

By: Representative Yancey

To: Insurance

COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE  
FOR  
HOUSE BILL NO. 1299

1 AN ACT TO REQUIRE PHARMACY BENEFIT MANAGERS TO MAKE AVAILABLE  
2 TO THE PUBLIC UPON REQUEST, AND WITHOUT REDACTION, CONTRACTS  
3 RELATING TO PHARMACY BENEFIT MANAGEMENT SERVICES BETWEEN A  
4 PHARMACY BENEFIT MANAGER AND ANY ENTITY; TO BRING FORWARD SECTIONS  
5 73-21-153, 73-21-155, 73-21-156, 73-21-157, 73-21-159, 73-21-161  
6 AND 73-21-163, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, WHICH RELATE TO THE  
7 PHARMACY BENEFIT PROMPT PAY ACT, FOR PURPOSES OF POSSIBLE  
8 AMENDMENT; TO BRING FORWARD SECTIONS 73-21-177, 73-21-179,  
9 73-21-181, 73-21-183, 73-21-185, 73-21-187, 73-21-189 AND  
10 73-21-191, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, WHICH RELATE TO THE PHARMACY  
11 AUDIT INTEGRITY ACT, FOR PURPOSES OF POSSIBLE AMENDMENT; AND FOR  
12 RELATED PURPOSES.

13 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MISSISSIPPI:

14 **SECTION 1.** Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, a  
15 pharmacy benefit manager shall make available to the public upon  
16 request, and without redaction, contracts relating to pharmacy  
17 benefit management services between a pharmacy benefit manager and  
18 any entity, at the beginning of the term of the contract, and upon  
19 renewal of the contract.

20 **SECTION 2.** Section 73-21-153, Mississippi Code of 1972, is  
21 brought forward as follows:



22           73-21-153. For purposes of Sections 73-21-151 through  
23 73-21-163, the following words and phrases shall have the meanings  
24 ascribed herein unless the context clearly indicates otherwise:

25           (a) "Board" means the State Board of Pharmacy.

26           (b) "Commissioner" means the Mississippi Commissioner  
27 of Insurance.

28           (c) "Day" means a calendar day, unless otherwise  
29 defined or limited.

30           (d) "Electronic claim" means the transmission of data  
31 for purposes of payment of covered prescription drugs, other  
32 products and supplies, and pharmacist services in an electronic  
33 data format specified by a pharmacy benefit manager and approved  
34 by the department.

35           (e) "Electronic adjudication" means the process of  
36 electronically receiving, reviewing and accepting or rejecting an  
37 electronic claim.

38           (f) "Enrollee" means an individual who has been  
39 enrolled in a pharmacy benefit management plan.

40           (g) "Health insurance plan" means benefits consisting  
41 of prescription drugs, other products and supplies, and pharmacist  
42 services provided directly, through insurance or reimbursement, or  
43 otherwise and including items and services paid for as  
44 prescription drugs, other products and supplies, and pharmacist  
45 services under any hospital or medical service policy or  
46 certificate, hospital or medical service plan contract, preferred



47 provider organization agreement, or health maintenance  
48 organization contract offered by a health insurance issuer.

49 (h) "Pharmacy benefit manager" shall have the same  
50 definition as provided in Section 73-21-179. However, through  
51 June 30, 2014, the term "pharmacy benefit manager" shall not  
52 include an insurance company that provides an integrated health  
53 benefit plan and that does not separately contract for pharmacy  
54 benefit management services. From and after July 1, 2014, the  
55 term "pharmacy benefit manager" shall not include an insurance  
56 company unless the insurance company is providing services as a  
57 pharmacy benefit manager as defined in Section 73-21-179, in which  
58 case the insurance company shall be subject to Sections 73-21-151  
59 through 73-21-159 only for those pharmacy benefit manager  
60 services. In addition, the term "pharmacy benefit manager" shall  
61 not include the pharmacy benefit manager of the Mississippi State  
62 and School Employees Health Insurance Plan or the Mississippi  
63 Division of Medicaid or its contractors when performing pharmacy  
64 benefit manager services for the Division of Medicaid.

65 (i) "Pharmacy benefit manager affiliate" means a  
66 pharmacy or pharmacist that directly or indirectly, through one or  
67 more intermediaries, owns or controls, is owned or controlled by,  
68 or is under common ownership or control with a pharmacy benefit  
69 manager.

70 (j) "Pharmacy benefit management plan" shall have the  
71 same definition as provided in Section 73-21-179.



72 (k) "Pharmacist," "pharmacist services" and "pharmacy"  
73 or "pharmacies" shall have the same definitions as provided in  
74 Section 73-21-73.

75 (l) "Uniform claim form" means a form prescribed by  
76 rule by the State Board of Pharmacy; however, for purposes of  
77 Sections 73-21-151 through 73-21-159, the board shall adopt the  
78 same definition or rule where the State Department of Insurance  
79 has adopted a rule covering the same type of claim. The board may  
80 modify the terminology of the rule and form when necessary to  
81 comply with the provisions of Sections 73-21-151 through  
82 73-21-159.

83 (m) "Plan sponsors" means the employers, insurance  
84 companies, unions and health maintenance organizations that  
85 contract with a pharmacy benefit manager for delivery of  
86 prescription services.

87 **SECTION 3.** Section 73-21-155, Mississippi Code of 1972, is  
88 brought forward as follows:

89 73-21-155. (1) Reimbursement under a contract to a  
90 pharmacist or pharmacy for prescription drugs and other products  
91 and supplies that is calculated according to a formula that uses  
92 Medi-Span, Gold Standard or a nationally recognized reference that  
93 has been approved by the board in the pricing calculation shall  
94 use the most current reference price or amount in the actual or  
95 constructive possession of the pharmacy benefit manager, its  
96 agent, or any other party responsible for reimbursement for



97 prescription drugs and other products and supplies on the date of  
98 electronic adjudication or on the date of service shown on the  
99 nonelectronic claim.

100 (2) Pharmacy benefit managers, their agents and other  
101 parties responsible for reimbursement for prescription drugs and  
102 other products and supplies shall be required to update the  
103 nationally recognized reference prices or amounts used for  
104 calculation of reimbursement for prescription drugs and other  
105 products and supplies no less than every three (3) business days.

106 (3) (a) All benefits payable under a pharmacy benefit  
107 management plan shall be paid within seven (7) days after receipt  
108 of due written proof of a clean claim where claims are submitted  
109 electronically, and shall be paid within thirty-five (35) days  
110 after receipt of due written proof of a clean claim where claims  
111 are submitted in paper format. Benefits due under the plan and  
112 claims are overdue if not paid within seven (7) days or  
113 thirty-five (35) days, whichever is applicable, after the pharmacy  
114 benefit manager receives a clean claim containing necessary  
115 information essential for the pharmacy benefit manager to  
116 administer preexisting condition, coordination of benefits and  
117 subrogation provisions under the plan sponsor's health insurance  
118 plan. A "clean claim" means a claim received by any pharmacy  
119 benefit manager for adjudication and which requires no further  
120 information, adjustment or alteration by the pharmacist or  
121 pharmacies or the insured in order to be processed and paid by the



122 pharmacy benefit manager. A claim is clean if it has no defect or  
123 impropriety, including any lack of substantiating documentation,  
124 or particular circumstance requiring special treatment that  
125 prevents timely payment from being made on the claim under this  
126 subsection. A clean claim includes resubmitted claims with  
127 previously identified deficiencies corrected.

128 (b) A clean claim does not include any of the  
129 following:

130 (i) A duplicate claim, which means an original  
131 claim and its duplicate when the duplicate is filed within thirty  
132 (30) days of the original claim;

133 (ii) Claims which are submitted fraudulently or  
134 that are based upon material misrepresentations;

135 (iii) Claims that require information essential  
136 for the pharmacy benefit manager to administer preexisting  
137 condition, coordination of benefits or subrogation provisions  
138 under the plan sponsor's health insurance plan; or

139 (iv) Claims submitted by a pharmacist or pharmacy  
140 more than thirty (30) days after the date of service; if the  
141 pharmacist or pharmacy does not submit the claim on behalf of the  
142 insured, then a claim is not clean when submitted more than thirty  
143 (30) days after the date of billing by the pharmacist or pharmacy  
144 to the insured.

145 (c) Not later than seven (7) days after the date the  
146 pharmacy benefit manager actually receives an electronic claim,



147 the pharmacy benefit manager shall pay the appropriate benefit in  
148 full, or any portion of the claim that is clean, and notify the  
149 pharmacist or pharmacy (where the claim is owed to the pharmacist  
150 or pharmacy) of the reasons why the claim or portion thereof is  
151 not clean and will not be paid and what substantiating  
152 documentation and information is required to adjudicate the claim  
153 as clean. Not later than thirty-five (35) days after the date the  
154 pharmacy benefit manager actually receives a paper claim, the  
155 pharmacy benefit manager shall pay the appropriate benefit in  
156 full, or any portion of the claim that is clean, and notify the  
157 pharmacist or pharmacy (where the claim is owed to the pharmacist  
158 or pharmacy) of the reasons why the claim or portion thereof is  
159 not clean and will not be paid and what substantiating  
160 documentation and information is required to adjudicate the claim  
161 as clean. Any claim or portion thereof resubmitted with the  
162 supporting documentation and information requested by the pharmacy  
163 benefit manager shall be paid within twenty (20) days after  
164 receipt.

165 (4) If the board finds that any pharmacy benefit manager,  
166 agent or other party responsible for reimbursement for  
167 prescription drugs and other products and supplies has not paid  
168 ninety-five percent (95%) of clean claims as defined in subsection  
169 (3) of this section received from all pharmacies in a calendar  
170 quarter, he shall be subject to administrative penalty of not more



171 than Twenty-five Thousand Dollars (\$25,000.00) to be assessed by  
172 the State Board of Pharmacy.

173 (a) Examinations to determine compliance with this  
174 subsection may be conducted by the board. The board may contract  
175 with qualified impartial outside sources to assist in examinations  
176 to determine compliance. The expenses of any such examinations  
177 shall be paid by the pharmacy benefit manager examined.

178 (b) Nothing in the provisions of this section shall  
179 require a pharmacy benefit manager to pay claims that are not  
180 covered under the terms of a contract or policy of accident and  
181 sickness insurance or prepaid coverage.

182 (c) If the claim is not denied for valid and proper  
183 reasons by the end of the applicable time period prescribed in  
184 this provision, the pharmacy benefit manager must pay the pharmacy  
185 (where the claim is owed to the pharmacy) or the patient (where  
186 the claim is owed to a patient) interest on accrued benefits at  
187 the rate of one and one-half percent (1-1/2%) per month accruing  
188 from the day after payment was due on the amount of the benefits  
189 that remain unpaid until the claim is finally settled or  
190 adjudicated. Whenever interest due pursuant to this provision is  
191 less than One Dollar (\$1.00), such amount shall be credited to the  
192 account of the person or entity to whom such amount is owed.

193 (d) Any pharmacy benefit manager and a pharmacy may  
194 enter into an express written agreement containing timely claim  
195 payment provisions which differ from, but are at least as





196 stringent as, the provisions set forth under subsection (3) of  
197 this section, and in such case, the provisions of the written  
198 agreement shall govern the timely payment of claims by the  
199 pharmacy benefit manager to the pharmacy. If the express written  
200 agreement is silent as to any interest penalty where claims are  
201 not paid in accordance with the agreement, the interest penalty  
202 provision of subsection (4)(c) of this section shall apply.

203 (e) The State Board of Pharmacy may adopt rules and  
204 regulations necessary to ensure compliance with this subsection.

205 (5) (a) For purposes of this subsection (5), "network  
206 pharmacy" means a licensed pharmacy in this state that has a  
207 contract with a pharmacy benefit manager to provide covered drugs  
208 at a negotiated reimbursement rate. A network pharmacy or  
209 pharmacist may decline to provide a brand name drug, multisource  
210 generic drug, or service, if the network pharmacy or pharmacist is  
211 paid less than that network pharmacy's acquisition cost for the  
212 product. If the network pharmacy or pharmacist declines to  
213 provide such drug or service, the pharmacy or pharmacist shall  
214 provide the customer with adequate information as to where the  
215 prescription for the drug or service may be filled.

216 (b) The State Board of Pharmacy shall adopt rules and  
217 regulations necessary to implement and ensure compliance with this  
218 subsection, including, but not limited to, rules and regulations  
219 that address access to pharmacy services in rural or underserved  
220 areas in cases where a network pharmacy or pharmacist declines to



221 provide a drug or service under paragraph (a) of this subsection.  
222 The board shall promulgate the rules and regulations required by  
223 this paragraph (b) not later than October 1, 2016.

224 (6) A pharmacy benefit manager shall not directly or  
225 indirectly retroactively deny or reduce a claim or aggregate of  
226 claims after the claim or aggregate of claims has been  
227 adjudicated.

228 **SECTION 4.** Section 73-21-156, Mississippi Code of 1972, is  
229 brought forward as follows:

230 73-21-156. (1) As used in this section, the following terms  
231 shall be defined as provided in this subsection:

232 (a) "Maximum allowable cost list" means a listing of  
233 drugs or other methodology used by a pharmacy benefit manager,  
234 directly or indirectly, setting the maximum allowable payment to a  
235 pharmacy or pharmacist for a generic drug, brand-name drug,  
236 biologic product or other prescription drug. The term "maximum  
237 allowable cost list" includes without limitation:

238 (i) Average acquisition cost, including national  
239 average drug acquisition cost;

240 (ii) Average manufacturer price;

241 (iii) Average wholesale price;

242 (iv) Brand effective rate or generic effective  
243 rate;

244 (v) Discount indexing;

245 (vi) Federal upper limits;



246 (vii) Wholesale acquisition cost; and  
247 (viii) Any other term that a pharmacy benefit  
248 manager or a health care insurer may use to establish  
249 reimbursement rates to a pharmacist or pharmacy for pharmacist  
250 services.

251 (b) "Pharmacy acquisition cost" means the amount that a  
252 pharmaceutical wholesaler charges for a pharmaceutical product as  
253 listed on the pharmacy's billing invoice.

254 (2) Before a pharmacy benefit manager places or continues a  
255 particular drug on a maximum allowable cost list, the drug:

256 (a) If the drug is a generic equivalent drug product as  
257 defined in 73-21-73, shall be listed as therapeutically equivalent  
258 and pharmaceutically equivalent "A" or "B" rated in the United  
259 States Food and Drug Administration's most recent version of the  
260 "Orange Book" or "Green Book" or have an NR or NA rating by  
261 Medi-Span, Gold Standard, or a similar rating by a nationally  
262 recognized reference approved by the board;

263 (b) Shall be available for purchase by each pharmacy in  
264 the state from national or regional wholesalers operating in  
265 Mississippi; and

266 (c) Shall not be obsolete.

267 (3) A pharmacy benefit manager shall:

268 (a) Provide access to its maximum allowable cost list  
269 to each pharmacy subject to the maximum allowable cost list;



270 (b) Update its maximum allowable cost list on a timely  
271 basis, but in no event longer than three (3) calendar days; and

272 (c) Provide a process for each pharmacy subject to the  
273 maximum allowable cost list to receive prompt notification of an  
274 update to the maximum allowable cost list.

275 (4) A pharmacy benefit manager shall:

276 (a) Provide a reasonable administrative appeal  
277 procedure to allow pharmacies to challenge a maximum allowable  
278 cost list and reimbursements made under a maximum allowable cost  
279 list for a specific drug or drugs as:

280 (i) Not meeting the requirements of this section;

281 or

282 (ii) Being below the pharmacy acquisition cost.

283 (b) The reasonable administrative appeal procedure  
284 shall include the following:

285 (i) A dedicated telephone number, email address  
286 and website for the purpose of submitting administrative appeals;

287 (ii) The ability to submit an administrative  
288 appeal directly to the pharmacy benefit manager regarding the  
289 pharmacy benefit management plan or through a pharmacy service  
290 administrative organization; and

291 (iii) A period of less than thirty (30) business  
292 days to file an administrative appeal.



293 (c) The pharmacy benefit manager shall respond to the  
294 challenge under paragraph (a) of this subsection (4) within thirty  
295 (30) business days after receipt of the challenge.

296 (d) If a challenge is made under paragraph (a) of this  
297 subsection (4), the pharmacy benefit manager shall within thirty  
298 (30) business days after receipt of the challenge either:

299 (i) If the appeal is upheld:

300 1. Make the change in the maximum allowable  
301 cost list payment to at least the pharmacy acquisition cost;

302 2. Permit the challenging pharmacy or  
303 pharmacist to reverse and rebill the claim in question;

304 3. Provide the National Drug Code that the  
305 increase or change is based on to the pharmacy or pharmacist; and

306 4. Make the change under item 1 of this  
307 subparagraph (i) effective for each similarly situated pharmacy as  
308 defined by the payor subject to the maximum allowable cost list;

309 or

310 (ii) If the appeal is denied, provide the  
311 challenging pharmacy or pharmacist the National Drug Code and the  
312 name of the national or regional pharmaceutical wholesalers

313 operating in Mississippi that have the drug currently in stock at  
314 a price below the maximum allowable cost as listed on the maximum  
315 allowable cost list; or

316 (iii) If the National Drug Code provided by the  
317 pharmacy benefit manager is not available below the pharmacy



318 acquisition cost from the pharmaceutical wholesaler from whom the  
319 pharmacy or pharmacist purchases the majority of prescription  
320 drugs for resale, then the pharmacy benefit manager shall adjust  
321 the maximum allowable cost as listed on the maximum allowable cost  
322 list above the challenging pharmacy's pharmacy acquisition cost  
323 and permit the pharmacy to reverse and rebill each claim affected  
324 by the inability to procure the drug at a cost that is equal to or  
325 less than the previously challenged maximum allowable cost.

326 (5) (a) A pharmacy benefit manager shall not reimburse a  
327 pharmacy or pharmacist in the state an amount less than the amount  
328 that the pharmacy benefit manager reimburses a pharmacy benefit  
329 manager affiliate for providing the same pharmacist services.

330 (b) The amount shall be calculated on a per unit basis  
331 based on the same brand and generic product identifier or brand  
332 and generic code number.

333 **SECTION 5.** Section 73-21-157, Mississippi Code of 1972, is  
334 brought forward as follows:

335 73-21-157. (1) Before beginning to do business as a  
336 pharmacy benefit manager, a pharmacy benefit manager shall obtain  
337 a license to do business from the board. To obtain a license, the  
338 applicant shall submit an application to the board on a form to be  
339 prescribed by the board.

340 (2) Each pharmacy benefit manager providing pharmacy  
341 management benefit plans in this state shall file a statement with  
342 the board annually by March 1 or within sixty (60) days of the end



343 of its fiscal year if not a calendar year. The statement shall be  
344 verified by at least two (2) principal officers and shall cover  
345 the preceding calendar year or the immediately preceding fiscal  
346 year of the pharmacy benefit manager.

347 (3) The statement shall be on forms prescribed by the board  
348 and shall include:

349 (a) A financial statement of the organization,  
350 including its balance sheet and income statement for the preceding  
351 year; and

352 (b) Any other information relating to the operations of  
353 the pharmacy benefit manager required by the board under this  
354 section.

355 (4) (a) Any information required to be submitted to the  
356 board pursuant to licensure application that is considered  
357 proprietary by a pharmacy benefit manager shall be marked as  
358 confidential when submitted to the board. All such information  
359 shall not be subject to the provisions of the federal Freedom of  
360 Information Act or the Mississippi Public Records Act and shall  
361 not be released by the board unless subject to an order from a  
362 court of competent jurisdiction. The board shall destroy or  
363 delete or cause to be destroyed or deleted all such information  
364 thirty (30) days after the board determines that the information  
365 is no longer necessary or useful.

366 (b) Any person who knowingly releases, causes to be  
367 released or assists in the release of any such information shall



368 be subject to a monetary penalty imposed by the board in an amount  
369 not exceeding Fifty Thousand Dollars (\$50,000.00) per violation.  
370 When the board is considering the imposition of any penalty under  
371 this paragraph (b), it shall follow the same policies and  
372 procedures provided for the imposition of other sanctions in the  
373 Pharmacy Practice Act. Any penalty collected under this paragraph  
374 (b) shall be deposited into the special fund of the board and used  
375 to support the operations of the board relating to the regulation  
376 of pharmacy benefit managers.

377 (c) All employees of the board who have access to the  
378 information described in paragraph (a) of this subsection shall be  
379 fingerprinted, and the board shall submit a set of fingerprints  
380 for each employee to the Department of Public Safety for the  
381 purpose of conducting a criminal history records check. If no  
382 disqualifying record is identified at the state level, the  
383 Department of Public Safety shall forward the fingerprints to the  
384 Federal Bureau of Investigation for a national criminal history  
385 records check.

386 (5) If the pharmacy benefit manager is audited annually by  
387 an independent certified public accountant, a copy of the  
388 certified audit report shall be filed annually with the board by  
389 June 30 or within thirty (30) days of the report being final.

390 (6) The board may extend the time prescribed for any  
391 pharmacy benefit manager for filing annual statements or other  
392 reports or exhibits of any kind for good cause shown. However,





393 the board shall not extend the time for filing annual statements  
394 beyond sixty (60) days after the time prescribed by subsection (1)  
395 of this section. The board may waive the requirements for filing  
396 financial information for the pharmacy benefit manager if an  
397 affiliate of the pharmacy benefit manager is already required to  
398 file such information under current law with the Commissioner of  
399 Insurance and allow the pharmacy benefit manager to file a copy of  
400 documents containing such information with the board in lieu of  
401 the statement required by this section.

402 (7) The expense of administering this section shall be  
403 assessed annually by the board against all pharmacy benefit  
404 managers operating in this state.

405 (8) A pharmacy benefit manager or third-party payor may not  
406 require pharmacy accreditation standards or recertification  
407 requirements inconsistent with, more stringent than, or in  
408 addition to federal and state requirements for licensure as a  
409 pharmacy in this state.

410 **SECTION 6.** Section 73-21-159, Mississippi Code of 1972, is  
411 brought forward as follows:

412 73-21-159. (1) In lieu of or in addition to making its own  
413 financial examination of a pharmacy benefit manager, the board may  
414 accept the report of a financial examination of other persons  
415 responsible for the pharmacy benefit manager under the laws of  
416 another state certified by the applicable official of such other  
417 state.



418           (2) The board shall coordinate financial examinations of a  
419 pharmacy benefit manager that provides pharmacy management benefit  
420 plans in this state to ensure an appropriate level of regulatory  
421 oversight and to avoid any undue duplication of effort or  
422 regulation. The pharmacy benefit manager being examined shall pay  
423 the cost of the examination. The cost of the examination shall be  
424 deposited in a special fund that shall provide all expenses for  
425 the licensing, supervision and examination of all pharmacy benefit  
426 managers subject to regulation under Sections 73-21-71 through  
427 73-21-129 and Sections 73-21-151 through 73-21-163.

428           (3) The board may provide a copy of the financial  
429 examination to the person or entity who provides or operates the  
430 health insurance plan or to a pharmacist or pharmacy.

431           (4) The board is authorized to hire independent financial  
432 consultants to conduct financial examinations of a pharmacy  
433 benefit manager and to expend funds collected under this section  
434 to pay the costs of such examinations.

435           **SECTION 7.** Section 73-21-161, Mississippi Code of 1972, is  
436 brought forward as follows:

437           73-21-161. (1) As used in this section, the term "referral"  
438 means:

439           (a) Ordering of a patient to a pharmacy by a pharmacy  
440 benefit manager affiliate either orally or in writing, including  
441 online messaging;



442 (b) Offering or implementing plan designs that require  
443 patients to use affiliated pharmacies; or

444 (c) Patient or prospective patient specific  
445 advertising, marketing, or promotion of a pharmacy by an  
446 affiliate.

447 The term "referral" does not include a pharmacy's inclusion  
448 by a pharmacy benefit manager affiliate in communications to  
449 patients, including patient and prospective patient specific  
450 communications, regarding network pharmacies and prices, provided  
451 that the affiliate includes information regarding eligible  
452 nonaffiliate pharmacies in those communications and the  
453 information provided is accurate.

454 (2) A pharmacy, pharmacy benefit manager, or pharmacy  
455 benefit manager affiliate licensed or operating in Mississippi  
456 shall be prohibited from:

457 (a) Making referrals;

458 (b) Transferring or sharing records relative to  
459 prescription information containing patient identifiable and  
460 prescriber identifiable data to or from a pharmacy benefit manager  
461 affiliate for any commercial purpose; however, nothing in this  
462 section shall be construed to prohibit the exchange of  
463 prescription information between a pharmacy and its affiliate for  
464 the limited purposes of pharmacy reimbursement; formulary  
465 compliance; pharmacy care; public health activities otherwise



466 authorized by law; or utilization review by a health care  
467 provider; or

468 (c) Presenting a claim for payment to any individual,  
469 third-party payor, affiliate, or other entity for a service  
470 furnished pursuant to a referral from an affiliate.

471 (3) This section shall not be construed to prohibit a  
472 pharmacy from entering into an agreement with a pharmacy benefit  
473 manager affiliate to provide pharmacy care to patients, provided  
474 that the pharmacy does not receive referrals in violation of  
475 subsection (2) of this section and the pharmacy provides the  
476 disclosures required in subsection (1) of this section.

477 (4) If a pharmacy licensed or holding a nonresident pharmacy  
478 permit in this state has an affiliate, it shall annually file with  
479 the board a disclosure statement identifying all such affiliates.

480 (5) In addition to any other remedy provided by law, a  
481 violation of this section by a pharmacy shall be grounds for  
482 disciplinary action by the board under its authority granted in  
483 this chapter.

484 (6) A pharmacist who fills a prescription that violates  
485 subsection (2) of this section shall not be liable under this  
486 section.

487 **SECTION 8.** Section 73-21-163, Mississippi Code of 1972, is  
488 brought forward as follows:

489 73-21-163. Whenever the board has reason to believe that a  
490 pharmacy benefit manager or pharmacy benefit manager affiliate is



491 using, has used, or is about to use any method, act or practice  
492 prohibited in Sections 73-21-151 through 73-21-163 and that  
493 proceedings would be in the public interest, it may bring an  
494 action in the name of the board against the pharmacy benefit  
495 manager or pharmacy benefit manager affiliate to restrain by  
496 temporary or permanent injunction the use of such method, act or  
497 practice. The action shall be brought in the Chancery Court of  
498 the First Judicial District of Hinds County, Mississippi. The  
499 court is authorized to issue temporary or permanent injunctions to  
500 restrain and prevent violations of Sections 73-21-151 through  
501 73-21-163 and such injunctions shall be issued without bond.

502 (2) The board may impose a monetary penalty on a pharmacy  
503 benefit manager or a pharmacy benefit manager affiliate for  
504 noncompliance with the provisions of the Sections 73-21-151  
505 through 73-21-163, in amounts of not less than One Thousand  
506 Dollars (\$1,000.00) per violation and not more than Twenty-five  
507 Thousand Dollars (\$25,000.00) per violation. Each day a violation  
508 continues for the same brand or generic product identifier or  
509 brand or generic code number is a separate violation. The board  
510 shall prepare a record entered upon its minutes that states the  
511 basic facts upon which the monetary penalty was imposed. Any  
512 penalty collected under this subsection (2) shall be deposited  
513 into the special fund of the board.

514 (3) The board may assess a monetary penalty for those  
515 reasonable costs that are expended by the board in the



516 investigation and conduct of a proceeding if the board imposes a  
517 monetary penalty under subsection (2) of this section. A monetary  
518 penalty assessed and levied under this section shall be paid to  
519 the board by the licensee, registrant or permit holder upon the  
520 expiration of the period allowed for appeal of those penalties  
521 under Section 73-21-101, or may be paid sooner if the licensee,  
522 registrant or permit holder elects. Any penalty collected by the  
523 board under this subsection (3) shall be deposited into the  
524 special fund of the board.

525 (4) When payment of a monetary penalty assessed and levied  
526 by the board against a licensee, registrant or permit holder in  
527 accordance with this section is not paid by the licensee,  
528 registrant or permit holder when due under this section, the board  
529 shall have the power to institute and maintain proceedings in its  
530 name for enforcement of payment in the chancery court of the  
531 county and judicial district of residence of the licensee,  
532 registrant or permit holder, or if the licensee, registrant or  
533 permit holder is a nonresident of the State of Mississippi, in the  
534 Chancery Court of the First Judicial District of Hinds County,  
535 Mississippi. When those proceedings are instituted, the board  
536 shall certify the record of its proceedings, together with all  
537 documents and evidence, to the chancery court and the matter shall  
538 be heard in due course by the court, which shall review the record  
539 and make its determination thereon in accordance with the



540 provisions of Section 73-21-101. The hearing on the matter may,  
541 in the discretion of the chancellor, be tried in vacation.

542 (5) The board shall develop and implement a uniform penalty  
543 policy that sets the minimum and maximum penalty for any given  
544 violation of Sections 73-21-151 through 73-21-163. The board  
545 shall adhere to its uniform penalty policy except in those cases  
546 where the board specifically finds, by majority vote, that a  
547 penalty in excess of, or less than, the uniform penalty is  
548 appropriate. That vote shall be reflected in the minutes of the  
549 board and shall not be imposed unless it appears as having been  
550 adopted by the board.

551 **SECTION 9.** Section 73-21-177, Mississippi Code of 1972, is  
552 brought forward as follows:

553 73-21-177. The purpose of Sections 73-21-175 through  
554 73-21-189 is to establish minimum and uniform standards and  
555 criteria for the audit of pharmacy records by or on behalf of  
556 certain entities.

557 **SECTION 10.** Section 73-21-179, Mississippi Code of 1972, is  
558 brought forward as follows:

559 73-21-179. For purposes of Sections 73-21-175 through  
560 73-21-189:

561 (a) "Entity" means a pharmacy benefit manager, a  
562 managed care company, a health plan sponsor, an insurance company,  
563 a third-party payor, or any company, group or agent that  
564 represents or is engaged by those entities.



565           (b) "Health insurance plan" means benefits consisting  
566 of prescription drugs, other products and supplies, and pharmacist  
567 services provided directly, through insurance or reimbursement, or  
568 otherwise and including items and services paid for as  
569 prescription drugs, other products and supplies, and pharmacist  
570 services under any hospital or medical service policy or  
571 certificate, hospital or medical service plan contract, preferred  
572 provider organization agreement, or health maintenance  
573 organization contract offered by a health insurance  
574 issuer.

575           (c) "Individual prescription" means the original  
576 prescription for a drug signed by the prescriber, and excludes  
577 refills referenced on the prescription.

578           (d) "Pharmacy benefit manager" means a business that  
579 administers the prescription drug/device portion of pharmacy  
580 benefit management plans or health insurance plans on behalf of  
581 plan sponsors, insurance companies, unions and health maintenance  
582 organizations. Pharmacy benefit managers may also provide some,  
583 all, but may not be limited to, the following services either  
584 directly or through outsourcing or contracts with other entities:

585                   (i) Adjudicate drug claims or any portion of the  
586 transaction.

587                   (ii) Contract with retail and mail pharmacy  
588 networks.

589                   (iii) Establish payment levels for pharmacies.





590 (iv) Develop formulary or drug list of covered  
591 therapies.

592 (v) Provide benefit design consultation.

593 (vi) Manage cost and utilization trends.

594 (vii) Contract for manufacturer rebates.

595 (viii) Provide fee-based clinical services to  
596 improve member care.

597 (ix) Third-party administration.

598 (e) "Pharmacy benefit management plan" means an  
599 arrangement for the delivery of pharmacist's services in which a  
600 pharmacy benefit manager undertakes to administer the payment or  
601 reimbursement of any of the costs of pharmacist's services for an  
602 enrollee on a prepaid or insured basis that (i) contains one or  
603 more incentive arrangements intended to influence the cost or  
604 level of pharmacist's services between the plan sponsor and one or  
605 more pharmacies with respect to the delivery of pharmacist's  
606 services; and (ii) requires or creates benefit payment  
607 differential incentives for enrollees to use under contract with  
608 the pharmacy benefit manager.

609 (f) "Pharmacist," "pharmacist services" and "pharmacy"  
610 or "pharmacies" shall have the same definitions as provided in  
611 Section 73-21-73.

612 **SECTION 11.** Section 73-21-181, Mississippi Code of 1972, is  
613 brought forward as follows:



614 73-21-181. Sections 73-21-175 through 73-21-189 shall apply  
615 to any audit of the records of a pharmacy conducted by a managed  
616 care company, nonprofit hospital or medical service organization,  
617 insurance company, third-party payor, pharmacy benefit manager, a  
618 health program administered by a department of the state or any  
619 entity that represents those companies, groups, or department.

620 **SECTION 12.** Section 73-21-183, Mississippi Code of 1972, is  
621 brought forward as follows:

622 73-21-183. (1) The entity conducting an audit shall follow  
623 these procedures:

624 (a) The pharmacy contract must identify and describe in  
625 detail the audit procedures;

626 (b) The entity conducting the on-site audit must give  
627 the pharmacy written notice at least two (2) weeks before  
628 conducting the initial on-site audit for each audit cycle, and the  
629 pharmacy shall have at least fourteen (14) days to respond to any  
630 desk audit requirements;

631 (c) The entity conducting the on-site or desk audit  
632 shall not interfere with the delivery of pharmacist services to a  
633 patient and shall utilize every effort to minimize inconvenience  
634 and disruption to pharmacy operations during the audit process;

635 (d) Any audit that involves clinical or professional  
636 judgment must be conducted by or in consultation with a  
637 pharmacist;



638 (e) Any clerical or record-keeping error, such as a  
639 typographical error, scrivener's error, or computer error,  
640 regarding a required document or record shall not constitute  
641 fraud; however, those claims may be subject to recoupment. No  
642 such claim shall be subject to criminal penalties without proof of  
643 intent to commit fraud;

644 (f) A pharmacy may use the records of a hospital,  
645 physician, or other authorized practitioner of the healing arts  
646 for drugs or medicinal supplies written or transmitted by any  
647 means of communication for purposes of validating the pharmacy  
648 record with respect to orders or refills of a legend or narcotic  
649 drug;

650 (g) A finding of an overpayment or an underpayment may  
651 be a projection based on the number of patients served having a  
652 similar diagnosis or on the number of similar orders or refills  
653 for similar drugs, except that recoupment shall be based on the  
654 actual overpayment or underpayment;

655 (h) A finding of an overpayment shall not include the  
656 dispensing fee amount unless a prescription was not dispensed;

657 (i) Each pharmacy shall be audited under the same  
658 standards and parameters as other similarly situated pharmacies  
659 audited by the entity;

660 (j) The period covered by an audit may not exceed two  
661 (2) years from the date the claim was submitted to or adjudicated  
662 by a managed care company, nonprofit hospital or medical service



663 organization, insurance company, third-party payor, pharmacy  
664 benefit manager, a health program administered by a department of  
665 the state or any entity that represents those companies, groups,  
666 or department;

667 (k) An audit may not be initiated or scheduled during  
668 the first five (5) calendar days of any month due to the high  
669 volume of prescriptions filled in the pharmacy during that time  
670 unless otherwise consented to by the pharmacy;

671 (l) Any prescription that complies with state law and  
672 rule requirements may be used to validate claims in connection  
673 with prescriptions, refills or changes in prescriptions;

674 (m) An exit interview that provides a pharmacy with an  
675 opportunity to respond to questions and comment on and clarify  
676 findings must be conducted at the end of an audit. The time of  
677 the interview must be agreed to by the pharmacy;

678 (n) Unless superseded by state or federal law, auditors  
679 shall only have access to previous audit reports on a particular  
680 pharmacy conducted by the auditing entity for the same pharmacy  
681 benefits manager, health plan or insurer. An auditing vendor  
682 contracting with multiple pharmacy benefits managers or health  
683 insurance plans shall not use audit reports or other information  
684 gained from an audit on a particular pharmacy to conduct another  
685 audit for a different pharmacy benefits manager or health  
686 insurance plan;



687           (o) The parameters of an audit must comply with  
688 consumer-oriented parameters based on manufacturer listings or  
689 recommendations for the following:

690                   (i) The day supply for eyedrops must be calculated  
691 so that the consumer pays only one (1) thirty-day copayment if the  
692 bottle of eyedrops is intended by the manufacturer to be a  
693 thirty-day supply;

694                   (ii) The day supply for insulin must be calculated  
695 so that the highest dose prescribed is used to determine the day  
696 supply and consumer copayment;

697                   (iii) The day supply for a topical product must be  
698 determined by the judgment of the pharmacist based upon the  
699 treated area;

700           (p) (i) Where an audit is for a specifically  
701 identified problem that has been disclosed to the pharmacy, the  
702 audit shall be limited to claims that are identified by  
703 prescription number;

704                   (ii) For an audit other than described in  
705 subparagraph (i) of this paragraph (p), an audit shall be limited  
706 to one hundred (100) individual prescriptions that have been  
707 randomly selected;

708                   (iii) If an audit reveals the necessity for a  
709 review of additional claims, the audit shall be conducted on site;



710 (iv) Except for audits initiated under paragraph  
711 (i) of this subsection, an entity shall not initiate an audit of a  
712 pharmacy more than one (1) time in any quarter;

713 (r) A recoupment shall not be based on:

714 (i) Documentation requirements in addition to or  
715 exceeding requirements for creating or maintaining documentation  
716 prescribed by the State Board of Pharmacy; or

717 (ii) A requirement that a pharmacy or pharmacist  
718 perform a professional duty in addition to or exceeding  
719 professional duties prescribed by the State Board of Pharmacy;

720 (s) Except for Medicare claims, approval of drug,  
721 prescriber or patient eligibility upon adjudication of a claim  
722 shall not be reversed unless the pharmacy or pharmacist obtained  
723 the adjudication by fraud or misrepresentation of claim elements;  
724 and

725 (t) A commission or other payment to an agent or  
726 employee of the entity conducting the audit is not based, directly  
727 or indirectly, on amounts recouped.

728 (2) The entity must provide the pharmacy with a written  
729 report of the audit and comply with the following requirements:

730 (a) The preliminary audit report must be delivered to  
731 the pharmacy within one hundred twenty (120) days after conclusion  
732 of the audit, with a reasonable extension to be granted upon  
733 request;



734 (b) A pharmacy shall be allowed at least thirty (30)  
735 days following receipt of the preliminary audit report in which to  
736 produce documentation to address any discrepancy found during the  
737 audit, with a reasonable extension to be granted upon request;

738 (c) A final audit report shall be delivered to the  
739 pharmacy within one hundred eighty (180) days after receipt of the  
740 preliminary audit report or final appeal, as provided for in  
741 Section 73-21-185, whichever is later;

742 (d) The audit report must be signed by the auditor;

743 (e) Recoupments of any disputed funds, or repayment of  
744 funds to the entity by the pharmacy if permitted pursuant to  
745 contractual agreement, shall occur after final internal  
746 disposition of the audit, including the appeals process as set  
747 forth in Section 73-21-185. If the identified discrepancy for an  
748 individual audit exceeds Twenty-five Thousand Dollars  
749 (\$25,000.00), future payments in excess of that amount to the  
750 pharmacy may be withheld pending finalization of the audit;

751 (f) Interest shall not accrue during the audit period;  
752 and

753 (g) Each entity conducting an audit shall provide a  
754 copy of the final audit report, after completion of any review  
755 process, to the plan sponsor.

756 **SECTION 13.** Section 73-21-185, Mississippi Code of 1972, is  
757 brought forward as follows:



758           73-21-185. (1) Each entity conducting an audit shall  
759 establish a written appeals process under which a pharmacy may  
760 appeal an unfavorable preliminary audit report to the entity.

761           (2) If, following the appeal, the entity finds that an  
762 unfavorable audit report or any portion thereof is  
763 unsubstantiated, the entity shall dismiss the audit report or that  
764 portion without the necessity of any further action.

765           (3) If, following the appeal, any of the issues raised in  
766 the appeal are not resolved to the satisfaction of either party,  
767 that party may ask for mediation of those unresolved issues. A  
768 certified mediator shall be chosen by agreement of the parties  
769 from the Court Annexed Mediators List maintained by the  
770 Mississippi Supreme Court.

771           **SECTION 14.** Section 73-21-187, Mississippi Code of 1972, is  
772 brought forward as follows:

773           73-21-187. Notwithstanding any other provision in Sections  
774 73-21-175 through 73-21-189, the entity conducting the audit shall  
775 not use the accounting practice of extrapolation in calculating  
776 recoupments or penalties for audits. An extrapolation audit means  
777 an audit of a sample of prescription drug benefit claims submitted  
778 by a pharmacy to the entity conducting the audit that is then used  
779 to estimate audit results for a larger batch or group of claims  
780 not reviewed by the auditor.

781           **SECTION 15.** Section 73-21-189, Mississippi Code of 1972, is  
782 brought forward as follows:





783 73-21-189. Sections 73-21-175 through 73-21-189 do not apply  
784 to any audit, review or investigation that involves alleged fraud,  
785 willful misrepresentation or abuse.

786 **SECTION 16.** Section 73-21-191, Mississippi Code of 1972, is  
787 brought forward as follows:

788 73-21-191. (1) The State Board of Pharmacy may impose a  
789 monetary penalty on pharmacy benefit managers for noncompliance  
790 with the provisions of the Pharmacy Audit Integrity Act, Sections  
791 73-21-175 through 73-21-189, in amounts of not less than One  
792 Thousand Dollars (\$1,000.00) per violation and not more than  
793 Twenty-five Thousand Dollars (\$25,000.00) per violation. The  
794 board shall prepare a record entered upon its minutes which states  
795 the basic facts upon which the monetary penalty was imposed. Any  
796 penalty collected under this subsection (1) shall be deposited  
797 into the special fund of the board.

798 (2) The board may assess a monetary penalty for those  
799 reasonable costs that are expended by the board in the  
800 investigation and conduct of a proceeding if the board imposes a  
801 monetary penalty under subsection (1) of this section. A monetary  
802 penalty assessed and levied under this section shall be paid to  
803 the board by the licensee, registrant or permit holder upon the  
804 expiration of the period allowed for appeal of those penalties  
805 under Section 73-21-101, or may be paid sooner if the licensee,  
806 registrant or permit holder elects. Money collected by the board



807 under this subsection (2) shall be deposited to the credit of the  
808 special fund of the board.

809 (3) When payment of a monetary penalty assessed and levied  
810 by the board against a licensee, registrant or permit holder in  
811 accordance with this section is not paid by the licensee,  
812 registrant or permit holder when due under this section, the board  
813 shall have the power to institute and maintain proceedings in its  
814 name for enforcement of payment in the chancery court of the  
815 county and judicial district of residence of the licensee,  
816 registrant or permit holder, or if the licensee, registrant or  
817 permit holder is a nonresident of the State of Mississippi, in the  
818 Chancery Court of the First Judicial District of Hinds County,  
819 Mississippi. When those proceedings are instituted, the board  
820 shall certify the record of its proceedings, together with all  
821 documents and evidence, to the chancery court and the matter shall  
822 be heard in due course by the court, which shall review the record  
823 and make its determination thereon in accordance with the  
824 provisions of Section 73-21-101. The hearing on the matter may,  
825 in the discretion of the chancellor, be tried in vacation.

826 (4) The board shall develop and implement a uniform penalty  
827 policy that sets the minimum and maximum penalty for any given  
828 violation of board regulations and laws governing the practice of  
829 pharmacy. The board shall adhere to its uniform penalty policy  
830 except in those cases where the board specifically finds, by  
831 majority vote, that a penalty in excess of, or less than, the



832 uniform penalty is appropriate. That vote shall be reflected in  
833 the minutes of the board and shall not be imposed unless it  
834 appears as having been adopted by the board.

835           **SECTION 17.** This act shall take effect and be in force from  
836 and after July 1, 2023, and shall stand repealed on June 30, 2023.

