MISSISSIPPI LEGISLATURE

By: Representative Scott

To: Judiciary B

HOUSE BILL NO. 279

1 AN ACT TO AMEND SECTION 21-23-7, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, TO 2 REVISE THE AGE FOR EXPUNCTION OF MISDEMEANORS; AND FOR RELATED 3 PURPOSES. BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MISSISSIPPI: 4 5 SECTION 1. Section 21-23-7, Mississippi Code of 1972, is amended as follows: 6 7 The municipal judge shall hold court in a 21-23-7. (1) public building designated by the governing authorities of the 8 9 municipality, or may hold court in an adult detention center as provided under this subsection, and may hold court every day 10 11 except Sundays and legal holidays if the business of the municipality so requires; provided, however, the municipal judge 12 13 may hold court outside the boundaries of the municipality but not 14 more than within a sixty-mile radius of the municipality to handle 15 preliminary matters and criminal matters such as initial 16 appearances and felony preliminary hearings. The municipal judge may hold court outside the boundaries of the municipality but not 17 18 more than within a one-mile radius of the municipality for any

H. B. No. 279 G1/2 24/HR31/R359 PAGE 1 (GT\JAB) 19 purpose; however, a municipal judge may hold court outside the 20 boundaries of the municipality more than within a one-mile radius of the municipality when accepting a plea of a defendant at an 21 22 adult detention center within the county. The municipal judge 23 shall have the jurisdiction to hear and determine, without a jury 24 and without a record of the testimony, all cases charging violations of the municipal ordinances and state misdemeanor laws 25 26 made offenses against the municipality and to punish offenders 27 therefor as may be prescribed by law. Except as otherwise provided by law, criminal proceedings shall be brought by sworn 28 29 complaint filed in the municipal court. Such complaint shall 30 state the essential elements of the offense charged and the 31 statute or ordinance relied upon. Such complaint shall not be 32 required to conclude with a general averment that the offense is 33 against the peace and dignity of the state or in violation of the 34 ordinances of the municipality. He may sit as a committing court 35 in all felonies committed within the municipality, and he shall have the power to bind over the accused to the grand jury or to 36 37 appear before the proper court having jurisdiction to try the 38 same, and to set the amount of bail or refuse bail and commit the 39 accused to jail in cases not bailable. The municipal judge is a 40 conservator of the peace within his municipality. He may conduct preliminary hearings in all violations of the criminal laws of 41 42 this state occurring within the municipality, and any person arrested for a violation of law within the municipality may be 43

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44 brought before him for initial appearance. The municipal court 45 shall have jurisdiction of any case remanded to it by a circuit 46 court grand jury. The municipal court shall have civil 47 jurisdiction over actions filed pursuant to and as provided in 48 <u>Chapter 21,</u> Title 93, * * * Mississippi Code of 1972, the 49 Protection from Domestic Abuse Act.

50 In the discretion of the court, where the objects of (2)51 justice would be more likely met, as an alternative to imposition 52 or payment of fine and/or incarceration, the municipal judge shall have the power to sentence convicted offenders to work on a public 53 54 service project where the court has established such a program of 55 public service by written quidelines filed with the clerk for 56 public record. Such programs shall provide for reasonable 57 supervision of the offender and the work shall be commensurate with the fine and/or incarceration that would have ordinarily been 58 59 imposed. Such program of public service may be utilized in the 60 implementation of the provisions of Section 99-19-20, and public service work thereunder may be supervised by persons other than 61 62 the sheriff.

(3) The municipal judge may solemnize marriages, take oaths, affidavits and acknowledgments, and issue orders, subpoenas, summonses, citations, warrants for search and arrest upon a finding of probable cause, and other such process under seal of the court to any county or municipality, in a criminal case, to be executed by the lawful authority of the county or the municipality

H. B. No. 279 ~ OFFICIAL ~ 24/HR31/R359 PAGE 3 (GT\JAB) 69 of the respondent, and enforce obedience thereto. The absence of 70 a seal shall not invalidate the process.

71 When a person shall be charged with an offense in (4) 72 municipal court punishable by confinement, the municipal judge, 73 being satisfied that such person is an indigent person and is 74 unable to employ counsel, may, in the discretion of the court, 75 appoint counsel from the membership of The Mississippi Bar 76 residing in his county who shall represent him. Compensation for 77 appointed counsel in criminal cases shall be approved and allowed 78 by the municipal judge and shall be paid by the municipality. The 79 maximum compensation shall not exceed Two Hundred Dollars 80 (\$200.00) for any one (1) case. The governing authorities of a 81 municipality may, in their discretion, appoint a public 82 defender(s) who must be a licensed attorney and who shall receive a salary to be fixed by the governing authorities. 83

84 (5) The municipal judge of any municipality is hereby 85 authorized to suspend the sentence and to suspend the execution of the sentence, or any part thereof, on such terms as may be imposed 86 87 by the municipal judge. However, the suspension of imposition or 88 execution of a sentence hereunder may not be revoked after a 89 period of two (2) years. The municipal judge shall have the power 90 to establish and operate a probation program, dispute resolution program and other practices or procedures appropriate to the 91 92 judiciary and designed to aid in the administration of justice. Any such program shall be established by the court with written 93

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94 policies and procedures filed with the clerk of the court for 95 public record. Subsequent to original sentencing, the municipal 96 judge, in misdemeanor cases, is hereby authorized to suspend sentence and to suspend the execution of a sentence, or any part 97 98 thereof, on such terms as may be imposed by the municipal judge, 99 if (a) the judge or his or her predecessor was authorized to order 100 such suspension when the sentence was originally imposed; and (b) 101 such conviction (i) has not been appealed; or (ii) has been 102 appealed and the appeal has been voluntarily dismissed.

103 (6) Upon prior notice to the municipal prosecuting attorney 104 and upon a showing in open court of rehabilitation, good conduct 105 for a period of two (2) years since the last conviction in any court and that the best interest of society would be served, the 106 107 court may, in its discretion, order the record of conviction of a person of any or all misdemeanors in that court expunded, and upon 108 109 so doing the said person thereafter legally stands as though he 110 had never been convicted of the said misdemeanor(s) and may lawfully so respond to any query of prior convictions. This order 111 112 of expunction does not apply to the confidential records of law 113 enforcement agencies and has no effect on the driving record of a 114 person maintained under Title 63, Mississippi Code of 1972, or any 115 other provision of said Title 63.

(7) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (6) of this section, a person who was convicted in municipal court of a misdemeanor * * *, excluding conviction for a traffic violation,

H. B. No. 279 **~ OFFICIAL ~** 24/HR31/R359 PAGE 5 (GT\JAB) 119 and who is a first offender, may utilize the provisions of Section 120 99-19-71, to expunge such misdemeanor conviction.

121 In the discretion of the court, a plea of nolo (8) 122 contendere may be entered to any charge in municipal court. Upon 123 the entry of a plea of nolo contendere the court shall convict the 124 defendant of the offense charged and shall proceed to sentence the 125 defendant according to law. The judgment of the court shall 126 reflect that the conviction was on a plea of nolo contendere. An 127 appeal may be made from a conviction on a plea of nolo contendere 128 as in other cases.

(9) Upon execution of a sworn complaint charging a
misdemeanor, the municipal court may, in its discretion and in
lieu of an arrest warrant, issue a citation requiring the
appearance of the defendant to answer the charge made against him.
On default of appearance, an arrest warrant may be issued for the
defendant. The clerk of the court or deputy clerk may issue such
citations.

(10) The municipal court shall have the power to make rules for the administration of the court's business, which rules, if any, shall be in writing filed with the clerk of the court and shall include the enactment of rules related to the court's authority to issue domestic abuse protection orders pursuant to Section 93-21-1 et seq.

142 (11) The municipal court shall have the power to impose143 punishment of a fine of not more than One Thousand Dollars

H. B. No. 279 ~ OFFICIAL ~ 24/HR31/R359 PAGE 6 (gt\jab) 144 (\$1,000.00) or six (6) months imprisonment, or both, for contempt 145 of court. The municipal court may have the power to impose reasonable costs of court, not in excess of the following: 146 Dismissal of any affidavit, complaint or charge 147 148 in municipal court.....\$ 50.00 149 Suspension of a minor's driver's license in lieu of 150 50.00 conviction.....\$ Service of scire facias or return "not found".....\$ 151 20.00 152 Causing search warrant to issue or causing 153 prosecution without reasonable cause or refusing to 154 cooperate after initiating action.....\$ 100.00 155 Certified copy of the court record.....\$ 5.00 Service of arrest warrant for failure to answer 156 citation or traffic summons.....\$ 25.00 157 Jail cost per day - actual jail cost paid by the municipality 158 but not to exceed......\$ 35.00 159 160 Service of court documents related to the filing of a petition or issuance of a protection from domestic 161 162 abuse order under Chapter 21, Title 93, * * * Mississippi Code of 163 1972\$ 25.00 164 Any other item of court cost.....\$ 50.00 165 No filing fee or such cost shall be imposed for the bringing 166 of an action in municipal court. 167 (12) A municipal court judge shall not dismiss a criminal case but may transfer the case to the justice court of the county 168

H. B. No. 279 **~ OFFICIAL ~** 24/HR31/R359 PAGE 7 (GT\JAB) 169 if the municipal court judge is prohibited from presiding over the 170 case by the Canons of Judicial Conduct and provided that venue and 171 jurisdiction are proper in the justice court. Upon transfer of any such case, the municipal court judge shall give the municipal 172 court clerk a written order to transmit the affidavit or complaint 173 174 and all other records and evidence in the court's possession to the justice court by certified mail or to instruct the arresting 175 176 officer to deliver such documents and records to the justice 177 There shall be no court costs charged for the transfer of court. 178 the case to the justice court.

(13) A municipal court judge shall expunge the record of any case in which an arrest was made, the person arrested was released and the case was dismissed or the charges were dropped, there was no disposition of such case or the person was found not guilty at trial.

184 (14)For violations of municipal ordinances related to real property, the municipal judge shall have the power to order a 185 186 defendant to remedy violations within a reasonable time period as 187 set by the judge, and at the discretion of the judge, the judge 188 may simultaneously authorize the municipality, at its request, the 189 option to remedy the violation itself, through the use of its own 190 employees or its contractors, without further notice should the defendant fail to fully do so within the time period set by the 191 192 Subsequent to the municipality remedying the violation, judge. the municipality may petition the court to assess documented 193

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cleanup costs to the defendant, and, if, following a hearing on 194 195 such petition, the judge determines (a) the violations were not 196 remedied by the defendant within the time required by the court, 197 (b) that the municipality remedied the violation itself after such 198 time period expired and (c) that the costs incurred by the 199 municipality were reasonable, the court may assess the costs to 200 the defendant as a judgement, which may be enrolled in the office 201 of the circuit clerk.

202 SECTION 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from 203 and after July 1, 2024.