By: Representatives Karriem, Blackmon

To: Workforce Development;
Business and Commerce

## HOUSE BILL NO. 740

- AN ACT TO CREATE THE "MISSISSIPPI MINIMUM WAGE LAW"; TO
  ESTABLISH THE STATE MINIMUM WAGE AT \$15.00 PER HOUR; TO PROVIDE
  THAT EMPLOYERS WITH TIPPED EMPLOYEES ARE EXEMPT FROM THE
  REQUIREMENT TO PAY THE STATE MINIMUM WAGE; TO ESTABLISH GUIDELINES
  FOR EMPLOYEES ENTITLED TO OVERTIME PAY; TO BRING FORWARD SECTIONS
  7-7-204, 17-1-51, 23-15-239, 25-3-40, 37-7-307, 57-34-5, 85-3-4,
  97-3-54.4 AND 99-19-20, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, FOR PURPOSES OF
  POSSIBLE AMENDMENT; AND FOR RELATED PURPOSES.
- 9 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MISSISSIPPI:
- 10 <u>SECTION 1.</u> This act shall be known and may be cited as the 11 "Mississippi Minimum Wage Act."
- 12 <u>SECTION 2.</u> (1) As used in this section, the following words 13 and phrases shall have the following meanings, unless the context
- 15 (a) "Tipped employee" means any employee engaged in an 16 occupation in which the employee customarily and regularly
- 17 receives more than Thirty Dollars (\$30.00) a month in tips.
- 18 (b) "Manual laborers" and "blue collar" workers mean
- 19 workers who perform work involving repetitive operations with
- 20 their hands, physical skill and energy. They gain the skills and

clearly requires otherwise:

- 21 knowledge required for performance of their routine manual and
- 22 physical work through apprenticeships and on-the-job training.
- 23 (2) Every employer shall pay each of his or her employees
- 24 wages at the rate of not less than Fifteen Dollars (\$15.00) per
- 25 hour, except as otherwise provided in this section.
- 26 (3) Every employer shall pay each of his or her tipped
- 27 employees wages at the rate of not less than Three Dollars
- 28 Sixty-two Cents (\$3.62) per hour.
- 29 (4) The overtime pay standard requires that overtime must be
- 30 compensated at a rate not less than one and one-half (1-1/2) times
- 31 the regular rate at which the employee is actually employed. The
- 32 regular rate of pay at which the employee is employed may in no
- 33 event be less than the statutory minimum wage rate established in
- 34 this section. All employees who receive Four Hundred Fifty-five
- 35 Dollars (\$455.00) or less per week, or equivalent amounts for
- 36 periods of pay longer than one (1) week, shall be entitled to
- 37 receive overtime pay. Additionally, the following people shall
- 38 not be exempt from receiving overtime pay, regardless of their
- 39 salary:
- 40 (a) Manual laborers or other blue collar workers;
- 41 (b) Police officers, detectives, deputy sheriffs, state
- 42 troopers, highway patrol officers, investigators, inspectors,
- 43 correctional officers, parole or probation officers, park rangers,
- 44 firefighters, paramedics, emergency medical technicians, ambulance
- 45 personnel, rescue workers, hazardous materials workers and similar

- 46 employees who perform work such as preventing, controlling or
- 47 extinguishing fires of any type; rescuing fire, crime or accident
- 48 victims; preventing or detecting crimes; conducting investigations
- 49 or inspections for violations of law; performing surveillance;
- 50 pursuing, restraining and apprehending suspects; detaining or
- 51 supervising suspected and convicted criminals, including those on
- 52 probation or parole; interviewing witnesses; interrogating and
- 53 fingerprinting suspects; preparing investigative reports; or other
- 54 similar work;
- (c) Any employee whose primary duty is not management
- of the entity in which the employee is employed;
- 57 (d) Any employee whose primary duty is not the
- 58 performance of work directly related to the management or general
- 59 business operations of the employer or the employer's customers;
- 60 and
- 61 (e) Any employee whose primary duty is not the
- 62 performance of work requiring knowledge of an advanced type in a
- 63 field of science or learning customarily acquired by a prolonged
- 64 course of specialized intellectual instruction or the performance
- 65 of work requiring invention, imagination, originality or talent in
- 66 a recognized field of artistic or creative endeavor.
- 67 (5) Employers and employees who are not specifically
- 68 mentioned in this section shall fall under the purview of the Fair
- 69 Labor Standards Act.

- 70 **SECTION 3.** Section 7-7-204, Mississippi Code of 1972, is
- 71 brought forward as follows:
- 72 7-7-204. (1) Within the limits of the funds available to
- 73 the Office of the State Auditor for such purpose, the State
- 74 Auditor may grant a paid internship to students pursuing junior or
- 75 senior undergraduate-level year coursework toward a bachelor's
- 76 degree in accounting or graduate-level coursework toward a
- 77 master's degree in accounting. Those applicants deemed qualified
- 78 shall receive funds that may be used to pay for tuition, books and
- 79 related fees to pursue their degree. It is the intent of the
- 80 Legislature that the paid internship program (hereinafter referred
- 81 to as the program) shall be used as an incentive for accounting
- 82 students to develop job-related skills and to encourage accounting
- 83 careers at the Office of the State Auditor.
- 84 (2) In order to be eligible for the program, an applicant
- 85 must:
- 86 (a) Attend any college or school approved and
- 87 designated by the Office of the State Auditor.
- 88 (b) Satisfy the following conditions:
- (i) Undergraduate stipulations: Applicants must
- 90 have successfully obtained a minimum of fifty-eight (58) semester
- 91 hours toward a bachelor of science degree in accounting from a
- 92 Mississippi institution of higher learning.

93	Applicants must have achieved a minimum grade point average
94	(GPA) on the previously obtained semester hours toward a bachelor
95	of science degree in accounting of 3.0 on a 4.0 scale.

- If accepted into the program, participants shall maintain a minimum cumulative GPA of 3.0 on a 4.0 scale in all coursework counted toward a bachelor of science degree in accounting.
- 99 (ii) Graduate stipulations: Applicants must have
  100 met the regular admission standards and have been accepted into
  101 the master of science accounting program at a Mississippi
  102 institution of higher learning.
- If accepted into the program, participants shall maintain a minimum cumulative GPA of 3.0 on a 4.0 scale in all coursework counted toward a master of science degree in accounting.
- 106 (c) All program participants will be required to work a
  107 total of three hundred thirty-six (336) hours each summer at the
  108 Office of the State Auditor in Jackson, Mississippi.
- (d) Agree to work as an auditor at the Office of the

  State Auditor upon graduation for a period of time equivalent to

  the period of time for which the applicant receives compensation,

  calculated to the nearest whole month, but in no event less than

  two (2) years.
- 114 (3) (a) Before being placed into the program, each
  115 applicant shall enter into a contract with the Office of the State
  116 Auditor, which shall be deemed a contract with the State of
  117 Mississippi, agreeing to the terms and conditions upon which the

internship shall be granted to him. The contract shall include such terms and provisions necessary to carry out the full purpose

120 and intent of this section. The form of such contract shall be

121 prepared and approved by the Attorney General of this state, and

122 shall be signed by the State Auditor of the Office of the State

123 Auditor and the participant.

124 (b) Upon entry into the program, participants will

become employees of the Office of the State Auditor during their

126 time in the program and shall be eligible for benefits such as

127 medical insurance paid by the agency for the participant; however,

in accordance with Section 25-11-105II(b), those participants

129 shall not become members of the Public Employees' Retirement

130 System while participating in the program. Participants shall not

131 accrue personal or major medical leave while they are in the

132 program.

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133 (c) The Office of the State Auditor shall have the

authority to cancel any contract made between it and any program

participant upon such cause being deemed sufficient by the State

136 Auditor.

137 (d) The Office of the State Auditor is vested with full

138 and complete authority and power to sue in its own name any

139 participant for any damages due the state on any such uncompleted

140 contract, which suit shall be filed and handled by the Attorney

141 General of the state. The Office of the State Auditor may

142 contract with a collection agency or banking institution, subject

143 to approval by the Attorney General, for collection of any damages 144 due the state from any participant. The State of Mississippi, the Office of the State Auditor and its employees are immune from any 145 suit brought in law or equity for actions taken by the collection 146 147 agency or banking institution incidental to or arising from their 148 performance under the contract. The Office of the State Auditor, collection agency and banking institution may negotiate for the 149 150 payment of a sum that is less than full payment in order to 151 satisfy any damages the participant owes the state, subject to 152 approval by the director of the sponsoring facility within the 153 Office of the State Auditor.

(4) (a) Any recipient who is accepted into the program by the Mississippi Office of the State Auditor and who fails to complete undergraduate— or graduate—level coursework toward a degree in accounting, or withdraws from school at any time before completing his or her education, shall be liable to repay the Office of the State Auditor for all monies received during the time the recipient was in the program, at the rate of pay received by the employee while in the program, including benefits paid by the agency for the participant, and monies received for tuition, books and related fees used to pursue their degree with interest accruing at ten percent (10%) per annum from the date the recipient failed or withdrew from school. The recipient also will not be liable for repayment for any money earned during the

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- required summer hours. This money shall be considered earned by
  the recipient at the federal minimum wage rate.
- 169 All paid internship compensation received by the 170 recipient while in school shall be considered earned conditioned 171 upon the fulfillment of the terms and obligations of the paid 172 internship contract and this section. However, no recipient of the paid internship shall accrue personal or major medical leave 173 174 while the recipient is pursuing junior or senior 175 undergraduate-level year coursework toward a bachelor's degree in accounting or graduate-level coursework toward a master's degree 176

in accounting. The recipient shall not be liable for liquidated

179 If the recipient does not work as an auditor at the 180 Office of the State Auditor for the period required under 181 subsection (2)(d) of this section, the recipient shall be liable 182 for repayment on demand of the remaining portion of the 183 compensation that the recipient was paid while in the program 184 which has not been unconditionally earned, with interest accruing 185 at ten percent (10%) per annum from the recipient's date of 186 graduation or the date that the recipient last worked at the 187 Office of the State Auditor, whichever is the later date. 188 addition, there shall be included in any contract for paid student 189 internship a provision for liquidated damages equal to Five 190 Thousand Dollars (\$5,000.00) which may be reduced on a pro rata

basis for each year served under such contract.

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damages.

- 192 **SECTION 4.** Section 17-1-51, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 193 brought forward as follows:
- 194 17-1-51. (1) No county, board of supervisors of a county,
- 195 municipality or governing authority of a municipality is
- 196 authorized to establish a mandatory, minimum living wage rate,
- 197 minimum number of vacation or sick days, whether paid or unpaid,
- 198 that would regulate how a private employer pays its employees.
- 199 Each county, board of supervisors of a county, municipality or
- 200 governing authority of a municipality shall be prohibited from
- 201 establishing a mandatory, minimum living wage rate, minimum number
- 202 of vacation or sick days, whether paid or unpaid, that would
- 203 regulate how a private employer pays its employees.
- 204 (2) The Legislature finds that the prohibitions of
- 205 subsection (1) of this section are necessary to ensure an economic
- 206 climate conducive to new business development and job growth in
- 207 the State of Mississippi. We believe that inconsistent
- 208 application of wage and benefit laws from city to city or county
- 209 to county must be avoided. While not suggesting a state minimum
- 210 wage or minimum benefit package, any debate and subsequent action
- 211 on these matters should be assigned to the Mississippi Legislature
- 212 as provided in Section 25-3-40, and not local counties or
- 213 municipalities.
- 214 (3) The Legislature further finds that wages and employee
- 215 benefits comprise the most significant expense of operating a
- 216 business. It also recognizes that neither potential employees or

217 business patrons are likely to restrict themselves to employment 218 opportunities or goods and services in any particular county or 219 municipality. Consequently, local variations in legally required 220 minimum wage rates or mandatory minimum number of vacation or sick 221 leave days would threaten many businesses with a loss of employees 222 to local governments which require a higher minimum wage rate and 223 many other businesses with the loss of patrons to areas which 224 allow for a lower wage rate and more or less vacation or sick 225 days. The net effect of this situation would be detrimental to the business environment of the state and to the citizens, 226 227 businesses and governments of the local jurisdictions as well as 228 the local labor markets.

(4) The Legislature concludes from these findings that, in order for a business to remain competitive and yet attract and retain the highest possible caliber of employees, and thereby remain sound, an enterprise must work in a uniform environment with respect to minimum wage rates, and mandatory minimum number of vacation or sick leave days. The net impact of local variations in mandated wages and mandatory minimum number of vacation or sick leave days would be economically unstable and create a decline and decrease in the standard of living for the citizens of the state. Consequently, decisions regarding minimum wage, living wage and other employee benefit policies must be made by the state as provided in Section 25-3-40, so that consistency in the wage market is preserved.

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SECTION 5. Section 23-15-239, Mississippi Code of 1972, is brought forward as follows:

244 23-15-239. (1) The executive committee of each county, in the case of a primary election, or the election commissioners of 245 246 each county, in the case of all other elections, in conjunction 247 with the circuit clerk, shall, in the years in which counties 248 conduct an election, sponsor and conduct, not less than five (5) days before each election, not less than four (4) hours and not 249 250 more than eight (8) hours of poll manager training to instruct 251 poll managers as to their duties in the proper administration of 252 the election and the operation of the polling place. Any poll 253 manager who completes the online training course provided by the 254 Secretary of State shall only be required to complete two (2) 255 hours of in-person poll manager training. No poll manager shall 256 serve in any election unless he or she has received these 257 instructions once during the twelve (12) months immediately 258 preceding the date upon which the election is held; however, 259 nothing in this section shall prevent the appointment of an 260 alternate poll manager to fill a vacancy in case of an emergency. 261 The county executive committee or the election commissioners, as 262 appropriate, shall train a sufficient number of alternates to 263 serve in the event a poll manager is unable to serve for any 264 reason.

265 (2) (a) If it is eligible under Section 23-15-266, the 266 county executive committee may enter into a written agreement with 267 the circuit clerk or the county election commission authorizing 268 the circuit clerk or the county election commission to perform any 269 of the duties required of the county executive committee pursuant 270 to this section. Any agreement entered into pursuant to this 271 subsection shall be signed by the chair of the county executive 272 committee and the circuit clerk or the chair of the county 273 election commission, as appropriate. The county executive 274 committee shall notify the state executive committee and the 275 Secretary of State of the existence of the agreement.

- municipal executive committee may enter into a written agreement with the municipal clerk or the municipal election commission authorizing the municipal clerk or the municipal election commission to perform any of the duties required of the municipal executive committee pursuant to this section. Any agreement entered into pursuant to this subsection shall be signed by the chair of the municipal executive committee and the municipal clerk or the chair of the municipal election commission, as appropriate. The municipal executive committee shall notify the state executive committee and the Secretary of State of the existence of the agreement.
- 288 (3) The board of supervisors and the municipal governing
  289 authority, in their discretion, may compensate poll managers who
  290 attend these training sessions. The compensation shall be at a
  291 rate of not less than the federal hourly minimum wage and not more

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- than Twenty Dollars (\$20.00) per hour. Poll managers shall not be compensated for more than sixteen (16) hours of attendance at the training sessions regardless of the actual amount of time that they attended the training sessions.
- 296 (4)The time and location of the training sessions required 297 pursuant to this section shall be announced to the general public 298 by posting a notice thereof at the courthouse and by delivering a 299 copy of the notice to the office of a newspaper having general 300 circulation in the county five (5) days before the date upon which 301 the training session is to be conducted. Persons who will serve 302 as poll watchers for candidates and political parties, as well as 303 members of the general public, shall be allowed to attend the 304 sessions.
  - (5) Subject to the following annual limitations, the election commissioners shall be entitled to receive a per diem in the amount of One Hundred Ten Dollars (\$110.00), to be paid from the county general fund, for every day or period of no less than five (5) hours accumulated over two (2) or more days actually employed in the performance of their duties for the necessary time spent in conducting training sessions as required by this section:
- 312 (a) In counties having less than fifteen thousand 313 (15,000) residents according to the latest federal decennial 314 census, not more than five (5) days per year;
- 315 (b) In counties having fifteen thousand (15,000)
  316 residents according to the latest federal decennial census but

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317 ]	less tha	n thirt <sup>,</sup>	v thousand	(30,000)	residents	according	to	the
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- 318 latest federal decennial census, not more than eight (8) days per
- 319 year;
- 320 (c) In counties having thirty thousand (30,000)
- 321 residents according to the latest federal decennial census but
- 322 less than seventy thousand (70,000) residents according to the
- 323 latest federal decennial census, not more than ten (10) days per
- 324 year;
- 325 (d) In counties having seventy thousand (70,000)
- 326 residents according to the latest federal decennial census but
- 327 less than ninety thousand (90,000) residents according to the
- 328 latest federal decennial census, not more than twelve (12) days
- 329 per year;
- 330 (e) In counties having ninety thousand (90,000)
- 331 residents according to the latest federal decennial census but
- 332 less than one hundred seventy thousand (170,000) residents
- 333 according to the latest federal decennial census, not more than
- 334 fifteen (15) days per year;
- 335 (f) In counties having one hundred seventy thousand
- 336 (170,000) residents according to the latest federal decennial
- 337 census but less than two hundred thousand (200,000) residents
- 338 according to the latest federal decennial census, not more than
- 339 eighteen (18) days per year;
- 340 (g) In counties having two hundred thousand (200,000)
- 341 residents according to the latest federal decennial census but

342	less	than	two	hundred	twenty-five	thousand	(225,000	) residents

- 343 according to the latest federal decennial census, not more than
- 344 nineteen (19) days per year;
- 345 (h) In counties having two hundred twenty-five thousand
- 346 (225,000) residents or more according to the latest federal
- 347 decennial census, not more than twenty-two (22) days per year.
- 348 (6) Election commissioners shall claim the per diem
- 349 authorized in subsection (5) of this section in the manner
- 350 provided for in Section 23-15-153(6).
- 351 (7) (a) To provide poll manager training, the Secretary of
- 352 State has developed a single, comprehensive poll manager training
- 353 program to ensure uniform, secure elections throughout the state.
- 354 The program includes online training on all state and federal
- 355 election laws and procedures and voting machine opening and
- 356 closing procedures.
- 357 (b) County poll managers who individually access and
- 358 complete the online training program, including all skills
- 359 assessments, at least five (5) days before an election shall be
- 360 defined as "certified poll managers," and entitled to a
- 361 "Certificate of Completion."
- 362 (c) At least one (1) certified poll manager shall be
- 363 appointed by the county election officials to work in each polling
- 364 place in the county during each general election.

- 365 **SECTION 6.** Section 25-3-40, Mississippi Code of 1972, is
- 366 brought forward as follows:

367	25-3-40. On July 1, 1978, and each year thereafter, the
368	Mississippi Compensation Plan shall be amended to provide salary
369	increases in such amounts and percentages as might be recommended
370	by the Legislative Budget Office and as may be authorized by funds
371	appropriated by the Legislature for the purpose of granting
372	incentive salary increases as deemed possible dependent upon the
373	availability of general and special funds.

It is hereby declared to be the intent of the Mississippi Legislature to implement the minimum wage as enacted by statutory law of the United States Congress subject to funds being available for that purpose. It is the intent and purpose of this section to maximize annual salary increases consistent with the availability of funds as might be determined by the Mississippi Legislature at its regular annual session and that all salary increases hereafter be made consistent with the provisions of this section.

382 **SECTION 7.** Section 37-7-307, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 383 brought forward as follows:

384 37-7-307. (1) For purposes of this section, the term
385 "licensed employee" means any employee of a public school district
386 required to hold a valid license by the Commission on Teacher and
387 Administrator Education, Certification and Licensure and
388 Development.

389 (2) The school board of a school district shall establish by 390 rules and regulations a policy of sick leave with pay for licensed 391 employees and teacher assistants employed in the school district,

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- 392 and such policy shall include the following minimum provisions for 393 sick and emergency leave with pay:
- 394 Each licensed employee and teacher assistant, at (a) 395 the beginning of each school year, shall be credited with a 396 minimum sick leave allowance, with pay, of seven (7) days for 397 absences caused by illness or physical disability of the employee 398 during that school year.
- 399 Any unused portion of the total sick leave (b) 400 allowance shall be carried over to the next school year and 401 credited to such licensed employee and teacher assistant if the 402 licensed employee or teacher assistant remains employed in the 403 same school district. In the event any public school licensed 404 employee or teacher assistant transfers from one public school 405 district in Mississippi to another, any unused portion of the 406 total sick leave allowance credited to such licensed employee or teacher assistant shall be credited to such licensed employee or 407 408 teacher assistant in the computation of unused leave for 409 retirement purposes under Section 25-11-109. Accumulation of sick 410 leave allowed under this section shall be unlimited.
- 411 No deduction from the pay of such licensed employee (C) 412 or teacher assistant may be made because of absence of such 413 licensed employee or teacher assistant caused by illness or physical disability of the licensed employee or teacher assistant 414 415 until after all sick leave allowance credited to such licensed employee or teacher assistant has been used. 416

418	licensed employee because of illness or physical disability, in
419	any school year, in excess of the sick leave allowance credited to
420	such licensed employee, there shall be deducted from the pay of
421	such licensed employee the established substitute amount of
422	licensed employee compensation paid in that local school district,
423	necessitated because of the absence of the licensed employee as a
424	result of illness or physical disability. In lieu of deducting
425	the established substitute amount from the pay of such licensed
426	employee, the policy may allow the licensed employee to receive
427	full pay for the first ten (10) days of absence because of illness
428	or physical disability, in any school year, in excess of the sick
429	leave allowance credited to such licensed employee. Thereafter,
430	the regular pay of such absent licensed employee shall be
431	suspended and withheld in its entirety for any period of absence
432	because of illness or physical disability during that school year.
433	(3) (a) Beginning with the school year 1983-1984, each
434	licensed employee at the beginning of each school year shall be
435	credited with a minimum personal leave allowance, with pay, of two
436	(2) days for absences caused by personal reasons during that
437	school year. Effective for the 2010-2011 and 2011-2012 school
438	years, licensed employees shall be credited with an additional
439	one-half (1/2) day of personal leave for every day the licensed
440	employee is furloughed without pay as provided in Section
441	37-7-308. Except as otherwise provided in paragraph (b) of this

(d) For the first ten (10) days of absence of a

442	subsection, such personal leave shall not be taken on the first
443	day of the school term, the last day of the school term, on a day
444	previous to a holiday or a day after a holiday. Personal leave
445	may be used for professional purposes, including absences caused
446	by attendance of such licensed employee at a seminar, class,
447	training program, professional association or other functions
448	designed for educators. No deduction from the pay of such
449	licensed employee may be made because of absence of such licensed
450	employee caused by personal reasons until after all personal leave
451	allowance credited to such licensed employee has been used.
452	However, the superintendent of a school district, in his
453	discretion, may allow a licensed employee personal leave in
454	addition to any minimum personal leave allowance, under the
455	condition that there shall be deducted from the salary of such
456	licensed employee the actual amount of any compensation paid to
457	any person as a substitute, necessitated because of the absence of
458	the licensed employee. Any unused portion of the total personal
459	leave allowance up to five (5) days shall be carried over to the
460	next school year and credited to such licensed employee if the
461	licensed employee remains employed in the same school district.
462	Any personal leave allowed for a furlough day shall not be carried
463	over to the next school year.

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Notwithstanding the restrictions on the use of

personal leave prescribed under paragraph (a) of this subsection,

a licensed employee may use personal leave as follows:

467	(i) Personal leave may be taken on the first day
468	of the school term, the last day of the school term, on a day
469	previous to a holiday or a day after a holiday if, on the
470	applicable day, an immediate family member of the employee is
471	being deployed for military service.

- 472 (ii) Personal leave may be taken on a day previous 473 to a holiday or a day after a holiday if an employee of a school 474 district has either a minimum of ten (10) years' experience as an 475 employee of that school district or a minimum of thirty (30) days 476 of unused accumulated leave that has been earned while employed in that school district. 477
- 478 Personal leave may be taken on the first day 479 of the school term, the last day of the school term, on a day 480 previous to a holiday or a day after a holiday if, on the 481 applicable day, the employee has been summoned to appear for jury 482 duty or as a witness in court.
- 483 Personal leave may be taken on the first day (iv) of the school term, the last day of the school term, on a day 484 485 previous to a holiday or a day after a holiday if, on the 486 applicable day, an immediate family member of the employee dies or 487 funeral services are held. Any day of the three (3) bereavement 488 days may be used at the discretion of the teacher, and are not 489 required to be taken in consecutive succession.
- 490 For the purpose of this subsection (3), the term "immediate family member" means spouse, parent, stepparent, child or 491

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- stepchild, grandparent or sibling, including a stepbrother or stepsister.
- 494 Beginning with the school year 1992-1993, each licensed 495 employee shall be credited with a professional leave allowance, 496 with pay, for each day of absence caused by reason of such 497 employee's statutorily required membership and attendance at a 498 regular or special meeting held within the State of Mississippi of 499 the State Board of Education, the Commission on Teacher and 500 Administrator Education, Certification and Licensure and Development, the Commission on School Accreditation, the 501 Mississippi Authority for Educational Television, the meetings of 502 503 the state textbook rating committees or other meetings authorized 504 by local school board policy.
  - (5) Upon retirement from employment, each licensed and nonlicensed employee shall be paid for not more than thirty (30) days of unused accumulated leave earned while employed by the school district in which the employee is last employed. Such payment for licensed employees shall be made by the school district at a rate equal to the amount paid to substitute teachers and for nonlicensed employees, the payment shall be made by the school district at a rate equal to the federal minimum wage. The payment shall be treated in the same manner for retirement purposes as a lump-sum payment for personal leave as provided in Section 25-11-103(f). Any remaining lawfully credited unused leave, for which payment has not been made, shall be certified to

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517	the Public Employees' Retirement System in the same manner and
518	subject to the same limitations as otherwise provided by law for
519	unused leave. No payment for unused accumulated leave may be made
520	to either a licensed or nonlicensed employee at termination or
521	separation from service for any purpose other than for the purpose

- 522 of retirement.
  - 523 The school board may adopt rules and regulations which 524 will reasonably aid to implement the policy of sick and personal 525 leave, including, but not limited to, rules and regulations having 526 the following general effect:
  - 527 Requiring the absent employee to furnish the 528 certificate of a physician or dentist or other medical practitioner as to the illness of the absent licensed employee, 529 530 where the absence is for four (4) or more consecutive school days, 531 or for two (2) consecutive school days immediately preceding or 532 following a nonschool day;
  - 533 Providing penalties, by way of full deduction from (b) salary, or entry on the work record of the employee, or other 534 535 appropriate penalties, for any materially false statement by the 536 employee as to the cause of absence;
  - 537 Forfeiture of accumulated or future sick leave, if 538 the absence of the employee is caused by optional dental or 539 medical treatment or surgery which could, without medical risk, 540 have been provided, furnished or performed at a time when school was not in session; 541

542	(d)	Enlarging,	increasing	or providing	greater sick or
543	personal leave	e allowances	s than the m	inimum standa	rds established
544	by this section	on in the di	iscretion of	the school b	oard of each
545	school distric	ct.			

- 546 School boards may include in their budgets provisions 547 for the payment of substitute employees, necessitated because of 548 the absence of regular licensed employees. All such substitute 549 employees shall be paid wholly from district funds. Such school 550 boards, in their discretion, also may pay, from district funds 551 other than the total funding formula funds provided for in 552 Sections 37-151-200 through 37-151-215, the whole or any part of 553 the salaries of all employees granted leaves for the purpose of 554 special studies or training.
  - (8) The school board may further adopt rules and regulations which will reasonably implement such leave policies for all other nonlicensed and hourly paid school employees as the board deems appropriate. Effective for the 2010-2011 and 2011-2012 school years, nonlicensed employees shall be credited with an additional one-half (1/2) day of personal leave for every day the nonlicensed employee is furloughed without pay as provided in Section 37-7-308.
- (9) Vacation leave granted to either licensed or nonlicensed employees shall be synonymous with personal leave. Unused vacation or personal leave accumulated by licensed employees in excess of the maximum five (5) days which may be carried over from

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567	one year to the next may be converted to sick leave. The annual
568	conversion of unused vacation or personal leave to sick days for
569	licensed or unlicensed employees shall not exceed the allowable
570	number of personal leave days as provided in Section 25-3-93. The
571	annual total number of converted unused vacation and/or personal
572	days added to the annual unused sick days for any employee shall
573	not exceed the combined allowable number of days per year provided
574	in Sections 25-3-93 and 25-3-95. Local school board policies that
575	provide for vacation, personal and sick leave for employees shall
576	not exceed the provisions for leave as provided in Sections
577	25-3-93 and 25-3-95. Any personal or vacation leave previously
578	converted to sick leave under a lawfully adopted policy before May
579	1, 2004, or such personal or vacation leave accumulated and
580	available for use prior to May 1, 2004, under a lawfully adopted
581	policy but converted to sick leave after May 1, 2004, shall be
582	recognized as accrued leave by the local school district and
583	available for use by the employee. The leave converted under a
584	lawfully adopted policy prior to May 1, 2004, or such personal and
585	vacation leave accumulated and available for use as of May 1,
586	2004, which was subsequently converted to sick leave may be
587	certified to the Public Employees' Retirement System upon
588	termination of employment and any such leave previously converted
589	and certified to the Public Employees' Retirement System shall be
590	recognized.

591	(10)	(a) F	or the	purpo	oses	of	this	subsection	on,	the	followin	g
592	words and	phrases	shall	have	the	mea	ning	ascribed	in	this		
593	paragraph	unless	the con	ntext	regi	ıire	s oth	nerwise:				

- 594 "Catastrophic injury or illness" means a (i) 595 life-threatening injury or illness of an employee or a member of 596 an employee's immediate family that totally incapacitates the 597 employee from work, as verified by a licensed physician, and 598 forces the employee to exhaust all leave time earned by that 599 employee, resulting in the loss of compensation from the local 600 school district for the employee. Conditions that are short-term in nature, including, but not limited to, common illnesses such as 601 602 influenza and the measles, and common injuries, are not 603 catastrophic. Chronic illnesses or injuries, such as cancer or 604 major surgery, that result in intermittent absences from work and 605 that are long-term in nature and require long recuperation periods 606 may be considered catastrophic.
- (ii) "Immediate family" means spouse, parent,
  stepparent, sibling, child or stepchild, grandparent, stepbrother
  or stepsister.
- (b) Any school district employee may donate a portion
  of his or her unused accumulated personal leave or sick leave to
  another employee of the same school district who is suffering from
  a catastrophic injury or illness or who has a member of his or her
  immediate family suffering from a catastrophic injury or illness,
  in accordance with the following:

616	(i) The employee donating the leave (the "donor
617	employee") shall designate the employee who is to receive the
618	leave (the "recipient employee") and the amount of unused
619	accumulated personal leave and sick leave that is to be donated,
620	and shall notify the school district superintendent or his
621	designee of his or her designation.
622	(ii) The maximum amount of unused accumulated
623	personal leave that an employee may donate to any other employee
624	may not exceed a number of days that would leave the donor
625	employee with fewer than seven (7) days of personal leave
626	remaining, and the maximum amount of unused accumulated sick leave
627	that an employee may donate to any other employee may not exceed
628	fifty percent (50%) of the unused accumulated sick leave of the
629	donor employee.
630	(iii) An employee must have exhausted all of his
631	or her available leave before he or she will be eligible to
632	receive any leave donated by another employee. Eligibility for
633	donated leave shall be based upon review and approval by the donor
634	employee's supervisor.
635	(iv) Before an employee may receive donated leave,
636	he or she must provide the school district superintendent or his
637	designee with a physician's statement that states that the illness
638	meets the catastrophic criteria established under this section,
639	the beginning date of the catastrophic injury or illness, a

description of the injury or illness, and a prognosis for recovery

641	and	the	anticipated	date	that	the	recipient	employee	will	be	able

- 642 to return to work.
- (v) Before an employee may receive donated leave,
- 644 the superintendent of education of the school district shall
- 645 appoint a review committee to approve or disapprove the said
- 646 donations of leave, including the determination that the illness
- 647 is catastrophic within the meaning of this section.
- (vi) If the total amount of leave that is donated
- 649 to any employee is not used by the recipient employee, the whole
- days of donated leave shall be returned to the donor employees on
- 651 a pro rata basis, based on the ratio of the number of days of
- leave donated by each donor employee to the total number of days
- of leave donated by all donor employees.
- 654 (vii) Donated leave shall not be used in lieu of
- 655 disability retirement.
- 656 (11) Effective January 1, 2020, the provisions of this
- 657 section shall be fully applicable to any licensed employee of the
- 658 Mississippi School of the Arts (MSA).
- SECTION 8. Section 57-34-5, Mississippi Code of 1972, is
- 660 brought forward as follows:
- 57-34-5. **Definitions**. As used in this chapter, the
- 662 following words and phrases shall have the meanings ascribed to
- 663 them in this section, unless the context clearly indicates a
- 664 different meaning:
- 665 (a) "Act" means the provisions of this chapter.

666	(b) "Authority" means the Alabama-Mississippi Joint
667	Economic Development Authority created pursuant to this chapter.
668	(c) "Board of directors" means the board of directors
669	of the authority.
670	(d) "Designated geographic area" means:
671	(i) Those counties in the State of Alabama that
672	share a common border with any county in the State of Mississippi;
673	and
674	(ii) Those counties in the State of Mississippi
675	that share a common border with any county in the State of
676	Alabama.
677	(e) "Herein," "hereby," "hereunder," "hereof" and other
678	equivalent words refer to this chapter as an entirety and not
679	solely to the particular section or portion thereof in which any
680	such word is used.
681	(f) "Project" means:
682	(i) Any industrial, commercial, research and
683	development, warehousing, distribution, transportation,
684	processing, mining, United States government or tourism enterprise
685	together with all real property required for construction,
686	maintenance and operation of the enterprise:
687	1. With an initial capital investment of not
688	less than Three Hundred Million Dollars (\$300,000,000.00) from

private or United States government sources together with all

buildings, and other supporting land and facilities, structures or

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691	improvements	of	whatever	kind	required	or	useful	for	construction,

- 692 maintenance and operation of the enterprise; or
- 693 2. With an initial capital investment of not
- less than One Hundred Fifty Million Dollars (\$150,000,000.00) from
- 695 private or United States government sources together with all
- 696 buildings and other supporting land and facilities, structures or
- 697 improvements of whatever kind required or useful for construction,
- 698 maintenance and operation of the enterprise and which creates at
- 699 least one thousand (1,000) net new full-time jobs; or
- 700 3. Which creates at least one thousand
- 701 (1,000) net new full-time jobs which provide an average hourly
- 702 wage of not less than two hundred percent (200%) of the federal
- 703 minimum wage in effect on the date the project is placed in
- 704 service.
- 705 (ii) Any addition to, or expansion of, any
- 706 existing enterprise as described in this paragraph if the addition
- 707 or expansion:
- 708 1. Has an initial capital investment of not
- 709 less than Three Hundred Million Dollars (\$300,000,000.00) from
- 710 private or United States government sources;
- 711 2. Has an initial capital investment of not
- 712 less than One Hundred Fifty Million Dollars (\$150,000,000.00) from
- 713 private or United States government sources together with all
- 714 buildings and other supporting land and facilities, structures or
- 715 improvements of whatever kind required or useful for construction,

716	maintenance	and	operation	of	the	enterprise	and	which	creates	at

- 717 least one thousand (1,000) net new full-time jobs; or
- 718 3. Creates at least one thousand (1,000) net
- 719 new full-time jobs which provide an average hourly wage of not
- 720 less than two hundred percent (200%) of the federal minimum wage
- 721 in effect on the date the project is placed in service.
- 722 (iii) Any development with an initial capital
- 723 investment from private sources of not less than Seven Hundred
- 724 Fifty Million Dollars (\$750,000,000.00) which will create at least
- 725 three thousand (3,000) net new full-time jobs satisfying criteria
- 726 to be established by the authority.
- 727 In addition to meeting the other requirements of this
- 728 paragraph, in order to fall within the definition of the term
- 729 "project":
- 730 (i) The enterprise or development must be located
- 731 within the designated geographic area; and
- 732 (ii) Each state must provide funds or in-kind
- 733 contributions equal to at least one-third (1/3) of the total costs
- 734 of the project to the states.
- 735 (g) "Project agreement" means an agreement, approved by
- 736 the Legislature of the states, setting forth certain obligations,
- 737 responsibilities, benefits, administrative matters and any other
- 738 matters with respect to a specific project that are not
- 739 inconsistent with the terms of this chapter as the legislatures of
- 740 the states deem appropriate with respect to a specific project.

- 741 (h) "Project tax revenues" means:
- 742 (i) All of the following state and local taxes
- 743 paid directly to a state or a local government by the project:
- 744 income taxes, ad valorem taxes on real and personal property,
- 745 sales and use taxes, franchise taxes, license taxes, excise taxes
- 746 and severance taxes; and
- 747 (ii) All state and local personal income tax and
- 748 occupational tax withholdings from employees of the project
- 749 attributable to employment at the project.
- 750 (i) "States" means the State of Alabama and the State
- 751 of Mississippi collectively.
- 752 **SECTION 9.** Section 85-3-4, Mississippi Code of 1972, is
- 753 brought forward as follows:
- 754 85-3-4. (1) The wages, salaries or other compensation of
- 755 laborers or employees, residents of this state, shall be exempt
- 756 from seizure under attachment, execution or garnishment for a
- 757 period of thirty (30) days from the date of service of any writ of
- 758 attachment, execution or garnishment.
- 759 (2) After the passage of the period of thirty (30) days
- 760 described in subsection (1) of this section, the maximum part of
- 761 the aggregate disposable earnings (as defined by Section 1672(b)
- 762 of Title 15, USCS) of an individual that may be levied by

- 763 attachment, execution or garnishment shall be:
- 764 (a) In the case of earnings for any workweek, the
- 765 lesser amount of either,

766			(i)	Twei	nty-five	percent	(25%)	of	his	disposabl	е
767	earnings	for	that	week.	or						

- (ii) The amount by which his disposable earnings
  for that week exceed thirty (30) times the federal minimum hourly
  wage (prescribed by Section 206 (a)(1) of Title 29, USCS) in
  effect at the time the earnings are payable; or
- 772 (b) In the case of earnings for any period other than a
  773 week, the amount by which his disposable earnings exceed the
  774 following "multiple" of the federal minimum hourly wage which is
  775 equivalent in effect to that set forth in paragraph (a) (ii) of
  776 this subsection (2): The number of workweeks, or fractions
  777 thereof multiplied by thirty (30) multiplied by the applicable
  778 federal minimum wage.
- 779 (3) (a) The restrictions of subsections (1) and (2) of this 780 section do not apply in the case of:
- (i) Any order for the support of any person issued
  by a court of competent jurisdiction or in accordance with an
  administrative procedure, which is established by state law, which
  affords substantial due process, and which is subject to judicial
  review.
- 786 (ii) Any debt due for any state or local tax.
- 787 (b) Except as provided in subparagraph (b) (iii) of
  788 this subsection (3), the maximum part of the aggregate disposable
  789 earnings of an individual for any workweek which is subject to

- 790 garnishment to enforce any order for the support of any person
- 791 shall not exceed:
- 792 (i) Where such individual is supporting his spouse
- 793 or dependent child (other than a spouse or child with respect to
- 794 whose support such order is used), fifty percent (50%) of such
- 795 individual's disposable earnings for that week; and
- 796 (ii) Where such individual is not supporting such
- 797 a spouse or dependent child described in subparagraph (b) (i) of
- 798 this subsection (3), sixty percent (60%) of such individual's
- 799 disposable earnings for that week;
- 800 (iii) With respect to the disposable earnings of
- any individual for that workweek, the fifty percent (50%)
- 802 specified in subparagraph (b) (i) of this subsection (3) shall be
- 803 deemed to be fifty-five percent (55%) and the sixty percent (60%)
- 804 specified in subparagraph (b) (ii) of this subsection (3) shall be
- 805 deemed to be sixty-five percent (65%), if and to the extent that
- 806 such earnings are subject to garnishment to enforce a support
- 807 order with respect to a period which is prior to the period of
- 808 twelve (12) weeks which ends with the beginning of such workweek.
- 809 **SECTION 10.** Section 97-3-54.4, Mississippi Code of 1972, is
- 810 brought forward as follows:
- 97-3-54.4. For the purposes of the Mississippi Human
- 812 Trafficking Act the following words and phrases shall have the
- 813 meanings ascribed herein unless the context clearly requires
- 814 otherwise:

815	(a) "Act" or "this act" means the Mississippi Human
816	Trafficking Act.
817	(b) "Actor" means a person who violates any of the
818	provisions of Sections 97-3-54 through 97-3-54.4.
819	(c) "Blackmail" means obtaining property or things of
820	value of another by threatening to (i) inflict bodily injury on
821	anyone; or (ii) commit any other criminal offense.
822	(d) "Coerce" or "coercion" means:
823	(i) Causing or threatening to cause bodily harm to
824	any person, physically restraining or confining any person, or
825	threatening to physically restrain or confine any person;
826	(ii) Exposing or threatening to expose any fact or
827	information or disseminating or threatening to disseminate any
828	fact or information that would tend to subject a person to
829	criminal or immigration proceedings, hatred, contempt or ridicule;
830	(iii) Destroying, concealing, removing,
831	confiscating or possessing any actual or purported passport or
832	other immigration document, or any other actual or purported
833	government identification document of any person;
834	(iv) Providing a controlled substance to a person
835	for the purpose of compelling the person to engage in labor or
836	sexual servitude against the person's will;
837	(v) Causing or threatening to cause financial harm

838 to any person or using financial control over any person;

839	(vi) Abusing or threatening to abuse a position of
840	power, the law, or legal process;
841	(vii) Using blackmail;
842	(viii) Using an individual's personal services as
843	payment or satisfaction of a real or purported debt when: 1. the
844	reasonable value of the services is not applied toward the
845	liquidation of the debt; 2. the length of the services is not
846	limited and the nature of the services is not defined; 3. the
847	principal amount of the debt does not reasonably reflect the value
848	of the items or services for which the debt is incurred; or 4. the
849	individual is prevented from acquiring accurate and timely
850	information about the disposition of the debt; or
851	(ix) Using any scheme, plan or pattern of conduct
852	intended to cause any person to believe that, if the person did
853	not perform the labor or services, that the person or another
854	person would suffer serious harm or physical restraint.
855	(e) "Commercial sexual activity" means any sex act on
856	account of which anything of value is given to, promised to, or
857	received by any person.
858	(f) "Enterprise" means any individual, sole
859	proprietorship, partnership, corporation, union or other legal
860	entity, or any association or group of individuals associated in
861	fact regardless of whether a legal entity has been formed pursuant

to any state, federal or territorial law. It includes illicit as

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863	well	as	licit	enterprises	and	governmental	as	well	as	other
864	entit	ties	S.							

- "Financial harm" includes, but is not limited to, 865 extortion as defined by Section 97-3-82, Mississippi Code of 1972, 866 867 or violation of the usury law as defined by Title 75, Chapter 17, 868 Mississippi Code of 1972.
- 869 "Forced labor or services" means labor or services 870 that are performed or provided by another person and are obtained 871 or maintained through coercion.
- "Labor" means work of economic or financial value. 872 (i)
- "Maintain" means, in relation to labor or services, 873 ( 対 ) 874 to secure continued performance thereof, regardless of any initial 875 agreement on the part of the trafficked person to perform such 876 labor or service.
- 877 "Minor" means a person under the age of eighteen (k) 878 (18) years.
- 879 "Obtain" means, in relation to labor or services, (1)880 to secure performance thereof.
- 881 "Pecuniary damages" means any of the following: (m)
- 882 The greater of the gross income or value to (i) 883 the defendant of the victim's labor or services, including sexual 884 services, not reduced by the expense the defendant incurred as a result of maintaining the victim, or the value of the victim's 885

887	provisions of the Fair Labor Standards Act, 29 USCS Section 201 et
888	seq., whichever is higher;
889	(ii) If it is not possible or in the best interest
390	of the victim to compute a value under subparagraph (i) of this
891	paragraph (m), the equivalent of the value of the victim's labor
892	or services if the victim had provided labor or services that were
893	subject to the minimum wage and overtime provisions of the Fair
894	Labor Standards Act, 29 USCS 201 et seq.;
895	(iii) Costs and expenses incurred by the victim as
896	a result of the offense for:
897	1. Medical services;
898	2. Therapy or psychological counseling;
899	3. Temporary housing;
900	4. Transportation;
901	5. Childcare;
902	6. Physical and occupational therapy or
903	rehabilitation;
904	7. Funeral, interment, and burial services;
905	reasonable attorney's fees and other legal costs; and
906	8. Other expenses incurred by the victim.
907	(n) "Serious harm" means harm, whether physical or
908	nonphysical, including psychological, economic or reputational, to
909	an individual that would compel a reasonable person in similar
910	circumstances as the individual to perform or continue to perform

labor or services to avoid incurring the harm.

912	(o) "Services" means an ongoing relationship between a
913	person and the actor in which the person performs activities under
914	the supervision of or for the benefit of the actor or a third
915	party and includes, without limitation, commercial sexual
916	activity, sexually explicit performances, or the production of
917	sexually explicit materials.

- 918 (p) "Sexually explicit performance" means a live or 919 public act or show intended to arouse or satisfy the sexual 920 desires or appeal to the prurient interests of patrons.
- 921 (q) "Trafficked person" means a person subjected to the 922 practices prohibited by this act regardless of whether a 923 perpetrator is identified, apprehended, prosecuted or convicted, 924 and is a term used interchangeably with the terms "victim," 925 "victim of trafficking" and "trafficking victim."
- 926 (r) "Venture" means any group of two (2) or more 927 individuals associated in fact, whether or not a legal entity.
- 928 (s) "Sexually oriented material" shall have the meaning 929 ascribed in Section 97-5-27, Mississippi Code of 1972.
- 930 **SECTION 11.** Section 99-19-20, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 931 brought forward as follows:
- 932 99-19-20. (1) Except as otherwise provided under Section 933 99-19-20.1, when any court sentences a defendant to pay a fine, 934 the court may order (a) that the fine be paid immediately, or (b) 935 that the fine be paid in installments to the clerk of the court or 936 to the judge, if there be no clerk, or (c) that payment of the

937 fine be a condition of probation, or (d) that the defendant be 938 required to work on public property for public benefit under the 939 direction of the sheriff for a specific number of hours, or (e) 940 any combination of the above.

941 Except as otherwise provided under Section 99-19-20.1, 942 the defendant may be imprisoned until the fine is paid if the 943 defendant is financially able to pay a fine and the court so 944 finds, subject to the limitations provided under this section. 945 The defendant shall not be imprisoned if the defendant is 946 financially unable to pay a fine and so states to the court in 947 writing, under oath, after sentence is pronounced, and the court 948 so finds, except if the defendant is financially unable to pay a 949 fine and such defendant failed or refused to comply with a prior 950 sentence as specified in subsection (1) of this section, the 951 defendant may be imprisoned.

This subsection shall be limited as follows:

- 953 (a) In no event shall such period of imprisonment 954 exceed one (1) day for each One Hundred Dollars (\$100.00) of the 955 fine.
- 956 (b) If a sentence of imprisonment, as well as a fine,
  957 were imposed, the aggregate of such term for nonpayment of a fine
  958 and the original sentence of imprisonment shall not exceed the
  959 maximum authorized term of imprisonment.
- 960 (c) It shall be in the discretion of the judge to 961 determine the rate of the credit to be earned for work performed

962	under	subsec	ction (1	)(d), k	out	the	rate	shall	be	no	lower	than	the
963	rate o	of the	highest	currer	nt f	feder	al mi	inimum	wac	ge.			

- 964 (3) Periods of confinement imposed for nonpayment of two (2) 965 or more fines shall run consecutively unless specified by the 966 court to run concurrently.
- 967 **SECTION 12.** This act shall take effect and be in force from 968 and after July 1, 2025.