By: Senator(s) England, Jordan

To: Municipalities; County Affairs

COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR SENATE BILL NO. 2856

- AN ACT TO BRING FORWARD SECTIONS 19-5-105 AND 21-19-11,
 MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, WHICH ARE THE PROVISIONS THAT RELATE TO
 COUNTIES AND MUNICIPALITIES CLEANING DILAPIDATED PROPERTY, FOR
 PURPOSES OF POSSIBLE AMENDMENT; AND FOR RELATED PURPOSES.
- 5 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MISSISSIPPI:
- 6 **SECTION 1.** Section 19-5-105, Mississippi Code of 1972, is
- 7 brought forward as follows:
- 8 19-5-105. (1) To determine whether property or a parcel of
- 9 land located within a county is in such a state of uncleanliness
- 10 as to be a menace to the public health, safety and welfare of the
- 11 community, the board of supervisors of any county is authorized
- 12 and empowered to conduct a hearing on its own motion, or upon the
- 13 receipt of a petition requesting the board of supervisors to act
- 14 signed by a majority of the residents eighteen (18) years of age
- or older, residing upon any street or alley, within reasonable
- 16 proximity of any property alleged to be in need of cleaning, or
- 17 within seven hundred fifty (750) feet of the precise location of
- 18 the alleged menace situated on any parcel of land which is located

- in a populated area or in a housing subdivision and alleged to be in need of cleaning.
- 21 Notice shall be provided to the property owner by:
- 22 (a) United States mail two (2) weeks before the date of 23 the hearing mailed to the address of the subject property and to 24 the address where the ad valorem tax notice for such property is

sent by the office charged with collecting ad valorem tax; and

- 26 (b) Posting notice for at least two (2) weeks before
 27 the date of a hearing on the property or parcel of land alleged to
 28 be in need of cleaning and at the county courthouse or another
 29 place in the county where such notices are posted.
 - The notice required by this subsection (1) shall include language that informs the property owner that an adjudication at the hearing that the property or parcel of land is in need of cleaning will authorize the board of supervisors to reenter the property or parcel of land for a period of one (1) year after the hearing without any further hearing, if notice is posted on the property or parcel of land and at the county courthouse or another place in the county where such notices are generally posted at least seven (7) days before the property or parcel of land is reentered for cleaning. A copy of the required notice mailed and posted as required by this subsection (1) shall be recorded in the minutes of the board of supervisors in conjunction with the

hearing required by this subsection.

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43	If at such hearing the board of supervisors shall in its
44	resolution adjudicate such parcel of land in its then condition to
45	be a menace to the public health and safety of the community, the
46	board of supervisors may, if the owner not do so himself, proceed
47	to have the land cleaned by cutting weeds, filling cisterns, and
48	removing rubbish, dilapidated fences, outside toilets, dilapidated
49	buildings and other debris, and draining cesspools and standing
50	water. Thereafter, the board of supervisors may at its next
51	regular meeting by resolution adjudicate the actual cost of
52	cleaning the land and may also impose a penalty not to exceed One
53	Thousand Five Hundred Dollars (\$1,500.00) or fifty percent (50%)
54	of the actual cost, whichever is more. The cost and any penalty
55	shall become an assessment against the property. The "cost
56	assessed against the property" means either the cost to the county
57	of using its own employees to do the work or the cost to the
58	county of any contract executed by the county to have the work
59	done, and administrative costs and legal costs of the county.
60	A county may reenter the property or parcel of land to
61	maintain cleanliness without further notice of hearing no more
62	than six (6) times in any twelve-month period with respect to
63	removing dilapidated buildings, dilapidated fences and outside
64	toilets, and no more than twelve (12) times in any
65	twenty-four-month period with respect to cutting grass and weeds
66	and removing rubbish, personal property and other debris on the
67	land. The expense of cleaning the property shall not exceed an

- 68 aggregate amount of Twenty Thousand Dollars (\$20,000.00) per year,
- 69 or the fair market value of the property subsequent to cleaning,
- 70 whichever is less. The board of supervisors may assess the same
- 71 penalty each time the property or land is cleaned as otherwise
- 72 provided in this subsection (1).
- 73 The penalty provided in this subsection (1) shall not be
- 74 assessed against the State of Mississippi upon request for
- 75 reimbursement under Section 29-1-145, nor shall a county clean a
- 76 parcel owned by the State of Mississippi without first giving
- 77 notice.
- 78 The assessment authorized by this subsection (1) shall be a
- 79 lien against the property and may be enrolled in the office of the
- 80 circuit clerk of the county as other judgments are enrolled, and
- 81 the tax collector of the county shall, upon order of the board of
- 82 supervisors, proceed to sell the land to satisfy the lien as now
- 83 provided by law for the sale of lands for delinquent taxes.
- 84 Furthermore, the property owner whose land has been sold pursuant
- 85 to this subsection (1) shall have the same right of redemption as
- 86 now provided by law for the sale of lands for delinquent taxes.
- 87 All decisions rendered under the provisions of this subsection may
- 88 be appealed in the same manner as other appeals from county
- 89 boards.
- 90 (2) (a) If private property or a parcel of land located
- 91 within a county is a perpetual care cemetery subject to Section
- 92 41-43-1 et seq., the board of supervisors of the county may

93	proceed pursuant to the same provisions of subsection (1) of this
94	section used to determine whether a property is a public health
95	menace to instead determine if the perpetual care cemetery and all
96	structures on the cemetery are not being properly maintained and
97	have become detrimental to the public health and welfare. A
98	perpetual care cemetery that is "not being properly maintained and
99	has become detrimental to the public health and welfare" means a
100	perpetual care cemetery that shows signs of neglect, including,
101	without limitation, the unchecked growth of vegetation, repeated
102	and unchecked acts of vandalism, unusable entrances and exits,
103	excess rubbish or debris, or the disintegration of grave markers
104	or boundaries. Upon notice and opportunity to be heard as
105	provided in subsection (1) of this section, the board of
106	supervisors of the county may adjudicate the property or parcel of
107	land in its then condition to be not properly maintained and
108	detrimental to the public health and welfare, and if the owner
109	does not do so itself, may proceed to clean the property or parcel
110	of land as provided in subsection (1) of this section. When
111	cleaning the property or parcel of land of a perpetual care
112	cemetery pursuant to this subsection (2), the penalty or penalties
113	provided in subsection (1) of this section shall not be assessed
114	against owners of the perpetual care cemeteries.

- State for an order directing the trustee of the perpetual care
 cemetery trust fund to release accrued interest or principal of
 the trust fund sufficient to reimburse the county for only the
 actual cleanup costs incurred by the county. The application to
 the Secretary of State shall include a statement by the county
 that all of the requirements of this section have been met.
 - (c) If the Secretary of State is satisfied that the notice and hearing requirements of this section have been met, and that the application for an order directing the trustee to release accrued interest of the perpetual care cemetery trust fund does not threaten the ability of the trust fund to provide for the care and maintenance of the cemetery, the Secretary of State may order the trustee to release up to the total amount of accrued interest of the trust fund in an amount sufficient to reimburse the county for the actual costs of cleanup performed by the county.
 - (d) If the Secretary of State is satisfied that the notice and hearing requirements of this section have been met, but makes a determination that the accrued interest of the perpetual care cemetery trust fund is insufficient to reimburse the county for the actual costs of cleanup performed by the county, or that an order to release accrued interest would threaten the ability of the trust fund to provide for the care and maintenance of the cemetery, the Secretary of State may consider an order directing the trustee to reimburse the county from the principal of the trust fund. If the Secretary of State determines that an order to

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143	the	trustee	to	release	principal	irom	the	trust	iund	Wll	not

- 144 threaten the solvency of the trust fund, the Secretary of State
- 145 may order the trustee to release principal of the trust fund in an
- 146 amount sufficient to reimburse the county for the actual costs of
- 147 cleanup performed by the county.
- 148 (i) The Secretary of State may not order the
- 149 trustee to release an amount of more than fifteen percent (15%) of
- 150 principal of the trust fund to reimburse the county for the actual
- 151 costs of cleanup performed by the county.
- 152 (ii) The provisions of this section may be
- 153 utilized no more than once in a four-year period.
- SECTION 2. Section 21-19-11, Mississippi Code of 1972, is
- 155 brought forward as follows:
- 21-19-11. (1) To determine whether property or parcel of
- 157 land located within a municipality is in such a state of
- 158 uncleanliness as to be a menace to the public health, safety and
- 159 welfare of the community, a governing authority of any
- 160 municipality shall conduct a hearing, on its own motion, or upon
- 161 the receipt of a petition signed by a majority of the residents
- 162 residing within four hundred (400) feet of any property or parcel
- 163 of land alleged to be in need of the cleaning. Notice shall be
- 164 provided to the property owner by:
- 165 (a) United States mail two (2) weeks before the date of
- 166 the hearing mailed to the address of the subject property, except
- 167 where the land or structure(s) is apparently vacant, and to the

168	address	where	the	ad	valorem	tax	notice	for	such	property	is	sent
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- 169 by the office charged with collecting ad valorem tax; and
- (b) Posting notice for at least two (2) weeks before
- 171 the date of a hearing on the property or parcel of land alleged to
- 172 be in need of cleaning and at city hall or another place in the
- 173 municipality where such notices are posted.
- Any notice required by this section shall include language
- 175 that informs the property owner that an adjudication at the
- 176 hearing that the property or parcel of land is in need of cleaning
- 177 will authorize the municipality to reenter the property or parcel
- 178 of land for a period of two (2) years after final adjudication
- 179 without any further hearing if notice is posted on the property or
- 180 parcel of land and at city hall or another place in the
- 181 municipality where such notices are generally posted at least
- 182 seven (7) days before the property or parcel of land is reentered
- 183 for cleaning. A copy of the required notice mailed and posted as
- 184 required by this section shall be recorded in the minutes of the
- 185 governing authority in conjunction with the hearing required by
- 186 this section.
- 187 If, at such hearing, the governing authority shall adjudicate
- 188 the property or parcel of land in its then condition to be a
- 189 menace to the public health, safety and welfare of the community,
- 190 the governing authority, if the owner does not do so himself,
- 191 shall proceed to clean the land, by the use of municipal employees
- 192 or by contract, by cutting grass and weeds; filling cisterns;

193	securing abandoned or dilapidated buildings; removing rubbish,
194	abandoned or dilapidated fences, outside toilets, abandoned or
195	dilapidated buildings, slabs, personal property, which removal of
196	personal property shall not be subject to the provisions of
197	Section 21-39-21, and other debris; and draining cesspools and
198	standing water therefrom. The governing authority may by
199	resolution adjudicate the actual cost of cleaning the property and
200	may also impose a penalty not to exceed One Thousand Five Hundred
201	Dollars (\$1,500.00) or fifty percent (50%) of the actual cost,
202	whichever is more. The cost and any penalty may become a civil
203	debt against the property owner, and/or, at the option of the
204	governing authority, an assessment against the property. The
205	"cost assessed against the property" means either the cost to the
206	municipality of using its own employees to do the work or the cost
207	to the municipality of any contract executed by the municipality
208	to have the work done, and administrative costs and legal costs of
209	the municipality. For subsequent cleaning within the one-year
210	period after the date of the hearing at which the property or
211	parcel of land was adjudicated in need of cleaning, upon seven (7)
212	days' notice posted both on the property or parcel of land
213	adjudicated in need of cleaning and at city hall or another place
214	in the municipality where such notices are generally posted, and
215	consistent with the municipality's adjudication as authorized in
216	this subsection (1), a municipality may reenter the property or
217	parcel of land to maintain cleanliness without further notice or

218	hearing no more than six (6) times in any twelve-month period with
219	respect to removing or securing abandoned or dilapidated
220	buildings, slabs, dilapidated fences and outside toilets, and no
221	more than twelve (12) times in any twenty-four-month period with
222	respect to cutting grass and weeds and removing rubbish, personal
223	property and other debris on the land, and the expense of cleaning
224	of the property, except as otherwise provided in this section for
225	removal of hazardous substances, shall not exceed an aggregate
226	amount of Twenty Thousand Dollars (\$20,000.00) per year, or the
227	fair market value of the property subsequent to cleaning,
228	whichever is more. The aggregate cost of removing hazardous
229	substances will be the actual cost of such removal to the
230	municipality and shall not be subject to the cost limitations
231	provided in this subsection. The governing authority may assess
232	the same penalty for each time the property or land is cleaned as
233	otherwise provided in this section. The penalty provided herein
234	shall not be assessed against the State of Mississippi upon
235	request for reimbursement under Section 29-1-145, nor shall a
236	municipality clean a parcel owned by the State of Mississippi
237	without first giving notice. Upon written authority from the
238	Secretary of State's office, for state-owned properties, a
239	municipality may forgo the notification process that is prescribed
240	in this subsection and proceed to clean the properties and assess
241	costs as prescribed in this subsection, except that penalties
242	shall not be assessed against the State of Mississippi.

243	(2) When the fee or cost to clean property or a parcel of
244	land that is one (1) acre or less does not exceed Two Hundred
245	Fifty Dollars (\$250.00), excluding administrative costs, and the
246	property or parcel is located within a municipality having a
247	population over one thousand five hundred (1,500), the governing
248	authority of the municipality may authorize one or more of its
249	employees to determine whether the property or parcel of land is
250	in such a state of uncleanliness as to be a menace to the public
251	health, safety and welfare of the community and the determination
252	made by the authorized municipal employee shall be set forth and
253	recorded in the minutes of the governing authority. Notice of
254	this determination shall be provided to the property owner by:

- (a) United States mail seven (7) days before the date of cleaning of the property or parcel of land mailed to the address of the subject property, except where the land or structure(s) is apparently vacant, and to the address where the ad valorem tax notice for such property is sent by the office charged with collecting ad valorem tax; and
- (b) Posting notice for at least seven (7) days before 262 the cleaning of the property or parcel of land and at city hall or another place in the municipality where such notices are posted. 263

Any notice required by this subsection shall include language that informs the property owner that the appropriate municipal official has determined that the property or parcel of land is a menace to the public health, safety and welfare of the community

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268	and in need of cleaning and the municipality is authorized to
269	enter the property for cleaning and that the municipality is
270	further authorized to reenter the property or parcel of land for a
271	period of two (2) years after this cleaning without any further
272	hearing or action if notice is posted on the property or parcel of
273	land and at city hall or another place in the municipality where
274	such notices are generally posted at least seven (7) days before
275	the property or parcel of land is reentered for cleaning. A copy
276	of the required notice mailed and posted as required by this
277	subsection shall be recorded in the minutes of the governing
278	authority in conjunction with the determination made by the
279	municipal employee in this subsection (2).

If an authorized municipal employee determines that the condition of property or parcel of land is a menace to the public health, safety and welfare of the community, the governing authority, if the owner does not do so himself, shall proceed to clean the land, by the use of municipal employees or by contract, by cutting grass and weeds; filling cisterns; securing abandoned or dilapidated buildings; removing rubbish, abandoned or dilapidated fences, outside toilets, abandoned or dilapidated buildings, slabs, personal property, which removal of personal property shall not be subject to the provisions of Section 21-39-21, and other debris; and draining cesspools and standing water therefrom. The governing authority shall by resolution adjudicate the actual cost of cleaning the property under this

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293	provision, provided the same does not exceed Two Hundred Fifty
294	Dollars (\$250.00) and may also impose a penalty not to exceed One
295	Hundred Dollars (\$100.00) or one hundred percent (100%) of the
296	actual cost of cleaning the property, whichever is more. The cost
297	and any penalty imposed may become a civil debt against the
298	property owner, and/or, at the option of the governing authority,
299	an assessment against the property. The "cost assessed against
300	the property" means either the cost to the municipality of using
301	its own employees to do the work or the cost to the municipality
302	of any contract executed by the municipality to have the work
303	done, and additionally may include administrative costs of the
304	municipality not to exceed Fifty Dollars (\$50.00). For subsequent
305	cleaning within the one-year period set forth in this subsection
306	(2), upon seven (7) days' notice posted both on the property or
307	parcel of land adjudicated in need of cleaning and at city hall or
308	another place in the municipality where such notices are generally
309	posted, and consistent with the municipal official's determination
310	as authorized in this subsection (2), a municipality may reenter
311	the property or parcel of land to maintain cleanliness without
312	further notice or hearing under this subsection (2) no more than
313	six (6) times in any twelve-month period with respect to removing
314	or securing abandoned or dilapidated buildings, slabs, dilapidated
315	fences and outside toilets, and no more than twelve (12) times in
316	any twenty-four-month period with respect to cutting grass and
317	weeds and removing rubbish, personal property and other debris on

318	the land, and the expense of cleaning of the property shall not
319	exceed an aggregate amount of One Thousand Dollars (\$1,000.00) per
320	year under this subsection (2). The governing authority may
321	assess the same actual costs, administrative costs and penalty for
322	each time the property or land is cleaned as otherwise provided in
323	this subsection (2). The penalty provided herein shall not be
324	assessed against the State of Mississippi upon request for
325	reimbursement under Section 29-1-145, nor shall a municipality
326	clean a parcel owned by the State of Mississippi without first
327	giving notice. Upon written authority from the Secretary of
328	State's office, for state-owned properties, a municipality may
329	forgo the notification process that is prescribed in this
330	subsection and proceed to clean the properties and assess costs as
331	prescribed in this subsection, except that penalties shall not be
332	assessed against the State of Mississippi. A determination made
333	by an appropriate municipal employee under this subsection (2)
334	that the state or condition of property or a parcel of land is a
335	menace to the public health, safety and welfare of the community
336	shall not subsequently be used to replace a hearing if subsection
337	(1) of this section is later utilized by a municipality when the
338	prerequisites of this subsection (2) are not satisfied.

(3) If the governing authority declares, by resolution, that the cost and any penalty shall be collected as a civil debt, the governing authority may authorize the institution of a suit on open account against the owner of the property in a court of

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343	competent jurisdiction in the manner provided by law for the cos
344	and any penalty, plus court costs, reasonable attorney's fees and
345	interest from the date that the property was cleaned.

- (4) (a) If the governing authority declares that the cost and any penalty shall be collected as an assessment against the property, then the assessment above provided for shall be a lien against the property and may be enrolled in the office of the chancery clerk of the county as other liens and encumbrances are enrolled, and the tax collector of the municipality shall, upon order of the board of governing authorities, proceed to sell the land to satisfy the lien as now provided by law for the sale of lands for delinquent municipal taxes. The lien against the property shall be an encumbrance upon the property and shall follow title of the property.
- 357 (i) All assessments levied under the provisions of 358 this section shall be included with municipal ad valorem taxes and 359 payment shall be enforced in the same manner in which payment is 360 enforced for municipal ad valorem taxes, and all statutes 361 regulating the collection of other taxes in a municipality shall 362 apply to the enforcement and collection of the assessments levied 363 under the provisions of this section, including utilization of the 364 procedures authorized under Sections 17-13-9(2) and 27-41-2.
- (ii) All assessments levied under the provisions
 of this section shall become delinquent at the same time municipal
 ad valorem taxes become delinquent. Delinquencies shall be

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- 368 collected in the same manner and at the same time delinquent ad 369 valorem taxes are collected and shall bear the same penalties as 370 those provided for delinquent taxes. If the property is sold for 371 the nonpayment of an assessment under this section, it shall be 372 sold in the manner that property is sold for the nonpayment of 373 delinquent ad valorem taxes. If the property is sold for 374 delinquent ad valorem taxes, the assessment under this section 375 shall be added to the delinquent tax and collected at the same 376 time and in the same manner.
- 377 (5) All decisions rendered under the provisions of this 378 section may be appealed in the same manner as other appeals from 379 municipal boards or courts are taken. However, an appeal from a 380 decision of a municipal officer or official shall be made to the 381 governing authority and such appeal shall be in writing, state the 382 basis for the appeal and be filed with the city clerk no later 383 than seven (7) days from the latest date of notice required under 384 this section.
- 385 (6) Nothing contained under this section shall prevent any
 386 municipality from enacting criminal penalties for failure to
 387 maintain property so as not to constitute a menace to public
 388 health, safety and welfare.
- 389 (7) (a) If private property or a parcel of land located 390 within a municipality is a perpetual care cemetery subject to 391 Section 41-43-1 et seq., the governing authority of the 392 municipality may proceed pursuant to the same provisions of this

393	section used to determine whether a property is a public health
394	menace to instead determine if the perpetual care cemetery and all
395	structures on the cemetery are not being properly maintained and
396	have become detrimental to the public health and welfare. A
397	perpetual care cemetery that is "not being properly maintained and
398	has become detrimental to the public health and welfare" means a
399	perpetual care cemetery that shows signs of neglect, including,
400	without limitation, the unchecked growth of vegetation, repeated
401	and unchecked acts of vandalism, unusable entrances and exits,
402	excess rubbish or debris, or the disintegration of grave markers
403	or boundaries. Upon notice and opportunity to be heard as
404	provided in subsection (1) of this section, the governing
405	authority of the municipality may adjudicate the property or
406	parcel of land in its then condition to be not properly maintained
407	and detrimental to the public health and welfare, and if the owner
408	does not do so itself, may proceed to clean the property or parcel
409	of land as provided in subsection (1) of this section. When
410	cleaning the property or parcel of land of a perpetual care
411	cemetery pursuant to this subsection (7), the penalty or penalties
412	provided in subsection (1) of this section shall not be assessed
413	against owners of the perpetual care cemeteries.

(b) The governing authority of a municipality that cleans the property or parcel of land of a perpetual care cemetery pursuant to this subsection (7) may make application to the Secretary of State for an order directing the trustee of the

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- perpetual care cemetery trust fund to release accrued interest or principal of the trust fund sufficient to reimburse the municipality for only the actual cleanup costs incurred by the municipality. The application to the Secretary of State shall include a statement by the municipality that all of the requirements of this section have been met.
- 424 If the Secretary of State is satisfied that the 425 notice and hearing requirements of this section have been met, and 426 that the application for an order directing the trustee to release 427 accrued interest of the perpetual care cemetery trust fund does 428 not threaten the ability of the trust fund to provide for the care 429 and maintenance of the cemetery, the Secretary of State may order 430 the trustee to release accrued interest of the trust fund 431 sufficient to reimburse the municipality for the actual costs of 432 cleanup performed by the municipality.
 - notice and hearing requirements of this section have been met, but makes a determination that the accrued interest of the perpetual care cemetery trust fund is insufficient to reimburse the municipality for the actual costs of cleanup performed by the municipality, or that an order to release accrued interest would threaten the ability of the trust fund to provide for the care and maintenance of the cemetery, the Secretary of State may consider an order directing the trustee to reimburse the municipality from the principal of the trust fund. If the Secretary of State

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the trust fund will not threaten the solvency of the trust fund the Secretary of State may order the trustee to release principal of the trust fund in an amount sufficient to reimburse the	nd,
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447 municipality for the actual costs of cleanup performed by the	

- (i) The Secretary of State may not order the
 trustee to release an amount of more than fifteen percent (15%) of
 principal of the trust fund to reimburse the municipality for the
 actual costs of cleanup performed by the municipality.
- 453 (ii) The provisions of this section may be 454 utilized no more than once in a four-year period.
- 455 **SECTION 3.** This act shall take effect and be in force from 456 and after July 1, 2024, and shall stand repealed on June 30, 2024.

municipality.