House Amendments to Senate Bill No. 2449

TO THE SECRETARY OF THE SENATE:

THIS IS TO INFORM YOU THAT THE HOUSE HAS ADOPTED THE AMENDMENTS SET OUT BELOW:

AMENDMENT NO. 1

Amend by striking all after the enacting clause and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

- 61 **SECTION 1.** Section 27-65-3, Mississippi Code of 1972, is
- 62 amended as follows:
- 63 27-65-3. The words, terms and phrases, when used in this
- 64 chapter, shall have the meanings ascribed to them herein.
- 65 (a) "Tax Commission" or "department" means the
- 66 Department of Revenue of the State of Mississippi.
- (b) "Commissioner" means the Commissioner of Revenue of
- 68 the Department of Revenue.
- (c) "Person" means and includes any individual, firm,
- 70 copartnership, joint venture, association, corporation, promoter
- 71 of a temporary event, estate, trust or other group or combination
- 72 acting as a unit, and includes the plural as well as the singular
- 73 in number. "Person" shall include husband or wife, or both, where
- 74 joint benefits are derived from the operation of a business taxed
- 75 hereunder. "Person" shall also include any state, county,
- 76 municipal or other agency or association engaging in a business
- 77 taxable under this chapter.

- 78 (d) "Tax year" or "taxable year" means either the 79 calendar year or the taxpayer's fiscal year.
- 80 "Taxpayer" means any person liable for or having paid any tax to the State of Mississippi under the provisions of 81 82 this chapter. A taxpayer is required to obtain a sales tax permit 83 under Section 27-65-27 before engaging in business in this state. 84 If a taxpayer fails to obtain a sales tax permit before engaging 85 in business in this state, the taxpayer shall pay the retail rate 86 on all purchases of tangible personal property and/or services in 87 this state, even if purchased for resale. Upon obtaining a sales 88 tax permit, a previously unregistered taxpayer shall file sales 89 tax returns for all tax periods during which he engaged in 90 business in this state without a sales tax permit, and report and pay the sales tax accruing from his operation during this period 91 and any applicable penalties and interest. On such return, the 92 93 taxpayer may take a credit for any sales taxes paid during the 94 period he operated without a sales tax permit on a purchase that would have constituted a wholesale sale if the taxpayer had a 95 96 sales tax permit at the time of the purchase and if proper documentation exists to substantiate a wholesale sale. 97 98 credit may also be allowed in any audit of the taxpayer. 99 penalties and interest owed by the taxpayer on the return or in an 100 audit for a period during which he operated without a sales tax 101 permit may be determined based on the sales tax accruing from the 102 taxpayer's operation for that period after the taking of this

credit.

- 104 (f) "Sale" or "sales" includes the barter or exchange
- 105 of property as well as the sale thereof for money or other
- 106 consideration, and every closed transaction by which the title to
- 107 taxable property passes shall constitute a taxable event.
- "Sale" shall also include the passing of title to property
- 109 for a consideration of coupons, trading stamps or by any other
- 110 means when redemption is subsequent to the original sale by which
- 111 the coupon, stamp or other obligation was created.
- The situs of a sale for the purpose of distributing taxes to
- 113 municipalities shall be the same as the location of the business
- 114 from which the sale is made except that:
- 115 (i) Retail sales along a route from a vehicle or
- 116 otherwise by a transient vendor shall take the situs of delivery
- 117 to the customer.
- 118 (ii) The situs of wholesale sales of tangible
- 119 personal property taxed at wholesale rates, the amount of which is
- 120 allowed as a credit against the sales tax liability of the
- 121 retailer, shall be the same as the location of the business of the
- 122 retailer receiving the credit.
- 123 (iii) The situs of wholesale sales of tangible
- 124 personal property taxed at wholesale rates, the amount of which is
- 125 not allowed as a credit against the sales tax liability of the
- 126 retailer, shall have a rural situs.
- 127 (iv) Income received from the renting or leasing
- 128 of property used for transportation purposes between cities or
- 129 counties shall have a rural situs.

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(g) "Delivery charges" shall mean and include any
expenses incurred by a seller in acquiring merchandise for sale in
the regular course of business commonly known as "freight-in" or
"transportation costs-in." "Delivery charges" also include any
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- 134 charges made by the seller for delivery of property sold to the
- 135 purchaser.
- 136 (h) "Gross proceeds of sales" means the value
- 137 proceeding or accruing from the full sale price of tangible
- 138 personal property, including installation charges, without any
- 139 deduction for delivery charges, cost of property sold, other
- 140 expenses or losses, or taxes of any kind except those expressly
- 141 exempt by this chapter.
- "Gross proceeds of sales" includes consideration received by
- 143 the seller from third parties if:
- 144 (i) The seller actually received consideration
- 145 from a party other than the purchaser and the consideration is
- 146 directly related to a price reduction or discount on the sale;
- 147 (ii) The seller has an obligation to pass the
- 148 price reduction or discount through to the purchaser;
- 149 (iii) The amount of the consideration attributable
- 150 to the sale is fixed and determinable by the seller at the time of
- 151 the sale of the item to the purchaser; and
- 152 (iv) One (1) of the following criteria is met:
- 153 1. The purchaser presents a coupon,
- 154 certificate or other documentation to the seller to claim a price
- 155 reduction or discount where the coupon, certificate or

156 documentation is authorized, distributed or granted by a third

157 party with the understanding that the third party will reimburse

158 any seller to whom the coupon, certificate or documentation is

159 presented;

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160 2. The purchaser identified himself or

161 herself to the seller as a member of a group or organization

162 entitled to a price reduction or discount (a "preferred customer"

163 card that is available to any patron does not constitute

164 membership in such a group); or

165 The price reduction or discount is 3.

166 identified as a third-party price reduction or discount on the

invoice received by the purchaser or on a coupon, certificate or

168 other documentation presented by the purchaser.

169 Where a trade-in is taken as part payment on tangible

personal property sold, "gross proceeds of sales" shall include

171 only the difference received between the selling price of the

172 tangible personal property and the amount allowed for a trade-in

of property of the same kind. When the trade-in is subsequently

174 sold, the selling price thereof shall be included in "gross

proceeds of sales." 175

176 "Gross proceeds of sales" shall include the value of any

177 goods, wares, merchandise or property purchased at wholesale or

manufactured, and any mineral or natural resources produced, which 178

179 are withdrawn or used from an established business or from the

stock in trade for consumption or any other use in the business or

181 by the owner. However, "gross proceeds of sales" does not include

- 182 meals prepared by a restaurant and provided at no charge to
- 183 employees of the restaurant or donated to a charitable
- 184 organization that regularly provides food to the needy and the
- 185 indigent and which has been granted exemption from the federal
- 186 income tax as an organization described in Section 501(c)(3) of
- 187 the Internal Revenue Code of 1986.
- "Gross proceeds of sales" shall not include bad check or
- 189 draft service charges as provided for in Section 97-19-57.
- "Gross proceeds of sales" does not include finance charges,
- 191 carrying charges or any other addition to the selling price as a
- 192 result of deferred payments by the purchaser.
- 193 (i) "Gross income" means the total charges for service
- 194 or the total receipts (actual or accrued) derived from trades,
- 195 business or commerce by reason of the investment of capital in the
- 196 business engaged in, including the sale or rental of tangible
- 197 personal property, compensation for labor and services performed,
- 198 and including the receipts from the sales of property retained as
- 199 toll, without any deduction for rebates, cost of property sold,
- 200 cost of materials used, labor costs, interest paid, losses or any
- 201 expense whatever.
- "Gross income" shall also include the cost of property given
- 203 as compensation when the property is consumed by a person
- 204 performing a taxable service for the donor.
- 205 However, "gross income" or "gross proceeds of sales" shall
- 206 not be construed to include the value of goods returned by
- 207 customers when the total sale price is refunded either in cash or

- by credit, or cash discounts allowed and taken on sales. Cash discounts shall not include the value of trading stamps given with a sale of property.
- 211 (j) "Tangible personal property" means personal
 212 property perceptible to the human senses or by chemical analysis
 213 as opposed to real property or intangibles and shall include
 214 property sold on an installed basis which may become a part of
 215 real or personal property. "Tangible personal property" shall
 216 also include computer software but shall not include
- 217 <u>electronically stored or maintained data.</u>
- 218 (k) "Installation charges" shall mean and include the 219 charge for the application of tangible personal property to real 220 or personal property without regard to whether or not it becomes a 221 part of the real property or retains its personal property 222 classification. It shall include, but not be limited to, sales in 223 place of roofing, tile, glass, carpets, drapes, fences, awnings, 224 window air-conditioning units, gasoline pumps, window guards, 225 floor coverings, carports, store fixtures, aluminum and plastic 226 siding, tombstones and similar personal property.
 - (1) "Newspaper" means a periodical which:
- (i) Is not published primarily for advertising
 purposes and has not contained more than seventy-five percent
 (75%) advertising in more than one-half (1/2) of its issues during
 any consecutive twelve-month period excluding separate advertising
 supplements inserted into but separately identifiable from any
 regular issue or issues;

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                    (ii) Has been established and published
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- 235 continuously for at least twelve (12) months;
- 236 Is regularly issued at stated intervals no (iii)
- 237 less frequently than once a week, bears a date of issue, and is
- 238 numbered consecutively; provided, however, that publication on
- 239 legal holidays of this state or of the United States and on
- 240 Saturdays and Sundays shall not be required, and failure to
- 241 publish not more than two (2) regular issues in any calendar year
- 242 shall not exclude a periodical from this definition;
- 243 Is issued from a known office of publication, (iv)
- 244 which shall be the principal public business office of the
- 245 newspaper and need not be the place at which the periodical is
- 246 printed and a newspaper shall be deemed to be "published" at the
- 247 place where its known office of publication is located;
- Is formed of printed sheets; provided, 248 (∇)
- 249 however, that a periodical that is reproduced by the stencil,
- 250 mimeograph or hectograph process shall not be considered to be a
- 251 "newspaper"; and
- 252 Is originated and published for the (vi)
- 253 dissemination of current news and intelligence of varied, broad
- 254 and general public interest, announcements and notices, opinions
- 255 as editorials on a regular or irregular basis, and advertising and
- 256 miscellaneous reading matter.
- 257 The term "newspaper" shall include periodicals which are
- designed primarily for free circulation or for circulation at 258

259 nominal rates as well as those which are designed for circulation 260 at more than a nominal rate.

The term "newspaper" shall not include a publication or periodical which is published, sponsored by, is directly supported financially by, or is published to further the interests of, or is directed to, or has a circulation restricted, in whole or in part, to any particular sect, denomination, labor or fraternal organization or other special group or class or citizens.

For purposes of this paragraph, a periodical designed primarily for free circulation or circulation at nominal rates shall not be considered to be a newspaper unless such periodical has made an application for such status to the department in the manner prescribed by the department and has provided to the department documentation satisfactory to the department showing that such periodical meets the requirements of the definition of the term "newspaper." However, if such periodical has been determined to be a newspaper under action taken by the department on or before April 11, 1996, such periodical shall be considered to be a newspaper without the necessity of applying for such A determination by the Department of Revenue that a status. publication is a newspaper shall be limited to the application of this chapter and shall not establish that the publication is a newspaper for any other purpose.

282 (m) "MPC" or "Material Purchase Certificate" means a
283 certificate for which a person that is liable for the tax levy
284 under Section 27-65-21 can apply and obtain from the commissioner,

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285 and when issued, entitles the holder to purchase materials and 286 services that are to become a component part of a structure to be 287 erected or repaired with no tax due. Any person taxable under 288 Section 27-65-21 who obtains an MPC for a project and purchases 289 materials and services in this state that are to become a 290 component part of a structure being erected or repaired in the 291 project and at any time pays sales tax on these purchases may, 292 after obtaining the MPC for the project, take a credit against his 293 sales taxes for the sales tax paid on these purchases if proper 294 documentation exists to substantiate the payment of the sales tax 295 on the purchase of component materials and services. This credit 296 may also be allowed in any audit of the taxpayer. Any penalties 297 and interest owed by the taxpayer on the return or in the audit 298 where this credit is taken may be determined based on the sales 299 tax due after the taking of this credit.

300 **SECTION 2.** Section 27-65-7, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 301 amended as follows:

27-65-7. "Retailer" shall apply to a person making retail sales through vending machines, by maintaining a store, or operating as a transient vendor, or renting or leasing tangible personal property. Retailer also includes persons who facilitate the sale of services or tangible personal property that belongs to a third party.

"Retail sales" shall mean and include all sales of tangible personal property physically or electronically delivered or Located within this state except those defined herein as wholesale

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- 311 and those made to a wholesaler, jobber, manufacturer or custom
- 312 processor for resale or for further processing.
- 313 "Retail sale" shall include the value of any tangible
- 314 personal property manufactured or purchased at wholesale which is
- 315 withdrawn from the business or stock in trade and is used or
- 316 consumed within this state in the business or by the owner or by
- 317 any other person, whether or not in the regular course of business
- 318 or trade.
- 319 "Retail sale" shall also include a sale invoiced to a
- 320 retailer but delivered to another person who pays for the
- 321 merchandise upon taking possession.
- "Retail sale" shall also include a sale made or facilitated
- 323 by a person regularly engaged in the sale or facilitation of sales
- 324 of services or tangible personal property. "Retail sale" does not
- 325 include a sale by a third-party food delivery service that
- 326 delivers food from an unrelated restaurant to a customer,
- 327 regardless of whether the customer orders and pays for the food
- 328 through the delivery service or whether the delivery service adds
- 329 fees or upcharges to the price of the food.
- 330 Computer software maintained on a server located outside the
- 331 state and accessible for use only via the Internet is not a
- 332 taxable retail sale.
- 333 **SECTION 3.** Section 27-65-19, Mississippi Code of 1972, is
- 334 amended as follows:
- 27-65-19. (1) (a) (i) Except as otherwise provided in
- 336 this subsection, upon every person selling to consumers,

337 electricity, current, power, potable water, steam, coal, natural

338 gas, liquefied petroleum gas or other fuel, there is hereby

339 levied, assessed and shall be collected a tax equal to seven

340 percent (7%) of the gross income of the business. Provided, gross

341 income from sales to consumers of electricity, current, power,

342 natural gas, liquefied petroleum gas or other fuel for residential

343 heating, lighting or other residential noncommercial or

344 nonagricultural use, and sales of potable water for residential,

345 noncommercial or nonagricultural use shall be excluded from

346 taxable gross income of the business. Provided further, upon

347 every such seller using electricity, current, power, potable

348 water, steam, coal, natural gas, liquefied petroleum gas or other

349 fuel for nonindustrial purposes, there is hereby levied, assessed

350 and shall be collected a tax equal to seven percent (7%) of the

351 cost or value of the product or service used.

352 (ii) Gross income from sales to a church that is

353 exempt from federal income taxation under 26 USCS Section

354 501(c)(3) of electricity, current, power, natural gas, liquefied

355 petroleum gas or other fuel for heating, lighting or other use,

356 and sales of potable water to such a church shall be excluded from

357 taxable gross income of the business if the electricity, current,

358 power, natural gas, liquefied petroleum gas or potable water is

359 utilized on property that is primarily used for religious or

360 educational purposes.

361 (b) (i) There is hereby levied, assessed and shall be

collected a tax equal to one and one-half percent (1-1/2%) of the

- 363 gross income of the business from the sale of naturally occurring
- 364 carbon dioxide and anthropogenic carbon dioxide lawfully injected
- 365 into the earth for:
- 366 1. Use in an enhanced oil recovery project,
- 367 including, but not limited to, use for cycling, repressuring or
- 368 lifting of oil; or
- 369 2. Permanent sequestration in a geological
- 370 formation.
- 371 (ii) The one and one-half percent (1-1/2%) rate
- 372 provided for in this subsection shall apply to electricity,
- 373 current, power, steam, coal, natural gas, liquefied petroleum gas
- 374 or other fuel that is sold to a producer of oil and gas for use
- 375 directly in enhanced oil recovery using carbon dioxide and/or the
- 376 permanent sequestration of carbon dioxide in a geological
- 377 formation.
- 378 (c) The one and one-half percent (1-1/2%) rate provided
- 379 for in this subsection shall not apply to sales of fuel for
- 380 automobiles, trucks, truck-tractors, buses, farm tractors or
- 381 airplanes.
- 382 (d) (i) Upon every person providing services in this
- 383 state, there is hereby levied, assessed and shall be collected:
- 384 1. A tax equal to seven percent (7%) of the
- 385 gross income received from all charges for intrastate
- 386 telecommunications services.

- 387 2. A tax equal to seven percent (7%) of the
- 388 gross income received from all charges for interstate
- 389 telecommunications services.
- 390 3. A tax equal to seven percent (7%) of the
- 391 gross income received from all charges for international
- 392 telecommunications services.
- 393 4. A tax equal to seven percent (7%) of the
- 394 gross income received from all charges for ancillary services.
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- 396 Sales of computer software, computer software services,
- 397 specified digital products, or other products delivered
- 398 electronically, including, but not limited to, music, games,
- 399 reading materials or ring tones, shall be taxed as provided in
- 400 other sections of this chapter.
- 401 (ii) A person, upon proof that he has paid a tax
- 402 in another state on an event described in subparagraph (i) of this
- 403 paragraph (d), shall be allowed a credit against the tax imposed
- 404 in this paragraph (d) on interstate telecommunications service
- 405 charges to the extent that the amount of such tax is properly due
- 406 and actually paid in such other state and to the extent that the
- 407 rate of sales tax imposed by and paid in such other state does not
- 408 exceed the rate of sales tax imposed by this paragraph (d).
- 409 (iii) Charges by one (1) telecommunications
- 410 provider to another telecommunications provider holding a permit
- 411 issued under Section 27-65-27 for services that are resold by such
- 412 other telecommunications provider, including, but not limited to,

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access charges, shall not be subject to the tax levied pursuant to this paragraph (d).
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- 415 (iv) For purposes of this paragraph (d):
- 1. "Telecommunications service" means the
- 417 electronic transmission, conveyance or routing of voice, data,
- 418 audio, video or any other information or signals to a point, or
- 419 between points. The term "telecommunications service" includes
- 420 such transmission, conveyance or routing in which computer
- 421 processing applications are used to act on the form, code or
- 422 protocol of the content for purposes of transmission, conveyance
- 423 or routing without regard to whether such service is referred to
- 424 as voice over Internet protocol services or is classified by the
- 425 Federal Communications Commission as enhanced or value added. The
- 426 term "telecommunications service" shall not include:
- 427 a. Data processing and information
- 428 services that allow data to be generated, acquired, stored,
- 429 processed or retrieved and delivered by an electronic transmission
- 430 to a purchaser where such purchaser's primary purpose for the
- 431 underlying transaction is the processed data or information;
- 432 b. Installation or maintenance of wiring
- 433 or equipment on a customer's premises;
- c. Tangible personal property;
- d. Advertising, including, but not
- 436 limited to, directory advertising;
- 437 e. Billing and collection services
- 438 provided to third parties;

439	f. Internet access service;
440	g. Radio and television audio and video
441	programming services regardless of the medium, including the
442	furnishing of transmission, conveyance and routing of such
443	services by the programming service provider. Radio and
444	television audio and video programming services shall include, but
445	not be limited to, cable service as defined in 47 USCS 522(6) and
446	audio and video programming services delivered by commercial
447	mobile radio service providers, as defined in 47 CFR 20.3;
448	h. Ancillary services; or
449	i. Digital products delivered
450	electronically, including, but not limited to, computer_software ,
451	computer software services, electronically stored or maintained
452	data, music, video, reading materials, specified digital products,
453	or ring tones.
454	2. "Ancillary services" means services that
455	are associated with or incidental to the provision of
456	telecommunications services, including, but not limited to,
457	detailed telecommunications billing, directory assistance,
458	vertical service and voice mail service.
459	a. "Conference bridging" means an
460	ancillary service that links two (2) or more participants of an
461	audio or video conference call and may include the provision of a
462	telephone number. Conference bridging does not include the
463	telecommunications services used to reach the conference bridge.

- b. "Detailed telecommunications billing
- 465 service" means an ancillary service of separately stating
- 466 information pertaining to individual calls on a customer's billing
- 467 statement.
- 468 c. "Directory assistance" means an
- 469 ancillary service of providing telephone number information and/or
- 470 address information.
- d. "Vertical service" means an ancillary
- 472 service that is offered in connection with one or more
- 473 telecommunications services, which offers advanced calling
- 474 features that allow customers to identify callers and to manage
- 475 multiple calls and call connections, including conference bridging
- 476 services.
- 477 e. "Voice mail service" means an
- 478 ancillary service that enables the customer to store, send or
- 479 receive recorded messages. Voice mail service does not include
- 480 any vertical services that the customer may be required to have in
- 481 order to utilize the voice mail service.
- 482 3. "Intrastate" means telecommunications
- 483 service that originates in one (1) United States state or United
- 484 States territory or possession, and terminates in the same United
- 485 States state or United States territory or possession.
- 486 4. "Interstate" means a telecommunications
- 487 service that originates in one (1) United States state or United
- 488 States territory or possession, and terminates in a different
- 489 United States state or United States territory or possession.

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                              "International" means a telecommunications
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- 491 service that originates or terminates in the United States and
- 492 terminates or originates outside the United States, respectively.
- 493 (v) For purposes of paragraph (d), the following
- 494 sourcing rules shall apply:
- 495 1. Except for the defined telecommunications
- services in item 3 of this subparagraph, the sales of 496
- 497 telecommunications services sold on a call-by-call basis shall be
- 498 sourced to:
- 499 a. Each level of taxing jurisdiction
- 500 where the call originates and terminates in that jurisdiction, or
- 501 Each level of taxing jurisdiction
- 502 where the call either originates or terminates and in which the
- 503 service address is also located.
- 504 2. Except for the defined telecommunications
- 505 services in item 3 of this subparagraph, a sale of
- telecommunications services sold on a basis other than a 506
- 507 call-by-call basis, is sourced to the customer's place of primary
- 508 use.
- 509 3. The sale of the following
- 510 telecommunications services shall be sourced to each level of
- 511 taxing jurisdiction as follows:
- 512 a. A sale of mobile telecommunications
- 513 services other than air-to-ground radiotelephone service and
- prepaid calling service is sourced to the customer's place of 514

515 primary use as required by the Mobile Telecommunication Sourcing 516 Act.

A home service provider shall be responsible for obtaining and maintaining the customer's place of primary use. The home service provider shall be entitled to rely on the applicable residential or business street address supplied by such customer, if the home service provider's reliance is in good faith; and the home service provider shall be held harmless from liability for any additional taxes based on a different determination of the place of primary use for taxes that are customarily passed on to the customer as a separate itemized charge. A home service provider shall be allowed to treat the address used for purposes of the tax levied by this chapter for any customer under a service contract in effect on August 1, 2002, as that customer's place of primary use for the remaining term of such service contract or agreement, excluding any extension or renewal of such service contract or agreement. Month-to-month services provided after the expiration of a contract shall be treated as an extension or renewal of such contract or agreement.

B. If the commissioner determines that the address used by a home service provider as a customer's place of primary use does not meet the definition of the term "place of primary use" as defined in subitem a.A. of this item 3, the commissioner shall give binding notice to the home service provider to change the place of primary use on a prospective basis from the date of notice of determination; however, the customer

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- 541 shall have the opportunity, prior to such notice of determination,
- 542 to demonstrate that such address satisfies the definition.
- 543 C. The department has the right to
- 544 collect any taxes due directly from the home service provider's
- 545 customer that has failed to provide an address that meets the
- 546 definition of the term "place of primary use" which resulted in a
- 547 failure of tax otherwise due being remitted.
- b. A sale of postpaid calling service is
- 549 sourced to the origination point of the telecommunications signal
- 550 as first identified by either:
- A. The seller's telecommunications
- 552 system; or
- 553 B. Information received by the
- 554 seller from its service provider, where the system used to
- 555 transport such signals is not that of the seller.
- 556 c. A sale of a prepaid calling service
- 557 or prepaid wireless calling service shall be subject to the tax
- 558 imposed by this paragraph if the sale takes place in this state.
- 559 If the customer physically purchases a prepaid calling service or
- 560 prepaid wireless calling service at the vendor's place of
- 561 business, the sale is deemed to take place at the vendor's place
- 562 of business. If the customer does not physically purchase the
- 563 service at the vendor's place of business, the sale of a prepaid
- 564 calling card or prepaid wireless calling card is deemed to take
- 565 place at the first of the following locations that applies to the
- 566 sale:

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                                        The customer's shipping address,
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     if the sale involves a shipment;
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                                        The customer's billing address;
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                                    C. Any other address of the
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     customer that is known by the vendor; or
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                                    D.
                                        The address of the vendor, or
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     alternatively, in the case of a prepaid wireless calling service,
     the location associated with the mobile telephone number.
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                          4. A sale of a private communication service
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     is sourced as follows:
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a. Service for a separate charge related to a customer channel termination point is sourced to each level of jurisdiction in which such customer channel termination point is located.

581 b. Service where all customer
582 termination points are located entirely within one (1)
583 jurisdiction or levels of jurisdiction is sourced in such
584 jurisdiction in which the customer channel termination points are
585 located.

586 c. Service for segments of a channel
587 between two (2) customer channel termination points located in
588 different jurisdictions and which segments of a channel are
589 separately charged is sourced fifty percent (50%) in each level of
590 jurisdiction in which the customer channel termination points are
591 located.

592 d.	Service	for	segments	of	а	channel
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- 593 located in more than one (1) jurisdiction or levels of
- 594 jurisdiction and which segments are not separately billed is
- 595 sourced in each jurisdiction based on the percentage determined by
- 596 dividing the number of customer channel termination points in such
- 597 jurisdiction by the total number of customer channel termination
- 598 points.
- 5. A sale of ancillary services is sourced to
- 600 the customer's place of primary use.
- 601 (vi) For purposes of subparagraph (v) of this
- 602 paragraph (d):
- 1. "Air-to-ground radiotelephone service"
- 604 means a radio service, as that term is defined in 47 CFR 22.99, in
- 605 which common carriers are authorized to offer and provide radio
- 606 telecommunications service for hire to subscribers in aircraft.
- 607 2. "Call-by-call basis" means any method of
- 608 charging for telecommunications services where the price is
- 609 measured by individual calls.
- 3. "Communications channel" means a physical
- 611 or virtual path of communications over which signals are
- 612 transmitted between or among customer channel termination points.
- 613 4. "Customer" means the person or entity that
- 614 contracts with the seller of telecommunications services. If the
- 615 end user of telecommunications services is not the contracting
- 616 party, the end user of the telecommunications service is the
- 617 customer of the telecommunications service. Customer does not

- 618 include a reseller of telecommunications service or for mobile
- 619 telecommunications service of a serving carrier under an agreement
- 620 to serve the customer outside the home service provider's licensed
- 621 service area.
- 5. "Customer channel termination point" means
- 623 the location where the customer either inputs or receives the
- 624 communications.
- 6. "End user" means the person who utilizes
- 626 the telecommunications service. In the case of an entity, "end
- 627 user" means the individual who utilizes the service on behalf of
- 628 the entity.
- 7. "Home service provider" has the meaning
- 630 ascribed to such term in Section 124(5) of Public Law 106-252
- 631 (Mobile Telecommunications Sourcing Act).
- 8. "Mobile telecommunications service" has
- 633 the meaning ascribed to such term in Section 124(7) of Public Law
- 634 106-252 (Mobile Telecommunications Sourcing Act).
- 9. "Place of primary use" means the street
- 636 address representative of where the customer's use of the
- 637 telecommunications service primarily occurs, which must be the
- 638 residential street address or the primary business street address
- 639 of the customer. In the case of mobile telecommunications
- 640 services, the place of primary use must be within the licensed
- 641 service area of the home service provider.
- 10. "Post-paid calling service" means the
- 643 telecommunications service obtained by making a payment on a

call-by-call basis either through the use of a credit card or
payment mechanism such as a bank card, travel card, credit card or
debit card, or by charge made to a telephone number which is not
associated with the origination or termination of the
telecommunications service. A post-paid calling service includes
a telecommunications service, except a prepaid wireless calling
service that would be a prepaid calling service except it is not

exclusively a telecommunications service.

11. "Prepaid calling service" means the right to access exclusively telecommunications services, which must be paid for in advance and which enables the origination of calls using an access number or authorization code, whether manually or electronically dialed, and that is sold in predetermined units or dollars of which the number declines with use in a known amount.

a telecommunications service that provides the right to utilize mobile wireless service as well as other nontelecommunications services, including the download of digital products delivered electronically, content and ancillary service, which must be paid for in advance that is sold in predetermined units or dollars of which the number declines with use in a known amount.

13. "Private communication service" means a telecommunications service that entitles the customer to exclusive or priority use of a communications channel or group of channels between or among termination points, regardless of the manner in which such channel or channels are connected, and includes

- 670 switching capacity, extension lines, stations and any other
- 671 associated services that are provided in connection with the use
- 672 of such channel or channels.
- 673 14. "Service address" means:
- a. The location of the
- 675 telecommunications equipment to which a customer's call is charged
- 676 and from which the call originates or terminates, regardless of
- 677 where the call is billed or paid.
- 678 b. If the location in subitem a of this
- 679 item 14 is not known, the origination point of the signal of the
- 680 telecommunications services first identified by either the
- 681 seller's telecommunications system or in information received by
- 682 the seller from its service provider, where the system used to
- 683 transport such signals is not that of the seller.
- c. If the location in subitems a and b
- 685 of this item 14 are not known, the location of the customer's
- 686 place of primary use.
- (vii) 1. For purposes of this subparagraph (vii),
- 688 "bundled transaction" means a transaction that consists of
- 689 distinct and identifiable properties or services which are sold
- 690 for a single nonitemized price but which are treated differently
- 691 for tax purposes.
- 692 2. In the case of a bundled transaction that
- 693 includes telecommunications services, ancillary services, Internet
- 694 access, or audio or video programming services taxed under this
- 695 chapter in which the price of the bundled transaction is

- 696 attributable to properties or services that are taxable and
- 697 nontaxable, the portion of the price that is attributable to any
- 698 nontaxable property or service shall be subject to the tax unless
- 699 the provider can reasonably identify that portion from its books
- 700 and records kept in the regular course of business.
- 701 3. In the case of a bundled transaction that
- 702 includes telecommunications services, ancillary services, Internet
- 703 access, audio or video programming services subject to tax under
- 704 this chapter in which the price is attributable to properties or
- 705 services that are subject to the tax but the tax revenue from the
- 706 different properties or services are dedicated to different funds
- 707 or purposes, the provider shall allocate the price among the
- 708 properties or services:
- 709 a. By reasonably identifying the portion
- 710 of the price attributable to each of the properties and services
- 711 from its books and records kept in the regular course of business;
- 712 or
- 713 b. Based on a reasonable allocation
- 714 methodology approved by the department.
- 715 4. This subparagraph (vii) shall not create a
- 716 right of action for a customer to require that the provider or the
- 717 department, for purposes of determining the amount of tax
- 718 applicable to a bundled transaction, allocate the price to the
- 719 different portions of the transaction in order to minimize the
- 720 amount of tax charged to the customer. A customer shall not be
- 721 entitled to rely on the fact that a portion of the price is

- 722 attributable to properties or services not subject to tax unless
- 723 the provider elects, after receiving a written request from the
- 724 customer in the form required by the provider, to provide
- 725 verifiable data based upon the provider's books and records that
- 726 are kept in the regular course of business that reasonably
- 727 identifies the portion of the price attributable to the properties
- 728 or services not subject to the tax.
- 729 (2) Persons making sales to consumers of electricity,
- 730 current, power, natural gas, liquefied petroleum gas or other fuel
- 731 for residential heating, lighting or other residential
- 732 noncommercial or nonagricultural use or sales of potable water for
- 733 residential, noncommercial or nonagricultural use shall indicate
- 734 on each statement rendered to customers that such charges are
- 735 exempt from sales taxes.
- 736 (3) There is hereby levied, assessed and shall be paid on
- 737 transportation charges on shipments moving between points within
- 738 this state when paid directly by the consumer, a tax equal to the
- 739 rate applicable to the sale of the property being transported.
- 740 Such tax shall be reported and paid directly to the Department of
- 741 Revenue by the consumer.
- 742 **SECTION 4.** Section 27-65-23, Mississippi Code of 1972, is
- 743 amended as follows:
- 744 27-65-23. Upon every person engaging or continuing in any of
- 745 the following businesses or activities there is hereby levied,
- 746 assessed and shall be collected a tax equal to seven percent (7%)
- 747 of the gross income of the business, except as otherwise provided:

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               Air-conditioning installation or repairs;
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               Automobile, motorcycle, boat or any other vehicle
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     repairing or servicing;
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               Billiards, pool or domino parlors;
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               Bowling or tenpin alleys;
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               Burglar and fire alarm systems or services;
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               Car washing - automatic, self-service, or manual;
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               Computer software * * * services actually performed
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     within this state;
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               Cotton compresses or cotton warehouses;
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               Custom creosoting or treating, custom planing, custom
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     sawing;
760
               Custom meat processing;
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               Electricians, electrical work, wiring, all repairs or
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     installation of electrical equipment;
763
               Elevator or escalator installing, repairing or
764
     servicing;
765
                Film developing or photo finishing;
766
               Foundries, machine or general repairing;
767
               Furniture repairing or upholstering;
768
               Grading, excavating, ditching, dredging or landscaping;
769
               Hotels (as defined in Section 41-49-3), motels, tourist
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     courts or camps, trailer parks;
771
                Insulating services or repairs;
772
               Jewelry or watch repairing;
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               Laundering, cleaning, pressing or dyeing;
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774
               Marina services;
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               Mattress renovating;
776
               Office and business machine repairing;
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               Parking garages and lots;
778
               Plumbing or pipe fitting;
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               Public storage warehouses (There shall be no tax levied
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     on gross income of a public storage warehouse derived from the
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     temporary storage of tangible personal property in this state
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     pending shipping or mailing of the property to another state.);
783
               Refrigerating equipment repairs;
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               Radio or television installing, repairing, or servicing;
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               Renting or leasing personal property used within this
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     state;
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               Services performed in connection with geophysical
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     surveying, exploring, developing, drilling, producing,
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     distributing, or testing of oil, gas, water and other mineral
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     resources;
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               Shoe repairing;
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               Storage lockers;
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               Telephone answering or paging services;
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               Termite or pest control services;
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               Tin and sheet metal shops;
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               TV cable systems, subscription TV services, and other
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     similar activities;
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               Vulcanizing, repairing or recapping of tires or tubes;
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               Welding; and
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Woodworking or wood-turning shops.

Income from services taxed herein performed for electric power associations in the ordinary and necessary operation of their generating or distribution systems shall be taxed at the rate of one percent (1%).

Income from services taxed herein performed on materials for use in track or track structures to a railroad whose rates are fixed by the Interstate Commerce Commission or the Mississippi Public Service Commission shall be taxed at the rate of three percent (3%).

Income from renting or leasing tangible personal property
used within this state shall be taxed at the same rates as sales
of the same property.

Persons doing business in this state who rent transportation equipment with a situs within or without the state to common, contract or private commercial carriers are taxed on that part of the income derived from use within this state. If specific accounting is impracticable, a formula may be used with approval of the commissioner.

A lessor may deduct from the tax computed on the rental income from tangible personal property a credit for sales or use tax paid to this state at the time of purchase of the specific personal property being leased or rented until such credit has been exhausted.

Charges for custom processing and repairing services may be excluded from gross taxable income when the property on which the

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- 826 service was performed is delivered to the customer in another
- 827 state either by common carrier or in the seller's equipment.
- 828 When a taxpayer performs * * * services covered by this
- 829 section, which are performed both in intrastate and interstate
- commerce, * * * the taxpayer may utilize any reasonable formulae 830
- 831 of apportionment which will apportion to this state, for taxation,
- 832 that portion of the services which are performed within the State
- 833 of Mississippi.
- 834 SECTION 5. Section 27-65-93, Mississippi Code of 1972, is
- 835 amended as follows:
- 836 27-65-93. (1) The commissioner shall, from time to time,
- 837 promulgate rules and regulations, not inconsistent with the
- 838 provisions of the sales tax law, for making returns and for the
- 839 ascertainment, assessment and collection of the tax imposed by the
- sales tax law as he may deem necessary to enforce its provisions; 840
- 841 and, upon request, he shall furnish any taxpayer with a copy of
- 842 the rules and regulations.
- 843 All forms, necessary for the enforcement of the sales
- 844 tax law, shall be prescribed, printed and furnished by the
- 845 commissioner.
- 846 (3) The commissioner may adopt rules and regulations
- 847 providing for the issuance of permits to manufacturers, utilities,
- 848 construction contractors, companies receiving bond financing
- 849 through the Mississippi Business Finance Corporation or the
- 850 Mississippi Development Authority, and other taxpayers as
- 851 determined by the commissioner, and the commissioner shall adopt

852 rules and regulations providing for the issuance of a permit to 853 any qualified business or industry, which is certified as such by 854 the Mississippi Development Authority pursuant to the Mississippi 855 Flexible Tax Incentive Act and awarded any mFlex tax incentive 856 amount for such qualified business's or industry's qualified 857 economic development project, certified as such by the Mississippi 858 Development Authority pursuant to the Mississippi Flexible Tax 859 Incentive Act, to purchase tangible personal property taxed under 860 Section 27-65-17, items taxed under Section 27-65-18, items taxed under Section 27-65-19, services taxed under Section 27-65-23, 861 items taxed under Section 27-65-24, and items taxed under Section 862 863 27-65-26 without the payment to the vendor of the tax imposed by the sales and use tax laws, and providing for persons to report 864 865 and pay the tax directly to the commissioner in instances where 866 the commissioner determines that these provisions will facilitate 867 and expedite the collection of the tax at the proper rates which 868 may be due on purchases by the permittee. Under the provisions of 869 this chapter, the vendor is relieved of collecting and remitting 870 the taxes specified hereunder and the person holding the permit shall become liable for such taxes instead of the seller. 871 872 full enforcement provisions of the sales tax law shall apply in 873 the collection of the tax from the permittee.

The commissioner shall adopt rules and regulations providing

for the issuance of a permit to and at the election of purchasers

and users of computer software or computer software services to

purchase such items and services without the payment to the vendor

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878 of the tax imposed by the sales and use tax laws, and providing

879 for persons to report and pay the tax directly to the

880 commissioner. Under the provisions of this chapter, the vendor is

881 relieved of collecting and remitting the taxes specified hereunder

and the person holding the permit shall become liable for such

taxes instead of the seller. The full enforcement provisions of

884 the sales tax law shall apply in the collection of the tax from

the permittee.

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886 **SECTION 6.** (1) For purposes of this chapter the following definitions shall apply:

(a) "Computer software" shall mean any computer program or routine, or any set of one (1) or more programs or routines, which are used or intended to cause one (1) or more computers, pieces of computer-related peripheral equipment, automatic processing equipment, or any combination thereof, to perform a task or set of tasks. Computer software may be contained in or on magnetic tapes, discs or other tangible or electronic media or downloaded online. "Computer software" does not include charges for the use of or right to use physical computer equipment, infrastructure, servers, platforms and other tangible computer devices, including but not limited to items commonly referred to as "platform as a service" or "infrastructure as a service."

(b) "Computer software service" shall mean the technical design and programming of computer software and includes installing, configuring, debugging, modifying, testing, or troubleshooting computer hardware, networks, programs or computer

- 904 software. Computer software service does not include the
- 905 following non-exclusive list of services:
- 906 (i) The use of or right to use physical computer
- 907 equipment, infrastructure, servers, platforms and other tangible
- 908 computer devices, including but not limited to items commonly
- 909 referred to as "platform as a service" or "infrastructure as a
- 910 service";
- 911 (ii) Information and data processing services;
- 912 (iii) Services that use a computer, computer
- 913 equipment, or computer software as a tool to perform or complete
- 914 that service;
- 915 (iv) Internet access services or charges;
- 916 (v) Payment processing or banking services;
- 917 (vi) Real estate listing or pricing services;
- 918 (vii) Electronic advertising and marketing
- 919 services; and,
- 920 (viii) Social media services.
- 921 (c) "Information and data processing services" include
- 922 but are not limited to automated or non-automated services where
- 923 the primary object of the service is the systematic performance of
- 924 operations by the service provider to enter, store, sort, analyze,
- 925 aggregate, classify, manipulate, convert, retrieve, extract,
- 926 and/or compile the required information into an appropriate form,
- 927 usable information, or report. Information and data processing
- 928 services include but are not limited to the following services:
- 929 (i) Check or payment processing services;

930 (ii) Image processing services; 931 (iii) Form processing services; 932 Billing services; (iv) 933 Transcription services; (∇) 934 (vi) Word processing services; 935 (vii) Survey processing services; 936 Payroll processing services; (viii) 937 (ix) Claim processing services; 938 Research database services; and (x)939 Accounting and tax compliance services. (xi) 940 (2) If a single license fee or other payment encompasses 941 taxable computer software and/or computer software services, along 942 with other nontaxable items or services, the seller, service 943 provider, user, or consumer may allocate such fee or payment 944 between the taxable and nontaxable items based on a reasonable 945 allocation of the payment to each separately identifiable item or 946 service encompassed by the fee or payment, if properly supported 947 by the books and records of the seller, service provider, user, or 948 consumer. If such information is not available from a seller or 949 service provider, or such information is not otherwise obtainable 950 after reasonable efforts by the user or consumer, the user or 951 consumer may make such allocation based on the best information 952 available to the user or consumer if properly supported by the 953 books and records of the user or consumer. There shall be no 954 presumption that the entire fee or payment is taxable because it

encompasses both taxable and nontaxable elements.

If the

956 commissioner shall challenge or contest the allocation method 957 utilized by a seller, service provider, user, or consumer, the 958 commissioner must establish by a preponderance of the evidence (a) 959 that the allocation method utilized by the seller, service 960 provider, user, or consumer was not a reasonable method of 961 allocation and (b) that the allocation method proposed by the 962 commissioner is the most reasonable of all available or 963 alternative methods.

- (3) If a single license fee or other payment encompasses taxable computer software and/or computer software services both within and without this state, the seller, service provider, user, or consumer may apportion to this state, for taxation, that portion of the license fee or payment attributable to computer software located within the state or to computer software services which are actually performed within the State of Mississippi. Such allocation may be made on the following safe harbor methods, if applicable to the circumstances, each of which shall be deemed to be a reasonable method if properly supported by the books and records of the seller, service provider, user, or consumer:
- 975 (a) With respect to computer software physically 976 loaded, stored, or maintained both within and without the state:
- 977 (i) Based on the specific identification of the 978 locations within and without Mississippi that the software is 979 loaded, stored, or maintained;

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- 980 (ii) Based on a ratio calculated by reference to
- 981 the number of computers or devices within and without Mississippi
- 982 on which the software is loaded, stored, or maintained;
- 983 (iii) Based on a ratio calculated by reference to
- 984 the number of persons actually using the computer software within
- 985 and without Mississippi; or
- 986 (iv) Based on a ratio calculated by reference to
- 987 the number of persons licensed to use the computer software within
- 988 and without Mississippi.
- 989 (b) With respect to computer software services actually
- 990 performed within and without the state:
- 991 (i) Based on the specific amount of time spent by
- 992 each person performing the services while physically within the
- 993 state; or
- 994 (ii) Based on a ratio calculated by reference to
- 995 the actual time spent within and without Mississippi by all
- 996 persons performing the services.
- 997 If none of the above safe harbor allocation methods fairly reflect
- 998 the allocation of taxable computer software or computer software
- 999 services to the state, the seller, service provider, user, or
- 1000 consumer may make such allocation based on the best information
- 1001 available to such person if properly supported by the books and
- 1002 records of the seller, service provider, user, or consumer. If
- 1003 the commissioner shall challenge or contest the allocation method
- 1004 utilized by a seller, service provider, user, or consumer, the
- 1005 commissioner must establish by a preponderance of the evidence 1.

1006 that the allocation method utilized by the seller, service

1007 provider, user, or consumer was not a reasonable method of

1008 allocation and 2. that the allocation method proposed by the

1009 commissioner is the most reasonable of all available or

1010 alternative methods.

- 1011 Notwithstanding any other provision in this chapter or 1012 Chapter 67, Title 27, Mississippi Code of 1972, and for purposes 1013 of the tax levied in this chapter and the tax levied in Chapter 67, Mississippi Code of 1972, computer software or computer 1014 1015 software services provided by one (1) legal entity to another 1016 commonly owned, related, or affiliated entity shall be treated as 1017 nontaxable transfers between different segments of one (1) legal 1018 entity, with proper credit allowed for Mississippi sales or use tax paid and/or credit for sales or use tax paid to another state 1019 as provided in this section or in Section 27-67-7, regardless of 1020
- which affiliated entity paid the sales or use tax for which credit to is taken. Nothing in this subsection shall be interpreted to
- 1023 exclude from taxation the purchase or payment by such organization
- 1024 to a third party seller or provider for any computer software or
- 1025 computer software services otherwise taxable under this chapter or
- 1026 Chapter 67, Title 27, Mississippi Code of 1972.
- 1027 (5) A taxpayer, upon proof that a sales or use tax was paid
- 1028 to another state or local taxing jurisdiction on any computer
- 1029 software or computer software service that is taxable under this
- 1030 chapter or Chapter 67, Title 27, Mississippi Code of 1972, shall
- 1031 be allowed a credit against the tax imposed under this chapter or

1032 Chapter 67, Title 27, Mississippi Code of 1972, on such computer

1033 software or computer software service to the extent that the

1034 amount of the other tax was actually paid in the other state or

1035 local taxing jurisdiction, and to the extent that the rate of

1036 sales or use tax imposed by and paid in the other state or local

taxing jurisdiction does not exceed the rate of sales or use tax

imposed under this chapter or Chapter 67, Title 27, Mississippi

1039 Code of 1972.

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1040 **SECTION 7.** Section 27-67-3, Mississippi Code of 1972, is

1041 amended as follows:

1042 27-67-3. Whenever used in this article, the words, phrases

1043 and terms shall have the meaning ascribed to them as follows:

1044 (a) "Tax Commission" or "department" means the

1045 Department of Revenue of the State of Mississippi.

1046 (b) "Commissioner" means the Commissioner of Revenue of

1047 the Department of Revenue.

1048 (c) "Person" means any individual, firm, partnership,

1049 joint venture, association, corporation, estate, trust, receiver,

1050 syndicate or any other group or combination acting as a unit and

1051 includes the plural as well as the singular in number. "Person"

1052 shall also include husband or wife, or both, where joint benefits

1053 are derived from the operation of a business taxed hereunder or

1054 where joint benefits are derived from the use of property taxed

1055 hereunder.

- 1056 (d) "Taxpayer" means any person liable for the payment 1057 of any tax hereunder, or liable for the collection and payment of 1058 the tax.
- 1059 "Sale" or "purchase" means the exchange of 1060 properties for money or other consideration, and the barter of 1061 properties or products. Every closed transaction by which title 1062 to, or possession of, tangible personal property or specified digital products passes shall constitute a taxable event. A 1063 1064 transaction whereby the possession of property or products is 1065 transferred but the seller retains title as security for payment 1066 of the selling price shall be deemed a sale.
- 1067 "Purchase price" or "sales price" means the total (f) 1068 amount for which tangible personal property or specified digital product is purchased or sold, valued in money, including 1069 installation and service charges, and freight charges to the point 1070 1071 of use within this state, without any deduction for cost of 1072 property or products sold, expenses or losses, or taxes of any 1073 kind except those exempt by the sales tax law. "Purchase price" 1074 or "sales price" shall not include cash discounts allowed and 1075 taken or merchandise returned by customers when the total sales 1076 price is refunded either in cash or by credit, and shall not 1077 include amounts allowed for a trade-in of similar property or products. "Purchase price" or "sales price" does not include 1078 1079 finance charges, carrying charges or any other addition to the 1080 selling price as a result of deferred payments by the purchaser.

- 1081 (g) "Lease" or "rent" means any agreement entered into
 1082 for a consideration that transfers possession or control of
 1083 tangible personal property or specified digital products to a
 1084 person for use within this state.
- 1085 (h) "Value" means the estimated or assessed monetary 1086 worth of a thing or property. The value of property or products 1087 transferred into this state for sales promotion or advertising 1088 shall be an amount not less than the cost paid by the transferor 1089 or donor. The value of property or products which have been used 1090 in another state shall be determined by its cost less straight 1091 line depreciation provided that value shall never be less than 1092 twenty percent (20%) of the cost or other method acceptable to the 1093 commissioner. On property or products imported by the 1094 manufacturer thereof for rental or lease within this state, value 1095 shall be the manufactured cost of the property and freight to the 1096 place of use in Mississippi.
- 1097 "Tangible personal property" means personal (i) property perceptible to the human senses or by chemical analysis, 1098 1099 as opposed to real property or intangibles. "Tangible personal 1100 property" shall include printed, mimeographed, multigraphed 1101 matter, or material reproduced in any other manner, and books, 1102 catalogs, manuals, publications or similar documents covering the services of collecting, compiling or analyzing information of any 1103 1104 kind or nature. However, reports representing the work of persons such as lawyers, accountants, engineers and similar professionals 1105 1106 shall not be included. "Tangible personal property" shall also

1107 include tangible advertising or sales promotion materials such as,

1108 but not limited to, displays, brochures, signs, catalogs, price

1109 lists, point of sale advertising materials and technical manuals.

1110 Tangible personal property shall also include computer software

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1112 (i) "Person doing business in this state," "person 1113 maintaining a place of business within this state," or any similar 1114 term means any person having within this state an office, a 1115 distribution house, a salesroom or house, a warehouse, or any 1116 other place of business, or owning personal property located in 1117 this state used by another person, or installing personal property in this state. This definition also includes any person selling 1118 1119 or taking orders for any tangible personal property, either 1120 personally, by mail or through an employee representative, 1121 salesman, commission agent, canvasser, solicitor or independent 1122 contractor or by any other means from within the state. "Person 1123 doing business in this state" also includes any marketplace facilitator, marketplace seller, or remote seller with sales that 1124 1125 exceed Two Hundred Fifty Thousand Dollars (\$250,000.00) in any 1126 consecutive twelve-month period. A sale made through a 1127 marketplace facilitator is a sale of the marketplace facilitator 1128 and not the sale of a marketplace seller for purposes of 1129 determining whether a person exceeds Two Hundred Fifty Thousand 1130 Dollars (\$250,000.00) in sales.

1131 Any person doing business under the terms of this article by 1132 reason of coming under any one or more of the qualifying

- 1133 provisions listed above shall be considered as doing business on
- 1134 all transactions involving sales to persons within this state.
- 1135 (k) "Use" or "consumption" means the first use or
- 1136 intended use within this state of tangible personal property or
- 1137 specified digital product and shall include rental or loan by
- 1138 owners or use by lessees or other persons receiving benefits from
- 1139 use of the property or product. "Use" or "consumption" shall
- 1140 include the benefit realized or to be realized by persons
- 1141 importing or causing to be imported into this state tangible
- 1142 advertising or sales promotion materials.
- 1143 (1) "Storage" means keeping tangible personal property
- 1144 or specified digital product in this state for subsequent use or
- 1145 consumption in this state.
- 1146 (m) "Specified digital products" shall have the meaning
- 1147 ascribed to such term in Section 27-65-26.
- 1148 (n) "Marketplace facilitator" means any person who
- 1149 facilitates a retail sale by a seller by:
- (i) Listing or advertising for sale by the
- 1151 retailer in any forum, tangible personal property, services or
- 1152 digital goods that are subject to tax under this chapter; and
- 1153 (ii) Either directly or indirectly through
- 1154 agreements or arrangements with third parties collecting payment
- 1155 from the customer and transmitting that payment to the retailer
- 1156 regardless of whether the marketplace provider receives
- 1157 compensation or other consideration in exchange for its service.

1158 (o) "Marketplace seller" means a seller that makes

1159 sales through any physical or electronic marketplace owned,

1160 operated, or controlled by a marketplace facilitator, even if such

1161 seller would not have been required to collect and remit sales tax

1162 had the sale not been made through such marketplace.

1163 (p) "Remote seller" means a person, other than a

1164 marketplace facilitator, that does not maintain a place of

1165 business in this state and that through a forum sells tangible

1166 personal property, taxable services or specified digital products,

1167 the sale or use of which is subject to the tax imposed by this

1168 chapter.

1169 (q) "Computer software" shall have the meaning ascribed

1170 to such term in Section 6 of this act.

1171 **SECTION 8.** Section 27-67-5, Mississippi Code of 1972, is

1172 amended as follows:

1173 27-67-5. There is hereby levied, assessed and shall be

1174 collected from every person a tax for the privilege of using,

1175 storing or consuming, within this state, any tangible personal

1176 property or specified digital product possession of which is

1177 acquired in any manner.

1178 (a) The use tax hereby imposed and levied shall be

1179 collected at the same rates as imposed under Section 27-65-20, and

1180 Sections 27-65-17, 27-65-18, 27-65-19, 27-65-24, 27-65-25 and

1181 27-65-26 computed on the purchase or sales price, or value, as

1182 defined in this article.

1183 It shall be the duty of the tax collectors of the 1184 several counties, or the commissioner, as the case may be, to collect, remit and account for the tax on the use of all vehicles 1185 1186 licensed or registered by the State of Mississippi for the first 1187 time, except when the Mississippi use tax was collected by an 1188 authorized out-of-state dealer at the time of purchase, or when 1189 the use thereof was exempt by Section 27-67-7. The tax collector 1190 or the commissioner shall give to the person registering the 1191 vehicle a receipt in a form prescribed and furnished by the

The tax collector or <u>the</u> commissioner is expressly prohibited from issuing a license tag to any applicant without collecting the tax levied by this article, unless positive proof is filed, together with the application for the license tag, that the Mississippi tax has been paid, or that the sale was exempt by Section 27-67-7.

Department of Revenue for the amount of tax collected.

Persons not engaging and continuing in business so as to be registered for payment of sales and/or use tax may pay use tax due on the first use of boats, airplanes, equipment or other tangible personal property and specified digital products to county tax collectors who are hereby authorized to accept such payments on behalf of the commissioner. Receipts for all such payments shall be given to taxpayers in a form prescribed and furnished by the Department of Revenue.

1207 County tax collectors and the commissioner shall be liable 1208 for the tax they are required hereby to collect, and taxes which

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are in fact collected under authority of this section; and failure to properly collect or maintain proper records shall not relieve them of liability for payment to the commissioner. Deficiencies in collection or payment shall be assessed against the tax collector or the commissioner in the same manner and subject to the same penalties and provisions for appeal as are deficiencies assessed against taxpayers.

A dealer authorized to collect and remit the tax to the Department of Revenue shall give to the purchaser a receipt for the payment of the tax, in a form prescribed and furnished by the commissioner, which shall serve as proof of payment to the tax collector of the county in which the license is to be issued.

Each tax collector of the several counties shall, on or before the twentieth day of each month, file a report with and pay to the commissioner all funds collected under the provisions of this article, less a commission of five percent (5%) which shall be retained by the tax collector as a commission for collecting such tax and be deposited in the county general fund. The report required to be filed shall cover all collections made during the calendar month next preceding the date on which the report is due and filed.

Any error in the report and remittance to the commissioner
may be adjusted on a subsequent report. If the error was in the
collection by the tax collector, it shall be adjusted through the
tax collector with the taxpayer before credit is allowed by the
commissioner.

All information relating to the collection of use tax by tax collectors and such records as the commissioner may require shall be preserved in the tax collector's office for a period of three (3) years for audit by the commissioner.

1239 Computer software maintained on a server located outside the

1240 state and accessible for use only via the Internet is not a

1241 taxable use, storage or consumption under this chapter.

1242 **SECTION 9.** Section 6 of this act shall be codified as a new 1243 section in Chapter 65, Title 27, Mississippi Code of 1972.

SECTION 10. Nothing in this act shall affect or defeat any refund claim, assessment, appeal, suit, right or cause of action for taxes due or accrued under the laws of this state for any tax period beginning before the date on which this act becomes effective, whether such refund claims, assessments, appeals, suits or actions have been begun or filed before the date on which this act becomes effective or are begun or filed thereafter; and the provisions of the tax laws of this state in effect prior to the effective date of this act are expressly continued in full force, effect and operation for the purpose of any refund claim, assessment, appeal, suit, right or cause of action for taxes paid, due or accrued under the laws of this state for any tax period beginning before the date on which this act becomes effective, for the collection and enrollment of liens for any taxes due or accrued for any tax period beginning before the date on which this act becomes effective and for the execution of any warrant under such laws for a tax period beginning before the date on which this

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- 1261 act becomes effective, and for the imposition of any penalties,
- 1262 forfeitures or claims for failure to comply with such laws in
- 1263 regard to any tax period beginning prior to the date on which this
- 1264 act becomes effective.
- 1265 **SECTION 11.** This act shall take effect and be in force from
- 1266 and after July 1, 2023.

Further, amend by striking the title in its entirety and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

AN ACT TO AMEND SECTION 27-65-3, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, TO 2 REVISE THE DEFINITION OF THE TERM "TANGIBLE PERSONAL PROPERTY" 3 UNDER THE STATE SALES TAX LAW; TO AMEND SECTION 27-65-7, 4 MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, TO REVISE THE DEFINITION OF THE TERM 5 "RETAIL SALE" UNDER THE STATE SALES TAX LAW; TO AMEND SECTION 6 27-65-19, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, TO REVISE THE DEFINITION OF 7 THE TERM "TELECOMMUNICATIONS SERVICE" FOR PURPOSES OF THE SALES 8 TAX IMPOSED ON TELECOMMUNICATIONS SERVICES; TO PROVIDE THAT SALES 9 OF COMPUTER SOFTWARE, COMPUTER SOFTWARE SERVICES, SPECIFIED 10 DIGITAL PRODUCTS, OR OTHER PRODUCTS DELIVERED ELECTRONICALLY, 11 SHALL BE TAXED AS PROVIDED IN OTHER SECTIONS OF THE STATE SALES 12 TAX LAW; TO AMEND SECTION 27-65-23, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, TO 13 EXCLUDE COMPUTER SOFTWARE SALES FROM THE SALES TAX IMPOSED ON 14 VARIOUS SERVICES; TO PROVIDE THAT THE SALES TAX IMPOSED ON 15 COMPUTER SOFTWARE SERVICES APPLIES TO SUCH SERVICES THAT ARE 16 ACTUALLY PERFORMED WITHIN THIS STATE; TO PROVIDE THAT WHEN A 17 TAXPAYER PERFORMS SERVICES COVERED BY THIS SECTION, WHICH ARE 18 PERFORMED BOTH IN INTRASTATE AND INTERSTATE COMMERCE, THE TAXPAYER 19 MAY UTILIZE ANY REASONABLE FORMULAE OF APPORTIONMENT WHICH WILL 20 APPORTION TO THIS STATE, FOR TAXATION, THAT PORTION OF THE 21 SERVICES WHICH ARE PERFORMED WITHIN THIS STATE; TO AMEND SECTION 22 27-65-93, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, TO PROVIDE THAT THE 23 COMMISSIONER OF REVENUE SHALL ADOPT RULES AND REGULATIONS 24 PROVIDING FOR THE ISSUANCE OF A PERMIT TO PURCHASERS AND USERS OF 25 COMPUTER SOFTWARE OR COMPUTER SOFTWARE SERVICES TO PURCHASE SUCH 26 ITEMS AND SERVICES WITHOUT THE PAYMENT TO THE VENDOR OF SALES TAX 27 AND USE TAX; TO DEFINE THE TERMS "COMPUTER SOFTWARE", "COMPUTER 28 SOFTWARE SERVICE" AND "INFORMATION AND DATA PROCESSING SERVICES" 29 UNDER THE STATE SALES TAX LAW; TO PROVIDE FOR THE ALLOCATION OF 30 TAXABLE AND NONTAXABLE PORTIONS OF COMPUTER SOFTWARE AND COMPUTER 31 SOFTWARE SERVICE IN BUNDLED TRANSACTIONS; TO PROVIDE FOR THE 32 APPORTIONMENT OF THE USE OF TAXABLE COMPUTER SOFTWARE AND COMPUTER

SOFTWARE SERVICES BOTH WITHIN AND WITHOUT THIS STATE; TO PROVIDE

THAT FOR PURPOSES OF SALES TAX AND USE TAX, COMPUTER SOFTWARE OR

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3.5 COMPUTER SOFTWARE SERVICES PROVIDED BY ONE LEGAL ENTITY TO ANOTHER 36 COMMONLY OWNED, RELATED, OR AFFILIATED ENTITY SHALL BE TREATED AS 37 NONTAXABLE TRANSFERS BETWEEN DIFFERENT SEGMENTS OF ONE LEGAL ENTITY, WITH PROPER CREDIT ALLOWED FOR MISSISSIPPI SALES OR USE 38 39 TAX PAID AND CREDIT FOR SALES OR USE TAX PAID TO ANOTHER STATE AS 40 PROVIDED IN THE STATE SALES TAX LAW OR STATE USE TAX LAW, 41 REGARDLESS OF WHICH AFFILIATED ENTITY PAID THE SALES OR USE TAX 42 FOR WHICH CREDIT IS TAKEN; TO PROVIDE THAT A TAXPAYER THAT HAS 43 PAID A SALES TAX OR USE TAX TO ANOTHER STATE OR LOCAL TAXING JURISDICTION ON COMPUTER SOFTWARE OR COMPUTER SOFTWARE THAT IS 45 TAXABLE IN THIS STATE SHALL BE ALLOWED A CREDIT AGAINST THE TAX 46 IMPOSED IN THIS STATE ON SUCH COMPUTER SOFTWARE OR COMPUTER 47 SOFTWARE SERVICE TO THE EXTENT THAT THE AMOUNT OF THE OTHER TAX IS 48 PROPERLY DUE AND ACTUALLY PAID IN THE OTHER STATE OR LOCAL TAXING 49 JURISDICTION AND TO THE EXTENT THAT THE RATE OF SALES TAX IMPOSED 50 BY AND PAID IN THE OTHER STATE OR LOCAL TAXING JURISDICTION DOES NOT EXCEED THE RATE OF SALES TAX OR USE TAX IMPOSED IN THIS STATE; 51 TO AMEND SECTION 27-67-3, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, TO REVISE THE 52 53 DEFINITION OF THE TERM TANGIBLE PERSONAL PROPERTY UNDER THE STATE 54 USE TAX LAW; TO DEFINE THE TERM "COMPUTER SOFTWARE" UNDER THE 55 STATE USE TAX LAW; TO AMEND SECTION 27-67-5, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 56 1972, TO PROVIDE THAT COMPUTER SOFTWARE MAINTAINED ON A SERVER 57 LOCATED OUTSIDE THE STATE AND ACCESSIBLE FOR USE ONLY VIA THE 58 INTERNET IS NOT A TAXABLE USE, STORAGE OR CONSUMPTION UNDER THE 59 STATE USE TAX LAW; AND FOR RELATED PURPOSES.

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Andrew Ketchings Clerk of the House of Representatives