

By: Senator(s) Michel, McLendon, Boyd,
Horhn, DeLano, Hill

To: Insurance

SENATE BILL NO. 2622

1 AN ACT TO ENACT THE MISSISSIPPI PRIOR AUTHORIZATION REFORM
2 ACT; TO ESTABLISH THE LEGISLATIVE FINDINGS OF THE ACT; TO PROVIDE
3 THE APPLICABILITY AND SCOPE OF THE ACT; TO REQUIRE HEALTH
4 INSURANCE ISSUERS TO MAINTAIN A COMPLETE LIST OF SERVICES FOR
5 WHICH PRIOR AUTHORIZATIONS ARE REQUIRED; TO REQUIRE HEALTH
6 INSURANCE ISSUERS TO MAKE ANY CURRENT PRIOR AUTHORIZATION
7 REQUIREMENTS AND RESTRICTIONS READILY ACCESSIBLE AND POSTED ON ITS
8 WEBSITE; TO SET REQUIREMENTS FOR THE CLINICAL REVIEW CRITERIA OF
9 HEALTH INSURANCE ISSUERS; TO PROHIBIT HEALTH INSURANCE ISSUERS
10 FROM DENYING A CLAIM FOR FAILURE TO OBTAIN PRIOR AUTHORIZATION IF
11 THE PRIOR AUTHORIZATION REQUIREMENT WAS NOT IN EFFECT ON THE DATE
12 OF SERVICE ON THE CLAIM; TO REQUIRE HEALTH INSURERS TO MAKE
13 CERTAIN PRIOR AUTHORIZATION STATISTICS AVAILABLE ON THEIR WEBSITE;
14 TO REQUIRE HEALTH INSURANCE ISSUERS TO MAKE AVAILABLE A
15 STANDARDIZED ELECTRONIC PRIOR AUTHORIZATION REQUEST TRANSACTION
16 PROCESS BY JANUARY 1, 2024; TO ESTABLISH CERTAIN REQUIREMENTS ON
17 HEALTH INSURANCE ISSUERS FOR PRIOR AUTHORIZATIONS IN NONURGENT
18 CIRCUMSTANCES AND URGENT CIRCUMSTANCES; TO PROVIDE CERTAIN
19 QUALIFICATIONS OF PHYSICIANS QUALIFIED TO MAKE ADVERSE
20 DETERMINATIONS; TO REQUIRE HEALTH INSURANCE ISSUERS TO GIVE
21 CERTAIN NOTIFICATIONS WHEN MAKING AN ADVERSE DETERMINATION; TO
22 ESTABLISH THE QUALIFICATIONS FOR PERSONNEL WHO REVIEW APPEALS OF
23 PRIOR AUTHORIZATIONS; TO REQUIRE HEALTH INSURANCE ISSUERS TO
24 PERIODICALLY REVIEW ITS PRIOR AUTHORIZATION REQUIREMENTS AND TO
25 CONSIDER REMOVAL OF THESE REQUIREMENTS IN CERTAIN CASES; TO
26 PROVIDE THAT A HEALTH INSURANCE ISSUER MAY NOT REVOKE OR FURTHER
27 LIMIT, CONDITION OR RESTRICT A PREVIOUSLY ISSUED PRIOR
28 AUTHORIZATION WHILE IT REMAINS VALID UNDER THIS ACT UNLESS CERTAIN
29 EXCLUSIONS ARE APPLICABLE; TO PROVIDE HOW LONG PRIOR AUTHORIZATION
30 APPROVALS SHALL BE VALID; TO PROVIDE HOW LONG THE PRIOR
31 AUTHORIZATIONS FOR CHRONIC CONDITIONS SHALL BE VALID; TO ESTABLISH
32 THE PROCEDURE FOR THE CONTINUITY OF PRIOR APPROVALS FROM PREVIOUS
33 HEALTH INSURANCE ISSUERS TO CURRENT ISSUERS; TO PROVIDE THAT A
34 FAILURE BY A HEALTH INSURANCE ISSUER TO COMPLY WITH THE DEADLINES



35 AND OTHER REQUIREMENTS SPECIFIED IN THIS ACT SHALL RESULT IN ANY
36 HEALTH CARE SERVICES SUBJECT TO REVIEW TO BE AUTOMATICALLY DEEMED
37 AUTHORIZED BY THE HEALTH INSURANCE ISSUER OR ITS CONTRACTED
38 PRIVATE REVIEW AGENT; TO AUTHORIZE THE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH TO
39 ISSUE CEASE AND DESIST ORDERS TO HEALTH INSURANCE ISSUERS OR
40 PRIVATE REVIEW AGENTS; TO AUTHORIZE THE DEPARTMENT TO IMPOSE UPON
41 A PRIVATE REVIEW AGENT, HEALTH BENEFIT PLAN OR HEALTH INSURANCE
42 ISSUER AN ADMINISTRATIVE FINE NOT TO EXCEED \$10,000.00 PER
43 VIOLATION OF THE ACT; TO REQUIRE HEALTH INSURANCE ISSUERS TO
44 REPORT TO THE DEPARTMENT CERTAIN DATA; TO AMEND SECTION 41-83-31,
45 MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, TO CONFORM AND TO SET CERTAIN
46 QUALIFICATIONS AND TIME CONSTRAINTS FOR PHYSICIANS MAKING ADVERSE
47 DETERMINATIONS THROUGH ANY PROGRAM OF UTILIZATION REVIEW; TO AMEND
48 SECTION 83-9-6.3, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, TO CONFORM WITH THE
49 PROVISIONS OF THIS ACT; AND FOR RELATED PURPOSES.

50 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MISSISSIPPI:

51 **SECTION 1.** This act shall be known and may be cited as the
52 "Mississippi Prior Authorization Reform Act."

53 **SECTION 2. Legislative Findings.** The Mississippi
54 Legislature hereby finds and declares that:

55 (a) The health care professional-patient relationship
56 is paramount and should not be subject to unreasonable third-party
57 interference;

58 (b) Prior authorization programs may be subject to
59 member coverage agreements and medical policies but shall not
60 hinder the independent medical judgment of a physician or other
61 health care provider; and

62 (c) Prior authorization programs must be transparent to
63 ensure a fair and consistent process for health care providers and
64 their patients.

65 **SECTION 3. Applicability and Scope.** This act applies to
66 every health insurance issuer and all health benefit plans, as
67 both terms are defined in Section 83-9-6.3, and all private review



68 agents and utilization review plans, as both terms are defined in
69 Section 41-83-1, with the exception of employee or employer
70 self-insured health benefit plans under the federal Employee
71 Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, health care provided
72 pursuant to the Workers' Compensation Act or the Mississippi State
73 & School Employees' Life and Health Insurance Plan. This act does
74 not diminish the duties and responsibilities under other federal
75 or state law or rules promulgated thereunder applicable to a
76 health insurer, health insurance issuer, health benefit plan,
77 private review agent or utilization review plan, including but not
78 limited to the requirement of a certificate in accordance with
79 Section 41-83-3.

80 **SECTION 4. Definitions.** For purposes of this act, unless
81 the context requires otherwise, the following terms shall have the
82 meanings ascribed herein:

83 (a) "Adverse determination" means a determination by a
84 health insurance issuer that, based upon the information provided,
85 a request for a benefit under the health insurance issuer's health
86 benefit plan upon application of any utilization review technique
87 does not meet the health insurance issuer's requirements for
88 medical necessity, appropriateness, health care setting, level of
89 care, or effectiveness or is determined to be experimental or
90 investigational and the requested benefit is therefore denied,
91 reduced, or terminated or payment is not provided or made, in
92 whole or in part, for the benefit; the denial, reduction, or



93 termination of or failure to provide or make payment, in whole or
94 in part, for a benefit based on a determination by a health
95 insurance issuer that a preexisting condition was present before
96 the effective date of coverage; or a rescission of coverage
97 determination, which does not include a cancellation or
98 discontinuance of coverage that is attributable to a failure to
99 timely pay required premiums or contributions toward the cost of
100 coverage.

101 (b) "Appeal" means a formal request, either orally or
102 in writing, to reconsider an adverse determination.

103 (c) "Approval" means a determination by a health
104 insurance issuer that a health care service has been reviewed and,
105 based on the information provided, satisfies the health insurance
106 issuer's requirements for medical necessity and appropriateness.

107 (d) "Clinical review criteria" means the written
108 screening procedures, decision abstracts, clinical protocols and
109 practice guidelines used by a health insurance issuer to determine
110 the necessity and appropriateness of health care services.

111 (e) "Department" means the Mississippi State Department
112 of Health.

113 (f) "Emergency medical condition" means a medical
114 condition manifesting itself by acute symptoms of sufficient
115 severity, including, but not limited to, severe pain, such that a
116 prudent layperson who possesses an average knowledge of health and



117 medicine could reasonably expect the absence of immediate medical
118 attention to result in:

119 (i) Placing the health of the individual or, with
120 respect to a pregnant woman, the health of the woman or her unborn
121 child, in serious jeopardy;

122 (ii) Serious impairment to bodily functions; or

123 (iii) Serious dysfunction of any bodily organ or
124 part.

125 (g) "Emergency services" means health care items and
126 services furnished or required to evaluate and treat an emergency
127 medical condition.

128 (h) "Enrollee" means any person and his or her
129 dependents enrolled in or covered by a health care plan.

130 (i) "Health care professional" means a physician, a
131 registered professional nurse or other individual appropriately
132 licensed or registered to provide health care services.

133 (j) "Health care provider" means any physician,
134 hospital, ambulatory surgery center, or other person or facility
135 that is licensed or otherwise authorized to deliver health care
136 services.

137 (k) "Health care service" means any services or level
138 of services included in the furnishing to an individual of medical
139 care or the hospitalization incident to the furnishing of such
140 care, as well as the furnishing to any person of any other
141 services for the purpose of preventing, alleviating, curing, or



142 healing human illness or injury, including behavioral health,
143 mental health, home health and pharmaceutical services and
144 products.

145 (l) "Health insurance issuer" has the meaning given to
146 that term in Section 83-9-6.3. Any provision of this act that
147 applies to a "health insurance issuer" also applies to any person
148 or entity covered under the scope of this act in Section 3.

149 (m) "Medically necessary" means a health care
150 professional exercising prudent clinical judgment would provide
151 care to a patient for the purpose of preventing, diagnosing, or
152 treating an illness, injury, disease or its symptoms and that are:

153 (i) In accordance with generally accepted
154 standards of medical practice; and

155 (ii) Clinically appropriate in terms of type,
156 frequency, extent, site and duration and are considered effective
157 for the patient's illness, injury or disease; and not primarily
158 for the convenience of the patient, treating physician, other
159 health care professional, caregiver, family member or other
160 interested party, but focused on what is best for the patient's
161 health outcome.

162 (n) "Physician" means any person with a valid doctor of
163 medicine, doctor of osteopathy or doctor of podiatry degree.

164 (o) "Prior authorization" means the process by which a
165 health insurance issuer determines the medical necessity and
166 medical appropriateness of an otherwise covered health care



167 service before the rendering of such health care service. "Prior
168 authorization" includes any health insurance issuer's requirement
169 that an enrollee, health care professional or health care provider
170 notify the health insurance issuer before, at the time of, or
171 concurrent to providing a health care service.

172 (p) "Urgent health care service" means a health care
173 service with respect to which the application of the time periods
174 for making a nonexpedited prior authorization that in the opinion
175 of a treating health care professional or health care provider
176 with knowledge of the enrollee's medical condition:

177 (i) Could seriously jeopardize the life or health
178 of the enrollee or the ability of the enrollee to regain maximum
179 function; or

180 (ii) Could subject the enrollee to severe pain
181 that cannot be adequately managed without the care or treatment
182 that is the subject of the utilization review.

183 (q) "Urgent health care service" does not include
184 emergency services.

185 (r) "Private review agent" has the meaning given to
186 that term in Section 41-83-1.

187 **SECTION 5. Disclosure and Review of Prior Authorization**

188 **Requirements.** (1) A health insurance issuer shall maintain a
189 complete list of services for which prior authorization is
190 required, including for all services where prior authorization is



191 performed by an entity under contract with the health insurance
192 issuer.

193 (2) A health insurance issuer shall make any current prior
194 authorization requirements and restrictions, including the written
195 clinical review criteria, readily accessible and conspicuously
196 posted on its website to enrollees, health care professionals and
197 health care providers. Content published by a third party and
198 licensed for use by a health insurance issuer may be made
199 available through the health insurance issuer's secure,
200 password-protected website so long as the access requirements of
201 the website do not unreasonably restrict access. Requirements
202 shall be described in detail, written in easily understandable
203 language, and readily available to the health care professional
204 and health care provider at the point of care. The website shall
205 indicate for each service subject to prior authorization:

206 (a) When prior authorization became required for
207 policies issued or health benefit plan documents delivered in
208 Mississippi, including the effective date or dates and the
209 termination date or dates, if applicable, in Mississippi;

210 (b) The date the Mississippi-specific requirement was
211 listed on the health insurance issuer's, health benefit plan's, or
212 private review agent's website;

213 (c) Where applicable, the date that prior authorization
214 was removed for Mississippi; and



215 (d) Where applicable, access to a standardized
216 electronic prior authorization request transaction process.

217 (3) The clinical review criteria must:

218 (a) Be based on nationally recognized, generally
219 accepted standards except where state law provides its own
220 standard;

221 (b) Be developed in accordance with the current
222 standards of a national medical accreditation entity;

223 (c) Ensure quality of care and access to needed health
224 care services;

225 (d) Be evidence-based;

226 (e) Be sufficiently flexible to allow deviations from
227 norms when justified on a case-by-case basis; and

228 (f) Be evaluated and updated, if necessary, at least
229 annually.

230 (4) A health insurance issuer shall not deny a claim for
231 failure to obtain prior authorization if the prior authorization
232 requirement was not in effect on the date of service on the claim.

233 (5) A health insurance issuer shall not deem as incidental
234 or deny supplies or health care services that are routinely used
235 as part of a health care service when:

236 (a) An associated health care service has received
237 prior authorization; or

238 (b) Prior authorization for the health care service is
239 not required.



240 (6) If a health insurance issuer intends either to implement
241 a new prior authorization requirement or restriction or amend an
242 existing requirement or restriction, the health insurance issuer
243 shall provide contracted health care professionals and contracted
244 health care providers of enrollees written notice of the new or
245 amended requirement or amendment no less than sixty (60) days
246 before the requirement or restriction is implemented. The written
247 notice may be provided in an electronic format, including email or
248 facsimile, if the health care professional or health care provider
249 has agreed in advance to receive notices electronically. The
250 health insurance issuer shall ensure that the new or amended
251 requirement is not implemented unless the health insurance
252 issuer's website has been updated to reflect the new or amended
253 requirement or restriction.

254 (7) Health insurers using prior authorization shall make
255 statistics available regarding prior authorization approvals and
256 denials on their website in a readily accessible format. The
257 statistics must be updated annually and include all of the
258 following information:

259 (a) A list of all health care services, including
260 medications, that are subject to prior authorization;

261 (b) The total number of prior authorization requests
262 received;

263 (c) The number of prior authorization requests denied
264 during the previous plan year by the health insurance issuer,



265 health benefit plan, or private review agent with respect to each
266 service described in paragraph (a) of this subsection and the top
267 five (5) reasons for denial;

268 (d) The number of requests described in paragraph (c)
269 of this subsection that were appealed, the number of the appealed
270 requests that upheld the adverse determination and the number of
271 appealed requests that reversed the adverse determination;

272 (e) The average time between submission and response;
273 and

274 (f) Any other information as the department determines
275 appropriate.

276 **SECTION 6. Standardized Electronic Prior Authorizations.** If
277 any health insurance issuer requires prior authorization of a
278 health care service the insurer or its designee utilization review
279 organization shall, by January 1, 2024, make available a
280 standardized electronic prior authorization request transaction
281 process utilizing an internet webpage, internet webpage portal, or
282 similar electronic, internet, and web-based system.

283 **SECTION 7. Prior authorizations in nonurgent circumstances.**
284 Notwithstanding any other provision of law, if a health insurance
285 issuer requires prior authorization of a health care service, the
286 health insurance issuer must make an approval or adverse
287 determination and notify the enrollee, the enrollee's health care
288 professional, and the enrollee's health care provider of the
289 approval or adverse determination as required by applicable law,



290 but no later than two (2) working days after obtaining all
291 necessary information to make the approval or adverse
292 determination. As used in this section, "necessary information"
293 includes the results of any face-to-face clinical evaluation,
294 second opinion or other clinical information that is directly
295 applicable to the requested service that may be required.

296 **SECTION 8. Prior authorizations in urgent circumstances.**

297 (1) If requested by a treating health care provider or health
298 care professional for an enrollee, and notwithstanding any other
299 provision of law, a health insurance issuer must render an
300 approval or adverse determination concerning urgent health care
301 services and notify the enrollee, the enrollee's health care
302 professional and the enrollee's health care provider of that
303 approval or adverse determination as required by law, but not
304 later than twenty-four (24) hours after receiving all information
305 needed to complete the review of the requested health care
306 services.

307 (2) To facilitate the rendering of a prior authorization
308 determination in conformance with this section, a health insurance
309 issuer must establish a mechanism to ensure health care
310 professionals have access to appropriately trained and licensed
311 clinical personnel who have access to physicians for consultation,
312 designated by the plan to make such determinations for prior
313 authorization concerning urgent care services.



314 **SECTION 9. Personnel qualified to make adverse**

315 **determinations.** (1) A health insurance issuer must ensure that
316 all adverse determinations are made by a physician when the
317 request is by a physician or a representative of a physician. The
318 physician must:

319 (a) Possess a current and valid nonrestricted license
320 in any United States jurisdiction; and

321 (b) Have experience treating and managing patients with
322 the medical condition or disease for which the health care service
323 is being requested.

324 (2) Notwithstanding the foregoing, the health insurance
325 issuer must also comply with Section 41-83-31 requiring
326 concurrence in the adverse determination by a physician licensed
327 to practice in Mississippi.

328 **SECTION 10. Notifications for adverse determinations.** If a
329 health insurance issuer makes an adverse determination, the health
330 insurance issuer shall include the following in the notification
331 to the enrollee, the enrollee's health care professional, and the
332 enrollee's health care provider:

333 (a) The reasons for the adverse determination and
334 related evidence-based criteria, including a description of any
335 missing or insufficient documentation;

336 (b) The right to appeal the adverse determination;

337 (c) Instructions on how to file the appeal; and



338 (d) Additional documentation necessary to support the
339 appeal.

340 **SECTION 11. Personnel qualified to review appeals.** (1) A
341 health insurance issuer must ensure that all appeals are reviewed
342 by a physician when the request is by a physician or a
343 representative of a physician. The physician must:

344 (a) Possess a current and valid nonrestricted license
345 to practice medicine by the Mississippi State Board of Medical
346 Licensure;

347 (b) Be certified by the board(s) of the American Board
348 of Medical Specialists or the American Board of Osteopathy within
349 the relevant specialty of a physician who typically manages the
350 medical condition or disease;

351 (c) Be knowledgeable of, and have experience providing,
352 the health care services under appeal;

353 (d) Not have been directly involved in making the
354 adverse determination; and

355 (e) Consider all known clinical aspects of the health
356 care service under review, including, but not limited to, a review
357 of all pertinent medical records provided to the health insurance
358 issuer by the enrollee's health care professional or health care
359 provider and any medical literature provided to the health
360 insurance issuer by the health care professional or health care
361 provider.



362 (2) Notwithstanding the foregoing, a licensed health care
363 professional who satisfies the requirements in this section may
364 review appeal requests submitted by a health care professional
365 licensed in the same profession.

366 **SECTION 12. Insurer review of prior authorization**

367 **requirements.** A health insurance issuer shall periodically review
368 its prior authorization requirements and consider removal of prior
369 authorization requirements:

370 (a) Where a medication or procedure prescribed is
371 customary and properly indicated or is a treatment for the
372 clinical indication as supported by peer-reviewed medical
373 publications; or

374 (b) For patients currently managed with an established
375 treatment regimen.

376 **SECTION 13. Revocation of prior authorizations.** (1) A

377 health insurance issuer may not revoke or further limit, condition
378 or restrict a previously issued prior authorization approval while
379 it remains valid under this act.

380 (2) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, if a claim
381 is properly coded and submitted timely to a health insurance
382 issuer, the health insurance issuer shall make payment according
383 to the terms of coverage on claims for health care services for
384 which prior authorization was required and approval received
385 before the rendering of health care services, unless one (1) of
386 the following occurs:



387 (a) It is timely determined that the enrollee's health
388 care professional or health care provider knowingly provided
389 health care services that required prior authorization from the
390 health insurance issuer or its contracted private review agent
391 without first obtaining prior authorization for those health care
392 services;

393 (b) It is timely determined that the health care
394 services claimed were not performed;

395 (c) It is timely determined that the health care
396 services rendered were contrary to the instructions of the health
397 insurance issuer or its contracted private review agent or
398 delegated reviewer if contact was made between those parties
399 before the service being rendered;

400 (d) It is timely determined that the enrollee receiving
401 such health care services was not an enrollee of the health care
402 plan; or

403 (e) The approval was based upon a material
404 misrepresentation by the enrollee, health care professional, or
405 health care provider; as used in this paragraph, "material" means
406 a fact or situation that is not merely technical in nature and
407 results or could result in a substantial change in the situation.

408 (3) Nothing in this section shall preclude a private review
409 agent or a health insurance issuer from performing post-service
410 reviews of health care claims for purposes of payment integrity or
411 for the prevention of fraud, waste, or abuse.



412 **SECTION 14. Length of approvals.** (1) A prior authorization
413 approval shall be valid for the lesser of six (6) months after the
414 date the health care professional or health care provider receives
415 the prior authorization approval or the length of treatment as
416 determined by the patient's health care professional or the
417 renewal of the plan, and the approval period shall be effective
418 regardless of any changes, including any changes in dosage for a
419 prescription drug prescribed by the health care professional. All
420 dosage increases must be based on established evidentiary
421 standards and nothing in this section shall prohibit a health
422 insurance issuer from having safety edits in place. This section
423 shall not apply to the prescription of benzodiazepines or Schedule
424 II narcotic drugs, such as opioids.

425 (2) Nothing in this section shall require a policy or plan
426 to cover any care, treatment, or services for any health condition
427 that the terms of coverage otherwise completely exclude from the
428 policy's or plan's covered benefits without regard for whether the
429 care, treatment or services are medically necessary.

430 **SECTION 15. Approvals for chronic conditions.** (1) If a
431 health insurance issuer requires a prior authorization for a
432 recurring health care service or maintenance medication for the
433 treatment of a chronic or long-term condition, the approval shall
434 remain valid for the lesser of twelve (12) months from the date
435 the health care professional or health care provider receives the
436 prior authorization approval or the length of the treatment as



437 determined by the patient's health care professional. This
438 section shall not apply to the prescription of benzodiazepines or
439 Schedule II narcotic drugs, such as opioids.

440 (2) Nothing in this section shall require a policy to cover
441 any care, treatment or services for any health condition that the
442 terms of coverage otherwise completely exclude from the policy's
443 covered benefits without regard for whether the care, treatment,
444 or services are medically necessary.

445 **SECTION 16. Continuity of prior approvals.** (1) On receipt
446 of information documenting a prior authorization approval from the
447 enrollee or from the enrollee's health care professional or health
448 care provider, a health insurance issuer shall honor a prior
449 authorization granted to an enrollee from a previous health
450 insurance issuer for at least the initial ninety (90) days of an
451 enrollee's coverage under a new health plan, subject to the terms
452 of the member's coverage agreement.

453 (2) During the time period described in subsection (1) of
454 this section, a health insurance issuer may perform its own review
455 to grant a prior authorization approval subject to the terms of
456 the member's coverage agreement.

457 (3) If there is a change in coverage or approval criteria
458 for a previously authorized health care service, the change in
459 coverage or approval criteria does not affect an enrollee who
460 received prior authorization approval before the effective date of
461 the change for the remainder of the enrollee's plan year.



462 (4) Except to the extent required by medical exceptions
463 processes for prescription drugs, nothing in this section shall
464 require a policy to cover any care, treatment or services for any
465 health condition that the terms of coverage otherwise completely
466 exclude from the policy's covered benefits without regard for
467 whether the care, treatment or services are medically necessary.

468 **SECTION 17. Effect of insurer's failure to comply.** A
469 failure by a health insurance issuer to comply with the deadlines
470 and other requirements specified in this act shall result in any
471 health care services subject to review to be automatically deemed
472 authorized by the health insurance issuer or its contracted
473 private review agent.

474 **SECTION 18. Enforcement and administration.** (1) In
475 addition to the enforcement powers granted to it by law to enforce
476 the provisions of this act, the department is hereby granted
477 specific authority to issue a cease-and-desist order or require a
478 private review agent or health insurance issuer to submit a plan
479 of correction for violations of this act, or both. Subject to
480 regulations promulgated by the department pursuant to provisions
481 of the Mississippi Administrative Procedure Law, the department
482 may impose upon a private review agent, health benefit plan or
483 health insurance issuer an administrative fine not to exceed Ten
484 Thousand Dollars (\$10,000.00) per violation for failure to submit
485 a requested plan of correction, failure to comply with its plan of
486 correction, or repeated violations of this act. The department



487 may also exercise all authority granted to it pursuant to Section
488 41-83-13 to deny or revoke a certificate of a private review agent
489 for a violation of this act.

490 (2) Any person or his or her treating physician who believes
491 that his or her health insurance issuer or health benefit plan is
492 in violation of the provisions of this act may file a complaint
493 with the department. The department shall review all complaints
494 received and investigate all complaints that it deems to state a
495 potential violation. The department shall fairly, efficiently and
496 timely review and investigate complaints. Health insurance
497 issuers, health benefit plans and private review agents found to
498 be in violation of this act shall be penalized in accordance with
499 this section.

500 (3) The department shall have the authority to promulgate
501 rules and regulations pursuant to the Mississippi Administrative
502 Procedures Law to govern the administration of this act.

503 **SECTION 19. Reports to the department.** (1) By June 1,
504 2024, and each June 1 after that date, a health insurance issuer
505 shall report to the department, on a form issued by the
506 department, the following aggregated trend data related to the
507 insurer's prior authorization practices and experience for the
508 prior plan year:

- 509 (a) The number of prior authorization requests;
510 (b) The number of prior authorization requests denied;
511 (c) The number of appeals received;



512 (d) The number of adverse determinations reversed on
513 appeal;

514 (e) Of the total number of prior authorization
515 requests, the number of prior authorization requests that were not
516 submitted electronically;

517 (f) The ten (10) services that were most frequently
518 denied; and

519 (g) The ten (10) reasons prior authorization requests
520 were most frequently denied.

521 (2) All reports required by this section shall be considered
522 public records pursuant to the Mississippi Public Records Act of
523 1983 and the department shall make all reports freely available to
524 requestors and post all reports to its public website without
525 redactions.

526 **SECTION 20.** Section 41-83-31, Mississippi Code of 1972, is
527 amended as follows:

528 41-83-31. Any program of utilization review with regard to
529 hospital, medical or other health care services provided in this
530 state, including, but not limited to, any prior authorization as
531 defined in Section 3 of this act, shall comply with the following:

532 (a) No determination adverse to a patient or to any
533 affected health care provider shall be made on any question
534 relating to the necessity or justification for any form of
535 hospital, medical or other health care services without prior
536 evaluation and concurrence in the adverse determination by a



537 physician licensed to practice in Mississippi and certified by the
538 board(s) of the American Board of Medical Specialists or the
539 American Board of Osteopathy within the relevant specialty. The
540 physician who made the adverse determination shall discuss the
541 reasons for any adverse determination with the affected health
542 care provider, if the provider so requests. The physician shall
543 comply with this request within * * * seven (7) calendar days of
544 being notified of a request. Adverse determination by a physician
545 shall not be grounds for any disciplinary action against the
546 physician by the State Board of Medical Licensure.

547 (b) Any determination regarding hospital, medical or
548 other health care services rendered or to be rendered to a patient
549 which may result in a denial of third-party reimbursement or a
550 denial of precertification for that service shall include the
551 evaluation, findings and concurrence of a physician trained in the
552 relevant specialty or subspecialty and certified by the board(s)
553 of the American Board of Medical Specialists or the American Board
554 of Osteopathy within the relevant specialty, if requested by the
555 patient's physician, to make a final determination that care
556 rendered or to be rendered was, is, or may be medically
557 inappropriate.

558 (c) The requirement in this section that the physician
559 who makes the evaluation and concurrence in the adverse
560 determination must be licensed to practice in Mississippi shall
561 not apply to the Comprehensive Health Insurance Risk Pool



562 Association or its policyholders and shall not apply to any
563 utilization review company which reviews fewer than ten (10)
564 persons residing in the State of Mississippi.

565 **SECTION 21.** Section 83-9-6.3, Mississippi Code of 1972, is
566 amended as follows:

567 83-9-6.3. (1) As used in this section:

568 (a) "Health benefit plan" means services consisting of
569 medical care, provided directly, through insurance or
570 reimbursement, or otherwise, and including items and services paid
571 for as medical care under any hospital or medical service policy
572 or certificate, hospital or medical service plan contract,
573 preferred provider organization, or health maintenance
574 organization contract offered by a health insurance issuer. The
575 term "health benefit plan" includes the Medicaid fee-for-service
576 program and any managed care program, coordinated care program,
577 coordinated care organization program or health maintenance
578 organization program implemented by the Division of Medicaid.

579 (b) "Health insurance issuer" means any entity that
580 offers health insurance coverage through a health benefit plan,
581 policy, or certificate of insurance subject to state law that
582 regulates the business of insurance. "Health insurance issuer"
583 also includes a health maintenance organization, as defined and
584 regulated under Section 83-41-301 et seq., and includes the
585 Division of Medicaid for the services provided by fee-for-service
586 and through any managed care program, coordinated care program,



587 coordinated care organization program or health maintenance
588 organization program implemented by the division.

589 (c) "Prior authorization" means a utilization
590 management criterion used to seek permission or waiver of a drug
591 to be covered under a health benefit plan that provides
592 prescription drug benefits.

593 (d) "Prior authorization form" means a standardized,
594 uniform application developed by a health insurance issuer for the
595 purpose of obtaining prior authorization.

596 (2) Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the
597 contrary, in order to establish uniformity in the submission of
598 prior authorization forms, on or after January 1, 2014, a health
599 insurance issuer shall use only a single, standardized prior
600 authorization form for obtaining any prior authorization for
601 prescription drug benefits. The form shall not exceed two (2)
602 pages in length, excluding any instructions or guiding
603 documentation. The form shall also be made available
604 electronically, and the prescribing provider may submit the
605 completed form electronically to the health benefit plan.
606 Additionally, the health insurance issuer shall submit its prior
607 authorization forms to the Mississippi Department of Insurance to
608 be kept on file on or after January 1, 2014. A copy of any
609 subsequent replacements or modifications of a health insurance
610 issuer's prior authorization form shall be filed with the
611 Mississippi Department of Insurance and the Mississippi State



612 Department of Health within fifteen (15) days prior to use or
613 implementation of such replacements or modifications.

614 (3) A health insurance issuer shall respond within two
615 (2) * * * working days upon receipt of a completed prior
616 authorization request from a prescribing provider that was
617 submitted using the standardized prior authorization form required
618 by subsection (2) of this section. Notwithstanding any other
619 provision of law to the contrary, a health insurance issuer shall
620 comply with Section 8 of this act for all urgent health care
621 services and in conformity with Section 7 of this act for all
622 other prior authorization requests made by a prescribing provider.

623 **SECTION 22.** This act shall take effect and be in force from
624 and after July 1, 2023.

