Adopted COMMITTEE AMENDMENT NO 1 PROPOSED TO

House Bill No. 1115

BY: Committee

Amend by striking all after the enacting clause and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

- 7 **SECTION 1.** Section 43-21-609, Mississippi Code of 1972, is
- 8 amended as follows:
- 9 43-21-609. In neglect and abuse cases, the disposition order
- 10 may include any of the following alternatives, giving precedence
- 11 in the following sequence:
- 12 (a) Release the child without further action;
- 13 (b) Place the child in the custody of his parents, a
- 14 relative or other person subject to any conditions and limitations
- 15 as the court may prescribe. If the court finds that temporary
- 16 relative placement, adoption or foster care placement is



17 inappropriate, unavailable or otherwise not in the best interest 18 of the child, durable legal custody may be granted by the court to any person subject to any limitations and conditions the court may 19 prescribe; such durable legal custody will not take effect unless 20 21 the child or children have been in the physical custody of the 22 proposed durable custodians for at least six (6) months under the 23 supervision of the Department of Human Services. After granting 24 durable legal custody of a minor child, the youth court shall 25 retain original and exclusive jurisdiction of all matters related 26 to durable legal custody, including, but not limited to, petitions 27 to modify the durable legal custody. The requirements of Section 28 43-21-613 as to disposition review hearings do not apply to those 29 matters in which the court has granted durable legal custody. 30 such cases, the Department of Human Services shall be released 31 from any oversight or monitoring responsibilities; 32 (i) Grant durable legal relative guardianship to a 33 relative or fictive kin licensed as a foster parent if the licensed relative foster parent or licensed fictive kin foster 34 35 parent exercised physical custody of the child for at least six 36 (6) months before the grant of durable legal relative guardianship 37 and the Department of Child Protection Services had legal custody 38 or exercised supervision of the child for at least six (6) months. In order to establish durable legal relative quardianship, the 39 40 youth court must find the following:

- 1. That reunification has been determined to
- 42 be inappropriate;
- 2. That the relative guardian or fictive kin
- 44 guardian shows full commitment to the care, shelter, education,
- 45 nurture, and reasonable medical care of the child; and
- 3. That the youth court consulted with any
- 47 child twelve (12) years of age or older before granting durable
- 48 legal relative guardianship.
- 49 (ii) The requirements of Section 43-21-613 as to
- 50 disposition review hearings do not apply to a hearing concerning
- 51 durable legal relative quardianship. However, the Department of
- 52 Child Protection Services must conduct an annual review and
- 53 recertification of the durable legal relative quardianship to
- 54 determine whether it remains in the best interest of the child.
- 55 If a material change in circumstances occurs adverse to the best
- 56 interest of the child, the parent, relative guardian, fictive kin
- 57 quardian, or Department of Child Protection Services may petition
- 58 the court to review the durable legal relative guardianship;
- 59 (d) Order terms of treatment calculated to assist the
- 60 child and the child's parent, guardian or custodian which are
- 61 within the ability of the parent, guardian or custodian to
- 62 perform;
- (e) Order youth court personnel, the Department of
- 64 Child Protection Services or child care agencies to assist the
- 65 child and the child's parent, guardian or custodian to secure

- 66 social or medical services to provide proper supervision and care
- 67 of the child;
- 68 Give legal custody of the child to any of the
- 69 following but in no event to any state training school:
- 70 (i) The Department of Child Protection Services
- 71 for appropriate placement; or
- 72 (ii) Any private or public organization,
- 73 preferably community-based, able to assume the education, care and
- 74 maintenance of the child, which has been found suitable by the
- 75 court. Prior to assigning the custody of any child to any private
- 76 institution or agency, the youth court through its designee shall
- 77 first inspect the physical facilities to determine that they
- 78 provide a reasonable standard of health and safety for the child;
- 79 If the court makes a finding that custody is
- necessary as defined in Section 43-21-301(3) (b), and that the 80
- 81 child, in the action pending before the youth court had not
- 82 previously been taken into custody, the disposition order shall
- 83 recite that the effect of the continuation of the child's residing
- 84 within his or her own home would be contrary to the welfare of the
- 85 child, that the placement of the child in foster care is in the
- 86 best interests of the child, and unless the reasonable efforts
- 87 requirement is bypassed under Section 43-21-603(7)(c), the order
- 88 also must state:
- 89 That reasonable efforts have been made to
- maintain the child within his or her own home, but that the 90

- 91 circumstances warrant his or her removal, and there is no
- 92 reasonable alternative to custody; or
- 93 (ii) The circumstances are of such an emergency
- 94 nature that no reasonable efforts have been made to maintain the
- 95 child within his or her own home, and there is no reasonable
- 96 alternative to custody; or
- 97 (iii) If the court makes a finding in accordance
- 98 with subparagraph (ii) of this paragraph, the court shall order
- 99 that reasonable efforts be made towards the reunification of the
- 100 child with his or her family; or
- 101 (h) If the court had, before the disposition hearing in
- 102 the action pending before the court, taken the child into custody,
- 103 the judge or referee shall determine, and the youth court order
- 104 shall recite that reasonable efforts were made by the Department
- 105 of Child Protection Services to finalize the child's permanency
- 106 plan that was in effect on the date of the disposition hearing.
- 107 **SECTION 2.** Section 43-21-613, Mississippi Code of 1972, is
- 108 amended as follows:
- 109 43-21-613. (1) If the youth court finds, after a hearing
- 110 which complies with the sections governing adjudicatory hearings,
- 111 that the terms of a delinquency or child in need of supervision
- 112 disposition order, probation or parole have been violated, the
- 113 youth court may, in its discretion, revoke the original
- 114 disposition and make any disposition which it could have
- 115 originally ordered. The hearing shall be initiated by the filing

- 116 of a petition that complies with the sections governing petitions
- 117 in this chapter and that includes a statement of the youth court's
- original disposition order, probation or parole, the alleged 118
- violation of that order, probation or parole, and the facts which 119
- 120 show the violation of that order, probation or parole. Summons
- 121 shall be served in the same manner as summons for an adjudicatory
- 122 hearing.
- On motion of a child or a child's parent, guardian or 123 (2)
- 124 custodian, the youth court may, in its discretion, conduct an
- 125 informal hearing to review the disposition order. If the youth
- 126 court finds a material change of circumstances relating to the
- 127 disposition of the child, the youth court may modify the
- 128 disposition order to any appropriate disposition of equal or
- 129 greater precedence which the youth court could have originally
- 130 ordered.
- 131 (a) * * * All disposition orders for supervision,
- 132 probation or placement of a child with an individual or an agency
- shall be reviewed by the youth court judge or referee at least 133
- 134 annually to determine if continued placement, probation or
- 135 supervision is in the best interest of the child or the public.
- 136 For children who have been adjudicated abused or neglected, the
- 137 youth court shall conduct a permanency hearing within twelve (12)
- 138 months after the earlier of:
- 139 An adjudication that the child has been abused
- 140 or neglected; or

141	(ii) The date of the child's removal from the
142	allegedly abusive or neglectful custodian/parent. Notice of such
143	hearing shall be given in accordance with the provisions of
144	Section 43-21-505(5). In conducting the hearing, the judge or
145	referee shall require a written report and may require information
146	or statements from the child's youth court counselor, parent,
147	guardian or custodian, which includes, but is not limited to, an
148	evaluation of the child's progress and recommendations for further
149	supervision or treatment. The judge or referee shall, at the
150	permanency hearing determine the future status of the child,
151	including, but not limited to, whether the child should be
152	returned to the parent(s) or placed with suitable relatives,
153	placed for adoption, placed for the purpose of establishing
154	durable legal custody or should, because of the child's special
155	needs or circumstances, be continued in foster care on a permanent
156	or long-term basis. If the child is in an out-of-state placement,
157	the hearing shall determine whether the out-of-state placement
158	continues to be appropriate and in the best interest of the child.
159	At the permanency hearing the judge or referee shall determine,
160	and the youth court order shall recite that reasonable efforts
161	were made by the Department of Child Protection Services to
162	finalize the child's permanency plan that was in effect on the
163	date of the permanency hearing. The judge or referee may find
164	that reasonable efforts to maintain the child within his home
165	shall not be required in accordance with Section 43-21-603(7)(c),

- 166 and that the youth court shall continue to conduct permanency
- 167 hearings for a child who has been adjudicated abused or neglected,
- 168 at least annually thereafter, for as long as the child remains in
- 169 the custody of the Mississippi Department of Child Protection
- 170 Services.
- 171 (b) The court may find that the filing of a termination
- of parental rights petition is not in the child's best interest 172
- 173 if:
- 174 The child is being cared for by a relative; (i)
- and/or 175
- 176 (ii) The Department of Child Protection Services
- has documented compelling and extraordinary reasons why 177
- 178 termination of parental rights would not be in the best interests
- 179 of the child.
- 180 The provisions of this subsection shall also apply
- 181 to review of cases involving a dependent child; however, such
- 182 reviews shall take place not less frequently than once each one
- 183 hundred eighty (180) days, or upon the request of the child's
- 184 attorney, a parent's attorney, or a parent as deemed appropriate
- 185 by the youth court in protecting the best interests of the child.
- 186 A dependent child shall be ordered by the youth court judge or
- 187 referee to be returned to the custody and home of the child's
- parent, quardian or custodian unless the judge or referee, upon 188
- 189 such review, makes a written finding that the return of the child
- to the home would be contrary to the child's best interests. 190



191	(d) Reviews are not to be conducted unless explicitly
192	ordered by the youth court concerning those cases in which the
193	court has granted durable legal custody. In such cases, the
194	Department of Child Protection Services shall be released from any
195	oversight or monitoring responsibilities, and relieved of physical
196	and legal custody and supervision of the child.

- 197 (4) The provisions of this section do not apply to
 198 proceedings concerning durable legal relative guardianship.
- 199 **SECTION 3.** This act shall take effect and be in force from 200 and after July 1, 2023.

Further, amend by striking the title in its entirety and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

AN ACT TO AMEND SECTION 43-21-609, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, TO CLARIFY THE AUTHORITY OF YOUTH COURT REGARDING DURABLE LEGAL CUSTODY; TO AMEND SECTION 43-21-613, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, TO REQUIRE ALL DISPOSITIONS AND MODIFICATIONS OF DURABLE LEGAL CUSTODY TO BE REVIEWED BY YOUTH COURT; AND FOR RELATED PURPOSES.



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