Adopted COMMITTEE AMENDMENT NO 1 PROPOSED TO

Senate Bill No. 2341

BY: Committee

Amend by striking all after the enacting clause and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

- 5 **SECTION 1.** Section 93-11-65, Mississippi Code of 1972, is
- 6 amended as follows:
- 7 93-11-65. (1) (a) In addition to the right to proceed
- 8 under Section 93-5-23, Mississippi Code of 1972, and in addition
- 9 to the remedy of habeas corpus in proper cases, and other existing
- 10 remedies, the chancery court of the proper county shall have
- 11 jurisdiction to entertain suits for the custody, care, support and
- 12 maintenance of minor children and to hear and determine all such
- 13 matters, and shall, if need be, require bond, sureties or other
- 14 quarantee to secure any order for periodic payments for the



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    maintenance or support of a child. * * * If a legally responsible
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    parent has health insurance available * * * through an employer or
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    organization that may extend benefits to the dependents of * * *
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    the parent, any order of support issued against * * * the parent
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    may require him or her to exercise the option of additional
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    coverage in favor of * * * any children * * * he or she is legally
    responsible to support. Proceedings may be brought by or against
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    a resident or nonresident of the State of Mississippi, whether or
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    not having the actual custody of minor children, for the purpose
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    of judicially determining the legal custody of a child.
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    actions herein authorized may be brought in the county where the
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    child is actually residing, or in the county of the residence of
    the party who has actual custody, or of the residence of the
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    defendant. Process shall be had upon the parties as provided by
    law for process in person or by publication, if they * * * are
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    nonresidents of the state or residents of another jurisdiction or
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    are not found therein after diligent search and inquiry or are
    unknown after diligent search and inquiry; provided that the court
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    or chancellor in vacation may fix a date in termtime or in
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    vacation to which process may be returnable and shall have power
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    to proceed in termtime or vacation. * * * If the court * * *
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    finds that both parties are fit and proper persons to have custody
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    of the children, and that either party is able to adequately
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    provide for the care and maintenance of the children, the
    chancellor may consider the preference of a child of twelve (12)
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- 40 years of age or older as to the parent with whom the child would
- 41 prefer to live in determining what would be in the best interest
- 42 and welfare of the child. The chancellor shall place on the
- 43 record the reason or reasons for which the award of custody was
- 44 made and explain in detail why the wishes of any child were or
- 45 were not honored.
- 46 (b) An order of child support shall specify the sum to
- 47 be paid weekly or otherwise. In addition to providing for support
- 48 and education, the order shall also provide for the support of the
- 49 child prior to the making of the order for child support, and such
- 50 other expenses as the court may deem proper.
- 51 (c) The court may require the payment to be made to the
- 52 custodial parent, or to some person or corporation to be
- 53 designated by the court as trustee, but if the child or custodial
- 54 parent is receiving public assistance, the Department of Human
- 55 Services shall be made the trustee.
- 56 (d) The noncustodial parent's liabilities for past
- 57 education and necessary support and maintenance and other expenses
- 58 are limited to a period of one (1) year next preceding the
- 59 commencement of an action.
- 60 (2) * * * Where the proof shows that both parents have
- 61 separate incomes or estates, the court may require that each
- 62 parent contribute to the support and maintenance of the children
- 63 in proportion to the relative financial ability of each.



- 64 Whenever the court has ordered a party to make periodic 65 payments for the maintenance or support of a child, but no bond, sureties or other quarantee has been required to secure * * * the 66 67 payments, and whenever such payments as have become due remain 68 unpaid for a period of at least thirty (30) days, the court may, 69 upon petition of the person to whom such payments are owing, or 70 such person's legal representative, enter an order requiring that 71 bond, sureties or other security be given by the person obligated 72 to make such payments, the amount and sufficiency of which shall 73 The obligor shall, as in other civil be approved by the court. 74 actions, be served with process and shall be entitled to a hearing 75 in such case.
- 76 When a charge of abuse or neglect of a child first 77 arises in the course of a custody or maintenance action pending in 78 the chancery court pursuant to this section, the chancery court may proceed with the investigation, hearing and determination 79 80 of * * * the abuse or neglect charge as a part of its hearing and determination of the custody or maintenance issue as between the 81 82 parents, as provided in Section 43-21-151, notwithstanding the 83 other provisions of the Youth Court Law. The proceedings in 84 chancery court on the abuse or neglect charge shall be 85 confidential in the same manner as provided in youth court proceedings, and the chancery court shall appoint a quardian ad 86 87 litem in such cases, as provided under Section 43-21-121 for youth 88 court proceedings, who shall be an attorney. In determining

- 89 whether any portion of a guardian ad litem's fee shall be assessed
- 90 against any party or parties as a cost of court for reimbursement
- 91 to the county, the court shall consider each party's individual
- 92 ability to pay. Unless the chancery court's jurisdiction has been
- 93 terminated, all disposition orders in such cases for placement
- 94 with the Department of Human Services shall be reviewed by the
- 95 court or designated authority at least annually to determine if
- 96 continued placement with the department is in the best interest of
- 97 the child or the public.
- 98 (5) Each party to a paternity or child support proceeding
- 99 shall notify the other within five (5) days after any change of
- 100 address. In addition, the noncustodial and custodial parent shall
- 101 file and update, with the court and with the state case registry,
- 102 information on that party's location and identity, including
- 103 social security number, residential and mailing addresses,
- 104 telephone numbers, photograph, driver's license number, and name,
- 105 address and telephone number of the party's employer. This
- 106 information shall be required upon entry of an order or within
- 107 five (5) days of a change of address.
- 108 (6) In any case subsequently enforced by the Department of
- 109 Human Services pursuant to Title IV-D of the Social Security Act,
- 110 the court shall have continuing jurisdiction.
- 111 (7) In any subsequent child support enforcement action
- 112 between the parties, upon sufficient showing that diligent effort
- 113 has been made to ascertain the location of a party, due process



- 114 requirements for notice and service of process shall be deemed to
- 115 be met with respect to the party upon delivery of written notice
- 116 to the most recent residential or employer address filed with the
- 117 state case registry.
- 118 (8) (a) The duty of support of a child terminates upon the
- 119 emancipation of the child. Unless otherwise provided for in the
- 120 underlying child support judgment, emancipation shall occur when
- 121 the child:
- 122 (i) Attains the age of twenty-one (21) years, or
- 123 (ii) Marries, or
- 124 (iii) Joins the military and serves on a full-time
- 125 basis, or
- 126 (iv) Is convicted of a felony and is sentenced to
- 127 incarceration of two (2) or more years for committing such
- 128 felony; * * *
- 129 (b) Unless otherwise provided for in the underlying
- 130 child support judgment, the court may determine that emancipation
- 131 has occurred and no other support obligation exists when the
- 132 child:
- 133 (i) Discontinues full-time enrollment in school
- 134 having attained the age of eighteen (18) years, unless the child
- 135 is disabled, or
- 136 (ii) Voluntarily moves from the home of the
- 137 custodial parent or guardian, establishes independent living
- 138 arrangements, obtains full-time employment and discontinues

139	educational endeavors prior to attaining the age of twenty-one
140	(21) years, or
141	(iii) Cohabits with another person without the
142	approval of the parent obligated to pay support; * * *
143	(c) The duty of support of a child who is incarcerated
144	but not emancipated shall be suspended for the period of the
145	child's incarceration.
146	(9) (a) Notwithstanding the presumption of emancipation
147	under subsection (8) of this section, support for an adult child
148	who is incapable of self-support by reason of a physical or mental
149	disability as determined by the Social Security Administration or
150	the court; if the disability existed during the adult child's
151	minority shall be presumed to continue past the child's
152	anticipated age of majority;
153	(b) Under this subsection, the court may:
154	(i) Order that the duty to support a child
155	continues past the anticipated age of majority if the minor child
156	has a disability which was present during the child's minority
157	that prevents the child from living independently unless the child
158	is a long-term patient in a facility owned or operated by the
159	State of Mississippi;
160	(ii) Order, modify or leave in place previous
161	orders regarding custody, visitation, payment of medical expenses
162	or any other matters regarding the health, maintenance, education
163	and welfare of the child with a disability; and



164	(iii) Consider the adult child's receipt of and
165	eligibility for public benefits and community services and
166	resources in determining the award of support;
167	(c) The presumption of continued support created by
168	this subsection (9) shall be rebuttable by the introduction of
169	evidence that the adult child is capable of self-support.
170	(* * $\frac{10}{10}$) A determination of emancipation does not
171	terminate any obligation of the noncustodial parent to satisfy
172	arrearage existing as of the date of emancipation; the total
173	amount of periodic support due prior to the emancipation plus any
174	periodic amounts ordered paid toward the arrearage shall continue
175	to be owed until satisfaction of the arrearage in full, in
176	addition to the right of the person for whom the obligation is
177	owed to execute for collection as may be provided by law.
178	(* * $\frac{11}{2}$) Upon motion of a party requesting temporary child
179	support pending a determination of parentage, temporary support
180	shall be ordered if there is clear and convincing evidence of
181	paternity on the basis of genetic tests or other evidence, unless
182	the court makes written findings of fact on the record that the
183	award of temporary support would be unjust or inappropriate in a
184	particular case.
185	(* * $\frac{12}{2}$) Custody and visitation upon military temporary
186	duty, deployment or mobilization shall be governed by Section
187	93-5-34.

SECTION 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Further, amend by striking the title in its entirety and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

AN ACT TO AMEND SECTION 93-11-65, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, TO PROVIDE THAT CHILD SUPPORT FOR A CHILD WITH A DISABILITY MAY CONTINUE PAST THE AGE OF MAJORITY; AND FOR RELATED PURPOSES.

