## House Amendments to Senate Bill No. 2753

TO THE SECRETARY OF THE SENATE:

THIS IS TO INFORM YOU THAT THE HOUSE HAS ADOPTED THE AMENDMENTS SET OUT BELOW:

## AMENDMENT NO. 2

## Amend by striking all after the enacting clause and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

32 SECTION 1. The following shall be codified as Section 33 29-18-1, Mississippi Code of 1972:

34 <u>29-18-1.</u> This act shall be known and may be cited as 35 "Securing Areas for Females Effectively and Responsibly Act" or 36 the "SAFER Act."

37 SECTION 2. The following shall be codified as Section 38 29-18-3, Mississippi Code of 1972:

39 <u>29-18-3.</u> Legislative findings; intermediate scrutiny. (1)
40 The Legislature finds that females and males should be provided
41 areas, including restrooms, changing facilities and single-sex
42 educational housing spaces, for their exclusive use, respective to
43 their sex, in order to maintain privacy and safety.

44 (2) There are important governmental reasons to distinguish
45 between the sexes with respect to spaces where biology, safety,
46 and/or privacy are implicated. As such, policies and laws that
47 distinguish between the sexes are subject to intermediate
48 constitutional scrutiny, which forbids unfair discrimination
S. B. 2753 PAGE 1 49 against similarly situated males and females but allows the law to 50 distinguish between the sexes where such distinctions are 51 substantially related to important governmental objectives.

52 SECTION 3. The following shall be codified as Section 53 29-18-5, Mississippi Code of 1972:

54 <u>29-18-5.</u> Chapter definitions. For purposes of this act, the 55 following terms shall have the meanings ascribed herein:

(a) "Changing facility" means a space designated for
multiple individuals to dress or undress within the same space,
including, but not limited to, a dressing room, locker room,
changing room, or shower room. This term does not include a
unisex changing facility.

(b) "Single-sex educational housing space" means a separate room or area located within a public building functioning as housing for student residents at an educational institution and designated for use or occupancy only for members of one (1) sex, but excludes common areas designated for use by members of both sexes.

(c) "Public building" means any building, facility or
space owned, operated, rented or leased by, or rented or leased to
any state agency, public university, public community or junior
college and the institutions of higher learning.

(d) "Restroom" means a space designated for multiple individuals that includes toilets and/or urinals. This term does not include a unisex restroom.

(e) "Unisex changing facility" means a room intended for a single occupant or a family in which one or more persons may be in a state of undress, including, but not limited to, a dressing room, locker room, changing room, or shower room that is enclosed by floor-to-ceiling walls and accessed by a full door with a secure lock that prevents another individual from entering while the changing facility is in use.

81 (f) "Unisex restroom" means a room that includes a 82 toilet or urinal and that is intended for a single occupant or a 83 family, is enclosed by floor-to-ceiling walls, and is accessed by 84 a full door with a secure lock that prevents another individual 85 from entering while the room is in use.

86 SECTION 4. The following shall be codified as Section 87 29-18-7, Mississippi Code of 1972:

88 <u>29-18-7.</u> Protection of restroom privacy. Any public
89 building that maintains a restroom shall, at a minimum, have:

90 (a) A restroom designated for exclusive use by females91 and a restroom designated for exclusive use by males; or

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(b) A unisex restroom.

93 SECTION 5. The following shall be codified as Section 94 29-18-9, Mississippi Code of 1972:

95 <u>29-18-9.</u> Protection of changing room privacy. Any public 96 building that maintains a changing facility must, at a minimum, 97 have: 98 (a) A changing facility designated for exclusive use by
 99 females and a changing facility designated for exclusive use by
 100 males; or

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(b) A unisex changing facility.

102 SECTION 6. The following shall be codified as Section 103 29-18-11, Mississippi Code of 1972:

104 <u>29-18-11.</u> Protection of single-sex educational housing space 105 privacy. Any student required to reside in housing at an 106 educational institution shall have the right to be housed in a 107 single-sex educational housing space with persons of the same sex. 108 SECTION 7. The following shall be codified as Section

109 29-18-13, Mississippi Code of 1972:

110 <u>29-18-13.</u> Social fraternity and sorority single-sex housing 111 facilities on public lands shall comply with state law. Social 112 fraternities and sororities at educational institutions that have 113 and operate single-sex housing facilities located on public land 114 shall comply with the definitions contained within this act for 115 purposes of maintaining such facilities as single sex only.

SECTION 8. The following shall be codified as Section 29-18-15, Mississippi Code of 1972:

118 <u>29-18-15.</u> Permissible purposes to enter sex-designated 119 restrooms, changing facilities or single-sex educational housing 120 spaces. For purposes of this act, a person may not enter a 121 restroom, changing facility, or single-sex educational housing 122 space, designated for the opposite sex, except under the following 123 circumstances:

(a) To accompany a person of the opposite sex for the
purpose of assisting or chaperoning a child under the age of
twelve (12), a vulnerable person as defined in Section 43-47-5, or
a person with a disability as defined in Section 43-6-203(b);

128 (b) For law enforcement, fire protection or response,129 or other public safety purposes;

130 (c) For governmental purposes, including employees or 131 contractors of governmental entities acting within the scope of 132 their employment or contract;

(d) For the purpose of rendering emergency medical assistance or to intervene in any other emergency situation where the health or safety of another person is at risk;

(e) For custodial, maintenance, or inspection purposes,provided that the restroom or changing facility is not in use;

(f) If the appropriate designated restroom or changing facility is out of order or under repair and the restroom or changing facility designated for the opposite sex contains no person of the opposite sex; or

(g) In single-sex educational housing spaces as
authorized by educational institutions for moving, visiting,
administrative, health, or other authorized purposes.

145 SECTION 9. The following shall be codified as Section 146 29-18-17, Mississippi Code of 1972:

147 <u>29-18-17.</u> **Private enforcement.** (1) A person may assert a 148 violation of this act as a claim or defense in a judicial or 149 administrative proceeding.

150 (2) Any person under eighteen (18) years of age may bring an 151 action at any time to assert a violation of this act through a 152 parent or next friend and may bring an action in their own name 153 upon reaching the age of eighteen (18) years of age.

154 (3) No private cause of action against a state agency,
155 public university, public community college or junior college, or
156 the institutions of higher learning is authorized by this act.

157 SECTION 10. The following shall be codified as Section 158 29-18-19, Mississippi Code of 1972:

159 <u>29-18-19.</u> Attorney General enforcement. (1) The Attorney
 160 General shall bring an action to enforce compliance with this act.

161 (2) This act shall not be construed to deny, impair, or 162 otherwise affect any right or authority of the Attorney General, 163 the State of Mississippi, or any agency, officer, or employee of 164 the state, acting under any law other than this act, to institute 165 or intervene in any proceeding.

166 SECTION 11. The following shall be codified as Section 167 1-3-83, Mississippi Code of 1972:

168 <u>1-3-83.</u> Female, male, sex of natural persons. (1) "Female" 169 means an individual who naturally has, had, will have, or would 170 have, but for a developmental or genetic anomaly or historical 171 accident, the reproductive system that at some point produces, 172 transports, and utilizes eggs for fertilization.

173 (2) "Male" means an individual who naturally has, had, will174 have, or would have, but for a developmental or genetic anomaly or

175 historical accident, the reproductive system that at some point 176 produces, transports, and utilizes sperm for fertilization.

177 "Sex," when used to classify a natural person, means the (3) biological indication of male and female as observed or clinically 178 179 verified at birth, without regard to an individual's "gender 180 identity" or any other terms intended to convey a person's psychological, chosen, or subjective experience or sense of self. 181 The following additional provisions apply to the use of 182 (4) 183 "sex" and related terms:

184 (a) There are only two (2) sexes, and every individual185 is either male or female.

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(b) "Sex" is objective and fixed.

187 (c) Persons with "DSD conditions" (sometimes referred 188 to as "differences in sex development", "disorders of sex 189 development", or "intersex conditions") are not members of a third 190 sex.

(d) The foregoing definition of "sex," for purposes of state law, neither requires nor precludes the accommodation of persons with a congenital and physically verifiable diagnosis of "DSD condition" (sometimes referred to as "differences in sex development", "disorders of sex development", or "intersex conditions"); however, such accommodation may be required by federal law.

198 SECTION 12. Severability. Any provision of this act is held 199 to be invalid or unenforceable by its terms, or as applied to any 200 person or circumstance, shall be construed so as to give it the S. B. 2753 PAGE 7 201 maximum effect permitted by law, unless such holding shall be one 202 of utter invalidity or unenforceability, in which event such 203 provision shall be deemed severable herefrom and shall not affect 204 the remainder hereof or the application of such provision to other 205 persons not similarly situated or to other, dissimilar 206 circumstances.

207 <u>SECTION 13.</u> The following words and phrases shall have the 208 meanings ascribed herein, unless the context indicates otherwise:

209 (a) "Child" means an individual under the age of210 eighteen (18).

(b) "Parent" means a biological parent of a child, an adoptive parent of a child, or an individual who has been granted exclusive right and authority over the welfare of a child under state law.

The state, any political subdivision of the 215 **SECTION 14.** (1) 216 state, or any other governmental entity shall not substantially 217 burden the fundamental right of a parent to direct the upbringing, education, health care, and mental health of that parent's child 218 219 without demonstrating that the burden is required by a compelling 220 governmental interest of the highest order as applied to the 221 parent and the child and is the least restrictive means of 222 furthering that compelling governmental interest.

(2) Except as otherwise provided by law or court order, a
person, private entity, government entity, or any employee or
agent of any private or government entity must obtain the consent
of a parent of a child before taking any of the following actions:
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(a) Procuring, soliciting to perform, arranging for the
 performance of, providing a referral for, or performing surgical
 procedures upon a child;

(b) Procuring, soliciting to perform, arranging for the performance of, providing a referral for, or performing a physical or medical examination upon a child;

(c) Prescribing or dispensing any prescription drug ormedication to a child; or

(d) Procuring, soliciting to perform, arranging for the performance of, providing a referral for, or performing a mental health evaluation in a clinical or nonclinical setting or mental health treatment on a child.

239 (3) This section shall not apply if:

(a) A parent of the child has given a blanket consent
authorizing the person or entity to perform an activity listed in
subsection (2) (a) of this act; or

(b) It has been reasonably determined by the person or entity that an emergency exists and either of the following conditions is true:

(i) It is necessary to perform an activity listed
in subsection (2) (a) in order to prevent death or imminent,
irreparable physical injury to the child, or

(ii) A parent of the child cannot be located orcontacted after a reasonably diligent effort.

(c) The person or entity has reason to believe that a parent or both parents have perpetrated abuse against the child, S. B. 2753 PAGE 9 253 or has failed to protect the child from abuse perpetrated by a 254 third party.

(4) This section does not authorize or allow a parent to abuse or neglect a child as defined herein. This section does not apply to a parental action or decision that would end life. The provisions of this section do not apply to an abortion, which shall be governed by state law. This section does not prohibit a court from issuing an order that is otherwise permitted by law.

(5) Upon request of a parent, a physician and any other medical provider shall provide the parent with medical information or records of a child. Physicians and medical providers shall not withhold any medical information or records from parents of a child when a parent requests such from the physician or medical provider.

(6) A parent may bring suit for any violation of this Section and may raise this Section as a defense in any judicial or administrative proceeding without regard to whether the proceeding is brought by or in the name of the government, any private person, or any other party.

(a) A parent who successfully asserts a claim or
defense under this Act may recover declaratory relief, injunctive
relief, compensatory damages, reasonable attorneys' fees and
costs, and any other appropriate relief.

(b) A government entity shall indemnify its employees for any liability incurred by the employee and for any judgment entered against the employee for claims arising under this

279 section; provided, however, that a government entity does not have

280 to indemnify an employee if the employee was convicted of a

281 criminal violation for the conduct from which the claim arises.

282 SECTION 15. This act shall take effect and be in force from

and after July 1, 2025, and shall stand repealed on June 30, 2025.

## Further, amend by striking the title in its entirety and

inserting in lieu thereof the following:

1 AN ACT TO CREATE NEW SECTION 29-18-1, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 2 1972, TO CREATE THE "SAFER ACT" TO REGULATE GOVERNMENTAL 3 BUILDINGS; TO CREATE NEW SECTION 29-18-3, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, TO PROVIDE LEGISLATIVE FINDINGS FOR THE ACT; TO CREATE NEW 4 5 SECTION 29-18-5, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, TO PROVIDE DEFINITIONS 6 FOR THE ACT; TO CREATE NEW SECTION 29-18-7, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 7 1972, TO REQUIRE CERTAIN PUBLIC BUILDINGS TO HAVE EXCLUSIVE MALE 8 AND/OR FEMALE RESTROOMS OR UNISEX RESTROOMS AT A MINIMUM; TO 9 CREATE NEW SECTION 29-18-9, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, TO REQUIRE 10 CHANGING FACILITIES TO BE EXCLUSIVE MALE AND/OR FEMALE OR UNISEX 11 AT A MINIMUM; TO CREATE NEW SECTION 29-18-11, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 12 1972, TO REGULATE PUBLIC STUDENT HOUSING FOR SINGLE-SEX 13 EDUCATIONAL HOUSING; TO CREATE NEW SECTION 29-18-13, MISSISSIPPI 14 CODE OF 1972, TO REQUIRE SINGLE-SEX SOCIAL SORORITIES AND FRATERNITIES TO COMPLY WITH THE DEFINITIONS OF THIS ACT TO 15 16 DESIGNATE HOUSING; TO CREATE NEW SECTION 29-18-15, MISSISSIPPI 17 CODE OF 1972, TO REGULATE HOW PERSONS ENTER A SINGLE-SEX RESTROOM, 18 CHANGING FACILITY OR EDUCATIONAL HOUSING SPACE; TO CREATE NEW 19 SECTION 29-18-17, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, TO AUTHORIZE ASSERTION OF A VIOLATION OF THIS ACT; TO CREATE NEW SECTION 29-18-19, 20 21 MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, TO AUTHORIZE THE ATTORNEY GENERAL TO 22 BRING ACTION REGARDING THE PROVISIONS OF THIS ACT; TO CREATE NEW 23 SECTION 1-3-83, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, TO DEFINE THE TERMS FEMALE, MALE AND SEX; TO CREATE "THE FAMILIES' RIGHTS AND 24 25 RESPONSIBILITIES ACT"; TO PROVIDE THE DEFINITIONS FOR THE ACT; TO 26 PROHIBIT THE STATE OR ANY OTHER GOVERNMENTAL ENTITY FROM 27 SUBSTANTIALLY BURDENING A PARENT'S FUNDAMENTAL RIGHT TO DIRECT THE 28 UPBRINGING OF HIS OR HER CHILD; TO PROVIDE EXCEPTIONS TO THE 29 PROHIBITION; TO PROVIDE THAT THIS ACT DOES NOT GIVE A PARENT A 30 RIGHT TO ABUSE HIS OR HER CHILD; AND FOR RELATED PURPOSES.

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Andrew Ketchings Clerk of the House of Representatives