By: Representatives McGee, Foster, Stamps, To: Municipalities Crudup, Anthony, Summers, Karriem, Hulum, Sanders

## HOUSE BILL NO. 537

1 AN ACT TO AUTHORIZE THE GOVERNING AUTHORITY OF ANY 2 MUNICIPALITY TO WAIVE LIENS, UNDER CERTAIN CIRCUMSTANCES, THAT ARE 3 IMPOSED ON REAL PROPERTY FOR COSTS AND/OR PENALTIES ASSOCIATED WITH A MUNICIPALITY'S CLEANING OF REAL PROPERTY THAT HAS BEEN 5 DEEMED A MENACE; TO PROVIDE THAT AN APPLICATION FOR THE WAIVER BE 6 SUBMITTED FOR CONSIDERATION OF SUCH WAIVER; TO PROHIBIT THE 7 PROPERTY OWNER WHO CAUSED THE PROPERTY TO BE DEEMED A MENACE BY THE MUNICIPALITY FROM SUBMITTING SUCH APPLICATION; TO AMEND 8 9 SECTION 21-19-11, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, TO CONFORM TO THE 10 PRECEDING SECTIONS; AND FOR RELATED PURPOSES. BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MISSISSIPPI:

- 11
- 12 SECTION 1. As used in this act unless the context otherwise
- 13 requires:
- "Amnesty" or "waiver" means the forgiveness of an 14
- 15 assessment against a property or individual(s) of the costs and
- 16 related penalties associated with the cleanup incurred by or paid
- 17 by the municipality to clear code violations. Approvals for such
- amnesty or waiver shall specify dollar amounts or are otherwise 18
- assumed to be in full. Amnesty or waiver referenced in this 19
- 20 section applies to those costs and penalties applicable set out in
- 21 Section 21-19-11 and in no way relieves costs, fines or other
- 22 orders imposed by any court.

23			(b)	"Governing	authority"	means	the	governing	authority
24	of a	mun	icipal	ity.					

- 25 (c) "Municipality" means any incorporated city, town or 26 village within the state.
- 27 <u>SECTION 2.</u> The governing authority of any municipality is 28 authorized with the conditions enumerated in this act to consider 29 and award, when it deems appropriate, the full or partial waiver 30 of assessments against properties or individuals as a result of 31 the municipality having acted to clear code violations.
- 32 <u>SECTION 3.</u> Whereas, the purpose of the governing authority in exercising the authority under this act, is to foster development and reuse of properties formerly found to be a menace by the municipality by virtue of any number of code violations or blight conditions, the following circumstances must exist to consider such waiver or amnesty:
- 38 The governing authority must have adopted a 39 resolution and entered on its minutes a finding that (i) collection of the assessment and related penalties through the 40 41 ordinary process of law has been and will likely be ineffectual 42 and therefore is a doubtful claim; and (ii) it will be more 43 beneficial to the municipality for the new owner of the property to have the property free of any liens of the municipality, which 44 45 will make it easier for the owner to develop, reuse or redevelop 46 the property.

47	(b)	Such	waiver	or	amnesty	shall	not	unduly	benefit	the
----	-----	------	--------	----	---------	-------	-----	--------	---------	-----

- 48 owner(s) responsible for the property's past code violation
- 49 condition. Application shall be made by a new owner or a
- 50 prospective new owner.
- 51 (c) The property for which such waiver or amnesty is
- 52 requested are those where the municipality, by its own labor or
- 53 its contractors, have acted to clear violations by any legal
- 54 process available to it and where there are costs and/or penalties
- associated with the property and/or its owner(s) and where the
- 56 work performed was no less than one year prior to the application
- 57 for amnesty.
- 58 (d) Costs and/or penalties may be considered for
- 59 waiver/amnesty regardless of whether or not the associated costs
- 60 have been assessed by the tax collector to be collected along with
- 61 the standard taxes for the property. Costs and/or penalties may
- 62 also be considered for waiver/amnesty if they have been sold for
- 63 taxes but have not yet been redeemed. Costs/penalties already
- 64 paid or sold at tax sale and already redeemed shall not be
- 65 eligible for waiver/amnesty.
- 66 **SECTION 4.** The municipality shall require application for
- 67 consideration of lien waiver/amnesty to include the following:
- 68 (a) An owner or prospective owner must make application
- 69 to the municipality for such amnesty, but in no case may the owner
- 70 responsible for the past code enforcement action or anyone in any
- 71 way affiliated with such owner be eliqible to apply.

- 72 (b) Application must include plans for redevelopment,
- 73 reuse, alternative use, or improved maintenance of the property,
- 74 and the governing authority shall use the assurances of the
- 75 developer as the basis for negotiating any terms and conditions it
- 76 deems appropriate.
- 77 (c) Application for amnesty requires that the new or
- 78 prospective owner supply one recent appraisal of the property from
- 79 a reputable real estate appraiser or the county tax assessor's
- 80 appraised value, or if vacant land, an appraisal, the tax
- 81 assessor's appraised value, or a competitive sales analysis by a
- 82 reputable real estate professional, identifying its post-cleaning
- 83 condition. The applicant must also provide a copy of the contract
- 84 or closing documents for purchase revealing that the purchase
- 85 price does not exceed the appraised or analyzed value.
- **SECTION 5.** The governing authority of a municipality shall
- 87 be the decision-making body determining what developments warrant
- 88 lien waiver/amnesty and conditions to apply.
- 89 (a) Amnesty may be denied or may be granted in full or
- 90 in part by the governing authority and its consideration of all
- 91 factors, but in no case shall any such lien be waived or reduced
- 92 until such time that the governing authority has acted to confirm
- 93 that its conditions have been met.
- 94 (b) For properties where demolition is a part of the
- 95 agreed upon plan, demolition must occur within twelve (12) months
- 96 of approval. For reuse or redevelopment of structures, all

- 97 conditions must be satisfied within eighteen (18) months of 98 approval. For agreements where demolition is the only proposed action or where improved maintenance of a vacant parcel is the 99 only proposed action, the property must be sufficiently maintained 100 101 for no less than twelve (12) months prior to finding that all 102 conditions of amnesty have been satisfied. For good cause shown, 103 the municipality may allow an additional six (6) to twelve (12)
- 105 Approvals for lien waivers/amnesty shall be (C) 106 approved on conditional basis only, and releases therefor shall 107 not be approved or filed until the governing authority of the 108 municipality has formally acknowledged that the conditions of the 109 lien waiver/amnesty agreement have been met.

months to satisfy conditions.

104

- 110 Upon approval of a conditional waiver/amnesty where 111 the cost has already been posted to the tax rolls, the 112 municipality will coordinate with the tax collector to withdraw 113 and hold in abeyance that assessment until such time that the conditions of the governing authority have been satisfied. 114
- 115 (e) If the owner has not satisfied the conditions 116 within the time period established and the municipality has not extended the period allowed, the owner must pay the principal 117 amount of the municipality's lien plus interest at the rate of 118 119 eight percent (8%) per annum.
- 120 If the owner desires to sell or dispose of the real (f) 121 property prior to satisfying the conditions, the owner must first

H. B. No. 537 23/HR26/R100 PAGE 5 (OM\KW)

~ OFFICIAL ~

- 122 obtain the municipality's approval. If the municipality approves
- 123 the sale or disposal of the real estate prior to satisfying the
- 124 conditions, the owner shall pay the principal amount of the lien
- on or before the closing date of the sale unless a subsequent
- 126 purchaser of the blighted real property has applied for and been
- 127 granted conditional lien amnesty.
- 128 (g) If an owner sells or disposes of the real property
- 129 prior to satisfying the conditions without the municipality's
- 130 approval, then the owner shall be liable to the municipality for
- 131 the principal amount of the lien plus interest at the rate of
- eight percent (8%), and a penalty of One Thousand Five Hundred
- 133 Dollars (\$1,500.00) will also be assessed against the owner.
- SECTION 6. Section 21-19-11, Mississippi Code of 1972, is
- 135 amended as follows:
- 136 21-19-11. (1) To determine whether property or parcel of
- 137 land located within a municipality is in such a state of
- 138 uncleanliness as to be a menace to the public health, safety and
- 139 welfare of the community, a governing authority of any
- 140 municipality shall conduct a hearing, on its own motion, or upon
- 141 the receipt of a petition signed by a majority of the residents
- 142 residing within four hundred (400) feet of any property or parcel
- 143 of land alleged to be in need of the cleaning. Notice shall be
- 144 provided to the property owner by:
- 145 (a) United States mail two (2) weeks before the date of
- 146 the hearing mailed to the address of the subject property, except

147	where the land or structure(s) is apparently vacant, and to the
148	address where the ad valorem tax notice for such property is sent
149	by the office charged with collecting ad valorem tax; and
150	(b) Posting notice for at least two (2) weeks before
151	the date of a hearing on the property or parcel of land alleged to
152	be in need of cleaning and at city hall or another place in the
153	municipality where such notices are posted.
154	Any notice required by this section shall include language
155	that informs the property owner that an adjudication at the
156	hearing that the property or parcel of land is in need of cleaning
157	will authorize the municipality to reenter the property or parcel
158	of land for a period of two (2) years after final adjudication
159	without any further hearing if notice is posted on the property or
160	parcel of land and at city hall or another place in the
161	municipality where such notices are generally posted at least
162	seven (7) days before the property or parcel of land is reentered
163	for cleaning. A copy of the required notice mailed and posted as
164	required by this section shall be recorded in the minutes of the
165	governing authority in conjunction with the hearing required by
166	this section.

167 If, at such hearing, the governing authority shall adjudicate 168 the property or parcel of land in its then condition to be a menace to the public health, safety and welfare of the community, 169 the governing authority, if the owner does not do so himself, 170 shall proceed to clean the land, by the use of municipal employees 171

172	or by contract, by cutting grass and weeds; filling cisterns;
173	securing abandoned or dilapidated buildings; removing rubbish,
174	abandoned or dilapidated fences, outside toilets, abandoned or
175	dilapidated buildings, slabs, personal property, which removal of
176	personal property shall not be subject to the provisions of
177	Section 21-39-21, and other debris; and draining cesspools and
178	standing water therefrom. The governing authority may by
179	resolution adjudicate the actual cost of cleaning the property and
180	may also impose a penalty not to exceed One Thousand Five Hundred
181	Dollars (\$1,500.00) or fifty percent (50%) of the actual cost,
182	whichever is more. The cost and any penalty may become a civil
183	debt against the property owner, and/or, at the option of the
184	governing authority, an assessment against the property. The
185	"cost assessed against the property" means either the cost to the
186	municipality of using its own employees to do the work or the cost
187	to the municipality of any contract executed by the municipality
188	to have the work done, and administrative costs and legal costs of
189	the municipality. For subsequent cleaning within the one-year
190	period after the date of the hearing at which the property or
191	parcel of land was adjudicated in need of cleaning, upon seven (7)
192	days' notice posted both on the property or parcel of land
193	adjudicated in need of cleaning and at city hall or another place
194	in the municipality where such notices are generally posted, and
195	consistent with the municipality's adjudication as authorized in
196	this subsection (1), a municipality may reenter the property or

197	parcel of land to maintain cleanliness without further notice or
198	hearing no more than six (6) times in any twelve-month period with
199	respect to removing or securing abandoned or dilapidated
200	buildings, slabs, dilapidated fences and outside toilets, and no
201	more than twelve (12) times in any twenty-four-month period with
202	respect to cutting grass and weeds and removing rubbish, personal
203	property and other debris on the land, and the expense of cleaning
204	of the property, except as otherwise provided in this section for
205	removal of hazardous substances, shall not exceed an aggregate
206	amount of Twenty Thousand Dollars (\$20,000.00) per year, or the
207	fair market value of the property subsequent to cleaning,
208	whichever is more. The aggregate cost of removing hazardous
209	substances will be the actual cost of such removal to the
210	municipality and shall not be subject to the cost limitations
211	provided in this subsection. The governing authority may assess
212	the same penalty for each time the property or land is cleaned as
213	otherwise provided in this section. The penalty provided herein
214	shall not be assessed against the State of Mississippi upon
215	request for reimbursement under Section 29-1-145, nor shall a
216	municipality clean a parcel owned by the State of Mississippi
217	without first giving notice. Upon written authority from the
218	Secretary of State's office, for state-owned properties, a
219	municipality may forgo the notification process that is prescribed
220	in this subsection and proceed to clean the properties and assess

- 221 costs as prescribed in this subsection, except that penalties 222 shall not be assessed against the State of Mississippi.
- 223 When the fee or cost to clean property or a parcel of 224 land that is one (1) acre or less does not exceed Two Hundred 225 Fifty Dollars (\$250.00), excluding administrative costs, and the 226 property or parcel is located within a municipality having a 227 population over one thousand five hundred (1,500), the governing 228 authority of the municipality may authorize one or more of its 229 employees to determine whether the property or parcel of land is 230 in such a state of uncleanliness as to be a menace to the public 231 health, safety and welfare of the community and the determination 232 made by the authorized municipal employee shall be set forth and recorded in the minutes of the governing authority. Notice of 233 234 this determination shall be provided to the property owner by:
  - United States mail seven (7) days before the date of cleaning of the property or parcel of land mailed to the address of the subject property, except where the land or structure(s) is apparently vacant, and to the address where the ad valorem tax notice for such property is sent by the office charged with collecting ad valorem tax; and
- 241 Posting notice for at least seven (7) days before 242 the cleaning of the property or parcel of land and at city hall or 243 another place in the municipality where such notices are posted.
- Any notice required by this subsection shall include language 244 245 that informs the property owner that the appropriate municipal

235

236

237

238

239

240

23/HR26/R100 PAGE 10 (OM\KW)

247	menace to the public health, safety and welfare of the community
248	and in need of cleaning and the municipality is authorized to
249	enter the property for cleaning and that the municipality is
243	enter the property for creaming and that the municipality is
250	further authorized to reenter the property or parcel of land for a
251	period of two (2) years after this cleaning without any further
252	hearing or action if notice is posted on the property or parcel of
253	land and at city hall or another place in the municipality where
254	such notices are generally posted at least seven (7) days before
255	the property or parcel of land is reentered for cleaning. A copy
256	of the required notice mailed and posted as required by this
257	subsection shall be recorded in the minutes of the governing
258	authority in conjunction with the determination made by the
259	municipal employee in this subsection (2).
260	If an authorized municipal employee determines that the
261	condition of property or parcel of land is a menace to the public
262	health, safety and welfare of the community, the governing
263	authority, if the owner does not do so himself, shall proceed to
264	clean the land, by the use of municipal employees or by contract,
265	by cutting grass and weeds; filling cisterns; securing abandoned
266	or dilapidated buildings; removing rubbish, abandoned or
267	dilapidated fences, outside toilets, abandoned or dilapidated
268	buildings, slabs, personal property, which removal of personal

official has determined that the property or parcel of land is a

property shall not be subject to the provisions of Section

21-39-21, and other debris; and draining cesspools and standing

269

270

271	water therefrom. The governing authority shall by resolution
272	adjudicate the actual cost of cleaning the property under this
273	provision, provided the same does not exceed Two Hundred Fifty
274	Dollars (\$250.00) and may also impose a penalty not to exceed One
275	Hundred Dollars (\$100.00) or one hundred percent (100%) of the
276	actual cost of cleaning the property, whichever is more. The cost
277	and any penalty imposed may become a civil debt against the
278	property owner, and/or, at the option of the governing authority,
279	an assessment against the property. The "cost assessed against
280	the property" means either the cost to the municipality of using
281	its own employees to do the work or the cost to the municipality
282	of any contract executed by the municipality to have the work
283	done, and additionally may include administrative costs of the
284	municipality not to exceed Fifty Dollars (\$50.00). For subsequent
285	cleaning within the one-year period set forth in this subsection
286	(2), upon seven (7) days' notice posted both on the property or
287	parcel of land adjudicated in need of cleaning and at city hall or
288	another place in the municipality where such notices are generally
289	posted, and consistent with the municipal official's determination
290	as authorized in this subsection (2), a municipality may reenter
291	the property or parcel of land to maintain cleanliness without
292	further notice or hearing under this subsection (2) no more than
293	six (6) times in any twelve-month period with respect to removing
294	or securing abandoned or dilapidated buildings, slabs, dilapidated
295	fences and outside toilets, and no more than twelve (12) times in

H. B. No. 537

23/HR26/R100 PAGE 12 (OM\KW) 296 any twenty-four-month period with respect to cutting grass and 297 weeds and removing rubbish, personal property and other debris on 298 the land, and the expense of cleaning of the property shall not 299 exceed an aggregate amount of One Thousand Dollars (\$1,000.00) per 300 year under this subsection (2). The governing authority may 301 assess the same actual costs, administrative costs and penalty for 302 each time the property or land is cleaned as otherwise provided in 303 this subsection (2). The penalty provided herein shall not be 304 assessed against the State of Mississippi upon request for reimbursement under Section 29-1-145, nor shall a municipality 305 306 clean a parcel owned by the State of Mississippi without first 307 giving notice. Upon written authority from the Secretary of 308 State's office, for state-owned properties, a municipality may 309 forgo the notification process that is prescribed in this 310 subsection and proceed to clean the properties and assess costs as 311 prescribed in this subsection, except that penalties shall not be 312 assessed against the State of Mississippi. A determination made by an appropriate municipal employee under this subsection (2) 313 314 that the state or condition of property or a parcel of land is a 315 menace to the public health, safety and welfare of the community 316 shall not subsequently be used to replace a hearing if subsection 317 (1) of this section is later utilized by a municipality when the 318 prerequisites of this subsection (2) are not satisfied.

(3)

PAGE 13 (OM\KW)

319

320

If the governing authority declares, by resolution, that

the cost and any penalty shall be collected as a civil debt, the

governing authority may authorize the institution of a suit on open account against the owner of the property in a court of competent jurisdiction in the manner provided by law for the cost and any penalty, plus court costs, reasonable attorney's fees and interest from the date that the property was cleaned.

- (4) (a) If the governing authority declares that the cost and any penalty shall be collected as an assessment against the property, then the assessment above provided for shall be a lien against the property and may be enrolled in the office of the chancery clerk of the county as other liens and encumbrances are enrolled, and the tax collector of the municipality shall, upon order of the board of governing authorities, proceed to sell the land to satisfy the lien as now provided by law for the sale of lands for delinquent municipal taxes. The lien against the property shall be an encumbrance upon the property and shall follow title of the property.
- (b) (i) All assessments levied under the provisions of this section shall be included with municipal ad valorem taxes and payment shall be enforced in the same manner in which payment is enforced for municipal ad valorem taxes, and all statutes regulating the collection of other taxes in a municipality shall apply to the enforcement and collection of the assessments levied under the provisions of this section, including utilization of the procedures authorized under Sections 17-13-9(2) and 27-41-2.

345	(ii) All assessments levied under the provisions
346	of this section shall become delinquent at the same time municipal
347	ad valorem taxes become delinquent. Delinquencies shall be
348	collected in the same manner and at the same time delinquent ad
349	valorem taxes are collected and shall bear the same penalties as
350	those provided for delinquent taxes. If the property is sold for
351	the nonpayment of an assessment under this section, it shall be
352	sold in the manner that property is sold for the nonpayment of
353	delinquent ad valorem taxes. If the property is sold for
354	delinquent ad valorem taxes, the assessment under this section
355	shall be added to the delinquent tax and collected at the same
356	time and in the same manner.

- (5) All decisions rendered under the provisions of this section may be appealed in the same manner as other appeals from municipal boards or courts are taken. However, an appeal from a decision of a municipal officer or official shall be made to the governing authority and such appeal shall be in writing, state the basis for the appeal and be filed with the city clerk no later than seven (7) days from the latest date of notice required under this section.
- 365 (6) (a) Nothing contained under this section shall prevent
  366 any municipality from enacting criminal penalties for failure to
  367 maintain property so as not to constitute a menace to public
  368 health, safety and welfare.

357

358

359

360

361

362

363

369	(b) Nothing contained under this section shall prevent
370	any municipality from awarding, when it deems appropriate, the
371	full or partial waiver of assessments against properties or
372	individuals, as authorized under Sections 1 through 5 of this act,
373	as long as the requirements and conditions set out under Sections
374	3 through 5 of this act are satisfied.
375	(7) (a) If private property or a parcel of land located
376	within a municipality is a perpetual care cemetery subject to
377	Section 41-43-1 et seq., the governing authority of the
378	municipality may proceed pursuant to the same provisions of this
379	section used to determine whether a property is a public health
380	menace to instead determine if the perpetual care cemetery and all
381	structures on the cemetery are not being properly maintained and
382	have become detrimental to the public health and welfare. A

municipality may proceed pursuant to the same provisions of this section used to determine whether a property is a public health menace to instead determine if the perpetual care cemetery and all structures on the cemetery are not being properly maintained and have become detrimental to the public health and welfare. A perpetual care cemetery that is "not being properly maintained and has become detrimental to the public health and welfare" means a perpetual care cemetery that shows signs of neglect, including, without limitation, the unchecked growth of vegetation, repeated and unchecked acts of vandalism, unusable entrances and exits, excess rubbish or debris, or the disintegration of grave markers or boundaries. Upon notice and opportunity to be heard as provided in subsection (1) of this section, the governing authority of the municipality may adjudicate the property or parcel of land in its then condition to be not properly maintained and detrimental to the public health and welfare, and if the owner

- 394 does not do so itself, may proceed to clean the property or parcel 395 of land as provided in subsection (1) of this section. 396 cleaning the property or parcel of land of a perpetual care 397 cemetery pursuant to this subsection (7), the penalty or penalties 398 provided in subsection (1) of this section shall not be assessed 399 against owners of the perpetual care cemeteries.
- 400 The governing authority of a municipality that (b) 401 cleans the property or parcel of land of a perpetual care cemetery 402 pursuant to this subsection (7) may make application to the Secretary of State for an order directing the trustee of the 403 404 perpetual care cemetery trust fund to release accrued interest or 405 principal of the trust fund sufficient to reimburse the 406 municipality for only the actual cleanup costs incurred by the 407 municipality. The application to the Secretary of State shall 408 include a statement by the municipality that all of the 409 requirements of this section have been met.
- 410 If the Secretary of State is satisfied that the notice and hearing requirements of this section have been met, and 411 412 that the application for an order directing the trustee to release 413 accrued interest of the perpetual care cemetery trust fund does 414 not threaten the ability of the trust fund to provide for the care and maintenance of the cemetery, the Secretary of State may order 415 the trustee to release accrued interest of the trust fund 416 sufficient to reimburse the municipality for the actual costs of 417 418 cleanup performed by the municipality.

119	(d) If the Secretary of State is satisfied that the
120	notice and hearing requirements of this section have been met, but
121	makes a determination that the accrued interest of the perpetual
122	care cemetery trust fund is insufficient to reimburse the
123	municipality for the actual costs of cleanup performed by the
124	municipality, or that an order to release accrued interest would
125	threaten the ability of the trust fund to provide for the care and
126	maintenance of the cemetery, the Secretary of State may consider
127	an order directing the trustee to reimburse the municipality from
128	the principal of the trust fund. If the Secretary of State
129	determines that an order to the trustee to release principal from
130	the trust fund will not threaten the solvency of the trust fund,
131	the Secretary of State may order the trustee to release principal
132	of the trust fund in an amount sufficient to reimburse the
133	municipality for the actual costs of cleanup performed by the
134	municipality.

- The Secretary of State may not order the 435 (i) 436 trustee to release an amount of more than fifteen percent (15%) of 437 principal of the trust fund to reimburse the municipality for the actual costs of cleanup performed by the municipality. 438
- 439 (ii) The provisions of this section may be 440 utilized no more than once in a four-year period.
- SECTION 7. This act shall take effect and be in force from 441 442 and after July 1, 2023.

