Adopted COMMITTEE AMENDMENT NO 1 PROPOSED TO

House Bill No. 968

BY: Committee

Amend by striking all after the enacting clause and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

- 8 **SECTION 1.** Section 27-67-5, Mississippi Code of 1972, is
- 9 amended as follows:
- 10 27-67-5. There is hereby levied, assessed and shall be
- 11 collected from every person a tax for the privilege of using,
- 12 storing or consuming, within this state, any tangible personal
- 13 property or specified digital product possession of which is
- 14 acquired in any manner.
- 15 (a) The use tax hereby imposed and levied shall be
- 16 collected at the same rates as imposed under Section 27-65-20, and
- 17 Sections 27-65-17, 27-65-18, 27-65-19, 27-65-24, 27-65-25 and



- 18 27-65-26 computed on the purchase or sales price, or value, as
- 19 defined in this article.
- 20 (b) It shall be the duty of the tax collectors of the
- 21 several counties, or the commissioner, as the case may be, to
- 22 collect, remit and account for the tax on the use of all vehicles
- 23 licensed or registered by the State of Mississippi for the first
- 24 time, except when the Mississippi use tax was collected by an
- 25 authorized out-of-state dealer at the time of purchase, or when
- 26 the use thereof was exempt by Section 27-67-7. The tax collector
- 27 or the commissioner shall give to the person registering the
- 28 vehicle a receipt in a form prescribed and furnished by the
- 29 Department of Revenue for the amount of tax collected.
- The tax collector or the commissioner is expressly prohibited
- 31 from issuing a license tag to any applicant without collecting the
- 32 tax levied by this article, unless positive proof is filed,
- 33 together with the application for the license tag, that the
- 34 Mississippi tax has been paid, or that the sale was exempt by
- 35 Section 27-67-7.
- Persons not engaging and continuing in business so as to be
- 37 registered for payment of sales and/or use tax may pay use tax due
- 38 on the first use of boats, airplanes, equipment or other tangible
- 39 personal property and specified digital products to county tax
- 40 collectors who are hereby authorized to accept such payments on
- 41 behalf of the commissioner. Receipts for all such payments shall



42 be given to taxpayers in a form prescribed and furnished by the

- 43 Department of Revenue.
- 44 County tax collectors and the commissioner shall be liable
- 45 for the tax they are required hereby to collect, and taxes which
- 46 are in fact collected under authority of this section; and failure
- 47 to properly collect or maintain proper records shall not relieve
- 48 them of liability for payment to the commissioner. Deficiencies
- 49 in collection or payment shall be assessed against the tax
- 50 collector or the commissioner in the same manner and subject to
- 51 the same penalties and provisions for appeal as are deficiencies
- 52 assessed against taxpayers.
- 53 A dealer authorized to collect and remit the tax to the
- 54 Department of Revenue shall give to the purchaser a receipt for
- 55 the payment of the tax, in a form prescribed and furnished by the
- 56 commissioner, which shall serve as proof of payment to the tax
- 57 collector of the county in which the license is to be issued.
- 58 Each tax collector of the several counties shall, on or
- 59 before the twentieth day of each month, file a report with and pay
- 60 to the commissioner all funds collected under the provisions of
- 61 this article, less a commission of five percent (5%) which shall
- 62 be retained by the tax collector as a commission for collecting
- 63 such tax and be deposited in the county general fund. The report
- 64 required to be filed shall cover all collections made during the
- 65 calendar month next preceding the date on which the report is due
- 66 and filed.

- 67 Any error in the report and remittance to the commissioner
- 68 may be adjusted on a subsequent report. If the error was in the
- collection by the tax collector, it shall be adjusted through the 69
- 70 tax collector with the taxpayer before credit is allowed by the
- 71 commissioner.
- 72 All information relating to the collection of use tax by tax
- 73 collectors and such records as the commissioner may require shall
- 74 be preserved in the tax collector's office for a period of three
- 75 (3) years for audit by the commissioner.
- 76 Section 27-67-7, Mississippi Code of 1972, is SECTION 2.
- 77 amended as follows:
- 78 The tax levied by this article shall not be
- 79 collected in the following instances:
- 80 On the use, storage or consumption of any tangible
- personal property or specified digital products if the sale 81
- 82 thereof has already been included in the measure of this tax or
- 83 the tax imposed by Section 27-65-20 or Section 27-65-17, 27-65-19,
- 27-65-25 or 27-65-26, or has already been included in the measure 84
- 85 of a sales tax imposed by another state in which the property or
- 86 products were sold or use tax imposed by some other state in which
- 87 the property was used. If the rate of sales or use tax paid
- 88 another state by the person using the property or products in
- 89 Mississippi is not equal to or greater than the rate imposed by
- 90 this article, then the user or purchaser shall apply the
- difference in these rates to the purchase price or value of the 91

92 property or products and pay to the commissioner the amount of tax 93 thus computed. Persons using business property or products in this state which has been used by them in other states shall be 94 95 entitled to a credit for sales and/or use tax paid to other states 96 equal to the aggregate of all such state rates multiplied by the 97 value of the property or products at the time of importation into this state. Persons using business property or products in this 98 99 state which were acquired from another person who used it in other 100 states shall be entitled to a credit equal to the applicable rate in the state of last prior use multiplied by the value of the 101 102 property or products at the time of importation into this state. 103 However, credit for use tax paid to another state shall not apply 104 on the purchase price of tangible personal property or specified 105 digital products that have been only stored or warehoused in the 106 other state and the first use of the property or products occurs 107 in Mississippi. Provided further, that credit for sales or use 108 tax paid to another state shall not apply on the purchase price or 109 value of automobiles, trucks, truck-tractors, semitrailers, 110 trailers, boats, travel trailers, motorcycles and all-terrain 111 cycles imported and first used in Mississippi. 112 Credit for sales or use tax paid to another state as provided 113 in this paragraph (a) shall be evidenced by an invoice clearly and

correctly showing the amount of the tax as a separate item, and no

credit shall be allowed otherwise.

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- 116 On the use, storage or consumption of tangible 117 personal property or specified digital products to the extent that sales of similar property or products in Mississippi are either 118 excluded or specifically exempt from sales tax or are taxed at the 119 120 wholesale rate.
- 121 This exemption shall be confined to the use of property or 122 products the sale of which is an itemized exemption in the 123 Mississippi Sales Tax Law, or to use by persons who are listed in 124 the Mississippi Sales Tax Law as being exempt from sales tax.
 - On the use, storage or consumption of tangible personal property or specified digital products brought into this state by a nonresident for his or her use or enjoyment while temporarily within the state, but not including tangible personal property or specified digital products brought in for use in connection with a business activity. This exemption shall not apply to property or products which remain situated in this state for the repeated use, storage or consumption by out-of-state visitors, or which is acquired by visitors and first used in this state.
- (d) 135 On the use of a motor vehicle for which a 136 registration is required by the motor vehicle law, when such motor 137 vehicle was purchased by a natural person for his personal or family use while such person was a bona fide resident of another 138 139 state and who thereafter became a resident of this state, but not

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- to include a motor vehicle which is transferred by the owner for commercial use or for use by another person within this state.
- 142 (e) On the use of personal and household effects by a
 143 natural person acquired while the person was a bona fide resident
 144 of another state, and who thereafter became a resident of this
 145 state.
- (f) On the use or rental of motion picture film,
 video-audio tapes, phonograph records or specified digital
 products for exhibition either by a person paying Mississippi
 sales tax on gross income from admissions for the exhibitions or
 by a person operating a television or radio broadcasting station.
- 151 (g) On any vehicle purchased in another state for use
 152 outside of this state by a Mississippi citizen serving in the
 153 Armed Forces and stationed in another state who elects to license
 154 the vehicle in Mississippi.
 - (h) On the cost or value and on the use, storage and consumption of rail rolling stock and component parts thereof.
 - (i) On the use, storage or consumption of literature, video tapes, photographic slides or specified digital products used by religious institutions for the propagation of their creeds or for carrying on their customary nonprofit religious activities, and on the use of any tangible personal property or specified digital products purchased and first used in another state by religious institutions for the propagation of their creeds or for carrying on their customary nonprofit religious activities.

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- 165 "Religious institution," for the purpose of this exemption, means
- 166 any religious institution granted an exemption under 26 USCS
- 167 Section 501(c)(3). Any exemption under this paragraph obtained by
- 168 fraud, misstatement or misrepresentation shall be cancelled by
- 169 the * * * department, and the person committing the fraud,
- 170 misstatement or misrepresentation shall be liable for prosecution
- 171 for fraud on the assessment, and, on conviction, shall be fined
- 172 not less than One Thousand Dollars (\$1,000.00), or punished by
- 173 imprisonment in the State Penitentiary for a term not to exceed
- 174 five (5) years, or both, within the discretion of the court.
- 175 (j) The tax on the cost or value of farm machinery used
- in the harvesting of agricultural products shall be limited to the
- 177 ratio of use within this state to the life of the property.
- (k) [Repealed]
- 179 (1) On the use of machinery and equipment; special
- 180 tooling such as dies, molds, jigs and similar items treated as
- 181 special tooling for federal income tax purposes; or repair parts
- 182 therefor or replacements thereof; or repair services thereon; by a
- 183 taxpayer other than the manufacturer when the manufacturer still
- 184 holds title to the items and the items are purchased by the
- 185 manufacturer as a part of a project as defined in Section
- 186 57-75-5(f)(iv)1, Section 57-75-5(f)(xxi) or Section
- 187 57-75-5(f)(xxii).
- 188 (m) On the use, storage or consumption of utilities
- 189 purchased by a manufacturer described in Section 27-65-101(x).



- 190 (n) On the use, storage or consumption of utilities
- 191 purchased by an enterprise described in Section 27-65-101(cc).
- 192 (o) On the use, storage or consumption of jet aircraft
- 193 engines that are temporarily located within the State of
- 194 Mississippi and are brought into the state for research and/or
- 195 testing purposes at a jet aircraft engine research and testing
- 196 facility.
- 197 **SECTION 3.** Section 27-67-11, Mississippi Code of 1972, is
- 198 amended as follows:
- 199 27-67-11. (1) Every person maintaining a place of business,
- 200 or doing business, in this state, shall collect the tax imposed by
- 201 this article from the purchaser and remit the tax to the
- 202 commissioner as hereinafter provided. Failure to collect the tax
- 203 from the purchaser shall not relieve the seller of liability for
- 204 payment of the tax.
- 205 (2) This section does not affect or impair the:
- 206 (a) Obligation of a purchaser in this state to remit
- 207 use tax on any applicable transaction in which the seller does not
- 208 collect and remit sales or use tax;
- 209 (b) Obligation of a seller, when the seller is
- 210 transacting business in the state and tax is collected on the
- 211 transaction, to remit all state and local taxes on any applicable
- 212 transaction in which the seller provides goods or furnishes
- 213 services within the state * * *;



- 214 (c) Ability of a state entity to immediately collect 215 the taxes described in this section.
- 216 (3) The department shall audit a marketplace facilitator
 217 solely for sales made by marketplace sellers and facilitated by
 218 the marketplace facilitator. The department shall not audit
 219 marketplace sellers for sales facilitated by a marketplace
 220 facilitator except to the extent the marketplace facilitator seeks
 221 relief from liability under subsection (5) of this section.
 - (4) A marketplace facilitator that collects and remits the taxes imposed by this chapter shall collect taxes on sales through its marketplace based upon the address where the tangible personal property or specified digital products taxable under this chapter are shipped or delivered; provided, however, that taxes on services sold through its marketplace shall be collected as otherwise provided.
- 229 (5) A marketplace facilitator is relieved of liability under 230 this section for failure to collect and remit the correct amount 231 of tax under this section to the extent that the failure was due 232 to incorrect or insufficient information given to the marketplace 233 facilitator by the marketplace seller, provided that the 234 marketplace facilitator can demonstrate it made a reasonable 235 effort to obtain correct and sufficient information from the 236 marketplace seller. This subsection does not apply if the 237 marketplace facilitator and the marketplace seller are related.



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- 238 (6) Nothing herein shall prohibit the marketplace
- 239 facilitator and the marketplace seller from contractually agreeing
- 240 to have the marketplace seller collect and remit all applicable
- 241 taxes and fees where the marketplace seller:
- 242 (a) Has annual United States gross sales over One
- 243 Billion Dollars (\$1,000,000,000.00), including the gross sales of
- 244 any related entities, and in the case of franchised entities,
- 245 including the combined sales of all franchisees of a single
- 246 franchisor:
- 247 (b) Provides evidence to the marketplace facilitator
- 248 that it is registered under Section 27-65-27 or Section 27-67-9 in
- 249 this state; and
- 250 (c) Notifies the department in a manner prescribed by
- 251 the department that the marketplace seller will collect and remit
- 252 all applicable taxes on its sales through the marketplace and is
- 253 liable for failure to collect or remit applicable taxes on its
- 254 sales.
- 255 (7) Any person selling tangible personal property or
- 256 specified digital products that does not maintain a place of
- 257 business in this state may be authorized by the commissioner to
- 258 collect the tax from customers in Mississippi who are liable for
- 259 its payment, and such person shall remit the tax to the
- 260 commissioner in the same manner and subject to the same
- 261 requirements as a person maintaining a place of business or doing
- 262 business within this state. Such authority may be cancelled at



- 263 any time when, in the judgment of the commissioner, the tax can be 264 collected more effectively from the purchaser in this state. 265 the tax has been collected from the purchaser, the seller shall be 266 liable for payment of the tax to the commissioner.
- 267 Every person required or authorized to collect the tax 268 shall add to the sales price of tangible personal property, services or specified digital products the amount of the tax 269 270 imposed on purchaser for the use, storage, or consumption thereof, 271 and, when so added, the tax shall be a debt from the purchaser to 272 the seller until paid, and shall be collectible at law in the same 273 manner as other debts. It shall be unlawful for any person to 274 advertise, hold out, or state to the public or to any customer 275 that the tax herein imposed will be assumed or absorbed by the 276 seller or that any part thereof will be refunded. Said tax shall 277 be stated separately from the sales price on the sales invoice and 278 shown separately on the seller's records. The purchaser shall pay 279 the tax to the seller as trustee for and on account of the state.
- 280 SECTION 4. Section 27-65-3, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 281 brought forward as follows:
- 282 27-65-3. The words, terms and phrases, when used in this 283 chapter, shall have the meanings ascribed to them herein.
- 284 "Tax Commission" or "department" means the 285 Department of Revenue of the State of Mississippi.
- 286 "Commissioner" means the Commissioner of Revenue of 287 the Department of Revenue.

- 288 "Person" means and includes any individual, firm, 289 copartnership, joint venture, association, corporation, promoter 290 of a temporary event, estate, trust or other group or combination 291 acting as a unit, and includes the plural as well as the singular in number. "Person" shall include husband or wife, or both, where 292 293 joint benefits are derived from the operation of a business taxed 294 hereunder. "Person" shall also include any state, county, 295 municipal or other agency or association engaging in a business 296 taxable under this chapter.
- 297 (d) "Tax year" or "taxable year" means either the 298 calendar year or the taxpayer's fiscal year.
- 299 "Taxpayer" means any person liable for or having 300 paid any tax to the State of Mississippi under the provisions of 301 this chapter. A taxpayer is required to obtain a sales tax permit 302 under Section 27-65-27 before engaging in business in this state. 303 If a taxpayer fails to obtain a sales tax permit before engaging 304 in business in this state, the taxpayer shall pay the retail rate 305 on all purchases of tangible personal property and/or services in 306 this state, even if purchased for resale. Upon obtaining a sales 307 tax permit, a previously unregistered taxpayer shall file sales 308 tax returns for all tax periods during which he engaged in 309 business in this state without a sales tax permit, and report and 310 pay the sales tax accruing from his operation during this period 311 and any applicable penalties and interest. On such return, the 312 taxpayer may take a credit for any sales taxes paid during the

313 period he operated without a sales tax permit on a purchase that 314 would have constituted a wholesale sale if the taxpayer had a 315 sales tax permit at the time of the purchase and if proper 316 documentation exists to substantiate a wholesale sale. 317 credit may also be allowed in any audit of the taxpayer. 318 penalties and interest owed by the taxpayer on the return or in an 319 audit for a period during which he operated without a sales tax 320 permit may be determined based on the sales tax accruing from the 321 taxpayer's operation for that period after the taking of this 322 credit.

323 (f) "Sale" or "sales" includes the barter or exchange 324 of property as well as the sale thereof for money or other 325 consideration, and every closed transaction by which the title to 326 taxable property passes shall constitute a taxable event.

"Sale" shall also include the passing of title to property
for a consideration of coupons, trading stamps or by any other
means when redemption is subsequent to the original sale by which
the coupon, stamp or other obligation was created.

The situs of a sale for the purpose of distributing taxes to municipalities shall be the same as the location of the business from which the sale is made except that:

(i) Retail sales along a route from a vehicle or otherwise by a transient vendor shall take the situs of delivery to the customer.



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- (ii) The situs of wholesale sales of tangible
 personal property taxed at wholesale rates, the amount of which is
 allowed as a credit against the sales tax liability of the
 retailer, shall be the same as the location of the business of the
 retailer receiving the credit.
- (iii) The situs of wholesale sales of tangible
 personal property taxed at wholesale rates, the amount of which is
 not allowed as a credit against the sales tax liability of the
 retailer, shall have a rural situs.
- 346 (iv) Income received from the renting or leasing 347 of property used for transportation purposes between cities or 348 counties shall have a rural situs.
- (g) "Delivery charges" shall mean and include any
 expenses incurred by a seller in acquiring merchandise for sale in
 the regular course of business commonly known as "freight-in" or
 "transportation costs-in." "Delivery charges" also include any
 charges made by the seller for delivery of property sold to the
 purchaser.
- 355 (h) "Gross proceeds of sales" means the value
 356 proceeding or accruing from the full sale price of tangible
 357 personal property, including installation charges, without any
 358 deduction for delivery charges, cost of property sold, other
 359 expenses or losses, or taxes of any kind except those expressly
 360 exempt by this chapter.



361	"Gross proceeds of sales" includes consideration received by
362	the seller from third parties if:
363	(i) The seller actually received consideration
364	from a party other than the purchaser and the consideration is
365	directly related to a price reduction or discount on the sale;
366	(ii) The seller has an obligation to pass the
367	price reduction or discount through to the purchaser;
368	(iii) The amount of the consideration attributable
369	to the sale is fixed and determinable by the seller at the time of
370	the sale of the item to the purchaser; and
371	(iv) One (1) of the following criteria is met:
372	1. The purchaser presents a coupon,
373	certificate or other documentation to the seller to claim a price
374	reduction or discount where the coupon, certificate or
375	documentation is authorized, distributed or granted by a third
376	party with the understanding that the third party will reimburse
377	any seller to whom the coupon, certificate or documentation is
378	presented;
379	2. The purchaser identified himself or
380	herself to the seller as a member of a group or organization

383 membership in such a group); or
384 3. The price reduction or discount is

card that is available to any patron does not constitute

identified as a third-party price reduction or discount on the

entitled to a price reduction or discount (a "preferred customer"

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invoice received by the purchaser or on a coupon, certificate or other documentation presented by the purchaser.

Where a trade-in is taken as part payment on tangible
personal property sold, "gross proceeds of sales" shall include
only the difference received between the selling price of the
tangible personal property and the amount allowed for a trade-in
of property of the same kind. When the trade-in is subsequently
sold, the selling price thereof shall be included in "gross
proceeds of sales."

"Gross proceeds of sales" shall include the value of any goods, wares, merchandise or property purchased at wholesale or manufactured, and any mineral or natural resources produced, which are withdrawn or used from an established business or from the stock in trade for consumption or any other use in the business or by the owner. However, "gross proceeds of sales" does not include meals prepared by a restaurant and provided at no charge to employees of the restaurant or donated to a charitable organization that regularly provides food to the needy and the indigent and which has been granted exemption from the federal income tax as an organization described in Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986.

"Gross proceeds of sales" shall not include bad check or draft service charges as provided for in Section 97-19-57.



- "Gross proceeds of sales" does not include finance charges,
 carrying charges or any other addition to the selling price as a
 result of deferred payments by the purchaser.
- 412 "Gross income" means the total charges for service (i) 413 or the total receipts (actual or accrued) derived from trades, 414 business or commerce by reason of the investment of capital in the 415 business engaged in, including the sale or rental of tangible 416 personal property, compensation for labor and services performed, 417 and including the receipts from the sales of property retained as toll, without any deduction for rebates, cost of property sold, 418 cost of materials used, labor costs, interest paid, losses or any 419 420 expense whatever.
- "Gross income" shall also include the cost of property given as compensation when the property is consumed by a person performing a taxable service for the donor.
- However, "gross income" or "gross proceeds of sales" shall
 not be construed to include the value of goods returned by

 customers when the total sale price is refunded either in cash or
 by credit, or cash discounts allowed and taken on sales. Cash

 discounts shall not include the value of trading stamps given with
 a sale of property.
- (j) "Tangible personal property" means personal
 property perceptible to the human senses or by chemical analysis
 as opposed to real property or intangibles and shall include



- property sold on an installed basis which may become a part of real or personal property.
- 435 (k) "Installation charges" shall mean and include the
- 436 charge for the application of tangible personal property to real
- 437 or personal property without regard to whether or not it becomes a
- 438 part of the real property or retains its personal property
- 439 classification. It shall include, but not be limited to, sales in
- 440 place of roofing, tile, glass, carpets, drapes, fences, awnings,
- 441 window air-conditioning units, gasoline pumps, window guards,
- 442 floor coverings, carports, store fixtures, aluminum and plastic
- 443 siding, tombstones and similar personal property.
- (1) "Newspaper" means a periodical which:
- 445 (i) Is not published primarily for advertising
- 446 purposes and has not contained more than seventy-five percent
- 447 (75%) advertising in more than one-half (1/2) of its issues during
- 448 any consecutive twelve-month period excluding separate advertising
- 449 supplements inserted into but separately identifiable from any
- 450 regular issue or issues;
- 451 (ii) Has been established and published
- 452 continuously for at least twelve (12) months;
- 453 (iii) Is regularly issued at stated intervals no
- 454 less frequently than once a week, bears a date of issue, and is
- 455 numbered consecutively; provided, however, that publication on
- 456 legal holidays of this state or of the United States and on
- 457 Saturdays and Sundays shall not be required, and failure to



- 458 publish not more than two (2) regular issues in any calendar year
- 459 shall not exclude a periodical from this definition;
- 460 (iv) Is issued from a known office of publication,
- 461 which shall be the principal public business office of the
- 462 newspaper and need not be the place at which the periodical is
- 463 printed and a newspaper shall be deemed to be "published" at the
- 464 place where its known office of publication is located;
- 465 (v) Is formed of printed sheets; provided,
- 466 however, that a periodical that is reproduced by the stencil,
- 467 mimeograph or hectograph process shall not be considered to be a
- 468 "newspaper"; and
- 469 (vi) Is originated and published for the
- 470 dissemination of current news and intelligence of varied, broad
- 471 and general public interest, announcements and notices, opinions
- 472 as editorials on a regular or irregular basis, and advertising and
- 473 miscellaneous reading matter.
- The term "newspaper" shall include periodicals which are
- 475 designed primarily for free circulation or for circulation at
- 476 nominal rates as well as those which are designed for circulation
- 477 at more than a nominal rate.
- 478 The term "newspaper" shall not include a publication or
- 479 periodical which is published, sponsored by, is directly supported
- 480 financially by, or is published to further the interests of, or is
- 481 directed to, or has a circulation restricted, in whole or in part,



482 to any particular sect, denomination, labor or fraternal organization or other special group or class or citizens.

For purposes of this paragraph, a periodical designed primarily for free circulation or circulation at nominal rates shall not be considered to be a newspaper unless such periodical has made an application for such status to the department in the manner prescribed by the department and has provided to the department documentation satisfactory to the department showing that such periodical meets the requirements of the definition of the term "newspaper." However, if such periodical has been determined to be a newspaper under action taken by the department on or before April 11, 1996, such periodical shall be considered to be a newspaper without the necessity of applying for such status. A determination by the Department of Revenue that a publication is a newspaper shall be limited to the application of this chapter and shall not establish that the publication is a newspaper for any other purpose.

(m) "MPC" or "Material Purchase Certificate" means a certificate for which a person that is liable for the tax levy under Section 27-65-21 can apply and obtain from the commissioner, and when issued, entitles the holder to purchase materials and services that are to become a component part of a structure to be erected or repaired with no tax due. Any person taxable under Section 27-65-21 who obtains an MPC for a project and purchases materials and services in this state that are to become a

component part of a structure being erected or repaired in the project and at any time pays sales tax on these purchases may, after obtaining the MPC for the project, take a credit against his sales taxes for the sales tax paid on these purchases if proper documentation exists to substantiate the payment of the sales tax on the purchase of component materials and services. This credit may also be allowed in any audit of the taxpayer. Any penalties and interest owed by the taxpayer on the return or in the audit where this credit is taken may be determined based on the sales tax due after the taking of this credit.

SECTION 5. Section 27-65-7, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 518 brought forward as follows:

27-65-7. "Retailer" shall apply to a person making retail sales through vending machines, by maintaining a store, or operating as a transient vendor, or renting or leasing tangible personal property. Retailer also includes persons who facilitate the sale of services or tangible personal property that belongs to a third party.

"Retail sales" shall mean and include all sales of tangible personal property except those defined herein as wholesale and those made to a wholesaler, jobber, manufacturer or custom processor for resale or for further processing.

"Retail sale" shall include the value of any tangible personal property manufactured or purchased at wholesale which is withdrawn from the business or stock in trade and is used or



- 532 consumed within this state in the business or by the owner or by
- any other person, whether or not in the regular course of business
- 534 or trade.
- "Retail sale" shall also include a sale invoiced to a
- 536 retailer but delivered to another person who pays for the
- 537 merchandise upon taking possession.
- "Retail sale" shall also include a sale made or facilitated
- 539 by a person regularly engaged in the sale or facilitation of sales
- 540 of services or tangible personal property. "Retail sale" does not
- 541 include a sale by a third-party food delivery service that
- 542 delivers food from an unrelated restaurant to a customer,
- 543 regardless of whether the customer orders and pays for the food
- 544 through the delivery service or whether the delivery service adds
- 545 fees or upcharges to the price of the food.
- SECTION 6. Section 27-65-9, Mississippi Code of 1972, is
- 547 brought forward as follows:
- 548 27-65-9. (1) "Business" shall mean and include all
- 549 activities or acts engaged in (personal or corporate), for benefit
- 550 or advantage, either direct or indirect, and not exempting
- 551 subactivities in connection therewith. Each of such subactivities
- 552 shall be considered business engaged in, taxable in the class in
- 553 which it falls.
- 554 (2) "Business" shall include activities engaged in by exempt
- 555 organizations or political entities in competition with privately



- owned business subject to the provisions of this chapter; however,
- 557 the term "business" shall not include the following activities:
- 558 (a) Sales of prepaid student meal plans by public or
- 559 private universities, colleges and community or junior colleges;
- (b) Sales of prepared meals by any public or private
- 561 school to students in kindergarten through Grade 12; and
- 562 (c) Retail sales of prepared meals when:
- (i) Sold on the campus of a public or private
- 564 university, college or community or junior college in this state
- 565 to a student enrolled at such university, college or community or
- 566 junior college; and
- 567 (ii) Payment for the sale is made through the use
- 568 of a prepaid declining balance account or similar instrument or
- 569 account issued to such student by the university, college or
- 570 community or junior college that may be used only to purchase
- 571 prepared meals.
- 572 (3) "Business" shall include the activity or activities of a
- 573 person in this state performing a service under contract or
- 574 agreement with another person when the service performed is
- 575 taxable under the provisions of this chapter.
- 576 (4) "Doing business" shall include any person owning
- 577 personal property located in this state under lease or rental
- 578 agreement or any person installing personal property within this
- 579 state.



- 580 (5) "Doing business" shall include any person represented in 581 this state by salesmen taking or soliciting orders to be filled 582 from points outside this state for subsequent delivery of the 583 merchandise in equipment owned or leased by the seller to 584 customers located in this state.
- 585 (6) "Doing business" shall include any person selling or 586 facilitating the sale of services or tangible personal property.
- 587 **SECTION 7.** Section 27-65-17, Mississippi Code of 1972, is brought forward as follows:
- 589 27-65-17. (1) (a) Except as otherwise provided in this 590 section, upon every person engaging or continuing within this 591 state in the business of selling any tangible personal property 592 whatsoever there is hereby levied, assessed and shall be collected 593 a tax equal to seven percent (7%) of the gross proceeds of the 594 retail sales of the business.
- (b) Retail sales of farm tractors and parts and labor used to maintain and/or repair such tractors shall be taxed at the rate of one and one-half percent (1-1/2%) when made to farmers for agricultural purposes.
- (c) (i) Retail sales of farm implements sold to
 farmers and used directly in the production of poultry, ratite,
 domesticated fish as defined in Section 69-7-501, livestock,
 livestock products, agricultural crops or ornamental plant crops
 or used for other agricultural purposes, and parts and labor used

- to maintain and/or repair such implements, shall be taxed at the rate of one and one-half percent (1-1/2%) when used on the farm.
- (ii) The one and one-half percent (1-1/2%) rate
 shall also apply to all equipment used in logging, pulpwood
 operations or tree farming, and parts and labor used to maintain
- 1. Self-propelled, or

and/or repair such equipment, which is either:

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2. Mounted so that it is permanently attached to other equipment which is self-propelled or attached to other equipment drawn by a vehicle which is self-propelled.

In order to be eligible for the rate of tax provided for in

- 615 this subparagraph (ii), such sales must be made to a professional 616 logger. For the purposes of this subparagraph (ii), a 617 "professional logger" is a person, corporation, limited liability company or other entity, or an agent thereof, who possesses a 618 619 professional logger's permit issued by the Department of Revenue 620 and who presents the permit to the seller at the time of purchase. 621 The department shall establish an application process for a 622 professional logger's permit to be issued, which shall include a 623
- requirement that the applicant submit a copy of documentation verifying that the applicant is certified according to Sustainable Forestry Initiative guidelines. Upon a determination that an applicant is a professional logger, the department shall issue the



- (d) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (3) of this section, retail sales of aircraft, automobiles, trucks, truck-tractors, semitrailers and manufactured or mobile homes shall be taxed at the rate of three percent (3%).
- (e) Sales of manufacturing machinery or manufacturing
 machine parts when made to a manufacturer or custom processor for
 plant use only when the machinery and machine parts will be used
 exclusively and directly within this state in manufacturing a
 commodity for sale, rental or in processing for a fee shall be
 taxed at the rate of one and one-half percent (1-1/2%).
- 638 (f) Sales of machinery and machine parts when made to a 639 technology intensive enterprise for plant use only when the 640 machinery and machine parts will be used exclusively and directly 641 within this state for industrial purposes, including, but not 642 limited to, manufacturing or research and development activities, 643 shall be taxed at the rate of one and one-half percent (1-1/2%). 644 In order to be considered a technology intensive enterprise for purposes of this paragraph: 645
- 646 (i) The enterprise shall meet minimum criteria 647 established by the Mississippi Development Authority;
- (ii) The enterprise shall employ at least ten (10) persons in full-time jobs;
- (iii) At least ten percent (10%) of the workforce in the facility operated by the enterprise shall be scientists, engineers or computer specialists;



- (iv) The enterprise shall manufacture plastics,
- 654 chemicals, automobiles, aircraft, computers or electronics; or
- 655 shall be a research and development facility, a computer design or
- 656 related facility, or a software publishing facility or other
- 657 technology intensive facility or enterprise as determined by the
- 658 Mississippi Development Authority;
- (v) The average wage of all workers employed by
- 660 the enterprise at the facility shall be at least one hundred fifty
- 661 percent (150%) of the state average annual wage; and
- (vi) The enterprise must provide a basic health
- 663 care plan to all employees at the facility.
- A medical cannabis establishment, as defined in the
- 665 Mississippi Medical Cannabis Act, shall not be considered to be a
- 666 technology intensive enterprise for the purposes of this paragraph
- 667 (f).
- 668 (q) Sales of materials for use in track and track
- 669 structures to a railroad whose rates are fixed by the Interstate
- 670 Commerce Commission or the Mississippi Public Service Commission
- shall be taxed at the rate of three percent (3%).
- 672 (h) Sales of tangible personal property to electric
- 673 power associations for use in the ordinary and necessary operation
- 674 of their generating or distribution systems shall be taxed at the
- for the following rate of one percent (1%).
- (i) Wholesale sales of beer shall be taxed at the rate
- 677 of seven percent (7%), and the retailer shall file a return and



- compute the retail tax on retail sales but may take credit for the amount of the tax paid to the wholesaler on said return covering the subsequent sales of same property, provided adequate invoices and records are maintained to substantiate the credit.
- (j) Wholesale sales of food and drink for human
 consumption to full-service vending machine operators to be sold
 through vending machines located apart from and not connected with
 other taxable businesses shall be taxed at the rate of eight
 percent (8%).
- (k) Sales of equipment used or designed for the purpose of assisting disabled persons, such as wheelchair equipment and lifts, that is mounted or attached to or installed on a private carrier of passengers or light carrier of property, as defined in Section 27-51-101, at the time when the private carrier of passengers or light carrier of property is sold shall be taxed at the same rate as the sale of such vehicles under this section.
 - (1) Sales of the factory-built components of modular homes, panelized homes and precut homes, and panel constructed homes consisting of structural insulated panels, shall be taxed at the rate of three percent (3%).
- 698 (m) Sales of materials used in the repair, renovation,
 699 addition to, expansion and/or improvement of buildings and related
 700 facilities used by a dairy producer shall be taxed at the rate of
 701 three and one-half percent (3-1/2%). For the purposes of this



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- 702 paragraph (m), "dairy producer" means any person engaged in the 703 production of milk for commercial use.
- 704 (2) From and after January 1, 1995, retail sales of private
- 705 carriers of passengers and light carriers of property, as defined
- 706 in Section 27-51-101, shall be taxed an additional two percent
- 707 (2%).
- 708 (3) A manufacturer selling at retail in this state shall be
- 709 required to make returns of the gross proceeds of such sales and
- 710 pay the tax imposed in this section.
- 711 **SECTION 8.** Section 27-65-19, Mississippi Code of 1972, is
- 712 brought forward as follows:
- 713 27-65-19. (1) (a) (i) Except as otherwise provided in
- 714 this subsection, upon every person selling to consumers,
- 715 electricity, current, power, potable water, steam, coal, natural
- 716 gas, liquefied petroleum gas or other fuel, there is hereby
- 717 levied, assessed and shall be collected a tax equal to seven
- 718 percent (7%) of the gross income of the business. Provided, gross
- 719 income from sales to consumers of electricity, current, power,
- 720 natural gas, liquefied petroleum gas or other fuel for residential
- 721 heating, lighting or other residential noncommercial or
- 722 nonagricultural use, and sales of potable water for residential,
- 723 noncommercial or nonagricultural use shall be excluded from
- 724 taxable gross income of the business. Provided further, upon
- 725 every such seller using electricity, current, power, potable
- 726 water, steam, coal, natural gas, liquefied petroleum gas or other

- 727 fuel for nonindustrial purposes, there is hereby levied, assessed
- 728 and shall be collected a tax equal to seven percent (7%) of the
- 729 cost or value of the product or service used.
- 730 (ii) Gross income from sales to a church that is
- 731 exempt from federal income taxation under 26 USCS Section
- 732 501(c)(3) of electricity, current, power, natural gas, liquefied
- 733 petroleum gas or other fuel for heating, lighting or other use,
- 734 and sales of potable water to such a church shall be excluded from
- 735 taxable gross income of the business if the electricity, current,
- 736 power, natural gas, liquefied petroleum gas or potable water is
- 737 utilized on property that is primarily used for religious or
- 738 educational purposes.
- 739 (b) (i) There is hereby levied, assessed and shall be
- 740 collected a tax equal to one and one-half percent (1-1/2%) of the
- 741 gross income of the business from the sale of naturally occurring
- 742 carbon dioxide and anthropogenic carbon dioxide lawfully injected
- 743 into the earth for:
- 744 1. Use in an enhanced oil recovery project,
- 745 including, but not limited to, use for cycling, repressuring or
- 746 lifting of oil; or
- 747 2. Permanent sequestration in a geological
- 748 formation.
- 749 (ii) The one and one-half percent (1-1/2%) rate
- 750 provided for in this subsection shall apply to electricity,
- 751 current, power, steam, coal, natural gas, liquefied petroleum gas

- 752 or other fuel that is sold to a producer of oil and gas for use
- 753 directly in enhanced oil recovery using carbon dioxide and/or the
- 754 permanent sequestration of carbon dioxide in a geological
- 755 formation.
- 756 (c) The one and one-half percent (1-1/2%) rate provided
- 757 for in this subsection shall not apply to sales of fuel for
- 758 automobiles, trucks, truck-tractors, buses, farm tractors or
- 759 airplanes.
- 760 (d) (i) Upon every person providing services in this
- 761 state, there is hereby levied, assessed and shall be collected:
- 762 1. A tax equal to seven percent (7%) of the
- 763 gross income received from all charges for intrastate
- 764 telecommunications services.
- 765 2. A tax equal to seven percent (7%) of the
- 766 gross income received from all charges for interstate
- 767 telecommunications services.
- 768 3. A tax equal to seven percent (7%) of the
- 769 gross income received from all charges for international
- 770 telecommunications services.
- 771 4. A tax equal to seven percent (7%) of the
- 772 gross income received from all charges for ancillary services.
- 773 5. A tax equal to seven percent (7%) of the
- 774 gross income received from all charges for products delivered
- 775 electronically, including, but not limited to, software, music,
- 776 games, reading materials or ring tones.

- 777 (ii) A person, upon proof that he has paid a tax 778 in another state on an event described in subparagraph (i) of this 779 paragraph (d), shall be allowed a credit against the tax imposed 780 in this paragraph (d) on interstate telecommunications service 781 charges to the extent that the amount of such tax is properly due 782 and actually paid in such other state and to the extent that the 783 rate of sales tax imposed by and paid in such other state does not 784 exceed the rate of sales tax imposed by this paragraph (d).
- (iii) Charges by one (1) telecommunications
 provider to another telecommunications provider holding a permit
 issued under Section 27-65-27 for services that are resold by such
 other telecommunications provider, including, but not limited to,
 access charges, shall not be subject to the tax levied pursuant to
 this paragraph (d).
- 791 (iv) For purposes of this paragraph (d):
- 792 "Telecommunications service" means the 793 electronic transmission, conveyance or routing of voice, data, 794 audio, video or any other information or signals to a point, or between points. The term "telecommunications service" includes 795 796 such transmission, conveyance or routing in which computer 797 processing applications are used to act on the form, code or 798 protocol of the content for purposes of transmission, conveyance 799 or routing without regard to whether such service is referred to 800 as voice over Internet protocol services or is classified by the

802	term "telecommunications service" shall not include:
803	a. Data processing and information
804	services that allow data to be generated, acquired, stored,
805	processed or retrieved and delivered by an electronic transmission
806	to a purchaser where such purchaser's primary purpose for the
807	underlying transaction is the processed data or information;
808	b. Installation or maintenance of wiring
809	or equipment on a customer's premises;
810	c. Tangible personal property;
811	d. Advertising, including, but not
812	limited to, directory advertising;
813	e. Billing and collection services
814	provided to third parties;
815	f. Internet access service;
816	g. Radio and television audio and video
817	programming services regardless of the medium, including the
818	furnishing of transmission, conveyance and routing of such
819	services by the programming service provider. Radio and
820	television audio and video programming services shall include, but
821	not be limited to, cable service as defined in 47 USCS 522(6) and
822	audio and video programming services delivered by commercial
823	mobile radio service providers, as defined in 47 CFR 20.3;
824	h. Ancillary services; or

Federal Communications Commission as enhanced or value added. The



825	i. Digital products delivered
826	electronically, including, but not limited to, software, music,
827	video, reading materials or ring tones.
828	2. "Ancillary services" means services that
829	are associated with or incidental to the provision of
830	telecommunications services, including, but not limited to,
831	detailed telecommunications billing, directory assistance,
832	vertical service and voice mail service.
833	a. "Conference bridging" means an
834	ancillary service that links two (2) or more participants of an
835	audio or video conference call and may include the provision of a
836	telephone number. Conference bridging does not include the
837	telecommunications services used to reach the conference bridge.
838	b. "Detailed telecommunications billing
839	service" means an ancillary service of separately stating
840	information pertaining to individual calls on a customer's billing
841	statement.
842	c. "Directory assistance" means an
843	ancillary service of providing telephone number information and/or
844	address information.
845	d. "Vertical service" means an ancillary
846	service that is offered in connection with one or more
847	telecommunications services, which offers advanced calling

features that allow customers to identify callers and to manage

- multiple calls and call connections, including conference bridging services.
- e. "Voice mail service" means an
 ancillary service that enables the customer to store, send or
 receive recorded messages. Voice mail service does not include
 any vertical services that the customer may be required to have in
 order to utilize the voice mail service.
- 3. "Intrastate" means telecommunications

 857 service that originates in one (1) United States state or United

 858 States territory or possession, and terminates in the same United

 859 States state or United States territory or possession.
- 4. "Interstate" means a telecommunications
 service that originates in one (1) United States state or United
 States territory or possession, and terminates in a different
 United States state or United States territory or possession.
- 5. "International" means a telecommunications service that originates or terminates in the United States and terminates or originates outside the United States, respectively.
- 867 (v) For purposes of paragraph (d), the following 868 sourcing rules shall apply:
- 1. Except for the defined telecommunications 870 services in item 3 of this subparagraph, the sales of 871 telecommunications services sold on a call-by-call basis shall be 872 sourced to:



873	a. Each level of taxing jurisdiction
874	where the call originates and terminates in that jurisdiction, or
875	b. Each level of taxing jurisdiction
876	where the call either originates or terminates and in which the
877	service address is also located.
878	2. Except for the defined telecommunications
879	services in item 3 of this subparagraph, a sale of
880	telecommunications services sold on a basis other than a
881	call-by-call basis, is sourced to the customer's place of primary
882	use.
883	3. The sale of the following
884	telecommunications services shall be sourced to each level of
885	taxing jurisdiction as follows:
886	a. A sale of mobile telecommunications
887	services other than air-to-ground radiotelephone service and
888	prepaid calling service is sourced to the customer's place of
889	primary use as required by the Mobile Telecommunication Sourcing

A. A home service provider shall be responsible for obtaining and maintaining the customer's place of primary use. The home service provider shall be entitled to rely on the applicable residential or business street address supplied by such customer, if the home service provider's reliance is in good faith; and the home service provider shall be held harmless from liability for any additional taxes based on a different

Act.

determination of the place of primary use for taxes that are customarily passed on to the customer as a separate itemized charge. A home service provider shall be allowed to treat the address used for purposes of the tax levied by this chapter for any customer under a service contract in effect on August 1, 2002, as that customer's place of primary use for the remaining term of such service contract or agreement, excluding any extension or renewal of such service contract or agreement. Month-to-month services provided after the expiration of a contract shall be treated as an extension or renewal of such contract or agreement.

If the commissioner determines В. that the address used by a home service provider as a customer's place of primary use does not meet the definition of the term "place of primary use" as defined in subitem a.A. of this item 3, the commissioner shall give binding notice to the home service provider to change the place of primary use on a prospective basis from the date of notice of determination; however, the customer shall have the opportunity, prior to such notice of determination, to demonstrate that such address satisfies the definition.

С. The department has the right to collect any taxes due directly from the home service provider's customer that has failed to provide an address that meets the definition of the term "place of primary use" which resulted in a failure of tax otherwise due being remitted.



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922	b. A sale of postpaid calling service is
923	sourced to the origination point of the telecommunications signal
924	as first identified by either:
925	A. The seller's telecommunications
926	system; or
927	B. Information received by the
928	seller from its service provider, where the system used to
929	transport such signals is not that of the seller.
930	c. A sale of a prepaid calling service
931	or prepaid wireless calling service shall be subject to the tax
932	imposed by this paragraph if the sale takes place in this state.
933	If the customer physically purchases a prepaid calling service or
934	prepaid wireless calling service at the vendor's place of
935	business, the sale is deemed to take place at the vendor's place
936	of business. If the customer does not physically purchase the
937	service at the vendor's place of business, the sale of a prepaid
938	calling card or prepaid wireless calling card is deemed to take
939	place at the first of the following locations that applies to the
940	sale:
941	A. The customer's shipping address,
942	if the sale involves a shipment;
943	B. The customer's billing address;
944	C. Any other address of the

945 customer that is known by the vendor; or

947	alternatively, in the case of a prepaid wireless calling service,
948	the location associated with the mobile telephone number.
949	4. A sale of a private communication service
950	is sourced as follows:
951	a. Service for a separate charge related
952	to a customer channel termination point is sourced to each level
953	of jurisdiction in which such customer channel termination point
954	is located.
955	b. Service where all customer
956	termination points are located entirely within one (1)
957	jurisdiction or levels of jurisdiction is sourced in such
958	jurisdiction in which the customer channel termination points are
959	located.
960	c. Service for segments of a channel
961	between two (2) customer channel termination points located in
962	different jurisdictions and which segments of a channel are
963	separately charged is sourced fifty percent (50%) in each level of
964	jurisdiction in which the customer channel termination points are
965	located.
966	d. Service for segments of a channel
967	located in more than one (1) jurisdiction or levels of
968	jurisdiction and which segments are not separately billed is

D. The address of the vendor, or

sourced in each jurisdiction based on the percentage determined by

dividing the number of customer channel termination points in such

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- 971 jurisdiction by the total number of customer channel termination 972 points.
- 973 5. A sale of ancillary services is sourced to 974 the customer's place of primary use.
- 975 (vi) For purposes of subparagraph (v) of this 976 paragraph (d):
- 977 1. "Air-to-ground radiotelephone service"
 978 means a radio service, as that term is defined in 47 CFR 22.99, in
 979 which common carriers are authorized to offer and provide radio
 980 telecommunications service for hire to subscribers in aircraft.
- 981 2. "Call-by-call basis" means any method of 982 charging for telecommunications services where the price is 983 measured by individual calls.
- 984 3. "Communications channel" means a physical 985 or virtual path of communications over which signals are 986 transmitted between or among customer channel termination points.
- 987 4. "Customer" means the person or entity that 988 contracts with the seller of telecommunications services. If the end user of telecommunications services is not the contracting 989 990 party, the end user of the telecommunications service is the customer of the telecommunications service. Customer does not 991 992 include a reseller of telecommunications service or for mobile 993 telecommunications service of a serving carrier under an agreement 994 to serve the customer outside the home service provider's licensed 995 service area.

- 996 5. "Customer channel termination point" means
 997 the location where the customer either inputs or receives the
 998 communications.
- 999 6. "End user" means the person who utilizes
 1000 the telecommunications service. In the case of an entity, "end
 1001 user" means the individual who utilizes the service on behalf of
 1002 the entity.
- 7. "Home service provider" has the meaning ascribed to such term in Section 124(5) of Public Law 106-252 (Mobile Telecommunications Sourcing Act).
- 1006 8. "Mobile telecommunications service" has
 1007 the meaning ascribed to such term in Section 124(7) of Public Law
 1008 106-252 (Mobile Telecommunications Sourcing Act).
- 9. "Place of primary use" means the street
 address representative of where the customer's use of the
 telecommunications service primarily occurs, which must be the
 residential street address or the primary business street address
 of the customer. In the case of mobile telecommunications
 services, the place of primary use must be within the licensed
 service area of the home service provider.
- 10. "Post-paid calling service" means the

 1017 telecommunications service obtained by making a payment on a

 1018 call-by-call basis either through the use of a credit card or

 1019 payment mechanism such as a bank card, travel card, credit card or

 1020 debit card, or by charge made to a telephone number which is not

associated with the origination or termination of the
telecommunications service. A post-paid calling service includes
a telecommunications service, except a prepaid wireless calling
service that would be a prepaid calling service except it is not
exclusively a telecommunications service.

11. "Prepaid calling service" means the right to access exclusively telecommunications services, which must be paid for in advance and which enables the origination of calls using an access number or authorization code, whether manually or electronically dialed, and that is sold in predetermined units or dollars of which the number declines with use in a known amount.

12. "Prepaid wireless calling service" means a telecommunications service that provides the right to utilize mobile wireless service as well as other nontelecommunications services, including the download of digital products delivered electronically, content and ancillary service, which must be paid for in advance that is sold in predetermined units or dollars of which the number declines with use in a known amount.

13. "Private communication service" means a telecommunications service that entitles the customer to exclusive or priority use of a communications channel or group of channels between or among termination points, regardless of the manner in which such channel or channels are connected, and includes switching capacity, extension lines, stations and any other

- 1045 associated services that are provided in connection with the use 1046 of such channel or channels.
- 1047 14. "Service address" means:
- 1048 a. The location of the
- 1049 telecommunications equipment to which a customer's call is charged
- 1050 and from which the call originates or terminates, regardless of
- 1051 where the call is billed or paid.
- b. If the location in subitem a of this
- 1053 item 14 is not known, the origination point of the signal of the
- 1054 telecommunications services first identified by either the
- 1055 seller's telecommunications system or in information received by
- 1056 the seller from its service provider, where the system used to
- 1057 transport such signals is not that of the seller.
- 1058 c. If the location in subitems a and b
- 1059 of this item 14 are not known, the location of the customer's
- 1060 place of primary use.
- 1061 (vii) 1. For purposes of this subparagraph (vii),
- 1062 "bundled transaction" means a transaction that consists of
- 1063 distinct and identifiable properties or services which are sold
- 1064 for a single nonitemized price but which are treated differently
- 1065 for tax purposes.
- 1066 2. In the case of a bundled transaction that
- 1067 includes telecommunications services, ancillary services, Internet
- 1068 access, or audio or video programming services taxed under this
- 1069 chapter in which the price of the bundled transaction is



- attributable to properties or services that are taxable and
 nontaxable, the portion of the price that is attributable to any
 nontaxable property or service shall be subject to the tax unless
 the provider can reasonably identify that portion from its books
 and records kept in the regular course of business.
- 1075 3. In the case of a bundled transaction that 1076 includes telecommunications services, ancillary services, Internet 1077 access, audio or video programming services subject to tax under 1078 this chapter in which the price is attributable to properties or 1079 services that are subject to the tax but the tax revenue from the different properties or services are dedicated to different funds 1080 1081 or purposes, the provider shall allocate the price among the 1082 properties or services:
- a. By reasonably identifying the portion of the price attributable to each of the properties and services from its books and records kept in the regular course of business; or
- b. Based on a reasonable allocation methodology approved by the department.
- 4. This subparagraph (vii) shall not create a right of action for a customer to require that the provider or the department, for purposes of determining the amount of tax applicable to a bundled transaction, allocate the price to the different portions of the transaction in order to minimize the amount of tax charged to the customer. A customer shall not be



- 1095 entitled to rely on the fact that a portion of the price is 1096 attributable to properties or services not subject to tax unless the provider elects, after receiving a written request from the 1097 1098 customer in the form required by the provider, to provide 1099 verifiable data based upon the provider's books and records that 1100 are kept in the regular course of business that reasonably 1101 identifies the portion of the price attributable to the properties 1102 or services not subject to the tax.
- (2) Persons making sales to consumers of electricity,

 1104 current, power, natural gas, liquefied petroleum gas or other fuel

 1105 for residential heating, lighting or other residential

 1106 noncommercial or nonagricultural use or sales of potable water for

 1107 residential, noncommercial or nonagricultural use shall indicate

 1108 on each statement rendered to customers that such charges are

 1109 exempt from sales taxes.
- 1110 (3) There is hereby levied, assessed and shall be paid on
 1111 transportation charges on shipments moving between points within
 1112 this state when paid directly by the consumer, a tax equal to the
 1113 rate applicable to the sale of the property being transported.
 1114 Such tax shall be reported and paid directly to the Department of
 1115 Revenue by the consumer.
- 1116 **SECTION 9.** Section 27-65-23, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 1117 brought forward as follows:
- 1118 27-65-23. Upon every person engaging or continuing in any of 1119 the following businesses or activities there is hereby levied,

1120	assessed and shall be collected a tax equal to seven percent (7%)
1121	of the gross income of the business, except as otherwise provided:
1122	Air-conditioning installation or repairs;
1123	Automobile, motorcycle, boat or any other vehicle
1124	repairing or servicing;
1125	Billiards, pool or domino parlors;
1126	Bowling or tenpin alleys;
1127	Burglar and fire alarm systems or services;
1128	Car washing — automatic, self-service, or manual;
1129	Computer software sales and services;
1130	Cotton compresses or cotton warehouses;
1131	Custom creosoting or treating, custom planing, custom
1132	sawing;
1133	Custom meat processing;
1134	Electricians, electrical work, wiring, all repairs or
1135	installation of electrical equipment;
1136	Elevator or escalator installing, repairing or
1137	servicing;
1138	Film developing or photo finishing;
1139	Foundries, machine or general repairing;
1140	Furniture repairing or upholstering;
1141	Grading, excavating, ditching, dredging or landscaping;
1142	Hotels (as defined in Section 41-49-3), motels, tourist
1143	courts or camps, trailer parks;
1144	Insulating services or repairs;



1145	Jewelry or watch repairing;
1146	Laundering, cleaning, pressing or dyeing;
1147	Marina services;
1148	Mattress renovating;
1149	Office and business machine repairing;
1150	Parking garages and lots;
1151	Plumbing or pipe fitting;
1152	Public storage warehouses (There shall be no tax levied
1153	on gross income of a public storage warehouse derived from the
1154	temporary storage of tangible personal property in this state
1155	pending shipping or mailing of the property to another state.);
1156	Refrigerating equipment repairs;
1157	Radio or television installing, repairing, or servicing;
1158	Renting or leasing personal property used within this
1159	state;
1160	Services performed in connection with geophysical
1161	surveying, exploring, developing, drilling, producing,
1162	distributing, or testing of oil, gas, water and other mineral
1163	resources;
1164	Shoe repairing;
1165	Storage lockers;
1166	Telephone answering or paging services;
1167	Termite or pest control services;
1168	Tin and sheet metal shops;



1169		TV	cable	systems	, subs	criptio	n TV	servic	ces, a	and	other
1170	similar	activ	rities;	;							
1171		Vul	canizí	ing, rep	airing	or rec	appin	g of t	ires	or	tubes;

- 1172 Welding; and
- 1173 Woodworking or wood_turning shops.
- Income from services taxed herein performed for electric power associations in the ordinary and necessary operation of their generating or distribution systems shall be taxed at the rate of one percent (1%).
- Income from services taxed herein performed on materials for use in track or track structures to a railroad whose rates are fixed by the Interstate Commerce Commission or the Mississippi Public Service Commission shall be taxed at the rate of three percent (3%).
- Income from renting or leasing tangible personal property
 used within this state shall be taxed at the same rates as sales
 of the same property.
- Persons doing business in this state who rent transportation
 equipment with a situs within or without the state to common,

 contract or private commercial carriers are taxed on that part of
 the income derived from use within this state. If specific

 accounting is impracticable, a formula may be used with approval
 of the commissioner.
- 1192 A lessor may deduct from the tax computed on the rental 1193 income from tangible personal property a credit for sales or use



tax paid to this state at the time of purchase of the specific 1195 personal property being leased or rented until such credit has 1196 been exhausted.

1197 Charges for custom processing and repairing services may be
1198 excluded from gross taxable income when the property on which the
1199 service was performed is delivered to the customer in another
1200 state either by common carrier or in the seller's equipment.

When a taxpayer performs unitary services covered by this section, which are performed both in intrastate and interstate commerce, the commissioner is hereby invested with authority to formulate in each particular case and to fix for such taxpayer in each instance formulae of apportionment which will apportion to this state, for taxation, that portion of the services which are performed within the State of Mississippi.

SECTION 10. Section 27-65-93, Mississippi Code of 1972, is brought forward as follows:

27-65-93. (1) The commissioner shall, from time to time, promulgate rules and regulations, not inconsistent with the provisions of the sales tax law, for making returns and for the ascertainment, assessment and collection of the tax imposed by the sales tax law as he may deem necessary to enforce its provisions; and, upon request, he shall furnish any taxpayer with a copy of the rules and regulations.



L217	(2)	All f	orms,	necessary	y for	the	enfo	orcement	c of	the	sales
L218	tax law,	shall	be pre	escribed,	print	ted a	and f	furnishe	ed b	y the)
1219	commissio	oner.									

L220	(3) The commissioner may adopt rules and regulations
L221	providing for the issuance of permits to manufacturers, utilities,
L222	construction contractors, companies receiving bond financing
L223	through the Mississippi Business Finance Corporation or the
L224	Mississippi Development Authority, and other taxpayers as
L225	determined by the commissioner, and the commissioner shall adopt
L226	rules and regulations providing for the issuance of a permit to
L227	any qualified business or industry, which is certified as such by
L228	the Mississippi Development Authority pursuant to the Mississippi
L229	Flexible Tax Incentive Act and awarded any mFlex tax incentive
L230	amount for such qualified business's or industry's qualified
L231	economic development project, certified as such by the Mississippi
L232	Development Authority pursuant to the Mississippi Flexible Tax
L233	Incentive Act, to purchase tangible personal property taxed under
L234	Section 27-65-17, items taxed under Section 27-65-18, items taxed
L235	under Section 27-65-19, services taxed under Section 27-65-23,
L236	items taxed under Section 27-65-24, and items taxed under Section
L237	27-65-26 without the payment to the vendor of the tax imposed by
L238	the sales and use tax laws, and providing for persons to report
L239	and pay the tax directly to the commissioner in instances where
L240	the commissioner determines that these provisions will facilitate
1241	and expedite the collection of the tax at the proper rates which

- 1242 may be due on purchases by the permittee. Under the provisions of
- 1243 this chapter, the vendor is relieved of collecting and remitting
- 1244 the taxes specified hereunder and the person holding the permit
- 1245 shall become liable for such taxes instead of the seller. The
- 1246 full enforcement provisions of the sales tax law shall apply in
- 1247 the collection of the tax from the permittee.
- 1248 **SECTION 11.** Section 27-65-101, Mississippi Code of 1972, is
- 1249 brought forward as follows:
- 1250 27-65-101. (1) The exemptions from the provisions of this
- 1251 chapter which are of an industrial nature or which are more
- 1252 properly classified as industrial exemptions than any other
- 1253 exemption classification of this chapter shall be confined to
- 1254 those persons or property exempted by this section or by the
- 1255 provisions of the Constitution of the United States or the State
- 1256 of Mississippi. No industrial exemption as now provided by any
- 1257 other section except Section 57-3-33 shall be valid as against the
- 1258 tax herein levied. Any subsequent industrial exemption from the
- 1259 tax levied hereunder shall be provided by amendment to this
- 1260 section. No exemption provided in this section shall apply to
- 1261 taxes levied by Section 27-65-15 or 27-65-21.
- The tax levied by this chapter shall not apply to the
- 1263 following:
- 1264 (a) Sales of boxes, crates, cartons, cans, bottles and
- 1265 other packaging materials to manufacturers and wholesalers for use
- 1266 as containers or shipping materials to accompany goods sold by

said manufacturers or wholesalers where possession thereof will pass to the customer at the time of sale of the goods contained therein and sales to anyone of containers or shipping materials for use in ships engaged in international commerce.

- 1271 Sales of raw materials, catalysts, processing (b) 1272 chemicals, welding gases or other industrial processing gases 1273 (except natural gas) to a manufacturer for use directly in 1274 manufacturing or processing a product for sale or rental or 1275 repairing or reconditioning vessels or barges of fifty (50) tons 1276 load displacement and over. For the purposes of this exemption, 1277 electricity used directly in the electrolysis process in the 1278 production of sodium chlorate shall be considered a raw material. 1279 This exemption shall not apply to any property used as fuel except 1280 to the extent that such fuel comprises by-products which have no 1281 market value.
- 1282 The gross proceeds of sales of dry docks, offshore 1283 drilling equipment for use in oil or natural gas exploration or 1284 production, vessels or barges of fifty (50) tons load displacement 1285 and over, when the vessels or barges are sold by the manufacturer 1286 or builder thereof. In addition to other types of equipment, 1287 offshore drilling equipment for use in oil or natural gas 1288 exploration or production shall include aircraft used 1289 predominately to transport passengers or property to or from 1290 offshore oil or natural gas exploration or production platforms or



- 1291 vessels, and engines, accessories and spare parts for such 1292 aircraft.
- 1293 (d) Sales to commercial fishermen of commercial fishing
- 1294 boats of over five (5) tons load displacement and not more than
- 1295 fifty (50) tons load displacement as registered with the United
- 1296 States Coast Guard and licensed by the Mississippi Commission on
- 1297 Marine Resources.
- 1298 (e) The gross income from repairs to vessels and barges
- 1299 engaged in foreign trade or interstate transportation.
- 1300 (f) Sales of petroleum products to vessels or barges
- 1301 for consumption in marine international commerce or interstate
- 1302 transportation businesses.
- 1303 (g) Sales and rentals of rail rolling stock (and
- 1304 component parts thereof) for ultimate use in interstate commerce
- 1305 and gross income from services with respect to manufacturing,
- 1306 repairing, cleaning, altering, reconditioning or improving such
- 1307 rail rolling stock (and component parts thereof).
- 1308 (h) Sales of raw materials, catalysts, processing
- 1309 chemicals, welding gases or other industrial processing gases
- 1310 (except natural gas) used or consumed directly in manufacturing,
- 1311 repairing, cleaning, altering, reconditioning or improving such
- 1312 rail rolling stock (and component parts thereof). This exemption
- 1313 shall not apply to any property used as fuel.
- 1314 (i) Sales of machinery or tools or repair parts
- 1315 therefor or replacements thereof, fuel or supplies used directly

1316 in manufacturing, converting or repairing ships, vessels or barges

1317 of three thousand (3,000) tons load displacement and over, but not

to include office and plant supplies or other equipment not 1318

directly used on the ship, vessel or barge being built, converted 1319

1320 or repaired. For purposes of this exemption, "ships, vessels or

1321 barges" shall not include floating structures described in Section

1322 27-65-18.

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1323 Sales of tangible personal property to persons (j)

operating ships in international commerce for use or consumption

1325 on board such ships. This exemption shall be limited to cases in

1326 which procedures satisfactory to the commissioner, ensuring

1327 against use in this state other than on such ships, are

1328 established.

1329 Sales of materials used in the construction of a

1330 building, or any addition or improvement thereon, and sales of any

1331 machinery and equipment not later than three (3) months after the

1332 completion of construction of the building, or any addition

1333 thereon, to be used therein, to qualified businesses, as defined

1334 in Section 57-51-5, which are located in a county or portion

1335 thereof designated as an enterprise zone pursuant to Sections

1336 57-51-1 through 57-51-15.

Sales of materials used in the construction of a 1337 (1)

building, or any addition or improvement thereon, and sales of any 1338

1339 machinery and equipment not later than three (3) months after the

completion of construction of the building, or any addition

- 1341 thereon, to be used therein, to qualified businesses, as defined
- 1342 in Section 57-54-5.
- Income from storage and handling of perishable 1343
- 1344 goods by a public storage warehouse.
- 1345 The value of natural gas lawfully injected into the
- 1346 earth for cycling, repressuring or lifting of oil, or lawfully
- vented or flared in connection with the production of oil; 1347
- 1348 however, if any gas so injected into the earth is sold for such
- 1349 purposes, then the gas so sold shall not be exempt.
- 1350 The gross collections from self-service commercial (0)
- 1351 laundering, drying, cleaning and pressing equipment.
- 1352 Sales of materials used in the construction of a
- 1353 building, or any addition or improvement thereon, and sales of any
- machinery and equipment not later than three (3) months after the 1354
- 1355 completion of construction of the building, or any addition
- 1356 thereon, to be used therein, to qualified companies, certified as
- 1357 such by the Mississippi Development Authority under Section
- 1358 57-53-1.
- 1359 Sales of component materials used in the (q)
- 1360 construction of a building, or any addition or improvement
- 1361 thereon, sales of machinery and equipment to be used therein, and
- 1362 sales of manufacturing or processing machinery and equipment which
- is permanently attached to the ground or to a permanent foundation 1363
- 1364 and which is not by its nature intended to be housed within a
- building structure, not later than three (3) months after the 1365



1366 initial start-up date, to permanent business enterprises engaging 1367 in manufacturing or processing in Tier Three areas (as such term is defined in Section 57-73-21), which businesses are certified by 1368 the Department of Revenue as being eligible for the exemption 1369 1370 granted in this paragraph (q). The exemption provided in this 1371 paragraph (q) shall not apply to sales to any business enterprise 1372 that is a medical cannabis establishment as defined in the Mississippi Medical Cannabis Act. 1373

Sales of component materials used in the (r)(i) construction of a building, or any addition or improvement thereon, and sales of any machinery and equipment not later than three (3) months after the completion of the building, addition or improvement thereon, to be used therein, for any company establishing or transferring its national or regional headquarters from within or outside the State of Mississippi and creating a minimum of twenty (20) jobs at the new headquarters in this state. The exemption provided in this subparagraph (i) shall not apply to sales for any company that is a medical cannabis establishment as defined in the Mississippi Medical Cannabis Act. The Department of Revenue shall establish criteria and prescribe procedures to determine if a company qualifies as a national or regional headquarters for the purpose of receiving the exemption provided in this subparagraph (i).

1389 (ii) Sales of component materials used in the 1390 construction of a building, or any addition or improvement



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1391 thereon, and sales of any machinery and equipment not later than 1392 three (3) months after the completion of the building, addition or improvement thereon, to be used therein, for any company expanding 1393 1394 or making additions after January 1, 2013, to its national or 1395 regional headquarters within the State of Mississippi and creating 1396 a minimum of twenty (20) new jobs at the headquarters as a result 1397 of the expansion or additions. The exemption provided in this 1398 subparagraph (ii) shall not apply to sales for any company that is 1399 a medical cannabis establishment as defined in the Mississippi 1400 Medical Cannabis Act. The Department of Revenue shall establish 1401 criteria and prescribe procedures to determine if a company 1402 qualifies as a national or regional headquarters for the purpose 1403 of receiving the exemption provided in this subparagraph (ii).

- (s) The gross proceeds from the sale of semitrailers, trailers, boats, travel trailers, motorcycles, all-terrain cycles and rotary-wing aircraft if exported from this state within forty-eight (48) hours and registered and first used in another state.
- 1409 (t) Gross income from the storage and handling of
 1410 natural gas in underground salt domes and in other underground
 1411 reservoirs, caverns, structures and formations suitable for such
 1412 storage.
- 1413 (u) Sales of machinery and equipment to nonprofit 1414 organizations if the organization:



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1415			(i)	Is ta	ax e	xempt	purs	suant	to	Section	501(c)(4)	of
1416	the	Internal	Revenue	Code	e of	1986,	as	ameno	ded;	;		

- (ii) Assists in the implementation of the

 1418 contingency plan or area contingency plan, and which is created in

 1419 response to the requirements of Title IV, Subtitle B of the Oil

 1420 Pollution Act of 1990, Public Law 101-380; and
- (iii) Engages primarily in programs to contain,

 clean up and otherwise mitigate spills of oil or other substances

 occurring in the United States coastal and tidal waters.
- For purposes of this exemption, "machinery and equipment"
 means any ocean-going vessels, barges, booms, skimmers and other
 capital equipment used primarily in the operations of nonprofit
 organizations referred to herein.
- 1428 (v) Sales or leases of materials and equipment to
 1429 approved business enterprises as provided under the Growth and
 1430 Prosperity Act.
- (w) From and after July 1, 2001, sales of pollution

 1432 control equipment to manufacturers or custom processors for

 1433 industrial use. For the purposes of this exemption, "pollution

 1434 control equipment" means equipment, devices, machinery or systems

 1435 used or acquired to prevent, control, monitor or reduce air, water

 1436 or groundwater pollution, or solid or hazardous waste as required

 1437 by federal or state law or regulation.
- 1438 (x) Sales or leases to a manufacturer of motor vehicles

 1439 or powertrain components operating a project that has been

- 1440 certified by the Mississippi Major Economic Impact Authority as a
- 1441 project as defined in Section 57-75-5(f)(iv)1, Section
- 57-75-5(f)(xxi) or Section 57-75-5(f)(xxii) of machinery and
- 1443 equipment; special tooling such as dies, molds, jigs and similar
- 1444 items treated as special tooling for federal income tax purposes;
- 1445 or repair parts therefor or replacements thereof; repair services
- 1446 thereon; fuel, supplies, electricity, coal and natural gas used
- 1447 directly in the manufacture of motor vehicles or motor vehicle
- 1448 parts or used to provide climate control for manufacturing areas.
- 1449 (y) Sales or leases of component materials, machinery
- 1450 and equipment used in the construction of a building, or any
- 1451 addition or improvement thereon to an enterprise operating a
- 1452 project that has been certified by the Mississippi Major Economic
- 1453 Impact Authority as a project as defined in Section
- 1454 57-75-5(f)(iv)1, Section 57-75-5(f)(xxi), Section 57-75-5(f)(xxii)
- 1455 or Section 57-75-5(f) (xxviii) and any other sales or leases
- 1456 required to establish or operate such project.
- 1457 (z) Sales of component materials and equipment to a
- 1458 business enterprise as provided under Section 57-64-33.
- 1459 (aa) The gross income from the stripping and painting
- 1460 of commercial aircraft engaged in foreign or interstate
- 1461 transportation business.
- (bb) [Repealed]
- 1463 (cc) Sales or leases to an enterprise owning or
- 1464 operating a project that has been designated by the Mississippi



1465 Major Economic Impact Authority as a project as defined in Section 1466 57-75-5(f)(xviii) of machinery and equipment; special tooling such 1467 as dies, molds, jigs and similar items treated as special tooling 1468 for federal income tax purposes; or repair parts therefor or 1469 replacements thereof; repair services thereon; fuel, supplies, 1470 electricity, coal and natural gas used directly in the 1471 manufacturing/production operations of the project or used to 1472 provide climate control for manufacturing/production areas.

1473 (dd) Sales or leases of component materials, machinery
1474 and equipment used in the construction of a building, or any
1475 addition or improvement thereon to an enterprise owning or
1476 operating a project that has been designated by the Mississippi
1477 Major Economic Impact Authority as a project as defined in Section
1478 57-75-5(f)(xviii) and any other sales or leases required to
1479 establish or operate such project.

(ee) Sales of parts used in the repair and servicing of aircraft not registered in Mississippi engaged exclusively in the business of foreign or interstate transportation to businesses engaged in aircraft repair and maintenance.

(ff) Sales of component materials used in the construction of a facility, or any addition or improvement thereon, and sales or leases of machinery and equipment not later than three (3) months after the completion of construction of the facility, or any addition or improvement thereto, to be used in the building or any addition or improvement thereto, to a

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permanent business enterprise operating a data/information
enterprise in Tier Three areas (as such areas are designated in
accordance with Section 57-73-21), meeting minimum criteria
established by the Mississippi Development Authority. The
exemption provided in this paragraph (ff) shall not apply to sales
to any business enterprise that is a medical cannabis
establishment as defined in the Mississippi Medical Cannabis Act.

(gg) Sales of component materials used in the construction of a facility, or any addition or improvement thereto, and sales of machinery and equipment not later than three (3) months after the completion of construction of the facility, or any addition or improvement thereto, to be used in the facility or any addition or improvement thereto, to technology intensive enterprises for industrial purposes in Tier Three areas (as such areas are designated in accordance with Section 57-73-21), as certified by the Department of Revenue. For purposes of this paragraph, an enterprise must meet the criteria provided for in Section 27-65-17(1)(f) in order to be considered a technology intensive enterprise.

(hh) Sales of component materials used in the replacement, reconstruction or repair of a building or facility that has been destroyed or sustained extensive damage as a result of a disaster declared by the Governor, sales of machinery and equipment to be used therein to replace machinery or equipment damaged or destroyed as a result of such disaster, including, but



1515 not limited to, manufacturing or processing machinery and 1516 equipment which is permanently attached to the ground or to a 1517 permanent foundation and which is not by its nature intended to be 1518 housed within a building structure, to enterprises or companies 1519 that were eligible for the exemptions authorized in paragraph (q), 1520 (r), (ff) or (qq) of this subsection during initial construction 1521 of the building that was destroyed or damaged, which enterprises 1522 or companies are certified by the Department of Revenue as being 1523 eligible for the exemption granted in this paragraph.

- 1524 (ii) Sales of software or software services transmitted 1525 by the Internet to a destination outside the State of Mississippi 1526 where the first use of such software or software services by the 1527 purchaser occurs outside the State of Mississippi.
- (jj) Gross income of public storage warehouses derived from the temporary storage of raw materials that are to be used in an eligible facility as defined in Section 27-7-22.35.
- 1531 (kk) Sales of component building materials and
 1532 equipment for initial construction of facilities or expansion of
 1533 facilities as authorized under Sections 57-113-1 through 57-113-7
 1534 and Sections 57-113-21 through 57-113-27.
- 1535 (11) Sales and leases of machinery and equipment
 1536 acquired in the initial construction to establish facilities as
 1537 authorized in Sections 57-113-1 through 57-113-7.



1538		(mm)	Sales a	ind leases	of	replacement	hardware,	software
1539	or other n	ecessa	ry tech	nology to	ope	erate a data	center as	
1540	authorized	under	Sectio	ns 57-113	-21	through 57-2	113-27.	

1541 Sales of component materials used in the 1542 construction of a building, or any addition or improvement 1543 thereon, and sales or leases of machinery and equipment not later than three (3) months after the completion of the construction of 1544 1545 the facility, to be used in the facility, to permanent business 1546 enterprises operating a facility producing renewable crude oil 1547 from biomass harvested or produced, in whole or in part, in 1548 Mississippi, which businesses meet minimum criteria established by 1549 the Mississippi Development Authority. As used in this paragraph, 1550 the term "biomass" shall have the meaning ascribed to such term in 1551 Section 57-113-1.

(oo) Sales of supplies, equipment and other personal property to an organization that is exempt from taxation under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code and is the host organization coordinating a professional golf tournament played or to be played in this state and the supplies, equipment or other personal property will be used for purposes related to the golf tournament and related activities.

(pp) Sales of materials used in the construction of a health care industry facility, as defined in Section 57-117-3, or any addition or improvement thereon, and sales of any machinery and equipment not later than three (3) months after the completion

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- 1563 of construction of the facility, or any addition thereon, to be 1564 used therein, to qualified businesses, as defined in Section 57-117-3. This paragraph shall be repealed from and after July 1, 1565 1566 2025.
- 1567 Sales or leases to a manufacturer of automotive (qq) 1568 parts operating a project that has been certified by the Mississippi Major Economic Impact Authority as a project as 1569 defined in Section 57-75-5(f) (xxviii) of machinery and equipment; 1570 1571 or repair parts therefor or replacements thereof; repair services 1572 thereon; fuel, supplies, electricity, coal, nitrogen and natural 1573 gas used directly in the manufacture of automotive parts or used 1574 to provide climate control for manufacturing areas.
- 1575 (rr) Gross collections derived from guided tours on any navigable waters of this state, which include providing 1576 1577 accommodations, quide services and/or related equipment operated 1578 by or under the direction of the person providing the tour, for 1579 the purposes of outdoor tourism. The exemption provided in this paragraph (rr) does not apply to the sale of tangible personal 1580 1581 property by a person providing such tours.
- 1582 Retail sales of truck-tractors and semitrailers 1583 used in interstate commerce and registered under the International 1584 Registration Plan (IRP) or any similar reciprocity agreement or 1585 compact relating to the proportional registration of commercial 1586 vehicles entered into as provided for in Section 27-19-143.



- (tt) Sales exempt under the Facilitating Business Rapid
 Response to State Declared Disasters Act of 2015 (Sections
 27-113-1 through 27-113-9).

 (uu) Sales or leases to an enterprise and its
- 1590 (uu) Sales or leases to an enterprise and its
 1591 affiliates operating a project that has been certified by the
 1592 Mississippi Major Economic Impact Authority as a project as
 1593 defined in Section 57-75-5(f)(xxix) of:
- 1594 (i) All personal property and fixtures, including
 1595 without limitation, sales or leases to the enterprise and its
 1596 affiliates of:
- 1597 1. Manufacturing machinery and equipment;
- 2. Special tooling such as dies, molds, jigs and similar items treated as special tooling for federal income tax purposes;
- 3. Component building materials, machinery
 and equipment used in the construction of buildings, and any other
 additions or improvements to the project site for the project;
- 4. Nonmanufacturing furniture, fixtures and equipment (inclusive of all communications, computer, server, software and other hardware equipment); and
- 5. Fuel, supplies (other than
 nonmanufacturing consumable supplies and water), electricity,
 nitrogen gas and natural gas used directly in the
 manufacturing/production operations of such project or used to



- 1611 provide climate control for manufacturing/production areas of such
- 1612 project;
- 1613 (ii) All replacements of, repair parts for or
- 1614 services to repair items described in subparagraph (i)1, 2 and 3
- 1615 of this paragraph; and
- 1616 (iii) All services taxable pursuant to Section
- 1617 27-65-23 required to establish, support, operate, repair and/or
- 1618 maintain such project.
- 1619 (vv) Sales or leases to an enterprise operating a
- 1620 project that has been certified by the Mississippi Major Economic
- 1621 Impact Authority as a project as defined in Section
- 1622 57-75-5(f)(xxx) of:
- (i) Purchases required to establish and operate
- 1624 the project, including, but not limited to, sales of component
- 1625 building materials, machinery and equipment required to establish
- 1626 the project facility and any additions or improvements thereon;
- 1627 and
- 1628 (ii) Machinery, special tools (such as dies,
- 1629 molds, and jigs) or repair parts thereof, or replacements and
- 1630 lease thereof, repair services thereon, fuel, supplies and
- 1631 electricity, coal and natural gas used in the manufacturing
- 1632 process and purchased by the enterprise owning or operating the
- 1633 project for the benefit of the project.
- 1634 (ww) Sales of component materials used in the
- 1635 construction of a building, or any expansion or improvement

1636	thereon, sales of machinery and/or equipment to be used therein,
1637	and sales of processing machinery and equipment which is
1638	permanently attached to the ground or to a permanent foundation
1639	which is not by its nature intended to be housed in a building
1640	structure, no later than three (3) months after initial startup,
1641	expansion or improvement of a permanent enterprise solely engaged
1642	in the conversion of natural sand into proppants used in oil and
1643	gas exploration and development with at least ninety-five percent
1644	(95%) of such proppants used in the production of oil and/or gas
1645	from horizontally drilled wells and/or horizontally drilled
1646	recompletion wells as defined in Sections 27-25-501 and 27-25-701
1647	(xx) (i) Sales or leases to an enterprise operating a
1648	project that has been certified by the Mississippi Major Economic
1649	Impact Authority as a project as defined in Section
1650	57-75-5(f)(xxxi), for a period ending no later than one (1) year
1651	following completion of the construction of the facility or
1652	facilities comprising such project of all personal property and
1653	fixtures, including without limitation, sales or leases to the
1654	enterprise and its affiliates of:
1655	1. Manufacturing machinery and equipment;

2. Special tooling such as dies, molds, jigs

and similar items treated as special tooling for federal income tax purposes;



1659	3. Component building materials, machinery
1660	and equipment used in the construction of buildings, and any other
1661	additions or improvements to the project site for the project;
1662	4. Nonmanufacturing furniture, fixtures and
1663	equipment (inclusive of all communications, computer, server,
1664	software and other hardware equipment);
1665	5. Replacements of, repair parts for or
1666	services to repair items described in this subparagraph (i)1, 2
1667	and 3; and
1668	6. All services taxable pursuant to Section
1669	27-65-23 required to establish, support, operate, repair and/or
1670	maintain such project; and
1671	(ii) Sales or leases to an enterprise operating a
1672	project that has been certified by the Mississippi Major Economic
1673	Impact Authority as a project as defined in Section
1674	57-75-5(f)(xxxi) of electricity, current, power, steam, coal,
1675	natural gas, liquefied petroleum gas or other fuel, biomass,
1676	nitrogen or other atmospheric or other industrial gases used
1677	directly by the enterprise in the manufacturing/production
1678	operations of its project or used to provide climate control for
1679	manufacturing/production areas (which manufacturing/production
1680	areas shall be apportioned based on square footage). As used in
1681	this paragraph, the term "biomass" shall have the meaning ascribed
1682	to such term in Section 57-113-1.

1683	(2) Sales of component materials used in the construction of
1684	a building, or any addition or improvement thereon, sales of
1685	machinery and equipment to be used therein, and sales of
1686	manufacturing or processing machinery and equipment which is
1687	permanently attached to the ground or to a permanent foundation
1688	and which is not by its nature intended to be housed within a
1689	building structure, not later than three (3) months after the
1690	initial start-up date, to permanent business enterprises engaging
1691	in manufacturing or processing in Tier Two areas and Tier One
1692	areas (as such areas are designated in accordance with Section
1693	57-73-21), which businesses are certified by the Department of
1694	Revenue as being eligible for the exemption granted in this
1695	subsection, shall be exempt from one-half $(1/2)$ of the taxes
1696	imposed on such transactions under this chapter. The exemption
1697	provided in this subsection (2) shall not apply to sales to any
1698	business enterprise that is a medical cannabis establishment as
1699	defined in the Mississippi Medical Cannabis Act.

1700 (3) Sales of component materials used in the construction of 1701 a facility, or any addition or improvement thereon, and sales or 1702 leases of machinery and equipment not later than three (3) months 1703 after the completion of construction of the facility, or any 1704 addition or improvement thereto, to be used in the building or any 1705 addition or improvement thereto, to a permanent business 1706 enterprise operating a data/information enterprise in Tier Two 1707 areas and Tier One areas (as such areas are designated in

- accordance with Section 57-73-21), which businesses meet minimum criteria established by the Mississippi Development Authority, shall be exempt from one-half (1/2) of the taxes imposed on such transaction under this chapter. The exemption provided in this subsection (3) shall not apply to sales to any business enterprise that is a medical cannabis establishment as defined in the Mississippi Medical Cannabis Act.
- 1715 (4) Sales of component materials used in the construction of 1716 a facility, or any addition or improvement thereto, and sales of 1717 machinery and equipment not later than three (3) months after the 1718 completion of construction of the facility, or any addition or improvement thereto, to be used in the building or any addition or 1719 1720 improvement thereto, to technology intensive enterprises for 1721 industrial purposes in Tier Two areas and Tier One areas (as such 1722 areas are designated in accordance with Section 57-73-21), which 1723 businesses are certified by the Department of Revenue as being 1724 eligible for the exemption granted in this subsection, shall be exempt from one-half (1/2) of the taxes imposed on such 1725 1726 transactions under this chapter. For purposes of this subsection, 1727 an enterprise must meet the criteria provided for in Section 1728 27-65-17(1)(f) in order to be considered a technology intensive 1729 enterprise.
- 1730 (5) (a) For purposes of this subsection:
- 1731 (i) "Telecommunications enterprises" shall have
 1732 the meaning ascribed to such term in Section 57-73-21;

- 1733 (ii) "Tier One areas" mean counties designated as
- 1734 Tier One areas pursuant to Section 57-73-21;
- 1735 (iii) "Tier Two areas" mean counties designated as
- 1736 Tier Two areas pursuant to Section 57-73-21;
- 1737 (iv) "Tier Three areas" mean counties designated
- 1738 as Tier Three areas pursuant to Section 57-73-21; and
- 1739 (v) "Equipment used in the deployment of broadband
- 1740 technologies" means any equipment capable of being used for or in
- 1741 connection with the transmission of information at a rate, prior
- 1742 to taking into account the effects of any signal degradation, that
- 1743 is not less than three hundred eighty-four (384) kilobits per
- 1744 second in at least one (1) direction, including, but not limited
- 1745 to, asynchronous transfer mode switches, digital subscriber line
- 1746 access multiplexers, routers, servers, multiplexers, fiber optics
- 1747 and related equipment.
- 1748 (b) Sales of equipment to telecommunications
- 1749 enterprises after June 30, 2003, and before July 1, 2025, that is
- 1750 installed in Tier One areas and used in the deployment of
- 1751 broadband technologies shall be exempt from one-half (1/2) of the
- 1752 taxes imposed on such transactions under this chapter.
- 1753 (c) Sales of equipment to telecommunications
- 1754 enterprises after June 30, 2003, and before July 1, 2025, that is
- 1755 installed in Tier Two and Tier Three areas and used in the
- 1756 deployment of broadband technologies shall be exempt from the
- 1757 taxes imposed on such transactions under this chapter.



- 1758 Sales of component materials used in the replacement, 1759 reconstruction or repair of a building that has been destroyed or sustained extensive damage as a result of a disaster declared by 1760 1761 the Governor, sales of machinery and equipment to be used therein 1762 to replace machinery or equipment damaged or destroyed as a result 1763 of such disaster, including, but not limited to, manufacturing or 1764 processing machinery and equipment which is permanently attached 1765 to the ground or to a permanent foundation and which is not by its 1766 nature intended to be housed within a building structure, to 1767 enterprises that were eligible for the partial exemptions provided 1768 for in subsections (2), (3) and (4) of this section during initial 1769 construction of the building that was destroyed or damaged, which 1770 enterprises are certified by the Department of Revenue as being eligible for the partial exemption granted in this subsection, 1771 shall be exempt from one-half (1/2) of the taxes imposed on such 1772 1773 transactions under this chapter.
- 1774 **SECTION 12.** Section 27-67-3, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 1775 brought forward as follows:
- 1776 27-67-3. Whenever used in this article, the words, phrases
 1777 and terms shall have the meaning ascribed to them as follows:
- 1778 (a) "Tax Commission" or "department" means the
 1779 Department of Revenue of the State of Mississippi.
- 1780 (b) "Commissioner" means the Commissioner of Revenue of 1781 the Department of Revenue.

- 1782 "Person" means any individual, firm, partnership, 1783 joint venture, association, corporation, estate, trust, receiver, syndicate or any other group or combination acting as a unit and 1784 1785 includes the plural as well as the singular in number. "Person" 1786 shall also include husband or wife, or both, where joint benefits 1787 are derived from the operation of a business taxed hereunder or 1788 where joint benefits are derived from the use of property taxed 1789 hereunder.
- 1790 (d) "Taxpayer" means any person liable for the payment
 1791 of any tax hereunder, or liable for the collection and payment of
 1792 the tax.
- 1793 "Sale" or "purchase" means the exchange of (e)1794 properties for money or other consideration, and the barter of 1795 properties or products. Every closed transaction by which title to, or possession of, tangible personal property or specified 1796 1797 digital products passes shall constitute a taxable event. A 1798 transaction whereby the possession of property or products is 1799 transferred but the seller retains title as security for payment 1800 of the selling price shall be deemed a sale.
- (f) "Purchase price" or "sales price" means the total
 amount for which tangible personal property or specified digital
 product is purchased or sold, valued in money, including
 installation and service charges, and freight charges to the point
 of use within this state, without any deduction for cost of
 property or products sold, expenses or losses, or taxes of any

1807 kind except those exempt by the sales tax law. "Purchase price" 1808 or "sales price" shall not include cash discounts allowed and taken or merchandise returned by customers when the total sales 1809 price is refunded either in cash or by credit, and shall not 1810 1811 include amounts allowed for a trade-in of similar property or 1812 products. "Purchase price" or "sales price" does not include 1813 finance charges, carrying charges or any other addition to the 1814 selling price as a result of deferred payments by the purchaser.

- 1815 (g) "Lease" or "rent" means any agreement entered into
 1816 for a consideration that transfers possession or control of
 1817 tangible personal property or specified digital products to a
 1818 person for use within this state.
- 1819 "Value" means the estimated or assessed monetary (h) worth of a thing or property. The value of property or products 1820 1821 transferred into this state for sales promotion or advertising 1822 shall be an amount not less than the cost paid by the transferor 1823 or donor. The value of property or products which have been used in another state shall be determined by its cost less straight 1824 1825 line depreciation provided that value shall never be less than 1826 twenty percent (20%) of the cost or other method acceptable to the 1827 commissioner. On property or products imported by the 1828 manufacturer thereof for rental or lease within this state, value 1829 shall be the manufactured cost of the property and freight to the place of use in Mississippi. 1830

1831	(i) "Tangible personal property" means personal
1832	property perceptible to the human senses or by chemical analysis,
1833	as opposed to real property or intangibles. "Tangible personal
1834	property" shall include printed, mimeographed, multigraphed
1835	matter, or material reproduced in any other manner, and books,
1836	catalogs, manuals, publications or similar documents covering the
1837	services of collecting, compiling or analyzing information of any
1838	kind or nature. However, reports representing the work of persons
1839	such as lawyers, accountants, engineers and similar professionals
1840	shall not be included. "Tangible personal property" shall also
1841	include tangible advertising or sales promotion materials such as,
1842	but not limited to, displays, brochures, signs, catalogs, price
1843	lists, point of sale advertising materials and technical manuals.
1844	Tangible personal property shall also include computer software
1845	programs.

maintaining a place of business within this state," or any similar term means any person having within this state an office, a distribution house, a salesroom or house, a warehouse, or any other place of business, or owning personal property located in this state used by another person, or installing personal property in this state. This definition also includes any person selling or taking orders for any tangible personal property, either personally, by mail or through an employee representative, salesman, commission agent, canvasser, solicitor or independent

1856 contractor or by any other means from within the state. "Person doing business in this state" also includes any marketplace 1857 facilitator, marketplace seller, or remote seller with sales that 1858 1859 exceed Two Hundred Fifty Thousand Dollars (\$250,000.00) in any 1860 consecutive twelve-month period. A sale made through a 1861 marketplace facilitator is a sale of the marketplace facilitator 1862 and not the sale of a marketplace seller for purposes of 1863 determining whether a person exceeds Two Hundred Fifty Thousand 1864 Dollars (\$250,000.00) in sales.

Any person doing business under the terms of this article by reason of coming under any one or more of the qualifying provisions listed above shall be considered as doing business on all transactions involving sales to persons within this state.

- (k) "Use" or "consumption" means the first use or intended use within this state of tangible personal property or specified digital product and shall include rental or loan by owners or use by lessees or other persons receiving benefits from use of the property or product. "Use" or "consumption" shall include the benefit realized or to be realized by persons importing or causing to be imported into this state tangible advertising or sales promotion materials.
- 1877 (1) "Storage" means keeping tangible personal property
 1878 or specified digital product in this state for subsequent use or
 1879 consumption in this state.



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1880		(n	n) "S	Specif	fied	l digital	products"	shall	have	the	meaning
1881	ascribed	to	such	term	in	Section	27-65-26.				

- 1882 (n) "Marketplace facilitator" means any person who
 1883 facilitates a retail sale by a seller by:
- 1884 (i) Listing or advertising for sale by the
 1885 retailer in any forum, tangible personal property, services or
 1886 digital goods that are subject to tax under this chapter; and
- (ii) Either directly or indirectly through
 agreements or arrangements with third parties collecting payment
 from the customer and transmitting that payment to the retailer
 regardless of whether the marketplace provider receives
 compensation or other consideration in exchange for its service.
- 1892 (o) "Marketplace seller" means a seller that makes

 1893 sales through any physical or electronic marketplace owned,

 1894 operated, or controlled by a marketplace facilitator, even if such

 1895 seller would not have been required to collect and remit sales tax

 1896 had the sale not been made through such marketplace.
- (p) "Remote seller" means a person, other than a
 marketplace facilitator, that does not maintain a place of
 business in this state and that through a forum sells tangible
 personal property, taxable services or specified digital products,
 the sale or use of which is subject to the tax imposed by this
 chapter.
- 1903 **SECTION 13.** This act shall take effect and be in force from 1904 and after July 1, 2023, and shall stand repealed on June 30, 2023.

Further, amend by striking the title in its entirety and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

AN ACT TO AMEND SECTIONS 27-67-5, 27-67-7 AND 27-67-11, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, TO MAKE MINOR TECHNICAL CHANGES; TO BRING FORWARD SECTIONS 27-65-3, 27-65-7, 27-65-9, 27-65-17, 27-65-19, 27-65-23, 27-65-93, 27-65-101 AND 27-67-3, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, FOR THE PURPOSE OF POSSIBLE AMENDMENT; AND FOR RELATED PURPOSES.

