To: Judiciary A

By: Representative Currie

HOUSE BILL NO. 50

AN ACT TO AUTHORIZE COURT-ORDERED SUPPORT FOR PREGNANT WOMEN OUT OF LAWFUL MATRIMONY; TO AMEND SECTION 93-9-3, MISSISSIPPI CODE 3 OF 1972, TO CLARIFY THE AUTHORITY OF THE CHANCERY COURT TO AWARD SUPPORT TO PREGNANT WOMEN OUT OF MATRIMONY; TO DEFINE UNBORN CHILD; TO AMEND SECTION 93-9-7, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, TO 5 PROVIDE THAT THE OBLIGATIONS OF THE FATHER EXTEND TO THE SUPPORT 7 OF THE MOTHER OF AN UNBORN CHILD; TO AMEND SECTION 93-9-9, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, TO INCLUDE PETITIONS FOR THE SUPPORT OF 8 9 THE MOTHER OF AN UNBORN CHILD; TO AMEND SECTION 93-9-11, 10 MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, TO REVISE THE LIMITATION ON RECOVERY OF SUPPORT FROM A FATHER; TO AMEND SECTION 93-9-13, MISSISSIPPI CODE 11 12 OF 1972, TO REVISE THE LIMITATION ON RECOVERY OF SUPPORT FROM A FATHER'S ESTATE; TO AMEND SECTION 93-9-19, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, TO REMOVE THE PROHIBITION THAT PREGNANCY HALTS THE CUSTODY 14 15 OR SUPPORT HEARINGS; TO AMEND SECTION 93-9-28, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, TO REVISE THE PROCEDURES FOR VOLUNTARY ACKNOWLEDGEMENT OF 16 17 PATERNITY; TO AMEND SECTION 93-9-29, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, TO 18 PROVIDE THAT A COURT ORDER MAY INCLUDE THE SUPPORT OF THE MOTHER 19 OF AN UNBORN CHILD; TO AMEND SECTION 93-9-35, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 20 1972, TO INCLUDE THE SUPPORT OF THE MOTHER OF AN UNBORN CHILD AS A RESPONSIBILITY OF THE FATHER OF THE CHILD; TO AMEND SECTION 21 93-11-65, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, TO INCLUDE EXPENSES TO THE 22 23 PREGNANT MOTHER IN THE CUSTODY PROVISIONS; TO AMEND SECTION 24 93-11-71, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, TO PROVIDE THAT AN ORDER OF 25 CHILD SUPPORT CAN INCLUDE SUPPORT OF THE PREGNANT MOTHER; TO AMEND 26 SECTIONS 93-11-101 AND 93-11-153, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, TO 27 INCLUDE SUPPORT OF THE PREGNANT MOTHER IN THE ORDER OF SUPPORT; TO 28 AMEND SECTION 43-19-31, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, TO REVISE THE 29 DUTIES OF THE CHILD SUPPORT UNIT TO INCLUDE THE SUPPORT OF PREGNANT WOMEN; TO AMEND SECTION 43-19-33, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 30 31 1972, TO PROVIDE THAT THE STIPULATED AGREEMENT BETWEEN A FATHER 32 AND THE PREGNANT WOMAN OF HIS UNBORN CHILD MAY INCLUDE THE SUPPORT 33 OF THE MOTHER; TO AMEND SECTION 43-19-35, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 34 1972, TO INCLUDE PREGNANT MOTHERS WHO RECEIVE GOVERNMENTAL

- 35 ASSISTANCE UNDER THE JURISDICTION OF THE CHILD SUPPORT UNIT; TO
- 36 AMEND SECTION 43-19-101, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, TO AUTHORIZE
- 37 THE COURT TO CONSIDER THE EXPENSES TO THE PREGNANT MOTHER FOR
- 38 CHILD SUPPORT; TO BRING FORWARD SECTION 93-9-15, MISSISSIPPI CODE
- 39 OF 1972, WHICH PROVIDES FOR THE JURISDICTION OF THE COURTS TO
- 40 PROVIDE REMEDIES FOR SUPPORT ORDERS INCLUDING PREGNANCY, FOR
- 41 PURPOSES OF AMENDMENT; TO BRING FORWARD SECTION 93-9-21,
- 42 MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, WHICH PROVIDES BLOOD TESTS FOR PATERNITY
- 43 TESTING, FOR PURPOSES OF AMENDMENT; AND FOR RELATED PURPOSES.
- 44 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MISSISSIPPI:
- 45 **SECTION 1.** (1) The court-ordered awards for pregnant women
- 46 shall, at a minimum, cover the medical expenses of the pregnant
- 47 mother during the pregnancy, the post pregnancy medical care of
- 48 the mother for no less than two (2) years after the birth of the
- 49 child, including any mental or dietary needs of the mother of the
- 50 child that can be reasonably traced by a physician as a result of
- 51 the mother having giving birth. The award guidelines described in
- 52 this section shall be a rebuttable presumption in all judicial or
- 53 administrative proceedings regarding the awarding or modifying of
- 54 support for mothers with unborn children out of wedlock in this
- 55 state.
- 56 (2) The guidelines provided for in subsection (1) of this
- 57 section apply unless the judicial or administrative body awarding
- 58 the support award makes a written finding or specific finding on
- 59 the record that the application of the guidelines would be unjust
- 60 or inappropriate in a particular case.
- 61 (3) The amount of "adjusted gross income" for any father
- 62 against whom the support award is ordered shall be calculated as
- 63 follows:

64	(a) Determine gross income from all potential sources
65	that may reasonably be expected to be available to the absent
66	parent including, but not limited to, the following: wages and
67	salary income; income from self-employment; income from
68	commissions; income from investments, including dividends,
69	interest income and income on any trust account or property;
70	absent parent's portion of any joint income of both parents;
71	workers' compensation, disability, unemployment, annuity and
72	retirement benefits, including an Individual Retirement Account
73	(IRA); any other payments made by any person, private entity,
74	federal or state government or any unit of local government;
75	alimony; any income earned from an interest in or from inherited
76	property; any other form of earned income; and gross income shall
77	exclude any monetary benefits derived from a second household,
78	such as income of the absent parent's current spouse;
79	(b) Subtract the following legally mandated deductions:
80	(i) Federal, state and local taxes. Contributions
81	to the payment of taxes over and beyond the actual liability for
82	the taxable year shall not be considered a mandatory deduction;
83	(ii) Social security contributions;
84	(iii) Retirement and disability contributions
85	except any voluntary retirement and disability contributions;
86	(c) If the father is subject to an existing court order
87	for another child or children, subtract the amount of that
88	court-ordered support;

89		(d)	Ιf	the f	ather	is	also	the	paren	t of	anot	ther c	hild
90	or other	childr	ren	resid	ing w	ith	him,	ther	n the	court	t may	g subt	ract
91	an amount	that	it	deems	appro	opri	ate	to ac	ccount	for	the	needs	of
92	said chil	doro	hil	dren•	and								

- 93 (e) Compute the total annual amount of adjusted gross 94 income based on paragraphs (a) through (d) of this subsection, 95 then divide this amount by twelve (12) to obtain the monthly 96 amount of adjusted gross income.
- Upon conclusion of the calculation of paragraphs (a) through
 (e) of this subsection, multiply the monthly amount of adjusted
 gross income by the appropriate percentage designated in
 subsection (1) of this section to arrive at the amount of the
 monthly child-support award.
 - (4) In cases in which the adjusted gross income as defined in this section is more than One Hundred Thousand Dollars (\$100,000.00) or less than Ten Thousand Dollars (\$10,000.00), the court shall make a written finding in the record as to whether or not the application of the guidelines established in this section is reasonable. The court shall take into account the basic subsistence needs of the father who has a limited ability to pay.
- 109 (5) Imputation of income shall not be based upon a standard
 110 amount in lieu of fact-gathering. In the absence of specific
 111 sufficient evidence of past earnings and employment history to use
 112 as the measure of a father's ability to pay, the recommended
 113 support obligation amount should be based on available information

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114 about the specific circumstances of the obligated parent. This 115 can include, but is not limited to, such factors as assets, residence, job skills, educational attainment, literacy, age, 116 117 health, criminal record and other employment barriers, and record 118 of seeking work, as well as the local job market, the availability 119 of employers willing to hire the obligated parent, prevailing earnings level in the local community, and other relevant factors 120 121 in the case.

SECTION 2. Section 93-9-3, Mississippi Code of 1972, is amended as follows:

93-9-3. (1) Nothing herein contained shall be construed as abridging the power and jurisdiction of the chancery courts of the State of Mississippi, exercised over the estates of minors, nor as an abridgment of the power and authority of said chancery courts or the chancellor in vacation or chancery clerk in vacation to appoint guardians for minors. The Uniform Law on Paternity shall be so interpreted and construed as to effectuate its general purpose to make uniform the laws of those states which enact it.

(2) The provisions herein shall be construed to provide authority to the chancery courts of the State of Mississippi to order the father of an unborn child out of lawful matrimony to provide support to the mother of the unborn child out of lawful matrimony who asserts the paternity of a father. For purposes of this chapter, the term "unborn child" means a child in the

138 mother's womb.

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139	SECTION 3.	Section	93-9-7,	Mississippi	Code	of	1972,	is
140	amended as foll	OWS.						

- 93-9-7. The father of a child which is unborn out of lawful 141 matrimony, is born out of lawful matrimony or may be born out of 142 143 lawful matrimony is liable to the same extent as the father of a 144 child born of lawful matrimony, whether or not the child is born 145 alive, for the reasonable expenses of the mother's physical and 146 mental pre-natal care, pregnancy and confinement, and for the 147 education, necessary support and maintenance, and medical and funeral expenses of the child. A child born out of lawful 148 149 matrimony also includes a child born to a married woman by a man 150 other than her lawful husband.
- SECTION 4. Section 93-9-9, Mississippi Code of 1972, is amended as follows:
- 153 93-9-9. (1) Paternity may be determined upon the petition 154 of the mother, or father, the child or any public authority 155 chargeable by law with the support of the child or an unborn 156 child; provided that such an adjudication after the death of the 157 defendant must be made only upon clear and convincing evidence. 158 If paternity has been lawfully determined, lawfully asserted by 159 the mother of an unborn child or has been acknowledged in writing 160 according to the laws of this state, the liabilities of the 161 noncustodial parent may be enforced in the same or other 162 proceedings by the custodial parent, the child, or any public 163 authority which has furnished or may furnish the reasonable

164 expenses of pregnancy, confinement, education, necessary support 165 and maintenance, and medical or funeral expenses for the custodial 166 parent or the child. The trier of fact shall receive without the 167 need for third-party foundation testimony certified, attested or 168 sworn documentation as evidence of (a) childbirth records; (b) 169 cost of filing fees; (c) court costs; (d) services of process 170 fees; (e) mailing cost; (f) genetic tests and testing fees; (g) 171 the department's attorney's fees; (h) in cases where the state or 172 any of its entities or divisions have provided medical services to the child or the child's mother, all costs of prenatal care, 173 174 birthing, postnatal care and any other medical expenses incurred 175 by the child or by the mother as a consequence of the mother's 176 pregnancy or delivery; and (i) funeral expenses. All costs and 177 fees shall be ordered paid to the Department of Human Services in all cases successfully prosecuted with a minimum of Two Hundred 178 179 Fifty Dollars (\$250.00) in attorney's fees or an amount determined 180 by the court without submitting an affidavit. Proceedings may be instituted at any time until such child attains the age of 181 182 twenty-one (21) years unless the child has been emancipated as provided in Section 93-5-23 and Section 93-11-65. In the event of 183 184 court-determined paternity, the surname of the child shall be that 185 of the father, unless the judgment specifies otherwise.

(2) If the alleged father in an action to determine paternity to which the Department of Human Services is a party fails to appear for a scheduled hearing after having been served

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189 with process or subsequent notice consistent with the Rules of 190 Civil Procedure, his paternity of the child(ren) shall be established by the court if a written declaration in support of 191 establishing paternity made under penalty of perjury to the best 192 193 of her knowledge, information and belief by the mother averring 194 the alleged father's paternity of the child has accompanied the complaint to determine paternity. The written declaration shall 195 196 constitute sufficient grounds for the court's finding of the 197 alleged father's paternity without the necessity of the presence 198 or testimony of the mother at the said hearing. The court shall, 199 upon motion by the Department of Human Services, enter a judgment 200 of paternity. Any person who shall willfully and knowingly file a false affidavit or who shall willfully, intentionally and 201 202 knowingly file a false written declaration under penalty of perjury shall be subject to a fine of not more than One Thousand 203 204 Dollars (\$1,000.00).

205 Upon application of both parents to the State Board of 206 Health and receipt by the State Board of Health of a sworn 207 acknowledgement of paternity executed by both parents subsequent 208 to the birth of a child born out of wedlock, the birth certificate 209 of the child shall be amended to show such paternity if paternity 210 is not shown on the birth certificate. Upon request of the parents for the legitimization of a child under this section, the 211 212 surname of the child shall be changed on the certificate to that of the father. 213

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214	(4) (a) A signed voluntary acknowledgment of paternity is
215	subject to the right of any signatory to rescind the
216	acknowledgment within the earlier of:
217	(i) One (1) year; or
218	(ii) The date of a judicial proceeding relating to
219	the child, including a proceeding to establish a support order, in
220	which the signatory is a party.
221	(b) After the expiration of the one-year period
222	specified in subsection (4)(a)(i) of this section, a signed
223	voluntary acknowledgment of paternity may be challenged in court
224	only on the basis of fraud, duress or material mistake of fact,
225	with the burden of proof upon the challenger; the legal
226	responsibilities, including child support obligations, of any
227	signatory arising from the acknowledgment may not be suspended
228	during the pendency of the challenge, except for good cause shown
229	(c) During the one-year time period specified in
230	subsection (4)(a)(i) of this section, the alleged father may
231	request genetic testing through the Department of Human Services
232	in accordance with the provisions of Section 93-9-21.
233	(d) The one-year time limit, specified in subsection
234	(4)(a)(i) of this section, for the right of the alleged father to
235	rescind the signed voluntary acknowledgement of paternity shall be
236	tolled from the date the alleged father files his formal

application for genetic testing with the Department of Human

Services until the date the test results are revealed to the

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- 239 alleged father by the department. After the one-year time period
- 240 has expired, not including any period of time tolled for the
- 241 purpose of acquiring genetic testing through the department, the
- 242 provisions of subsection (4)(b) of this section shall apply.
- SECTION 5. Section 93-9-11, Mississippi Code of 1972, is
- 244 amended as follows:
- 245 93-9-11. The father's liabilities for past education and
- 246 necessary support and maintenance and other expenses are limited
- 247 to a period of * * * three (3) years preceding the commencement of
- 248 an action.
- SECTION 6. Section 93-9-13, Mississippi Code of 1972, is
- 250 amended as follows:
- 251 93-9-13. The obligation of the estate of the father for
- 252 liabilities under Section 93-9-7 * * * shall not be limited to
- 253 amounts accrued prior to his death. However, in order to hold the
- 254 estate of the father liable under Section 93-9-7, the action must
- 255 be filed within one (1) year after the death of the father or
- 256 within ninety (90) days after the first publication of notice to
- 257 creditors to present their claims, whichever is less.
- 258 **SECTION 7.** Section 93-9-19, Mississippi Code of 1972, is
- 259 amended as follows:
- 260 93-9-19. If the issue of paternity is raised in an action
- 261 commenced during the pregnancy of the mother, the trial
- 262 shall \star \star be had to determine expense of the mother and father.

263	SECTION 8.	Section	93-9-28,	Mississippi	Code	of	1972,	is
264	amended as follo	DWS:						

265 93-9-28. The Mississippi State Department of Health in (1)cooperation with the Mississippi Department of Human Services 266 267 shall develop a form and procedure which may be used to secure a 268 voluntary acknowledgement of paternity from the mother and father 269 of any unborn child or child born out of wedlock in Mississippi. 270 The form shall clearly state on its face that the execution of the 271 acknowledgement of paternity shall result in the same legal effect 272 as if the father and mother had been married at the time of the 273 birth of the child. The form shall also clearly indicate the 274 right of the alleged father to request genetic testing through the 275 Department of Human Services within the one-year time period 276 specified in subsection (2)(a)(i) of this section and shall state 277 the adverse effects and ramifications of not availing himself of 278 this one-time opportunity to definitively establish the paternity 279 of the child. When such form has been completed according to the 280 established procedure and the signatures of both the mother and 281 father have been notarized, then such voluntary acknowledgement 282 shall constitute a full determination of the legal parentage of The completed voluntary acknowledgement of paternity 283 the child. 284 shall be filed with the Bureau of Vital Statistics of the 285 Mississippi State Department of Health. The name of the father 286 shall be entered on the certificate of birth upon receipt of the 287 completed voluntary acknowledgement.

288	(2) (a) A signed voluntary acknowledgment of paternity is
289	subject to the right of any signatory to rescind the
290	acknowledgment within the earlier of:
291	(i) One (1) year; or
292	(ii) The date of a judicial proceeding relating to
293	the child, including a proceeding to establish a support order, in
294	which the signatory is a party.
295	(b) After the expiration of the one-year period
296	specified in subsection (2)(a)(i) of this section, a signed
297	voluntary acknowledgment of paternity may be challenged in court
298	only on the basis of fraud, duress, or material mistake of fact,
299	with the burden of proof upon the challenger; the legal

303 (c) During the one-year time period specified in 304 subsection (2)(a)(i) of this section, the alleged father may 305 request genetic testing through the Department of Human Services 306 in accordance with the provisions of Section 93-9-21.

responsibilities, including child support obligations, of any

signatory arising from the acknowledgment may not be suspended

during the pendency of the challenge, except for good cause shown.

(d) The one-year time limit, specified in subsection

(2)(a)(i) of this section, for the right of the alleged father to

rescind the signed voluntary acknowledgement of paternity shall be

tolled from the date the alleged father files his formal

application for genetic testing with the Department of Human

Services until the date the test results are revealed to the

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- alleged father by the department. After the one-year time period
 has expired, not including any period of time tolled for the
 purpose of acquiring genetic testing through the department, the
 provisions of subsection (2)(b) of this section shall apply.
 - (3) The Mississippi State Department of Health and the Mississippi Department of Human Services shall cooperate to establish procedures to facilitate the voluntary acknowledgement of paternity by both father and mother at the time of the birth of any child born out of wedlock. Such procedures shall establish responsibilities for each of the departments and for hospitals, birthing centers, midwives, and/or other birth attendants to seek and report voluntary acknowledgements of paternity. In establishing such procedures, the departments shall provide for obtaining the social security account numbers of both the father and mother on voluntary acknowledgements.
 - (4) Upon the birth of a child out of wedlock, the hospital, birthing center, midwife or other birth attendant shall provide an opportunity for the child's mother and natural father to complete an acknowledgement of paternity by giving the mother and natural father the appropriate forms and information developed through the procedures established in subsection (3). The hospital, birthing center, midwife or other birth attendant shall be responsible for providing printed information, and audio visual material if available, related to the acknowledgement of paternity, and shall be required to provide notary services needed for the completion

338	of acknowledgements of paternity. The information described above
339	shall be provided to the mother and natural father, if present and
340	identifiable, within twenty-four (24) hours of birth or before the
341	mother is released. Such information, including forms, brochures,
342	pamphlets, video tapes and other media, shall be provided at no
343	cost to the hospital, birthing center or midwife by the
344	Mississippi State Department of Health, the Department of Human
345	Services or other appropriate agency.

- 346 **SECTION 9.** Section 93-9-29, Mississippi Code of 1972, is amended as follows:
- 348 93-9-29. (1) If the finding be against the defendant, the 349 court shall make an order of filiation, declaring paternity and 350 for the support and education of the child, and for the support 351 and expenses of the pregnant mother, if applicable.
- The order of filiation shall specify the sum to be paid 352 353 weekly or otherwise. In addition to providing for the support and 354 education, the order shall also provide for the funeral expenses 355 if the child has died; for the support of the child prior to the 356 making of the order of filiation; support of the mother and unborn 357 child and such other expenses as the court may deem proper. Ιn 358 the event the defendant has health insurance available to him 359 through an employer or organization that may extend benefits to 360 the mother of the unborn child or dependents of such defendant, 361 the order of filiation may require the defendant to exercise the

- option of additional coverage in favor of the child he is legally responsible to support.
- 364 The court may require the payment to be made to the 365 mother, or to some person or corporation to be designated by the 366 court as trustee, but if the child is or is likely to become a 367 public charge on a county or the state, the public welfare agent 368 of that county shall be made the trustee. The payment shall be 369 directed to be made to a trustee if the mother does not reside 370 within the jurisdiction of the court. The trustee shall report to 371 the court annually, or oftener as directed by the court, the 372 amounts received and paid over.
- 373 **SECTION 10.** Section 93-9-35, Mississippi Code of 1972, is amended as follows:
 - 93-9-35. (1) If a mother of a natural child be possessed of property and shall fail to support and educate her child, the court having jurisdiction, on the application of the guardian or next friend of the child or, if the child shall receive Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF) benefits or other financial assistance, of the county human services agent or youth counselor, may examine into the matter and after a hearing may make an order charging the mother with the payment of money weekly or otherwise for the support and education of the child.
- 384 (2) The court may require the mother to give security, by 385 bond or other security, with sufficient sureties approved by the 386 court, for the payment of the order. In default of such security,

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when required, the court may commit her to jail, or put her on probation. At any time within one (1) year she may be discharged from jail, but her liability to pay the judgment shall not be thereby affected.

391 (3) Nothing in this section shall be deemed to relieve the 392 father from liability for support and education of the child or 393 the support of the mother of the unborn child in accordance with 394 the provisions of Sections 93-9-1 through 93-9-49.

395 **SECTION 11.** Section 93-11-65, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 396 amended as follows:

93-11-65. (1) (a) In addition to the right to proceed under Section 93-5-23, Mississippi Code of 1972, and in addition to the remedy of habeas corpus in proper cases, and other existing remedies, the chancery court of the proper county shall have jurisdiction to entertain suits for the custody, care, support and maintenance of minor children, the care, support and medical expenses of the mother of the unborn child and to hear and determine all such matters, and shall, if need be, require bond, sureties or other guarantee to secure any order for periodic payments for the maintenance or support of a child. In the event a legally responsible parent has health insurance available to him or her through an employer or organization that may extend benefits to the dependents of such parent, any order of support issued against such parent may require him or her to exercise the option of additional coverage in favor of such children as he or

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412	she is legally responsible to support. Proceedings may be brought
413	by or against a resident or nonresident of the State of
414	Mississippi, whether or not having the actual custody of minor
415	children, for the purpose of judicially determining the legal
416	custody of a child. All actions herein authorized may be brought
417	in the county where the child is actually residing, or in the
418	county of the residence of the party who has actual custody, or of
419	the residence of the defendant. Process shall be had upon the
420	parties as provided by law for process in person or by
421	publication, if they be nonresidents of the state or residents of
422	another jurisdiction or are not found therein after diligent
423	search and inquiry or are unknown after diligent search and
424	inquiry; provided that the court or chancellor in vacation may fix
425	a date in termtime or in vacation to which process may be
426	returnable and shall have power to proceed in termtime or
427	vacation. Provided, however, that if the court shall find that
428	both parties are fit and proper persons to have custody of the
429	children, and that either party is able to adequately provide for
430	the care and maintenance of the children, the chancellor may
431	consider the preference of a child of twelve (12) years of age or
432	older as to the parent with whom the child would prefer to live in
433	determining what would be in the best interest and welfare of the
434	child. The chancellor shall place on the record the reason or
435	reasons for which the award of custody was made and explain in
436	detail why the wishes of any child were or were not honored.

437	(b)	An order of child support shall specify the sum to
438	be paid weekly	or otherwise. In addition to providing for support
439	and education,	the order shall also provide for the support of the
440	child prior to	the making of the order for child support, and such
441	other expenses	as the court may deem proper.

- (c) The court may require the payment to be made to the custodial parent, or to some person or corporation to be designated by the court as trustee, but if the child or custodial parent is receiving public assistance, the Department of Human Services shall be made the trustee.
- 447 (d) The noncustodial parent's liabilities for past
 448 education and necessary support and maintenance and other expenses
 449 are limited to a period of one (1) year next preceding the
 450 commencement of an action.
 - (2) Provided further, that where the proof shows that both parents have separate incomes or estates, the court may require that each parent contribute to the support and maintenance of the children in proportion to the relative financial ability of each.
 - (3) Whenever the court has ordered a party to make periodic payments for the maintenance or support of a child, but no bond, sureties or other guarantee has been required to secure such payments, and whenever such payments as have become due remain unpaid for a period of at least thirty (30) days, the court may, upon petition of the person to whom such payments are owing, or such person's legal representative, enter an order requiring that

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bond, sureties or other security be given by the person obligated to make such payments, the amount and sufficiency of which shall be approved by the court. The obligor shall, as in other civil actions, be served with process and shall be entitled to a hearing in such case.

467 When a charge of abuse or neglect of a child first 468 arises in the course of a custody or maintenance action pending in 469 the chancery court pursuant to this section, the chancery court 470 may proceed with the investigation, hearing and determination of 471 such abuse or neglect charge as a part of its hearing and 472 determination of the custody or maintenance issue as between the 473 parents, as provided in Section 43-21-151, notwithstanding the 474 other provisions of the Youth Court Law. The proceedings in 475 chancery court on the abuse or neglect charge shall be 476 confidential in the same manner as provided in youth court 477 proceedings, and the chancery court shall appoint a guardian ad 478 litem in such cases, as provided under Section 43-21-121 for youth 479 court proceedings, who shall be an attorney. In determining 480 whether any portion of a guardian ad litem's fee shall be assessed 481 against any party or parties as a cost of court for reimbursement 482 to the county, the court shall consider each party's individual 483 ability to pay. Unless the chancery court's jurisdiction has been 484 terminated, all disposition orders in such cases for placement 485 with the Department of Human Services shall be reviewed by the 486 court or designated authority at least annually to determine if

- continued placement with the department is in the best interest of the child or the public.
- 489 Each party to a paternity or child support proceeding 490 shall notify the other within five (5) days after any change of 491 address. In addition, the noncustodial and custodial parent shall 492 file and update, with the court and with the state case registry, 493 information on that party's location and identity, including 494 social security number, residential and mailing addresses, 495 telephone numbers, photograph, driver's license number, and name, address and telephone number of the party's employer. 496 497 information shall be required upon entry of an order or within
- 499 (6) In any case subsequently enforced by the Department of 500 Human Services pursuant to Title IV-D of the Social Security Act, 501 the court shall have continuing jurisdiction.

five (5) days of a change of address.

- 502 (7) In any subsequent child support enforcement action
 503 between the parties, upon sufficient showing that diligent effort
 504 has been made to ascertain the location of a party, due process
 505 requirements for notice and service of process shall be deemed to
 506 be met with respect to the party upon delivery of written notice
 507 to the most recent residential or employer address filed with the
 508 state case registry.
- 509 (8) (a) The duty of support of a child terminates upon the 510 emancipation of the child. Unless otherwise provided for in the

512	the child:
513	(i) Attains the age of twenty-one (21) years, or
514	(ii) Marries, or
515	(iii) Joins the military and serves on a full-time
516	basis, or
517	(iv) Is convicted of a felony and is sentenced to
518	incarceration of two (2) or more years for committing such
519	felony; * * *
520	(b) Unless otherwise provided for in the underlying
521	child support judgment, the court may determine that emancipation
522	has occurred and no other support obligation exists when the
523	child:
524	(i) Discontinues full-time enrollment in school
525	having attained the age of eighteen (18) years, unless the child
526	is disabled, or
527	(ii) Voluntarily moves from the home of the
528	custodial parent or guardian, establishes independent living
529	arrangements, obtains full-time employment and discontinues
530	educational endeavors prior to attaining the age of twenty-one
531	(21) years, or

underlying child support judgment, emancipation shall occur when

approval of the parent obligated to pay support; * * *

(iii) Cohabits with another person without the

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534		(C)	The	duty	of	support	of a	a chi	ild	who	is	inca	arcera	ated
535	but not	emanci	pated	l shal	l k	ne susper	nded	for	the	per	riod	lof	the	
536	child's	incarc	erati	on.										

- 537 (9) A determination of emancipation does not terminate any 538 obligation of the noncustodial parent to satisfy arrearage 539 existing as of the date of emancipation; the total amount of periodic support due prior to the emancipation plus any periodic 540 541 amounts ordered paid toward the arrearage shall continue to be 542 owed until satisfaction of the arrearage in full, in addition to 543 the right of the person for whom the obligation is owed to execute 544 for collection as may be provided by law.
 - (10) Upon motion of a party requesting temporary child support pending a determination of parentage, temporary support shall be ordered if there is clear and convincing evidence of paternity on the basis of genetic tests or other evidence, unless the court makes written findings of fact on the record that the award of temporary support would be unjust or inappropriate in a particular case.
- 552 (11) Custody and visitation upon military temporary duty, 553 deployment or mobilization shall be governed by Section 93-5-34.
- SECTION 12. Section 93-11-71, Mississippi Code of 1972, is amended as follows:
- 93-11-71. (1) Whenever a court orders any person to make
 557 periodic payments of a sum certain for the maintenance or support
 558 of a child, or the care and expenses of the mother of an unborn

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- 559 <u>child</u> and whenever such payments as have become due remain unpaid 560 for a period of at least thirty (30) days, a judgment by operation 561 of law shall arise against the obligor in an amount equal to all 562 payments that are then due and owing.
- (a) A judgment arising under this section shall have the same effect and be fully enforceable as any other judgment entered in this state. A judicial or administrative action to enforce the judgment may be begun at any time; and
 - (b) Such judgments arising in other states by operation of law shall be given full faith and credit in this state.
 - (2) Any judgment arising under the provisions of this section shall operate as a lien upon all the property of the judgment debtor, both real and personal, which lien shall be perfected as to third parties without actual notice thereof only upon enrollment on the judgment roll. The department or attorney representing the party to whom support is owed shall furnish an abstract of the judgment for periodic payments for the maintenance and support of a child, along with sworn documentation of the delinquent child support, to the circuit clerk of the county where the judgment is rendered, and it shall be the duty of the circuit clerk to enroll the judgment on the judgment roll. Liens arising under the provisions of this section may be executed upon and enforced in the same manner and to the same extent as any other judgment.

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583	(3) Notwithstanding the provisions in subsection (2) of this
584	section, any judgment arising under the provisions of this section
585	shall subject the following assets to interception or seizure
586	without regard to the entry of the judgment on the judgment roll
587	of the situs district or jurisdiction and such assets shall apply
588	to all child support owed including all arrears:

- (a) Periodic or lump-sum payments from a federal, state or local agency, including unemployment compensation, workers' compensation and other benefits;
- (b) Winnings from lotteries and gaming winnings that
 are received in periodic payments made over a period in excess of
 thirty (30) days;
- 595 (c) Assets held in financial institutions;
- 596 (d) Settlements and awards resulting from civil
- 597 actions;
- (e) Public and private retirement funds, only to the extent that the obligor is qualified to receive and receives a lump-sum or periodic distribution from the funds;
- (f) Lump-sum payments as defined in Section 93-11-101;
- (g) Unclaimed property as described in Section 89-12-1 et seq.
- (4) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsections (1) and (2) of this section, upon disestablishment of paternity granted pursuant to Section 93-9-10 and a finding of clear and convincing

- 608 evidence including negative DNA testing that the obligor is not 609 the biological father of the child or children for whom support 610 has been ordered, the court shall disestablish paternity and may 611 forgive any child support arrears of the obligor for the child or 612 children determined by the court not to be the biological child or 613 children of the obligor, if the court makes a written finding 614 that, based on the totality of the circumstances, the forgiveness 615 of the arrears is equitable under the circumstances.
- (5) In any case in which a child receives assistance from block grants for Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF), and the obligor owes past-due child support, the obligor, if not incapacitated, may be required by the court to participate in any work programs offered by any state agency.
 - insurance payments who is liable for a child support arrearage and whose disability insurance benefits provide for the payment of past due disability insurance benefits for the support of the minor child or children for whom the parent owes a child support arrearage shall receive credit toward the arrearage for the payment or payments for the benefit of the minor child or children if the arrearage accrued after the date of disability onset as determined by the Social Security Administration.
- 630 **SECTION 13.** Section 93-11-101, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 631 amended as follows:

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633	the following words shall have the meaning ascribed to them herein
634	unless the context clearly requires otherwise:
635	(a) "Order for support" means any order of the
636	chancery, circuit, county or family court, which provides for
637	periodic payment of funds for the support of a child, or for
638	periodic payment of funds for the support of the mother of the
639	unborn child, whether temporary or final, and includes any such
640	order which provides for:
641	(i) Modification or resumption of, or payment of
642	arrearage accrued under, a previously existing order; or
643	(ii) Reimbursement of support.
644	"Order for support" shall also mean:
645	(i) An order for support and maintenance of a
646	spouse if a minor child is living with such spouse; * * *
647	(ii) In actions to which the Department of Human
648	Services is a party, an order for support and maintenance of a
649	spouse if a minor child is living with such spouse and such
650	maintenance is collected in conjunction with child support * * $*$;
651	<u>or</u>
652	(iii) An order for support of the mother during
653	and after the pregnancy, which may include mental, physical and
654	dietary health expenses.

93-11-101. As used in Sections 93-11-101 through 93-11-119,

withholding pursuant to Section 93-11-103(1).

(b) "Court" means the court that enters an order for

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657		((2)	"Clerk	of	the	court"	means	the	clerk	of	the	court
658	that	enters	an	order	for	with	nholding	pursi	ıant	to Sec	ctic	on	

659 93-11-103(1).

- (d) "Arrearage" means the total amount of unpaid support obligations.
- "Delinquency" means any payments that are ordered 662 663 by any court to be paid by a noncustodial parent for the support 664 of a child that have remained unpaid for at least thirty (30) days 665 after payment is due. Delinquency shall also include payments that are ordered by any court to be paid for maintenance of a 666 667 spouse in cases in which the department is collecting such support 668 in conjunction with child support. "Delinquency" shall be 669 synonymous with "overdue support."
- (f) "Department" means the Mississippi Department of
 Human Services.
- (g) "Employer" means a person who has control of the payment of income to an individual.
- 674 "Income" means any form of periodic payment to an (h) 675 individual, regardless of source, including, but not limited to: 676 wages, salary, commission, compensation as an independent contractor, workers' compensation, disability, annuity and 677 678 retirement benefits, and any other payments made by any person, 679 private entity, federal or state government or any unit of local 680 government, notwithstanding any other provisions of state or local 681 law which limit or exempt income or the amount or percentage of

682	income	that	can	be	withheld;	provided,	however,	that	income
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- 683 excludes:
- (i) Any amounts required by law to be withheld,
- other than creditor claims, including, but not limited to,
- 686 federal, state and local taxes, social security and other
- 687 retirement and disability contributions;
- 688 (ii) Any amounts exempted by federal law;
- 689 (iii) Public assistance payments; and
- 690 (iv) Unemployment insurance benefits except as
- 691 provided by law.
- (i) "Obligor" means the individual who owes a duty to
- 693 make payments under an order for support.
- (j) "Obligee" means:
- 695 (i) An individual to whom a duty of support is or
- 696 is alleged to be owed or in whose favor a support order has been
- 697 issued or a judgment determining parentage has been rendered;
- 698 (ii) A state or political subdivision to which the
- 699 rights under a duty of support or support order have been assigned
- 700 or which independent claims based on financial assistance provided
- 701 to an individual obligee; or
- 702 (iii) An individual seeking a judgment determining
- 703 parentage of the individual's child.
- 704 (k) "Payor" means any payor of income to an obligor.
- 705 (1) "Lump-sum payment" means any form of income paid to
- 706 an individual at other than regular intervals or a payment made

- 707 upon a particular occasion regardless of frequency that is
- 708 dependent upon meeting a condition precedent, including, but not
- 709 limited to, the performance of a contract, commission paid outside
- 710 of and in addition to a person's regular pay cycle, the
- 711 satisfaction of a job performance standard or quota, the receipt
- 712 of a seasonal or occasional bonus or incentive payment, the
- 713 liquidation of unused sick or vacation pay or leave, the
- 714 settlement of a claim, an amount paid as severance pay, or an
- 715 award for length of service. "Lump-sum payment" shall not include
- 716 liens under Section 71-3-129.
- 717 **SECTION 14.** Section 93-11-153, Mississippi Code of 1972, is
- 718 amended as follows:
- 719 93-11-153. As used in Sections 93-11-151 through 93-11-163,
- 720 the following words and terms shall have the meanings ascribed
- 721 herein:
- 722 (a) "Licensing entity" or "entity" means any entity
- 723 specified in Title 73, Professions and Vocations, of the
- 724 Mississippi Code, and includes the Mississippi Department of
- 725 Public Safety with respect to driver's licenses, the
- 726 Mississippi * * * Department of Revenue with respect to licenses
- 727 for the sale of alcoholic beverages and other licenses or
- 728 registration authorizing a person to engage in a business, the
- 729 Mississippi Department of Wildlife, Fisheries and Parks with
- 730 respect to hunting and fishing licenses, and any other state
- 731 agency that issues a license authorizing a person to engage in a

- 732 business, occupation or profession. For the purposes of this
- 733 article, the Supreme Court shall be considered to be the licensing
- 734 entity for attorneys.
- 735 (b) "License" means a license, certificate, permit,
- 736 credential, registration, or any other authorization issued by a
- 737 licensing entity that allows a person to engage in a business,
- 738 occupation or profession, to operate a motor vehicle, to sell
- 739 alcoholic beverages, or to hunt and fish.
- 740 (c) "Licensee" means any person holding a license
- 741 issued by a licensing entity.
- 742 (d) "Order for support" means any judgment or order
- 743 that provides for payments of a sum certain for the support of a
- 744 child, the mother of an unborn child, whether it is temporary or
- 745 final, and includes, but is not limited to, an order for
- 746 reimbursement for public assistance or an order for making
- 747 periodic payments on a support arrearage, or a sum certain due for
- 748 a support arrearage.
- 749 (e) "Out of compliance with an order for support" means
- 750 that the obligor is at least thirty (30) days in arrears or
- 751 delinquent in making payments in full for current support, or in
- 752 making periodic payments on a support arrearage.
- 753 (f) "Department" means the Mississippi Department of
- 754 Human Services.

755		(g)	"Divis	sion"	means	the	division	with	in the	depa	rtm	ent
756	that is	charged	with	the	state	admir	nistration	n of '	Title	IV-D	of	the
757	Social S	Security	Act.									

- ordered by any court to be paid by a noncustodial parent for the support of a child that have remained unpaid for at least thirty (30) days after payment is due. Delinquency shall also include payments of a sum certain ordered by any court to be paid for maintenance of a spouse that have remained unpaid for at least thirty (30) days.
- 765 **SECTION 15.** Section 43-19-31, Mississippi Code of 1972, is amended as follows:
- 767 43-19-31. The Department of Human Services is hereby
 768 authorized and empowered to establish a single and separate Child
 769 Support Unit for the following purposes:
 - (a) To develop and implement a nonsupport and paternity program and institute proceedings in the name of the Department of Human Services or in the name of the recipient in any court of competent jurisdiction in any county where the mother of the child resides or is found, in the county where the father resides or is found, or in the county where the child resides or is found;
- (b) To secure and collect support by any method
 authorized under state law and establish paternity for any
 pregnant woman, a child or children receiving aid from the
 department any form of public assistance, including, but not

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780 limited to, medical assistance, foster care, food stamps, TANF, or 781 any other program under the federal Social Security Act, from a 782 parent or any other person legally liable for such support who has 783 either failed or refused to provide support, deserted, neglected 784 or abandoned the child or children, including cooperating with 785 other states in establishing paternity, locating absent parents 786 and securing compliance with court orders for support of Temporary 787 Assistance for Needy Families (TANF) children; the department may 788 petition the court for the inclusion of health insurance as part 789 of any child support order on behalf of any child receiving aid 790 from the department unless good cause for noncooperation, as 791 defined by the Social Security Act or the Mississippi Department 792 of Human Services, is established. Unless notified to the 793 contrary, whenever a child or children for whom child support 794 services have been provided ceases to receive public assistance, 795 the department will continue to provide services and establish 796 paternity, secure and collect such support payments from a parent 797 or any other person legally liable for such support in accordance 798 with the standards prescribed pursuant to the federal Social 799 Security Act;

(c) To accept applications for child support enforcement services to establish paternity, secure and collect support from any proper party or person as defined by Title IV-D of the federal Social Security Act notwithstanding the fact that the child or children do not currently receive or have never

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806 authority to secure and collect support by any method authorized 807 under state law and establish paternity for any child or children 808 on behalf of a recipient of child support services, including 809 individuals who do not currently receive or have never received 810 public assistance from a parent or any other person legally liable 811 for such support who has either failed or refused to provide 812 support, deserted, neglected or abandoned the child or children, 813 including cooperating with other states in establishing paternity, 814 locating absent parents and securing compliance with court orders 815 for support; the department may petition the court for the 816 inclusion of health insurance as part of any child support order 817 on behalf of such recipients of child support services. proceeds of any collections resulting from such application shall 818 819 be distributed in accordance with the standards prescribed in the 820 federal Social Security Act;

received public assistance. The department shall have the

(d) The department shall seek to recover from the individual who owes a support obligation to any individual who is a recipient of Title IV-D services as set forth in paragraph (b) or (c) on whose behalf the department is providing services, upon judicial proceedings conducted thereon after advance notice to such obligor, reasonable attorney's fees and court costs, in excess of any administrative fees collected and in excess of amounts of current support owed by the obligor, which the department incurs in recovering and collecting the support

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830	obligation, such costs and fees as the department recovers to be
831	deposited in the Special Fund of the Mississippi Department of
832	Human Services which is hereby established for the pursuit and
833	collection of child support;

- (e) To initiate contempt of court proceedings or any other remedial proceedings necessary to enforce (i) any order or decree of court relating to child support, and (ii) any order or decree of court relating to the maintenance and/or alimony of a parent where support collection services on his or her child's behalf are being provided by the department;
- under state law any maintenance and/or alimony on behalf of a parent whose child or children's support is being collected by the department. The department shall collect only such maintenance and/or alimony as is ordered or decreed by the court, and only in the event that the minor child and parent to whom such maintenance and/or alimony has been ordered are living in the same household;
- assistance from a parent or any other person legally liable for the support of any child or children receiving aid from the department; said action for restitution shall arise from the payment of public assistance for the dependent child or children and shall be for the amount of the public assistance paid. Said action for restitution shall not arise against the parent or other person legally responsible who receives public assistance for the

855	benefit of any dependent child or children. When a court order of
856	support has been issued, the amount recoverable shall be limited
857	to the amount of the court order;

- 858 Setting off against a debtor's income tax refund or (h) 859 rebate any debt which is in the form of a liquidated sum due and 860 owing for the care, support or maintenance of a child;
- 861 To have full responsibility in the aforementioned (i) 862 cases for initiating actions under the Uniform Interstate Family 863 Support Act and for responding to the actions of other jurisdictions under said law when Mississippi is the responding 864 865 state; however, this shall not impair private litigants' rights to 866 proceed under any applicable interstate enforcement mechanisms;
- 867 To enter into contracts for the purpose of 868 performing any test which the department may, from time to time, 869 require;
- 870 To maintain a Central Receipting and Disbursement 871 Unit to which all payments required by withholding orders and 872 orders for support in all actions to which the Department of Human 873 Services is a party shall be forwarded, and from which child 874 support payments ordered by the court in actions to which the 875 Department of Human Services is a party shall be disbursed to the 876 custodial parent or other such party as may be designated by the 877 court order. The Central Receipting and Disbursement Unit shall 878 be operated by the Department of Human Services or any financial institution having operations and qualified to do business in 879

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	880	Mississippi,	whose deposi	its are :	insured by	the Fede	ral Deposit
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- 881 Insurance Corporation. The department shall conduct cost-benefit
- 882 analyses to determine and utilize the more cost efficient manner
- 883 of operating the unit;
- (1) To maintain a Mississippi Department of Human
- 885 Services Case Registry containing records with respect to:
- 886 (i) Each case in which services are being provided
- 887 by the department under this section;
- 888 (ii) Each support order established or modified in
- 889 Mississippi on or after October 1, 1998; and
- 890 (iii) The Administrative Office of Courts, as
- 891 established by Section 9-21-1, Mississippi Code of 1972, in
- 892 consultation with the Mississippi Department of Human Services,
- 893 shall devise, promulgate and require the use of a Uniform Child
- 894 Support Order Tracking System.
- 1. Information collected from case filing
- 896 forms shall be furnished to the Mississippi Department of Human
- 897 Services, Division of Child Support Enforcement, in order that
- 898 compliance with court-ordered obligations of support may be
- 899 tracked with specificity throughout the duration of said
- 900 obligations and any subsequent proceedings.
- 901 2. Such tracking system shall include: a.
- 902 the names, residential and mailing addresses, telephone numbers,
- 903 Social Security numbers, driver's license numbers and dates of
- 904 birth of each child and parent named in or subject to the court

905	order; b. the court cause number of the action; c. name, address
906	and telephone number of employer; d. any restraining or protective
907	order indicating domestic violence; and e. any other information
908	which may be used for the purpose of identifying any person named
909	in or subject to the order or for the purposes of establishing,
910	enforcing or modifying a child support order;

- (m) To take administrative actions relating to genetic testing, determine paternity, establish child support orders, modification of child support orders, income withholding, liens and subpoenas without the necessity of obtaining an order from any judicial or other administrative tribunal with respect to cases initiated or enforced by the department pursuant to Title IV-D of the Social Security Act;
- (n) To have the authority to use high-volume automated administrative enforcement in interstate cases to the same extent as used for intrastate cases, in response to a request made by another state to enforce support orders;
- 922 (o) To provide any child support enforcement or other 923 service as may be required by the United States of America, 924 Department of Health and Human Services, Family Support 925 Administration, Office of Child Support Enforcement or their 926 successor pursuant to federal law or regulation; and
- 927 (p) To collaborate with the Office of the State
 928 Treasurer in order to identify persons presumed to have unclaimed

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929 property and intercept eligible unclaimed property to satisfy,

930 fully or partially, the person's child support arrearage.

SECTION 16. Section 43-19-33, Mississippi Code of 1972, is

932 amended as follows:

43-19-33. (1) In lieu of legal proceedings instituted to obtain support for a dependent child from the responsible parent, a written stipulated agreement to support * * * the child and/or the pregnant mother of an unborn child by periodic payments executed by the responsible parent when acknowledged before a clerk of the court having jurisdiction over such matters or a notary public and filed with and approved by the judge of the court having jurisdiction over such matters shall have the same force and effect, retroactively and prospectively, in accordance with the terms of said agreement as an order of support entered by the court, and shall be enforceable and subject to modification in the same manner as is provided by law for orders of the court in such cases.

(2) In lieu of legal proceedings instituted to establish paternity, a written admission of paternity containing a stipulated agreement of support executed by the putative father of the dependent child, when accompanied by a written declaration in support of establishing paternity provided under penalty of perjury to the best of her knowledge, information and belief by the mother of the dependent child, when acknowledged by the putative father before a clerk of the court having jurisdiction

over such matters or a notary public and filed with and approved
by the judge of the court having jurisdiction over such matters,
shall have the same force and effect, retroactively and
prospectively, in accordance with the terms of said agreement, as
an order of filiation and support entered by the court, and shall
be enforceable and subject to modification in the same manner as
is provided by law for orders of the court in such cases.

At any time after filing with the court having continuing jurisdiction of such matters of an acknowledgment of paternity in which a provision of support has not been entered, upon notice the defendant shall be required to appear in court at any time and place named therein, to show cause, if any he can, why the court should not enter an order for the support of the child by periodic payments. The order may include provisions for reimbursement for medical expenses incident to the pregnancy and the birth of the child, accrued maintenance and reasonable expenses of the action under this subsection on the acknowledgment of paternity previously filed with said court. Notice by the department to the defendant shall be given by certified mail, restricted delivery, return receipt requested at his last known mailing address and without the requirement of a summons being issued, and shall be deemed complete as of the date of delivery as evidenced by the return receipt. The required notice may also be delivered by personal service in accordance with Rule 4 of the Mississippi Rules of Civil Procedure insofar as service of an

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administrative order or notice is concerned. Provided, that in the case of a child who, upon reaching the age of twenty-one (21) years, is mentally or physically incapable of self-support, the putative father shall not be relieved of the duty of support unless said child is a long-term patient in a facility owned or operated by the State of Mississippi. The prior judgment as to paternity shall be res judicata as to that issue and shall not be reconsidered by the court.

- (4) Such agreements of support, acknowledgments, declarations and affirmations of paternity and support shall be binding on the person executing the same whether he be an adult or a minor and may include provisions for the reimbursement of medical expenses incident to the pregnancy and birth of the child, accrued maintenance and reasonable expenses of any action previously filed before the court.
- order for support, a written stipulated agreement for the provision of periodic payments towards an arrearage executed by the defendant when acknowledged before a clerk of the court having jurisdiction over such matters or a notary public and filed with and approved by the judge of the court having jurisdiction over such matters and effect, retroactively and prospectively, in accordance with the terms of said agreement as a judgment for overdue support entered by the court, and shall

1003 be enforceable and subject to modification in the same manner as 1004 is provided by law for orders of the court in such cases.

1005 (6) All agreements entered into under the provisions as set
1006 forth hereinabove shall be filed by the clerk of the court having
1007 jurisdiction over such matters in the county in which they are
1008 entered and filing fees shall be taxed to the responsible parent.

1009 **SECTION 17.** Section 43-19-35, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 1010 amended as follows:

43-19-35. (1) By currently or previously accepting public assistance or making application for child support services for and on behalf of a child or children or as a result of being pregnant with an unborn child, the recipient shall be deemed to have made an assignment to the State Department of Human Services of any and all rights and interests in any cause of action, past, present or future, that said recipient or the children may have against any parent failing to provide for the support and maintenance of said minor child or children; said department shall be subrogated to any and all rights, title and interest the recipient or the children may have against any and all property belonging to the absent or nonsupporting parent in the enforcement of any claim for child or spousal support, whether liquidated through court order or not. The recipient of Title IV-D services shall also be deemed, without the necessity of signing any document, to have appointed the State Department of Human Services to act in his or her, as well as the children's, name, place, and

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1028 stead to perform the specific act of instituting suit to establish 1029 paternity or secure support, collecting any and all amounts due and owing for child or spousal support or any other service as 1030 required or permitted under Title IV-D of the federal Social 1031 1032 Security Act, and endorsing any and all drafts, checks, money 1033 orders or other negotiable instruments representing child or spousal support payments which are received on behalf of the 1034 1035 recipient or the children, and retaining any portion thereof 1036 permitted under federal and state statutes as reimbursement for 1037 public assistance monies previously paid to the recipient or 1038 children.

- 1039 Court orders of support for any child * * *, children or 1040 mother of an unborn child receiving services through Title IV-D of the federal Social Security Act shall be amended, by operation of 1041 1042 law, and without the necessity of a motion by the Child Support 1043 Unit and a hearing thereon to provide that the payment of support 1044 shall be directed by the absent parent to the Mississippi Department of Human Services Central Receipting and Disbursement 1045 1046 Unit as provided in Section 43-19-37 and not to the recipient. 1047 The absent parent shall be notified of such amendment prior to it 1048 taking effect.
- 1049 (3) Any attorney authorized by the state to initiate any 1050 action pursuant to Title IV-D of the federal Social Security Act, 1051 including, but not limited to, any action initiated pursuant to 1052 Sections 43-19-31 et seq. and 93-25-1 et seq. shall be deemed to

1053	represent the interest of the State Department of Human Services
1054	exclusively; no attorney-client relationship shall exist between
1055	said attorney and any recipient of services pursuant to Title IV-D
1056	of the federal Social Security Act for and on behalf of a child or
1057	children, regardless of the name in which the legal proceedings
1058	are initiated. Said attorney representing the state in a Title
1059	IV-D case is only authorized to appear and prosecute and/or defend
1060	issues of support and cannot in a Title IV-D case address or
1061	provide representation to the Title IV-D recipient on any other
1062	ancillary issues raised or presented in that action.

- (4) Said assignment to the State Department of Human

 1064 Services shall be free of any legal or equitable defense to the

 1065 payment of child support that may accrue to any person legally

 1066 liable for the support of any child or children receiving aid from

 1067 the State Department of Human Services, as a result of the conduct

 1068 of the person who is accepting public assistance for and on behalf

 1069 of said child or children.
- 1070 **SECTION 18.** Section 43-19-101, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 1071 amended as follows:
- 1072 43-19-101. (1) The following child-support award guidelines
 1073 shall be a rebuttable presumption in all judicial or
 1074 administrative proceedings regarding the awarding or modifying of
 1075 child-support awards in this state:
- 1076 Number Of Children Percentage Of Adjusted Gross Income
 1077 Due Support That Should Be Awarded For Support

1078	1	14%
1079	2	20%
1080	3	22%
1081	4	24%
1082	5 or more	26%

- (2) The guidelines provided for in subsection (1) of this section apply unless the judicial or administrative body awarding or modifying the child-support award makes a written finding or specific finding on the record that the application of the guidelines would be unjust or inappropriate in a particular case as determined under the criteria specified in Section 43-19-103.
- 1089 (3) The amount of "adjusted gross income" as that term is
 1090 used in subsection (1) of this section shall be calculated as
 1091 follows:
- 1092 Determine gross income from all potential sources 1093 that may reasonably be expected to be available to the absent 1094 parent including, but not limited to, the following: wages and salary income; income from self-employment; income from 1095 1096 commissions; income from investments, including dividends, interest income and income on any trust account or property; 1097 1098 absent parent's portion of any joint income of both parents; 1099 workers' compensation, disability, unemployment, annuity and retirement benefits, including an Individual Retirement Account 1100 (IRA); any other payments made by any person, private entity, 1101 1102 federal or state government or any unit of local government;

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1103	alimony; any income earned from an interest in or from inherited
1104	property; any other form of earned income; and gross income shall
1105	exclude any monetary benefits derived from a second household,
1106	such as income of the absent parent's current spouse;
1107	(b) Subtract the following legally mandated deductions:
1108	(i) Federal, state and local taxes. Contributions
1109	to the payment of taxes over and beyond the actual liability for
1110	the taxable year shall not be considered a mandatory deduction;
1111	(ii) Social security contributions;
1112	(iii) Retirement and disability contributions
1113	except any voluntary retirement and disability contributions;
1114	(c) If the obligated parent is subject to an existing
1115	court order for another child or children, subtract the amount of
1116	that court-ordered support;
1117	(d) If the absent parent is also the parent of another
1118	child or other children residing with him, then the court may
1119	subtract an amount that it deems appropriate to account for the
1120	needs of said child or children;
1121	(e) Compute the total annual amount of adjusted gross
1122	income based on paragraphs (a) through (d) of this subsection,
1123	then divide this amount by twelve (12) to obtain the monthly
1124	amount of adjusted gross income.
1125	Upon conclusion of the calculation of paragraphs (a) through

(e) of this subsection, multiply the monthly amount of adjusted

gross income by the appropriate percentage designated in

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- subsection (1) of this section to arrive at the amount of the monthly child-support award.
- 1130 (4) In cases in which the adjusted gross income as defined
 1131 in this section is more than One Hundred Thousand Dollars
 1132 (\$100,000.00) or less than Ten Thousand Dollars (\$10,000.00), the
 1133 court shall make a written finding in the record as to whether or
 1134 not the application of the guidelines established in this section
 1135 is reasonable. The court shall take into account the basic
 1136 subsistence needs of the obligated parent who has a limited
- 1138 Imputation of income shall not be based upon a standard amount in lieu of fact-gathering. In the absence of specific 1139 1140 sufficient evidence of past earnings and employment history to use 1141 as the measure of an obligated parent's ability to pay, the 1142 recommended child-support obligation amount should be based on 1143 available information about the specific circumstances of the obligated parent. This can include, but is not limited to, such 1144 1145 factors as assets, residence, job skills, educational attainment, 1146 literacy, age, health, criminal record and other employment 1147 barriers, and record of seeking work, as well as the local job 1148 market, the availability of employers willing to hire the 1149 obligated parent, prevailing earnings level in the local 1150 community, and other relevant factors in the case.
- 1151 (6) Unless extended or waived, the Department of Human 1152 Services shall review the appropriateness of these guidelines

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ability to pay.

1153	beginning January 1, 1994, and every four (4) years thereafter and
1154	report its findings to the Legislature no later than the first day
1155	of the regular legislative session of that year. The Legislature
1156	shall thereafter amend these guidelines when it finds that
1157	amendment is necessary to ensure that equitable support is being
1158	awarded in all cases involving the support of minor children.

- 1159 (7) All orders involving support of minor children, as a

 1160 matter of law, shall include reasonable medical support. Notice

 1161 to the obligated parent's employer that medical support has been

 1162 ordered shall be on a form as prescribed by the Department of

 1163 Human Services. In any case in which the support of any child is

 1164 involved, the court shall make the following findings either on

 1165 the record or in the judgment:
- 1166 (a) The availability to all parties of health insurance 1167 coverage for the child(ren);
- 1168 (b) The cost of health insurance coverage to all 1169 parties.

1170 The court shall then make appropriate provisions in the 1171 judgment for the provision of health insurance coverage for the 1172 child(ren) and/or the pregnant mother of the unborn child in the 1173 manner that is in the best interests of the child(ren) or unborn 1174 If the court requires the custodial parent to obtain the 1175 coverage then its cost shall be taken into account in establishing 1176 the child-support award. If the court determines that health 1177 insurance coverage is not available to any party or that it is not 1178 available to either party at a cost that is reasonable as compared 1179 to the income of the parties, then the court shall make specific 1180 findings as to such either on the record or in the judgment. In 1181 that event, the court shall make appropriate provisions in the 1182 judgment for the payment of medical expenses of the child(ren) in 1183 the absence of health insurance coverage. SECTION 19. Section 93-9-15, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 1184 1185 brought forward as follows: 1186 93-9-15. The county court, the circuit court, or the 1187 chancery court has jurisdiction of an action under Sections 93-9-1 1188 through 93-9-49, and all remedies for the enforcement of orders 1189 awarding custody or for expenses of pregnancy and confinement for 1190 a wife, or for education, necessary support and maintenance, or 1191 funeral expenses for legitimate children shall apply. defendant must defend the cause in whichever court the action is 1192 1193 commenced. The court has continuing jurisdiction to modify or 1194 revoke an order and to increase or decrease amounts fixed by order 1195 for future education and necessary support and maintenance. All 1196 remedies under the Uniform Interstate Family Support Act, and 1197 amendments thereto, are available for enforcement of duties of 1198 support and maintenance under Sections 93-9-1 through 93-9-49. 1199 Parties to an action to establish paternity shall not be entitled 1200 to a jury trial. The court may also order the father to reimburse 1201 Medicaid for expenses of the pregnancy and confinement of the

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mother.

1203 **SECTION 20.** Section 93-9-21, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 1204 brought forward as follows:

1205 93-9-21. (1) (a) In all cases brought pursuant to Title 1206 IV-D of the Social Security Act, upon written declarations of the 1207 mother, putative father, or the Department of Human Services made 1208 under penalty of perjury to the best of his or her knowledge, 1209 information and belief alleging paternity, the department may 1210 issue an administrative order for paternity testing which requires 1211 the mother, putative father and minor child to submit themselves 1212 for paternity testing. The department shall send the putative father a copy of the Administrative Order and a Notice for Genetic 1213 1214 Testing which shall include the date, time and place for 1215 collection of the putative father's genetic sample. department shall also send the putative father a Notice and 1216 1217 Complaint to Establish Paternity which shall specify the date and 1218 time certain of the court hearing by certified mail, restricted 1219 delivery, return receipt requested. Notice shall be deemed 1220 complete as of the date of delivery as evidenced by the return 1221 receipt. The required notice may also be delivered by personal 1222 service upon the putative father in accordance with Rule 4 of the 1223 Mississippi Rules of Civil Procedure insofar as service of an 1224 administrative order or notice is concerned.

1225 (b) If the putative father does not submit to genetic
1226 testing, the court shall, without further notice, on the date and
1227 time previously set through the notice for hearing, review the

L228	documentation of the refusal to submit to genetic testing and make
L229	a determination as to whether the complaint to establish paternity
L230	should be granted. The refusal to submit to such testing shall
L231	create a rebuttable presumption of an admission to paternity by
L232	the putative father.

- 1233 (c) In any case in which the Department of Human

 1234 Services orders genetic testing, the department is required to

 1235 advance costs of such tests subject to recoupment from the alleged

 1236 father if paternity is established. If either party challenges

 1237 the original test results, the department shall order additional

 1238 testing at the expense of the challenging party.
- 1239 (2) In any case in which paternity has not been established,
 1240 the court, on its own motion or on motion of the plaintiff or the
 1241 defendant, shall order the mother, the alleged father and the
 1242 child or children to submit to genetic tests and any other tests
 1243 which reasonably prove or disprove the probability of paternity.
 1244 If paternity has been previously established, the court shall only
 1245 order genetic testing pursuant to Section 93-9-10.
- 1246 If any party refuses to submit to such tests, the court may
 1247 resolve the question of paternity against such party or enforce
 1248 its order for genetic testing as the rights of others and the
 1249 interest of justice require.
- 1250 (3) Any party calling a witness or witnesses for the purpose 1251 of testifying that they had sexual intercourse with the mother at 1252 any possible time of conception of the child whose paternity is in

L253	question shall provide all other parties with the name and address
L254	of the witness at least twenty (20) days before the trial. If a
L255	witness is produced at the hearing for the purpose provided in
L256	this subsection but the party calling the witness failed to
L257	provide the twenty-day notice, the court may adjourn the
L258	proceeding for the purpose of taking a genetic test of the witness
L259	before hearing the testimony of the witness if the court finds
L260	that the party calling the witness acted in good faith.

- 1261 (4) The court shall ensure that all parties are aware of 1262 their right to request genetic tests under this section.
- 1263 (5) (a) Genetic tests shall be performed by a laboratory
 1264 selected from the approved list as prepared and maintained by the
 1265 Department of Human Services.
- 1266 The Department of Human Services shall publicly 1267 issue a request for proposals, and such requests for proposals 1268 when issued shall contain terms and conditions relating to price, 1269 technology and such other matters as are determined by the 1270 department to be appropriate for inclusion or required by law. 1271 After responses to the request for proposals have been duly 1272 received, the department shall select the lowest and best bid(s) 1273 on the basis of price, technology and other relevant factors and 1274 from such proposals, but not limited to the terms thereof, 1275 negotiate and enter into contract(s) with one or more of the 1276 laboratories submitting proposals. The department shall prepare a 1277 list of all laboratories with which it has contracted on these

1278	terms. The list and any updates thereto shall be distributed to
1279	all chancery clerks. To be eligible to appear on the list, a
1280	laboratory must meet the following requirements:
1281	(i) The laboratory is qualified to do business
1282	within the State of Mississippi;
1283	(ii) The laboratory can provide test results in
1284	less than fourteen (14) days; and
1285	(iii) The laboratory must have participated in the
1286	competitive procurement process.
1287	SECTION 21. This act shall take effect and be in force from

1288 and after July 1, 2024.