By: Senator(s) Fillingane

To: Judiciary, Division B

SENATE BILL NO. 2100

- AN ACT TO AMEND SECTION 97-17-70, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972,
 TO REMOVE THE REQUIREMENT THAT A PERSON KNOW THAT PROPERTY WAS
 STOLEN IN ORDER TO BE CONVICTED OF THE CRIME OF RECEIVING STOLEN
 PROPERTY; TO CLARIFY THAT THE CRIME OF RECEIVING STOLEN PROPERTY
 APPLIES TO STOLEN MOTOR VEHICLES; TO PROVIDE THAT RECEIPT OF
 STOLEN PROPERTY VALUED AT A CERTAIN AMOUNT SHALL BE A FELONY WITH
- 6 STOLEN PROPERTY VALUED AT A CERTAIN AMOUNT SHALL BE A FELONY WITH 7 A REQUIRED MINIMUM TERM OF IMPRISONMENT; AND FOR RELATED PURPOSES.
- 8 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MISSISSIPPI:
- 9 **SECTION 1.** Section 97-17-70, Mississippi Code of 1972, is
- 10 amended as follows:
- 11 97-17-70. (1) A person commits the crime of receiving
- 12 stolen property if he intentionally possesses, receives, retains
- 13 or disposes of stolen property * * *, unless the property is
- 14 possessed, received, retained or disposed of with intent to
- 15 restore it to the owner.
- 16 (2) The fact that the person who stole the property has not
- 17 been convicted, apprehended or identified is not a defense to a
- 18 charge of receiving stolen property.
- 19 (3) (a) Evidence that the person charged under this section
- 20 stole the property that is the subject of the charge of receiving

- 21 stolen property is not a defense to a charge under this section;
- 22 however, dual charges of both stealing and receiving the same
- 23 property shall not be brought against a single defendant in a
- 24 single jurisdiction.
- 25 (b) Proof that a defendant stole the property that is
- 26 the subject of a charge under this section shall be prima facie
- 27 evidence that the defendant had knowledge that the property was
- 28 stolen.
- 29 (4) Any person who shall be convicted of receiving stolen
- 30 property, including a stolen motor vehicle, which exceeds One
- 31 Thousand Dollars (\$1,000.00) or more, but less than Five Thousand
- 32 Dollars (\$5,000.00) in value shall be punished by imprisonment in
- 33 the custody of the State Department of Corrections for a term not
- 34 exceeding five (5) years or by a fine of not more than Ten
- 35 Thousand Dollars (\$10,000.00), or both.
- 36 (5) Any person who shall be convicted of receiving stolen
- 37 property, including a stolen motor vehicle, which exceeds Five
- 38 Thousand Dollars (\$5,000.00) or more, but less than Twenty-five
- 39 Thousand Dollars (\$25,000.00) in value shall be punished by
- 40 imprisonment in the custody of the State Department of Corrections
- 41 for a term not exceeding ten (10) years or by a fine of not more
- 42 than Ten Thousand Dollars (\$10,000.00), or both.
- 43 (6) Any person who shall be convicted of receiving stolen
- 44 property, including a stolen motor vehicle, which exceeds
- 45 Twenty-five Thousand Dollars (\$25,000.00) in value shall be

- 46 punished by imprisonment in the custody of the State Department of
- 47 Corrections for a term not less than five (5) years but not
- 48 exceeding twenty (20) years or by a fine of not more than Ten
- 49 Thousand Dollars (\$10,000.00), or both.
- 50 (7) Any person who shall be convicted of receiving stolen
- 51 property which does not exceed One Thousand Dollars (\$1,000.00) in
- 52 value may be punished by imprisonment in the county jail for not
- 53 more than six (6) months or by a fine of not more than One
- 54 Thousand Dollars (\$1,000.00), or both, if the court finds
- 55 substantial and compelling reasons why the offender cannot be
- 56 safely and effectively supervised in the community, is not
- 57 amenable to community-based treatment, or poses a significant risk
- 58 to public safety. If such a finding is not made, the court shall
- 59 suspend the sentence of imprisonment and impose a period of
- 60 probation not exceeding one (1) year or a fine of not more than
- One Thousand Dollars (\$1,000.00), or both. Any person convicted
- 62 of a third or subsequent offense under this subsection where the
- of the property is not less than Five Hundred Dollars
- 64 (\$500.00), shall be imprisoned in the Penitentiary for a term not
- 65 exceeding three (3) years or fined an amount not exceeding One
- 66 Thousand Dollars (\$1,000.00), or both.
- 67 **SECTION 2.** This act shall take effect and be in force from
- 68 and after July 1, 2023.