By: Senator(s) Michel, McLendon, Boyd, Horhn, DeLano, Hill, Parker, Jackson, Sparks

To: Insurance

COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR SENATE BILL NO. 2622

AN ACT TO ENACT THE MISSISSIPPI PRIOR AUTHORIZATION REFORM ACT; TO ESTABLISH THE LEGISLATIVE FINDINGS OF THE ACT; TO PROVIDE 3 THE APPLICABILITY AND SCOPE OF THE ACT; TO REQUIRE HEALTH INSURANCE ISSUERS TO MAINTAIN A COMPLETE LIST OF SERVICES FOR 5 WHICH PRIOR AUTHORIZATIONS ARE REQUIRED; TO REQUIRE HEALTH INSURANCE ISSUERS TO MAKE ANY CURRENT PRIOR AUTHORIZATION 7 REQUIREMENTS AND RESTRICTIONS READILY ACCESSIBLE AND POSTED ON ITS WEBSITE; TO SET REQUIREMENTS FOR THE CLINICAL REVIEW CRITERIA OF 8 9 HEALTH INSURANCE ISSUERS; TO PROHIBIT HEALTH INSURANCE ISSUERS 10 FROM DENYING A CLAIM FOR FAILURE TO OBTAIN PRIOR AUTHORIZATION IF 11 THE PRIOR AUTHORIZATION REQUIREMENT WAS NOT IN EFFECT ON THE DATE 12 OF SERVICE ON THE CLAIM; TO REQUIRE HEALTH INSURERS TO MAKE CERTAIN PRIOR AUTHORIZATION STATISTICS AVAILABLE ON THEIR WEBSITE; TO REQUIRE HEALTH INSURANCE ISSUERS TO MAKE AVAILABLE A 14 1.5 STANDARDIZED ELECTRONIC PRIOR AUTHORIZATION REQUEST TRANSACTION 16 PROCESS BY JANUARY 1, 2024; TO ESTABLISH CERTAIN REQUIREMENTS ON 17 HEALTH INSURANCE ISSUERS FOR PRIOR AUTHORIZATIONS IN NONURGENT 18 CIRCUMSTANCES AND URGENT CIRCUMSTANCES; TO PROVIDE CERTAIN 19 QUALIFICATIONS OF PHYSICIANS QUALIFIED TO MAKE ADVERSE 20 DETERMINATIONS; TO REQUIRE HEALTH INSURANCE ISSUERS TO GIVE 21 CERTAIN NOTIFICATIONS WHEN MAKING AN ADVERSE DETERMINATION; TO 22 ESTABLISH THE QUALIFICATIONS FOR PERSONNEL WHO REVIEW APPEALS OF 23 PRIOR AUTHORIZATIONS; TO REQUIRE HEALTH INSURANCE ISSUERS TO 24 PERIODICALLY REVIEW ITS PRIOR AUTHORIZATION REQUIREMENTS AND TO 25 CONSIDER REMOVAL OF THESE REQUIREMENTS IN CERTAIN CASES; TO 26 PROVIDE THAT A HEALTH INSURANCE ISSUER MAY NOT REVOKE OR FURTHER 27 LIMIT, CONDITION OR RESTRICT A PREVIOUSLY ISSUED PRIOR 28 AUTHORIZATION WHILE IT REMAINS VALID UNDER THIS ACT UNLESS CERTAIN EXCLUSIONS ARE APPLICABLE; TO PROVIDE HOW LONG PRIOR AUTHORIZATION 29 30 APPROVALS SHALL BE VALID; TO PROVIDE HOW LONG THE PRIOR 31 AUTHORIZATIONS FOR CHRONIC CONDITIONS SHALL BE VALID; TO ESTABLISH 32 THE PROCEDURE FOR THE CONTINUITY OF PRIOR APPROVALS FROM PREVIOUS HEALTH INSURANCE ISSUERS TO CURRENT ISSUERS; TO PROVIDE THAT A 33 34 FAILURE BY A HEALTH INSURANCE ISSUER TO COMPLY WITH THE DEADLINES

- 35 AND OTHER REQUIREMENTS SPECIFIED IN THIS ACT SHALL RESULT IN ANY
- 36 HEALTH CARE SERVICES SUBJECT TO REVIEW TO BE AUTOMATICALLY DEEMED
- 37 AUTHORIZED BY THE HEALTH INSURANCE ISSUER OR ITS CONTRACTED
- 38 PRIVATE REVIEW AGENT; TO AUTHORIZE THE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH TO
- 39 ISSUE CEASE AND DESIST ORDERS TO HEALTH INSURANCE ISSUERS OR
- 40 PRIVATE REVIEW AGENTS; TO AUTHORIZE THE DEPARTMENT TO IMPOSE UPON
- 41 A PRIVATE REVIEW AGENT, HEALTH BENEFIT PLAN OR HEALTH INSURANCE
- 42 ISSUER AN ADMINISTRATIVE FINE NOT TO EXCEED \$10,000.00 PER
- 43 VIOLATION OF THE ACT; TO REQUIRE HEALTH INSURANCE ISSUERS TO
- 44 REPORT TO THE DEPARTMENT CERTAIN DATA; TO AMEND SECTION 41-83-31,
- 45 MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, TO CONFORM AND TO SET CERTAIN
- 46 QUALIFICATIONS AND TIME CONSTRAINTS FOR PHYSICIANS MAKING ADVERSE
- 47 DETERMINATIONS THROUGH ANY PROGRAM OF UTILIZATION REVIEW; TO AMEND
- 48 SECTION 83-9-6.3, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, TO CONFORM WITH THE
- 49 PROVISIONS OF THIS ACT; AND FOR RELATED PURPOSES.
- 50 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MISSISSIPPI:
- 51 **SECTION 1.** This act shall be known and may be cited as the
- 52 "Mississippi Prior Authorization Reform Act."
- 53 **SECTION 2. Legislative Findings.** The Mississippi
- 54 Legislature hereby finds and declares that:
- 55 (a) The health care professional-patient relationship
- 56 is paramount and should not be subject to unreasonable third-party
- 57 interference;
- 58 (b) Prior authorization programs may be subject to
- 59 member coverage agreements and medical policies but shall not
- 60 hinder the independent medical judgment of a physician or other
- 61 health care provider; and
- 62 (c) Prior authorization programs must be transparent to
- 63 ensure a fair and consistent process for health care providers and
- 64 their patients.
- 65 **SECTION 3. Applicability and Scope.** This act applies to
- 66 every health insurance issuer and all health benefit plans, as
- 67 both terms are defined in Section 83-9-6.3, and all private review

- 68 agents and utilization review plans, as both terms are defined in
- 69 Section 41-83-1, with the exception of employee or employer
- 70 self-insured health benefit plans under the federal Employee
- 71 Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, health care provided
- 72 pursuant to the Workers' Compensation Act or the Mississippi State
- 73 & School Employees' Life and Health Insurance Plan. This act does
- 74 not diminish the duties and responsibilities under other federal
- 75 or state law or rules promulgated thereunder applicable to a
- 76 health insurer, health insurance issuer, health benefit plan,
- 77 private review agent or utilization review plan, including but not
- 78 limited to the requirement of a certificate in accordance with
- 79 Section 41-83-3.
- SECTION 4. Definitions. For purposes of this act, unless
- 81 the context requires otherwise, the following terms shall have the
- 82 meanings ascribed herein:
- 83 (a) "Adverse determination" means a determination by a
- 84 health insurance issuer that, based upon the information provided,
- 85 a request for a benefit under the health insurance issuer's health
- 86 benefit plan upon application of any utilization review technique
- 87 does not meet the health insurance issuer's requirements for
- 88 medical necessity, appropriateness, health care setting, level of
- 89 care, or effectiveness or is determined to be experimental or
- 90 investigational and the requested benefit is therefore denied,
- 91 reduced, or terminated or payment is not provided or made, in
- 92 whole or in part, for the benefit; the denial, reduction, or

- 93 termination of or failure to provide or make payment, in whole or
- 94 in part, for a benefit based on a determination by a health
- 95 insurance issuer that a preexisting condition was present before
- 96 the effective date of coverage; or a rescission of coverage
- 97 determination, which does not include a cancellation or
- 98 discontinuance of coverage that is attributable to a failure to
- 99 timely pay required premiums or contributions toward the cost of
- 100 coverage.
- 101 (b) "Appeal" means a formal request, either orally or
- 102 in writing, to reconsider an adverse determination.
- 103 (c) "Approval" means a determination by a health
- 104 insurance issuer that a health care service has been reviewed and,
- 105 based on the information provided, satisfies the health insurance
- 106 issuer's requirements for medical necessity and appropriateness.
- 107 (d) "Clinical review criteria" means the written
- 108 screening procedures, decision abstracts, clinical protocols and
- 109 practice guidelines used by a health insurance issuer to determine
- 110 the necessity and appropriateness of health care services.
- 111 (e) "Department" means the Mississippi State Department
- 112 of Health.
- (f) "Emergency medical condition" means a medical
- 114 condition manifesting itself by acute symptoms of sufficient
- 115 severity, including, but not limited to, severe pain, such that a
- 116 prudent layperson who possesses an average knowledge of health and

117	medicine	could	reasonably	expect	the	absence	of	immediate	medical

- 118 attention to result in:
- (i) Placing the health of the individual or, with
- 120 respect to a pregnant woman, the health of the woman or her unborn
- 121 child, in serious jeopardy;
- 122 (ii) Serious impairment to bodily functions; or
- 123 (iii) Serious dysfunction of any bodily organ or
- 124 part.
- 125 (g) "Emergency services" means health care items and
- 126 services furnished or required to evaluate and treat an emergency
- 127 medical condition.
- 128 (h) "Enrollee" means any person and his or her
- 129 dependents enrolled in or covered by a health care plan.
- 130 (i) "Health care professional" means a physician, a
- 131 registered professional nurse or other individual appropriately
- 132 licensed or registered to provide health care services.
- 133 (j) "Health care provider" means any physician,
- 134 hospital, ambulatory surgery center, or other person or facility
- 135 that is licensed or otherwise authorized to deliver health care
- 136 services.
- 137 (k) "Health care service" means any services or level
- 138 of services included in the furnishing to an individual of medical
- 139 care or the hospitalization incident to the furnishing of such
- 140 care, as well as the furnishing to any person of any other
- 141 services for the purpose of preventing, alleviating, curing, or

142	healing	human	illness	or	iniurv.	including	behavioral	health.
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- 143 mental health, home health and pharmaceutical services and
- 144 products.
- 145 (1) "Health insurance issuer" has the meaning given to
- 146 that term in Section 83-9-6.3. Any provision of this act that
- 147 applies to a "health insurance issuer" also applies to any person
- 148 or entity covered under the scope of this act in Section 3.
- 149 (m) "Medically necessary" means a health care
- 150 professional exercising prudent clinical judgment would provide
- 151 care to a patient for the purpose of preventing, diagnosing, or
- 152 treating an illness, injury, disease or its symptoms and that are:
- 153 (i) In accordance with generally accepted
- 154 standards of medical practice; and
- (ii) Clinically appropriate in terms of type,
- 156 frequency, extent, site and duration and are considered effective
- 157 for the patient's illness, injury or disease; and not primarily
- 158 for the convenience of the patient, treating physician, other
- 159 health care professional, caregiver, family member or other
- 160 interested party, but focused on what is best for the patient's
- 161 health outcome.
- 162 (n) "Physician" means any person with a valid doctor of
- 163 medicine, doctor of osteopathy or doctor of podiatry degree.
- 164 (o) "Prior authorization" means the process by which a
- 165 health insurance issuer determines the medical necessity and
- 166 medical appropriateness of an otherwise covered health care

167	service	before	the	rendering	of	such	health	care	service.	"Prior
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- 168 authorization" includes any health insurance issuer's requirement
- 169 that an enrollee, health care professional or health care provider
- 170 notify the health insurance issuer before, at the time of, or
- 171 concurrent to providing a health care service.
- 172 (p) "Urgent health care service" means a health care
- 173 service with respect to which the application of the time periods
- 174 for making a nonexpedited prior authorization that in the opinion
- 175 of a treating health care professional or health care provider
- 176 with knowledge of the enrollee's medical condition:
- 177 (i) Could seriously jeopardize the life or health
- 178 of the enrollee or the ability of the enrollee to regain maximum
- 179 function; or
- 180 (ii) Could subject the enrollee to severe pain
- 181 that cannot be adequately managed without the care or treatment
- 182 that is the subject of the utilization review.
- 183 (q) "Urgent health care service" does not include
- 184 emergency services.
- 185 (r) "Private review agent" has the meaning given to
- 186 that term in Section 41-83-1.
- 187 SECTION 5. Disclosure and review of prior authorization
- 188 requirements. (1) A health insurance issuer shall maintain a
- 189 complete list of services for which prior authorization is
- 190 required, including for all services where prior authorization is

- 191 performed by an entity under contract with the health insurance 192 issuer.
- 193 A health insurance issuer shall make any current prior authorization requirements and restrictions, including the written 194 195 clinical review criteria, readily accessible and conspicuously 196 posted on its website to enrollees, health care professionals and 197 health care providers. Content published by a third party and 198 licensed for use by a health insurance issuer may be made 199 available through the health insurance issuer's secure, 200 password-protected website so long as the access requirements of 201 the website do not unreasonably restrict access. Requirements 202 shall be described in detail, written in easily understandable 203 language, and readily available to the health care professional
- 206 (a) When prior authorization became required for 207 policies issued or health benefit plan documents delivered in 208 Mississippi, including the effective date or dates and the 209 termination date or dates, if applicable, in Mississippi;

indicate for each service subject to prior authorization:

and health care provider at the point of care. The website shall

- 210 (b) The date the Mississippi-specific requirement was
 211 listed on the health insurance issuer's, health benefit plan's, or
 212 private review agent's website;
- 213 (c) Where applicable, the date that prior authorization 214 was removed for Mississippi; and

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215		(d)	Where	applicabl	e, access	s to a	standa	ardized
216	electronic	prio	or auth	norization	request	transa	action	process.

- 217 (3) The clinical review criteria must:
- 218 (a) Be based on nationally recognized, generally 219 accepted standards except where state law provides its own 220 standard;
- 221 (b) Be developed in accordance with the current 222 standards of a national medical accreditation entity;
- (c) Ensure quality of care and access to needed health care services;
- 225 (d) Be evidence-based;
- (e) Be sufficiently flexible to allow deviations from norms when justified on a case-by-case basis; and
- 228 (f) Be evaluated and updated, if necessary, at least 229 annually.
- (4) A health insurance issuer shall not deny a claim for
 failure to obtain prior authorization if the prior authorization
 requirement was not in effect on the date of service on the claim.
- 233 (5) A health insurance issuer shall not deem as incidental 234 or deny supplies or health care services that are routinely used 235 as part of a health care service when:
- 236 (a) An associated health care service has received 237 prior authorization; or
- 238 (b) Prior authorization for the health care service is 239 not required.

240	(6) If a health insurance issuer intends either to implement
241	a new prior authorization requirement or restriction or amend an
242	existing requirement or restriction, the health insurance issuer
243	shall provide contracted health care professionals and contracted
244	health care providers of enrollees written notice of the new or
245	amended requirement or amendment no less than sixty (60) days
246	before the requirement or restriction is implemented. The written
247	notice may be provided in an electronic format, including email or
248	facsimile, if the health care professional or health care provider
249	has agreed in advance to receive notices electronically. The
250	health insurance issuer shall ensure that the new or amended
251	requirement is not implemented unless the health insurance
252	issuer's website has been updated to reflect the new or amended
253	requirement or restriction.

- (7) Health insurers using prior authorization shall make statistics available regarding prior authorization approvals and denials on their website in a readily accessible format. statistics must be updated annually and include all of the following information:
- (a) A list of all health care services, including 259 260 medications, that are subject to prior authorization;
- 261 The total number of prior authorization requests (b) 262 received;
- 263 The number of prior authorization requests denied 264 during the previous plan year by the health insurance issuer,

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265	health benefit plan, or private review agent with respect to each
266	service described in paragraph (a) of this subsection and the top
267	five (5) reasons for denial;
268	(d) The number of requests described in paragraph (c)
269	of this subsection that were appealed, the number of the appealed
270	requests that upheld the adverse determination and the number of
271	appealed requests that reversed the adverse determination;
272	(e) The average time between submission and response;
273	and
274	(f) Any other information as the department determines
275	appropriate.
276	SECTION 6. Standardized electronic prior authorizations. If
277	any health insurance issuer requires prior authorization of a
278	health care service the insurer or its designee utilization review
279	organization shall, by January 1, 2024, make available a
280	standardized electronic prior authorization request transaction
281	process utilizing an internet webpage, internet webpage portal, or
282	similar electronic, internet, and web-based system.
283	SECTION 7. Prior authorizations in nonurgent circumstances.
284	Notwithstanding any other provision of law, if a health insurance
285	issuer requires prior authorization of a health care service, the
286	health insurance issuer must make an approval or adverse
286 287	health insurance issuer must make an approval or adverse determination and notify the enrollee, the enrollee's health care

approval or adverse determination as required by applicable law,

290	but	no	later	than	two	(2)	working	days	after	obtain	ing	al	1
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- 291 necessary information to make the approval or adverse
- 292 determination. As used in this section, "necessary information"
- 293 includes the results of any face-to-face clinical evaluation,
- 294 second opinion or other clinical information that is directly
- 295 applicable to the requested service that may be required.

296 SECTION 8. Prior authorizations in urgent circumstances.

- 297 (1) If requested by a treating health care provider or health
- 298 care professional for an enrollee, and notwithstanding any other
- 299 provision of law, a health insurance issuer must render an
- 300 approval or adverse determination concerning urgent health care
- 301 services and notify the enrollee, the enrollee's health care
- 302 professional and the enrollee's health care provider of that
- 303 approval or adverse determination as required by law, but not
- 304 later than twenty-four (24) hours after receiving all information
- 305 needed to complete the review of the requested health care
- 306 services.
- 307 (2) To facilitate the rendering of a prior authorization
- 308 determination in conformance with this section, a health insurance
- 309 issuer must establish a mechanism to ensure health care
- 310 professionals have access to appropriately trained and licensed
- 311 clinical personnel who have access to physicians for consultation,
- 312 designated by the plan to make such determinations for prior
- 313 authorization concerning urgent care services.



314	SECTION 9. Personnel qualified to make adverse
315	determinations. (1) A health insurance issuer must ensure that
316	all adverse determinations are made by a physician when the
317	request is by a physician or a representative of a physician. The
318	physician must:
319	(a) Possess a current and valid nonrestricted license
320	in any United States jurisdiction; and
321	(b) Have experience treating and managing patients with
322	the medical condition or disease for which the health care service
323	is being requested.
324	(2) Notwithstanding the foregoing, the health insurance
325	issuer must also comply with Section 41-83-31 requiring
326	concurrence in the adverse determination by a physician licensed
327	to practice in Mississippi.
328	SECTION 10. Notifications for adverse determinations. If a
329	health insurance issuer makes an adverse determination, the health
330	insurance issuer shall include the following in the notification
331	to the enrollee, the enrollee's health care professional, and the
332	enrollee's health care provider:
333	(a) The reasons for the adverse determination and
334	related evidence-based criteria, including a description of any
335	missing or insufficient documentation;
336	(b) The right to appeal the adverse determination;
337	(c) Instructions on how to file the appeal; and

338	(d) Additional documentation necessary to support the
339	appeal.
340	SECTION 11. Personnel qualified to review appeals. (1) A
341	health insurance issuer must ensure that all appeals are reviewed
342	by a physician when the request is by a physician or a
343	representative of a physician. The physician must:
344	(a) Possess a current and valid nonrestricted license
345	to practice medicine by the Mississippi State Board of Medical
346	Licensure;
347	(b) Be certified by the board(s) of the American Board
348	of Medical Specialists or the American Board of Osteopathy within
349	the relevant specialty of a physician who typically manages the
350	medical condition or disease;
351	(c) Be knowledgeable of, and have experience providing,
352	the health care services under appeal;
353	(d) Not have been directly involved in making the
354	adverse determination; and
355	(e) Consider all known clinical aspects of the health
356	care service under review, including, but not limited to, a review
357	of all pertinent medical records provided to the health insurance
358	issuer by the enrollee's health care professional or health care
359	provider and any medical literature provided to the health

insurance issuer by the health care professional or health care

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361 provider.

362	(2) Notwithstanding the foregoing, a licensed health care
363	professional who satisfies the requirements in this section may
364	review appeal requests submitted by a health care professional
365	licensed in the same profession.

SECTION 12. Insurer review of prior authorization

- 367 requirements. A health insurance issuer shall periodically review 368 its prior authorization requirements and consider removal of prior 369 authorization requirements:
- 370 Where a medication or procedure prescribed is (a) 371 customary and properly indicated or is a treatment for the 372 clinical indication as supported by peer-reviewed medical 373 publications; or
- 374 For patients currently managed with an established 375 treatment regimen.
- 376 SECTION 13. Revocation of prior authorizations. (1) A 377 health insurance issuer may not revoke or further limit, condition 378 or restrict a previously issued prior authorization approval while 379 it remains valid under this act.
- 380 Notwithstanding any other provision of law, if a claim (2)381 is properly coded and submitted timely to a health insurance 382 issuer, the health insurance issuer shall make payment according 383 to the terms of coverage on claims for health care services for 384 which prior authorization was required and approval received 385 before the rendering of health care services, unless one (1) of 386 the following occurs:

387	(a) It is timely determined that the enrollee's health
388	care professional or health care provider knowingly and without
389	exercising prudent clinical judgment provided health care services
390	that required prior authorization from the health insurance issuer
391	or its contracted private review agent without first obtaining
392	prior authorization for those health care services;

- 393 (b) It is timely determined that the health care 394 services claimed were not performed;
- 395 It is timely determined that the health care (C) 396 services rendered were contrary to the instructions of the health 397 insurance issuer or its contracted private review agent or 398 delegated reviewer if contact was made between those parties 399 before the service being rendered;
- 400 It is timely determined that the enrollee receiving 401 such health care services was not an enrollee of the health care 402 plan; or
- 403 The approval was based upon a material 404 misrepresentation by the enrollee, health care professional, or 405 health care provider; as used in this paragraph, "material" means 406 a fact or situation that is not merely technical in nature and 407 results or could result in a substantial change in the situation.
- 408 Nothing in this section shall preclude a private review 409 agent or a health insurance issuer from performing post-service 410 reviews of health care claims for purposes of payment integrity or for the prevention of fraud, waste, or abuse. 411

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412	SECTION 14. Length of approvals. (1) A prior authorization
413	approval shall be valid for the lesser of six (6) months after the
414	date the health care professional or health care provider receives
415	the prior authorization approval or the length of treatment as
416	determined by the patient's health care professional or the
417	renewal of the plan, and the approval period shall be effective
418	regardless of any changes, including any changes in dosage for a
419	prescription drug prescribed by the health care professional. All
420	dosage increases must be based on established evidentiary
421	standards and nothing in this section shall prohibit a health
422	insurance issuer from having safety edits in place. This section
423	shall not apply to the prescription of benzodiazepines or Schedule
424	II narcotic drugs, such as opioids.

- (2) Nothing in this section shall require a policy or plan to cover any care, treatment, or services for any health condition that the terms of coverage otherwise completely exclude from the policy's or plan's covered benefits without regard for whether the care, treatment or services are medically necessary.
- 430 <u>SECTION 15.</u> Approvals for chronic conditions. (1) If a
 431 health insurance issuer requires a prior authorization for a
 432 recurring health care service or maintenance medication for the
 433 treatment of a chronic or long-term condition, the approval shall
 434 remain valid for the lesser of twelve (12) months from the date
 435 the health care professional or health care provider receives the
 436 prior authorization approval or the length of the treatment as

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437	determined by the patient's health care professional. This
438	section shall not apply to the prescription of benzodiazepines or
439	Schedule II narcotic drugs, such as opioids.

- 440 (2) Nothing in this section shall require a policy to cover 441 any care, treatment or services for any health condition that the 442 terms of coverage otherwise completely exclude from the policy's 443 covered benefits without regard for whether the care, treatment, 444 or services are medically necessary.
- 445 SECTION 16. Continuity of prior approvals. (1) On receipt 446 of information documenting a prior authorization approval from the 447 enrollee or from the enrollee's health care professional or health 448 care provider, a health insurance issuer shall honor a prior 449 authorization granted to an enrollee from a previous health 450 insurance issuer for at least the initial ninety (90) days of an enrollee's coverage under a new health plan, subject to the terms 451 452 of the member's coverage agreement.
 - (2) During the time period described in subsection (1) of this section, a health insurance issuer may perform its own review to grant a prior authorization approval subject to the terms of the member's coverage agreement.
- 457 (3) If there is a change in coverage of or approval criteria 458 for a previously authorized health care service, the change in 459 coverage or approval criteria does not affect an enrollee who 460 received prior authorization approval before the effective date of 461 the change for the remainder of the enrollee's plan year.

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(4) Except to the extent required by medical exceptions
processes for prescription drugs, nothing in this section shall
require a policy to cover any care, treatment or services for any
health condition that the terms of coverage otherwise completely
exclude from the policy's covered benefits without regard for
whether the care, treatment or services are medically necessary.

SECTION 17. Effect of insurer's failure to comply. A failure by a health insurance issuer to comply with the deadlines and other requirements specified in this act shall result in any health care services subject to review to be automatically deemed authorized by the health insurance issuer or its contracted private review agent.

SECTION 18. Enforcement and administration. (1) In addition to the enforcement powers granted to it by law to enforce the provisions of this act, the department is hereby granted specific authority to issue a cease-and-desist order or require a private review agent or health insurance issuer to submit a plan of correction for violations of this act, or both. Subject to regulations promulgated by the department pursuant to provisions of the Mississippi Administrative Procedure Law, the department may impose upon a private review agent, health benefit plan or health insurance issuer an administrative fine not to exceed Ten Thousand Dollars (\$10,000.00) per violation for failure to submit a requested plan of correction, failure to comply with its plan of correction, or repeated violations of this act. The department

487	may also exercise all authority granted to it pursuant to Section
488	41-83-13 to deny or revoke a certificate of a private review agent
489	for a violation of this act.

- 490 (2) Any person or his or her treating physician who believes 491 that his or her health insurance issuer or health benefit plan is 492 in violation of the provisions of this act may file a complaint 493 with the department. The department shall review all complaints 494 received and investigate all complaints that it deems to state a 495 potential violation. The department shall fairly, efficiently and 496 timely review and investigate complaints. Health insurance 497 issuers, health benefit plans and private review agents found to 498 be in violation of this act shall be penalized in accordance with 499 this section.
- 500 (3) The department shall have the authority to promulgate 501 rules and regulations pursuant to the Mississippi Administrative 502 Procedures Law to govern the administration of this act.
- SECTION 19. Reports to the department. (1) By June 1,

 2024, and each June 1 after that date, a health insurance issuer

 shall report to the department, on a form issued by the

 department, the following aggregated trend data related to the

 insurer's practices and experience for the prior plan year for

 health care services submitted for payment:
 - (a) The number of prior authorization requests;
- 510 (b) The number of prior authorization requests denied;
- 511 (c) The number of prior authorization appeals received;

512		(d)	The	number	of	adverse	determinations	reversed	on
513	appeal;								

- (e) Of the total number of prior authorization requests, the number of prior authorization requests that were not submitted electronically;
- 517 (f) The ten (10) health care services that were most 518 frequently denied through prior authorization;
- 519 (g) The ten (10) reasons prior authorization requests 520 were most frequently denied;
- 521 (h) The number of claims for health care services that 522 were examined through a post-service utilization review process;
- 523 (i) The number and percentage of claims for health care 524 services denied through post-service utilization review; and
- 525 (j) The ten (10) health care services that were most 526 frequently denied as a result of post-service utilization reviews.
- 527 (2) All reports required by this section shall be considered 528 public records pursuant to the Mississippi Public Records Act of 529 1983 and the department shall make all reports freely available to 530 requestors and post all reports to its public website without 531 redactions.
- SECTION 20. Section 41-83-31, Mississippi Code of 1972, is amended as follows:
- 41-83-31. Any program of utilization review with regard to hospital, medical or other health care services provided in this

536	state,	incl	luding,	but	not	lir	mited	to,	any	prior	auth	noriz	zation	as
537	defined	lin	Section	n 3	of t	his	act.	shal	1 co	vlamc	with	t.he	follow	vina:

- (a) No determination adverse to a patient or to any affected health care provider shall be made on any question relating to the necessity or justification for any form of hospital, medical or other health care services without prior evaluation and concurrence in the adverse determination by a physician licensed to practice in Mississippi and certified by the board(s) of the American Board of Medical Specialists or the American Board of Osteopathy within the relevant specialty. physician who made the adverse determination shall discuss the reasons for any adverse determination with the affected health care provider, if the provider so requests. The physician shall comply with this request within * * * seven (7) calendar days of being notified of a request. Adverse determination by a physician shall not be grounds for any disciplinary action against the physician by the State Board of Medical Licensure.
- (b) Any determination regarding hospital, medical or other health care services rendered or to be rendered to a patient which may result in a denial of third-party reimbursement or a denial of precertification for that service shall include the evaluation, findings and concurrence of a physician trained in the relevant specialty or subspecialty and certified by the board(s) of the American Board of Medical Specialists or the American Board of Osteopathy within the relevant specialty, if requested by the

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- 562 rendered or to be rendered was, is, or may be medically
- 563 inappropriate.
- 564 (c) The requirement in this section that the physician
- 565 who makes the evaluation and concurrence in the adverse
- 566 determination must be licensed to practice in Mississippi shall
- 567 not apply to the Comprehensive Health Insurance Risk Pool
- 568 Association or its policyholders and shall not apply to any
- 569 utilization review company which reviews fewer than ten (10)
- 570 persons residing in the State of Mississippi.
- 571 **SECTION 21.** Section 83-9-6.3, Mississippi Code of 1972, is
- 572 amended as follows:
- 83-9-6.3. (1) As used in this section:
- 574 (a) "Health benefit plan" means services consisting of
- 575 medical care, provided directly, through insurance or
- 576 reimbursement, or otherwise, and including items and services paid
- 577 for as medical care under any hospital or medical service policy
- 578 or certificate, hospital or medical service plan contract,
- 579 preferred provider organization, or health maintenance
- 580 organization contract offered by a health insurance issuer. The
- 581 term "health benefit plan" includes the Medicaid fee-for-service
- 582 program and any managed care program, coordinated care program,
- 583 coordinated care organization program or health maintenance
- 584 organization program implemented by the Division of Medicaid.

585	(b) "Health insurance issuer" means any entity that
586	offers health insurance coverage through a health benefit plan,
587	policy, or certificate of insurance subject to state law that
588	regulates the business of insurance. "Health insurance issuer"
589	also includes a health maintenance organization, as defined and
590	regulated under Section 83-41-301 et seq., and includes the
591	Division of Medicaid for the services provided by fee-for-service
592	and through any managed care program, coordinated care program,
593	coordinated care organization program or health maintenance
594	organization program implemented by the division.

- 595 (c) "Prior authorization" means a utilization
 596 management criterion used to seek permission or waiver of a drug
 597 to be covered under a health benefit plan that provides
 598 prescription drug benefits.
- (d) "Prior authorization form" means a standardized, uniform application developed by a health insurance issuer for the purpose of obtaining prior authorization.
- 602 (2) Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the 603 contrary, in order to establish uniformity in the submission of 604 prior authorization forms, on or after January 1, 2014, a health 605 insurance issuer shall use only a single, standardized prior 606 authorization form for obtaining any prior authorization for 607 prescription drug benefits. The form shall not exceed two (2) 608 pages in length, excluding any instructions or guiding 609 documentation. The form shall also be made available

010	electronically, and the prescribing provider may submit the
611	completed form electronically to the health benefit plan.
612	Additionally, the health insurance issuer shall submit its prior
613	authorization forms to the Mississippi Department of Insurance to
614	be kept on file on or after January 1, 2014. A copy of any
615	subsequent replacements or modifications of a health insurance
616	issuer's prior authorization form shall be filed with the
617	Mississippi Department of Insurance and the Mississippi State
618	Department of Health within fifteen (15) days prior to use or
619	implementation of such replacements or modifications.
620	(3) A health insurance issuer shall respond within two
621	(2) * * * working days upon receipt of a completed prior
622	authorization request from a prescribing provider that was
623	submitted using the standardized prior authorization form required
624	by subsection (2) of this section. Notwithstanding any other
625	provision of law to the contrary, a health insurance issuer shall
626	comply with Section 8 of this act for all urgent health care
627	services and in conformity with Section 7 of this act for all
628	other prior authorization requests made by a prescribing provider.
629	SECTION 22. This act shall take effect and be in force from
630	and after July 1, 2023.