By: Representatives Horan, Mickens

To: Judiciary B

## HOUSE BILL NO. 1252

AN ACT TO AMEND SECTION 99-15-26, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, TO AUTHORIZE NONADJUDICATION FOR FELONY VIOLATIONS OF THE IMPLIED CONSENT LAWS UNDER CERTAIN CONDITIONS; TO BRING FORWARD SECTION 63-11-30, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, WHICH REGULATES IMPLIED CONSENT LAWS, FOR PURPOSES OF AMENDMENT; AND FOR RELATED PURPOSES.

- 6 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MISSISSIPPI:
- 7 **SECTION 1.** Section 99-15-26, Mississippi Code of 1972, is
- 8 amended as follows:
- 9 99-15-26. (1) (a) In all criminal cases, felony and
- 10 misdemeanor, other than crimes against the person, a crime of
- 11 violence as defined in Section 97-3-2, a violation of Section
- 12 97-11-31, or crimes in which a person unlawfully takes, obtains or
- 13 misappropriates funds received by or entrusted to the person by
- 14 virtue of his or her public office or employment, the circuit or
- 15 county court shall be empowered, upon the entry of a plea of
- 16 quilty by a criminal defendant made on or after July 1, 2014, to
- 17 withhold acceptance of the plea and sentence thereon pending
- 18 successful completion of such conditions as may be imposed by the
- 19 court pursuant to subsection (2) of this section.

20	(b) In all misdemeanor criminal cases, other than
21	crimes against the person, the justice or municipal court shall be
22	empowered, upon the entry of a plea of guilty by a criminal
23	defendant, to withhold acceptance of the plea and sentence thereon
24	pending successful completion of such conditions as may be imposed

- 26 (c) Notwithstanding paragraph (a) of this subsection 27 (1), in all criminal cases charging a misdemeanor of domestic
- violence as defined in Section 99-3-7(5), a circuit, county,

by the court pursuant to subsection (2) of this section.

- 29 justice or municipal court shall be empowered, upon the entry of a
- 30 plea of guilty by the criminal defendant, to withhold acceptance
- 31 of the plea and sentence thereon pending successful completion of
- 32 such conditions as may be imposed by the court pursuant to
- 33 subsection (2) of this section.

- 34 (d) No person having previously qualified under the
- 35 provisions of this section shall be eligible to qualify for
- 36 release in accordance with this section for a repeat offense. A
- 37 person shall not be eligible to qualify for release in accordance
- 38 with this section if charged with the offense of trafficking of a
- 39 controlled substance as provided in Section 41-29-139(f) or if
- 40 charged with \* \* \* <u>a misdemeanor</u> offense under the Mississippi
- 41 Implied Consent Law. <u>Misdemeanor</u> violations under the Mississippi
- 42 Implied Consent Law can only be nonadjudicated under the
- 43 provisions of Section 63-11-30. <u>Felony violations of the</u>
- 44 Mississippi Implied Consent Law can be nonadjudicated under this

45	section	onlv	if	successfull	completion	of	an	intervention	court
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- 46 certified by the Mississippi Administrative Office of Courts is a
- 47 court imposed condition of the nonadjudication.
- 48 (2) (a) Conditions which the circuit, county, justice or
- 49 municipal court may impose under subsection (1) of this section
- 50 shall consist of:
- 51 (i) Reasonable restitution to the victim of the
- 52 crime.
- (ii) Performance of not more than nine hundred
- 54 sixty (960) hours of public service work approved by the court.
- 55 (iii) Payment of a fine not to exceed the
- 56 statutory limit.
- 57 (iv) Successful completion of drug, alcohol,
- 58 psychological or psychiatric treatment, successful completion of a
- 59 program designed to bring about the cessation of domestic abuse,
- or any combination thereof, if the court deems treatment
- 61 necessary.
- 62 (v) The circuit or county court, in its
- 63 discretion, may require the defendant to remain in the program
- 64 subject to good behavior for a period of time not to exceed five
- 65 (5) years. The justice or municipal court, in its discretion, may
- 66 require the defendant to remain in the program subject to good
- 67 behavior for a period of time not to exceed two (2) years.
- (b) Conditions which the circuit or county court may
- 69 impose under subsection (1) of this section also include

- 70 successful completion of an effective evidence-based program or a
- 71 properly controlled pilot study designed to contribute to the
- 72 evidence-based research literature on programs targeted at
- 73 reducing recidivism. Such program or pilot study may be community
- 74 based or institutionally based and should address risk factors
- 75 identified in a formal assessment of the offender's risks and
- 76 needs.
- 77 (3) When the court has imposed upon the defendant the
- 78 conditions set out in this section, the court shall release the
- 79 bail bond, if any.
- 80 (4) Upon successful completion of the court-imposed
- 81 conditions permitted by subsection (2) of this section, the court
- 82 shall direct that the cause be dismissed and the case be closed.
- 83 (5) Upon petition therefor, the court shall expunde the
- 84 record of any case in which an arrest was made, the person
- 85 arrested was released and the case was dismissed or the charges
- 86 were dropped, there was no disposition of such case, or the person
- 87 was found not quilty at trial.
- SECTION 2. Section 63-11-30, Mississippi Code of 1972, is
- 89 brought forward as follows:
- 90 63-11-30. (1) It is unlawful for a person to drive or
- 91 otherwise operate a vehicle within this state if the person:
- 92 (a) Is under the influence of intoxicating liquor;
- 93 (b) Is under the influence of any other substance that
- 94 has impaired the person's ability to operate a motor vehicle;

95	(C)	Is	under	the	influence	of	any	, druq	or	controlled

- 96 substance, the possession of which is unlawful under the
- 97 Mississippi Controlled Substances Law; or
- 98 (d) Has an alcohol concentration in the person's blood,
- 99 based upon grams of alcohol per one hundred (100) milliliters of
- 100 blood, or grams of alcohol per two hundred ten (210) liters of
- 101 breath, as shown by a chemical analysis of the person's breath,
- 102 blood or urine administered as authorized by this chapter, of:
- 103 (i) Eight one-hundredths percent (.08%) or more
- 104 for a person who is above the legal age to purchase alcoholic
- 105 beverages under state law;
- 106 (ii) Two one-hundredths percent (.02%) or more for
- 107 a person who is below the legal age to purchase alcoholic
- 108 beverages under state law; or
- 109 (iii) Four one-hundredths percent (.04%) or more
- 110 for a person operating a commercial motor vehicle.
- 111 (2) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (3) of this
- 112 section (Zero Tolerance for Minors):
- 113 (a) First offense DUI. (i) Upon conviction of any
- 114 person for the first offense of violating subsection (1) of this
- 115 section where chemical tests under Section 63-11-5 were given, or
- 116 where chemical test results are not available, the person shall be
- 117 fined not less than Two Hundred Fifty Dollars (\$250.00) nor more
- 118 than One Thousand Dollars (\$1,000.00), or imprisoned for not more
- 119 than forty-eight (48) hours in jail, or both; the court shall

120	order the	person to	o attend	and complete	an alconol	sarety	
121	education	program a	as provid	ed in Section	63-11-32	within six	(6)

- 122 months of sentencing. The court may substitute attendance at a
- 123 victim impact panel instead of forty-eight (48) hours in jail.
- 124 (ii) Suspension of commercial driving privileges
- is governed by Section 63-1-216.
- 126 (iii) A qualifying first offense may be
- 127 nonadjudicated by the court under subsection (14) of this section.
- 128 The holder of a commercial driver's license or a commercial
- 129 learning permit at the time of the offense is ineligible for
- 130 nonadjudication.

- 131 (iv) Eligibility for an interlock-restricted
- 132 license is governed by Section 63-11-31 and suspension of regular
- 133 driving privileges is governed by Section 63-11-23.
- (b) **Second offense DUI.** (i) Upon any second
- 135 conviction of any person violating subsection (1) of this section,
- 136 the offenses being committed within a period of five (5) years,
- 137 the person shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, fined not less than
- 138 Six Hundred Dollars (\$600.00) nor more than One Thousand Five
- 139 Hundred Dollars (\$1,500.00), shall be imprisoned not less than
- 140 five (5) days nor more than six (6) months and sentenced to
- 141 community service work for not less than ten (10) days nor more
- 142 than six (6) months. The minimum penalties shall not be suspended
- or reduced by the court and no prosecutor shall offer any
- 144 suspension or sentence reduction as part of a plea bargain.

145		(ii)	Suspension	of	commercial	driving	privileges
146	is governed by	Sectio	n 63-1-216.	•			

- 147 (iii) Eligibility for an interlock-restricted
- 148 license is governed by Section 63-11-31 and suspension of regular
- 149 driving privileges is governed by Section 63-11-23.
- 150 (c) **Third offense DUI.** (i) For a third conviction of
- 151 a person for violating subsection (1) of this section, the
- 152 offenses being committed within a period of five (5) years, the
- 153 person shall be guilty of a felony and fined not less than Two
- 154 Thousand Dollars (\$2,000.00) nor more than Five Thousand Dollars
- (\$5,000.00), and shall serve not less than one (1) year nor more
- 156 than five (5) years in the custody of the Department of
- 157 Corrections. For any offense that does not result in serious
- 158 injury or death to any person, the sentence of incarceration may
- 159 be served in the county jail rather than in the State Penitentiary
- 160 at the discretion of the circuit court judge. The minimum
- 161 penalties shall not be suspended or reduced by the court and no
- 162 prosecutor shall offer any suspension or sentence reduction as
- 163 part of a plea bargain.
- 164 (ii) The suspension of commercial driving
- 165 privileges is governed by Section 63-1-216.
- 166 (iii) The suspension of regular driving privileges
- 167 is governed by Section 63-11-23.
- 168 (d) Fourth and subsequent offense DUI. (i) For any
- 169 fourth or subsequent conviction of a violation of subsection (1)

- 170 of this section, without regard to the time period within which
- 171 the violations occurred, the person shall be guilty of a felony
- and fined not less than Three Thousand Dollars (\$3,000.00) nor
- more than Ten Thousand Dollars (\$10,000.00), and shall serve not
- 174 less than two (2) years nor more than ten (10) years in the
- 175 custody of the Department of Corrections.
- 176 (ii) The suspension of commercial driving
- 177 privileges is governed by Section 63-1-216.
- 178 (iii) A person convicted of a fourth or subsequent
- 179 offense is ineligible to exercise the privilege to operate a motor
- 180 vehicle that is not equipped with an ignition-interlock device for
- 181 ten (10) years.
- 182 (e) Any person convicted of a second or subsequent
- 183 violation of subsection (1) of this section shall receive an
- 184 in-depth diagnostic assessment, and if as a result of the
- 185 assessment is determined to be in need of treatment for alcohol or
- 186 drug abuse, the person must successfully complete treatment at a
- 187 program site certified by the Department of Mental Health. Each
- 188 person who receives a diagnostic assessment shall pay a fee
- 189 representing the cost of the assessment. Each person who
- 190 participates in a treatment program shall pay a fee representing
- 191 the cost of treatment.
- 192 (f) The use of ignition-interlock devices is governed
- 193 by Section 63-11-31.

- 194 Zero Tolerance for Minors. (a) This subsection shall 195 be known and may be cited as Zero Tolerance for Minors. 196 provisions of this subsection shall apply only when a person under 197 the age of twenty-one (21) years has a blood alcohol concentration of two one-hundredths percent (.02%) or more, but lower than eight 198 199 one-hundredths percent (.08%). If the person's blood alcohol 200 concentration is eight one-hundredths percent (.08%) or more, the 201 provisions of subsection (2) shall apply.
- 202 (b) (i) A person under the age of twenty-one (21) is 203 eligible for nonadjudication of a qualifying first offense by the 204 court pursuant to subsection (14) of this section.
  - (ii) Upon conviction of any person under the age of twenty-one (21) years for the first offense of violating subsection (1) of this section where chemical tests provided for under Section 63-11-5 were given, or where chemical test results are not available, the person shall be fined Two Hundred Fifty Dollars (\$250.00); the court shall order the person to attend and complete an alcohol safety education program as provided in Section 63-11-32 within six (6) months. The court may also require attendance at a victim impact panel.
- (c) A person under the age of twenty-one (21) years who is convicted of a second violation of subsection (1) of this section, the offenses being committed within a period of five (5) years, shall be fined not more than Five Hundred Dollars (\$500.00).

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219	(d) A person under the age of twenty-one (21) years who
220	is convicted of a third or subsequent violation of subsection (1)
221	of this section, the offenses being committed within a period of
222	five (5) years, shall be fined not more than One Thousand Dollars
223	(\$1,000.00).

- 224 (e) License suspension is governed by Section 63-11-23 225 and ignition interlock is governed by Section 63-11-31.
- 226 (f) Any person under the age of twenty-one (21) years 227 convicted of a third or subsequent violation of subsection (1) of 228 this section must complete treatment of an alcohol or drug abuse 229 program at a site certified by the Department of Mental Health.
  - (4) **DUI test refusal.** In addition to the other penalties provided in this section, every person refusing a law enforcement officer's request to submit to a chemical test of the person's breath as provided in this chapter, or who was unconscious at the time of a chemical test and refused to consent to the introduction of the results of the test in any prosecution, shall suffer an additional administrative suspension of driving privileges as set forth in Section 63-11-23.
- 238 (5) Aggravated DUI. (a) Every person who operates any
  239 motor vehicle in violation of the provisions of subsection (1) of
  240 this section and who in a negligent manner causes the death of
  241 another or mutilates, disfigures, permanently disables or destroys
  242 the tongue, eye, lip, nose or any other limb, organ or member of
  243 another shall, upon conviction, be guilty of a separate felony for

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injury and shall be committed to the custody of the State

Department of Corrections for a period of time of not less than

five (5) years and not to exceed twenty-five (25) years for each

death, mutilation, disfigurement or other injury, and the

each victim who suffers death, mutilation, disfigurement or other

249 imprisonment for the second or each subsequent conviction, in the

250 discretion of the court, shall commence either at the termination

251 of the imprisonment for the preceding conviction or run

252 concurrently with the preceding conviction. Any person charged

253 with causing the death of another as described in this subsection

254 shall be required to post bail before being released after arrest.

255 (b) A holder of a commercial driver's license who is 256 convicted of operating a commercial motor vehicle with an alcohol 257 concentration of eight one-hundredths percent (.08%) or more shall 258 be guilty of a felony and shall be committed to the custody of the 259 Department of Corrections for not less than two (2) years and not 260 more than ten (10) years.

restriction on the offender's privilege to drive as a condition of probation or post-release supervision not to exceed five (5) years unless a longer restriction is required under other law. The ignition-interlock restriction shall not be applied to commercial license privileges until the driver serves the full disqualification period required by Section 63-1-216.

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268	(6) <b>DUI citations.</b> (a) Upon conviction of a violation of
269	subsection (1) of this section, the trial judge shall sign in the
270	place provided on the traffic ticket, citation or affidavit
271	stating that the person arrested either employed an attorney or
272	waived his right to an attorney after having been properly
273	advised. If the person arrested employed an attorney, the name,
274	address and telephone number of the attorney shall be written on
275	the ticket, citation or affidavit. The court clerk must
276	immediately send a copy of the traffic ticket, citation or
277	affidavit, and any other pertinent documents concerning the
278	conviction or other order of the court, to the Department of
279	Public Safety as provided in Section 63-11-37.

- (b) A copy of the traffic ticket, citation or affidavit and any other pertinent documents, having been attested as true and correct by the Commissioner of Public Safety, or his designee, shall be sufficient proof of the conviction for purposes of determining the enhanced penalty for any subsequent convictions of violations of subsection (1) of this section. The Department of Public Safety shall maintain a central database for verification of prior offenses and convictions.
- 288 (7) Out-of-state prior convictions. Convictions in another 289 state, territory or possession of the United States, or under the 290 law of a federally recognized Native American tribe, of violations 291 for driving or operating a vehicle while under the influence of an 292 intoxicating liquor or while under the influence of any other

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substance that has impaired the person's ability to operate a
motor vehicle occurring within five (5) years before an offense
shall be counted for the purposes of determining if a violation of
subsection (1) of this section is a second, third, fourth or
subsequent offense and the penalty that shall be imposed upon
conviction for a violation of subsection (1) of this section.

- (8) Charging of subsequent offenses. (a) For the purposes of determining how to impose the sentence for a second, third, fourth or subsequent conviction under this section, the affidavit or indictment shall not be required to enumerate previous convictions. It shall only be necessary that the affidavit or indictment states the number of times that the defendant has been convicted and sentenced within the past five (5) years for a second or third offense, or without a time limitation for a fourth or subsequent offense, under this section to determine if an enhanced penalty shall be imposed. The amount of fine and imprisonment imposed in previous convictions shall not be considered in calculating offenses to determine a second, third, fourth or subsequent offense of this section.
- 312 (b) Before a defendant enters a plea of guilty to an
  313 offense under this section, law enforcement must submit
  314 certification to the prosecutor that the defendant's driving
  315 record, the confidential registry and National Crime Information
  316 Center record have been searched for all prior convictions,
  317 nonadjudications, pretrial diversions and arrests for driving or

318	operating a vehicle while under the influence of an intoxicating
319	liquor or while under the influence of any other substance that
320	has impaired the person's ability to operate a motor vehicle. The
321	results of the search must be included in the certification.

- (9) License eligibility for underage offenders. A person who is under the legal age to obtain a license to operate a motor vehicle at the time of the offense and who is convicted under this section shall not be eligible to receive a driver's license until the person reaches the age of eighteen (18) years.
- consecutively. Suspension or restriction of driving privileges for any person convicted of or nonadjudicated for violations of subsection (1) of this section shall run consecutively to and not concurrently with any other administrative license suspension.
- (11) **Ignition interlock.** If the court orders installation and use of an ignition-interlock device as provided in Section 63-11-31 for every vehicle operated by a person convicted or nonadjudicated under this section, each device shall be installed, maintained and removed as provided in Section 63-11-31.
- (12) **DUI child endangerment.** A person over the age of twenty-one (21) who violates subsection (1) of this section while transporting in a motor vehicle a child under the age of sixteen (16) years is guilty of the separate offense of endangering a child by driving under the influence of alcohol or any other substance which has impaired the person's ability to operate a

343	motor vehicle. The offense of endangering a child by driving
344	under the influence of alcohol or any other substance which has
345	impaired the person's ability to operate a motor vehicle shall not
346	be merged with an offense of violating subsection (1) of this
347	section for the purposes of prosecution and sentencing. An
348	offender who is convicted of a violation of this subsection shall
349	be punished as follows:

- A person who commits a violation of this subsection 350 351 which does not result in the serious injury or death of a child 352 and which is a first conviction shall be quilty of a misdemeanor 353 and, upon conviction, shall be fined not more than One Thousand 354 Dollars (\$1,000.00) or shall be imprisoned for not more than 355 twelve (12) months, or both;
- 356 A person who commits a violation of this subsection 357 which does not result in the serious injury or death of a child 358 and which is a second conviction shall be guilty of a misdemeanor 359 and, upon conviction, shall be fined not less than One Thousand 360 Dollars (\$1,000.00) nor more than Five Thousand Dollars 361 (\$5,000.00) or shall be imprisoned for one (1) year, or both;
- A person who commits a violation of this subsection 362 363 which does not result in the serious injury or death of a child 364 and which is a third or subsequent conviction shall be quilty of a 365 felony and, upon conviction, shall be fined not less than Ten 366 Thousand Dollars (\$10,000.00) or shall be imprisoned for not less than one (1) year nor more than five (5) years, or both; and 367

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369	which results in the serious injury or death of a child, without
370	regard to whether the offense was a first, second, third or
371	subsequent offense, shall be guilty of a felony and, upon
372	conviction, shall be punished by a fine of not less than Ten
373	Thousand Dollars (\$10,000.00) and shall be imprisoned for not less
374	than five (5) years nor more than twenty-five (25) years.
375	(13) <b>Expunction</b> . (a) Any person convicted under subsection
376	(2) or (3) of this section of a first offense of driving under the
377	influence and who was not the holder of a commercial driver's
378	license or a commercial learning permit at the time of the offense
379	may petition the circuit court of the county in which the
380	conviction was had for an order to expunge the record of the
381	conviction at least five (5) years after successful completion of
382	all terms and conditions of the sentence imposed for the
383	conviction. Expunction under this subsection will only be
384	available to a person:
385	(i) Who has successfully completed all terms and
386	conditions of the sentence imposed for the conviction;
387	(ii) Who did not refuse to submit to a test of his
388	blood or breath;
389	(iii) Whose blood alcohol concentration tested
390	below sixteen one-hundredths percent (.16%) if test results are
391	available;

(d) A person who commits a violation of this subsection

393	have pending any other offense of driving under the influence;
394	(v) Who has provided the court with justification
395	as to why the conviction should be expunged; and
396	(vi) Who has not previously had a nonadjudication
397	or expunction of a violation of this section.
398	(b) A person is eligible for only one (1) expunction
399	under this subsection, and the Department of Public Safety shall
400	maintain a permanent confidential registry of all cases of
401	expunction under this subsection for the sole purpose of
402	determining a person's eligibility for expunction, for
403	nonadjudication, or as a first offender under this section.
404	(c) The court in its order of expunction shall state in
405	writing the justification for which the expunction was granted and
406	forward the order to the Department of Public Safety within five
407	(5) days of the entry of the order.
408	(14) Nonadjudication. (a) For the purposes of this
409	chapter, "nonadjudication" means that the court withholds
410	adjudication of guilt and sentencing, either at the conclusion of
411	a trial on the merits or upon the entry of a plea of guilt by a
412	defendant, and places the defendant in a nonadjudication program

(iv) Who has not been convicted of and does not

imposed by the court under this subsection.

conditioned upon the successful completion of the requirements

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417	provision	of	а	law	that	authorizes	nonadjudication	and	only	for	an
418	offender:										

- 419 (i) Who has successfully completed all terms and 420 conditions imposed by the court after placement of the defendant
- 421 in a nonadjudication program;
- 422 (ii) Who was not the holder of a commercial
- 423 driver's license or a commercial learning permit at the time of
- 424 the offense;
- 425 (iii) Who has not previously been convicted of and
- 426 does not have pending any former or subsequent charges under this
- 427 section; and
- 428 (iv) Who has provided the court with justification
- 429 as to why nonadjudication is appropriate.
- 430 (c) Nonadjudication may be initiated upon the filing of
- 431 a petition for nonadjudication or at any stage of the proceedings
- 432 in the discretion of the court; the court may withhold
- 433 adjudication of guilt, defer sentencing, and upon the agreement of
- 434 the offender to participate in a nonadjudication program, enter an
- 435 order imposing requirements on the offender for a period of court
- 436 supervision before the order of nonadjudication is entered.
- 437 Failure to successfully complete a nonadjudication program
- 438 subjects the person to adjudication of the charges against him and
- 439 to imposition of all penalties previously withheld due to entrance
- 440 into a nonadjudication program. The court shall immediately

441	inform the commissioner of the conviction as required in Section
442	63-11-37.
443	(i) The court shall order the person to:
444	1. Pay the nonadjudication fee imposed under
445	Section 63-11-31 if applicable;
446	2. Pay all fines, penalties and assessments
447	that would have been imposed for conviction;
448	3. Attend and complete an alcohol safety
449	education program as provided in Section 63-11-32 within six (6)
450	months of the date of the order;
451	4. a. If the court determines that the
452	person violated this section with respect to alcohol or
453	intoxicating liquor, the person must install an ignition-interlock
454	device on every motor vehicle operated by the person, obtain an
455	interlock-restricted license, and maintain that license for one
456	hundred twenty (120) days or suffer a one-hundred-twenty-day
457	suspension of the person's regular driver's license, during which
458	time the person must not operate any vehicle.
459	b. If the court determines that the
460	person violated this section by operating a vehicle when under the
461	influence of a substance other than alcohol that has impaired the
462	person's ability to operate a motor vehicle, including any drug or
463	controlled substance which is unlawful to possess under the
464	Mississippi Controlled Substances Law, the person must submit to a
465	one-hundred-twenty-day period of a nonadjudication program that

includes court-ordered drug testing at the person's own expense
not less often than every thirty (30) days, during which time the
person may drive if compliant with the terms of the program, or
suffer a one-hundred-twenty-day suspension of the person's regular
driver's license, during which time the person will not operate
any vehicle.

(ii) Other conditions that may be imposed by the

court include, but are not limited to, alcohol or drug screening,

or both, proof that the person has not committed any other traffic

violations while under court supervision, proof of immobilization

or impoundment of vehicles owned by the offender if required, and

attendance at a victim-impact panel.

(d) The court may enter an order of nonadjudication only if the court finds, after a hearing or after ex parte examination of reliable documentation of compliance, that the offender has successfully completed all conditions imposed by law and previous orders of the court. The court shall retain jurisdiction over cases involving nonadjudication for a period of not more than two (2) years.

(e) (i) The clerk shall immediately forward a record
of every person placed in a nonadjudication program and of every
nonadjudication order to the Department of Public Safety for
inclusion in the permanent confidential registry of all cases that
are nonadjudicated under this subsection (14).

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490	(ii) Judges, clerks and prosecutors involved in
491	the trial of implied consent violations and law enforcement
492	officers involved in the issuance of citations for implied consent
493	violations shall have secure online access to the confidential
494	registry for the purpose of determining whether a person has
495	previously been the subject of a nonadjudicated case and 1. is
496	therefore ineligible for another nonadjudication; 2. is ineligible
497	as a first offender for a violation of this section; or 3. is
498	ineligible for expunction of a conviction of a violation of this
499	section.

- (iii) The Driver Services Bureau of the department shall have access to the confidential registry for the purpose of determining whether a person is eligible for a form of license not restricted to operating a vehicle equipped with an ignition-interlock device.
- 505 (iv) The Mississippi Alcohol Safety Education 506 Program shall have secure online access to the confidential 507 registry for research purposes only.
- on (15) The provisions of this section are fully applicable to any person who is under the influence of medical cannabis that is lawful under the Mississippi Medical Cannabis Act and in compliance with rules and regulations adopted thereunder which has impaired the person's ability to operate a motor vehicle.
- 513 **SECTION 3.** This act shall take effect and be in force from 514 and after July 1, 2024.

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