

By: Senator(s) Blackwell

To: Insurance

SENATE BILL NO. 2224  
(As Passed the Senate)

1 AN ACT TO PROHIBIT AN INSURER OR OTHER PAYOR FROM SETTING A  
2 MAXIMUM DOLLAR AMOUNT OF REIMBURSEMENT FOR NONINVASIVE VENTILATION  
3 OR VENTILATION TREATMENTS PROPERLY ORDERED AND BEING USED IN AN  
4 APPROPRIATE CARE SETTING; TO INCLUDE SPECIFIC SERVICES THAT THE  
5 DURABLE MEDICAL EQUIPMENT SUPPLIER SHALL BE REQUIRED TO PROVIDE;  
6 TO REQUIRE AN INSURER, SUBCONTRACTOR, THIRD-PARTY ADMINISTRATOR OR  
7 OTHER PAYOR TO REIMBURSE DURABLE MEDICAL EQUIPMENT SUPPLIERS FOR  
8 HOME USE NONINVASIVE AND INVASIVE VENTILATORS ON A CONTINUOUS  
9 MONTHLY PAYMENT BASIS FOR THE DURATION OF MEDICAL NEED THROUGHOUT  
10 A PATIENT'S VALID PRESCRIPTION PERIOD; TO AUTHORIZE THE  
11 COMMISSIONER OF INSURANCE TO ADOPT RULES AND REGULATIONS TO  
12 ADDRESS ANY INEQUALITIES REGARDING PROVIDER REIMBURSEMENT RATES  
13 PAID BY AN INSURER, SUBCONTRACTOR, OTHER PAYOR OR BY THIRD-PARTY  
14 ADMINISTRATORS; TO PROVIDE THAT FAILURE TO COMPLY WITH RULES AND  
15 REGULATIONS ADOPTED BY THE COMMISSIONER SHALL RESULT IN A FINE NOT  
16 TO EXCEED \$10,000.00 PER VIOLATION; TO AMEND SECTION 83-9-5,  
17 MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, TO CLARIFY REQUIREMENTS FOR A CLEAN  
18 CLAIM; TO PROVIDE THAT THE COMMISSIONER OF INSURANCE MAY ADOPT  
19 RULES AND REGULATIONS NECESSARY TO ENSURE COMPLIANCE WITH THE  
20 SECTION; AND FOR RELATED PURPOSES.

21 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MISSISSIPPI:

22 **SECTION 1.** (1) Notwithstanding any provision of law to the  
23 contrary, an insurer, subcontractor, third-party administrator or  
24 other payor shall not set a maximum dollar amount of reimbursement  
25 for noninvasive ventilation or ventilation treatments properly  
26 ordered and being used in an appropriate care setting.



(2) (a) The durable medical equipment supplier shall be required to provide the patient regular and comprehensive service and preventative maintenance by a certified or registered respiratory therapist. The service shall include, but not be limited to, masks, tubing, filters and other supporting supplies and equipment. Reimbursement shall be at a rate negotiated with the payors to ensure that a sustained level of service can be provided to the patient.

(b) Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, an insurer, subcontractor, third-party administrator or other payor shall reimburse durable medical equipment suppliers for home use noninvasive and invasive ventilators on a continuous monthly payment basis for the duration of medical need throughout a patient's valid prescription period.

**SECTION 2.** The Commissioner of Insurance may adopt rules and regulations to address any inequalities or irregularities regarding provider reimbursement rates paid by an insurer, subcontractor, third-party administrator or other payor regarding covered services received by covered persons in this state. Failure to comply with rules and regulations adopted by the Commissioner under this section shall result in a fine not to exceed Ten Thousand Dollars (\$10,000.00) per violation.

**SECTION 3.** Section 83-9-5, Mississippi Code of 1972, is amended as follows:



83-9-5. (1) **Required provisions.** Except as provided in subsection (3) of this section, each such policy delivered or issued for delivery to any person in this state shall contain the provisions specified in this subsection in the words in which the same appear in this section. However, the insurer may, at its option, substitute for one or more of such provisions, corresponding provisions of different wording approved by the commissioner which are in each instance not less favorable in any respect to the insured or the beneficiary. Such provisions shall be preceded individually by the caption appearing in this subsection or, at the option of the insurer, by such appropriate individual or group captions or subcaptions as the commissioner may approve.

As used in this section, the term "insurer" means a health maintenance organization, an insurance company or any other entity responsible for the payment of benefits under a policy or contract of accident and sickness insurance; however, the term "insurer" shall not mean a liquidator, rehabilitator, conservator or receiver or third-party administrator of any health maintenance organization, insurance company or other entity responsible for the payment of benefits which is in liquidation, rehabilitation or conservation proceedings, nor shall it mean any responsible guaranty association. Further, no cause of action shall accrue against a liquidator, rehabilitator, conservator or receiver or third-party administrator of any health maintenance organization,



insurance company or other entity responsible for the payment of benefits which is in liquidation, rehabilitation or conservation proceedings or any responsible guaranty association under paragraph (h)3 of this subsection or any policy provision in accordance therewith.

(a) A provision as follows:

Entire contract; changes: This policy, including the endorsements and the attached papers, if any, constitutes the entire contract of insurance. No change in this policy shall be valid until approved by an executive officer of the insurer and unless such approval be endorsed hereon or attached hereto. No agent has authority to change this policy or to waive any of its provisions.

(b) A provision as follows:

Time limit on certain defenses:

1. After two (2) years from the date of issue of this policy, no misstatements, except fraudulent misstatements, made by the applicant in the application for such policy shall be used to void the policy or to deny a claim for loss incurred or disability (as defined in the policy) commencing after the expiration of such two-year period.

(The foregoing policy provision shall not be so construed as to effect any legal requirement for avoidance of a policy or denial of a claim during such initial two-year period, nor to limit the application of subsection (2) (a) and (2) (b) of this



section in the event of misstatement with respect to age or occupation.)

(A policy which the insured has the right to continue in force subject to its terms by the timely payment of premium (1) until at least age fifty (50) or, (2) in the case of a policy issued after age forty-four (44), for at least five (5) years from its date of issue, may contain in lieu of the foregoing the following provision (from which the clause in parentheses may be omitted at the insurer's option) under the caption "INCONTESTABLE":

After this policy has been in force for a period of two (2) years during the lifetime of the insured (excluding any period during which the insured is disabled), it shall become incontestable as to the statements in the application.)

2. No claim for loss incurred or disability (as defined in the policy) commencing after two (2) years from the date of issue of this policy shall be reduced or denied on the ground that a disease or physical condition not excluded from coverage by name or specific description effective on the date of loss had existed prior to the effective date of coverage of this policy.

(c) A provision as follows:

Grace period:

A grace period of seven (7) days for weekly premium policies, ten (10) days for monthly premium policies and thirty-one (31)



days for all other policies will be granted for the payment of each premium falling due after the first premium, during which grace period the policy shall continue in force.

(A policy which contains a cancellation provision may add, at the end of the above provision, "subject to the right of the insurer to cancel in accordance with the cancellation provision hereof."

A policy in which the insurer reserves the right to refuse any renewal shall have, at the beginning of the above provision, "unless not less than five (5) days prior to the premium due date the insurer has delivered to the insured or has mailed to his last address as shown by the records of the insurer written notice of its intention not to renew this policy beyond the period for which the premium has been accepted.")

(d) A provision as follows:

Reinstatement:

If any renewal premium be not paid within the time granted the insured for payment, a subsequent acceptance of premium by the insurer or by any agent duly authorized by the insurer to accept such premium, without requiring in connection therewith an application for reinstatement, shall reinstate the policy. However, if the insurer or such agent requires an application for reinstatement and issues a conditional receipt for the premium tendered, the policy will be reinstated upon approval of such application by the insurer or, lacking such approval, upon the



forty-fifth day following the date of such conditional receipt unless the insurer has previously notified the insured in writing of its disapproval of such application. The reinstated policy shall cover only loss resulting from such accidental injury as may be sustained after the date of reinstatement and loss due to such sickness as may begin more than ten (10) days after such date. In all other respects the insured and insurer shall have the same rights thereunder as they had under the policy immediately before the due date of the defaulted premium, subject to any provisions endorsed hereon or attached hereto in connection with the reinstatement. Any premium accepted in connection with a reinstatement shall be applied to a period for which premium has not been previously paid, but not to any period more than sixty (60) days prior to the date of reinstatement. (The last sentence of the above provision may be omitted from any policy which the insured has the right to continue in force subject to its terms by the timely payment of premiums (1) until at least age fifty (50) or, (2) in the case of a policy issued after age forty-four (44), for at least five (5) years from its date of issue.)

(e) A provision as follows:

Notice of claim:

Written notice of claim must be given to the insurer within thirty (30) days after the occurrence or commencement of any loss covered by the policy, or as soon thereafter as is reasonably possible. Notice given by or on behalf of the insured or the



beneficiary to the insurer at \_\_\_\_\_ (insert the location of such office as the insurer may designate for the purpose), or to any authorized agent of the insurer, with information sufficient to identify the insured, shall be deemed notice to the insurer.

(In a policy providing a loss of time benefit which may be payable for at least two (2) years, an insurer may, at its option, insert the following between the first and second sentences of the above provision: "Subject to the qualifications set forth below, if the insured suffers loss of time on account of disability for which indemnity may be payable for at least two (2) years, he shall, at least once in every six (6) months after having given notice of claim, give to the insurer notice of continuance of said disability, except in the event of legal incapacity. The period of six (6) months following any filing of proof by the insured or any payment by the insurer on account of such claim or any denial of liability, in whole or in part, by the insurer shall be excluded in applying this provision. Delay in the giving of such notice shall not impair the insured's right to any indemnity which would otherwise have accrued during the period of six (6) months preceding the date on which such notice is actually given.")

(f) A provision as follows:

Claim forms:

The insurer, upon receipt of a notice of claim, will furnish to the claimant such forms as are usually furnished by it for





201 filing proofs of loss. If such forms are not furnished within  
202 fifteen (15) days after the giving of such notice, the claimant  
203 shall be deemed to have complied with the requirements of this  
204 policy as to proof of loss upon submitting, within the time fixed  
205 in the policy for filing proofs of loss, written proof covering  
206 the occurrence, the character and the extent of the loss for which  
207 claim is made.

208 (g) A provision as follows:

209 Proofs of loss:

210 Written proof of loss must be furnished to the insurer at its  
211 said office, in case of claim for loss for which this policy  
212 provides any periodic payment contingent upon continuing loss,  
213 within ninety (90) days after the termination of the period for  
214 which the insurer is liable, and in case of claim for any other  
215 loss, within ninety (90) days after the date of such loss.

216 Failure to furnish such proof within the time required shall not  
217 invalidate or reduce any claim if it was not reasonably possible  
218 to give proof within such time, provided such proof is furnished  
219 as soon as reasonably possible and in no event, except in the  
220 absence of legal capacity, later than one (1) year from the time  
221 proof is otherwise required.

222 (h) A provision as follows:

223 Time of payment of claims:

224 1. All benefits payable under this policy for any  
225 loss, other than loss for which this policy provides any periodic



226 payment, will be paid within twenty-five (25) days after receipt  
227 of due written proof of such loss in the form of a clean claim  
228 where claims are submitted electronically, and will be paid within  
229 thirty-five (35) days after receipt of due written proof of such  
230 loss in the form of clean claim where claims are submitted in  
231 paper format. Benefits due under the policies and claims are  
232 overdue if not paid within twenty-five (25) days or thirty-five  
233 (35) days, whichever is applicable, after the insurer receives a  
234 clean claim containing necessary medical information and other  
235 information essential for the insurer to administer preexisting  
236 condition, coordination of benefits and subrogation provisions. A  
237 "clean claim" means a claim received by an insurer for  
238 adjudication and which requires no further information, adjustment  
239 or alteration by the provider of the services or the insured in  
240 order to be processed and paid by the insurer. A claim is clean  
241 if it has no defect or impropriety, including any lack of  
242 substantiating documentation, or particular circumstance requiring  
243 special treatment that prevents timely payment from being made on  
244 the claim under this provision. A clean claim includes  
245 resubmitted claims with previously identified deficiencies  
246 corrected. Upon request, the insurer shall provide to the insured  
247 or the provider submitting a claim a written list of the  
248 information required and the documentation required for the  
249 insurer to deem a claim to be clean, and the insurer shall then be



bound to such list. Errors, such as system errors, attributable to the insurer, do not change the clean claim status.

A clean claim does not include any of the following:

a. A duplicate claim, which means an original claim and its duplicate when the duplicate is filed within thirty (30) days of the original claim;

b. Claims which are submitted fraudulently or that are based upon material misrepresentations;

c. Claims that require information essential for the insurer to administer preexisting condition, coordination of benefits or subrogation provisions; or

d. Claims submitted by a provider more than thirty (30) days after the date of completion of service; if the provider does not submit the claim on behalf of the insured, then a claim is not clean when submitted more than thirty (30) days after the date of billing by the provider to the insured.

Not later than twenty-five (25) days after the date the insurer actually receives an electronic claim, the insurer shall pay the appropriate benefit in full, or any portion of the claim that is clean, and notify the provider (where the claim is owed to the provider) or the insured (where the claim is owed to the insured) of the reasons why the claim or portion thereof is not clean and will not be paid and what substantiating documentation and information is required to adjudicate the claim as clean. Not later than thirty-five (35) days after the date the insurer



275 actually receives a paper claim, the insurer shall pay the  
276 appropriate benefit in full, or any portion of the claim that is  
277 clean, and notify the provider (where the claim is owed to the  
278 provider) or the insured (where the claim is owed to the insured)  
279 of the reasons why the claim or portion thereof is not clean and  
280 will not be paid and what substantiating documentation and  
281 information is required to adjudicate the claim as clean. Any  
282 claim or portion thereof resubmitted with the supporting  
283 documentation and information requested by the insurer shall be  
284 paid within twenty (20) days after receipt.

285 For purposes of this provision, the term "pay" means that the  
286 insurer shall either send cash or a cash equivalent by United  
287 States mail, or send cash or a cash equivalent by other means such  
288 as electronic transfer, in full satisfaction of the appropriate  
289 benefit due the provider (where the claim is owed to the provider)  
290 or the insured (where the claim is owed to the insured). To  
291 calculate the extent to which any benefits are overdue, payment  
292 shall be treated as made on the date a draft or other valid  
293 instrument was placed in the United States mail to the last known  
294 address of the provider (where the claim is owed to the provider)  
295 or the insured (where the claim is owed to the insured) in a  
296 properly addressed, postpaid envelope, or, if not so posted, or  
297 not sent by United States mail, on the date of delivery of payment  
298 to the provider or insured.



299                   2. Subject to due written proof of loss, all  
300 accrued benefits for loss for which this policy provides periodic  
301 payment will be paid \_\_\_\_\_ (insert period for payment  
302 which must not be less frequently than monthly), and any balance  
303 remaining unpaid upon the termination of liability will be paid  
304 within thirty (30) days after receipt of due written proof.

305                   3. If the claim is not denied for valid and proper  
306 reasons by the end of the applicable time period prescribed in  
307 this provision, the insurer must pay the provider (where the claim  
308 is owed to the provider) or the insured (where the claim is owed  
309 to the insured) interest on accrued benefits at the rate of three  
310 percent (3%) per month accruing from the day after payment was due  
311 on the amount of the benefits that remain unpaid until the claim  
312 is finally settled or adjudicated. Whenever interest due pursuant  
313 to this provision is less than One Dollar (\$1.00), such amount  
314 shall be credited to the account of the person or entity to whom  
315 such amount is owed. The provisions of this subparagraph 3 shall  
316 not apply to any claims or benefits owed under Medicare Advantage  
317 plans or Medicare Advantage Prescription Drug plans.

318                   4. In the event the insurer fails to pay benefits  
319 when due, the person entitled to such benefits may bring action to  
320 recover such benefits, any interest which may accrue as provided  
321 in subparagraph 3 of this paragraph (h) and any other damages as  
322 may be allowable by law. If it is determined in such action that  
323 the insurer acted in bad faith as evidenced by a repeated or



deliberate pattern of failing to pay benefits and/or claims when due, the person entitled to such benefits (health care provider or insured) shall be entitled to recover damages in an amount up to three (3) times the amount of the benefits that remain unpaid until the claim is finally settled or adjudicated.

(i) A provision as follows:

Payment of claims:

Indemnity for loss of life will be payable in accordance with the beneficiary designation and the provisions respecting such payment which may be prescribed herein and effective at the time of payment. If no such designation or provision is then effective, such indemnity shall be payable to the estate of the insured. Any other accrued indemnities unpaid at the insured's death may, at the option of the insurer, be paid either to such beneficiary or to such estate. All other indemnities will be payable to the insured. When payments of benefits are made to an insured directly for medical care or services rendered by a health care provider, the health care provider shall be notified of such payment. The notification requirement shall not apply to a fixed-indemnity policy, a limited benefit health insurance policy, medical payment coverage or personal injury protection coverage in a motor vehicle policy, coverage issued as a supplement to liability insurance or workers' compensation. If the insured provides the insurer with written direction that all or a portion of any indemnities or benefits provided by the policy be paid to a



349 licensed health care provider rendering hospital, nursing, medical  
350 or surgical services, then the insurer shall pay directly the  
351 licensed health care provider rendering such services. That  
352 payment shall be considered payment in full to the provider, who  
353 may not bill or collect from the insured any amount above that  
354 payment, other than the deductible, coinsurance, copayment or  
355 other charges for equipment or services requested by the insured  
356 that are noncovered benefits. Any dispute between a provider and  
357 the insured arising under these provisions regarding assignment of  
358 benefits and billing may be resolved by the Commissioner of  
359 Insurance. The Commissioner of Insurance shall adopt any rules  
360 and regulations necessary to enforce these provisions regarding  
361 assignment of benefits and billing.

362 (The following provision may be included with the foregoing  
363 provision at the option of the insurer: "If any indemnity of this  
364 policy shall be payable to the estate of the insured, or to an  
365 insured or beneficiary who is a minor or otherwise not competent  
366 to give a valid release, the insurer may pay such indemnity, up to  
367 an amount not exceeding \$\_\_\_\_\_ (insert an amount which  
368 must not exceed One Thousand Dollars (\$1,000.00)), to any relative  
369 by blood or connection by marriage of the insured or beneficiary  
370 who is deemed by the insurer to be equitably entitled thereto.  
371 Any payment made by the insurer in good faith pursuant to this  
372 provision shall fully discharge the insurer to the extent of such  
373 payment.")



374 (j) A provision as follows:

375 Physical examinations:

376 The insurer at his own expense shall have the right and  
377 opportunity to examine the person of the insured when and as often  
378 as it may reasonably require during the pendency of a claim  
379 hereunder.

380 (k) A provision as follows:

381 Legal actions:

382 No action at law or in equity shall be brought to recover on  
383 this policy prior to the expiration of sixty (60) days after  
384 written proof of loss has been furnished in accordance with the  
385 requirements of this policy. No such action shall be brought  
386 after the expiration of three (3) years after the time written  
387 proof of loss is required to be furnished.

388 (l) A provision as follows:

389 Change of beneficiary:

390 Unless the insured makes an irrevocable designation of  
391 beneficiary, the right to change the beneficiary is reserved to  
392 the insured, and the consent of the beneficiary or beneficiaries  
393 shall not be requisite to surrender or assignment of this policy,  
394 or to any change of beneficiary or beneficiaries, or to any other  
395 changes in this policy.

396 (The first clause of this provision, relating to the  
397 irrevocable designation of beneficiary, may be omitted at the  
398 insurer's option.)





399           (2) **Other provisions.** Except as provided in subsection (3)  
400 of this section, no such policy delivered or issued for delivery  
401 to any person in this state shall contain provisions respecting  
402 the matters set forth below unless such provisions are in the  
403 words in which the same appear in this section. However, the  
404 insurer may, at its option, use in lieu of any such provision a  
405 corresponding provision of different wording approved by the  
406 commissioner which is not less favorable in any respect to the  
407 insured or the beneficiary. Any such provision contained in the  
408 policy shall be preceded individually by the appropriate caption  
409 appearing in this subsection or, at the option of the insurer, by  
410 such appropriate individual or group captions or subcaptions as  
411 the commissioner may approve.

412           (a) A provision as follows:

413           Change of occupation:

414           If the insured be injured or contract sickness after having  
415 changed his occupation to one classified by the insurer as more  
416 hazardous than that stated in this policy or while doing for  
417 compensation anything pertaining to an occupation so classified,  
418 the insurer will pay only such portion of the indemnities provided  
419 in this policy as the premium paid would have purchased at the  
420 rates and within the limits fixed by the insurer for such more  
421 hazardous occupation. If the insured changes his occupation to  
422 one classified by the insurer as less hazardous than that stated  
423 in this policy, the insurer, upon receipt of proof of such change



of occupation, will reduce the premium rate accordingly, and will return the excess pro rata unearned premium from the date of change of occupation or from the policy anniversary date immediately preceding receipt of such proof, whichever is the most recent. In applying this provision, the classification of occupational risk and the premium rates shall be such as have been last filed by the insurer prior to the occurrence of the loss for which the insurer is liable, or prior to date of proof of change in occupation, with the state official having supervision of insurance in the state where the insured resided at the time this policy was issued; but if such filing was not required, then the classification of occupational risk and the premium rates shall be those last made effective by the insurer in such state prior to the occurrence of the loss or prior to the date of proof of change in occupation.

(b) A provision as follows:

Misstatement of age:

If the age of the insured has been misstated, all amounts payable under this policy shall be such as the premium paid would have purchased at the correct age.

(c) A provision as follows:

Relation of earnings to issuance:

If the total monthly amount of loss of time benefits promised for the same loss under all valid loss of time coverage upon the insured, whether payable on a weekly or monthly basis, shall



449 exceed the monthly earnings of the insured at the time disability  
450 commenced or his average monthly earnings for the period of two  
451 (2) years immediately preceding a disability for which claim is  
452 made, whichever is the greater, the insurer will be liable only  
453 for such proportionate amount of such benefits under this policy  
454 as the amount of such monthly earnings or such average monthly  
455 earnings of the insured bears to the total amount of monthly  
456 benefits for the same loss under all such coverage upon the  
457 insured at the time such disability commences and for the return  
458 of such part of the premiums paid during such two (2) years as  
459 shall exceed the pro rata amount of the premiums for the benefits  
460 actually paid hereunder; but this shall not operate to reduce the  
461 total monthly amount of benefits payable under all such coverage  
462 upon the insured below the sum of Two Hundred Dollars (\$200.00) or  
463 the sum of the monthly benefits specified in such coverages,  
464 whichever is the lesser, nor shall it operate to reduce benefits  
465 other than those payable for loss of time.

466 (The foregoing policy provision may be inserted only in a  
467 policy which the insured has the right to continue in force  
468 subject to its terms by the timely payment of premiums (1) until  
469 at least age fifty (50) or, (2) in the case of a policy issued  
470 after age forty-four (44), for at least five (5) years from its  
471 date of issue. The insurer may, at its option, include in this  
472 provision a definition of "valid loss of time coverage," approved  
473 as to form by the commissioner, which definition shall be limited



474 in subject matter to coverage provided by governmental agencies or  
475 by organizations subject to regulations by insurance law or by  
476 insurance authorities of this or any other state of the United  
477 States or any province of Canada, or to any other coverage the  
478 inclusion of which may be approved by the commissioner, or any  
479 combination of such coverages. In the absence of such definition,  
480 such term shall not include any coverage provided for such insured  
481 pursuant to any compulsory benefit statute (including any workers'  
482 compensation or employer's liability statute), or benefits  
483 provided by union welfare plans or by employer or employee benefit  
484 organizations.)

485 (d) A provision as follows:

486 Unpaid premium:

487 Upon the payment of a claim under this policy, any premium  
488 then due and unpaid or covered by any note or written order may be  
489 deducted therefrom.

490 (e) A provision as follows:

491 Cancellation:

492 The insurer may cancel this policy at any time by written  
493 notice delivered to the insured, or mailed to his last address as  
494 shown by the records of the insurer, stating when, not less than  
495 five (5) days thereafter, such cancellation shall be effective;  
496 and after the policy has been continued beyond its original term,  
497 the insured may cancel this policy at any time by written notice  
498 delivered or mailed to the insurer, effective upon receipt or on



such later date as may be specified in such notice. In the event of cancellation, the insurer will return promptly the unearned portion of any premium paid. If the insured cancels, the earned premium shall be computed by the use of the short-rate table last filed with the state official having supervision of insurance in the state where the insured resided when the policy was issued. If the insurer cancels, the earned premium shall be computed pro rata. Cancellation shall be without prejudice to any claim originating prior to the effective date of cancellation.

(f) A provision as follows:

Conformity with state statutes:

Any provision of this policy which, on its effective date, is in conflict with the statutes of the state in which the insured resides on such date is hereby amended to conform to the minimum requirements of such statutes.

(g) A provision as follows:

Illegal occupation:

The insurer shall not be liable for any loss to which a contributing cause was the insured's commission of or attempt to commit a felony or to which a contributing cause was the insured's being engaged in an illegal occupation.

(h) A provision as follows:

Intoxicants and narcotics:

The insurer shall not be liable for any loss sustained or contracted in consequence of the insured's being intoxicated or



under the influence of any narcotic unless administered on the advice of a physician.

(3) **Inapplicable or inconsistent provisions.** If any provision of this section is, in whole or in part, inapplicable to or inconsistent with the coverage provided by a particular form of policy, the insurer, with the approval of the commissioner, shall omit from such policy any inapplicable provision or part of a provision, and shall modify any inconsistent provision or part of the provision in such manner as to make the provision as contained in the policy consistent with the coverage provided by the policy.

(4) **Order of certain policy provisions.** The provisions which are the subject of subsections (1) and (2) of this section, or any corresponding provisions which are used in lieu thereof in accordance with such subsections, shall be printed in the consecutive order of the provisions in such subsections or, at the option of the insurer, any such provision may appear as a unit in any part of the policy, with other provisions to which it may be logically related, provided the resulting policy shall not be, in whole or in part, unintelligible, uncertain, ambiguous, abstruse or likely to mislead a person to whom the policy is offered, delivered or issued.

(5) **Third-party ownership.** The word "insured," as used in Sections 83-9-1 through 83-9-21, Mississippi Code of 1972, shall not be construed as preventing a person other than the insured with a proper insurable interest from making application for and



owning a policy covering the insured, or from being entitled under such a policy to any indemnities, benefits and rights provided therein.

(6) **Requirements of other jurisdictions.**

(a) Any policy of a foreign or alien insurer, when delivered or issued for delivery to any person in this state, may contain any provision which is not less favorable to the insured or the beneficiary than the provisions of Sections 83-9-1 through 83-9-21, Mississippi Code of 1972, and which is prescribed or required by the law of the state under which the insurer is organized.

(b) Any policy of a domestic insurer may, when issued for delivery in any other state or country, contain any provision permitted or required by the laws of such other state or country.

(7) **Filing procedure.** The commissioner may make such reasonable rules and regulations concerning the procedure for the filing or submission of policies subject to the cited sections as are necessary, proper or advisable to the administration of said sections. This provision shall not abridge any other authority granted the commissioner by law.

(8) **Administrative penalties.**

(a) If the commissioner finds that an insurer, during any calendar year, has paid at least eighty-five percent (85%), but less than ninety-five percent (95%), of all clean claims received from all providers during that year in accordance with



574 the provisions of subsection (1)(h) of this section, the  
575 commissioner may levy an aggregate penalty in an amount not to  
576 exceed Ten Thousand Dollars (\$10,000.00). If the commissioner  
577 finds that an insurer, during any calendar year, has paid at least  
578 fifty percent (50%), but less than eighty-five percent (85%), of  
579 all clean claims received from all providers during that year in  
580 accordance with the provisions of subsection (1)(h) of this  
581 section, the commissioner may levy an aggregate penalty in an  
582 amount of not less than Ten Thousand Dollars (\$10,000.00) nor more  
583 than One Hundred Thousand Dollars (\$100,000.00). If the  
584 commissioner finds that an insurer, during any calendar year, has  
585 paid less than fifty percent (50%) of all clean claims received  
586 from all providers during that year in accordance with the  
587 provisions of subsection (1)(h) of this section, the commissioner  
588 may levy an aggregate penalty in an amount not less than One  
589 Hundred Thousand Dollars (\$100,000.00) nor more than Two Hundred  
590 Thousand Dollars (\$200,000.00). In determining the amount of any  
591 fine, the commissioner shall take into account whether the failure  
592 to achieve the standards in subsection (1)(h) of this section were  
593 due to circumstances beyond the control of the insurer. The  
594 insurer may request an administrative hearing to contest the  
595 assessment of any administrative penalty imposed by the  
596 commissioner pursuant to this subsection within thirty (30) days  
597 after receipt of the notice of assessment.





598           (b) Examinations to determine compliance with  
599 subsection (1)(h) of this section may be conducted by the  
600 commissioner or any of his examiners. The commissioner may  
601 contract with qualified impartial outside sources to assist in  
602 examinations to determine compliance. The expenses of any such  
603 examinations shall be paid by the insurer examined.

604           (c) Nothing in the provisions of subsection (1)(h) of  
605 this section shall require an insurer to pay claims that are not  
606 covered under the terms of a contract or policy of accident and  
607 sickness insurance.

608           (d) An insurer and a provider may enter into an express  
609 written agreement containing timely claim payment provisions which  
610 differ from, but are at least as stringent as, the provisions set  
611 forth under subsection (1)(h) of this section, and in such case,  
612 the provisions of the written agreement shall govern the timely  
613 payment of claims by the insurer to the provider. If the express  
614 written agreement is silent as to any interest penalty where  
615 claims are not paid in accordance with the agreement, the interest  
616 penalty provision of subsection (1)(h)3 of this section shall  
617 apply.

618           (e) The commissioner may adopt rules and regulations  
619 necessary to ensure compliance with this \* \* \* section.

620       **SECTION 4.** This act shall take effect and be in force from  
621 and after its passage.

