Adopted AMENDMENT NO 1 PROPOSED TO

House Bill No. 968

BY: Representative Lamar

Amend by striking all after the enacting clause and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

43 SECTION 1. It is the intent of the Legislature that nothing 44 in this act shall be considered to make taxable any type of transaction or activity regarding the sale or use of computer 45 46 software, computer software service or computer service if such 47 transaction or activity was not taxable on January 1, 2023. The 48 effect of this act is to codify the application of the law providing for the taxation of transactions or activities regarding 49 50 the sale or use of computer software, computer software service or 51 computer service that was in effect on January 1, 2023. If there 52 is a dispute between a taxpayer and the Department of Revenue

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53 regarding the taxation of any transaction or activity regarding 54 the sale or use of computer software, computer software service or 55 computer service as a result of the amendments made in this act, the department, in any appeal and/or hearing under Section 27-77-1 56 et seq., Mississippi Code of 1972, shall have the burden of 57 58 showing that the transaction or activity that is the subject of 59 dispute was taxable on January 1, 2023. If the Department of 60 Revenue fails to show that the transaction or activity was taxable 61 on January 1, 2023, the transaction or activity shall not be 62 taxable under the amendments made in this act and the taxpayer 63 shall not be liable for tax thereon. For the purposes of this section, the terms "computer software", "computer software 64 service" and "computer service" mean and have the same definitions 65 66 as such terms have in Section 27-65-3, Mississippi Code of 1972. 67 SECTION 2. Section 27-65-3, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 68 amended as follows: 69 27-65-3. The words, terms and phrases, when used in this chapter, shall have the meanings ascribed to them herein. 70 71 "Tax Commission" or "department" means the (a) 72 Department of Revenue of the State of Mississippi. 73 (b) "Commissioner" means the Commissioner of Revenue of 74 the Department of Revenue. 75 "Person" means and includes any individual, firm, (C)76 copartnership, joint venture, association, corporation, promoter 77 of a temporary event, estate, trust or other group or combination

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78 acting as a unit, and includes the plural as well as the singular 79 in number. "Person" shall include husband or wife, or both, where 80 joint benefits are derived from the operation of a business taxed 81 hereunder. "Person" shall also include any state, county, 82 municipal or other agency or association engaging in a business 83 taxable under this chapter.

84 (d) "Tax year" or "taxable year" means either the85 calendar year or the taxpayer's fiscal year.

86 "Taxpayer" means any person liable for or having (e) paid any tax to the State of Mississippi under the provisions of 87 88 this chapter. A taxpayer is required to obtain a sales tax permit 89 under Section 27-65-27 before engaging in business in this state. 90 If a taxpayer fails to obtain a sales tax permit before engaging in business in this state, the taxpayer shall pay the retail rate 91 92 on all purchases of tangible personal property and/or services in 93 this state, even if purchased for resale. Upon obtaining a sales 94 tax permit, a previously unregistered taxpayer shall file sales tax returns for all tax periods during which he engaged in 95 96 business in this state without a sales tax permit, and report and 97 pay the sales tax accruing from his operation during this period 98 and any applicable penalties and interest. On such return, the 99 taxpayer may take a credit for any sales taxes paid during the period he operated without a sales tax permit on a purchase that 100 101 would have constituted a wholesale sale if the taxpayer had a 102 sales tax permit at the time of the purchase and if proper

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103 documentation exists to substantiate a wholesale sale. This 104 credit may also be allowed in any audit of the taxpayer. Anv 105 penalties and interest owed by the taxpayer on the return or in an 106 audit for a period during which he operated without a sales tax 107 permit may be determined based on the sales tax accruing from the 108 taxpayer's operation for that period after the taking of this 109 credit.

(f) "Sale" or "sales" includes the barter or exchange of property as well as the sale thereof for money or other consideration, and every closed transaction by which the title to taxable property passes shall constitute a taxable event.

"Sale" shall also include the passing of title to property for a consideration of coupons, trading stamps or by any other means when redemption is subsequent to the original sale by which the coupon, stamp or other obligation was created.

118 The situs of a sale for the purpose of distributing taxes to 119 municipalities shall be the same as the location of the business 120 from which the sale is made except that:

(i) Retail sales along a route from a vehicle or otherwise by a transient vendor shall take the situs of delivery to the customer.

(ii) The situs of wholesale sales of tangible
personal property taxed at wholesale rates, the amount of which is
allowed as a credit against the sales tax liability of the

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127 retailer, shall be the same as the location of the business of the 128 retailer receiving the credit.

(iii) The situs of wholesale sales of tangible personal property taxed at wholesale rates, the amount of which is not allowed as a credit against the sales tax liability of the retailer, shall have a rural situs.

(iv) Income received from the renting or leasing of property used for transportation purposes between cities or counties shall have a rural situs.

(g) "Delivery charges" shall mean and include any expenses incurred by a seller in acquiring merchandise for sale in the regular course of business commonly known as "freight-in" or "transportation costs-in." "Delivery charges" also include any charges made by the seller for delivery of property sold to the purchaser.

(h) "Gross proceeds of sales" means the value
proceeding or accruing from the full sale price of tangible
personal property, including installation charges, without any
deduction for delivery charges, cost of property sold, other
expenses or losses, or taxes of any kind except those expressly
exempt by this chapter.

148 "Gross proceeds of sales" includes consideration received by 149 the seller from third parties if:

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150 (i) The seller actually received consideration 151 from a party other than the purchaser and the consideration is 152 directly related to a price reduction or discount on the sale; 153 The seller has an obligation to pass the (ii) 154 price reduction or discount through to the purchaser; The amount of the consideration attributable 155 (iii) 156 to the sale is fixed and determinable by the seller at the time of 157 the sale of the item to the purchaser; and 158 (iv) One (1) of the following criteria is met: 159 1. The purchaser presents a coupon, 160 certificate or other documentation to the seller to claim a price reduction or discount where the coupon, certificate or 161 documentation is authorized, distributed or granted by a third 162 party with the understanding that the third party will reimburse 163 any seller to whom the coupon, certificate or documentation is 164 165 presented; 166 2. The purchaser identified himself or herself to the seller as a member of a group or organization 167 168 entitled to a price reduction or discount (a "preferred customer" 169 card that is available to any patron does not constitute 170 membership in such a group); or 171 3. The price reduction or discount is identified as a third-party price reduction or discount on the 172 173 invoice received by the purchaser or on a coupon, certificate or other documentation presented by the purchaser. 174

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Where a trade-in is taken as part payment on tangible personal property sold, "gross proceeds of sales" shall include only the difference received between the selling price of the tangible personal property and the amount allowed for a trade-in of property of the same kind. When the trade-in is subsequently sold, the selling price thereof shall be included in "gross proceeds of sales."

182 "Gross proceeds of sales" shall include the value of any 183 goods, wares, merchandise or property purchased at wholesale or 184 manufactured, and any mineral or natural resources produced, which are withdrawn or used from an established business or from the 185 186 stock in trade for consumption or any other use in the business or 187 by the owner. However, "gross proceeds of sales" does not include 188 meals prepared by a restaurant and provided at no charge to 189 employees of the restaurant or donated to a charitable 190 organization that regularly provides food to the needy and the 191 indigent and which has been granted exemption from the federal 192 income tax as an organization described in Section 501(c)(3) of 193 the Internal Revenue Code of 1986.

194 "Gross proceeds of sales" shall not include bad check or 195 draft service charges as provided for in Section 97-19-57.

"Gross proceeds of sales" does not include finance charges, carrying charges or any other addition to the selling price as a result of deferred payments by the purchaser.

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199 (i) "Gross income" means the total charges for service 200 or the total receipts (actual or accrued) derived from trades, 201 business or commerce by reason of the investment of capital in the 202 business engaged in, including the sale or rental of tangible 203 personal property, compensation for labor and services performed, 204 and including the receipts from the sales of property retained as 205 toll, without any deduction for rebates, cost of property sold, 206 cost of materials used, labor costs, interest paid, losses or any 207 expense whatever.

"Gross income" shall also include the cost of property given as compensation when the property is consumed by a person performing a taxable service for the donor.

However, "gross income" or "gross proceeds of sales" shall not be construed to include the value of goods returned by customers when the total sale price is refunded either in cash or by credit, or cash discounts allowed and taken on sales. Cash discounts shall not include the value of trading stamps given with a sale of property.

(j) "Tangible personal property" means personal
property perceptible to the human senses or by chemical analysis
as opposed to real property or intangibles and shall include
property sold on an installed basis which may become a part of
real or personal property. <u>"Tangible personal property" shall</u>
<u>also include computer software but shall not include</u>

223 electronically stored or maintained data.

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224 (k) "Installation charges" shall mean and include the 225 charge for the application of tangible personal property to real 226 or personal property without regard to whether or not it becomes a 227 part of the real property or retains its personal property classification. It shall include, but not be limited to, sales in 228 229 place of roofing, tile, glass, carpets, drapes, fences, awnings, 230 window air-conditioning units, gasoline pumps, window guards, 231 floor coverings, carports, store fixtures, aluminum and plastic 232 siding, tombstones and similar personal property. 233 "Newspaper" means a periodical which: (1) 234 (i) Is not published primarily for advertising 235 purposes and has not contained more than seventy-five percent 236 (75%) advertising in more than one-half (1/2) of its issues during 237 any consecutive twelve-month period excluding separate advertising 238 supplements inserted into but separately identifiable from any 239 regular issue or issues; 240 Has been established and published (ii) continuously for at least twelve (12) months; 241 242 (iii) Is regularly issued at stated intervals no 243 less frequently than once a week, bears a date of issue, and is 244 numbered consecutively; provided, however, that publication on 245 legal holidays of this state or of the United States and on 246 Saturdays and Sundays shall not be required, and failure to 247 publish not more than two (2) regular issues in any calendar year shall not exclude a periodical from this definition; 248

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(iv) Is issued from a known office of publication,
which shall be the principal public business office of the
newspaper and need not be the place at which the periodical is
printed and a newspaper shall be deemed to be "published" at the
place where its known office of publication is located;

(v) Is formed of printed sheets; provided,
however, that a periodical that is reproduced by the stencil,
mimeograph or hectograph process shall not be considered to be a
"newspaper"; and

(vi) Is originated and published for the dissemination of current news and intelligence of varied, broad and general public interest, announcements and notices, opinions as editorials on a regular or irregular basis, and advertising and miscellaneous reading matter.

The term "newspaper" shall include periodicals which are designed primarily for free circulation or for circulation at nominal rates as well as those which are designed for circulation at more than a nominal rate.

The term "newspaper" shall not include a publication or periodical which is published, sponsored by, is directly supported financially by, or is published to further the interests of, or is directed to, or has a circulation restricted, in whole or in part, to any particular sect, denomination, labor or fraternal organization or other special group or class or citizens.

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273 For purposes of this paragraph, a periodical designed 274 primarily for free circulation or circulation at nominal rates 275 shall not be considered to be a newspaper unless such periodical 276 has made an application for such status to the department in the 277 manner prescribed by the department and has provided to the 278 department documentation satisfactory to the department showing 279 that such periodical meets the requirements of the definition of 280 the term "newspaper." However, if such periodical has been 281 determined to be a newspaper under action taken by the department 282 on or before April 11, 1996, such periodical shall be considered 283 to be a newspaper without the necessity of applying for such 284 status. A determination by the Department of Revenue that a 285 publication is a newspaper shall be limited to the application of 286 this chapter and shall not establish that the publication is a 287 newspaper for any other purpose.

288 (m) "MPC" or "Material Purchase Certificate" means a 289 certificate for which a person that is liable for the tax levy 290 under Section 27-65-21 can apply and obtain from the commissioner, 291 and when issued, entitles the holder to purchase materials and 292 services that are to become a component part of a structure to be 293 erected or repaired with no tax due. Any person taxable under 294 Section 27-65-21 who obtains an MPC for a project and purchases 295 materials and services in this state that are to become a 296 component part of a structure being erected or repaired in the 297 project and at any time pays sales tax on these purchases may,

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298 after obtaining the MPC for the project, take a credit against his 299 sales taxes for the sales tax paid on these purchases if proper 300 documentation exists to substantiate the payment of the sales tax 301 on the purchase of component materials and services. This credit 302 may also be allowed in any audit of the taxpayer. Any penalties 303 and interest owed by the taxpayer on the return or in the audit 304 where this credit is taken may be determined based on the sales 305 tax due after the taking of this credit.

306 (n) "Computer software" shall mean any program or 307 routine, or any set of one or more programs or routines which are 308 used or intended to cause one or more computers, pieces of 309 computer-related peripheral equipment, automatic processing 310 equipment, or any combination thereof, to perform a task or set of 311 tasks. Computer software may be contained in or on tangible media 312 and may be obtained on tangible media or downloaded to tangible 313 media from the internet or other remote source. Computer software 314 does not include any program or routine provided by a business to 315 a customer to access account data free of charge or as part of a 316 service charge for services that are otherwise non-taxable services, such as bank account service charges, or services 317 318 charges for accessing a database. 319 "Computer software service" shall mean computer (0) 320 software accessed remotely via the internet regardless of whether

- 321 the software resides on a server located inside or outside of
- 322 Mississippi.

23/HR31/HB968A.5J PAGE 12 (BS/JAB) 323 (p) "Computer service" shall mean the technical design 324 and programming of computer software and includes installing, 325 configuring, debugging, modifying, testing, or troubleshooting 326 computer hardware, networks, programs, or computer software. 327 SECTION 3. Section 27-65-23, Mississippi Code of 1972, is amended as follows: 328 329 27-65-23. Upon every person engaging or continuing in any of 330 the following businesses or activities there is hereby levied, 331 assessed and shall be collected a tax equal to seven percent (7%) 332 of the gross income of the business, except as otherwise provided: 333 Air-conditioning installation or repairs; 334 Automobile, motorcycle, boat or any other vehicle 335 repairing or servicing; 336 Billiards, pool or domino parlors; 337 Bowling or tenpin alleys; 338 Burglar and fire alarm systems or services; 339 Car washing - automatic, self-service, or manual; Computer software * * * service and computer service; 340 341 Cotton compresses or cotton warehouses; 342 Custom creosoting or treating, custom planing, custom 343 sawing; 344 Custom meat processing; 345 Electricians, electrical work, wiring, all repairs or 346 installation of electrical equipment;

347 Elevator or escalator installing, repairing or 348 servicing; 349 Film developing or photo finishing; 350 Foundries, machine or general repairing; 351 Furniture repairing or upholstering; Grading, excavating, ditching, dredging or landscaping; 352 353 Hotels (as defined in Section 41-49-3), motels, tourist 354 courts or camps, trailer parks; 355 Insulating services or repairs; 356 Jewelry or watch repairing; 357 Laundering, cleaning, pressing or dyeing; Marina services; 358 359 Mattress renovating; 360 Office and business machine repairing; 361 Parking garages and lots; 362 Plumbing or pipe fitting; 363 Public storage warehouses (There shall be no tax levied 364 on gross income of a public storage warehouse derived from the 365 temporary storage of tangible personal property in this state 366 pending shipping or mailing of the property to another state.); 367 Refrigerating equipment repairs; 368 Radio or television installing, repairing, or servicing; 369 Renting or leasing personal property used within this 370 state;

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371 Services performed in connection with geophysical 372 surveying, exploring, developing, drilling, producing, 373 distributing, or testing of oil, gas, water and other mineral 374 resources;

- 375 Shoe repairing;
- 376 Storage lockers;

377 Telephone answering or paging services;

378 Termite or pest control services;

379 Tin and sheet metal shops;

380 TV cable systems, subscription TV services, and other 381 similar activities;

382 Vulcanizing, repairing or recapping of tires or tubes;383 Welding; and

384 Woodworking or wood-turning shops.

Income from services taxed herein performed for electric power associations in the ordinary and necessary operation of their generating or distribution systems shall be taxed at the rate of one percent (1%).

Income from services taxed herein performed on materials for use in track or track structures to a railroad whose rates are fixed by the Interstate Commerce Commission or the Mississippi Public Service Commission shall be taxed at the rate of three percent (3%).

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Income from renting or leasing tangible personal property used within this state shall be taxed at the same rates as sales of the same property.

Persons doing business in this state who rent transportation equipment with a situs within or without the state to common, contract or private commercial carriers are taxed on that part of the income derived from use within this state. If specific accounting is impracticable, a formula may be used with approval of the commissioner.

A lessor may deduct from the tax computed on the rental income from tangible personal property a credit for sales or use tax paid to this state at the time of purchase of the specific personal property being leased or rented until such credit has been exhausted.

408 Charges for custom processing and repairing services may be 409 excluded from gross taxable income when the property on which the 410 service was performed is delivered to the customer in another 411 state either by common carrier or in the seller's equipment.

When a taxpayer performs unitary services covered by this section, which are performed both in intrastate and interstate commerce, the commissioner is hereby invested with authority to formulate in each particular case and to fix for such taxpayer in each instance formulae of apportionment which will apportion to this state, for taxation, that portion of the services which are performed within the State of Mississippi. <u>In addition, upon the</u>

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419 request of a taxpayer, the commissioner shall provide to the

420 taxpayer a list of recognized formulae of apportionment for such

421 services and the taxpayer may elect to use any such formulae

422 instead of any formulae fixed by the commissioner. The taxpayer

423 also may propose other formulae of apportionment, which the

424 commissioner may approve or disapprove for use.

425 **SECTION 4.** Section 27-67-3, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 426 amended as follows:

427 27-67-3. Whenever used in this article, the words, phrases428 and terms shall have the meaning ascribed to them as follows:

429 (a) "Tax Commission" or "department" means the430 Department of Revenue of the State of Mississippi.

431 (b) "Commissioner" means the Commissioner of Revenue of432 the Department of Revenue.

433 "Person" means any individual, firm, partnership, (C)434 joint venture, association, corporation, estate, trust, receiver, 435 syndicate or any other group or combination acting as a unit and 436 includes the plural as well as the singular in number. "Person" 437 shall also include husband or wife, or both, where joint benefits 438 are derived from the operation of a business taxed hereunder or 439 where joint benefits are derived from the use of property taxed 440 hereunder.

(d) "Taxpayer" means any person liable for the payment of any tax hereunder, or liable for the collection and payment of the tax.

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444 (e) "Sale" or "purchase" means the exchange of 445 properties for money or other consideration, and the barter of properties or products. Every closed transaction by which title 446 to, or possession of, tangible personal property or specified 447 448 digital products passes shall constitute a taxable event. A 449 transaction whereby the possession of property or products is 450 transferred but the seller retains title as security for payment 451 of the selling price shall be deemed a sale.

452 "Purchase price" or "sales price" means the total (f) 453 amount for which tangible personal property or specified digital product is purchased or sold, valued in money, including 454 455 installation and service charges, and freight charges to the point 456 of use within this state, without any deduction for cost of 457 property or products sold, expenses or losses, or taxes of any 458 kind except those exempt by the sales tax law. "Purchase price" 459 or "sales price" shall not include cash discounts allowed and 460 taken or merchandise returned by customers when the total sales price is refunded either in cash or by credit, and shall not 461 462 include amounts allowed for a trade-in of similar property or 463 products. "Purchase price" or "sales price" does not include 464 finance charges, carrying charges or any other addition to the 465 selling price as a result of deferred payments by the purchaser. 466 "Lease" or "rent" means any agreement entered into (q)

467 for a consideration that transfers possession or control of

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468 tangible personal property or specified digital products to a 469 person for use within this state.

470 "Value" means the estimated or assessed monetary (h) 471 worth of a thing or property. The value of property or products 472 transferred into this state for sales promotion or advertising 473 shall be an amount not less than the cost paid by the transferor 474 or donor. The value of property or products which have been used 475 in another state shall be determined by its cost less straight 476 line depreciation provided that value shall never be less than 477 twenty percent (20%) of the cost or other method acceptable to the 478 commissioner. On property or products imported by the 479 manufacturer thereof for rental or lease within this state, value 480 shall be the manufactured cost of the property and freight to the 481 place of use in Mississippi.

482 "Tangible personal property" means personal (i) 483 property perceptible to the human senses or by chemical analysis, 484 as opposed to real property or intangibles. "Tangible personal 485 property" shall include printed, mimeographed, multigraphed 486 matter, or material reproduced in any other manner, and books, 487 catalogs, manuals, publications or similar documents covering the 488 services of collecting, compiling or analyzing information of any 489 kind or nature. However, reports representing the work of persons 490 such as lawyers, accountants, engineers and similar professionals 491 shall not be included. "Tangible personal property" shall also 492 include tangible advertising or sales promotion materials such as,

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493 but not limited to, displays, brochures, signs, catalogs, price 494 lists, point of sale advertising materials and technical manuals. 495 Tangible personal property shall also include computer 496 software * * *.

(j) "Person doing business in this state," "person 497 498 maintaining a place of business within this state," or any similar 499 term means any person having within this state an office, a 500 distribution house, a salesroom or house, a warehouse, or any 501 other place of business, or owning personal property located in 502 this state used by another person, or installing personal property in this state. This definition also includes any person selling 503 504 or taking orders for any tangible personal property, either 505 personally, by mail or through an employee representative, 506 salesman, commission agent, canvasser, solicitor or independent 507 contractor or by any other means from within the state. "Person 508 doing business in this state" also includes any marketplace 509 facilitator, marketplace seller, or remote seller with sales that 510 exceed Two Hundred Fifty Thousand Dollars (\$250,000.00) in any 511 consecutive twelve-month period. A sale made through a 512 marketplace facilitator is a sale of the marketplace facilitator 513 and not the sale of a marketplace seller for purposes of 514 determining whether a person exceeds Two Hundred Fifty Thousand 515 Dollars (\$250,000.00) in sales.

516 Any person doing business under the terms of this article by 517 reason of coming under any one or more of the qualifying

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518 provisions listed above shall be considered as doing business on 519 all transactions involving sales to persons within this state.

520 "Use" or "consumption" means the first use or (k) 521 intended use within this state of tangible personal property or 522 specified digital product and shall include rental or loan by 523 owners or use by lessees or other persons receiving benefits from 524 use of the property or product. "Use" or "consumption" shall 525 include the benefit realized or to be realized by persons 526 importing or causing to be imported into this state tangible 527 advertising or sales promotion materials.

528 (1) "Storage" means keeping tangible personal property 529 or specified digital product in this state for subsequent use or 530 consumption in this state.

531 (m) "Specified digital products" shall have the meaning 532 ascribed to such term in Section 27-65-26.

533 (n) "Marketplace facilitator" means any person who 534 facilitates a retail sale by a seller by:

(i) Listing or advertising for sale by the
retailer in any forum, tangible personal property, services or
digital goods that are subject to tax under this chapter; and

(ii) Either directly or indirectly through agreements or arrangements with third parties collecting payment from the customer and transmitting that payment to the retailer regardless of whether the marketplace provider receives compensation or other consideration in exchange for its service.

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(o) "Marketplace seller" means a seller that makes
sales through any physical or electronic marketplace owned,
operated, or controlled by a marketplace facilitator, even if such
seller would not have been required to collect and remit sales tax
had the sale not been made through such marketplace.

(p) "Remote seller" means a person, other than a marketplace facilitator, that does not maintain a place of business in this state and that through a forum sells tangible personal property, taxable services or specified digital products, the sale or use of which is subject to the tax imposed by this chapter.

554 <u>(q)</u> "Computer software" shall have the meaning ascribed 555 <u>to such term in Section 27-65-3.</u>

556 SECTION 5. A taxpayer, upon proof that he has paid a sales 557 tax in another state on computer software, computer software 558 service and/or computer service that is taxable under this 559 chapter, shall be allowed a credit against the tax imposed under 560 this chapter on such computer software, computer software service 561 and/or computer service to the extent that the amount of the other 562 tax is properly due and actually paid in the other state and to 563 the extent that the rate of sales tax imposed by and paid in the 564 other state does not exceed the rate of sales tax imposed under 565 this chapter.

566 <u>SECTION 6.</u> (1) In the case of a bundled transaction 567 including a taxable sale of computer software, computer software

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568 service and/or computer service and other taxable or nontaxable 569 properties or services in which the price of the bundled 570 transaction is attributable to properties or services that are 571 taxable and nontaxable under this chapter, the portion of the 572 price that is attributable to any nontaxable property or service 573 shall be subject to the tax imposed under this chapter unless the 574 seller can reasonably identify that portion from its books and 575 records kept in the regular course of business. The seller shall 576 allocate the price among the properties or services: (a) by reasonably identifying the portion of the price attributable to 577 578 each of the properties and services from its books and records 579 kept in the regular course of business or (b) based on a 580 reasonable allocation methodology approved by the department. For 581 the purposes of this section, "bundled transaction" means a 582 transaction that consists of distinct and identifiable properties 583 or services which are sold for a single nonitemized price but 584 which are treated differently for tax purposes under this chapter.

585 This section shall not create a right of action for a (2)586 purchaser to require that the seller or the department, for 587 purposes of determining the amount of tax applicable to a bundled 588 transaction, allocate the price to the different portions of the 589 transaction in order to minimize the amount of tax charged to the 590 purchaser. A purchaser shall not be entitled to rely on the fact 591 that a portion of the price is attributable to properties or 592 services not subject to tax unless the seller elects, after

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593 receiving a written request from the purchaser in the form 594 required by the seller, to provide verifiable data based upon the 595 seller's books and records that are kept in the regular course of 596 business that reasonably identifies the portion of the price 597 attributable to the properties or services not subject to the tax 598 under this chapter.

599 <u>SECTION 7.</u> A taxpayer using computer software, computer 600 software service and/or computer service from both within and 601 without Mississippi, may apportion the sales tax on the purchase 602 of such computer software, computer software service and/or 603 computer service according to the use of the computer software, 604 computer software service and/or computer service in Mississippi 605 compared to the total use in all states.

606 <u>SECTION 8.</u> (1) A taxpayer that paid sales tax to a vendor 607 that collected and remitted such tax to the department may request 608 a refund from the department for excess taxes collected by the 609 vendor as provided in this section. A taxpayer may request a 610 refund from the department under this section if:

(a) (i) The taxpayer requested a refund from the
vendor on at least two (2) separate occasions and the vendor
failed or declined to issue the refund; and

614 (ii) The vendor attests to the following under
615 penalty of perjury on a form prescribed by the department:
616 1. The taxes were remitted to the department
617 by the vendor, including the amount and the date remitted;

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618 2. The vendor has not claimed and will not 619 claim a refund of such taxes; 620 3. The vendor has not taken and will not take 621 a credit for such taxes; 622 4. The vendor's sales tax account number; and 623 5. The local jurisdiction or jurisdictions 624 for which any local sales tax included in the refund claim was 625 collected and remitted; or 626 (b) The taxpayer requested a refund from the (i) 627 vendor on at least two (2) separate occasions and the vendor 628 failed or declined to issue the refund; and 629 The taxpayer reasonably attempted but was (ii) 630 unable to obtain an attestation from the vendor as required under 631 paragraph (a) (ii) of this subsection. For the purposes 632 of this subparagraph (ii), a taxpayer who contacts the vendor in 633 writing at least twice requesting such an attestation is deemed to 634 have made a reasonable attempt to obtain the vendor's attestation. 635 In order for a taxpayer to request a refund from the (2)department under this section, the amount of the refund to be 636 637 requested must exceed Two Thousand Five Hundred Dollars 638 (\$2,500.00). 639 SECTION 9. A taxpayer using computer software, computer 640 software service and/or computer service from both within and 641 without Mississippi, may apportion the use tax on the purchase of

642 such computer software, computer software service and/or computer

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643 service according to the use of the computer software, computer 644 software service and/or computer service in Mississippi compared 645 to the total use in all states.

646 <u>SECTION 10.</u> (1) A taxpayer that paid use tax to a vendor 647 that collected and remitted such tax to the department may request 648 a refund from the department for excess taxes collected by the 649 vendor as provided in this section. A taxpayer may request a 650 refund from the department under this section if:

(a) (i) The taxpayer requested a refund from the
vendor on at least two (2) separate occasions and the vendor
failed or declined to issue the refund; and

654 The vendor attests to the following under (ii) 655 penalty of perjury on a form prescribed by the department: 656 The taxes were remitted to the department 1. 657 by the vendor, including the amount and the date remitted; 658 2. The vendor has not claimed and will not 659 claim a refund of such taxes; 660 The vendor has not taken and will not take 3. 661 a credit for such taxes; and 662 4. The vendor's use tax account number; or 663 (b) (i) The taxpayer requested a refund from the 664 vendor on at least two (2) separate occasions and the vendor

665 failed or declined to issue the refund; and

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(ii) The taxpayer reasonably attempted but was
unable to obtain an attestation from the vendor as required under
paragraph (a) (ii) of this subsection. For the purposes
of this subparagraph (ii), a taxpayer who contacts the vendor in
writing at least twice requesting such an attestation is deemed to
have made a reasonable attempt to obtain the vendor's attestation.

(2) In order for a taxpayer to request a refund from the
department under this section, the amount of the refund to be
requested must exceed Two Thousand Five Hundred Dollars
(\$2,500.00).

676 **SECTION 11.** Section 27-65-7, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 677 brought forward as follows:

678 27-65-7. "Retailer" shall apply to a person making retail 679 sales through vending machines, by maintaining a store, or 680 operating as a transient vendor, or renting or leasing tangible 681 personal property. Retailer also includes persons who facilitate 682 the sale of services or tangible personal property that belongs to 683 a third party.

Retail sales" shall mean and include all sales of tangible
personal property except those defined herein as wholesale and
those made to a wholesaler, jobber, manufacturer or custom
processor for resale or for further processing.

688 "Retail sale" shall include the value of any tangible 689 personal property manufactured or purchased at wholesale which is 690 withdrawn from the business or stock in trade and is used or

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691 consumed within this state in the business or by the owner or by 692 any other person, whether or not in the regular course of business 693 or trade.

694 "Retail sale" shall also include a sale invoiced to a 695 retailer but delivered to another person who pays for the 696 merchandise upon taking possession.

697 "Retail sale" shall also include a sale made or facilitated 698 by a person regularly engaged in the sale or facilitation of sales 699 of services or tangible personal property. "Retail sale" does not 700 include a sale by a third-party food delivery service that 701 delivers food from an unrelated restaurant to a customer, 702 regardless of whether the customer orders and pays for the food 703 through the delivery service or whether the delivery service adds 704 fees or upcharges to the price of the food.

705 SECTION 12. Section 27-65-19, Mississippi Code of 1972, is
706 brought forward as follows:

707 27-65-19. (1) (a) (i) Except as otherwise provided in this subsection, upon every person selling to consumers, 708 709 electricity, current, power, potable water, steam, coal, natural 710 qas, liquefied petroleum qas or other fuel, there is hereby 711 levied, assessed and shall be collected a tax equal to seven 712 percent (7%) of the gross income of the business. Provided, gross 713 income from sales to consumers of electricity, current, power, 714 natural gas, liquefied petroleum gas or other fuel for residential heating, lighting or other residential noncommercial or 715

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716 nonagricultural use, and sales of potable water for residential, 717 noncommercial or nonagricultural use shall be excluded from 718 taxable gross income of the business. Provided further, upon 719 every such seller using electricity, current, power, potable 720 water, steam, coal, natural gas, liquefied petroleum gas or other 721 fuel for nonindustrial purposes, there is hereby levied, assessed 722 and shall be collected a tax equal to seven percent (7%) of the 723 cost or value of the product or service used.

724 (ii) Gross income from sales to a church that is 725 exempt from federal income taxation under 26 USCS Section 726 501(c)(3) of electricity, current, power, natural gas, liquefied 727 petroleum gas or other fuel for heating, lighting or other use, 728 and sales of potable water to such a church shall be excluded from 729 taxable gross income of the business if the electricity, current, 730 power, natural gas, liquefied petroleum gas or potable water is 731 utilized on property that is primarily used for religious or 732 educational purposes.

(b) (i) There is hereby levied, assessed and shall be collected a tax equal to one and one-half percent (1-1/2%) of the gross income of the business from the sale of naturally occurring carbon dioxide and anthropogenic carbon dioxide lawfully injected into the earth for:

1. Use in an enhanced oil recovery project,
including, but not limited to, use for cycling, repressuring or
lifting of oil; or

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741 2. Permanent sequestration in a geological742 formation.

(ii) The one and one-half percent (1-1/2%) rate provided for in this subsection shall apply to electricity, current, power, steam, coal, natural gas, liquefied petroleum gas or other fuel that is sold to a producer of oil and gas for use directly in enhanced oil recovery using carbon dioxide and/or the permanent sequestration of carbon dioxide in a geological formation.

(c) The one and one-half percent (1-1/2%) rate provided for in this subsection shall not apply to sales of fuel for automobiles, trucks, truck-tractors, buses, farm tractors or airplanes.

(d) (i) Upon every person providing services in this state, there is hereby levied, assessed and shall be collected: 1. A tax equal to seven percent (7%) of the gross income received from all charges for intrastate telecommunications services.

759 2. A tax equal to seven percent (7%) of the
760 gross income received from all charges for interstate
761 telecommunications services.

7623. A tax equal to seven percent (7%) of the763gross income received from all charges for international

764 telecommunications services.

23/HR31/HB968A.5J PAGE 30 (BS/JAB) 7654. A tax equal to seven percent (7%) of the766gross income received from all charges for ancillary services.

767 5. A tax equal to seven percent (7%) of the
768 gross income received from all charges for products delivered
769 electronically, including, but not limited to, software, music,
770 games, reading materials or ring tones.

771 (ii) A person, upon proof that he has paid a tax 772 in another state on an event described in subparagraph (i) of this 773 paragraph (d), shall be allowed a credit against the tax imposed 774 in this paragraph (d) on interstate telecommunications service 775 charges to the extent that the amount of such tax is properly due 776 and actually paid in such other state and to the extent that the 777 rate of sales tax imposed by and paid in such other state does not 778 exceed the rate of sales tax imposed by this paragraph (d).

(iii) Charges by one (1) telecommunications provider to another telecommunications provider holding a permit issued under Section 27-65-27 for services that are resold by such other telecommunications provider, including, but not limited to, access charges, shall not be subject to the tax levied pursuant to this paragraph (d).

(iv) For purposes of this paragraph (d): 1. "Telecommunications service" means the electronic transmission, conveyance or routing of voice, data, audio, video or any other information or signals to a point, or between points. The term "telecommunications service" includes

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790 such transmission, conveyance or routing in which computer 791 processing applications are used to act on the form, code or 792 protocol of the content for purposes of transmission, conveyance 793 or routing without regard to whether such service is referred to 794 as voice over Internet protocol services or is classified by the Federal Communications Commission as enhanced or value added. 795 The 796 term "telecommunications service" shall not include: 797 Data processing and information a. 798 services that allow data to be generated, acquired, stored, 799 processed or retrieved and delivered by an electronic transmission 800 to a purchaser where such purchaser's primary purpose for the 801 underlying transaction is the processed data or information; 802 b. Installation or maintenance of wiring 803 or equipment on a customer's premises; 804 с. Tangible personal property; 805 d. Advertising, including, but not 806 limited to, directory advertising; 807 Billing and collection services e. 808 provided to third parties; 809 f. Internet access service; Radio and television audio and video 810 q. 811 programming services regardless of the medium, including the 812 furnishing of transmission, conveyance and routing of such 813 services by the programming service provider. Radio and television audio and video programming services shall include, but 814

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815 not be limited to, cable service as defined in 47 USCS 522(6) and 816 audio and video programming services delivered by commercial 817 mobile radio service providers, as defined in 47 CFR 20.3; 818 h. Ancillary services; or 819 i. Digital products delivered 820 electronically, including, but not limited to, software, music, 821 video, reading materials or ring tones. 822 "Ancillary services" means services that 2. 823 are associated with or incidental to the provision of telecommunications services, including, but not limited to, 824 825 detailed telecommunications billing, directory assistance, vertical service and voice mail service. 826 827 a. "Conference bridging" means an 828 ancillary service that links two (2) or more participants of an 829 audio or video conference call and may include the provision of a 830 telephone number. Conference bridging does not include the 831 telecommunications services used to reach the conference bridge. 832 "Detailed telecommunications billing b. 833 service" means an ancillary service of separately stating 834 information pertaining to individual calls on a customer's billing 835 statement. 836 "Directory assistance" means an с. ancillary service of providing telephone number information and/or 837 838 address information.

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d. "Vertical service" means an ancillary d. "Vertical service" means an ancillary service that is offered in connection with one or more telecommunications services, which offers advanced calling features that allow customers to identify callers and to manage multiple calls and call connections, including conference bridging services.

e. "Voice mail service" means an ancillary service that enables the customer to store, send or receive recorded messages. Voice mail service does not include any vertical services that the customer may be required to have in order to utilize the voice mail service.

3. "Intrastate" means telecommunications service that originates in one (1) United States state or United States territory or possession, and terminates in the same United States state or United States territory or possession.

854 4. "Interstate" means a telecommunications 855 service that originates in one (1) United States state or United 856 States territory or possession, and terminates in a different 857 United States state or United States territory or possession. 858 "International" means a telecommunications 5. 859 service that originates or terminates in the United States and 860 terminates or originates outside the United States, respectively. 861 (v) For purposes of paragraph (d), the following 862 sourcing rules shall apply:

23/HR31/HB968A.5J PAGE 34 (BS/JAB) 863 1. Except for the defined telecommunications 864 services in item 3 of this subparagraph, the sales of 865 telecommunications services sold on a call-by-call basis shall be 866 sourced to: 867 Each level of taxing jurisdiction a. 868 where the call originates and terminates in that jurisdiction, or 869 b. Each level of taxing jurisdiction 870 where the call either originates or terminates and in which the 871 service address is also located. 872 Except for the defined telecommunications 2. 873 services in item 3 of this subparagraph, a sale of telecommunications services sold on a basis other than a 874 875 call-by-call basis, is sourced to the customer's place of primary 876 use. 877 3. The sale of the following 878 telecommunications services shall be sourced to each level of 879 taxing jurisdiction as follows: 880 a. A sale of mobile telecommunications 881 services other than air-to-ground radiotelephone service and 882 prepaid calling service is sourced to the customer's place of 883 primary use as required by the Mobile Telecommunication Sourcing 884 Act. 885 A home service provider shall be Α. 886 responsible for obtaining and maintaining the customer's place of 887 primary use. The home service provider shall be entitled to rely

23/HR31/HB968A.5J PAGE 35 (BS/JAB) 888 on the applicable residential or business street address supplied 889 by such customer, if the home service provider's reliance is in 890 good faith; and the home service provider shall be held harmless 891 from liability for any additional taxes based on a different 892 determination of the place of primary use for taxes that are 893 customarily passed on to the customer as a separate itemized 894 charge. A home service provider shall be allowed to treat the 895 address used for purposes of the tax levied by this chapter for 896 any customer under a service contract in effect on August 1, 2002, 897 as that customer's place of primary use for the remaining term of 898 such service contract or agreement, excluding any extension or 899 renewal of such service contract or agreement. Month-to-month 900 services provided after the expiration of a contract shall be 901 treated as an extension or renewal of such contract or agreement. 902 Β. If the commissioner determines 903 that the address used by a home service provider as a customer's 904 place of primary use does not meet the definition of the term 905 "place of primary use" as defined in subitem a.A. of this item 3, 906 the commissioner shall give binding notice to the home service 907 provider to change the place of primary use on a prospective basis 908 from the date of notice of determination; however, the customer 909 shall have the opportunity, prior to such notice of determination, 910 to demonstrate that such address satisfies the definition. 911 С.

911 C. The department has the right to 912 collect any taxes due directly from the home service provider's

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914 definition of the term "place of primary use" which resulted in a 915 failure of tax otherwise due being remitted. 916 b. A sale of postpaid calling service is 917 sourced to the origination point of the telecommunications signal 918 as first identified by either: 919 The seller's telecommunications Α. 920 system; or 921 Information received by the Β. 922 seller from its service provider, where the system used to 923 transport such signals is not that of the seller. 924 c. A sale of a prepaid calling service 925 or prepaid wireless calling service shall be subject to the tax 926 imposed by this paragraph if the sale takes place in this state. 927 If the customer physically purchases a prepaid calling service or 928 prepaid wireless calling service at the vendor's place of 929 business, the sale is deemed to take place at the vendor's place

customer that has failed to provide an address that meets the

A. The customer's shipping address,if the sale involves a shipment;

of business. If the customer does not physically purchase the

service at the vendor's place of business, the sale of a prepaid

calling card or prepaid wireless calling card is deemed to take

place at the first of the following locations that applies to the

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sale:

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B. The customer's billing address;

23/HR31/HB968A.5J PAGE 37 (BS/JAB) 938 C. Any other address of the 939 customer that is known by the vendor; or 940 The address of the vendor, or D. alternatively, in the case of a prepaid wireless calling service, 941 942 the location associated with the mobile telephone number. 943 4. A sale of a private communication service 944 is sourced as follows: 945 Service for a separate charge related a. 946 to a customer channel termination point is sourced to each level of jurisdiction in which such customer channel termination point 947 is located. 948 949 Service where all customer b. 950 termination points are located entirely within one (1) 951 jurisdiction or levels of jurisdiction is sourced in such 952 jurisdiction in which the customer channel termination points are 953 located. 954 Service for segments of a channel с. 955 between two (2) customer channel termination points located in 956 different jurisdictions and which segments of a channel are 957 separately charged is sourced fifty percent (50%) in each level of 958 jurisdiction in which the customer channel termination points are 959 located. 960 d. Service for segments of a channel 961 located in more than one (1) jurisdiction or levels of jurisdiction and which segments are not separately billed is 962

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963 sourced in each jurisdiction based on the percentage determined by 964 dividing the number of customer channel termination points in such 965 jurisdiction by the total number of customer channel termination 966 points.

967 5. A sale of ancillary services is sourced to 968 the customer's place of primary use.

969 (vi) For purposes of subparagraph (v) of this 970 paragraph (d):

971 "Air-to-ground radiotelephone service" 1. means a radio service, as that term is defined in 47 CFR 22.99, in 972 973 which common carriers are authorized to offer and provide radio 974 telecommunications service for hire to subscribers in aircraft. 975 2. "Call-by-call basis" means any method of 976 charging for telecommunications services where the price is 977 measured by individual calls.

978 3. "Communications channel" means a physical 979 or virtual path of communications over which signals are 980 transmitted between or among customer channel termination points. 981 4. "Customer" means the person or entity that 982 contracts with the seller of telecommunications services. If the 983 end user of telecommunications services is not the contracting 984 party, the end user of the telecommunications service is the 985 customer of the telecommunications service. Customer does not 986 include a reseller of telecommunications service or for mobile 987 telecommunications service of a serving carrier under an agreement

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988 to serve the customer outside the home service provider's licensed 989 service area.

990 5. "Customer channel termination point" means 991 the location where the customer either inputs or receives the 992 communications.

993 6. "End user" means the person who utilizes 994 the telecommunications service. In the case of an entity, "end 995 user" means the individual who utilizes the service on behalf of 996 the entity.

997 7. "Home service provider" has the meaning
998 ascribed to such term in Section 124(5) of Public Law 106-252
999 (Mobile Telecommunications Sourcing Act).

1000 8. "Mobile telecommunications service" has 1001 the meaning ascribed to such term in Section 124(7) of Public Law 1002 106-252 (Mobile Telecommunications Sourcing Act).

9. "Place of primary use" means the street address representative of where the customer's use of the telecommunications service primarily occurs, which must be the residential street address or the primary business street address of the customer. In the case of mobile telecommunications services, the place of primary use must be within the licensed service area of the home service provider.

1010 10. "Post-paid calling service" means the 1011 telecommunications service obtained by making a payment on a 1012 call-by-call basis either through the use of a credit card or

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1013 payment mechanism such as a bank card, travel card, credit card or 1014 debit card, or by charge made to a telephone number which is not 1015 associated with the origination or termination of the 1016 telecommunications service. A post-paid calling service includes 1017 a telecommunications service, except a prepaid wireless calling 1018 service that would be a prepaid calling service except it is not 1019 exclusively a telecommunications service.

1020 11. "Prepaid calling service" means the right 1021 to access exclusively telecommunications services, which must be 1022 paid for in advance and which enables the origination of calls 1023 using an access number or authorization code, whether manually or 1024 electronically dialed, and that is sold in predetermined units or 1025 dollars of which the number declines with use in a known amount. 1026 "Prepaid wireless calling service" means 12. 1027 a telecommunications service that provides the right to utilize 1028 mobile wireless service as well as other nontelecommunications 1029 services, including the download of digital products delivered 1030 electronically, content and ancillary service, which must be paid 1031 for in advance that is sold in predetermined units or dollars of 1032 which the number declines with use in a known amount.

1033 13. "Private communication service" means a 1034 telecommunications service that entitles the customer to exclusive 1035 or priority use of a communications channel or group of channels 1036 between or among termination points, regardless of the manner in 1037 which such channel or channels are connected, and includes

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1038 switching capacity, extension lines, stations and any other 1039 associated services that are provided in connection with the use of such channel or channels. 1040 14. "Service address" means: 1041 1042 The location of the a. 1043 telecommunications equipment to which a customer's call is charged and from which the call originates or terminates, regardless of 1044 1045 where the call is billed or paid. 1046 b. If the location in subitem a of this 1047 item 14 is not known, the origination point of the signal of the 1048 telecommunications services first identified by either the 1049 seller's telecommunications system or in information received by 1050 the seller from its service provider, where the system used to transport such signals is not that of the seller. 1051 1052 c. If the location in subitems a and b 1053 of this item 14 are not known, the location of the customer's 1054 place of primary use. 1055 (vii) 1. For purposes of this subparagraph (vii), "bundled transaction" means a transaction that consists of 1056 1057 distinct and identifiable properties or services which are sold 1058 for a single nonitemized price but which are treated differently 1059 for tax purposes. 1060 2. In the case of a bundled transaction that 1061 includes telecommunications services, ancillary services, Internet 1062 access, or audio or video programming services taxed under this

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1063 chapter in which the price of the bundled transaction is 1064 attributable to properties or services that are taxable and 1065 nontaxable, the portion of the price that is attributable to any 1066 nontaxable property or service shall be subject to the tax unless 1067 the provider can reasonably identify that portion from its books 1068 and records kept in the regular course of business.

1069 In the case of a bundled transaction that 3. 1070 includes telecommunications services, ancillary services, Internet 1071 access, audio or video programming services subject to tax under 1072 this chapter in which the price is attributable to properties or 1073 services that are subject to the tax but the tax revenue from the different properties or services are dedicated to different funds 1074 1075 or purposes, the provider shall allocate the price among the 1076 properties or services:

a. By reasonably identifying the portion
of the price attributable to each of the properties and services
from its books and records kept in the regular course of business;
or

1081 b. Based on a reasonable allocation 1082 methodology approved by the department.

4. This subparagraph (vii) shall not create a right of action for a customer to require that the provider or the department, for purposes of determining the amount of tax applicable to a bundled transaction, allocate the price to the different portions of the transaction in order to minimize the

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1088 amount of tax charged to the customer. A customer shall not be 1089 entitled to rely on the fact that a portion of the price is 1090 attributable to properties or services not subject to tax unless the provider elects, after receiving a written request from the 1091 1092 customer in the form required by the provider, to provide 1093 verifiable data based upon the provider's books and records that 1094 are kept in the regular course of business that reasonably 1095 identifies the portion of the price attributable to the properties 1096 or services not subject to the tax.

(2) Persons making sales to consumers of electricity, current, power, natural gas, liquefied petroleum gas or other fuel for residential heating, lighting or other residential noncommercial or nonagricultural use or sales of potable water for residential, noncommercial or nonagricultural use shall indicate on each statement rendered to customers that such charges are exempt from sales taxes.

(3) There is hereby levied, assessed and shall be paid on transportation charges on shipments moving between points within this state when paid directly by the consumer, a tax equal to the rate applicable to the sale of the property being transported. Such tax shall be reported and paid directly to the Department of Revenue by the consumer.

SECTION 13. Section 27-65-93, Mississippi Code of 1972, is brought forward as follows:

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The commissioner shall, from time to time, 1112 27-65-93. (1) 1113 promulgate rules and regulations, not inconsistent with the provisions of the sales tax law, for making returns and for the 1114 1115 ascertainment, assessment and collection of the tax imposed by the 1116 sales tax law as he may deem necessary to enforce its provisions; 1117 and, upon request, he shall furnish any taxpayer with a copy of 1118 the rules and regulations.

1119 (2) All forms, necessary for the enforcement of the sales 1120 tax law, shall be prescribed, printed and furnished by the 1121 commissioner.

1122 (3)The commissioner may adopt rules and regulations 1123 providing for the issuance of permits to manufacturers, utilities, 1124 construction contractors, companies receiving bond financing through the Mississippi Business Finance Corporation or the 1125 1126 Mississippi Development Authority, and other taxpayers as 1127 determined by the commissioner, and the commissioner shall adopt 1128 rules and regulations providing for the issuance of a permit to any qualified business or industry, which is certified as such by 1129 1130 the Mississippi Development Authority pursuant to the Mississippi 1131 Flexible Tax Incentive Act and awarded any mFlex tax incentive 1132 amount for such qualified business's or industry's qualified 1133 economic development project, certified as such by the Mississippi 1134 Development Authority pursuant to the Mississippi Flexible Tax 1135 Incentive Act, to purchase tangible personal property taxed under Section 27-65-17, items taxed under Section 27-65-18, items taxed 1136

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1137 under Section 27-65-19, services taxed under Section 27-65-23, 1138 items taxed under Section 27-65-24, and items taxed under Section 27-65-26 without the payment to the vendor of the tax imposed by 1139 1140 the sales and use tax laws, and providing for persons to report 1141 and pay the tax directly to the commissioner in instances where 1142 the commissioner determines that these provisions will facilitate and expedite the collection of the tax at the proper rates which 1143 1144 may be due on purchases by the permittee. Under the provisions of 1145 this chapter, the vendor is relieved of collecting and remitting 1146 the taxes specified hereunder and the person holding the permit 1147 shall become liable for such taxes instead of the seller. The 1148 full enforcement provisions of the sales tax law shall apply in 1149 the collection of the tax from the permittee.

SECTION 14. Section 27-67-5, Mississippi Code of 1972, is brought forward as follows:

1152 27-67-5. There is hereby levied, assessed and shall be 1153 collected from every person a tax for the privilege of using, 1154 storing or consuming, within this state, any tangible personal 1155 property or specified digital product possession of which is 1156 acquired in any manner.

(a) The use tax hereby imposed and levied shall be collected at the same rates as imposed under Section 27-65-20, and Sections 27-65-17, 27-65-18, 27-65-19, 27-65-24, 27-65-25 and 27-65-26 computed on the purchase or sales price, or value, as defined in this article.

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1162 (b) It shall be the duty of the tax collectors of the 1163 several counties, or the commissioner, as the case may be, to collect, remit and account for the tax on the use of all vehicles 1164 1165 licensed or registered by the State of Mississippi for the first 1166 time, except when the Mississippi use tax was collected by an 1167 authorized out-of-state dealer at the time of purchase, or when the use thereof was exempt by Section 27-67-7. 1168 The tax collector 1169 or the commissioner shall give to the person registering the 1170 vehicle a receipt in a form prescribed and furnished by the Department of Revenue for the amount of tax collected. 1171

1172 The tax collector or commissioner is expressly prohibited 1173 from issuing a license tag to any applicant without collecting the 1174 tax levied by this article, unless positive proof is filed, 1175 together with the application for the license tag, that the 1176 Mississippi tax has been paid, or that the sale was exempt by 1177 Section 27-67-7.

1178 Persons not engaging and continuing in business so as to be registered for payment of sales and/or use tax may pay use tax due 1179 1180 on the first use of boats, airplanes, equipment or other tangible 1181 personal property and specified digital products to county tax 1182 collectors who are hereby authorized to accept such payments on 1183 behalf of the commissioner. Receipts for all such payments shall 1184 be given to taxpayers in a form prescribed and furnished by the 1185 Department of Revenue.

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County tax collectors and the commissioner shall be liable 1186 1187 for the tax they are required hereby to collect, and taxes which are in fact collected under authority of this section; and failure 1188 1189 to properly collect or maintain proper records shall not relieve 1190 them of liability for payment to the commissioner. Deficiencies 1191 in collection or payment shall be assessed against the tax 1192 collector or commissioner in the same manner and subject to the 1193 same penalties and provisions for appeal as are deficiencies 1194 assessed against taxpayers.

A dealer authorized to collect and remit the tax to the Department of Revenue shall give to the purchaser a receipt for the payment of the tax, in a form prescribed and furnished by the commissioner, which shall serve as proof of payment to the tax collector of the county in which the license is to be issued.

1200 Each tax collector of the several counties shall, on or 1201 before the twentieth day of each month, file a report with and pay 1202 to the commissioner all funds collected under the provisions of 1203 this article, less a commission of five percent (5%) which shall 1204 be retained by the tax collector as a commission for collecting 1205 such tax and be deposited in the county general fund. The report 1206 required to be filed shall cover all collections made during the 1207 calendar month next preceding the date on which the report is due 1208 and filed.

1209 Any error in the report and remittance to the commissioner 1210 may be adjusted on a subsequent report. If the error was in the

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1211 collection by the tax collector, it shall be adjusted through the 1212 tax collector with the taxpayer before credit is allowed by the 1213 commissioner.

All information relating to the collection of use tax by tax collectors and such records as the commissioner may require shall be preserved in the tax collector's office for a period of three (3) years for audit by the commissioner.

1218 **SECTION 15.** Sections 5, 6, 7 and 8 of this act shall be 1219 codified as new sections in Chapter 65, Title 27, Mississippi Code 1220 of 1972. Sections 9 and 10 of this act shall be codified as new 1221 sections in Chapter 67, Title 27, Mississippi Code of 1972.

1222 SECTION 16. This act shall take effect and be in force from 1223 and after July 1, 2023.

Further, amend by striking the title in its entirety and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

1 AN ACT TO AMEND SECTION 27-65-3, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, TO 2 REVISE THE DEFINITION OF THE TERM "TANGIBLE PERSONAL PROPERTY" 3 UNDER THE STATE SALES TAX LAW; TO DEFINE THE TERMS "COMPUTER 4 SOFTWARE", "COMPUTER SOFTWARE SERVICE" AND "COMPUTER SERVICE" 5 UNDER THE STATE SALES TAX LAW; TO AMEND SECTION 27-65-23, 6 MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, TO CLARIFY THE TAXATION OF COMPUTER 7 SERVICE; TO REVISE THE TYPE OF APPORTIONMENT FORMULAE THAT MAY BE 8 USED WHEN A TAXPAYER PERFORMS UNITARY SERVICES; TO AMEND SECTION 9 27-67-3, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, TO REVISE THE DEFINITION OF THE TERM "TANGIBLE PERSONAL PROPERTY" UNDER THE STATE USE TAX LAW; TO 10 11 DEFINE THE TERM "COMPUTER SOFTWARE" UNDER THE STATE USE TAX LAW; 12 TO PROVIDE THAT A TAXPAYER THAT HAS PAID A SALES TAX IN ANOTHER 13 STATE ON COMPUTER SOFTWARE, COMPUTER SOFTWARE SERVICE OR COMPUTER SERVICE THAT IS TAXABLE IN THIS STATE SHALL BE ALLOWED A CREDIT 14 15 AGAINST THE TAX IMPOSED IN THIS STATE ON SUCH COMPUTER SOFTWARE, 16 COMPUTER SOFTWARE SERVICE OR COMPUTER SERVICE TO THE EXTENT THAT 17 THE AMOUNT OF THE OTHER TAX IS PROPERLY DUE AND ACTUALLY PAID IN 18 THE OTHER STATE AND TO THE EXTENT THAT THE RATE OF SALES TAX

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19 IMPOSED BY AND PAID IN THE OTHER STATE DOES NOT EXCEED THE RATE OF 20 SALES TAX IMPOSED IN THIS STATE; TO PROVIDE FOR THE ALLOCATION OF TAXABLE AND NONTAXABLE PORTIONS OF COMPUTER SOFTWARE, COMPUTER 21 22 SOFTWARE SERVICE OR COMPUTER SERVICE IN BUNDLED TRANSACTIONS; TO 23 PROVIDE A METHOD FOR A TAXPAYER THAT PAID SALES OR USE TAX TO A 24 VENDOR THAT COLLECTED AND REMITTED SUCH TAXES TO THE DEPARTMENT OF 25 REVENUE TO REQUEST A REFUND FROM THE DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE FOR 26 EXCESS TAXES COLLECTED BY THE VENDOR; TO CLARIFY THAT A TAXPAYER 27 USING COMPUTER SOFTWARE, COMPUTER SOFTWARE SERVICE OR COMPUTER 2.8 SERVICE FROM BOTH WITHIN AND WITHOUT MISSISSIPPI, MAY APPORTION 29 THE SALES TAX OR USE TAX ON THE PURCHASE OF COMPUTER SOFTWARE, 30 COMPUTER SOFTWARE SERVICE OR COMPUTER SERVICE ACCORDING TO THE USE 31 IN MISSISSIPPI COMPARED TO THE TOTAL USE IN ALL STATES; TO BRING 32 FORWARD SECTION 27-65-7, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, WHICH DEFINES 33 CERTAIN TERMS UNDER THE STATE SALES TAX, FOR THE PURPOSES OF 34 POSSIBLE AMENDMENT; TO BRING FORWARD SECTION 27-65-19, MISSISSIPPI 35 CODE OF 1972, WHICH LEVIES SALES TAX ON UTILITIES, FOR THE 36 PURPOSES OF POSSIBLE AMENDMENT; TO BRING FORWARD SECTION 27-65-93, 37 MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, WHICH PROVIDES FOR CERTAIN DUTIES OF THE 38 COMMISSIONER OF REVENUE UNDER THE STATE SALES TAX LAW, FOR THE 39 PURPOSES OF POSSIBLE AMENDMENT; TO BRING FORWARD SECTION 27-67-5, 40 MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, WHICH PROVIDES FOR THE LEVY OF USE TAX, 41 FOR THE PURPOSES OF POSSIBLE AMENDMENT; AND FOR RELATED PURPOSES.