To: Rules

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By: Representative Banks

HOUSE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION NO. 7

A CONCURRENT RESOLUTION FORMALLY REQUESTING THE JOINT

2 COMMITTEE ON THE LIBRARY OF CONGRESS TO APPROVE THE REPLACEMENT OF 3 THE STATUE OF JEFFERSON DAVIS THAT IS DISPLAYED IN STATUARY HALL IN THE UNITED STATES CAPITOL WITH A STATUE OF EITHER B.B. KING OR 5 ELVIS PRESLEY. 6 WHEREAS, the National Statuary Hall Collection in the United States Capitol is comprised of 100 statues contributed by each of 8 the 50 states to honor persons notable in each state's history; 9 and 10 WHEREAS, the State of Mississippi has representational statues of Jefferson Davis and James Zachariah George displayed, 11 12 which were crafted by Augustus Lukeman and dedicated in 1931; and WHEREAS, Jefferson Davis, who authored Rise and Fall of the 13 Confederate States, served in the United States House of 14 15 Representatives and the United States Senate, was President of the 16 Confederate States and eventually made his home at Beauvoir, near 17 Biloxi, Mississippi; and WHEREAS, Jefferson Davis is an important figure who reflects 18 19 times of the past, but does not necessarily reflect the unified

- 20 and progressive spirit encompassing the Mississippi of today, as
- 21 it is Mississippi's sentimental desire to respect and celebrate
- 22 the past while honoring its evolution from past icons to present
- 23 icons; and
- 24 WHEREAS, Mississippi is known the world over as the
- 25 "Birthplace of America's Music", as it is credited for producing
- 26 the "King of the Blues", B.B. King, and the "King of Rock and
- 27 Roll", Elvis Presley, among many others, and these trailblazers
- 28 certainly represent the rich culture and heritage of the Magnolia
- 29 State, and because of this, it is most fitting for a statue of
- 30 either B.B. King or Elvis Presley to represent the State of
- 31 Mississippi in the National Statuary Hall Collection in the United
- 32 States Capitol; and
- 33 WHEREAS, the remarkable life of B.B. King began in Berclair,
- 34 Mississippi, where he was born Riley B. King on September 16,
- 35 1925, to sharecroppers, Mr. Albert and Mrs. Nora Ella King, who
- 36 lived in a simple home along Bear Creek, and when he was four
- 37 years of age, he relocated to Kilmichael, Mississippi, and then
- 38 Lexington, Mississippi, before moving as a teen to Indianola,
- 39 Mississippi; and
- 40 WHEREAS, "Ambassador of the Blues" and "King of the Blues"
- 41 are titles B.B. King earned as the result of decades of touring
- 42 around the world, but the life of B.B. King, who is one of the
- 43 most influential musicians in the history of the blues, could not
- 44 have begun more humbly, as his first mentor on the guitar was

45 Reverend Archie Fair, who played while preaching at a local church 46 and he also credited his teacher at the one-room Elkhorn School, Luther Henson, with instilling in him dignity, independence and 47 hope, qualities that served him well during his long career; and 48 49 WHEREAS, while in Indianola, B.B. King worked as a tractor 50 driver, got married, performed with a gospel quartet, and began actively playing the blues, and his guitar playing has served as a 51 52 model for countless blues, rock, and rhythm and blues musicians; 53 and 54 WHEREAS, B.B. King's 1970 crossover hit, "The Thrill Is 55 Gone", which provided him with the first of over a dozen Grammy 56 awards, was the launching point for international stardom, and 57 among his many subsequent recordings were collaborations with artists across the musical spectrum including Willie Nelson, U2, 58 Eric Clapton, Luciano Pavarotti and Heavy D; and 59 60 WHEREAS, throughout his life, B.B. King always remembered the 61 residents back home, and in the 1960s he began making regular visits to Mississippi for various events, such as an annual 62 63 celebration in honor of civil rights leader, Medgar Evers, and 64 workshops with students at Mississippi Valley State University in 65 Itta Bena, Mississippi, where the B.B. King Recording Studio was established in 2004, and in 2008, Mississippi honored him with the 66 opening of the B.B. King Museum and Delta Interpretive Center in 67

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Indianola; and

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- 69 WHEREAS, after a long and storied career that took him around
- 70 the world, B.B. King passed away on May 14, 2015, and he is buried
- 71 on the grounds of the B.B. King Museum and Delta Interpretive
- 72 Center in Indianola; and
- 73 WHEREAS, in addition to the illustrious B.B. King,
- 74 Mississippi is also home to one of the most significant cultural
- 75 icons of the 20th century, Elvis Presley, who was born on January
- 76 8, 1935, to Mr. Vernon and Mrs. Gladys Presley, in a two-room
- 77 house in Tupelo, Mississippi, which was built by his father,
- 78 grandfather and uncle; and
- 79 WHEREAS, Elvis' signature sound began to form on his eleventh
- 80 birthday in 1946, when he received his first guitar from his
- 81 mother, which was purchased at Tupelo Hardware, and he also loved
- 82 gospel music and sang in a Pentecostal church choir, where he
- 83 developed his singing talents, and two years later, when Elvis was
- 84 thirteen, the Presleys moved to Memphis, Tennessee; and
- 85 WHEREAS, Elvis' career began in 1953, when he wandered into a
- 86 popular recording studio in Memphis to record two songs for his
- 87 mother as a birthday present, and he returned to the studio in
- 88 January 1954, but the owner, Sam Phillips, still was not impressed
- 89 with his singing, but finally, in July 1954, Mr. Phillips
- 90 recognized Elvis' potential; and
- 91 WHEREAS, in 1956, Elvis met Colonel Tom Parker, who became
- 92 his manager and helped him get his first hit, "Heartbreak Hotel,"
- 93 and following this major hit were songs like "Hound Dog," "All

- 94 Shook Up," "Don't Be Cruel," and "Burning Love," which were all
- 95 hits in the same year, and he then starred in his first motion
- 96 picture, "Love Me Tender"; and
- 97 WHEREAS, at the height of his popularity, Elvis was drafted
- 98 by the United States Army and served for two years, and after he
- 99 was discharged, he released "Are You Lonesome Tonight," which
- 100 stayed at the top of the charts for four weeks; and
- 101 WHEREAS, Elvis was given such nicknames as "The Father of
- 102 Rock-n-Roll," "The King of Rock and Roll," "Elvis, the Pelvis",
- 103 and in rural areas he was known as the "Hillbilly Cat"; and
- 104 WHEREAS, in 1956, Elvis returned to Tupelo for his
- 105 "Homecoming" concerts, and while there, he provided the funds for
- 106 the city to purchase the house where he was born and fifteen acres
- 107 to build a park for the children of East Tupelo, and when Elvis
- 108 returned again in 1957, he donated approximately \$14,000.00 for a
- 109 youth recreation center to be built in Tupelo, which had a pool,
- 110 playground and picnic area, and throughout his life, Elvis always
- 111 remembered where he was from and visited Tupelo more often than
- 112 local residents realized; and
- 113 WHEREAS, currently, the Elvis Presley Birthplace site
- 114 includes the birthplace home of Elvis Presley, a museum, the Elvis
- 115 Presley Memorial Chapel and the Assembly of God Church building
- 116 where the Presley family worshipped, and there is also a large
- 117 amount of land surrounding the complex which features the

118	"Reflections" lake, Overlook Pavilion and several statues of
119	Elvis; and
120	WHEREAS, despite Elvis' untimely death on August 16, 1977, he
121	continues to inspire new generations of musical giants, and his
122	legacy lives on as proof that even the most humble beginnings can
123	nurture talent that transcends any social or economic limitation,
124	as he helped develop rock 'n' roll from rockabilly in the United
125	States, all while embracing elements of soul, blues, country and
126	funk, and being a symbol of progress as he began to help bridge
127	the gap between different cultures in America; and
128	WHEREAS, Mississippi's musical heritage has positioned the
129	state as a true renaissance of musical genres, scaling past,
130	present and even future trends, and it has not only transformed
131	the course of America's music, it revolutionized it, and as B.B.
132	King and Elvis Presley are extraordinary Mississippi icons, their
133	legacies of musical excellence and giving back to their
134	communities will continue to encourage Mississippians and those
135	around the nation for generations to come; and
136	WHEREAS, 2 USC Section 2132 allows a state to request the
137	Joint Committee on the Library of Congress to approve the removal
138	of a previously placed statue from the collection and the
139	replacement of it with an equally suitable and socially inclusive
140	display that is representative of the entirety of the state's

141 diverse citizenry; and

142	WHEREAS, if the Joint Committee on the Library of Congress
143	approves a request, the architect of the Capitol shall enter into
144	an agreement with the state to carry out the replacement in
145	accordance with the request and any conditions that the Joint
146	Committee may require for its approval, and such agreement shall
147	provide that the new statue shall be subject to the same
148	conditions and restrictions as applied to any statue provided by a
149	state under 2 USC Section 2131 and the state shall pay any costs
150	related to the replacement, including costs in connection with the
151	design, construction, transportation and placement of the new
152	statue, the removal and transportation of the statue being
153	replaced and any unveiling ceremony; and
154	WHEREAS, several states have chosen to replace existing
155	statues, thereby including representations of Dwight Eisenhower,
156	Ronald Reagan, Gerald Ford, Thomas Edison and Helen Keller; and
157	WHEREAS, the Mississippi Legislature desires to replace the
158	statue of Jefferson Davis with a statue of either B.B. King or
159	Elvis Presley, to pay homage to such Mississippi icons, and to
160	further reflect the transformative power of Mississippi from its
161	past to its present; and
162	WHEREAS, we request the Governor of the State of Mississippi
163	to affirm the efforts of this Legislature by issuing a
164	proclamation or statement approving the request for the
165	replacement of the statue, and to create a commission of
166	Mississippi artisans and artists who are authorized to solicit and

167	collect private contributions for the creation and placement of
168	the statue of either B.B. King or Elvis Presley; and
169	WHEREAS, it is incumbent upon this Legislature to pursue the
170	interest of its citizens by ensuring that statues representing our
171	state wholly reflect the astounding strides made by all citizens,
172	particularly in this instance when the state itself bears the
173	moniker of being the "Birthplace of America's Music," and there
174	has been no better ambassadors of our state than the distinguished
175	and incomparable B.B. King and Elvis Presley:
176	NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED BY THE HOUSE OF
177	REPRESENTATIVES OF THE STATE OF MISSISSIPPI, THE SENATE CONCURRING
178	THEREIN, That we do hereby submit this formal request to the Joint
179	Committee on the Library of Congress to approve the replacement of
180	the statue of Jefferson Davis with a statue of either B.B. King or
181	Elvis Presley in the Statuary Hall of the United States Capitol.
182	BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, That copies of this resolution be
183	furnished to the Joint Committee on the Library of Congress, to
184	the members of the Mississippi Congressional delegation and to the
185	members of the Capitol Press Corps.

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