MISSISSIPPI LEGISLATURE

REGULAR SESSION 2023

By: Representative Hood

To: Education

HOUSE BILL NO. 652

1 AN ACT TO AMEND SECTION 37-13-91, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, 2 TO PROVIDE FOR EXCUSED ABSENCES FOR COMPULSORY-SCHOOL-AGE CHILDREN 3 FOR PARTICIPATING IN ROPING AND BARREL HORSE RACING EVENTS; AND 4 FOR RELATED PURPOSES. 5 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MISSISSIPPI: SECTION 1. Section 37-13-91, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 6 7 amended as follows: 37-13-91. (1) This section shall be referred to as the 8 9 "Mississippi Compulsory School Attendance Law." 10 (2) The following terms as used in this section are defined as follows: 11 12 (a) "Parent" means the father or mother to whom a child has been born, or the father or mother by whom a child has been 13 14 legally adopted. 15 (b) "Guardian" means a guardian of the person of a child, other than a parent, who is legally appointed by a court of 16 17 competent jurisdiction.

H. B. No. 652 G1/2 23/HR26/R55 PAGE 1 (DJ\KW) (c) "Custodian" means any person having the present
care or custody of a child, other than a parent or guardian of the
child.

(d) "School day" means not less than five and one-half (5-1/2) and not more than eight (8) hours of actual teaching in which both teachers and pupils are in regular attendance for scheduled schoolwork.

(e) "School" means any public school, including a charter school, in this state or any nonpublic school in this state which is in session each school year for at least one hundred eighty (180) school days, except that the "nonpublic" school term shall be the number of days that each school shall require for promotion from grade to grade.

(f) "Compulsory-school-age child" means a child who has attained or will attain the age of six (6) years on or before September 1 of the calendar year and who has not attained the age of seventeen (17) years on or before September 1 of the calendar year; and shall include any child who has attained or will attain the age of five (5) years on or before September 1 and has enrolled in a full-day public school kindergarten program.

38 (g) "School attendance officer" means a person employed39 by the State Department of Education pursuant to Section 37-13-89.

40 (h) "Appropriate school official" means the
41 superintendent of the school district, or his designee, or, in the
42 case of a nonpublic school, the principal or the headmaster.

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(i) "Nonpublic school" means an institution for the
teaching of children, consisting of a physical plant, whether
owned or leased, including a home, instructional staff members and
students, and which is in session each school year. This
definition shall include, but not be limited to, private, church,
parochial and home instruction programs.

49 (3) A parent, guardian or custodian of a
50 compulsory-school-age child in this state shall cause the child to
51 enroll in and attend a public school or legitimate nonpublic
52 school for the period of time that the child is of compulsory
53 school age, except under the following circumstances:

(a) When a compulsory-school-age child is physically,
mentally or emotionally incapable of attending school as
determined by the appropriate school official based upon
sufficient medical documentation.

(b) When a compulsory-school-age child is enrolled in
and pursuing a course of special education, remedial education or
education for handicapped or physically or mentally disadvantaged
children.

62 (c) When a compulsory-school-age child is being63 educated in a legitimate home instruction program.

The parent, guardian or custodian of a compulsory-school-age child described in this subsection, or the parent, guardian or custodian of a compulsory-school-age child attending any charter school or nonpublic school, or the appropriate school official for

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68 any or all children attending a charter school or nonpublic school 69 shall complete a "certificate of enrollment" in order to 70 facilitate the administration of this section.

The form of the certificate of enrollment shall be prepared by the Office of Compulsory School Attendance Enforcement of the State Department of Education and shall be designed to obtain the following information only:

75 (i) The name, address, telephone number and date76 of birth of the compulsory-school-age child;

(ii) The name, address and telephone number of the
parent, guardian or custodian of the compulsory-school-age child;
(iii) A simple description of the type of

education the compulsory-school-age child is receiving and, if the child is enrolled in a nonpublic school, the name and address of the school; and

(iv) The signature of the parent, guardian or
custodian of the compulsory-school-age child or, for any or all
compulsory-school-age child or children attending a charter school
or nonpublic school, the signature of the appropriate school
official and the date signed.

The certificate of enrollment shall be returned to the school attendance officer where the child resides on or before September 15 of each year. Any parent, guardian or custodian found by the school attendance officer to be in noncompliance with this section shall comply, after written notice of the noncompliance by the

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93 school attendance officer, with this subsection within ten (10) 94 days after the notice or be in violation of this section. 95 However, in the event the child has been enrolled in a public school within fifteen (15) calendar days after the first day of 96 97 the school year as required in subsection (6), the parent or 98 custodian may, at a later date, enroll the child in a legitimate 99 nonpublic school or legitimate home instruction program and send 100 the certificate of enrollment to the school attendance officer and 101 be in compliance with this subsection.

For the purposes of this subsection, a legitimate nonpublic school or legitimate home instruction program shall be those not operated or instituted for the purpose of avoiding or circumventing the compulsory attendance law.

106 An "unlawful absence" is an absence for an entire school (4) 107 day or during part of a school day by a compulsory-school-age 108 child, which absence is not due to a valid excuse for temporary 109 nonattendance. For purposes of reporting absenteeism under subsection (6) of this section, if a compulsory-school-age child 110 111 has an absence that is more than thirty-seven percent (37%) of the 112 instructional day, as fixed by the school board for the school at 113 which the compulsory-school-age child is enrolled, the child must 114 be considered absent the entire school day. Days missed from school due to disciplinary suspension shall not be considered an 115 116 "excused" absence under this section. This subsection shall not apply to children enrolled in a nonpublic school. 117

H. B. No. 652 **~ OFFICIAL ~** 23/HR26/R55 PAGE 5 (DJ\KW) Each of the following shall constitute a valid excuse for temporary nonattendance of a compulsory-school-age child enrolled in a noncharter public school, provided satisfactory evidence of the excuse is provided to the superintendent of the school district, or his designee:

(a) An absence is excused when the absence results from
the compulsory-school-age child's attendance at an authorized
school activity with the prior approval of the superintendent of
the school district, or his designee. These activities may
include field trips, athletic contests, student conventions,
musical festivals and any similar activity.

(b) An absence is excused when the absence results from illness or injury which prevents the compulsory-school-age child from being physically able to attend school.

(c) An absence is excused when isolation of a compulsory-school-age child is ordered by the county health officer, by the State Board of Health or appropriate school official.

(d) An absence is excused when it results from the
death or serious illness of a member of the immediate family of a
compulsory-school-age child. The immediate family members of a
compulsory-school-age child shall include children, spouse,
grandparents, parents, brothers and sisters, including
stepbrothers and stepsisters.

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142 (e) An absence is excused when it results from a143 medical or dental appointment of a compulsory-school-age child.

144 (f) An absence is excused when it results from the 145 attendance of a compulsory-school-age child at the proceedings of 146 a court or an administrative tribunal if the child is a party to 147 the action or under subpoena as a witness.

148 An absence may be excused if the religion to which (q) 149 the compulsory-school-age child or the child's parents adheres, 150 requires or suggests the observance of a religious event. The approval of the absence is within the discretion of the 151 152 superintendent of the school district, or his designee, but 153 approval should be granted unless the religion's observance is of 154 such duration as to interfere with the education of the child.

155 An absence may be excused when it is demonstrated (h) 156 to the satisfaction of the superintendent of the school district, 157 or his designee, that the purpose of the absence is to take 158 advantage of a valid educational opportunity such as travel, including vacations or other family travel. Approval of the 159 160 absence must be gained from the superintendent of the school 161 district, or his designee, before the absence, but the approval 162 shall not be unreasonably withheld.

(i) An absence may be excused when it is demonstrated
to the satisfaction of the superintendent of the school district,
or his designee, that conditions are sufficient to warrant the
compulsory-school-age child's nonattendance. However, no absences

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(j) An absence is excused when it results from the attendance of a compulsory-school-age child participating in official organized events sponsored by the 4-H or Future Farmers of America (FFA). The excuse for the 4-H or FFA event must be provided in writing to the appropriate school superintendent by the Extension Agent or High School Agricultural Instructor/FFA Advisor.

(k) An absence is excused when it results from the compulsory-school-age child officially being employed to serve as a page at the State Capitol for the Mississippi House of Representatives or Senate.

181 (1) An absence is excused when it results from the 182 attendance of a compulsory-school-age child participating in 183 official organized roping and barrel racing events sponsored by 184 the National Barrel Horse Association or the National High School 185 Rodeo Association. The excuse for the NBHA or NHSRA event must be 186 provided in writing to the appropriate school superintendent by 187 the event organizer and the parent of the participating 188 compulsory-school-age child. 189 Any parent, guardian or custodian of a (5)

190 compulsory-school-age child subject to this section who refuses or 191 willfully fails to perform any of the duties imposed upon him or

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her under this section or who intentionally falsifies any information required to be contained in a certificate of enrollment, shall be guilty of contributing to the neglect of a child and, upon conviction, shall be punished in accordance with Section 97-5-39.

197 Upon prosecution of a parent, guardian or custodian of a compulsory-school-age child for violation of this section, the 198 199 presentation of evidence by the prosecutor that shows that the 200 child has not been enrolled in school within eighteen (18) 201 calendar days after the first day of the school year of the public 202 school which the child is eligible to attend, or that the child 203 has accumulated twelve (12) unlawful absences during the school 204 year at the public school in which the child has been enrolled, 205 shall establish a prima facie case that the child's parent, 206 quardian or custodian is responsible for the absences and has 207 refused or willfully failed to perform the duties imposed upon him 208 or her under this section. However, no proceedings under this 209 section shall be brought against a parent, guardian or custodian 210 of a compulsory-school-age child unless the school attendance 211 officer has contacted promptly the home of the child and has 212 provided written notice to the parent, guardian or custodian of 213 the requirement for the child's enrollment or attendance.

(6) If a compulsory-school-age child has not been enrolled in a school within fifteen (15) calendar days after the first day of the school year of the school which the child is eligible to

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217 attend or the child has accumulated five (5) unlawful absences 218 during the school year of the public school in which the child is 219 enrolled, the school district superintendent, or his designee, 220 shall report, within two (2) school days or within five (5) 221 calendar days, whichever is less, the absences to the school 222 attendance officer. The State Department of Education shall 223 prescribe a uniform method for schools to utilize in reporting the 224 unlawful absences to the school attendance officer. The 225 superintendent, or his designee, also shall report any student 226 suspensions or student expulsions to the school attendance officer 227 when they occur.

228 When a school attendance officer has made all attempts (7)229 to secure enrollment and/or attendance of a compulsory-school-age 230 child and is unable to effect the enrollment and/or attendance, the attendance officer shall file a petition with the youth court 231 232 under Section 43-21-451 or shall file a petition in a court of 233 competent jurisdiction as it pertains to parent or child. 234 Sheriffs, deputy sheriffs and municipal law enforcement officers 235 shall be fully authorized to investigate all cases of 236 nonattendance and unlawful absences by compulsory-school-age 237 children, and shall be authorized to file a petition with the 238 youth court under Section 43-21-451 or file a petition or 239 information in the court of competent jurisdiction as it pertains 240 to parent or child for violation of this section. The youth court 241 shall expedite a hearing to make an appropriate adjudication and a

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disposition to ensure compliance with the Compulsory School Attendance Law, and may order the child to enroll or re-enroll in school. The superintendent of the school district to which the child is ordered may assign, in his discretion, the child to the alternative school program of the school established pursuant to Section 37-13-92.

(8) The State Board of Education shall adopt rules and
regulations for the purpose of reprimanding any school
superintendents who fail to timely report unexcused absences under
the provisions of this section.

252 (9) Notwithstanding any provision or implication herein to 253 the contrary, it is not the intention of this section to impair 254 the primary right and the obligation of the parent or parents, or 255 person or persons in loco parentis to a child, to choose the 256 proper education and training for such child, and nothing in this 257 section shall ever be construed to grant, by implication or 258 otherwise, to the State of Mississippi, any of its officers, 259 agencies or subdivisions any right or authority to control, 260 manage, supervise or make any suggestion as to the control, 261 management or supervision of any private or parochial school or 262 institution for the education or training of children, of any kind 263 whatsoever that is not a public school according to the laws of 264 this state; and this section shall never be construed so as to 265 grant, by implication or otherwise, any right or authority to any 266 state agency or other entity to control, manage, supervise,

H. B. No. 652 **~ OFFICIAL ~** 23/HR26/R55 PAGE 11 (DJ\KW) 267 provide for or affect the operation, management, program,

268 curriculum, admissions policy or discipline of any such school or

269 home instruction program.

270 **SECTION 2.** This act shall take effect and be in force from 271 and after July 1, 2023.

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