By: Representatives Smith, Hopkins, To: Constitution Williamson

HOUSE BILL NO. 265

AN ACT ENTITLED THE "SECOND AMENDMENT PRESERVATION ACT"; TO

PROVIDE THAT THE MISSISSIPPI LEGISLATURE PREEMPTS THE LAW OF FIREARMS, COMPONENTS, AMMUNITION AND FIREARM SUPPLIES TO THE COMPLETE EXCLUSION OF ANY ORDER, ORDINANCE OR REGULATION BY ANY 5 POLITICAL SUBDIVISION OR MUNICIPALITY OF THIS STATE; TO BRING 6 FORWARD SECTIONS 45-9-51, 45-9-53 AND 45-9-101, MISSISSIPPI CODE 7 OF 1972, WHICH PROVIDE CONDITIONS ON CARRYING CONCEALED WEAPONS AND TO BRING FORWARD SECTIONS 97-37-7 AND 97-37-9, MISSISSIPPI 8 9 CODE OF 1972, WHICH PROVIDE CONDITIONS ON CARRYING DEADLY WEAPONS 10 AND PENALTIES; TO PROVIDE THAT THE COMPREHENSIVE FIREARMS CODE OF 11 THE STATE OF MISSISSIPPI IS INTERPOSED IN PLACE OF ANY FEDERAL LAW CONFISCATING FIREARMS OF LAW-ABIDING CITIZENS; AND FOR RELATED 12 13 PURPOSES. 14 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MISSISSIPPI: 15 SECTION 1. This section shall be known and may be cited as the "Second Amendment Preservation Act." 16 17 SECTION 2. (1) The Mississippi Legislature hereby occupies and preempts the entire field of legislation touching in any way 18 19 firearms, components, ammunition and supplies to the complete exclusion of any order, ordinance or regulation by any political 20 subdivision of this state. Any existing or future orders, 21

ordinances or regulations in this field are hereby and shall be

- 23 null and void except as provided in subsection (3) of this
- 24 section.
- 25 (2) No county, city, town, village, municipality, or other
- 26 political subdivision of this state shall adopt any order,
- 27 ordinance or regulation concerning in any way the sale, purchase,
- 28 purchase delay, transfer, ownership, use, keeping, possession,
- 29 bearing, transportation, licensing, permit, registration, taxation
- 30 other than sales and compensating use taxes or other controls on
- 31 firearms, components, ammunition, and supplies except as provided
- 32 in subsection (3) of this section.
- 33 (3) Except as provided in this subsection, nothing contained
- 34 in this section shall prohibit any ordinance of any political
- 35 subdivision which conforms exactly with any of the provisions of
- 36 Sections 45-9-51, 45-9-53, 45-9-101, 97-37-7 and 97-37-9,
- 37 Mississippi Code of 1972, with appropriate penalty provisions, or
- 38 which regulates the open carrying of firearms readily capable of
- 39 lethal use or the discharge of firearms within a jurisdiction.
- 40 (4) The lawful design, marketing, manufacture, distribution,
- 41 or sale of firearms or ammunition to the public is not an
- 42 abnormally dangerous activity and does not constitute a public or
- 43 private nuisance.
- 44 (5) No county, city, town, village or any other political
- 45 subdivision nor the state shall bring suit or have any right to
- 46 recover against any firearms or ammunition manufacturer, trade
- 47 association or dealer for damages, abatement or injunctive relief

- 48 resulting from or relating to the lawful design, manufacture,
- 49 marketing, distribution, or sale of firearms or ammunition to the
- 50 public. Provided, however, that nothing in this section shall
- 51 restrict the rights of individual citizens to recover for injury
- 52 or death caused by the negligent or defective design or
- 53 manufacture of firearms or ammunition.
- 54 (6) Nothing in this section shall prevent the state, a
- 55 county, city, town, village or any other political subdivision
- 56 from bringing an action against a firearms or ammunition
- 57 manufacturer or dealer for breach of contract or warranty as to
- 58 firearms or ammunition purchased by the state or such political
- 59 subdivision.
- SECTION 3. Section 45-9-51, Mississippi Code of 1972, is
- 61 brought forward as follows:
- 45-9-51. (1) Subject to the provisions of Section 45-9-53,
- 63 no county or municipality may adopt any ordinance that restricts
- 64 the possession, carrying, transportation, sale, transfer or
- 65 ownership of firearms or ammunition or their components.
- 66 (2) No public housing authority operating in this state may
- 67 adopt any rule or regulation restricting a lessee or tenant of a
- 68 dwelling owned and operated by such public housing authority from
- 69 lawfully possessing firearms or ammunition or their components
- 70 within individual dwelling units or the transportation of such
- 71 firearms or ammunition or their components to and from such
- 72 dwelling.

- 73 **SECTION 4.** Section 45-9-53, Mississippi Code of 1972, is
- 74 brought forward as follows:
- 75 45-9-53. (1) This section and Section 45-9-51 do not affect
- 76 the authority that a county or municipality may have under another
- 77 law:
- 78 (a) To require citizens or public employees to be armed
- 79 for personal or national defense, law enforcement, or another
- 80 lawful purpose;
- 81 (b) To regulate the discharge of firearms within the
- 82 limits of the county or municipality. A county or municipality
- 83 may not apply a regulation relating to the discharge of firearms
- 84 or other weapons in the extraterritorial jurisdiction of the
- 85 county or municipality or in an area annexed by the county or
- 86 municipality after September 1, 1981, if the firearm or other
- 87 weapon is:
- 88 (i) A shotgun, air rifle or air pistol, BB gun or
- 89 bow and arrow discharged:
- 90 1. On a tract of land of ten (10) acres or
- 91 more and more than one hundred fifty (150) feet from a residence
- 92 or occupied building located on another property; and
- 93 2. In a manner not reasonably expected to
- 94 cause a projectile to cross the boundary of the tract; or
- 95 (ii) A centerfire or rimfire rifle or pistol or a
- 96 muzzle-loading rifle or pistol of any caliber discharged:

97	1. On a tract of land of fifty (50) acres or
98	more and more than three hundred (300) feet from a residence or
99	occupied building located on another property; and
00	2. In a manner not reasonably expected to

- 1 101 cause a projectile to cross the boundary of the tract;
- To regulate the use of property or location of 103 businesses for uses therein pursuant to fire code, zoning 104 ordinances, or land-use regulations, so long as such codes, 105 ordinances and regulations are not used to circumvent the intent 106 of Section 45-9-51 or paragraph (e) of this subsection;
- 107 To regulate the use of firearms in cases of (d) insurrection, riots and natural disasters in which the city finds 108 109 such regulation necessary to protect the health and safety of the public. However, the provisions of this section shall not apply 110 to the lawful possession of firearms, ammunition or components of 111 112 firearms or ammunition;
- 113 To regulate the storage or transportation of (e) explosives in order to protect the health and safety of the 114 115 public, with the exception of black powder which is exempt up to 116 twenty-five (25) pounds per private residence and fifty (50) 117 pounds per retail dealer;
- 118 To regulate the carrying of a firearm at: public park or at a public meeting of a county, municipality or 119 120 other governmental body; (ii) a political rally, parade or

121	official	political	meeting;	or (iii) a	nonfirearm-related	school,
122	college	or profess:	ional ath	letic	event	; or	

- To regulate the receipt of firearms by pawnshops. 123 (a)
- The exception provided by subsection (1)(f) of this 124 (2)125 section does not apply if the firearm was in or carried to and 126 from an area designated for use in a lawful hunting, fishing or 127 other sporting event and the firearm is of the type commonly used
- 129 This section and Section 45-9-51 do not authorize a (3) 130 county or municipality or their officers or employees to act in contravention of Section 33-7-303. 131
- 132 No county or a municipality may use the written notice 133 provisions of Section 45-9-101(13) to prohibit concealed firearms on property under their control except: 134
- 135 At a location listed in Section 45-9-101(13) indicating that a license issued under Section 45-9-101 does not 136 137 authorize the holder to carry a firearm into that location, as long as the sign also indicates that carrying a firearm is 138 139 unauthorized only for license holders without a training endorsement or that it is a location included in Section 140 141 97-37-7(2) where carrying a firearm is unauthorized for all 142 license holders; and
- 143 At any location under the control of the county or municipality aside from a location listed in subsection (1)(f) of 144 this section or Section 45-9-101(13) indicating that the 145

in the activity.

- 146 possession of a firearm is prohibited on the premises, as long as
- 147 the sign also indicates that it does not apply to a person
- 148 properly licensed under Section 45-9-101 or Section 97-37-7(2) to
- 149 carry a concealed firearm or to a person lawfully carrying a
- 150 firearm that is not concealed.
- 151 (5) (a) A citizen of this state, or a person licensed to
- 152 carry a concealed pistol or revolver under Section 45-9-101, or a
- 153 person licensed to carry a concealed pistol or revolver with the
- endorsement under Section 97-37-7, who is adversely affected by an
- 155 ordinance or posted written notice adopted by a county or
- 156 municipality in violation of this section may file suit for
- 157 declarative and injunctive relief against a county or municipality
- 158 in the circuit court which shall have jurisdiction over the county
- 159 or municipality where the violation of this section occurs.
- 160 (b) Before instituting suit under this subsection, the
- 161 party adversely impacted by the ordinance or posted written notice
- 162 shall notify the Attorney General in writing of the violation and
- 163 include evidence of the violation. The Attorney General shall,
- 164 within thirty (30) days, investigate whether the county or
- 165 municipality adopted an ordinance or posted written notice in
- 166 violation of this section and provide the chief administrative
- 167 officer of the county or municipality notice of his findings,
- 168 including, if applicable, a description of the violation and
- 169 specific language of the ordinance or posted written notice found
- 170 to be in violation. The county or municipality shall have thirty

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- 172 the county or municipality fails to cure the violation within that
- 173 thirty-day time period, a suit under paragraph (a) of this
- 174 subsection may proceed. The findings of the Attorney General
- 175 shall constitute a "Public Record" as defined by the Mississippi
- 176 Public Records Act of 1983, Section 25-61-1 et seq.
- 177 (c) If the circuit court finds that a county or
- 178 municipality adopted an ordinance or posted written notice in
- 179 violation of this section and failed to cure that violation in
- 180 accordance with paragraph (b) of this subsection, the circuit
- 181 court shall issue a permanent injunction against a county or
- 182 municipality prohibiting it from enforcing the ordinance or posted
- 183 written notice. Any elected county or municipal official under
- 184 whose jurisdiction the violation occurred may be civilly liable in
- a sum not to exceed One Thousand Dollars (\$1,000.00), plus all
- 186 reasonable attorney's fees and costs incurred by the party
- 187 bringing the suit. Public funds may not be used to defend or
- 188 reimburse officials who are found by the court to have violated
- 189 this section.
- 190 (d) It shall be an affirmative defense to any claim
- 191 brought against an elected county or municipal official under this
- 192 subsection (5) that the elected official:
- 193 (i) Did not vote in the affirmative for the
- 194 adopted ordinance or posted written notice deemed by the court to
- 195 be in violation of this section;

196		(ii)	Did	attemp	t to	take	recorded	action	to cu	ıre
197	the violation	as not	iced	by the	Att	orney	General	in para	graph	(b)
198	of this subsec	ction;	or							

- 199 (iii) Did attempt to take recorded action to 200 rescind the ordinance or remove the posted written notice deemed 201 by the court to be in violation of this section.
- 202 (6) No county or municipality or their officers or employees 203 may participate in any program in which individuals are given a 204 thing of value provided by another individual or other entity in 205 exchange for surrendering a firearm to the county, municipality or 206 other governmental body unless:
- 207 The county or municipality has adopted an ordinance 208 authorizing the participation of the county or municipality, or 209 participation by an officer or employee of the county or 210 municipality in such a program; and
- (b) Any ordinance enacted pursuant to this section must 212 require that any firearm received shall be offered for sale at auction as provided by Sections 19-3-85 and 21-39-21 to federally 213 214 licensed firearms dealers, with the proceeds from such sale at 215 auction reverting to the general operating fund of the county, 216 municipality or other governmental body. Any firearm remaining in 217 possession of the county, municipality or other governmental body after attempts to sell at auction may be disposed of in a manner 218 219 that the body deems appropriate.

- 220 **SECTION 5.** Section 45-9-101, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 221 brought forward as follows:
- 45-9-101. (1) (a) Except as otherwise provided, the
- 223 Department of Public Safety is authorized to issue licenses to
- 224 carry stun guns, concealed pistols or revolvers to persons
- 225 qualified as provided in this section. Such licenses shall be
- 226 valid throughout the state for a period of five (5) years from the
- 227 date of issuance, except as provided in subsection (25) of this
- 228 section. Any person possessing a valid license issued pursuant to
- 229 this section may carry a stun gun, concealed pistol or concealed
- 230 revolver.
- 231 (b) The licensee must carry the license, together with
- 232 valid identification, at all times in which the licensee is
- 233 carrying a stun gun, concealed pistol or revolver and must display
- 234 both the license and proper identification upon demand by a law
- 235 enforcement officer. A violation of the provisions of this
- 236 paragraph (b) shall constitute a noncriminal violation with a
- 237 penalty of Twenty-five Dollars (\$25.00) and shall be enforceable
- 238 by summons.
- 239 (2) The Department of Public Safety shall issue a license if
- 240 the applicant:
- 241 (a) Is a resident of the state. However, this
- 242 residency requirement may be waived if the applicant possesses a
- 243 valid permit from another state, is a member of any active or
- 244 reserve component branch of the United States of America Armed

246	active or reserve component branch of the United States of America
247	Armed Forces stationed in Mississippi, or is a retired law
248	enforcement officer establishing residency in the state;
249	(b) (i) Is twenty-one (21) years of age or older; or
250	(ii) Is at least eighteen (18) years of age but
251	not yet twenty-one (21) years of age and the applicant:
252	1. Is a member or veteran of the United
253	States Armed Forces, including National Guard or Reserve; and
254	2. Holds a valid Mississippi driver's license
255	or identification card issued by the Department of Public Safety
256	or a valid and current tribal identification card issued by a
257	federally recognized Indian tribe containing a photograph of the
258	holder;
259	(c) Does not suffer from a physical infirmity which
260	prevents the safe handling of a stun gun, pistol or revolver;
261	(d) Is not ineligible to possess a firearm by virtue of

Forces stationed in Mississippi, is the spouse of a member of any

265 (e) Does not chronically or habitually abuse controlled 266 substances to the extent that his normal faculties are impaired. 267 It shall be presumed that an applicant chronically and habitually 268 uses controlled substances to the extent that his faculties are 269 impaired if the applicant has been voluntarily or involuntarily

having been convicted of a felony in a court of this state, of any

other state, or of the United States without having been pardoned

or without having been expunded for same;

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- 271 substance or been found guilty of a crime under the provisions of
- 272 the Uniform Controlled Substances Law or similar laws of any other
- 273 state or the United States relating to controlled substances
- 274 within a three-year period immediately preceding the date on which
- 275 the application is submitted;
- 276 Does not chronically and habitually use alcoholic
- 277 beverages to the extent that his normal faculties are impaired.
- 278 It shall be presumed that an applicant chronically and habitually
- uses alcoholic beverages to the extent that his normal faculties 279
- 280 are impaired if the applicant has been voluntarily or
- 281 involuntarily committed as an alcoholic to a treatment facility or
- 282 has been convicted of two (2) or more offenses related to the use
- 283 of alcohol under the laws of this state or similar laws of any
- 284 other state or the United States within the three-year period
- 285 immediately preceding the date on which the application is
- 286 submitted;
- 287 Desires a legal means to carry a stun gun,
- 288 concealed pistol or revolver to defend himself;
- 289 Has not been adjudicated mentally incompetent, or (h)
- 290 has waited five (5) years from the date of his restoration to
- 291 capacity by court order;

PAGE 12 (GT\KW)

- 292 Has not been voluntarily or involuntarily committed
- 293 to a mental institution or mental health treatment facility unless
- he possesses a certificate from a psychiatrist licensed in this 294

- state that he has not suffered from disability for a period of five (5) years;
- (j) Has not had adjudication of guilt withheld or
 imposition of sentence suspended on any felony unless three (3)
 years have elapsed since probation or any other conditions set by
 the court have been fulfilled;
- 301 (k) Is not a fugitive from justice; and
- 302 (1) Is not disqualified to possess a weapon based on 303 federal law.
 - The Department of Public Safety may deny a license if (3) the applicant has been found quilty of one or more crimes of violence constituting a misdemeanor unless three (3) years have elapsed since probation or any other conditions set by the court have been fulfilled or expunction has occurred prior to the date on which the application is submitted, or may revoke a license if the licensee has been found guilty of one or more crimes of violence within the preceding three (3) years. The department shall, upon notification by a law enforcement agency or a court and subsequent written verification, suspend a license or the processing of an application for a license if the licensee or applicant is arrested or formally charged with a crime which would disqualify such person from having a license under this section, until final disposition of the case. The provisions of subsection (7) of this section shall apply to any suspension or revocation of a license pursuant to the provisions of this section.

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320 (4) The application	shall be	completed,	under	oath,	on	а
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- 321 form promulgated by the Department of Public Safety and shall
- 322 include only:
- 323 (a) The name, address, place and date of birth, race,
- 324 sex and occupation of the applicant;
- 325 (b) The driver's license number or social security
- 326 number of applicant;
- 327 (c) Any previous address of the applicant for the two
- 328 (2) years preceding the date of the application;
- 329 (d) A statement that the applicant is in compliance
- 330 with criteria contained within subsections (2) and (3) of this
- 331 section;
- 332 (e) A statement that the applicant has been furnished a
- 333 copy of this section and is knowledgeable of its provisions;
- 334 (f) A conspicuous warning that the application is
- 335 executed under oath and that a knowingly false answer to any
- 336 question, or the knowing submission of any false document by the
- 337 applicant, subjects the applicant to criminal prosecution; and
- 338 (g) A statement that the applicant desires a legal
- 339 means to carry a stun gun, concealed pistol or revolver to defend
- 340 himself.
- 341 (5) The applicant shall submit only the following to the
- 342 Department of Public Safety:
- 343 (a) A completed application as described in subsection
- 344 (4) of this section;

345	(b) A full-face photograph of the applicant taken
346	within the preceding thirty (30) days in which the head, including
347	hair, in a size as determined by the Department of Public Safety,
348	except that an applicant who is younger than twenty-one (21) years
349	of age must submit a photograph in profile of the applicant;
350	(c) A nonrefundable license fee of Eighty Dollars
351	(\$80.00). Costs for processing the set of fingerprints as
352	required in paragraph (d) of this subsection shall be borne by the
353	applicant. Honorably retired law enforcement officers, disabled
354	veterans and active duty members of the Armed Forces of the United
355	States, and law enforcement officers employed with a law
356	enforcement agency of a municipality, county or state at the time
357	of application for the license, shall be exempt from the payment
358	of the license fee;

- 359 (d) A full set of fingerprints of the applicant 360 administered by the Department of Public Safety; and
- (e) A waiver authorizing the Department of Public Safety access to any records concerning commitments of the applicant to any of the treatment facilities or institutions referred to in subsection (2) of this section and permitting access to all the applicant's criminal records.
- 366 (6) (a) The Department of Public Safety, upon receipt of
 367 the items listed in subsection (5) of this section, shall forward
 368 the full set of fingerprints of the applicant to the appropriate
 369 agencies for state and federal processing.

370	(b) The Department of Public Safety shall forward a
371	copy of the applicant's application to the sheriff of the
372	applicant's county of residence and, if applicable, the police
373	chief of the applicant's municipality of residence. The sheriff
374	of the applicant's county of residence, and, if applicable, the
375	police chief of the applicant's municipality of residence may, at
376	his discretion, participate in the process by submitting a
377	voluntary report to the Department of Public Safety containing any
378	readily discoverable prior information that he feels may be
379	pertinent to the licensing of any applicant. The reporting shall
380	be made within thirty (30) days after the date he receives the
381	copy of the application. Upon receipt of a response from a
382	sheriff or police chief, such sheriff or police chief shall be
383	reimbursed at a rate set by the department.

- 384 The Department of Public Safety shall, within 385 forty-five (45) days after the date of receipt of the items listed in subsection (5) of this section: 386
- 387 (i) Issue the license;
- 388 (ii) Deny the application based solely on the 389 ground that the applicant fails to qualify under the criteria 390 listed in subsections (2) and (3) of this section. If the 391 Department of Public Safety denies the application, it shall 392 notify the applicant in writing, stating the ground for denial, 393 and the denial shall be subject to the appeal process set forth in 394 subsection (7); or

395	(iii) Notify the applicant that the department is
396	unable to make a determination regarding the issuance or denial of
397	a license within the forty-five-day period prescribed by this
398	subsection, and provide an estimate of the amount of time the
399	department will need to make the determination.

- (d) In the event a legible set of fingerprints, as determined by the Department of Public Safety and the Federal Bureau of Investigation, cannot be obtained after a minimum of two (2) attempts, the Department of Public Safety shall determine eligibility based upon a name check by the Mississippi Highway Safety Patrol and a Federal Bureau of Investigation name check conducted by the Mississippi Highway Safety Patrol at the request of the Department of Public Safety.
- issuance of a license, or suspends or revokes a license, the party aggrieved may appeal such denial, suspension or revocation to the Commissioner of Public Safety, or his authorized agent, within thirty (30) days after the aggrieved party receives written notice of such denial, suspension or revocation. The Commissioner of Public Safety, or his duly authorized agent, shall rule upon such appeal within thirty (30) days after the appeal is filed and failure to rule within this thirty-day period shall constitute sustaining such denial, suspension or revocation. Such review shall be conducted pursuant to such reasonable rules and regulations as the Commissioner of Public Safety may adopt.

420	(b) If the revocation, suspension or denial of issuance
421	is sustained by the Commissioner of Public Safety, or his duly
422	authorized agent pursuant to paragraph (a) of this subsection, the
423	aggrieved party may file within ten (10) days after the rendition
424	of such decision a petition in the circuit or county court of his
425	residence for review of such decision. A hearing for review shall
426	be held and shall proceed before the court without a jury upon the
427	record made at the hearing before the Commissioner of Public
428	Safety or his duly authorized agent. No such party shall be
429	allowed to carry a stun gun, concealed pistol or revolver pursuant
430	to the provisions of this section while any such appeal is
431	pending.

- The Department of Public Safety shall maintain an automated listing of license holders and such information shall be available online, upon request, at all times, to all law enforcement agencies through the Mississippi Crime Information Center. However, the records of the department relating to applications for licenses to carry stun guns, concealed pistols or revolvers and records relating to license holders shall be exempt from the provisions of the Mississippi Public Records Act of 1983, and shall be released only upon order of a court having proper jurisdiction over a petition for release of the record or records.
- Within thirty (30) days after the changing of a permanent address, or within thirty (30) days after having a license lost or destroyed, the licensee shall notify the

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- 445 Department of Public Safety in writing of such change or loss.
- 446 Failure to notify the Department of Public Safety pursuant to the
- 447 provisions of this subsection shall constitute a noncriminal
- 448 violation with a penalty of Twenty-five Dollars (\$25.00) and shall
- 449 be enforceable by a summons.
- 450 (10) In the event that a stun gun, concealed pistol or
- 451 revolver license is lost or destroyed, the person to whom the
- 452 license was issued shall comply with the provisions of subsection
- 453 (9) of this section and may obtain a duplicate, or substitute
- 454 thereof, upon payment of Fifteen Dollars (\$15.00) to the
- 455 Department of Public Safety, and furnishing a notarized statement
- 456 to the department that such license has been lost or destroyed.
- 457 (11) A license issued under this section shall be revoked if
- 458 the licensee becomes ineligible under the criteria set forth in
- 459 subsection (2) of this section.
- 460 (12) (a) Except as provided in subsection (25) of this
- 461 section, no less than ninety (90) days prior to the expiration
- date of the license, the Department of Public Safety shall mail to
- 463 each licensee a written notice of the expiration and a renewal
- 464 form prescribed by the department. The licensee must renew his
- 465 license on or before the expiration date by filing with the
- 466 department the renewal form, a notarized affidavit stating that
- 467 the licensee remains qualified pursuant to the criteria specified
- 468 in subsections (2) and (3) of this section, and a full set of
- 469 fingerprints administered by the Department of Public Safety or

- 470 the sheriff of the county of residence of the licensee. The first
- 471 renewal may be processed by mail and the subsequent renewal must
- 472 be made in person. Thereafter every other renewal may be
- 473 processed by mail to assure that the applicant must appear in
- 474 person every ten (10) years for the purpose of obtaining a new
- 475 photograph.
- 476 Except as provided in this subsection, a (i)
- renewal fee of Forty Dollars (\$40.00) shall also be submitted 477
- 478 along with costs for processing the fingerprints;
- 479 (ii) Honorably retired law enforcement officers,
- 480 disabled veterans, active duty members of the Armed Forces of the
- 481 United States and law enforcement officers employed with a law
- 482 enforcement agency of a municipality, county or state at the time
- 483 of renewal, shall be exempt from the renewal fee; and
- 484 The renewal fee for a Mississippi resident (iii)
- 485 aged sixty-five (65) years of age or older shall be Twenty Dollars
- 486 (\$20.00).
- 487 The Department of Public Safety shall forward the (b)
- 488 full set of fingerprints of the applicant to the appropriate
- 489 agencies for state and federal processing. The license shall be
- renewed upon receipt of the completed renewal application and 490
- 491 appropriate payment of fees.
- 492 (c) A licensee who fails to file a renewal application
- 493 on or before its expiration date must renew his license by paying
- a late fee of Fifteen Dollars (\$15.00). No license shall be 494

H. B. No. 265

renewed six (6) months or more after its expiration date, and such license shall be deemed to be permanently expired. A person whose license has been permanently expired may reapply for licensure; however, an application for licensure and fees pursuant to subsection (5) of this section must be submitted, and a background investigation shall be conducted pursuant to the provisions of this section.

(13)No license issued pursuant to this section shall authorize any person, except a law enforcement officer as defined in Section 45-6-3 with a distinct license authorized by the Department of Public Safety, to carry a stun gun, concealed pistol or revolver into any place of nuisance as defined in Section 95-3-1, Mississippi Code of 1972; any police, sheriff or highway patrol station; any detention facility, prison or jail; any courthouse; any courtroom, except that nothing in this section shall preclude a judge from carrying a concealed weapon or determining who will carry a concealed weapon in his courtroom; any polling place; any meeting place of the governing body of any governmental entity; any meeting of the Legislature or a committee thereof; any school, college or professional athletic event not related to firearms; any portion of an establishment, licensed to dispense alcoholic beverages for consumption on the premises, that is primarily devoted to dispensing alcoholic beverages; any portion of an establishment in which beer, light spirit product or light wine is consumed on the premises, that is primarily devoted

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520 to such purpose; any elementary or secondary school facility; any 521 junior college, community college, college or university facility 522 unless for the purpose of participating in any authorized 523 firearms-related activity; inside the passenger terminal of any 524 airport, except that no person shall be prohibited from carrying 525 any legal firearm into the terminal if the firearm is encased for 526 shipment, for purposes of checking such firearm as baggage to be 527 lawfully transported on any aircraft; any church or other place of 528 worship, except as provided in Section 45-9-171; or any place where the carrying of firearms is prohibited by federal law. 529 530 addition to the places enumerated in this subsection, the carrying 531 of a stun gun, concealed pistol or revolver may be disallowed in 532 any place in the discretion of the person or entity exercising 533 control over the physical location of such place by the placing of a written notice clearly readable at a distance of not less than 534 535 ten (10) feet that the "carrying of a pistol or revolver is 536 prohibited." No license issued pursuant to this section shall authorize the participants in a parade or demonstration for which 537 538 a permit is required to carry a stun gun, concealed pistol or 539 revolver.

(14) A law enforcement officer as defined in Section 45-6-3, chiefs of police, sheriffs and persons licensed as professional bondsmen pursuant to Chapter 39, Title 83, Mississippi Code of 1972, shall be exempt from the licensing requirements of this section.

545	(a) The Commissioner of Public Safety shall promulgate
546	rules and regulations to provide licenses to law enforcement
547	officers as defined in Section 45-6-3 who choose to obtain a
548	license under the provisions of this section, which shall include
549	a distinction that the officer is an "active duty" law enforcement
550	officer and an endorsement that such officer is authorized to
551	carry in the locations listed in subsection (13). A law
552	enforcement officer shall provide the following information to
553	receive the license described in this subsection: (i) a letter,
554	with the official letterhead of the agency or department for which
555	the officer is employed at the time of application and (ii) a
556	letter with the official letterhead of the agency or department,
557	which explains that such officer has completed a certified law
558	enforcement training academy.

- 559 The licensing requirements of this section do not apply to the carrying by any person of a stun gun, pistol or 560 561 revolver, knife, or other deadly weapon that is not concealed as 562 defined in Section 97-37-1.
- 563 Any person who knowingly submits a false answer to any question on an application for a license issued pursuant to this 564 565 section, or who knowingly submits a false document when applying 566 for a license issued pursuant to this section, shall, upon 567 conviction, be guilty of a misdemeanor and shall be punished as 568 provided in Section 99-19-31, Mississippi Code of 1972.

569	(16) All fees collected by the Department of Public Safety
570	pursuant to this section shall be deposited into a special fund
571	hereby created in the State Treasury and shall be used for
572	implementation and administration of this section. After the
573	close of each fiscal year, the balance in this fund shall be
574	certified to the Legislature and then may be used by the
575	Department of Public Safety as directed by the Legislature.

- (17) All funds received by a sheriff or police chief pursuant to the provisions of this section shall be deposited into the general fund of the county or municipality, as appropriate, and shall be budgeted to the sheriff's office or police department as appropriate.
- 581 (18) Nothing in this section shall be construed to require 582 or allow the registration, documentation or providing of serial 583 numbers with regard to any stun gun or firearm.
- 584 (19) Any person holding a valid unrevoked and unexpired 585 license to carry stun guns, concealed pistols or revolvers issued 586 in another state shall have such license recognized by this state 587 to carry stun guns, concealed pistols or revolvers. The 588 Department of Public Safety is authorized to enter into a reciprocal agreement with another state if that state requires a 589 590 written agreement in order to recognize licenses to carry stun 591 guns, concealed pistols or revolvers issued by this state.
- 592 (20) The provisions of this section shall be under the 593 supervision of the Commissioner of Public Safety. The

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commissioner is authorized to promulgate reasonable rules and regulations to carry out the provisions of this section.

- 596 (21) For the purposes of this section, the term "stun gun"
 597 means a portable device or weapon from which an electric current,
 598 impulse, wave or beam may be directed, which current, impulse,
 599 wave or beam is designed to incapacitate temporarily, injure,
 600 momentarily stun, knock out, cause mental disorientation or
 601 paralyze.
- 602 (a) From and after January 1, 2016, the Commissioner (22)of Public Safety shall promulgate rules and regulations which 603 604 provide that licenses authorized by this section for honorably 605 retired law enforcement officers and honorably retired 606 correctional officers from the Mississippi Department of 607 Corrections shall (i) include the words "retired law enforcement 608 officer" on the front of the license, and (ii) unless the licensee chooses to have this license combined with a driver's license or 609 610 identification card under subsection (25) of this section, that the license itself have a red background to distinguish it from 611 612 other licenses issued under this section.
- (b) An honorably retired law enforcement officer and
 honorably retired correctional officer shall provide the following
 information to receive the license described in this section: (i)
 a letter, with the official letterhead of the agency or department
 from which such officer is retiring, which explains that such
 officer is honorably retired, and (ii) a letter with the official

619	letterhead of the agency or department, which explains that such
620	officer has completed a certified law enforcement training
621	academy.

- 622 (23) A disabled veteran who seeks to qualify for an 623 exemption under this section shall be required to provide a 624 veterans health services identification card issued by the United 625 States Department of Veterans Affairs indicating a 626 service-connected disability, which shall be sufficient proof of 627 such service-connected disability.
 - (24)A license under this section is not required for a loaded or unloaded pistol or revolver to be carried upon the person in a sheath, belt holster or shoulder holster or in a purse, handbag, satchel, other similar bag or briefcase or fully enclosed case if the person is not engaged in criminal activity other than a misdemeanor traffic offense, is not otherwise prohibited from possessing a pistol or revolver under state or federal law, and is not in a location prohibited under subsection (13) of this section. However, the medical use of medical cannabis by a cardholder who is a registered qualifying patient which is lawful under the provisions of the Mississippi Medical Cannabis Act and in compliance with rules and regulations adopted thereunder shall not disqualify a person under this subsection (24) solely because the person is prohibited from possessing a firearm under 18 USCS Section 922(g)(3) due to such medical use of

medical cannabis.

23/HR26/R529 PAGE 26 (GT\KW)

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644	(25) An applicant for a license under this section shall
645	have the option of, instead of being issued a separate card for
646	the license, having the license appear as a notation on the
647	individual's driver's license or identification card. If the
648	applicant chooses this option, the license issued under this
649	section shall have the same expiration date as the driver's
650	license or identification card, and renewal shall take place at
651	the same time and place as renewal of the driver's license or
652	identification card. The Commissioner of Public Safety shall have
653	the authority to promulgate rules and regulations which may be
654	necessary to ensure the effectiveness of the concurrent
655	application and renewal processes.
$C \Gamma C$	CROWTON C. Continu 07 07 7 Minning and Code of 1070 in

- **SECTION 6.** Section 97-37-7, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 657 brought forward as follows:
 - 97-37-7. (1) (a) It shall not be a violation of Section 97-37-1 or any other statute for pistols, firearms or other suitable and appropriate weapons to be carried by duly constituted bank guards, company guards, watchmen, railroad special agents or duly authorized representatives who are not sworn law enforcement officers, agents or employees of a patrol service, guard service, or a company engaged in the business of transporting money, securities or other valuables, while actually engaged in the performance of their duties as such, provided that such persons have made a written application and paid a nonrefundable permit

668	fee of One	Hundred	Dollars	(\$100.00)	to	the	Department	of	Public
669	Safety.								

670 No permit shall be issued to any person who has ever been convicted of a felony under the laws of this or any 671 672 other state or of the United States. To determine an applicant's 673 eligibility for a permit, the person shall be fingerprinted. If 674 no disqualifying record is identified at the state level, the 675 fingerprints shall be forwarded by the Department of Public Safety 676 to the Federal Bureau of Investigation for a national criminal 677 history record check. The department shall charge a fee which 678 includes the amounts required by the Federal Bureau of 679 Investigation and the department for the national and state 680 criminal history record checks and any necessary costs incurred by 681 the department for the handling and administration of the criminal 682 history background checks. In the event a legible set of 683 fingerprints, as determined by the Department of Public Safety and 684 the Federal Bureau of Investigation, cannot be obtained after a 685 minimum of three (3) attempts, the Department of Public Safety 686 shall determine eligibility based upon a name check by the 687 Mississippi Highway Safety Patrol and a Federal Bureau of 688 Investigation name check conducted by the Mississippi Highway 689 Safety Patrol at the request of the Department of Public Safety. 690 A person may obtain a duplicate of a lost or 691 destroyed permit upon payment of a Fifteen Dollar (\$15.00)

- furnishes a notarized statement to the department that the permit has been lost or destroyed.
- 695 (i) No less than ninety (90) days prior to the (d) 696 expiration date of a permit, the Department of Public Safety shall 697 mail to the permit holder written notice of expiration together 698 with the renewal form prescribed by the department. The permit 699 holder shall renew the permit on or before the expiration date by 700 filing with the department the renewal form, a notarized affidavit 701 stating that the permit holder remains qualified, and the renewal 702 fee of Fifty Dollars (\$50.00); honorably retired law enforcement 703 officers shall be exempt from payment of the renewal fee. A 704 permit holder who fails to file a renewal application on or before
- 707 (ii) Renewal of the permit shall be required every 708 four (4) years. The permit of a qualified renewal applicant shall 709 be renewed upon receipt of the completed renewal application and 710 appropriate payment of fees.

its expiration date shall pay a late fee of Fifteen Dollars

- (iii) A permit cannot be renewed six (6) months or more after its expiration date, and such permit shall be deemed to be permanently expired; the holder may reapply for an original permit as provided in this section.
- 715 (2) It shall not be a violation of this or any other statute 716 for pistols, firearms or other suitable and appropriate weapons to 717 be carried by Department of Wildlife, Fisheries and Parks law

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(\$15.00).

18	enforcement officers, railroad special agents who are sworn law
19	enforcement officers, investigators employed by the Attorney
20	General, criminal investigators employed by the district
21	attorneys, all prosecutors, public defenders, investigators or
22	probation officers employed by the Department of Corrections,
23	employees of the State Auditor who are authorized by the State
24	Auditor to perform investigative functions, or any deputy fire
25	marshal or investigator employed by the State Fire Marshal, while
26	engaged in the performance of their duties as such, or by fraud
27	investigators with the Department of Human Services, or by judges
28	of the Mississippi Supreme Court, Court of Appeals, circuit,
29	chancery, county, justice and municipal courts, or by coroners.
30	Before any person shall be authorized under this subsection to
31	carry a weapon, he shall complete a weapons training course
32	approved by the Board of Law Enforcement Officer Standards and
33	Training. Before any criminal investigator employed by a district
34	attorney shall be authorized under this section to carry a pistol,
35	firearm or other weapon, he shall have complied with Section
36	45-6-11 or any training program required for employment as an
37	agent of the Federal Bureau of Investigation. A law enforcement
38	officer, as defined in Section 45-6-3, shall be authorized to
39	carry weapons in courthouses in performance of his official
40	duties. A person licensed under Section 45-9-101 to carry a
41	concealed pistol, who (a) has voluntarily completed an
42	instructional course in the safe handling and use of firearms

743	offered by an instructor certified by a nationally recognized
744	organization that customarily offers firearms training, or by any
745	other organization approved by the Department of Public Safety,
746	(b) is a member or veteran of any active or reserve component
747	branch of the United States of America Armed Forces having
748	completed law enforcement or combat training with pistols or other
749	handguns as recognized by such branch after submitting an
750	affidavit attesting to have read, understand and agree to comply
751	with all provisions of the enhanced carry law, or (c) is an
752	honorably retired law enforcement officer or honorably retired
753	member or veteran of any active or reserve component branch of the
754	United States of America Armed Forces having completed law
755	enforcement or combat training with pistols or other handguns,
756	after submitting an affidavit attesting to have read, understand
757	and agree to comply with all provisions of Mississippi enhanced
758	carry law shall also be authorized to carry weapons in courthouses
759	except in courtrooms during a judicial proceeding, and any
760	location listed in subsection (13) of Section 45-9-101, except any
761	place of nuisance as defined in Section 95-3-1, any police,
762	sheriff or highway patrol station or any detention facility,
763	prison or jail. For the purposes of this subsection (2),
764	component branch of the United States Armed Forces includes the
765	Army, Navy, Air Force, Coast Guard or Marine Corps, or the Army
766	National Guard, the Army National Guard of the United States, the
767	Air National Guard or the Air National Guard of the United States,

768 as those terms are defined in Section 101, Title 10, United States

769 Code, and any other reserve component of the United States Armed

Forces enumerated in Section 10101, Title 10, United States Code. 770

771 The department shall promulgate rules and regulations allowing

772 concealed pistol permit holders to obtain an endorsement on their

773 permit indicating that they have completed the aforementioned

774 course and have the authority to carry in these locations.

775 section shall in no way interfere with the right of a trial judge

776 to restrict the carrying of firearms in the courtroom.

777 For purposes of this subsection (2), the following words

778 shall have the meanings described herein, unless the context

779 otherwise requires:

780 (i) "Courthouse" means any building in which a

781 circuit court, chancery court, youth court, municipal court,

782 justice court or any appellate court is located, or any building

783 in which a court of law is regularly held.

784 (ii) "Courtroom" means the actual room in which a

judicial proceeding occurs, including any jury room, witness room, 785

786 judge's chamber, office housing the judge's staff, or similar

787 room. "Courtroom" shall not mean hallways, courtroom entrances,

788 courthouse grounds, lobbies, corridors, or other areas within a

789 courthouse which are generally open to the public for the

790 transaction of business outside of an active judicial proceeding,

791 the grassed areas, cultivated flower beds, sidewalks, parking

792	lots,	or	other	areas	contained	within	the	boundaries	of	the	public

- 793 land upon which the courthouse is located.
- 794 (3) It shall not be a violation of this or any other statute
- 795 for pistols, firearms or other suitable and appropriate weapons,
- 796 to be carried by any out-of-state, full-time commissioned law
- 797 enforcement officer who holds a valid commission card from the
- 798 appropriate out-of-state law enforcement agency and a photo
- 799 identification. The provisions of this subsection shall only
- 800 apply if the state where the out-of-state officer is employed has
- 801 entered into a reciprocity agreement with the state that allows
- 802 full-time commissioned law enforcement officers in Mississippi to
- 803 lawfully carry or possess a weapon in such other states. The
- 804 Commissioner of Public Safety is authorized to enter into
- 805 reciprocal agreements with other states to carry out the
- 806 provisions of this subsection.
- SECTION 7. Section 97-37-9, Mississippi Code of 1972, is
- 808 brought forward as follows:
- 809 97-37-9. Any person indicted or charged for a violation of
- 810 Section 97-37-1 may show as a defense:
- 811 (a) That he was threatened, and had good and sufficient
- 812 reason to apprehend a serious attack from any enemy, and that he
- 813 did so apprehend; or
- 814 (b) That he was traveling and was not a tramp, or was
- 815 setting out on a journey and was not a tramp; or

817	the discharge of his duties; or
818	(d) That he was at the time in the discharge of his
819	duties as a mail carrier; or
820	(e) That he was at the time engaged in transporting
821	valuables for an express company or bank; or
822	(f) That he was a member of the Armed Forces of the
823	United States, National Guard, State Militia, Emergency Management
824	Corps, guard or patrolman in a state or municipal institution
825	while in the performance of his official duties; or
826	(g) That he was in lawful pursuit of a felon; or
827	(h) That he was lawfully engaged in legitimate sports;
828	(i) That at the time he was a company guard, bank
829	guard, watchman, or other person enumerated in Section 97-37-7,
830	and was then actually engaged in the performance of his duties as
831	such, and then held a valid permit from the sheriff, the
832	commissioner of public safety, or a valid permit issued by the
833	Secretary of State prior to May 1, 1974, to carry the weapon; and
834	the burden of proving either of said defenses shall be on the
835	accused; or
836	(j) That at the time he or she was a member of a church
837	or place of worship security program, and was then actually

engaged in the performance of his or her duties as such and met

(c) That he was a law enforcement or peace officer in

PAGE 34 (GT\KW)

the requirements of Section 45-9-171.

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840	SECTION 8. (1) All federal acts, laws, orders, rules and
841	regulations, whether past, present or future, which infringe on
842	the people's right to keep and bear arms as guaranteed by the
843	Second Amendment to the United States Constitution and Article I,
844	Section 12 of the Mississippi Constitution of 1890 shall be
845	invalid in this state, shall not be recognized by this state,
846	shall be specifically rejected by this state and have no effect in
847	this state.

- 848 (2) Such federal acts, laws, orders, rules, and regulations 849 which include any act ordering the confiscation of firearms, 850 firearm accessories, or ammunition from law-abiding citizens.
- 3) It shall be the duty of the courts and law enforcement agencies of this state to protect the rights of law-abiding citizens to keep and bear arms within the borders of this state and from the infringements in subsection (2) of this section.
 - (4) No public officer or employee of this state shall have any authority to enforce or attempt to enforce any of the infringements on the right to keep and bear arms included in subsection (2) of this section.
 - (5) Any official, agent, or employee of the United States government who enforces or attempts to enforce any of the infringements on the right to keep and bear arms included in subsection (2) of this section is guilty of a misdemeanor.
- 863 (6) Any Mississippi citizen who has been subject to an 864 effort to enforce any of the infringements on the right to keep

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and bear arms included in subsection (2) of this section shall
have a private cause of action for declaratory judgment and for
damages against any person or entity attempting such enforcement.
SECTION 9. This act shall take effect and be in force from
and after July 1, 2023.

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