MISSISSIPPI LEGISLATURE

By: Representative Carpenter

To: Education

HOUSE BILL NO. 1633

1 AN ACT TO AMEND SECTION 37-7-307, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, 2 TO ALLOW THE DONATION OF LEAVE TO EMPLOYEES OF A SCHOOL DISTRICT WHO ARE IN A HIGH-RISK PREGNANCY, SUFFER A MISCARRIAGE OR EXPERIENCING POSTPARTUM RECOVERY, AND WHO HAS EXHAUSTED ALL 3 4 5 AVAILABLE LEAVE; TO AUTHORIZE THE SPOUSE OF A EMPLOYEE EMPLOYED BY 6 THE SAME SCHOOL DISTRICT EXPERIENCING A CATASTROPHIC INJURY OR 7 ILLNESS, HIGH-RISK PREGNANCY, SUFFER A MISCARRIAGE OR EXPERIENCING POSTPARTUM RECOVERY WITHOUT OBJECTION FROM THE EMPLOYING SCHOOL 8 9 BOARD; AND FOR RELATED PURPOSES.

10 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MISSISSIPPI:

11 SECTION 1. Section 37-7-307, Mississippi Code of 1972, is

12 amended as follows:

13 37-7-307. (1) For purposes of this section, the term
14 "licensed employee" means any employee of a public school district
15 required to hold a valid license by the Commission on Teacher and
16 Administrator Education, Certification and Licensure and
17 Development.
18 (2) The school board of a school district shall establish by

19 rules and regulations a policy of sick leave with pay for licensed 20 employees and teacher assistants employed in the school district, and such policy shall include the following minimum provisions for sick and emergency leave with pay:

(a) Each licensed employee and teacher assistant, at the beginning of each school year, shall be credited with a minimum sick leave allowance, with pay, of seven (7) days for absences caused by illness or physical disability of the employee during that school year.

Any unused portion of the total sick leave 28 (b) 29 allowance shall be carried over to the next school year and 30 credited to such licensed employee and teacher assistant if the 31 licensed employee or teacher assistant remains employed in the 32 same school district. In the event any public school licensed 33 employee or teacher assistant transfers from one public school district in Mississippi to another, any unused portion of the 34 total sick leave allowance credited to such licensed employee or 35 teacher assistant shall be credited to such licensed employee or 36 37 teacher assistant in the computation of unused leave for retirement purposes under Section 25-11-109. Accumulation of sick 38 39 leave allowed under this section shall be unlimited.

40 (c) No deduction from the pay of such licensed employee 41 or teacher assistant may be made because of absence of such 42 licensed employee or teacher assistant caused by illness or 43 physical disability of the licensed employee or teacher assistant 44 until after all sick leave allowance credited to such licensed 45 employee or teacher assistant has been used.

~ OFFICIAL ~

H. B. No. 1633 24/HR26/R2207 PAGE 2 (DJ\KW) 46 (d) For the first ten (10) days of absence of a 47 licensed employee because of illness or physical disability, in any school year, in excess of the sick leave allowance credited to 48 such licensed employee, there shall be deducted from the pay of 49 50 such licensed employee the established substitute amount of 51 licensed employee compensation paid in that local school district, 52 necessitated because of the absence of the licensed employee as a result of illness or physical disability. In lieu of deducting 53 54 the established substitute amount from the pay of such licensed employee, the policy may allow the licensed employee to receive 55 full pay for the first ten (10) days of absence because of illness 56 57 or physical disability, in any school year, in excess of the sick 58 leave allowance credited to such licensed employee. Thereafter, 59 the regular pay of such absent licensed employee shall be suspended and withheld in its entirety for any period of absence 60 61 because of illness or physical disability during that school year. 62 (3) Beginning with the school year 1983-1984, each (a) licensed employee at the beginning of each school year shall be 63

64 credited with a minimum personal leave allowance, with pay, of two
65 (2) days for absences caused by personal reasons during that
66 school year. Effective for the 2010-2011 and 2011-2012 school
67 years, licensed employees shall be credited with an additional
68 one-half (1/2) day of personal leave for every day the licensed
69 employee is furloughed without pay as provided in Section
70 37-7-308. Except as otherwise provided in paragraph (b) of this

H. B. No. 1633 **~ OFFICIAL ~** 24/HR26/R2207 PAGE 3 (DJ\KW) 71 subsection, such personal leave shall not be taken on the first 72 day of the school term, the last day of the school term, on a day 73 previous to a holiday or a day after a holiday. Personal leave 74 may be used for professional purposes, including absences caused 75 by attendance of such licensed employee at a seminar, class, 76 training program, professional association or other functions 77 designed for educators. No deduction from the pay of such 78 licensed employee may be made because of absence of such licensed 79 employee caused by personal reasons until after all personal leave allowance credited to such licensed employee has been used. 80 81 However, the superintendent of a school district, in his 82 discretion, may allow a licensed employee personal leave in 83 addition to any minimum personal leave allowance, under the 84 condition that there shall be deducted from the salary of such 85 licensed employee the actual amount of any compensation paid to 86 any person as a substitute, necessitated because of the absence of 87 the licensed employee. Any unused portion of the total personal leave allowance up to five (5) days shall be carried over to the 88 89 next school year and credited to such licensed employee if the 90 licensed employee remains employed in the same school district. 91 Any personal leave allowed for a furlough day shall not be carried 92 over to the next school year.

93 (b) Notwithstanding the restrictions on the use of
94 personal leave prescribed under paragraph (a) of this subsection,
95 a licensed employee may use personal leave as follows:

H. B. No. 1633 ~ OFFICIAL ~ 24/HR26/R2207 PAGE 4 (DJ\KW) 96 (i) Personal leave may be taken on the first day 97 of the school term, the last day of the school term, on a day 98 previous to a holiday or a day after a holiday if, on the 99 applicable day, an immediate family member of the employee is 100 being deployed for military service.

(ii) Personal leave may be taken on a day previous to a holiday or a day after a holiday if an employee of a school district has either a minimum of ten (10) years' experience as an employee of that school district or a minimum of thirty (30) days of unused accumulated leave that has been earned while employed in that school district.

107 (iii) Personal leave may be taken on the first day 108 of the school term, the last day of the school term, on a day 109 previous to a holiday or a day after a holiday if, on the 110 applicable day, the employee has been summoned to appear for jury 111 duty or as a witness in court.

(iv) Personal leave may be taken on the first day of the school term, the last day of the school term, on a day previous to a holiday or a day after a holiday if, on the applicable day, an immediate family member of the employee dies or funeral services are held. Any day of the three (3) bereavement days may be used at the discretion of the teacher, and are not required to be taken in consecutive succession.

119 For the purpose of this subsection (3), the term "immediate 120 family member" means spouse, parent, stepparent, child or

H. B. No. 1633 **~ OFFICIAL ~** 24/HR26/R2207 PAGE 5 (DJ\KW) 121 stepchild, grandparent or sibling, including a stepbrother or 122 stepsister.

123 Beginning with the school year 1992-1993, each licensed (4) 124 employee shall be credited with a professional leave allowance, 125 with pay, for each day of absence caused by reason of such 126 employee's statutorily required membership and attendance at a 127 regular or special meeting held within the State of Mississippi of the State Board of Education, the Commission on Teacher and 128 129 Administrator Education, Certification and Licensure and Development, the Commission on School Accreditation, the 130 Mississippi Authority for Educational Television, the meetings of 131 132 the state textbook rating committees or other meetings authorized 133 by local school board policy.

134 Upon retirement from employment, each licensed and (5)135 nonlicensed employee shall be paid for not more than thirty (30) 136 days of unused accumulated leave earned while employed by the 137 school district in which the employee is last employed. Such payment for licensed employees shall be made by the school 138 139 district at a rate equal to the amount paid to substitute teachers 140 and for nonlicensed employees, the payment shall be made by the 141 school district at a rate equal to the federal minimum wage. The 142 payment shall be treated in the same manner for retirement purposes as a lump-sum payment for personal leave as provided in 143 144 Section 25-11-103(f). Any remaining lawfully credited unused leave, for which payment has not been made, shall be certified to 145

H. B. No. 1633 24/HR26/R2207 PAGE 6 (DJ\KW)

## 

~ OFFICIAL ~

the Public Employees' Retirement System in the same manner and subject to the same limitations as otherwise provided by law for unused leave. No payment for unused accumulated leave may be made to either a licensed or nonlicensed employee at termination or separation from service for any purpose other than for the purpose of retirement.

(6) The school board may adopt rules and regulations which will reasonably aid to implement the policy of sick and personal leave, including, but not limited to, rules and regulations having the following general effect:

(a) Requiring the absent employee to furnish the
certificate of a physician or dentist or other medical
practitioner as to the illness of the absent licensed employee,
where the absence is for four (4) or more consecutive school days,
or for two (2) consecutive school days immediately preceding or
following a nonschool day;

(b) Providing penalties, by way of full deduction from
salary, or entry on the work record of the employee, or other
appropriate penalties, for any materially false statement by the
employee as to the cause of absence;

(c) Forfeiture of accumulated or future sick leave, if the absence of the employee is caused by optional dental or medical treatment or surgery which could, without medical risk, have been provided, furnished or performed at a time when school was not in session;

H. B. No. 1633 **••• OFFICIAL •** 24/HR26/R2207 PAGE 7 (DJ\KW) (d) Enlarging, increasing or providing greater sick or personal leave allowances than the minimum standards established by this section in the discretion of the school board of each school district.

175 School boards may include in their budgets provisions (7)176 for the payment of substitute employees, necessitated because of the absence of regular licensed employees. All such substitute 177 178 employees shall be paid wholly from district funds, except as 179 otherwise provided for long-term substitute teachers in Section 37-19-20. Such school boards, in their discretion, also may pay, 180 181 from district funds other than adequate education program funds, 182 the whole or any part of the salaries of all employees granted 183 leaves for the purpose of special studies or training.

184 The school board may further adopt rules and regulations (8) 185 which will reasonably implement such leave policies for all other 186 nonlicensed and hourly paid school employees as the board deems appropriate. Effective for the 2010-2011 and 2011-2012 school 187 years, nonlicensed employees shall be credited with an additional 188 189 one-half (1/2) day of personal leave for every day the nonlicensed 190 employee is furloughed without pay as provided in Section 191 37-7-308.

(9) Vacation leave granted to either licensed or nonlicensed
employees shall be synonymous with personal leave. Unused
vacation or personal leave accumulated by licensed employees in
excess of the maximum five (5) days which may be carried over from

~ OFFICIAL ~

H. B. No. 1633 24/HR26/R2207 PAGE 8 (DJ\KW) 196 one year to the next may be converted to sick leave. The annual 197 conversion of unused vacation or personal leave to sick days for 198 licensed or unlicensed employees shall not exceed the allowable number of personal leave days as provided in Section 25-3-93. The 199 200 annual total number of converted unused vacation and/or personal 201 days added to the annual unused sick days for any employee shall 202 not exceed the combined allowable number of days per year provided in Sections 25-3-93 and 25-3-95. Local school board policies that 203 204 provide for vacation, personal and sick leave for employees shall 205 not exceed the provisions for leave as provided in Sections 206 25-3-93 and 25-3-95. Any personal or vacation leave previously 207 converted to sick leave under a lawfully adopted policy before May 208 1, 2004, or such personal or vacation leave accumulated and 209 available for use prior to May 1, 2004, under a lawfully adopted policy but converted to sick leave after May 1, 2004, shall be 210 211 recognized as accrued leave by the local school district and 212 available for use by the employee. The leave converted under a 213 lawfully adopted policy prior to May 1, 2004, or such personal and 214 vacation leave accumulated and available for use as of May 1, 215 2004, which was subsequently converted to sick leave may be 216 certified to the Public Employees' Retirement System upon 217 termination of employment and any such leave previously converted and certified to the Public Employees' Retirement System shall be 218 219 recognized.

H. B. No. 1633 24/HR26/R2207 PAGE 9 (DJ\KW) (10) (a) For the purposes of this subsection, the following words and phrases shall have the meaning ascribed in this paragraph unless the context requires otherwise:

223 (i) "Catastrophic injury or illness" means a 224 life-threatening injury or illness of an employee or a member of 225 an employee's immediate family that totally incapacitates the 226 employee from work, as verified by a licensed physician, and 227 forces the employee to exhaust all leave time earned by that 228 employee, resulting in the loss of compensation from the local school district for the employee. Conditions that are short-term 229 in nature, including, but not limited to, common illnesses such as 230 231 influenza and the measles, and common injuries, are not 232 catastrophic. Chronic illnesses or injuries, such as cancer or 233 major surgery, that result in intermittent absences from work and 234 that are long-term in nature and require long recuperation periods 235 may be considered catastrophic.

(ii) "Immediate family" means spouse, parent,
stepparent, sibling, child or stepchild, grandparent, stepbrother
or stepsister.

239 <u>(iii) "High-risk pregnancy" involves increased</u>
240 <u>health risks for the pregnant person, fetus or both, which</u>
241 <u>requires close monitoring, as verified by a licensed physician,</u>
242 <u>obstetrician or gynecologist, which further incapacitates the</u>
243 <u>employee from work, and forces the employee to exhaust all leave</u>

H. B. No. 1633 **~ OFFICIAL ~** 24/HR26/R2207 PAGE 10 (DJ\KW)

244	time earned by that employee, resulting in the loss of
245	compensation from the local school district for the employee.
246	(iv) "Miscarriage" means the natural loss of a
247	fetus before twenty (20) weeks of gestation.
248	(v) "Postpartum recovery" means the first six (6)
249	weeks after the delivery of a baby. However, if a cesarean
250	section is performed, postpartum recovery shall be extended to
251	eight (8) weeks after delivery.
252	(b) Any school district employee may donate a portion
253	of his or her unused accumulated personal leave or sick leave to
254	another employee of the same school district who is suffering from
255	a catastrophic injury or illness, high-risk pregnancy, miscarriage
256	or experiencing postpartum recovery, or who has a member of his or
257	her immediate family suffering from a catastrophic injury or
258	illness, high-risk pregnancy or miscarriage, in accordance with
259	the following:
260	(i) The employee donating the leave (the "donor
261	employee") shall designate the employee who is to receive the
262	leave (the "recipient employee") and the amount of unused
263	accumulated personal leave and sick leave that is to be donated,
264	and shall notify the school district superintendent or his
265	designee of his or her designation.
266	(ii) The maximum amount of unused accumulated

267 personal leave that an employee may donate to any other employee 268 may not exceed a number of days that would leave the donor

H. B. No. 1633	~ OFFICIAL ~
24/HR26/R2207	
PAGE 11 (DJ\KW)	

employee with fewer than seven (7) days of personal leave remaining, and the maximum amount of unused accumulated sick leave that an employee may donate to any other employee may not exceed fifty percent (50%) of the unused accumulated sick leave of the donor employee.

(iii) An employee must have exhausted all of his or her available leave before he or she will be eligible to receive any leave donated by another employee. Eligibility for donated leave shall be based upon review and approval by the donor employee's supervisor.

279 (iv) Before an employee may receive donated leave, 280 he or she must provide the school district superintendent or his 281 designee with a physician's statement that states that the illness 282 meets the \* \* \* criteria established under this subsection, the 283 beginning date of the catastrophic injury or illness, high-risk 284 pregnancy, miscarriage or experiencing postpartum recovery, a 285 description of the injury or illness or high-risk pregnancy 286 diagnosis, and a prognosis for recovery and the anticipated date 287 that the recipient employee will be able to return to work. 288 Before an employee may receive donated leave, (V) 289 the superintendent of education of the school district shall

appoint a review committee to approve or disapprove the said donations of leave, including the determination that the illness is catastrophic within the meaning of this <u>sub</u>section.

H. B. No. 1633 24/HR26/R2207 PAGE 12 (DJ\KW)

## 

~ OFFICIAL ~

(vi) If the total amount of leave that is donated to any employee is not used by the recipient employee, the whole days of donated leave shall be returned to the donor employees on a pro rata basis, based on the ratio of the number of days of leave donated by each donor employee to the total number of days of leave donated by all donor employees.

299 (vii) Donated leave shall not be used in lieu of 300 disability retirement.

301 (c) If the employee donating the leave (the "donor 302 employee") is the spouse of an employee of the same school 303 district who is suffering from a catastrophic injury or illness, 304 high-risk pregnancy, miscarriage or experiencing postpartum 305 recovery, the donor employee shall, without objection from the 306 employing school board, designate his or her spouse, as the recipient employee of the donated leave in accordance with the 307 308 requirements of paragraph (b) of this subsection, notwithstanding 309 subparagraph (v).

(11) Effective January 1, 2020, the provisions of this
section shall be fully applicable to any licensed employee of the
Mississippi School of the Arts (MSA).

313 **SECTION 2.** This act shall take effect and be in force from 314 and after July 1, 2024.

H. B. No. 1633 24/HR26/R2207 PAGE 13 (DJ\KW) ST: Donation of leave by school employees; include certain pregnancy related complications as eligible conditions for.