MISSISSIPPI LEGISLATURE

By: Representative Roberson

To: Judiciary B

# COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR HOUSE BILL NO. 292

1 AN ACT TO AMEND SECTIONS 63-11-23 AND 63-11-30, MISSISSIPPI 2 CODE OF 1972, TO PROVIDE THAT THE 120-DAY SUSPENSION FOR DUI 3 VIOLATIONS BEGINS ON THE DATE THE JUDGE SIGNS THE ORDER FOR 4 SUSPENSION; TO PROVIDE AN AGGRAVATED DUI PENALTY FOR PERSONS WHO 5 ARE UNDER THE LEGAL AGE FOR PURCHASING ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGES; TO 6 BRING FORWARD SECTION 63-11-31, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, WHICH 7 REGULATES IGNITION INTERLOCK FOR DUI VIOLATIONS, FOR PURPOSES OF 8 AMENDMENT; AND FOR RELATED PURPOSES.

9 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MISSISSIPPI:
10 SECTION 1. Section 63-11-23, Mississippi Code of 1972, is

11 amended as follows:

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12 63-11-23. (1) Administrative license suspension for test 13 refusal. The Commissioner of Public Safety, or his authorized 14 agent, shall review the sworn report by a law enforcement officer 15 as provided in Section 63-11-21.

16 (a) If upon review the Commissioner of Public Safety, or his authorized agent, finds (i) that the law enforcement 17 officer had reasonable grounds and probable cause to believe the 18 19 person had been operating a motor vehicle upon the public 20 highways, public roads \* \* \* or streets of this state while under 21 the influence of intoxicating liquor or any other substance that ~ OFFICIAL ~ G1/2 H. B. No. 292 24/HR26/R212CS

22 may impair a person's mental or physical ability; (ii) that the 23 person refused to submit to the chemical test of the person's breath, blood or urine upon request of the officer; and (iii) that 24 25 the person was informed that his license and driving privileges 26 would be suspended or denied if he refused to submit to the 27 chemical test of his breath, blood or urine, then the Commissioner of Public Safety, or his authorized agent, shall give notice to 28 29 the licensee that his license or permit to drive, or any 30 nonresident operating privilege, shall be suspended thirty (30) days after the date of the notice for a period of ninety (90) days 31 32 if the person has not previously been convicted of or nonadjudicated for a violation of Section 63-11-30, or, for a 33 34 period of one (1) year if the person was previously convicted or nonadjudicated under Section 63-11-30. If the commissioner or his 35 36 authorized agent determines that the license or permit should not 37 be suspended, he shall return the license or permit to the 38 licensee.

39 (b) The notice of suspension shall be in writing and40 conform to Section 63-1-52.

41 (c) A person may continue to drive on either an
42 interlock-restricted license or under a drug-testing program if so
43 ordered by a court in the course of a criminal proceeding for a
44 violation of Section 63-11-30.

45 (2) Extension or suspension of privilege to drive; request
46 for trial. (a) If the chemical testing of a person's breath

H. B. No. 292 **~ OFFICIAL ~** 24/HR26/R212CS PAGE 2 (GT\KW) 47 indicates the blood alcohol concentration was eight one-hundredths 48 percent (.08%) or more for persons who are above the legal age to purchase alcoholic beverages under state law, or two 49 one-hundredths percent (.02%) or more for persons who are below 50 51 the legal age to purchase alcoholic beverages under state law, 52 based upon grams of alcohol per one hundred (100) milliliters of 53 blood or grams of alcohol per two hundred ten (210) liters of 54 breath as shown by a chemical analysis of the person's blood, 55 breath, or urine, the arresting officer shall seize the license 56 and give the driver a receipt for his license on forms prescribed 57 by the Commissioner of Public Safety and shall promptly forward 58 the license together with a sworn report to the Commissioner of 59 Public Safety. The receipt given a person shall be valid as a permit to operate a motor vehicle for thirty (30) days in order 60 61 that the defendant may be processed through the court having 62 original jurisdiction and a final disposition had.

63 If the defendant requests a trial within thirty (b) (30) days and trial is not commenced within thirty (30) days, then 64 65 the court shall determine if the delay in the trial is the fault 66 of the defendant or his counsel. If the court finds that it is 67 not the fault of the defendant or his counsel, then the court shall order the defendant's privileges to operate a motor vehicle 68 69 to be extended until the defendant is convicted upon final order 70 of the court.

H. B. No. 292 24/HR26/R212CS PAGE 3 (GT\KW) (c) If a receipt or permit to drive issued under this subsection expires without a trial having been requested as provided in this subsection, then the Commissioner of Public Safety, or his authorized agent, shall suspend the license or permit to drive or any nonresident operating privilege for the applicable period of time as provided in subsection (1) of this section.

(3) Offenders driving without a license. If the person is a
resident without a license or permit to operate a motor vehicle in
this state, the Commissioner of Public Safety, or his authorized
agent, shall deny to the person the issuance of a license or
permit for a period of one (1) year beginning thirty (30) days
after the date of notice of the suspension.

(4) Appeal. It shall be the duty of the municipal
prosecuting attorney, county prosecuting attorney, an attorney
employed under the provisions of Section 19-3-49, or if there is
not a prosecuting attorney for the municipality or county, the
duty of the district attorney to represent the state in any
hearing on a de novo appeal held under the provisions of Section
63-11-25, Section 63-11-37 or Section 63-11-30.

91 (5) Suspension subsequent to conviction. Unless the person 92 obtains an interlock-restricted license or the court orders the 93 person to exercise the privilege to operate a motor vehicle only 94 under an interlock-restricted license or while participating in a 95 court-ordered drug-testing program, thirty (30) days after receipt

H. B. No. 292 **~ OFFICIAL ~** 24/HR26/R212CS PAGE 4 (gt\kw) 96 of the court abstract documenting a person's conviction under 97 Section 63-11-30, the Department of Public Safety shall suspend 98 the driver's license and privileges of the person to operate a 99 motor vehicle as follows:

100 (a) When sentenced under Section 63-11-30(2):
101 (i) For a first offense: one hundred twenty (120)
102 days;

103 (ii) For a second offense: one (1) year; 104 (iii) For a third offense: for the full period of 105 the person's sentence; upon release from incarceration, the person 106 will be eligible for only an interlock-restricted license for 107 three (3) years;

(iv) For a fourth or subsequent offense: for the full period of the person's sentence; upon release from incarceration, the person will be eligible for only an interlock-restricted license for ten (10) years and will further be subject to court-ordered drug testing if the original offense involved operating a motor vehicle under the influence of a drug other than alcohol.

(b) When sentenced under Section 63-11-30(3) (Zero Tolerance for Minors):

117 (i) For a first offense: one hundred twenty (120)
118 days;

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(ii) For a second offense: one (1) year;

H. B. No. 292 **~ OFFICIAL ~** 24/HR26/R212CS PAGE 5 (GT\KW) (iii) For a third offense occurring within five (5) years, suspend or deny the driving privilege for two (2) years or until the person reaches the age of twenty-one (21), whichever is longer.

124 (6) Suspensions. (a) Notices of suspension given under
125 this section shall be in writing and conform to Section 63-1-52.

(b) Suspensions under this and any other chapter shallrun consecutively and not concurrently.

(c) The first day of any one-hundred-twenty-day period
 shall begin to run on the date the judge signs an order for
 suspension.

131 (7) License reinstatement. A person is eligible for an 132 unrestricted license when the person has completed an alcohol 133 safety education program as provided in Section 63-11-32, has 134 satisfied all other conditions of law and of the person's sentence 135 or nonadjudication, and is not otherwise barred from obtaining an 136 unrestricted license.

137 SECTION 2. Section 63-11-30, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 138 amended as follows:

139 63-11-30. (1) It is unlawful for a person to drive or
140 otherwise operate a vehicle within this state if the person:
141 (a) Is under the influence of intoxicating liquor;
142 (b) Is under the influence of any other substance that
143 has impaired the person's ability to operate a motor vehicle;

H. B. No. 292 **~ OFFICIAL ~** 24/HR26/R212CS PAGE 6 (GT\KW) 144 (c) Is under the influence of any drug or controlled 145 substance, the possession of which is unlawful under the 146 Mississippi Controlled Substances Law; or

147 (d) Has an alcohol concentration in the person's blood, 148 based upon grams of alcohol per one hundred (100) milliliters of 149 blood, or grams of alcohol per two hundred ten (210) liters of 150 breath, as shown by a chemical analysis of the person's breath, 151 blood or urine administered as authorized by this chapter, of: 152 Eight one-hundredths percent (.08%) or more (i) 153 for a person who is above the legal age to purchase alcoholic

154 beverages under state law;

(ii) Two one-hundredths percent (.02%) or more for a person who is below the legal age to purchase alcoholic beverages under state law; or

158 (iii) Four one-hundredths percent (.04%) or more 159 for a person operating a commercial motor vehicle.

160 (2) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (3) of this161 section (Zero Tolerance for Minors):

162 First offense DUI. (i) Upon conviction of any (a) 163 person for the first offense of violating subsection (1) of this 164 section where chemical tests under Section 63-11-5 were given, or 165 where chemical test results are not available, the person shall be 166 fined not less than Two Hundred Fifty Dollars (\$250.00) nor more 167 than One Thousand Dollars (\$1,000.00), or imprisoned for not more than forty-eight (48) hours in jail, or both; the court shall 168

order the person to attend and complete an alcohol safety education program as provided in Section 63-11-32 within six (6) months of sentencing. The court may substitute attendance at a victim impact panel instead of forty-eight (48) hours in jail.

173 (ii) Suspension of commercial driving privileges174 is governed by Section 63-1-216.

(iii) A qualifying first offense may be nonadjudicated by the court under subsection (14) of this section. The holder of a commercial driver's license or a commercial learning permit at the time of the offense is ineligible for nonadjudication.

(iv) Eligibility for an interlock-restricted
license is governed by Section 63-11-31 and suspension of regular
driving privileges is governed by Section 63-11-23.

183 Second offense DUI. (b) (i) Upon any second 184 conviction of any person violating subsection (1) of this section, 185 the offenses being committed within a period of five (5) years, 186 the person shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, fined not less than 187 Six Hundred Dollars (\$600.00) nor more than One Thousand Five Hundred Dollars (\$1,500.00), shall be imprisoned not less than 188 189 five (5) days nor more than six (6) months and sentenced to 190 community service work for not less than ten (10) days nor more than six (6) months. The minimum penalties shall not be suspended 191 192 or reduced by the court and no prosecutor shall offer any suspension or sentence reduction as part of a plea bargain. 193

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194 (ii) Suspension of commercial driving privileges195 is governed by Section 63-1-216.

(iii) Eligibility for an interlock-restricted
license is governed by Section 63-11-31 and suspension of regular
driving privileges is governed by Section 63-11-23.

199 (C) Third offense DUI. (i) For a third conviction of 200 a person for violating subsection (1) of this section, the 201 offenses being committed within a period of five (5) years, the 202 person shall be quilty of a felony and fined not less than Two 203 Thousand Dollars (\$2,000.00) nor more than Five Thousand Dollars 204 (\$5,000.00), and shall serve not less than one (1) year nor more 205 than five (5) years in the custody of the Department of 206 Corrections. For any offense that does not result in serious 207 injury or death to any person, the sentence of incarceration may 208 be served in the county jail rather than in the State Penitentiary 209 at the discretion of the circuit court judge. The minimum 210 penalties shall not be suspended or reduced by the court and no 211 prosecutor shall offer any suspension or sentence reduction as 212 part of a plea bargain.

(ii) The suspension of commercial drivingprivileges is governed by Section 63-1-216.

215 (iii) The suspension of regular driving privileges 216 is governed by Section 63-11-23.

217 (d) Fourth and subsequent offense DUI. (i) For any 218 fourth or subsequent conviction of a violation of subsection (1)

H. B. No. 292 **~ OFFICIAL ~** 24/HR26/R212CS PAGE 9 (GT\KW) of this section, without regard to the time period within which the violations occurred, the person shall be guilty of a felony and fined not less than Three Thousand Dollars (\$3,000.00) nor more than Ten Thousand Dollars (\$10,000.00), and shall serve not less than two (2) years nor more than ten (10) years in the custody of the Department of Corrections.

(ii) The suspension of commercial drivingprivileges is governed by Section 63-1-216.

(iii) A person convicted of a fourth or subsequent offense is ineligible to exercise the privilege to operate a motor vehicle that is not equipped with an ignition-interlock device for ten (10) years.

231 Any person convicted of a second or subsequent (e) 232 violation of subsection (1) of this section shall receive an 233 in-depth diagnostic assessment, and if as a result of the assessment is determined to be in need of treatment for alcohol or 234 235 drug abuse, the person must successfully complete treatment at a 236 program site certified by the Department of Mental Health. Each 237 person who receives a diagnostic assessment shall pay a fee 238 representing the cost of the assessment. Each person who 239 participates in a treatment program shall pay a fee representing 240 the cost of treatment.

(f) The use of ignition-interlock devices is governedby Section 63-11-31.

H. B. No. 292 **~ OFFICIAL ~** 24/HR26/R212CS PAGE 10 (gt\kw) 243 (3)Zero tolerance for minors. (a) This subsection shall 244 be known and may be cited as Zero Tolerance for Minors. The provisions of this subsection shall apply only when a person under 245 the age of twenty-one (21) years has a blood alcohol concentration 246 247 of two one-hundredths percent (.02%) or more, but lower than eight 248 one-hundredths percent (.08%). If the person's blood alcohol 249 concentration is eight one-hundredths percent (.08%) or more, the 250 provisions of subsection (2) shall apply.

(b) (i) A person under the age of twenty-one (21) is eligible for nonadjudication of a qualifying first offense by the court pursuant to subsection (14) of this section.

254 Upon conviction of any person under the age (ii) 255 of twenty-one (21) years for the first offense of violating 256 subsection (1) of this section where chemical tests provided for 257 under Section 63-11-5 were given, or where chemical test results 258 are not available, the person shall be fined Two Hundred Fifty 259 Dollars (\$250.00); the court shall order the person to attend and 260 complete an alcohol safety education program as provided in 261 Section 63-11-32 within six (6) months. The court may also 262 require attendance at a victim impact panel.

(c) A person under the age of twenty-one (21) years who is convicted of a second violation of subsection (1) of this section, the offenses being committed within a period of five (5) years, shall be fined not more than Five Hundred Dollars (\$500.00).

(d) A person under the age of twenty-one (21) years who is convicted of a third or subsequent violation of subsection (1) of this section, the offenses being committed within a period of five (5) years, shall be fined not more than One Thousand Dollars (\$1,000.00).

(e) License suspension is governed by Section 63-11-23and ignition interlock is governed by Section 63-11-31.

(f) Any person under the age of twenty-one (21) years convicted of a third or subsequent violation of subsection (1) of this section must complete treatment of an alcohol or drug abuse program at a site certified by the Department of Mental Health.

279 DUI test refusal. In addition to the other penalties (4) 280 provided in this section, every person refusing a law enforcement 281 officer's request to submit to a chemical test of the person's breath as provided in this chapter, or who was unconscious at the 282 283 time of a chemical test and refused to consent to the introduction 284 of the results of the test in any prosecution, shall suffer an 285 additional administrative suspension of driving privileges as set 286 forth in Section 63-11-23.

(5) Aggravated DUI. (a) (i) Except as otherwise provided in subparagraph (ii) of this paragraph (a), every person who operates any motor vehicle in violation of the provisions of subsection (1) of this section and who in a negligent manner causes the death of another or mutilates, disfigures, permanently disables or destroys the tongue, eye, lip, nose or any other limb,

293 organ or member of another shall, upon conviction, be quilty of a 294 separate felony for each victim who suffers death, mutilation, 295 disfigurement or other injury and shall be committed to the 296 custody of the State Department of Corrections for a period of 297 time of not less than five (5) years and not to exceed twenty-five 298 (25) years for each death, mutilation, disfigurement or other 299 injury, and the imprisonment for the second or each subsequent conviction, in the discretion of the court, shall commence either 300 301 at the termination of the imprisonment for the preceding 302 conviction or run concurrently with the preceding conviction. Any 303 person charged with causing the death of another as described in 304 this subsection shall be required to post bail before being 305 released after arrest.

306 (ii) Every person who is below the legal age to 307 purchase alcoholic beverages under state law and has an alcohol 308 concentration in the person's blood, based upon grams of alcohol 309 per one hundred (100) milliliters of blood, or grams of alcohol 310 per two hundred ten (210) liters of breath, as shown by a chemical 311 analysis of the person's breath, blood or urine administered as 312 authorized by this chapter, of eight one-hundredths percent 313 (0.08%) or more and who in a negligent manner causes the death of 314 another or mutilates, disfigures, permanently disables or destroys 315 the tongue, eye, lip, nose of any other limb, organ or member of 316 another shall, upon conviction, be guilty of a separate felony for each victim who suffers death, mutilation, disfigurement or other 317

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318 injury and shall be committed to the custody of the State 319 Department of Corrections for a period of time not less than five 320 (5) years and not to exceed twenty-five (25) years for each death, 321 mutilation, disfigurement or other injury, and the imprisonment 322 for the second or each subsequent conviction, in the discretion of 323 the court, shall commence either at the termination of the 324 imprisonment for the preceding conviction or run concurrently with 325 the preceding conviction. Any such person charged with causing 326 the death of another as described in this subparagraph shall be 327 required to post bail before being released after arrest. Any 328 person who was below the legal age to purchase alcoholic beverages 329 under state law and was convicted before July 1, 2024, of 330 aggravated DUI with a blood alcohol concentration as described in 331 this subparagraph of less than eight one-hundredths percent 332 (.08%), or who was charged before July 1, 2024, with aggravated 333 DUI with a blood alcohol concentration as described in this 334 subparagraph of less than eight one-hundredths percent (.08%) and 335 convicted on or after July 1, 2024, shall upon petition to the 336 sentencing court be granted a new trial pursuant to this 337 subparagraph. 338 (b) A holder of a commercial driver's license who is 339 convicted of operating a commercial motor vehicle with an alcohol 340 concentration of eight one-hundredths percent (.08%) or more shall be guilty of a felony and shall be committed to the custody of the 341

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(c) The court shall order an ignition-interlock restriction on the offender's privilege to drive as a condition of probation or post-release supervision not to exceed five (5) years unless a longer restriction is required under other law. The ignition-interlock restriction shall not be applied to commercial license privileges until the driver serves the full

350 disqualification period required by Section 63-1-216.

351 DUI citations. (a) Upon conviction of a violation of (6) 352 subsection (1) of this section, the trial judge shall sign in the 353 place provided on the traffic ticket, citation or affidavit 354 stating that the person arrested either employed an attorney or 355 waived his right to an attorney after having been properly 356 advised. If the person arrested employed an attorney, the name, 357 address and telephone number of the attorney shall be written on 358 the ticket, citation or affidavit. The court clerk must 359 immediately send a copy of the traffic ticket, citation or 360 affidavit, and any other pertinent documents concerning the 361 conviction or other order of the court, to the Department of 362 Public Safety as provided in Section 63-11-37.

363 (b) A copy of the traffic ticket, citation or affidavit 364 and any other pertinent documents, having been attested as true 365 and correct by the Commissioner of Public Safety, or his designee, 366 shall be sufficient proof of the conviction for purposes of

H. B. No. 292 **~ OFFICIAL ~** 24/HR26/R212CS PAGE 15 (GT\KW) 367 determining the enhanced penalty for any subsequent convictions of 368 violations of subsection (1) of this section. The Department of 369 Public Safety shall maintain a central database for verification 370 of prior offenses and convictions.

371 (7)Out-of-state prior convictions. Convictions in another 372 state, territory or possession of the United States, or under the 373 law of a federally recognized Native American tribe, of violations for driving or operating a vehicle while under the influence of an 374 375 intoxicating liquor or while under the influence of any other substance that has impaired the person's ability to operate a 376 377 motor vehicle occurring within five (5) years before an offense 378 shall be counted for the purposes of determining if a violation of 379 subsection (1) of this section is a second, third, fourth or 380 subsequent offense and the penalty that shall be imposed upon 381 conviction for a violation of subsection (1) of this section.

382 (8) Charging of subsequent offenses. (a) For the purposes 383 of determining how to impose the sentence for a second, third, 384 fourth or subsequent conviction under this section, the affidavit 385 or indictment shall not be required to enumerate previous 386 convictions. It shall only be necessary that the affidavit or 387 indictment states the number of times that the defendant has been 388 convicted and sentenced within the past five (5) years for a 389 second or third offense, or without a time limitation for a fourth 390 or subsequent offense, under this section to determine if an enhanced penalty shall be imposed. The amount of fine and 391

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392 imprisonment imposed in previous convictions shall not be 393 considered in calculating offenses to determine a second, third, 394 fourth or subsequent offense of this section.

395 (b) Before a defendant enters a plea of guilty to an 396 offense under this section, law enforcement must submit 397 certification to the prosecutor that the defendant's driving 398 record, the confidential registry and National Crime Information 399 Center record have been searched for all prior convictions, 400 nonadjudications, pretrial diversions and arrests for driving or operating a vehicle while under the influence of an intoxicating 401 402 liquor or while under the influence of any other substance that 403 has impaired the person's ability to operate a motor vehicle. The 404 results of the search must be included in the certification.

(9) License eligibility for underage offenders. A person who is under the legal age to obtain a license to operate a motor vehicle at the time of the offense and who is convicted under this section shall not be eligible to receive a driver's license until the person reaches the age of eighteen (18) years.

(10) License suspensions and restrictions to run
consecutively. Suspension or restriction of driving privileges
for any person convicted of or nonadjudicated for violations of
subsection (1) of this section shall run consecutively to and not
concurrently with any other administrative license suspension.

415 (11) Ignition interlock. If the court orders installation416 and use of an ignition-interlock device as provided in Section

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417 63-11-31 for every vehicle operated by a person convicted or 418 nonadjudicated under this section, each device shall be installed, 419 maintained and removed as provided in Section 63-11-31.

420 DUI child endangerment. A person over the age of (12)twenty-one (21) who violates subsection (1) of this section while 421 422 transporting in a motor vehicle a child under the age of sixteen 423 (16) years is guilty of the separate offense of endangering a 424 child by driving under the influence of alcohol or any other 425 substance which has impaired the person's ability to operate a motor vehicle. The offense of endangering a child by driving 426 427 under the influence of alcohol or any other substance which has 428 impaired the person's ability to operate a motor vehicle shall not 429 be merged with an offense of violating subsection (1) of this 430 section for the purposes of prosecution and sentencing. An 431 offender who is convicted of a violation of this subsection shall 432 be punished as follows:

(a) A person who commits a violation of this subsection
which does not result in the serious injury or death of a child
and which is a first conviction shall be guilty of a misdemeanor
and, upon conviction, shall be fined not more than One Thousand
Dollars (\$1,000.00) or shall be imprisoned for not more than
twelve (12) months, or both;

(b) A person who commits a violation of this subsection
which does not result in the serious injury or death of a child
and which is a second conviction shall be guilty of a misdemeanor

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(d) A person who commits a violation of this subsection which results in the serious injury or death of a child, without regard to whether the offense was a first, second, third or subsequent offense, shall be guilty of a felony and, upon conviction, shall be punished by a fine of not less than Ten Thousand Dollars (\$10,000.00) and shall be imprisoned for not less than five (5) years nor more than twenty-five (25) years.

458 **Expunction.** (a) Any person convicted under subsection (13)459 (2) or (3) of this section of a first offense of driving under the 460 influence and who was not the holder of a commercial driver's 461 license or a commercial learning permit at the time of the offense 462 may petition the circuit court of the county in which the 463 conviction was had for an order to expunge the record of the 464 conviction at least five (5) years after successful completion of 465 all terms and conditions of the sentence imposed for the

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466 conviction. Expunction under this subsection will only be 467 available to a person:

468 (i) Who has successfully completed all terms and469 conditions of the sentence imposed for the conviction;

470 (ii) Who did not refuse to submit to a test of his471 blood or breath;

472 (iii) Whose blood alcohol concentration tested 473 below sixteen one-hundredths percent (.16%) if test results are 474 available;

475 (iv) Who has not been convicted of and does not
476 have pending any other offense of driving under the influence;
477 (v) Who has provided the court with justification

478 as to why the conviction should be expunged; and

479 (vi) Who has not previously had a nonadjudication480 or expunction of a violation of this section.

(b) A person is eligible for only one (1) expunction under this subsection, and the Department of Public Safety shall maintain a permanent confidential registry of all cases of expunction under this subsection for the sole purpose of determining a person's eligibility for expunction, for nonadjudication, or as a first offender under this section.

(c) The court in its order of expunction shall state in
writing the justification for which the expunction was granted and
forward the order to the Department of Public Safety within five
(5) days of the entry of the order.

H. B. No. 292 **~ OFFICIAL ~** 24/HR26/R212CS PAGE 20 (gT\kw) (14) Nonadjudication. (a) For the purposes of this
chapter, "nonadjudication" means that the court withholds
adjudication of guilt and sentencing, either at the conclusion of
a trial on the merits or upon the entry of a plea of guilt by a
defendant, and places the defendant in a nonadjudication program
conditioned upon the successful completion of the requirements
imposed by the court under this subsection.

(b) A person is eligible for nonadjudication of an offense under this Section 63-11-30 only one (1) time under any provision of a law that authorizes nonadjudication and only for an offender:

(i) Who has successfully completed all terms and
conditions imposed by the court after placement of the defendant
in a nonadjudication program;

(ii) Who was not the holder of a commercial driver's license or a commercial learning permit at the time of the offense;

508 (iii) Who has not previously been convicted of and 509 does not have pending any former or subsequent charges under this 510 section; and

511 (iv) Who has provided the court with justification 512 as to why nonadjudication is appropriate.

513 (c) Nonadjudication may be initiated upon the filing of 514 a petition for nonadjudication or at any stage of the proceedings 515 in the discretion of the court; the court may withhold

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516 adjudication of quilt, defer sentencing, and upon the agreement of 517 the offender to participate in a nonadjudication program, enter an order imposing requirements on the offender for a period of court 518 supervision before the order of nonadjudication is entered. 519 520 Failure to successfully complete a nonadjudication program 521 subjects the person to adjudication of the charges against him and 522 to imposition of all penalties previously withheld due to entrance 523 into a nonadjudication program. The court shall immediately 524 inform the commissioner of the conviction as required in Section 63-11-37. 525

526 (i) The court shall order the person to:
527 1. Pay the nonadjudication fee imposed under
528 Section 63-11-31 if applicable;

529 2. Pay all fines, penalties and assessments 530 that would have been imposed for conviction;

3. Attend and complete an alcohol safety
education program as provided in Section 63-11-32 within six (6)
months of the date of the order;

4. a. If the court determines that the person violated this section with respect to alcohol or intoxicating liquor, the person must install an ignition-interlock device on every motor vehicle operated by the person, obtain an interlock-restricted license, and maintain that license for one hundred twenty (120) days or suffer a one-hundred-twenty-day suspension of the person's regular driver's license, during which

H. B. No. 292 **~ OFFICIAL ~** 24/HR26/R212CS PAGE 22 (gT\KW) 541 time the person must not operate any vehicle. <u>The first date to</u> 542 <u>begin counting the one-hundred-twenty-day period described in this</u> 543 <u>subparagraph 4 shall be the same date that the judge signs the</u> 544 <u>order to maintain a license or suspend a license, whichever is</u> 545 applicable.

546 b. If the court determines that the 547 person violated this section by operating a vehicle when under the influence of a substance other than alcohol that has impaired the 548 549 person's ability to operate a motor vehicle, including any drug or 550 controlled substance which is unlawful to possess under the Mississippi Controlled Substances Law, the person must submit to a 551 552 one-hundred-twenty-day period of a nonadjudication program that 553 includes court-ordered drug testing at the person's own expense 554 not less often than every thirty (30) days, during which time the 555 person may drive if compliant with the terms of the program, or 556 suffer a one-hundred-twenty-day suspension of the person's regular 557 driver's license, during which time the person will not operate 558 any vehicle.

(ii) Other conditions that may be imposed by the court include, but are not limited to, alcohol or drug screening, or both, proof that the person has not committed any other traffic violations while under court supervision, proof of immobilization or impoundment of vehicles owned by the offender if required, and attendance at a victim-impact panel.

H. B. No. 292 24/HR26/R212CS PAGE 23 (GT\KW) (d) The court may enter an order of nonadjudication only if the court finds, after a hearing or after ex parte examination of reliable documentation of compliance, that the offender has successfully completed all conditions imposed by law and previous orders of the court. The court shall retain jurisdiction over cases involving nonadjudication for a period of not more than two (2) years.

(e) (i) The clerk shall immediately forward a record of every person placed in a nonadjudication program and of every nonadjudication order to the Department of Public Safety for inclusion in the permanent confidential registry of all cases that are nonadjudicated under this subsection (14).

577 (ii) Judges, clerks and prosecutors involved in 578 the trial of implied consent violations and law enforcement 579 officers involved in the issuance of citations for implied consent 580 violations shall have secure online access to the confidential 581 registry for the purpose of determining whether a person has 582 previously been the subject of a nonadjudicated case and 1. is 583 therefore ineligible for another nonadjudication; 2. is ineligible as a first offender for a violation of this section; or 3. is 584 ineligible for expunction of a conviction of a violation of this 585 586 section.

587 (iii) The Driver Services Bureau of the department 588 shall have access to the confidential registry for the purpose of 589 determining whether a person is eligible for a form of license not

H. B. No. 292 **~ OFFICIAL ~** 24/HR26/R212CS PAGE 24 (gt\kw) 590 restricted to operating a vehicle equipped with an

591 ignition-interlock device.

592 (iv) The Mississippi Alcohol Safety Education
593 Program shall have secure online access to the confidential
594 registry for research purposes only.

(15) The provisions of this section are fully applicable to any person who is under the influence of medical cannabis that is lawful under the Mississippi Medical Cannabis Act and in compliance with rules and regulations adopted thereunder which has impaired the person's ability to operate a motor vehicle.

600 **SECTION 3.** Section 63-11-31, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 601 brought forward as follows:

602 63-11-31. (1) (a) The provisions of this section are 603 supplemental to the provisions of Section 63-11-30.

(b) (i) "Ignition-interlock device" means a device approved by the Department of Public Safety that connects a motor vehicle ignition system to a breath-alcohol analyzer and prevents a motor vehicle ignition from starting if the driver's blood alcohol level exceeds the calibrated setting on the device.

609 (ii) "Interlock-restricted license" means a 610 driver's license bearing a restriction that limits the person to 611 operation of vehicles equipped with an ignition-interlock device.

612 (iii) "Court-ordered drug-testing program" means a 613 program that qualifies under Section 63-11-31.1.

H. B. No. 292 **~ OFFICIAL ~** 24/HR26/R212CS PAGE 25 (GT\KW) (c) A person who can exercise the privilege of driving
only under an interlock-restricted license must have an
ignition-interlock device installed and operating on all motor
vehicles owned or operated by the person.

618 (d) A person who installs an ignition-interlock device619 may obtain an interlock-restricted license.

620 (2) (a) (i) The cost of installation and operation of an 621 ignition-interlock device shall be borne by the person to whom an 622 interlock-restricted driver's license is issued, and the costs of 623 court-ordered drug testing shall be borne by the person so 624 ordered, unless the person is determined by the court to be 625 indigent.

(ii) The cost of participating in a court-ordered
drug-testing program shall be borne by the person, unless the
person is determined by the court to be indigent.

(b) (i) A person convicted under Section 63-11-30
shall be assessed by the court, in addition to the criminal fines,
penalties and assessments provided by law for violations of
Section 63-11-30, a fee of Fifty Dollars (\$50.00), to be deposited
in the Interlock Device Fund in the State Treasury unless the
person is determined by the court to be indigent.

(ii) A person nonadjudicated under Section
636 63-11-30 shall be assessed by the court, in addition to the
637 criminal fines, penalties and assessments provided by law for
638 violations of Section 63-11-30, a fee of Two Hundred Fifty Dollars

H. B. No. 292 **~ OFFICIAL ~** 24/HR26/R212CS PAGE 26 (gt\kw) 639 (\$250.00) to be deposited in the Interlock Device Fund in the 640 State Treasury unless the person is determined by the court to be 641 indigent.

642 The Department of Public Safety shall promulgate (3)(a) 643 rules and regulations for the use of an ignition-interlock device. 644 The Department of Public Safety shall approve which vendors shall 645 be used to furnish the systems, may assess fees to the vendors, 646 and shall prescribe the maximum costs to the offender for 647 installation, removal, monthly operation, periodic inspections, 648 calibrations and repairs.

649 (b) A person who has an ignition-interlock device650 installed in a vehicle shall:

(i) Provide proof of the installation of the device and periodic reporting for verification of the proper operation of the device;

(ii) Have the system monitored for proper use andaccuracy as required by departmental regulation;

(iii) Pay the reasonable cost of leasing or
buying, monitoring, and maintaining the device unless the person
is determined to be indigent; and

659 (iv) Obtain an ignition-interlock driver's660 license.

(4) (a) (i) A person who is limited to driving only under
an interlock-restricted driver's license shall not operate a
vehicle that is not equipped with an ignition-interlock device.

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(ii) A person prohibited from operating a motor
vehicle that is not equipped with an ignition-interlock device may
not solicit or have another person attempt to start or start a
motor vehicle equipped with such a device.

(iii) A person may not start or attempt to start a motor vehicle equipped with an ignition-interlock device for the purpose of providing an operable motor vehicle to a person who is prohibited from operating a motor vehicle that is not equipped with an ignition-interlock device.

673 (iv) A person may not tamper with, or in any way
674 attempt to circumvent, the operation of an ignition-interlock
675 device that has been installed in a motor vehicle.

(v) A person may not knowingly provide a motor vehicle not equipped with a functioning ignition-interlock device to another person who the provider of the vehicle knows or should know is prohibited from operating a motor vehicle not equipped with an ignition-interlock device.

(b) A violation of this subsection (4) is a misdemeanor
and upon conviction the violator shall be fined an amount not less
than Two Hundred Fifty Dollars (\$250.00) nor more than One
Thousand Dollars (\$1,000.00) or imprisoned for not more than six
(6) months, or both, unless the starting of a motor vehicle
equipped with an ignition-interlock device is done for the purpose
of safety or mechanical repair of the device or the vehicle, and

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H. B. No. 292 24/HR26/R212CS PAGE 28 (GT\KW) 688 the person subject to the restriction does not operate the 689 vehicle.

690 (5) In order to obtain an interlock-restricted license, a691 person must:

692 (a) Be otherwise qualified to operate a motor vehicle,
693 and will be subject to all other restrictions on the privilege to
694 drive provided by law;

(b) Submit proof that an ignition-interlock device is
installed and operating on all motor vehicles operated by the
person; and

(c) Pay the fee set forth in Section 63-1-43 to obtain the license without regard to indigence; no license reinstatement fee under Section 63-1-46 shall be charged for a person obtaining an interlock-restricted license.

702 In addition to the penalties authorized for any (6)(a) 703 second or subsequent conviction under Section 63-11-30, the court 704 shall order that all vehicles owned by the offender that are not 705 equipped with an ignition-interlock device must be either 706 impounded or immobilized pending further order of the court 707 lifting the offender's driving restriction. However, no county, 708 municipality, sheriff's department or the Department of Public 709 Safety shall be required to keep, store, maintain, serve as a 710 bailee or otherwise exercise custody over a motor vehicle 711 impounded under the provisions of this section. The cost

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712 associated with any impoundment or immobilization shall be paid by 713 the person convicted without regard to ability to pay.

(b) A person may not tamper with, or in any way attempt to circumvent, vehicle immobilization or impoundment ordered by the court under this section. A violation of this paragraph (b) is a misdemeanor and, upon conviction, the violator shall be fined an amount not less than Two Hundred Fifty Dollars (\$250.00) nor more than One Thousand Dollars (\$1,000.00) or imprisoned for not more than six (6) months, or both.

(7) (a) The Department of Public Safety shall promulgate rules and regulations for the use of monies in the Interlock Device Fund to offset the cost of interlock device installation and operation by and court-ordered drug testing of indigent offenders.

(b) The court shall determine a defendant's indigence based upon whether the defendant has access to adequate resources to pay the ignition-interlock fee and the costs of installation and maintenance of an ignition-interlock device, or the costs of court-ordered drug testing or both, and may further base the determination of indigence on proof of enrollment in one or more of the following types of public assistance:

733 (i) Temporary Assistance for Needy Families734 (TANF);

735

(ii) Medicaid assistance;

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H. B. No. 292 24/HR26/R212CS PAGE 30 (GT\KW) 736 (iii) The Supplemental Nutritional Assistance 737 Program (SNAP), also known as "food stamps"; 738 Supplemental security income (SSI); (iv) 739 Participation in a federal food distribution (V) 740 program; 741 (vi) Federal housing assistance; 742 (vii) Unemployment compensation; or 743 (viii) Other criteria determined appropriate by 744 the court. 745 No more than ten percent (10%) of the money in the (C) 746 Interlock Device Fund in any fiscal year shall be expended by the 747 department for the purpose of administering the fund. 748 The Commissioner of the Department of Public Safety (d) 749 must promulgate regulations for the program and for vendors, 750 including at a minimum: 751 (i) That the offender must pay the cost of the 752 testing program or, if the court finds the offender to be 753 indigent, that the cost be paid from the Interlock Device Fund. 754 (ii) How indigent funds will be accessed by the vendors, and the maximum cost to the offender or the fund. 755 756 (e) (i) Money in the Interlock Device Fund will be 757 appropriated to the department to cover part of the costs of 758 court-ordered drug testing and installing, removing and leasing 759 ignition-interlock devices for indigent people who are required, 760 because of a conviction or nonadjudication under Section 63-11-30,

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761 to install an ignition-interlock device in all vehicles operated 762 by the person.

763 If money is available in the Interlock Device (ii) 764 Fund, the department shall pay to the vendor, for one (1) vehicle 765 per offender, up to Fifty Dollars (\$50.00) for the cost of 766 installation, up to Fifty Dollars (\$50.00) for the cost of 767 removal, and up to Thirty Dollars (\$30.00) monthly for verified 768 active usage of the ignition-interlock device. The department 769 shall not pay any amount above what an offender would be required 770 to pay for the installation, removal or usage of an 771 ignition-interlock device.

(iii) If money is available in the Interlock
Device Fund, the department shall pay to the vendor an amount not
to exceed that promulgated by the Forensics Laboratory for
court-ordered drug testing. The department shall not pay any
amount above what an offender would be required to pay
individually.

(8) In order to reinstate a form of driver's license that is not restricted to operation of an ignition-interlock equipped vehicle, the person must submit proof to the Department of Public Safety to substantiate the person's eligibility for an unrestricted license, which may be a court order indicating completion of sentence or final order of nonadjudication; in the absence of a court order, the proof may consist of the following

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785 or such other proof as the commissioner may set forth by 786 regulation duly adopted under the Administrative Procedures Act: 787 Proof of successful completion of an alcohol safety (a) 788 program as provided in Section 63-11-32 if so ordered by the 789 court; 790 (b) Payment of the reinstatement fee required under 791 Section 63-1-46(1)(a); 792 (c) Payment of the driver's license fee required under 793 Section 63-1-43; 794 A certificate of liability insurance or proof of (d) 795 financial responsibility; and 796 (i) For those driving under an (e) interlock-restricted license, a declaration from the vendor, in a 797 798 form provided or approved by the Department of Public Safety, 799 certifying that there have been none of the following incidents in 800 the last thirty (30) days: 801 1. An attempt to start the vehicle with a 802 breath alcohol concentration of 0.04 or more; 803 2. Failure to take or pass any required 804 retest; or 805 3. Failure of the person to appear at the 806 ignition-interlock device vendor when required for maintenance, 807 repair, calibration, monitoring, inspection, or replacement of the 808 device; or

H. B. No. 292 **~ OFFICIAL ~** 24/HR26/R212CS PAGE 33 (GT\KW) 809 (ii) For a person who violated Section 63-11-30 810 with respect to drugs other than alcohol, proof of successful 811 compliance with all court-ordered drug testing; or

812 (iii) Both subparagraphs (i) and (ii) of this 813 paragraph (e) if applicable.

814 (9) The court may extend the interlock-restricted period if815 the person had a violation in the last thirty (30) days.

816 (10) The court that originally ordered installation of the 817 ignition-interlock device for a violation of Section 63-11-30 and 818 a court in the municipality or county in which the violation 819 occurred have jurisdiction over an offense under this section.

(11) A person who voluntarily obtains an
interlock-restricted license may convert at any time to any other
form of license for which the person is qualified.

(12) (a) The Department of Public Safety shall require all
manufacturers of ignition-interlock devices to report
ignition-interlock data in a consistent and uniform format as
prescribed by the Department of Public Safety. Ignition-interlock
vendors must also use the uniform format when sharing data with
courts ordering an ignition interlock, with alcohol safety
education programs, or with other treatment providers.

(b) The Department of Public Safety shall require all
vendors of drug testing programs approved under Section 63-11-31.1
to report test results in a consistent and uniform format as
prescribed by the Forensics Laboratory. Vendors must report test

H. B. No. 292 24/HR26/R212CS PAGE 34 (GT\KW) results to the court on a monthly basis, except that a positive test or failure of the testing participant to submit to verification must be reported to the court within five (5) days of verification of the positive test or the failure to submit. **SECTION 4.** This act shall take effect and be in force from

and after July 1, 2024, and shall stand repealed June 30, 2024.

H. B. No. 292~ OFFICIAL ~24/HR26/R212CSST: DUI suspension; clarify how the 120 daysPAGE 35 (GT\KW)are counted.