

By: Senator(s) DeBar

To: Insurance

SENATE BILL NO. 2366

1 AN ACT TO AMEND SECTION 37-7-301, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972,  
2 TO EMPOWER ALL SCHOOL BOARDS OF ALL SCHOOL DISTRICTS TO VOTE TO  
3 PROVIDE SCHOOL BOARD MEMBERS AND THEIR ELIGIBLE DEPENDENTS WITH  
4 HEALTH INSURANCE PROVIDED THAT SUCH INSURANCE IS PAID FOR WITH  
5 LOCAL FUNDS AND NOT STATE FUNDS; AND FOR RELATED PURPOSES.

6 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MISSISSIPPI:

7 **SECTION 1.** Section 37-7-301, Mississippi Code of 1972, is  
8 amended as follows:

9 37-7-301. The school boards of all school districts shall  
10 have the following powers, authority and duties in addition to all  
11 others imposed or granted by law, to wit:

12 (a) To organize and operate the schools of the district  
13 and to make such division between the high school grades and  
14 elementary grades as, in their judgment, will serve the best  
15 interests of the school;

16 (b) To introduce public school music, art, manual  
17 training and other special subjects into either the elementary or  
18 high school grades, as the board shall deem proper;



19           (c) To be the custodians of real and personal school  
20 property and to manage, control and care for same, both during the  
21 school term and during vacation;

22           (d) To have responsibility for the erection, repairing  
23 and equipping of school facilities and the making of necessary  
24 school improvements;

25           (e) To suspend or to expel a pupil or to change the  
26 placement of a pupil to the school district's alternative school  
27 or homebound program for misconduct in the school or on school  
28 property, as defined in Section 37-11-29, on the road to and from  
29 school, or at any school-related activity or event, or for conduct  
30 occurring on property other than school property or other than at  
31 a school-related activity or event when such conduct by a pupil,  
32 in the determination of the school superintendent or principal,  
33 renders that pupil's presence in the classroom a disruption to the  
34 educational environment of the school or a detriment to the best  
35 interest and welfare of the pupils and teacher of such class as a  
36 whole, and to delegate such authority to the appropriate officials  
37 of the school district;

38           (f) To visit schools in the district, in their  
39 discretion, in a body for the purpose of determining what can be  
40 done for the improvement of the school in a general way;

41           (g) To support, within reasonable limits, the  
42 superintendent, principal and teachers where necessary for the  
43 proper discipline of the school;



44           (h) To exclude from the schools students with what  
45 appears to be infectious or contagious diseases; provided,  
46 however, such student may be allowed to return to school upon  
47 presenting a certificate from a public health officer, duly  
48 licensed physician or nurse practitioner that the student is free  
49 from such disease;

50           (i) To require those vaccinations specified by the  
51 State Health Officer as provided in Section 41-23-37;

52           (j) To see that all necessary utilities and services  
53 are provided in the schools at all times when same are needed;

54           (k) To authorize the use of the school buildings and  
55 grounds for the holding of public meetings and gatherings of the  
56 people under such regulations as may be prescribed by said board;

57           (l) To prescribe and enforce rules and regulations not  
58 inconsistent with law or with the regulations of the State Board  
59 of Education for their own government and for the government of  
60 the schools, and to transact their business at regular and special  
61 meetings called and held in the manner provided by law;

62           (m) To maintain and operate all of the schools under  
63 their control for such length of time during the year as may be  
64 required;

65           (n) To enforce in the schools the courses of study and  
66 the use of the textbooks prescribed by the proper authorities;

67           (o) To make orders directed to the superintendent of  
68 schools for the issuance of pay certificates for lawful purposes



69 on any available funds of the district and to have full control of  
70 the receipt, distribution, allotment and disbursement of all funds  
71 provided for the support and operation of the schools of such  
72 school district whether such funds be derived from state  
73 appropriations, local ad valorem tax collections, or otherwise.  
74 The local school board shall be authorized and empowered to  
75 promulgate rules and regulations that specify the types of claims  
76 and set limits of the dollar amount for payment of claims by the  
77 superintendent of schools to be ratified by the board at the next  
78 regularly scheduled meeting after payment has been made;

79 (p) To select all school district personnel in the  
80 manner provided by law, and to provide for such employee fringe  
81 benefit programs, including accident reimbursement plans, as may  
82 be deemed necessary and appropriate by the board;

83 (q) To provide athletic programs and other school  
84 activities and to regulate the establishment and operation of such  
85 programs and activities;

86 (r) To join, in their discretion, any association of  
87 school boards and other public school-related organizations, and  
88 to pay from local funds other than minimum foundation funds, any  
89 membership dues;

90 (s) To expend local school activity funds, or other  
91 available school district funds, other than minimum education  
92 program funds, for the purposes prescribed under this paragraph.

93 "Activity funds" shall mean all funds received by school officials



94 in all school districts paid or collected to participate in any  
95 school activity, such activity being part of the school program  
96 and partially financed with public funds or supplemented by public  
97 funds. The term "activity funds" shall not include any funds  
98 raised and/or expended by any organization unless commingled in a  
99 bank account with existing activity funds, regardless of whether  
100 the funds were raised by school employees or received by school  
101 employees during school hours or using school facilities, and  
102 regardless of whether a school employee exercises influence over  
103 the expenditure or disposition of such funds. Organizations shall  
104 not be required to make any payment to any school for the use of  
105 any school facility if, in the discretion of the local school  
106 governing board, the organization's function shall be deemed to be  
107 beneficial to the official or extracurricular programs of the  
108 school. For the purposes of this provision, the term  
109 "organization" shall not include any organization subject to the  
110 control of the local school governing board. Activity funds may  
111 only be expended for any necessary expenses or travel costs,  
112 including advances, incurred by students and their chaperons in  
113 attending any in-state or out-of-state school-related programs,  
114 conventions or seminars and/or any commodities, equipment, travel  
115 expenses, purchased services or school supplies which the local  
116 school governing board, in its discretion, shall deem beneficial  
117 to the official or extracurricular programs of the district,  
118 including items which may subsequently become the personal



119 property of individuals, including yearbooks, athletic apparel,  
120 book covers and trophies. Activity funds may be used to pay  
121 travel expenses of school district personnel. The local school  
122 governing board shall be authorized and empowered to promulgate  
123 rules and regulations specifically designating for what purposes  
124 school activity funds may be expended. The local school governing  
125 board shall provide (i) that such school activity funds shall be  
126 maintained and expended by the principal of the school generating  
127 the funds in individual bank accounts, or (ii) that such school  
128 activity funds shall be maintained and expended by the  
129 superintendent of schools in a central depository approved by the  
130 board. The local school governing board shall provide that such  
131 school activity funds be audited as part of the annual audit  
132 required in Section 37-9-18. The State Department of Education  
133 shall prescribe a uniform system of accounting and financial  
134 reporting for all school activity fund transactions;

135 (t) To enter into an energy performance contract,  
136 energy services contract, on a shared\_savings, lease or  
137 lease-purchase basis, for energy efficiency services and/or  
138 equipment as provided for in Section 31-7-14;

139 (u) To maintain accounts and issue pay certificates on  
140 school food service bank accounts;

141 (v) (i) To lease a school building from an individual,  
142 partnership, nonprofit corporation or a private for-profit  
143 corporation for the use of such school district, and to expend



144 funds therefor as may be available from any nonminimum program  
145 sources. The school board of the school district desiring to  
146 lease a school building shall declare by resolution that a need  
147 exists for a school building and that the school district cannot  
148 provide the necessary funds to pay the cost or its proportionate  
149 share of the cost of a school building required to meet the  
150 present needs. The resolution so adopted by the school board  
151 shall be published once each week for three (3) consecutive weeks  
152 in a newspaper having a general circulation in the school district  
153 involved, with the first publication thereof to be made not less  
154 than thirty (30) days prior to the date upon which the school  
155 board is to act on the question of leasing a school building. If  
156 no petition requesting an election is filed prior to such meeting  
157 as hereinafter provided, then the school board may, by resolution  
158 spread upon its minutes, proceed to lease a school building. If  
159 at any time prior to said meeting a petition signed by not less  
160 than twenty percent (20%) or fifteen hundred (1500), whichever is  
161 less, of the qualified electors of the school district involved  
162 shall be filed with the school board requesting that an election  
163 be called on the question, then the school board shall, not later  
164 than the next regular meeting, adopt a resolution calling an  
165 election to be held within such school district upon the question  
166 of authorizing the school board to lease a school building. Such  
167 election shall be called and held, and notice thereof shall be  
168 given, in the same manner for elections upon the questions of the



169 issuance of the bonds of school districts, and the results thereof  
170 shall be certified to the school board. If at least three-fifths  
171 (3/5) of the qualified electors of the school district who voted  
172 in such election shall vote in favor of the leasing of a school  
173 building, then the school board shall proceed to lease a school  
174 building. The term of the lease contract shall not exceed twenty  
175 (20) years, and the total cost of such lease shall be either the  
176 amount of the lowest and best bid accepted by the school board  
177 after advertisement for bids or an amount not to exceed the  
178 current fair market value of the lease as determined by the  
179 averaging of at least two (2) appraisals by certified general  
180 appraisers licensed by the State of Mississippi. The term "school  
181 building" as used in this paragraph (v) (i) shall be construed to  
182 mean any building or buildings used for classroom purposes in  
183 connection with the operation of schools and shall include the  
184 site therefor, necessary support facilities, and the equipment  
185 thereof and appurtenances thereto such as heating facilities,  
186 water supply, sewage disposal, landscaping, walks, drives and  
187 playgrounds. The term "lease" as used in this paragraph (v) (i)  
188 may include a lease-purchase contract;

189 (ii) If two (2) or more school districts propose  
190 to enter into a lease contract jointly, then joint meetings of the  
191 school boards having control may be held but no action taken shall  
192 be binding on any such school district unless the question of  
193 leasing a school building is approved in each participating school





194 district under the procedure hereinabove set forth in paragraph  
195 (v) (i). All of the provisions of paragraph (v) (i) regarding the  
196 term and amount of the lease contract shall apply to the school  
197 boards of school districts acting jointly. Any lease contract  
198 executed by two (2) or more school districts as joint lessees  
199 shall set out the amount of the aggregate lease rental to be paid  
200 by each, which may be agreed upon, but there shall be no right of  
201 occupancy by any lessee unless the aggregate rental is paid as  
202 stipulated in the lease contract. All rights of joint lessees  
203 under the lease contract shall be in proportion to the amount of  
204 lease rental paid by each;

205 (w) To employ all noninstructional and noncertificated  
206 employees and fix the duties and compensation of such personnel  
207 deemed necessary pursuant to the recommendation of the  
208 superintendent of schools;

209 (x) To employ and fix the duties and compensation of  
210 such legal counsel as deemed necessary;

211 (y) Subject to rules and regulations of the State Board  
212 of Education, to purchase, own and operate trucks, vans and other  
213 motor vehicles, which shall bear the proper identification  
214 required by law;

215 (z) To expend funds for the payment of substitute  
216 teachers and to adopt reasonable regulations for the employment  
217 and compensation of such substitute teachers;



218 (aa) To acquire in its own name by purchase all real  
219 property which shall be necessary and desirable in connection with  
220 the construction, renovation or improvement of any public school  
221 building or structure. Whenever the purchase price for such real  
222 property is greater than Fifty Thousand Dollars (\$50,000.00), the  
223 school board shall not purchase the property for an amount  
224 exceeding the fair market value of such property as determined by  
225 the average of at least two (2) independent appraisals by  
226 certified general appraisers licensed by the State of Mississippi.  
227 If the board shall be unable to agree with the owner of any such  
228 real property in connection with any such project, the board shall  
229 have the power and authority to acquire any such real property by  
230 condemnation proceedings pursuant to Section 11-27-1 et seq.,  
231 Mississippi Code of 1972, and for such purpose, the right of  
232 eminent domain is hereby conferred upon and vested in said board.  
233 Provided further, that the local school board is authorized to  
234 grant an easement for ingress and egress over sixteenth section  
235 land or lieu land in exchange for a similar easement upon  
236 adjoining land where the exchange of easements affords substantial  
237 benefit to the sixteenth section land; provided, however, the  
238 exchange must be based upon values as determined by a competent  
239 appraiser, with any differential in value to be adjusted by cash  
240 payment. Any easement rights granted over sixteenth section land  
241 under such authority shall terminate when the easement ceases to  
242 be used for its stated purpose. No sixteenth section or lieu land



243 which is subject to an existing lease shall be burdened by any  
244 such easement except by consent of the lessee or unless the school  
245 district shall acquire the unexpired leasehold interest affected  
246 by the easement;

247 (bb) To charge reasonable fees related to the  
248 educational programs of the district, in the manner prescribed in  
249 Section 37-7-335;

250 (cc) Subject to rules and regulations of the State  
251 Board of Education, to purchase relocatable classrooms for the use  
252 of such school district, in the manner prescribed in Section  
253 37-1-13;

254 (dd) Enter into contracts or agreements with other  
255 school districts, political subdivisions or governmental entities  
256 to carry out one or more of the powers or duties of the school  
257 board, or to allow more efficient utilization of limited resources  
258 for providing services to the public;

259 (ee) To provide for in-service training for employees  
260 of the district;

261 (ff) As part of their duties to prescribe the use of  
262 textbooks, to provide that parents and legal guardians shall be  
263 responsible for the textbooks and for the compensation to the  
264 school district for any books which are not returned to the proper  
265 schools upon the withdrawal of their dependent child. If a  
266 textbook is lost or not returned by any student who drops out of  
267 the public school district, the parent or legal guardian shall



268 also compensate the school district for the fair market value of  
269 the textbooks;

270 (gg) To conduct fund-raising activities on behalf of  
271 the school district that the local school board, in its  
272 discretion, deems appropriate or beneficial to the official or  
273 extracurricular programs of the district; provided that:

274 (i) Any proceeds of the fund-raising activities  
275 shall be treated as "activity funds" and shall be accounted for as  
276 are other activity funds under this section; and

277 (ii) Fund-raising activities conducted or  
278 authorized by the board for the sale of school pictures, the  
279 rental of caps and gowns or the sale of graduation invitations for  
280 which the school board receives a commission, rebate or fee shall  
281 contain a disclosure statement advising that a portion of the  
282 proceeds of the sales or rentals shall be contributed to the  
283 student activity fund;

284 (hh) To allow individual lessons for music, art and  
285 other curriculum-related activities for academic credit or  
286 nonacademic credit during school hours and using school equipment  
287 and facilities, subject to uniform rules and regulations adopted  
288 by the school board;

289 (ii) To charge reasonable fees for participating in an  
290 extracurricular activity for academic or nonacademic credit for  
291 necessary and required equipment such as safety equipment, band  
292 instruments and uniforms;



293           (jj) To conduct or participate in any fund-raising  
294 activities on behalf of or in connection with a tax-exempt  
295 charitable organization;

296           (kk) To exercise such powers as may be reasonably  
297 necessary to carry out the provisions of this section;

298           (ll) To expend funds for the services of nonprofit arts  
299 organizations or other such nonprofit organizations who provide  
300 performances or other services for the students of the school  
301 district;

302           (mm) To expend federal No Child Left Behind Act funds,  
303 or any other available funds that are expressly designated and  
304 authorized for that use, to pay training, educational expenses,  
305 salary incentives and salary supplements to employees of local  
306 school districts; except that incentives shall not be considered  
307 part of the local supplement as defined in Section 37-151-5(o),  
308 nor shall incentives be considered part of the local supplement  
309 paid to an individual teacher for the purposes of Section  
310 37-19-7(1). Mississippi Adequate Education Program funds or any  
311 other state funds may not be used for salary incentives or salary  
312 supplements as provided in this paragraph (mm);

313           (nn) To use any available funds, not appropriated or  
314 designated for any other purpose, for reimbursement to the  
315 state-licensed employees from both in state and out of state, who  
316 enter into a contract for employment in a school district, for the  
317 expense of moving when the employment necessitates the relocation



318 of the licensed employee to a different geographical area than  
319 that in which the licensed employee resides before entering into  
320 the contract. The reimbursement shall not exceed One Thousand  
321 Dollars (\$1,000.00) for the documented actual expenses incurred in  
322 the course of relocating, including the expense of any  
323 professional moving company or persons employed to assist with the  
324 move, rented moving vehicles or equipment, mileage in the amount  
325 authorized for county and municipal employees under Section  
326 25-3-41 if the licensed employee used his personal vehicle or  
327 vehicles for the move, meals and such other expenses associated  
328 with the relocation. No licensed employee may be reimbursed for  
329 moving expenses under this section on more than one (1) occasion  
330 by the same school district. Nothing in this section shall be  
331 construed to require the actual residence to which the licensed  
332 employee relocates to be within the boundaries of the school  
333 district that has executed a contract for employment in order for  
334 the licensed employee to be eligible for reimbursement for the  
335 moving expenses. However, the licensed employee must relocate  
336 within the boundaries of the State of Mississippi. Any individual  
337 receiving relocation assistance through the Critical Teacher  
338 Shortage Act as provided in Section 37-159-5 shall not be eligible  
339 to receive additional relocation funds as authorized in this  
340 paragraph;

341 (oo) To use any available funds, not appropriated or  
342 designated for any other purpose, to reimburse persons who



343 interview for employment as a licensed employee with the district  
344 for the mileage and other actual expenses incurred in the course  
345 of travel to and from the interview at the rate authorized for  
346 county and municipal employees under Section 25-3-41;

347 (pp) Consistent with the report of the Task Force to  
348 Conduct a Best Financial Management Practices Review, to improve  
349 school district management and use of resources and identify cost  
350 savings as established in Section 8 of Chapter 610, Laws of 2002,  
351 local school boards are encouraged to conduct independent reviews  
352 of the management and efficiency of schools and school districts.  
353 Such management and efficiency reviews shall provide state and  
354 local officials and the public with the following:

- 355 (i) An assessment of a school district's  
356 governance and organizational structure;
- 357 (ii) An assessment of the school district's  
358 financial and personnel management;
- 359 (iii) An assessment of revenue levels and sources;
- 360 (iv) An assessment of facilities utilization,  
361 planning and maintenance;
- 362 (v) An assessment of food services, transportation  
363 and safety/security systems;
- 364 (vi) An assessment of instructional and  
365 administrative technology;



366 (vii) A review of the instructional management and  
367 the efficiency and effectiveness of existing instructional  
368 programs; and

369 (viii) Recommended methods for increasing  
370 efficiency and effectiveness in providing educational services to  
371 the public;

372 (qq) To enter into agreements with other local school  
373 boards for the establishment of an educational service agency  
374 (ESA) to provide for the cooperative needs of the region in which  
375 the school district is located, as provided in Section 37-7-345;

376 (rr) To implement a financial literacy program for  
377 students in Grades 10 and 11. The board may review the national  
378 programs and obtain free literature from various nationally  
379 recognized programs. After review of the different programs, the  
380 board may certify a program that is most appropriate for the  
381 school districts' needs. If a district implements a financial  
382 literacy program, then any student in Grade 10 or 11 may  
383 participate in the program. The financial literacy program shall  
384 include, but is not limited to, instruction in the same areas of  
385 personal business and finance as required under Section  
386 37-1-3(2) (b). The school board may coordinate with volunteer  
387 teachers from local community organizations, including, but not  
388 limited to, the following: United States Department of  
389 Agriculture Rural Development, United States Department of Housing  
390 and Urban Development, Junior Achievement, bankers and other





391 nonprofit organizations. Nothing in this paragraph shall be  
392 construed as to require school boards to implement a financial  
393 literacy program;

394 (ss) To collaborate with the State Board of Education,  
395 Community Action Agencies or the Department of Human Services to  
396 develop and implement a voluntary program to provide services for  
397 a prekindergarten program that addresses the cognitive, social,  
398 and emotional needs of four-year-old and three-year-old children.  
399 The school board may utilize any source of available revenue to  
400 fund the voluntary program. Effective with the 2013-2014 school  
401 year, to implement voluntary prekindergarten programs under the  
402 Early Learning Collaborative Act of 2013 pursuant to state funds  
403 awarded by the State Department of Education on a matching basis;

404 (tt) With respect to any lawful, written obligation of  
405 a school district, including, but not limited to, leases  
406 (excluding leases of sixteenth section public school trust land),  
407 bonds, notes, or other agreement, to agree in writing with the  
408 obligee that the Department of Revenue or any state agency,  
409 department or commission created under state law may:

410 (i) Withhold all or any part (as agreed by the  
411 school board) of any monies which such local school board is  
412 entitled to receive from time to time under any law and which is  
413 in the possession of the Department of Revenue, or any state  
414 agency, department or commission created under state law; and



415                   (ii) Pay the same over to any financial  
416 institution, trustee or other obligee, as directed in writing by  
417 the school board, to satisfy all or part of such obligation of the  
418 school district.

419           The school board may make such written agreement to withhold  
420 and transfer funds irrevocable for the term of the written  
421 obligation and may include in the written agreement any other  
422 terms and provisions acceptable to the school board. If the  
423 school board files a copy of such written agreement with the  
424 Department of Revenue, or any state agency, department or  
425 commission created under state law then the Department of Revenue  
426 or any state agency, department or commission created under state  
427 law shall immediately make the withholdings provided in such  
428 agreement from the amounts due the local school board and shall  
429 continue to pay the same over to such financial institution,  
430 trustee or obligee for the term of the agreement.

431           This paragraph (tt) shall not grant any extra authority to a  
432 school board to issue debt in any amount exceeding statutory  
433 limitations on assessed value of taxable property within such  
434 school district or the statutory limitations on debt maturities,  
435 and shall not grant any extra authority to impose, levy or collect  
436 a tax which is not otherwise expressly provided for, and shall not  
437 be construed to apply to sixteenth section public school trust  
438 land;



439           (uu) With respect to any matter or transaction that is  
440 competitively bid by a school district, to accept from any bidder  
441 as a good-faith deposit or bid bond or bid surety, the same type  
442 of good-faith deposit or bid bond or bid surety that may be  
443 accepted by the state or any other political subdivision on  
444 similar competitively bid matters or transactions. This paragraph  
445 (uu) shall not be construed to apply to sixteenth section public  
446 school trust land. The school board may authorize the investment  
447 of any school district funds in the same kind and manner of  
448 investments, including pooled investments, as any other political  
449 subdivision, including community hospitals;

450           (vv) To utilize the alternate method for the conveyance  
451 or exchange of unused school buildings and/or land, reserving a  
452 partial or other undivided interest in the property, as  
453 specifically authorized and provided in Section 37-7-485;

454           (wv) To delegate, privatize or otherwise enter into a  
455 contract with private entities for the operation of any and all  
456 functions of nonacademic school process, procedures and operations  
457 including, but not limited to, cafeteria workers, janitorial  
458 services, transportation, professional development, achievement  
459 and instructional consulting services materials and products,  
460 purchasing cooperatives, insurance, business manager services,  
461 auditing and accounting services, school safety/risk prevention,  
462 data processing and student records, and other staff services;  
463 however, the authority under this paragraph does not apply to the



464 leasing, management or operation of sixteenth section lands.  
465 Local school districts, working through their regional education  
466 service agency, are encouraged to enter into buying consortia with  
467 other member districts for the purposes of more efficient use of  
468 state resources as described in Section 37-7-345;

469 (xx) To partner with entities, organizations and  
470 corporations for the purpose of benefiting the school district;

471 (yy) To borrow funds from the Rural Economic  
472 Development Authority for the maintenance of school buildings;

473 (zz) To fund and operate voluntary early childhood  
474 education programs, defined as programs for children less than  
475 five (5) years of age on or before September 1, and to use any  
476 source of revenue for such early childhood education programs.  
477 Such programs shall not conflict with the Early Learning  
478 Collaborative Act of 2013;

479 (aaa) To issue and provide for the use of procurement  
480 cards by school board members, superintendents and licensed school  
481 personnel consistent with the rules and regulations of the  
482 Mississippi Department of Finance and Administration under Section  
483 31-7-9; \* \* \*

484 (bbb) To conduct an annual comprehensive evaluation of  
485 the superintendent of schools consistent with the assessment  
486 components of paragraph (pp) of this section and the assessment  
487 benchmarks established by the Mississippi School Board Association  
488 to evaluate the success the superintendent has attained in meeting



489 district goals and objectives, the superintendent's leadership  
490 skill and whether or not the superintendent has established  
491 appropriate standards for performance, is monitoring success and  
492 is using data for improvement \* \* \*; and

493 (ccc) To vote to provide school board members and their  
494 eligible dependents with health insurance provided that such  
495 insurance is paid for with local funds and not state funds.

496 **SECTION 2.** This act shall take effect and be in force from  
497 and after July 1, 2023.

