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H. B. No. 1234

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By: Representatives Brown, Clark, Butler-Washington, Summers, James-Jones, Banks, Bell (65th), Crudup, Faulkner, Gibbs (36th), Harness, Holloway (76th), Hulum, Jackson (11th), Jackson (45th), Johnson, Mickens, Porter, Thompson

To: Education

HOUSE BILL NO. 1234

1 AN ACT TO REQUIRE THE STATE BOARD OF EDUCATION TO DEVELOP A 2 CIVICS CURRICULUM TO BE TAUGHT IN THE PUBLIC MIDDLE AND HIGH 3 SCHOOLS; TO PRESCRIBE THE MINIMUM COMPONENTS OF THE CURRICULUM; AND FOR RELATED PURPOSES. 5 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MISSISSIPPI: 6 SECTION 1. The State Board of Education shall develop a 7 civics curriculum to be incorporated into the existing curriculum mandated for all public middle and high schools. The civics 8 9 curriculum must be designed to provide students with the knowledge 10 and social skills that are critical to the responsibilities of citizenship in the constitutional democracy of the United States. 11 12 The board shall require each school district to implement the civics curriculum in the 2026-2027 school year. At a minimum the 13 14 curriculum shall focus on the knowledge, understanding and skills necessary for living as an individual citizen within the sovereign 15 democracy of the United States, social awareness and personal life 16 17 management skills. The objectives must require the teaching of those skills essential to the National Standards for Civics and 18

Government and must include instruction in the following:

21	significant and enduring inquiries that engage the thoughts of
22	every citizen, including:
23	(i) Civic life, politics and government;
24	(ii) The foundations of the American political
25	system;
26	(iii) Government as established by the
27	Constitution and purposes, values and principles of American
28	democracy it embodies;
29	(iv) The relationship of the United States to
30	other nations and to world affairs; and
31	(v) The roles of citizens in American democracy;
32	(b) Intellectual and participatory civic skills of
33	citizenship to freely exercise one's rights and discharge of
34	responsibilities as members of self-governing communities, in
35	addition to the ability to think critically about a political
36	issue, its history, its contemporary relevance, as well as command
37	of a set of intellectual tools or considerations useful in dealing
38	with such an issue; and
39	(c) Civic dispositions, which are traits of private
40	and public character essential to the maintenance and improvement
41	of constitutional democracy, which include:

Civic knowledge which embodies the form of five

(i)

Becoming an independent member of society,

adhering voluntarily to self-imposed standards of behavior rather

than requiring the imposition of external controls, accepting

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46	fulfilling the moral and legal obligations of membership in a
47	democratic society;
48	(ii) Assuming the personal, political, and
49	economic responsibilities of a citizen, including:
50	1. Taking care of one's self, supporting
51	one's family by caring for, nurturing and educating one's
52	children;
53	2. Being informed about public issues;
54	<pre>3. Voting;</pre>
55	4. Paying taxes;
56	5. Serving on juries;
57	6. Performing public service; and
58	7. Serving in leadership positions
59	commensurate with one's talents;
60	(iii) Respecting individual worth and human
61	dignity by acknowledging the opinions of others, behaving in a
62	civil manner, considering the rights and interests of fellow
63	citizens, and adhering to the principle of majority rule but

responsibility for the consequences of one's actions and

thoughtful and effective manner including:

participating in public debate;

recognizing the right of the minority to dissent;

(iv) Participating in civic affairs in a

1. Becoming informed prior to voting or

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2. Engaging in civil and reflective
discourse;
3. Assuming leadership when appropriate;
4. Evaluating whether and when one's
obligations as a citizen require that personal desires and
interests be subordinated to the public good; and
5. Evaluating whether and when one's
obligations or constitutional principles obligate one to reject
certain civic expectations; and
(v) Promoting the healthy functioning of
constitutional democracy, which entails:
1. Being informed and attentive to public
affairs;
2. Learning about and deliberating on
constitutional values and principles;
3. Monitoring the adherence of political
leaders and public agencies to those values and principles; and
4. Taking appropriate action if adherence is
lacking.
SECTION 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from

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and after July 1, 2025.