By: Representatives Johnson, Harness, Clark To: Ways and Means

HOUSE BILL NO. 542

1 AN ACT TO PROVIDE AN INCOME TAX CREDIT FOR A PERCENTAGE OF 2 THE COST OF INSTALLING NEW ALTERNATIVE FUELING INFRASTRUCTURE FOR 3 CERTAIN ALTERNATIVE FUELS; TO PROVIDE AN INCOME TAX CREDIT FOR A PERCENTAGE OF THE COST OF INSTALLING A RESIDENTIAL COMPRESSED 5 NATURAL GAS FUELING SYSTEM; TO DEFINE CERTAIN TERMS USED IN THIS ACT; TO PRESCRIBE THE MAXIMUM AMOUNT OF THE ONE-TIME CREDIT, BASED 7 ON THE TYPE OF QUALIFIED CLEAN-BURNING MOTOR VEHICLE FUEL PROPERTY, WHICH MAY BE CLAIMED IN A TAXABLE YEAR; TO PROVIDE THAT 8 9 ANY UNUSED PORTION OF THE CREDIT MAY BE CARRIED FORWARD FOR THE 10 SUCCEEDING FIVE TAX YEARS; AND FOR RELATED PURPOSES.

- BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MISSISSIPPI:
- 12 **SECTION 1.** (1) As used in this section, the following words
- 13 and phrases have the meanings ascribed in this subsection unless
- 14 the context clearly indicates otherwise:
- 15 (a) "Qualified clean-burning motor vehicle fuel
- 16 property" means any one (1) of the following:
- 17 (i) Equipment installed to modify a motor vehicle
- 18 that is propelled by gasoline or diesel fuel so that the vehicle
- 19 may be propelled by compressed natural gas, liquefied natural gas,
- 20 liquefied petroleum gas or propane gas. The equipment covered by
- 21 this subparagraph (i) must:

22 1 .	. Be	new,	not	have	been	used	. previ	ousl	y t	
---------------	------	------	-----	------	------	------	---------	------	-----	--

- 23 modify or retrofit any vehicle propelled by gasoline or diesel
- 24 fuel and have been installed by an alternative fuels equipment
- 25 technician who is certified in accordance with the Alternative
- 26 Fuels Technician Certification Act;
- 27 2. Meet all Federal Motor Vehicle Safety
- 28 Standards set forth in 49 CFR 571; or
- 3. For any commercial motor vehicle (CMV),
- 30 follow the Federal Motor Carrier Safety Regulations or similar
- 31 applicable Mississippi regulations;
- 32 (ii) A motor vehicle originally equipped so that
- 33 the vehicle may be propelled by compressed natural gas, liquefied
- 34 natural gas, liquefied petroleum gas or propane gas, but only to
- 35 the extent of the portion of the basis of the motor vehicle which
- 36 is attributable to the storage of such fuel, the delivery to the
- 37 engine of the motor vehicle of such fuel, and the exhaust of gases
- 38 from combustion of such fuel;
- 39 (iii) Property, not including a building and its
- 40 structural components, which is either:
- 1. Related directly to the delivery of
- 42 compressed natural gas, liquefied natural gas or liquefied
- 43 petroleum gas for commercial purposes or for a fee or charge, into
- 44 the fuel tank of a motor vehicle propelled by such fuel, including
- 45 compression equipment and storage tanks for such fuel at the point
- 46 where the fuel is delivered, but only if the property is not used

- 47 to deliver such fuel into any other type of storage tank or
- 48 receptacle and the fuel is not used for any purpose other than to
- 49 propel a motor vehicle; or
- 50 2. A metered-for-fee, public access
- 51 recharging system for motor vehicles propelled, in whole or in
- 52 part, by electricity. The property covered by this item 2 must be
- 53 new and must not have been installed previously or used previously
- 54 to refuel vehicles powered by compressed natural gas, liquefied
- 55 natural gas, liquefied petroleum gas, propane gas or electricity;
- 56 or
- 57 (iv) Property that is related directly to the
- 58 compression and delivery of natural gas from a private home or
- 59 residence, for noncommercial purposes, into the fuel tank of a
- 60 motor vehicle propelled by compressed natural gas. The property
- 61 covered by this subparagraph (iv) must be new and must not have
- 62 been installed previously or used previously to refuel vehicles
- 63 powered by natural gas.
- (b) "Motor vehicle" means a motor vehicle originally
- 65 designed by the manufacturer to operate lawfully and principally
- 66 on streets and highways.
- 67 (2) There shall be allowed a one-time credit against the
- 68 income tax imposed by this chapter for investments in qualified
- 69 clean-burning motor vehicle fuel property.
- 70 (3) The credit provided for in subsection (2) of this
- 71 section shall be as follows:

- 72 For the qualified clean-burning motor vehicle fuel 73 property defined in paragraph (a)(i) or (a)(ii) of subsection (1) of this section, fifty percent (50%) of the cost of the qualified 74
- 75 clean-burning motor vehicle fuel property.
- 76 For qualified clean-burning motor vehicle fuel (b) 77 property defined in paragraph (a) (iii) of subsection (1) of this section, a per-location credit of seventy-five percent (75%) of 78 79 the cost of the qualified clean-burning motor vehicle fuel 80
- For qualified clean-burning motor vehicle fuel 81 (C) 82 property defined in paragraph (a) (iv) of subsection (1) of this section, a per-location credit of the lesser of fifty percent 83 84 (50%) of the cost of the qualified clean-burning motor vehicle 85 fuel property or Two Thousand Five Hundred Dollars (\$2,500.00).
- In cases where no credit has been claimed under 86 87 subsection (3)(a) of this section by any prior owner and in which 88 a motor vehicle is purchased by a taxpayer with qualified clean-burning motor vehicle fuel property installed by the 89 90 manufacturer of the motor vehicle and the taxpayer is unable or elects not to determine the exact basis that is attributable to 91 92 such property, the taxpayer may claim a credit in an amount not 93 exceeding the lesser of ten percent (10%) of the cost of the motor 94 vehicle or Two Thousand Five Hundred Dollars (\$2,500.00).
 - If the tax credit allowed under subsection (2) of this section exceeds the amount of income taxes due or if there are no

95

96

property.

- 97 state income taxes due on the income of the taxpayer, the amount
- 98 of the credit not used as an offset against the income taxes of a
- 99 taxable year may be carried forward as a credit against subsequent
- 100 income tax liability for a period not to exceed five (5) years.
- 101 (6) A husband and wife who file separate returns for a
- 102 taxable year in which they could have filed a joint return may
- 103 each claim only one-half (1/2) of the tax credit that would have
- 104 been allowed for a joint return.
- 105 (7) The Department of Revenue is empowered to promulgate
- 106 rules by which the purpose of this section shall be administered,
- 107 including the power to establish and enforce penalties for
- 108 violations of this section.
- 109 **SECTION 2.** Section 1 of this act shall be codified as a new
- 110 section in Chapter 7, Title 27, Mississippi Code of 1972.
- 111 **SECTION 3.** Nothing in this act shall affect or defeat any
- 112 claim, assessment, appeal, suit, right or cause of action for
- 113 taxes due or accrued under the income tax laws before the date on
- 114 which this act becomes effective, whether such claims,
- 115 assessments, appeals, suits or actions have been begun before the
- 116 date on which this act becomes effective or are begun thereafter;
- 117 and the provisions of the income tax laws are expressly continued
- 118 in full force, effect and operation for the purpose of the
- 119 assessment, collection and enrollment of liens for any taxes due
- 120 or accrued and the execution of any warrant under such laws before
- 121 the date on which this act becomes effective, and for the

- 122 imposition of any penalties, forfeitures or claims for failure to
- 123 comply with such laws.
- 124 **SECTION 4.** This act shall take effect and be in force from
- 125 and after January 1, 2024.

H. B. No. 542 24/HR43/R1162 PAGE 6 (BS\EW)

