
961	vehicle that is not equipped with an ignition-interlock device.
962	(ii) A person prohibited from operating a motor
963	vehicle that is not equipped with an ignition-interlock device may
964	not solicit or have another person attempt to start or start a
965	motor vehicle equipped with such a device.
966	(iii) A person may not start or attempt to start a
967	motor vehicle equipped with an ignition-interlock device for the
968	purpose of providing an operable motor vehicle to a person who is
969	prohibited from operating a motor vehicle that is not equipped
970	with an ignition-interlock device.
971	(iv) A person may not tamper with, or in any way
972	attempt to circumvent, the operation of an ignition-interlock
973	device that has been installed in a motor vehicle.
974	(v) A person may not knowingly provide a motor
975	vehicle not equipped with a functioning ignition-interlock device
976	to another person who the provider of the vehicle knows or should
977	know is prohibited from operating a motor vehicle not equipped

with an ignition-interlock device.

979	(b) A violation of this subsection (4) is a misdemeanor
980	and upon conviction the violator shall be fined an amount not less
981	than Two Hundred Fifty Dollars (\$250.00) nor more than One
982	Thousand Dollars (\$1,000.00) or imprisoned for not more than six
983	(6) months, or both, unless the starting of a motor vehicle
984	equipped with an ignition-interlock device is done for the purpose
985	of safety or mechanical repair of the device or the vehicle, and
986	the person subject to the restriction does not operate the
987	vehicle.

- 988 (5) In order to obtain an interlock-restricted license, a 989 person must:
- 990 (a) Be otherwise qualified to operate a motor vehicle, 991 and will be subject to all other restrictions on the privilege to 992 drive provided by law;
- 993 (b) Submit proof that an ignition-interlock device is 994 installed and operating on all motor vehicles operated by the 995 person; and
- 996 (c) Pay the fee set forth in Section 63-1-43 to obtain 997 the license without regard to indigence; no license reinstatement 998 fee under Section 63-1-46 shall be charged for a person obtaining 999 an interlock-restricted license.
- 1000 (6) (a) In addition to the penalties authorized for any
 1001 second or subsequent conviction under Section 63-11-30, the court
 1002 shall order that all vehicles owned by the offender that are not
 1003 equipped with an ignition-interlock device must be either

1004 impounded or immobilized pending further order of the court 1005 lifting the offender's driving restriction. However, no county, 1006 municipality, sheriff's department or the Department of Public 1007 Safety shall be required to keep, store, maintain, serve as a 1008 bailee or otherwise exercise custody over a motor vehicle 1009 impounded under the provisions of this section. The cost 1010 associated with any impoundment or immobilization shall be paid by 1011 the person convicted without regard to ability to pay.

- (b) A person may not tamper with, or in any way attempt to circumvent, vehicle immobilization or impoundment ordered by the court under this section. A violation of this paragraph (b) is a misdemeanor and, upon conviction, the violator shall be fined an amount not less than Two Hundred Fifty Dollars (\$250.00) nor more than One Thousand Dollars (\$1,000.00) or imprisoned for not more than six (6) months, or both.
- 1019 (7) (a) The Department of Public Safety shall promulgate
 1020 rules and regulations for the use of monies in the Interlock
 1021 Device Fund to offset the cost of interlock device installation
 1022 and operation by and court-ordered drug testing of indigent
 1023 offenders.
- 1024 (b) The court shall determine a defendant's indigence
 1025 based upon whether the defendant has access to adequate resources
 1026 to pay the ignition-interlock fee and the costs of installation
 1027 and maintenance of an ignition-interlock device, or the costs of
 1028 court-ordered drug testing or both, and may further base the

1029	determination of indigence on proof of enrollment in one or more					
1030	of the following types of public assistance:					
1031	(i) Temporary Assistance for Needy Families					
1032	(TANF);					
1033	(ii) Medicaid assistance;					
1034	(iii) The Supplemental Nutritional Assistance					
1035	Program (SNAP), also known as "food stamps";					
1036	(iv) Supplemental security income (SSI);					
1037	(v) Participation in a federal food distribution					
1038	program;					
1039	(vi) Federal housing assistance;					
1040	(vii) Unemployment compensation; or					
1041	(viii) Other criteria determined appropriate by					
1042	the court.					
1043	(c) No more than ten percent (10%) of the money in the					
1044	Interlock Device Fund in any fiscal year shall be expended by the					
1045	department for the purpose of administering the fund.					
1046	(d) The Commissioner of the Department of Public Safety					
1047	must promulgate regulations for the program and for vendors,					
1048	including at a minimum:					
1049	(i) That the offender must pay the cost of the					
1050	testing program or, if the court finds the offender to be					
1051	indigent, that the cost be paid from the Interlock Device Fund.					
1052	(ii) How indigent funds will be accessed by the					

1053 vendors, and the maximum cost to the offender or the fund.

1054	(e) (i) Money in the Interlock Device Fund will be
L055	appropriated to the department to cover part of the costs of
L056	court-ordered drug testing and installing, removing and leasing
L057	ignition-interlock devices for indigent people who are required,
L058	because of a conviction or nonadjudication under Section 63-11-30,
L059	to install an ignition-interlock device in all vehicles operated
L060	by the person.

- 1061 (ii) If money is available in the Interlock Device 1062 Fund, the department shall pay to the vendor, for one (1) vehicle 1063 per offender, up to Fifty Dollars (\$50.00) for the cost of 1064 installation, up to Fifty Dollars (\$50.00) for the cost of removal, and up to Thirty Dollars (\$30.00) monthly for verified 1065 1066 active usage of the ignition-interlock device. The department 1067 shall not pay any amount above what an offender would be required 1068 to pay for the installation, removal or usage of an 1069 ignition-interlock device.
- 1070 (iii) If money is available in the Interlock
 1071 Device Fund, the department shall pay to the vendor an amount not
 1072 to exceed that promulgated by the Forensics Laboratory for
 1073 court-ordered drug testing. The department shall not pay any
 1074 amount above what an offender would be required to pay
 1075 individually.
- 1076 (8) In order to reinstate a form of driver's license that is
 1077 not restricted to operation of an ignition-interlock equipped
 1078 vehicle, the person must submit proof to the Department of Public

- 1079 Safety to substantiate the person's eligibility for an
- 1080 unrestricted license, which may be a court order indicating
- 1081 completion of sentence or final order of nonadjudication; in the
- 1082 absence of a court order, the proof may consist of the following
- 1083 or such other proof as the commissioner may set forth by
- 1084 regulation duly adopted under the Administrative Procedures Act:
- 1085 (a) Proof of successful completion of an alcohol safety
- 1086 program as provided in Section 63-11-32 if so ordered by the
- 1087 court:
- 1088 (b) Payment of the reinstatement fee required under
- 1089 Section 63-1-46(1)(a);
- 1090 (c) Payment of the driver's license fee required under
- 1091 Section 63-1-43;
- 1092 (d) A certificate of liability insurance or proof of
- 1093 financial responsibility; and
- 1094 (e) (i) For those driving under an
- 1095 interlock-restricted license, a declaration from the vendor, in a
- 1096 form provided or approved by the Department of Public Safety,
- 1097 certifying that there have been none of the following incidents in
- 1098 the last thirty (30) days:
- 1099 1. An attempt to start the vehicle with a
- 1100 breath alcohol concentration of 0.04 or more;
- 1101 2. Failure to take or pass any required
- 1102 retest; or

1103	3. Fallure of the person to appear at the
1104	ignition-interlock device vendor when required for maintenance,
1105	repair, calibration, monitoring, inspection, or replacement of the
1106	device; or
1107	(ii) For a person who violated Section 63-11-30
1108	with respect to drugs other than alcohol, proof of successful
1109	compliance with all court-ordered drug testing; or
1110	(iii) Both subparagraphs (i) and (ii) of this
1111	paragraph (e) if applicable.
1112	(9) The court may extend the interlock-restricted period if
1113	the person had a violation in the last thirty (30) days.
1114	(10) The court that originally ordered installation of the
1115	ignition-interlock device for a violation of Section 63-11-30 and
1116	a court in the municipality or county in which the violation
1117	occurred have jurisdiction over an offense under this section.
1118	(11) A person who voluntarily obtains an
1119	interlock-restricted license may convert at any time to any other
1120	form of license for which the person is qualified.
1121	(12) (a) The Department of Public Safety shall require all
1122	manufacturers of ignition-interlock devices to report
1123	ignition-interlock data in a consistent and uniform format as
1124	prescribed by the Department of Public Safety. Ignition-interlock
1125	vendors must also use the uniform format when sharing data with
1126	courts ordering an ignition interlock, with alcohol safety

education programs, or with other treatment providers.

1128	(b) The Department of Public Safety shall require all
1129	vendors of drug testing programs approved under Section 63-11-31.1
1130	to report test results in a consistent and uniform format as
1131	prescribed by the Forensics Laboratory. Vendors must report test
1132	results to the court on a monthly basis, except that a positive
1133	test or failure of the testing participant to submit to
1134	verification must be reported to the court within five (5) days of
1135	verification of the positive test or the failure to submit.

- SECTION 19. Section 63-11-31.1, Mississippi Code of 1972, is brought forward as follows:
- 1138 63-11-31.1. (1)The Mississippi Forensics Laboratory shall promulgate rules and regulations for court-ordered drug testing of 1139 1140 DUI/other drug violators and shall approve which vendors are eligible to be utilized by the trial courts when ordering 1141 1142 defendants to undergo drug testing as a condition of continuing to 1143 exercise the privilege to drive. The Forensics Laboratory may 1144 assess fees to the vendors, and shall prescribe the maximum costs to the offender for drug testing. The Forensics Laboratory may 1145 1146 seek the advice of the State Intervention Court Advisory Committee 1147 in fulfilling these duties.
- 1148 (2) The Forensics Laboratory must evaluate proposals made by 1149 prospective vendors for acceptability, including, without 1150 limitation, the following factors:
- 1151 (a) A description of the method used for assessment;

1152	(b)	The	frequ	iencv	with	which	the	offender	will	be

- 1153 tested;
- 1154 (c) The procedure used by the vendor to ensure the
- 1155 accuracy of the test results;
- 1156 (d) The length of time allowed the offender to provide
- 1157 a biological sample after being given notice;
- 1158 (e) The frequency with which the vendor will make
- 1159 reports to the court;
- 1160 (f) The list of approved sites for the collection of
- 1161 biological samples for testing.
- 1162 (3) The Forensics Laboratory must promulgate regulations for
- 1163 the program and for vendors, including at a minimum:
- 1164 (a) That the offender must pay the cost of the testing
- 1165 program or, if the court finds the offender to be indigent, that
- 1166 the cost be paid from the Interlock Device Fund.
- 1167 (b) How indigent funds will be accessed by the vendors,
- 1168 and the maximum cost to the offender or the fund.
- 1169 (4) The Forensics Laboratory will provide the list of
- 1170 approved vendors, subject to continuous updating, to the
- 1171 Mississippi Judicial College for dissemination to the trial
- 1172 courts.
- 1173 **SECTION 20.** Section 63-11-32, Mississippi Code of 1972, is
- 1174 brought forward as follows:
- 1175 63-11-32. (1) The State Department of Public Safety in

1176 conjunction with the Governor's Highway Safety Program, the State

1177	Board of Health, or any other state agency or institution shall
1178	develop and implement a driver improvement program for persons
1179	identified as first offenders convicted of driving while under the
1180	influence of intoxicating liquor or another substance which had
1181	impaired such person's ability to operate a motor vehicle,
1182	including provision for referral to rehabilitation facilities.

- 1183 (2) The program shall consist of a minimum of ten (10) hours
 1184 of instruction. Each person who participates shall pay a nominal
 1185 fee to defray a portion of the cost of the program.
- 1186 (3) Such assessments as are collected under subsection (2) 1187 of Section 99-19-73 shall be deposited in a special fund hereby 1188 created in the State Treasury and designated the "Mississippi 1189 Alcohol Safety Education Program Fund." Monies deposited in such fund shall be expended by the Board of Trustees of State 1190 1191 Institutions of Higher Learning as authorized and appropriated by 1192 the Legislature to defray the costs of the Mississippi Alcohol 1193 Safety Education Program operated pursuant to the provisions of this section. Any revenue in the fund which is not encumbered at 1194 1195 the end of the fiscal year shall lapse to the General Fund.
- 1196 (4) Such assessments as are collected under subsection (2)

 1197 of Section 99-19-73 shall be deposited in a special fund hereby

 1198 created in the State Treasury and designated the "Federal-State

 1199 Alcohol Program Fund." Monies deposited in such fund shall be

 1200 expended by the Department of Public Safety as authorized and

 1201 appropriated by the Legislature to defray the costs of alcohol and

1202	traffic safety programs.	Any revenue in	the fund which is not
1203	encumbered at the end of	the fiscal year	shall lapse to the
1204	General Fund.		

- 1205 (5) Such assessments as are collected under subsection (2) 1206 of Section 99-19-73 shall be deposited in a special fund hereby 1207 created in the State Treasury and designated the "Mississippi Forensics Laboratory Implied Consent Law Fund." Monies deposited 1208 1209 in such fund shall be expended by the Department of Public Safety 1210 as authorized and appropriated by the Legislature to defray the 1211 costs of equipment replacement and operational support of the 1212 Mississippi Forensics Laboratory relating to enforcement of the 1213 Implied Consent Law. Any revenue in the fund which is not 1214 encumbered at the end of the fiscal year shall not lapse to the General Fund but shall remain in the fund. 1215
- 1216 **SECTION 21.** Section 63-11-33, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 1217 brought forward as follows:

1218 [Effective until July 1, 2020, this section will read as 1219 follows:]

fund to be known as the Interlock Device Fund. The purpose of the fund shall be to provide funding for the Driver's License Bureau of the Department of Public Safety and also to provide funding assistance for ignition interlock devices for persons determined to be unable to afford the installation and maintenance of an ignition interlock device. Monies from the fund shall be

1227	distributed by the State Treasurer upon warrants issued by the
1228	Department of Public Safety. The fund shall be a continuing fund,
1229	not subject to fiscal-year limitations, and shall consist of:
1230	(a) Monies appropriated by the Legislature for the
1231	purposes of funding the Driver's License Bureau;
1232	(b) The interest accruing to the fund;
1233	(c) Monies paid by a person for deposit into the fund
1234	under Section 63-11-31; and
1235	(d) Monies received from such other sources as may be
1236	provided by law.
1237	[Effective from and after July 1, 2020, this section will
1238	read:]
1239	63-11-33. There is created in the State Treasury a special
1240	fund to be known as the Interlock Device Fund. The purpose of the
1241	fund shall be to provide funding for the Driver's License Bureau
1242	of the Department of Public Safety and also to provide funding
1243	assistance for ignition interlock devices and court-ordered drug
1244	testing for persons determined to be unable to afford the
1245	installation and maintenance of an ignition interlock device or
1246	costs of drug testing. Monies from the fund shall be distributed
1247	by the State Treasurer upon warrants issued by the Department of
1248	Public Safety. The fund shall be a continuing fund, not subject
1249	to fiscal-year limitations, and shall consist of:
1250	(a) Monies appropriated by the Legislature for the

1251 purposes of funding the Driver's License Bureau;

1252	(b)	The	interest	accruing	t to	the	fund:	
1202	(\mathcal{L})	1110	T11 C C T C D C	accr aring		$c_{11}c$	_ unid,	

- 1253 (c) Monies paid by a person for deposit into the fund 1254 under Section 63-11-31; and
- 1255 (d) Monies received from such other sources as may be
- 1256 provided by law.
- 1257 **SECTION 22.** Section 63-11-37, Mississippi Code of 1972, is
- 1258 brought forward as follows:
- 1259 63-11-37. (1) It shall be the duty of the trial judge, upon
- 1260 conviction of a person under Section 63-11-30, to mail or
- 1261 otherwise deliver in a method prescribed by the commissioner a
- 1262 true and correct copy of the traffic ticket, citation or affidavit
- 1263 evidencing the arrest that resulted in the conviction and a
- 1264 certified copy of the abstract of the court record within five (5)
- 1265 days to the Commissioner of Public Safety at Jackson, Mississippi.
- 1266 The trial judge in municipal and justice courts shall show on the
- 1267 docket and the trial judge in courts of record shall show on the
- 1268 minutes:
- 1269 (a) Whether a chemical test was given and the results
- 1270 of the test, if any; and
- 1271 (b) Whether conviction was based in whole or in part on
- 1272 the results of such a test.
- 1273 (2) The abstract of the court record shall show the date of
- 1274 the conviction, the results of the test if there was one, and the
- 1275 penalty, so that a record of same may be made by the Department of
- 1276 Public Safety.

1277		(3) For	the	purpose	es of	Sectio	on 63	3-11-30,	a bond	forfeiture
1278	shall	operate	as	and be	consid	dered a	ıs a	convicti	on.	

- 1279 A trial court clerk who fails to provide a true and correct copy of the traffic ticket, citation or affidavit 1280 1281 evidencing the arrest that resulted in the conviction and a copy 1282 of the abstract of the court record within five (5) days of the 1283 availability of that information as required in subsection (1) of 1284 this section is guilty of a civil violation and shall be fined One 1285 Hundred Dollars (\$100.00), for which civil fine the clerk bears 1286 sole and personal responsibility. Each instance of failure is a 1287 separate violation.
- 1288 **SECTION 23.** Section 63-11-39, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 1289 brought forward as follows:
- 1290 63-11-39. The court having jurisdiction or the prosecutor 1291 shall not reduce any charge under this chapter to a lesser charge.
- 1292 **SECTION 24.** Section 63-11-40, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 1293 brought forward as follows:
- 1294 63-11-40. Any person whose driver's license, or driving
 1295 privilege has been cancelled, suspended or revoked under the
 1296 provisions of this chapter and who drives any motor vehicle upon
 1297 the highways, streets or public roads of this state, while such
 1298 license or privilege is cancelled, suspended or revoked, shall be
 1299 guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction shall be punished by
 1300 imprisonment for not less than forty-eight (48) hours nor more

- 1301 than six (6) months, and fined not less than Two Hundred Dollars
- 1302 (\$200.00) nor more than Five Hundred Dollars (\$500.00).
- 1303 The Commissioner of Public Safety shall suspend the driver's
- 1304 license or driving privilege of any person convicted under the
- 1305 provisions of this section for an additional six (6) months. Such
- 1306 suspension shall begin at the end of the original cancellation,
- 1307 suspension or revocation and run consecutively.
- 1308 **SECTION 25.** Section 63-11-41, Mississippi Code of 1972, is
- 1309 brought forward as follows:
- 1310 63-11-41. If a person under arrest refuses to submit to a
- 1311 chemical test under the provisions of this chapter, evidence of
- 1312 refusal shall be admissible in any criminal action under this
- 1313 chapter.
- 1314 **SECTION 26.** Section 63-11-45, Mississippi Code of 1972, is
- 1315 brought forward as follows:
- 1316 63-11-45. No coverage otherwise afforded under any policy of
- 1317 insurance shall be denied on the ground that any person has
- 1318 refused any test provided for by this chapter nor on the basis of
- 1319 the results of any such test. Any provision to such effect in any
- 1320 insurance policy hereinafter issued shall be void.
- 1321 **SECTION 27.** Section 63-11-47, Mississippi Code of 1972, is
- 1322 brought forward as follows:
- 1323 63-11-47. The Commissioner of Public Safety, acting in

- 1324 concert with the Mississippi Forensics Laboratory created pursuant
- 1325 to Section 45-1-17, is hereby expressly authorized and directed to

1326	determine the equipment and supplies which are adequate and
1327	necessary from both a medical and law enforcement standpoint for
1328	administration of this chapter. The Commissioner of Public
1329	Safety, upon receiving such recommendation from the Mississippi
1330	Forensics Laboratory, shall recommend an equipment standard for
1331	such equipment to the Department of Finance and Administration.
1332	The Department of Finance and Administration, using such a uniform
1333	standard for said equipment, shall advertise its intention of
1334	purchasing said equipment by one (1) publication in at least one
1335	(1) newspaper having general circulation in the State of
1336	Mississippi at least ten (10) days before the purchase of such
1337	equipment and supplies, and the advertisement shall clearly and
1338	distinctly describe the articles to be purchased, and shall
1339	receive sealed bids thereon which shall be opened in public at a
1340	time and place to be specified in the advertisement.
1341	The Department of Finance and Administration shall accept the
1342	lowest and best bid for said equipment and supplies; in its
1343	discretion, it may reject any and all bids submitted. The lowest
1344	and best bid for said equipment and supplies accepted by the
1345	Department of Finance and Administration shall be the
1346	state-approved price of said equipment for purchase by the state,
1347	county and city governments.
1348	Title to all such testing equipment in the state purchased
1349	hereunder shall remain in the Commissioner of Public Safety

regardless of what entity pays the purchase price.

1351	The state, counties and municipalities may purchase in the
1352	name of the Commissioner of Public Safety such equipment and
1353	supplies from other vendors of said equipment and supplies
1354	necessary to implement this chapter, provided they purchase of the
1355	same quality and standard as certified to the Department of
1356	Finance and Administration and approved by the department.
1357	However, such equipment and supplies shall not be purchased by the
1358	state, counties and municipalities unless it is at a price
1359	equivalent to or lower than that approved by the Department of
1360	Finance and Administration, pursuant to the bid procedure as
1361	outlined herein.
1362	SECTION 28. Section 63-1-216, Mississippi Code of 1972, is
1363	brought forward as follows:
1364	63-1-216. (1) (a) A person shall be disqualified from
1365	driving a commercial motor vehicle for a period of one (1) year if
1366	the person's license or permit to drive has been administratively
1367	suspended under Section 63-11-23 or the person has been convicted
1368	of a first violation of:
1369	(i) Operating, attempting to operate, or being in
1370	actual physical control of a commercial motor vehicle on a highway
1371	with an alcohol concentration of four one-hundredths percent
1372	(0.04%) or more, or under the influence as provided in Section

1373 63-11-30;

1374	(ii) Failure to stop and render aid as required
1375	under the laws of this state in the event of a motor vehicle
1376	accident resulting in the death or personal injury of another;
1377	(iii) Using a motor vehicle in the commission of
1378	any offense under state or federal law that is punishable by
1379	imprisonment for a term exceeding one (1) year;
1380	(iv) Refusal to submit to a test to determine the
1381	operator's alcohol concentration, as provided in Title 63, Chapter
1382	11, Mississippi Code of 1972;
1383	(v) Operating, attempting to operate, or being in
1384	actual physical control of a motor vehicle on a highway with an
1385	alcohol concentration of eight one-hundredths percent (0.08%) or
1386	more, or under the influence of intoxicating liquor or other
1387	substance, as provided in Section 63-11-30;
1388	(vi) Operating, attempting to operate, or being in
1389	actual physical control of a motor vehicle on a highway when the
1390	person is under the influence of any other drug or under the
1391	combined influence of alcohol and any other drug to a degree which
1392	renders the person incapable of driving safely as provided in
1393	Section 63-11-30;
1394	(vii) Operating or attempting to operate a
1395	commercial motor vehicle while the license is revoked, suspended,
1396	cancelled, or disqualified;
1397	(viii) Operating a commercial motor vehicle in a

negligent manner resulting in a fatal injury.

1399	(b) A person shall be disqualified from driving a
1400	commercial motor vehicle for three (3) years if convicted of a
1401	violation listed in subsection (1) of this section, if the
1402	violation occurred while transporting a hazardous material
1403	required to be placarded.

- (c) A person shall be disqualified from driving a commercial motor vehicle for life if convicted of two (2) or more violations or a combination of them listed in subsection (1) of this section arising from two (2) or more separate occurrences.
- 1408 (d) A person shall be disqualified from driving a 1409 commercial motor vehicle for a period of sixty (60) days if convicted of two (2) serious traffic violations, or one hundred 1410 1411 twenty (120) days if convicted of three (3) serious traffic violations, arising from separate incidents occurring within a 1412 1413 three-year period. A disqualification for three (3) serious 1414 traffic violations must be imposed consecutively to any other 1415 previous period of disqualification.
- 1416 A person shall be disqualified from driving a 1417 commercial motor vehicle for life if the person uses a motor 1418 vehicle in the commission of any offense under state or federal 1419 law that is punishable by imprisonment for a term exceeding one 1420 (1) year involving the manufacture, distribution, or dispensing of 1421 a regulated drug, or possession with intent to manufacture, 1422 distribute, or dispense a regulated drug and for which the person 1423 was convicted.

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1424	(f) A person who is disqualified from driving a
1425	commercial motor vehicle shall surrender the person's Mississippi
1426	commercial driver's license no later than the effective date of
1427	the disqualification. Upon receipt of the person's commercial
1428	driver's license, that person, if otherwise eligible, may apply
1429	for a non-CDL, and upon payment of sufficient fees receive the
1430	driver's license.

- 1431 (g) The commissioner shall adopt rules establishing
 1432 guidelines, including conditions, under which a disqualification
 1433 for life under this section, except for a disqualification issued
 1434 pursuant to paragraph (e) of this subsection, may be reduced to a
 1435 period of not less than ten (10) years.
- (h) A person shall be disqualified from driving a

 1437 commercial motor vehicle for a period of sixty (60) days if the

 1438 driver is convicted of a first violation of a railroad-highway

 1439 grade crossing violation.
- (i) A person shall be disqualified from driving a

 1441 commercial motor vehicle for a period of one hundred twenty (120)

 1442 days if, during any three-year period, the driver is convicted of

 1443 a second railroad-highway grade crossing violation in a separate

 1444 incident.
- 1445 (j) A person shall be disqualified from driving a

 1446 commercial motor vehicle for a period of one (1) year if, during

 1447 any three-year period, the driver is convicted of a third or

1448	subsequent	railroad-highway	grade	crossing	violation	in	separate
1449	incidents.						

- (k) A person who is simultaneously subject to a

 1451 disqualification issued by the administrator of the Federal Motor

 1452 Carrier Safety Administration pursuant to 49 CFR, Part 383.52 and

 1453 a disqualification under any other provision of this section shall

 1454 serve those disqualification periods concurrently.
- 1455 (2) (a) A person's privilege to operate a commercial motor
 1456 vehicle in the State of Mississippi shall be suspended for one (1)
 1457 year, if:
- (i) The person is convicted of a first violation of operating, attempting to operate or being in actual physical control of a commercial motor vehicle on a highway with an alcohol concentration of four one-hundredths percent (0.04%) or more, or under the influence, as provided in Section 63-11-30; and
- 1463 (ii) The person's commercial driver's license is
 1464 issued by a state or country that does not issue commercial
 1465 driver's licenses and disqualify persons in accordance with 49
 1466 CFR, Parts 383 and 384.
- 1467 (b) A person's privilege to operate a commercial motor
 1468 vehicle in the State of Mississippi shall be suspended for three
 1469 (3) years if the person is convicted of violating subsection (1)
 1470 of this section, and the violation occurred while the person was
 1471 transporting a hazardous material required to be placarded.

1472	(c) A person's privilege to operate a commercial motor
1473	vehicle in the State of Mississippi shall be suspended for life if
1474	the person is convicted a second time of violating subsection (1)
1475	of this section, and both convictions arise out of separate
1476	occurrences.

- (d) A person's privilege to operate a commercial motor vehicle in the State of Mississippi shall be suspended for sixty (60) days if the person is convicted of two (2) serious traffic violations, or for one hundred twenty (120) days if the person is convicted of three (3) serious traffic violations, arising from separate incidents occurring within a three-year period.
 - (e) A person's privilege to operate a commercial motor vehicle in the State of Mississippi shall be suspended for life if the person uses a commercial motor vehicle in the commission of any offense under state or federal law that is punishable by imprisonment for a term exceeding one (1) year, involving the manufacture, distribution, or dispensing of a regulated drug, or possession with intent to manufacture, distribute, or dispense a regulated drug, and for which the person was convicted.
- 1491 (f) In addition to the reasons specified in this
 1492 section for suspension of the commercial driver's license, the
 1493 commissioner shall be authorized to suspend the commercial
 1494 driver's license of any person for being out of compliance with an
 1495 order for support, as defined in Section 93-11-153. The procedure
 1496 for suspension of a commercial driver's license for being out of

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- 1497 compliance with an order for support, and the procedure for the 1498 reissuance or reinstatement of a commercial driver's license suspended for that purpose, and the payment of any fees for the 1499 1500 reissuance or reinstatement of a commercial driver's license 1501 suspended for that purpose, shall be governed by Section 93-11-157 1502 or 93-11-163, as the case may be. If there is any conflict 1503 between any provision of Section 93-11-157 or 93-11-163 and any provision of this article, the provisions of Section 93-11-157 or 1504
- (3) A person shall be disqualified from driving a commercial motor vehicle for life if the person is convicted of any crime under the Mississippi Human Trafficking Act in Section 97-3-54 et seq. or any felony involving a severe form of trafficking in persons, as defined by 22 USC 7102(11).

93-11-163, as the case may be, shall control.

- SECTION 29. Section 63-1-217, Mississippi Code of 1972, is brought forward as follows:
- 1513 63-1-217. A suspension of a person's operating privilege or 1514 license and a disqualification imposed under Section 63-1-216 1515 imposed for the same violation, shall run concurrently.
- 1516 **SECTION 30.** Section 63-1-218, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 1517 brought forward as follows:
- 1518 63-1-218. (1) A disqualification from driving a commercial motor vehicle shall be effective on not less than ten (10) days' notice.

1521	(2)	If r∈	equested,	a	hearing	on	the	disq	[ual	ific	cation	sh	all	be
1522	conducted,	, unde	er Section	n (63-1-53.	Th	e so	cope	of	the	heari	ng	shal	-1
1523	be limited	d to v	erificat:	ioi	n of the	con	vict	tion.						

- 1524 (3) A person aggrieved by a decision resulting from a

 1525 hearing under this section may have the decision reviewed on the

 1526 record. The appeal shall be to the Circuit Court of the First

 1527 Judicial District of Hinds County or, in the discretion of the

 1528 licensee, to the circuit court of the county in which the licensee

 1529 resides or has a principal place of business.
- 1530 **SECTION 31.** Section 63-1-219, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 1531 brought forward as follows:
- 1532 63-1-219. (1) Any person convicted for violating an
 1533 out-of-service order shall be disqualified as follows except as
 1534 provided in subsection (2) of this section:
- 1535 (a) A person shall be disqualified from driving a
 1536 commercial motor vehicle for a period of ninety (90) days if
 1537 convicted of a first violation of an out-of-service order.
- 1538 (b) A person shall be disqualified for a period of one
 1539 (1) year if convicted of a second violation of an out-of-service
 1540 order during any ten-year period, arising from separate incidents.
- 1541 (c) A person shall be disqualified for a period of
 1542 three (3) years if convicted of a third or subsequent violation of
 1543 an out-of-service order during any ten-year period, arising from
 1544 separate incidents.

L545	(2) Any person convicted for violating an out-of-service
L546	order while transporting hazardous materials or while operating a
L547	commercial motor vehicle designed or used to transport sixteen
L548	(16) or more passengers, including the driver, shall be

1549 disqualified as follows:

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- 1550 A person shall be disqualified for a period of one hundred eighty (180) days if convicted of a first violation of an 1551 1552 out-of-service order.
- 1553 A person shall be disqualified for a period of (b) 1554 three (3) years if convicted of a second or subsequent violation 1555 of an out-of-service order during any ten-year period, arising 1556 from separate incidents.
- 1557 SECTION 32. Section 63-1-220, Mississippi Code of 1972, is brought forward as follows: 1558
- 1559 (1) Notwithstanding any other provision of law to 1560 the contrary, any driver who violates or fails to comply with an 1561 out-of-service order is subject to a penalty of One Thousand Five Hundred Dollars (\$1,500.00), in addition to disqualification under 1562 1563 this article.
- 1564 Any employer who violates an out-of-service order, or 1565 who knowingly requires or permits a driver to violate or fail to 1566 comply with an out-of-service order, is subject to a penalty of 1567 Four Thousand Dollars (\$4,000.00).
- 1568 The fine imposed for a speeding violation of a commercial motor vehicle operating in excess of fifteen (15) miles 1569

per hour over the legally posted speed limit on any highway shall be one and one-half (1-1/2) times the fine imposed for a speeding violation in other vehicles.

1573 **SECTION 33.** Section 63-1-224, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 1574 brought forward as follows:

1575 63-1-224. (1) A person who holds a commercial driver's 1576 license and drives a motor vehicle within this state or a person who drives a commercial motor vehicle within this state for which 1577 1578 a commercial learner's permit or a commercial driver's license is required under this article is deemed to have given his consent to 1579 1580 a chemical test or tests of his breath for the purpose of determining the alcohol content of his blood. A person may give 1581 1582 his consent to a chemical test or tests of his blood or urine for the purpose of determining the presence in his body of any other 1583 1584 substance which would impair a person's ability to drive a motor 1585 vehicle.

(2) The tests shall be administered, and all procedures and proceedings relating thereto shall be performed, as nearly as practicable, in accordance with the provisions of the Mississippi Implied Consent Law. However, from and after April 1, 1992, refusal of any such person to submit to such test or a test given which indicates that such person was driving such motor vehicle within this state with any measurable or detectable amount of alcohol in his system or while under the influence of a controlled substance shall require such person to be immediately placed out

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L595	of service for twenty-four (24) hours and shall require suspension
L596	of the commercial driver's license of such person for the
L597	applicable period of time prescribed in this article.

SECTION 34. Section 63-1-225, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 1599 brought forward as follows:

63-1-225. Except as otherwise specifically provided by this article, any violation of this article for which the only penalty under this article is the requirement that the commissioner suspend the commercial learner's permit or commercial driver's license of a person shall not, for the purposes of this article, constitute a criminal offense. However, if a violation of this article also constitutes a criminal offense under the provisions of some other law, then any criminal penalty which may be imposed for violation of such criminal law shall be in addition to suspension of a person's license under this article.

If violation of any law of this state other than a violation of this article requires that the driver's license or driving privileges of a person be suspended, cancelled or revoked, then any suspension, cancellation or revocation imposed for violation of such law shall also result in suspension, revocation or cancellation of the person's commercial learner's permit or commercial driver's license under the provisions of this article for the same period of time and to run concurrently therewith.

If any person is disqualified under the provisions of this article and the violation is not an offense for which a person's

- 1620 driver's license or driving privilege is suspended, revoked or
- 1621 cancelled under the provisions of some law other than the
- 1622 provisions of this article, then the person may apply for and
- 1623 obtain, upon meeting all qualifications as required by law, any
- 1624 type of driver's license other than a commercial driver's license
- 1625 or commercial learner's permit issued under the provisions of this
- 1626 article.
- 1627 **SECTION 35.** Section 99-19-72, Mississippi Code of 1972, is
- 1628 brought forward as follows:
- 1629 99-19-72. (1) A filing fee of One Hundred Fifty Dollars
- 1630 (\$150.00) is hereby levied on each petition to expunge an offense
- 1631 under Section 99-19-71 to be collected by the circuit clerk and
- 1632 distributed as follows:
- 1633 (a) One Hundred Dollars (\$100.00) to be deposited into
- 1634 the Judicial System Operation Fund;
- 1635 (b) Forty Dollars (\$40.00) to be deposited into the
- 1636 District Attorneys Operation Fund; and
- 1637 (c) Ten Dollars (\$10.00) to be retained by the circuit
- 1638 clerk collecting the fee for administration purposes.
- 1639 (2) From and after July 1, 2016, the expenses of district
- 1640 attorneys shall be defrayed by appropriation from the State
- 1641 General Fund and all user charges and fees authorized by
- 1642 paragraphs (a) and (b) of subsection (1) of this section shall be
- 1643 deposited into the State General Fund as authorized by law and as
- 1644 determined by the State Fiscal Officer, and charges and fees

1645	authorized by paragraph (c) of subsection (1) of this section
1646	shall be retained by the circuit clerks for expenditures
1647	authorized by law.
1648	SECTION 36. Section 99-19-73, Mississippi Code of 1972, is
1649	brought forward as follows:
1650	99-19-73. (1) Traffic violations . In addition to any
1651	monetary penalties and any other penalties imposed by law, there
1652	shall be imposed and collected the following state assessment from
1653	each person upon whom a court imposes a fine or other penalty for
1654	any violation in Title 63, Mississippi Code of 1972, except
1655	offenses relating to the Mississippi Implied Consent Law (Section
1656	63-11-1 et seq.) and offenses relating to vehicular parking or
1657	registration:
1037	regiscracion.
1658	FUND AMOUNT
1658	FUND
1658 1659	FUND AMOUNT State Court Education Fund
1658 1659 1660	FUND AMOUNT State Court Education Fund
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1658 1659 1660 1661 1662 1663	FUND State Court Education Fund
1658 1659 1660 1661 1662 1663 1664	FUND AMOUNT State Court Education Fund
1658 1659 1660 1661 1662 1663 1664 1665	FUND AMOUNT State Court Education Fund. [Deleted] State Prosecutor Education Fund. [Deleted] Vulnerable Persons Training, Investigation and Prosecution Trust Fund. [Deleted] Child Support Prosecution Trust Fund. [Deleted] Driver Training Penalty Assessment Fund. [Deleted] Law Enforcement Officers Training Fund. [Deleted]
1658 1659 1660 1661 1662 1663 1664 1665	FUND AMOUNT State Court Education Fund

1670	Law Enforcement Officers and Fire Fighters
1671	Death Benefits Trust Fund[Deleted]
1672	Law Enforcement Officers and Fire Fighters
1673	Disability Benefits Trust Fund[Deleted]
1674	State Prosecutor Compensation Fund for the purpose
1675	of providing additional compensation for
1676	district attorneys and their legal assistants[Deleted]
1677	Crisis Intervention Mental Health Fund[Deleted]
1678	Intervention Court Fund[Deleted]
1679	Judicial Performance Fund[Deleted]
1680	Capital Defense Counsel Fund[Deleted]
1681	Indigent Appeals Fund[Deleted]
1682	Capital Post-Conviction Counsel Fund[Deleted]
1683	Victims of Domestic Violence Fund[Deleted]
1684	Public Defenders Education Fund[Deleted]
1685	Domestic Violence Training Fund[Deleted]
1686	Attorney General's Cyber Crime Unit[Deleted]
1687	Children's Safe Center Fund[Deleted]
1688	DuBard School for Language Disorders Fund[Deleted]
1689	Children's Advocacy Centers Fund[Deleted]
1690	Judicial System Operation Fund[Deleted]
1691	GENERAL FUND\$ 90.50
1692	(2) Implied Consent Law violations. In addition to any
1693	monetary penalties and any other penalties imposed by law, there
1694	shall be imposed and collected the following state assessment from

1695	each person upon whom a court imposes a fine or any other penalty
1696	for any violation of the Mississippi Implied Consent Law (Section
1697	63-11-1 et seq.):
1698	FUND
1699	Crime Victims' Compensation Fund[Deleted]
1700	State Court Education Fund[Deleted]
1701	State Prosecutor Education Fund[Deleted]
1702	Vulnerable Persons Training,
1703	Investigation and Prosecution Trust Fund[Deleted]
1704	Child Support Prosecution Trust Fund[Deleted]
1705	Driver Training Penalty Assessment Fund[Deleted]
1706	Law Enforcement Officers Training Fund[Deleted]
1707	Emergency Medical Services Operating Fund[Deleted]
1708	Mississippi Alcohol Safety Education Program Fund[Deleted]
1709	Federal-State Alcohol Program Fund[Deleted]
1710	Mississippi Forensics Laboratory
1711	Implied Consent Law Fund[Deleted]
1712	Spinal Cord and Head Injury Trust Fund[Deleted]
1713	Capital Defense Counsel Fund[Deleted]
1714	Indigent Appeals Fund[Deleted]
1715	Capital Post-Conviction Counsel Fund[Deleted]
1716	Victims of Domestic Violence Fund[Deleted]
1717	Law Enforcement Officers and Fire Fighters
1718	Death Benefits Trust Fund[Deleted]
1719	Law Enforcement Officers and Fire Fighters

1720	Disability Benefits Trust Fund[Deleted]
1721	State Prosecutor Compensation Fund for the purpose
1722	of providing additional compensation for
1723	district attorneys and their legal assistants[Deleted]
1724	Crisis Intervention Mental Health Fund[Deleted]
1725	Intervention Court Fund[Deleted]
1726	Statewide Victims' Information and
1727	Notification System Fund[Deleted]
1728	Public Defenders Education Fund[Deleted]
1729	Domestic Violence Training Fund[Deleted]
1730	Attorney General's Cyber Crime Unit[Deleted]
1731	GENERAL FUND\$ 243.50
1732	(3) Game and Fish Law violations. In addition to any
1733	monetary penalties and any other penalties imposed by law, there
1734	shall be imposed and collected the following state assessment from
1735	each person upon whom a court imposes a fine or other penalty for
1736	any violation of the game and fish statutes or regulations of this
1737	state:
1738	FUND
1739	State Court Education Fund[Deleted]
1740	State Prosecutor Education Fund[Deleted]
1741	Vulnerable Persons Training,
1742	Investigation and Prosecution Trust Fund[Deleted]
1743	Law Enforcement Officers Training Fund[Deleted]
1744	Hunter Education and Training Program Fund[Deleted]

1745	Law Enforcement Officers and Fire Fighters
1746	Death Benefits Trust Fund[Deleted]
1747	Law Enforcement Officers and Fire Fighters
1748	Disability Benefits Trust Fund[Deleted]
1749	State Prosecutor Compensation Fund for the purpose
1750	of providing additional compensation for district
1751	attorneys and their legal assistants[Deleted]
1752	Crisis Intervention Mental Health Fund[Deleted]
1753	Intervention Court Fund[Deleted]
1754	Capital Defense Counsel Fund[Deleted]
1755	Indigent Appeals Fund[Deleted]
1756	Capital Post-Conviction Counsel Fund[Deleted]
1757	Victims of Domestic Violence Fund[Deleted]
1758	Public Defenders Education Fund[Deleted]
1759	Domestic Violence Training Fund[Deleted]
1760	Attorney General's Cyber Crime Unit[Deleted]
1761	GENERAL FUND\$ 89.00
1762	(4) [Deleted]
1763	(5) Speeding, reckless and careless driving violations. In
1764	addition to any assessment imposed under subsection (1) or (2) of
1765	this section, there shall be imposed and collected the following
1766	state assessment from each person upon whom a court imposes a fine
1767	or other penalty for driving a vehicle on a road or highway:
1768	(a) At a speed that exceeds the posted speed limit by

1769	at least ten (10) miles per hour but not more than twenty (20)
1770	miles per hour\$10.00
1771	(b) At a speed that exceeds the posted speed limit by
1772	at least twenty (20) miles per hour but not more than thirty (30)
1773	miles per hour\$20.00
1774	(c) At a speed that exceeds the posted speed limit by
1775	thirty (30) miles per hour or more\$30.00
1776	(d) In violation of Section 63-3-1201, which is the
1777	offense of reckless driving\$10.00
1778	(e) In violation of Section 63-3-1213, which is the
1779	offense of careless driving\$10.00
1780	All assessments collected under this subsection shall be
1781	deposited into the State General Fund.
1782	(6) Other misdemeanors. In addition to any monetary
1783	penalties and any other penalties imposed by law, there shall be
1784	imposed and collected the following state assessment from each
1785	person upon whom a court imposes a fine or other penalty for any
1786	misdemeanor violation not specified in subsection (1), (2) or (3)
1787	of this section, except offenses relating to vehicular parking or
1788	registration:
1789	FUND
1790	Crime Victims' Compensation Fund[Deleted]
1791	State Court Education Fund[Deleted]
1792	State Prosecutor Education Fund[Deleted]
1793	Vulnerable Persons Training, Investigation

1794	and Prosecution Trust Fund[Deleted]
1795	Child Support Prosecution Trust Fund[Deleted]
1796	Law Enforcement Officers Training Fund[Deleted]
1797	Capital Defense Counsel Fund[Deleted]
1798	Indigent Appeals Fund[Deleted]
1799	Capital Post-Conviction Counsel Fund[Deleted]
1800	Victims of Domestic Violence Fund[Deleted]
1801	State Crime Stoppers Fund[Deleted]
1802	Law Enforcement Officers and Fire Fighters
1803	Death Benefits Trust Fund[Deleted]
1804	Law Enforcement Officers and Fire Fighters
1805	Disability Benefits Trust Fund[Deleted]
1806	State Prosecutor Compensation Fund for the purpose
1807	of providing additional compensation for
1808	district attorneys and their legal assistants[Deleted]
1809	Crisis Intervention Mental Health Fund[Deleted]
1810	Intervention Court Fund[Deleted]
1811	Judicial Performance Fund[Deleted]
1812	Statewide Victims' Information and
1813	
	Notification System Fund[Deleted]
1814	Notification System Fund
1814 1815	
	Public Defenders Education Fund[Deleted]
1815	Public Defenders Education Fund

1819	Civil Legal Assistance Fund[Deleted]
1820	Justice Court Collections Fund[Deleted]
1821	Municipal Court Collections Fund[Deleted]
1822	GENERAL FUND\$121.75
1823	(7) Other felonies. In addition to any monetary penalties
1824	and any other penalties imposed by law, there shall be imposed and
1825	collected the following state assessment from each person upon
1826	whom a court imposes a fine or other penalty for any felony
1827	violation not specified in subsection (1) , (2) or (3) of this
1828	section:
1829	FUND
1830	Crime Victims' Compensation Fund[Deleted]
1831	State Court Education Fund[Deleted]
1832	State Prosecutor Education Fund[Deleted]
1833	Vulnerable Persons Training, Investigation
1834	and Prosecution Trust Fund[Deleted]
1835	Child Support Prosecution Trust Fund[Deleted]
1836	Law Enforcement Officers Training Fund[Deleted]
1837	Capital Defense Counsel Fund[Deleted]
1838	Indigent Appeals Fund[Deleted]
1839	Capital Post-Conviction Counsel Fund[Deleted]
1840	Victims of Domestic Violence Fund[Deleted]
1841	Criminal Justice Fund[Deleted]
1842	Law Enforcement Officers and Fire Fighters
1843	Death Benefits Trust Fund[Deleted]

1844	Law Enforcement Officers and Fire Fighters
1845	Disability Benefits Trust Fund[Deleted]
1846	State Prosecutor Compensation Fund for the purpose
1847	of providing additional compensation for
1848	district attorneys and their legal assistants[Deleted]
1849	Crisis Intervention Mental Health Fund[Deleted]
1850	Intervention Court Fund[Deleted]
1851	Statewide Victims' Information and
1852	Notification System Fund[Deleted]
1853	Public Defenders Education Fund[Deleted]
1854	Domestic Violence Training Fund[Deleted]
1855	Attorney General's Cyber Crime Unit[Deleted]
1856	Forensics Laboratory DNA Identification System Fund[Deleted]
1857	GENERAL FUND\$ 280.50
1858	(8) Additional assessments on certain violations:
1859	(a) Railroad crossing violations. In addition to any
1860	monetary penalties and any other penalties imposed by law, there
1861	shall be imposed and collected the following state assessment in
1862	addition to all other state assessments due under this section
1863	from each person upon whom a court imposes a fine or other penalty
1864	for any violation involving railroad crossings under Section
1865	37-41-55, 63-3-1007, 63-3-1009, 63-3-1011, 63-3-1013 or 77-9-249:
1866	Operation Lifesaver Fund\$25.00
1867	(b) Drug violations. In addition to any monetary
1868	penalties and any other penalties imposed by law, there shall be

1869	imposed and collected the following state assessment in addition
1870	to all other state assessments due under this section from each
1871	person upon whom a court imposes a fine or other penalty for any
1872	violation of Section 41-29-139:
1873	Drug Evidence Disposition Fund\$25.00
1874	Mississippi Foster Care Fund\$2.00
1875	(c) Motor vehicle liability insurance violations. In
1876	addition to any monetary penalties and any other penalties imposed
1877	by law, there shall be imposed and collected the following state
1878	assessment in addition to all other state assessments due under
1879	this section from each person upon whom a court imposes a fine or
1880	other penalty for any violation of Section 63-15-4(4) or Section
1881	63-16-13(1):
1882	Uninsured Motorist Identification Fund:
1883	First offense\$200.00
1884	Second offense\$300.00
1885	Third or subsequent offense\$400.00
1886	(9) If a fine or other penalty imposed is suspended, in
1887	whole or in part, such suspension shall not affect the state
1888	assessment under this section. No state assessment imposed under
1889	the provisions of this section may be suspended or reduced by the
1890	court.
1891	(10) (a) After a determination by the court of the amount
1892	due, it shall be the duty of the clerk of the court to promptly
1893	collect all state assessments imposed under the provisions of this

1894 section. The state assessments imposed under the provisions of 1895 this section may not be paid by personal check.

- 1896 It shall be the duty of the chancery clerk of each 1897 county to deposit all state assessments collected in the circuit, 1898 county and justice courts in the county on a monthly basis with 1899 the State Treasurer pursuant to appropriate procedures established 1900 by the State Auditor. The chancery clerk shall make a monthly 1901 lump-sum deposit of the total state assessments collected in the 1902 circuit, county and justice courts in the county under this 1903 section, and shall report to the Department of Finance and Administration the total number of violations under each 1904 1905 subsection for which state assessments were collected in the 1906 circuit, county and justice courts in the county during that 1907 month.
- It shall be the duty of the municipal clerk of each 1908 1909 municipality to deposit all the state assessments collected in the 1910 municipal court in the municipality on a monthly basis with the 1911 State Treasurer pursuant to appropriate procedures established by 1912 the State Auditor. The municipal clerk shall make a monthly 1913 lump-sum deposit of the total state assessments collected in the 1914 municipal court in the municipality under this section, and shall 1915 report to the Department of Finance and Administration the total number of violations under each subsection for which state 1916 1917 assessments were collected in the municipal court in the 1918 municipality during that month.

1919	(11) It shall be the duty of the Department of Finance and
1920	Administration to deposit on a monthly basis all state assessments
1921	into the State General Fund or proper special fund in the State
1922	Treasury. The Department of Finance and Administration shall
1923	issue regulations providing for the proper allocation of these
1924	funds.

- (12) The State Auditor shall establish by regulation procedures for refunds of state assessments, including refunds associated with assessments imposed before July 1, 1990, and refunds after appeals in which the defendant's conviction is reversed. The Auditor shall provide in the regulations for certification of eligibility for refunds and may require the defendant seeking a refund to submit a verified copy of a court order or abstract by which the defendant is entitled to a refund. All refunds of state assessments shall be made in accordance with the procedures established by the Auditor.
- **SECTION 37.** This act shall take effect and be in force from 1936 and after July 1, 2025.