By: Representatives Morgan, Holloway (76th), To: Judiciary B Massengill, McMillan, Turner

## HOUSE BILL NO. 901

- AN ACT TO PROHIBIT THE REMOVAL OR ASSISTED REMOVAL OF STREET, 2 ROAD OR HIGHWAY SIGNS; TO PROVIDE PENALTIES FOR SUCH REMOVAL; TO
- 3 AMEND SECTION 97-17-71, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, TO ADD STREET,
- 4 ROAD AND HIGHWAY SIGNS TO THE LIST OF METALS PROHIBITED FROM
- 5 PURCHASE BY SCRAP METAL DEALERS; AND FOR RELATED PURPOSES.
- 6 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MISSISSIPPI:
- 7 **SECTION 1.** Any person who shall remove, or cause to be
- 8 removed, or aid or assist in removing any street, road or highway
- 9 sign, upon conviction, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and shall
- 10 be punished by a fine not to exceed One Thousand Dollars
- 11 (\$1,000.00) per offense unless the aggregate value of such exceeds
- 12 One Thousand Dollars (\$1,000.00) but less than Five Thousand
- 13 Dollars (\$5,000.00), in which case the person shall be guilty of a
- 14 felony and shall be imprisoned in the custody of the Department of
- 15 Corrections for a term not to exceed five (5) years, fined not
- 16 more than Ten Thousand Dollars (\$10,000.00), or both.
- 17 **SECTION 2.** Section 97-17-71, Mississippi Code of 1972, is
- 18 amended as follows:

97-17-71. (1) For the purposes of this section, th
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- 20 following terms shall have the meanings ascribed in this section:
- 21 "Railroad materials" means any materials, equipment
- 22 and parts used in the construction, operation, protection and
- 23 maintenance of a railroad.
- 24 (b) "Copper materials" means any copper wire, bars,
- rods or tubing, including copper wire or cable or coaxial cable of 25
- 26 the type used by public utilities, common carriers or
- 27 communication services providers, whether wireless or wire line,
- 28 copper air conditioner evaporator coil or condenser, aluminum
- 29 copper radiators not attached to a motor vehicle, or any
- combination of these. 30
- 31 (C) "Aluminum materials" means any aluminum cable,
- 32 bars, rods or tubing of the type used to construct utility,
- communication or broadcasting towers, aluminum utility wire and 33
- 34 aluminum irrigation pipes or tubing. "Aluminum materials" does
- 35 not include aluminum cans that have served their original economic
- 36 purpose.
- 37 (d) "Dealer-to-dealer transaction(s)" means any
- transaction of regulated metals, regardless of compensation, 38
- 39 between registered scrap metal dealers.
- 40 "Law enforcement officer" means any person (e)
- 41 appointed or employed full time by the state or any political
- subdivision thereof, or by the state military department as 42
- provided in Section 33-1-33, who is duly sworn and vested with 43

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- 44 authority to bear arms and make arrests, and whose primary
- 45 responsibility is the prevention and detection of crime, the
- 46 apprehension of criminals and the enforcement of the criminal
- 47 traffic laws of this state or the ordinances of any political
- 48 subdivision thereof.
- (f) "Metal property" means materials as defined in this
- 50 section as railroad track materials, copper materials and aluminum
- 51 materials and electrical, communications or utility brass, metal
- 52 covers for service access and entrances to sewers and storm
- 53 drains, metal bridge pilings, irrigation wiring and other metal
- 54 property attached to or part of center pivots, grain bins,
- 55 stainless steel sinks, catalytic converters not attached to a
- 56 motor vehicle and metal beer kegs. Metal property does not
- 57 include ferrous materials not listed in this section.
- 58 (g) "Person" means an individual, partnership,
- 59 corporation, joint venture, trust, limited liability company,
- 60 association or any other legal or commercial entity.
- (h) "Personal identification card" means any government
- 62 issued photographic identification card including a valid
- 63 identification card issued by a federally recognized Indian tribe
- 64 that contains a color photograph of the card holder and the card
- 65 holder's legal name, residence address and date of birth.
- (i) "Photograph" or "photographically" means a still
- 67 photographic image, including images captured in digital format,

68	that	are	of	such	quality	that	the	persons	and	objects	depicted	are

- 69 clearly identifiable.
- 70 (j) "Purchase transaction" means a transaction in which
- 71 metal property is acquired whether the person acquiring the metal
- 72 property gives consideration for the metal property or not. For
- 73 purposes of Sections 97-17-71 through 97-17-71.3, the words
- 74 "purchase" and "purchased" mean a purchase transaction.
- 75 (k) "Purchaser" means a person who acquires metal
- 76 property, whether the person gives consideration for the metal
- 77 property or not.
- 78 (1) "Record" or "records" means a paper, electronic or
- 79 other method of storing information.
- 80 (m) "Registered business entity" means a business
- 81 entity created by statute, registered and in good standing with
- 82 its state of incorporation or formation, and having a federal
- 83 Employer Identification Number (EIN). This term does not include
- 84 any sole proprietorship, fictitious business name, or nonstatutory
- 85 general partnership.
- 86 (n) "Scrap metal" means any metal property that is
- 87 acquired by a scrap metal dealer in a purchase transaction.
- 88 (o) "Scrap metal dealer" means any person who is
- 89 engaged, from a fixed location or otherwise, acquiring by purchase
- 90 transaction, metal property that has served its original economic
- 91 purpose, whether or not the person is engaged in the business of
- 92 performing the manufacturing process by which metals are converted

93	into	raw	material	products	consisting	of	prepared	grades	and

- 94 having an existing or potential economic value. Any person who
- 95 falls under this definition must register as a scrap metal dealer
- 96 pursuant to Sections 97-17-71 through 97-17-71.3 and its rules.
- 97 (2) Every scrap metal dealer or other purchaser shall keep
- 98 an accurate and legible record in which he shall enter the
- 99 following information for each purchase transaction:
- 100 (a) The name, address and age of the person from whom
- 101 the metal property is purchased as obtained from the seller's
- 102 personal identification card;
- 103 (i) If a person other than the seller delivers the
- 104 metal property to the purchaser, the purchaser shall enter the
- 105 name, address, and age of the person who delivers the metal
- 106 property, as obtained from the personal identification card of the
- 107 person delivering the metal property. If the person delivering
- 108 the metal property is the employee of the scrap metal dealer
- 109 acting in his official capacity and at the direction of the scrap
- 110 metal dealer, the purchaser is not required to enter the name,
- 111 address, and age of the person who delivers the metal property.
- 112 (ii) If the seller is a registered business
- 113 entity, and a person other than the seller delivers the metal
- 114 property to the purchaser, in addition to the information required
- 115 by this paragraph (a), the purchaser shall enter the name,
- 116 principal business address, state of incorporation or formation of
- 117 the entity, the federal Employer Identification Number (EIN) of

118	the entity,	and the	name	and	telephone	number	of	а	contact	person
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- 119 for the seller;
- 120 (b) The date and place of each acquisition of the metal
- 121 property;
- 122 (c) The weight, quantity or volume and a general
- 123 physical description of the type of metal property, such as wire,
- 124 tubing, extrusions or casting, acquired in a purchase transaction;
- 125 (d) The amount of consideration given in a purchase
- 126 transaction for the metal property. If no consideration is given,
- 127 a record of the origin of the regulated metal;
- 128 (e) The vehicle license tag number, state of issue and
- 129 the make and type of the vehicle used to deliver the metal
- 130 property to the purchaser;
- 131 (f) A signed statement from the person receiving
- 132 consideration in the purchase transaction stating that he or she
- is the rightful owner of the metal property or is entitled to sell
- 134 the metal property being sold. Signed statements as required by
- 135 this section may be collected and recorded on paper, by
- 136 photographic copy, or other alternative formats as set forth in
- 137 the rules promulgated by the Secretary of State;
- 138 (q) A scanned copy or a photocopy of the personal
- 139 identification card of the person receiving consideration, or
- 140 delivering the metal property in the purchase transaction; and
- 141 (h) A photograph, videotape or similar likeness of the
- 142 person receiving consideration or any person other than the seller

143 who delivers the metal property to the purchaser in which the

144 person's facial features are clearly visible and in which the

145 metal property the person is selling or delivering is clearly

146 visible.

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147 Such records shall be maintained by the scrap metal dealer or

148 purchaser for not less than two (2) years from the date of the

149 purchase transaction, and such records shall be made available to

150 any law enforcement officer or Secretary of State examiner during

151 usual and customary business hours.

152 (3) The purchaser shall photographically capture the metal

property as it exists when it is acquired by the purchaser. The

time and date shall be digitally recorded on the photograph, and

155 the identity of the person taking the photograph shall be

156 recorded. The purchaser shall permit any law enforcement officer

or Secretary of State examiner to make an inspection of the metal

158 property, if the metal property is still in the purchaser's

159 possession, and of all photographs of the metal property. Any

160 photograph of metal property taken and maintained pursuant to this

subsection shall be admissible in any civil or criminal

162 proceeding.

163 (4) During the usual and customary business hours of a scrap

164 metal dealer, a law enforcement officer or Secretary of State

165 examiner, after proper identification as a law enforcement officer

166 or Secretary of State examiner, shall have the right to inspect

167 all purchased metal property and all records pertaining to the

168 purchase of regulated metals in the possession of the scrap metal 169 dealer or purchaser.

- Whenever a law enforcement officer has reasonable 170 (5) (a) cause to believe that any item of metal property in the possession 171 of a scrap metal dealer has been stolen, a law enforcement officer 172 173 who has an affidavit from the alleged rightful owner of the property identifying the property with specificity, including any 174 175 identifying markings, may issue and deliver a written hold notice 176 to the scrap metal dealer. The hold notice shall specifically 177 identify those items of metal property that are believed to have 178 been stolen and that are subject to the hold notice. Upon receipt 179 of the notice, the scrap metal dealer may not process or remove 180 the metal property identified in the notice from the place of 181 business of the scrap metal dealer for fifteen (15) calendar days after receipt of the notice, unless sooner released by a law 182 183 enforcement officer.
- 184 No later than the expiration of the fifteen-day period, a law enforcement officer, after receiving additional 185 186 substantive evidence beyond the initial affidavit, may issue and 187 deliver a second written hold notice, which shall be an extended The extended hold notice shall specifically identify 188 hold notice. 189 those items of metal property that are believed to have been 190 stolen and that are subject to the extended hold notice. Upon receipt of the extended hold notice, the scrap metal dealer may 191 not process or remove the items of metal property identified in 192

193	the notice from the place of business of the scrap metal dealer
194	for fifteen (15) calendar days after receipt of the extended hold
195	notice, unless sooner released by a law enforcement officer.

- (c) At the expiration of the hold period or, if 196 197 extended in accordance with this subsection, at the expiration of 198 the extended hold period, the hold is automatically released, then the scrap metal dealer may dispose of the metal property unless 199 200 other disposition has been ordered by a court of competent 201 jurisdiction.
- 202 If the scrap metal dealer contests the (d) 203 identification or ownership of the metal property, the party other 204 than the scrap metal dealer claiming ownership of any metal 205 property in the possession of a scrap metal dealer, provided that 206 a timely report of the theft of the metal property was made to the 207 proper authorities, may bring a civil action in the circuit court 208 of the county in which the scrap metal dealer or purchaser is 209 The petition for the action shall include the means of located. 210 identification of the metal property utilized by the petitioner to 211 determine ownership of the metal property in the possession of the 212 scrap metal dealer.
- 213 When a lawful owner recovers stolen metal property 214 from a scrap metal dealer who has complied with this section, and the person who sold the metal property to the scrap metal dealer 215 216 is convicted of a violation of this section, or theft by receiving stolen property under Section 97-17-70, the court shall order the 217

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218	convicted	person	to	make	full	restitution	to	the	scrap	metal

- 219 dealer, including, without limitation, attorney's fees, court
- 220 costs and other expenses.
- 221 (6) For dealer-to-dealer transactions, records required to
- 222 be kept include:
- 223 (a) Name and address of selling dealer;
- (b) Date and place of each acquisition of the metal
- 225 property;
- (c) The weight, quantity, or volume and a general
- 227 description of the type of metal property; and
- 228 (d) The amount or type of consideration given for the
- 229 metal property by the purchasing dealer.
- 230 Such records shall be maintained by the scrap metal dealer
- 231 for not less than two (2) years from the date of the purchase
- 232 transaction, and such records shall be made available to any law
- 233 enforcement officer or Secretary of State examiner during usual
- 234 and customary business hours.
- 235 (7) It shall be unlawful for any person to give a false
- 236 statement of ownership or to give a false or altered
- 237 identification or vehicle tag number and receive money or other
- 238 consideration from a scrap metal dealer or other purchaser in
- 239 return for metal property.
- 240 (8) A scrap metal dealer or other purchaser shall not enter
- 241 into any cash transactions in payment for the purchase of metal

- property. Payment shall be made by check issued to the seller of the metal property or by electronic funds transfer.
- 244 (9) If a person acquiring metal property fails to maintain 245 the records or to hold such materials as requested by a law 246 enforcement officer under Sections 97-17-71 through 97-17-71.3, 247 such failure shall be prima facie evidence that the person 248 receiving the metal property received it knowing it to be stolen 249 in violation of Section 97-17-70.
  - (10) It shall be unlawful for any person to transport or cause to be transported for himself or another from any point within this state to any point outside this state any metal property, unless the person or entity first reports to the sheriff of the county from which he departs this state transporting such materials the same information that a purchaser in this state would be required to obtain and keep in a record as set forth in subsection (2) of this section. In such a case the sheriff receiving the report shall keep the information in records maintained in his office as a public record available for inspection by any person at all reasonable times. This section shall not apply to a public utility, as that term is defined in Section 77-3-3, engaged in carrying on utility operations; to a railroad, as that term is defined in Section 77-9-5; to a communications service provider, whether wireless or wire line; or to a scrap metal dealer.

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266	(11) It shall be unlawful for a scrap metal dealer or other
267	purchaser to knowingly purchase or possess a metal beer keg, or a
268	metal syrup tank generally used by the soft drink industry,
269	whether damaged or undamaged, or any reasonably recognizable part
270	thereof, on any premises that the dealer uses to buy, sell, store
271	shred, melt, cut or otherwise alter scrap metal. However, it
272	shall not be unlawful to purchase or possess a metal syrup tank
273	generally used by the soft drink industry if the scrap metal
274	dealer or other purchaser obtains a bill of sale at the time of
275	purchase from a seller if the seller is a manufacturer of such
276	tanks, a soft drink company or a soft drink distributor.

- (12) It shall be unlawful to sell to a scrap metal dealer any bronze vase and/or marker, memorial, statue, plaque, or other bronze object used at a cemetery or other location where deceased persons are interred or memorialized, or for any such dealer to purchase those objects, unless the source of the bronze is known and notice is provided to the municipal or county law enforcement agency where the dealer is located. The notice shall identify all names, letters, dates and symbols on the bronze and a photograph of the bronze shall be attached thereto. Written permission from the cemetery and the appropriate law enforcement agency must be received before any type of bronze described in this subsection may be purchased, processed, sold or melted.
- 289 (13)(a) It shall be unlawful for any scrap metal dealer to purchase any manhole cover and other similar types of utility 290

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291 access covers, including storm drain covers, street, road or 292 highway signs or any metal property clearly identified as 293 belonging to a political subdivision of the state or a 294 municipality, unless that metal property is purchased from the 295 state, the political subdivision, the municipal utility or the 296 manufacturer of the metal. Any purchaser who purchases metal 297 property in bulk shall be allowed twenty-four (24) hours to 298 determine if any metal property prohibited by this subsection is 299 included in a bulk purchase. If such prohibited metal property is 300 included in a bulk purchase, the purchaser shall notify law enforcement no later than twenty-four (24) hours after the 301 302 purchase.

(b) It shall be unlawful for a person to sell, or any scrap metal dealer to purchase, any copper telecommunication wire in any form or any metal property clearly identified as belonging to a telecommunications company, unless that metal property is purchased from (i) an electrician or contractor to whom either a license has been issued by a municipality or county in this state or a current certificate of responsibility has been issued by the State Board of Public Contractors; or (ii) a person who holds a demolition permit issued by a municipality or county in this state. It shall be unlawful for a person to sell, or a scrap metal dealer to purchase, copper telecommunication wire that has been burned to remove the insulation, unless the seller provides certification, on a form as issued by the Secretary of State and

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- 317 certification requirements of the Mississippi Fire Personnel
- 318 Minimum Standards and Certification Board or a certified law
- 319 enforcement officer, that the source of the copper
- 320 telecommunication wire was from a building destroyed by fire.
- 321 (14)It shall be unlawful for a scrap metal dealer or other
- 322 purchaser to purchase metal property from a person younger than
- 323 eighteen (18) years of age.
- 324 Metal property may not be purchased, acquired or (15)
- 325 collected between the hours of 9:00 p.m. and 6:00 a.m.
- 326 (16) Except as provided in this subsection, any person
- 327 willfully or knowingly violating the provisions of Sections
- 328 97-17-71 through 97-17-71.3 shall, upon conviction thereof, be
- 329 deemed quilty of a misdemeanor, and shall be punished by a fine
- 330 not to exceed One Thousand Dollars (\$1,000.00) per offense, unless
- 331 the purchase transaction or transactions related to the violation,
- 332 in addition to any costs which are, or would be, incurred in
- 333 repairing or in the attempt to recover any property damaged in the
- 334 theft of or removal of the metal property, including replacement
- 335 costs of the metal property, are in aggregate an amount which
- 336 exceeds One Thousand Dollars (\$1,000.00) but less than Five
- Thousand Dollars (\$5,000.00), in which case the person shall be 337
- 338 quilty of a felony and shall be imprisoned in the custody of the
- 339 Department of Corrections for a term not to exceed five (5) years,
- fined not more than Ten Thousand Dollars (\$10,000.00), or both. 340

341	Any person found guilty of stealing metal property or receiving
342	metal property, knowing it to be stolen in violation of Section
343	97-17-70, shall be ordered to make full restitution to the victim
344	including, without limitation, restitution for property damage
345	that resulted from the theft of the property.
346	(17) If the purchase transaction or transactions related to
347	the violation, in addition to any costs which are, or would be,
348	incurred in repairing or in the attempt to recover any property
349	damaged in the theft of or removal of the metal property,
350	including replacement costs of the metal property, are in
351	aggregate an amount which exceeds Five Thousand Dollars
352	(\$5,000.00) but less than Twenty-five Thousand Dollars
353	( $$25,000.00$ ), the person shall be guilty of a felony and shall be
354	imprisoned in the custody of the Department of Corrections for a
355	term not less than one (1) year, but not to exceed ten (10) years
356	fined not more than Fifteen Thousand Dollars (\$15,000.00), or
357	both.
358	(18) If the purchase transaction or transactions related to
359	the violation, in addition to any costs which are, or would be,
360	incurred in repairing or in the attempt to recover any property
361	damaged in the theft of or removal of the metal property,
362	including replacement costs of the metal property, are in
363	aggregate an amount which exceeds Twenty-five Thousand Dollars

(\$25,000.00), the person shall be guilty of a felony and shall be

imprisoned in the custody of the Department of Corrections for a

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366 term not less than three (3) years, but not to exceed twenty	366	term no	t less	than	three	(3)	vears,	but	not	to	exceed	twentv	( :	20
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- 367 years, fined not more than Twenty Thousand Dollars (\$20,000.00),
- 368 or both.
- 369 (19) This section shall not be construed to repeal other
- 370 criminal laws. Whenever conduct proscribed by any provision of
- 371 this section is also proscribed by any other provision of law, the
- 372 provision which carries the more serious penalty shall be applied.
- 373 (20) This section shall apply to all businesses regulated
- 374 under this section without regard to the location within the State
- 375 of Mississippi.
- 376 (21) Sections 97-17-71 through 97-17-71.3 shall take
- 377 precedence over any and all local ordinances governing purchase
- 378 transactions of metal property. If any municipal or county
- 379 ordinance, rule or regulation conflicts with the provisions of
- 380 Sections 97-17-71 through 97-17-71.3, the provisions of Sections
- 381 97-17-71 through 97-17-71.3 shall preempt the municipal or county
- 382 ordinance, rule or regulation.
- 383 (22) This section shall be fully applicable to the
- 384 requirements for the purchase and sale of detached catalytic
- 385 converters provided in Section 97-17-71.3, Mississippi Code of
- 386 1972.
- 387 **SECTION 3.** This act shall take effect and be in force from
- 388 and after July 1, 2024.