By: Senator(s) McDaniel

To: Accountability, Efficiency, Transparency

SENATE BILL NO. 2816

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	AN ACT TO AMEND SECTION 25-3-93, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, TO ALLOW LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICERS AND FIREFIGHTERS WHO HAVE TAKEN PERSONAL LEAVE DUE TO A WORK-RELATED INJURY TO BUY BACK THOSE LEAVE HOURS UNDER CERTAIN CIRCUMSTANCES; TO AMEND SECTION 25-3-95, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, TO ALLOW LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICERS AND FIREFIGHTERS WHO HAVE TAKEN MAJOR MEDICAL LEAVE DUE TO A WORK-RELATED INJURY TO BUY BACK THOSE LEAVE HOURS UNDER CERTAIN CIRCUMSTANCES; TO BRING FORWARD SECTION 25-11-117, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, FOR PURPOSES OF POSSIBLE AMENDMENT; AND FOR RELATED PURPOSES.									
11	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MISSISSIPPI:									
12	SECTION 1. Section 25-3-93, Mississippi Code of 1972, is									
13	amended as follows:									
14	25-3-93. (1) (a) $\underline{\text{(i)}}$ Except as provided in subsection									
15	(1) (b), all employees and appointed officers of the State of									
16	Mississippi, who are employees as defined in Section 25-3-91,									
17	shall be allowed credit for personal leave computed as follows:									
18	Continuous Accrual Rate Accrual Rate									
19	Service (Monthly) (Annually)									
20	1 month to 3 years 12 hours per month 18 days per year									
21	37 months to 8 years 14 hours per month 21 days per year									
22	97 months to 15 years 16 hours per month 24 days per year									
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23	Over	15	years	18	hours	per	month	27 (days	per	year
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- However, employees who were hired prior to July 1, 1984, who
- 25 have continuous service of more than five (5) years but not more
- 26 than eight (8) years shall accrue fifteen (15) hours of personal
- 27 leave each month.
- 28 (ii) A member of the Mississippi Public Employees'
- 29 Retirement System employed as a law enforcement officer or
- 30 firefighter who has used personal leave due to a work-related
- 31 injury shall be allowed to repurchase those hours for the purpose
- 32 of creditable service under Section 25-11-109.
- 33 (b) Temporary employees who work less than a full
- 34 workweek and part-time employees shall be allowed credit for
- 35 personal leave computed on a pro rata basis. Faculty members
- 36 employed by the eight (8) public universities on a nine-month
- 37 contract, and employees of the public universities who do not
- 38 contribute to the Mississippi Public Employees' Retirement System
- 39 or the State Institutions of Higher Learning Optional Retirement
- 40 Program, shall not be eligible for personal leave.
- 41 (2) For the purpose of computing credit for personal leave,
- 42 each appointed officer or employee shall be considered to work not
- 43 more than five (5) days each week. Leaves of absence granted by
- 44 the appointing authority for one (1) year or less shall be
- 45 permitted without forfeiting previously accumulated continuous
- 46 service. The provisions of this section shall not apply to
- 47 military leaves of absence. The time for taking personal leave,

- except when such leave is taken due to an illness, shall be
 determined by the appointing authority of which such employees are
- 50 employed.
- 51 (3) For the purpose of Sections 25-3-91 through 25-3-99, the
- 52 earned personal leave of each employee shall be credited monthly
- 53 after the completion of each calendar month of service, and the
- 54 appointing authority shall not increase the amount of personal
- 55 leave to an employee's credit. It shall be unlawful for an
- 56 appointing authority to grant personal leave in an amount greater
- 57 than was earned and accumulated by the officer or employee.
- 58 (4) Employees are encouraged to use earned personal leave.
- 59 Personal leave may be used for vacations and personal business as
- 60 scheduled by the appointing authority and shall be used for
- 61 illnesses of the employee requiring absences of one (1) day or
- 62 less. Accrued personal or compensatory leave shall be used for
- 63 the first day of an employee's illness requiring his absence of
- 64 more than one (1) day. Accrued personal or compensatory leave may
- 65 also be used for an illness in the employee's immediate family as
- 66 defined in Section 25-3-95. There shall be no limit to the
- 67 accumulation of personal leave. Upon termination of employment
- 68 each employee shall be paid for not more than thirty (30) days of
- 69 accumulated personal leave. Unused personal leave in excess of
- 70 thirty (30) days shall be counted as creditable service for the
- 71 purposes of the retirement system as provided in Sections
- 72 25-11-103 and 25-13-5.

- 73 (5) Any state law enforcement officer who is injured by
 74 wound or accident in the line of duty shall not be required to use
 75 earned personal leave during the period of recovery from such
 76 injury. As used in this subsection, the term "state law
 77 enforcement officer" means a person employed by a state agency
 78 who, as a condition of his or her employment, is required by law
 79 to complete a course of study at the Law Enforcement Officers
- 81 (6) Any employee may donate a portion of his or her earned 82 personal leave to another employee who is suffering from a 83 catastrophic injury or illness, or to another employee who has a 84 member of his or her immediate family who is suffering from a 85 catastrophic injury or illness, in accordance with subsection (8) 86 of Section 25-3-95.
- 87 **SECTION 2.** Section 25-3-95, Mississippi Code of 1972, is amended as follows:
- 25-3-95. (1) (a) All employees and appointed officers of the State of Mississippi, except employees of the public universities who do not contribute to the Mississippi Public Employees' Retirement System or the State Institutions of Higher Learning Optional Retirement Program, shall accrue credits for major medical leave as follows:
- 95 Continuous Accrual Rate Accrual Rate 96 Service (Monthly) (Annually) 97 1 month to 3 years 8 hours per month 12 days per year

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Training Academy.

98	37 months to 8 years 7 hours per month 10.5 days per year
99	97 months to 15 years 6 hours per month 9 days per year
100	Over 15 years 5 hours per month 7.5 days per year
101	Faculty members employed by the eight (8) public universities
102	on a nine-month contract shall accrue credit for major medical
103	leave as follows:
104	Continuous Accrual Rate Accrual Rate
105	Service (Per Month) (Per Academic Year)
106	1 month to 3 years 13-1/3 hours per month 15 days per
107	academic year
108	37 months to 8 years 14-1/5 hours per month 16 days per
109	academic year
110	97 months to 15 years 15-2/5 hours per month 17 days per
111	academic year
112	Over 15 years 16 hours per month 18 days per
113	academic year
114	Part-time employees shall accrue major medical leave on a pro
115	rata basis. There shall be no maximum limit to major medical
116	leave accumulation. All unused major medical leave shall be
117	counted as creditable service for the purposes of the retirement
118	system as provided in Sections 25-11-103 and 25-13-5.
119	(b) (ii) A member of the Mississippi Public Employees'
120	Retirement System employed as a law enforcement officer or
121	firefighter who has used major medical leave due to a work-related

- injury shall be allowed to repurchase those hours for the purpose of creditable service under Section 25-11-109.
- 124 (2) Major medical leave may be used for the illness or (a) 125 injury of an employee or member of the employee's immediate family 126 as defined in subsection (3) of this section, only after the 127 employee has used one (1) day of accrued personal or compensatory 128 leave for each absence due to illness, or leave without pay if the 129 employee has no accrued personal or compensatory leave; provided 130 that faculty members employed by the eight (8) public universities 131 on a nine-month basis may use major medical leave for the first 132 day of absence due to illness. However, major medical leave may 133 be used, without prior use of personal leave, to cover regularly 134 scheduled visits to a doctor's office or a hospital for the 135 continuing treatment of a chronic disease, as certified in advance 136 by a physician. For the purposes of this section, "physician" 137 means a doctor of medicine, osteopathy, dental medicine, podiatry 138 or chiropractic. For each absence due to illness of thirty-two (32) consecutive working hours (combined personal leave and major 139 140 medical leave), major medical leave shall be authorized only when 141 certified by their attending physician.
- 142 (b) When an employee's absence is due to a work-related 143 injury for which the employee is receiving temporary disability 144 benefits under Section 71-3-17(b) or 71-3-21, the injured employee 145 shall not use accrued personal and/or medical leave and receive 146 workers' compensation benefits simultaneously if the combined

147 receipt of both benefits results in the employee being paid, while 148 absent due to the work-related injury, a total amount that exceeds one hundred percent (100%) of his wages earned in state employment 149 150 at the time of injury. In such cases, the injured employee may use only as much of his accrued personal and/or medical leave as 151 152 necessary, which may be fewer than eight (8) hours of accrued 153 personal and/or major medical leave in a day, to constitute the 154 difference between the amount of temporary disability workers' 155 compensation benefits received and one hundred percent (100%) of his wages earned at the time of injury in state employment. 156 157 the intent of the Legislature that no state employee who is absent 158 and disabled from work due to a work-related injury shall receive 159 more than one hundred percent (100%) of his wages earned in state 160 employment at the time of injury through the use of accrued 161 personal and/or medical leave combined with temporary disability 162 benefits under the Workers' Compensation Law. The procedure for 163 implementing this paragraph (b) shall be as directed by the 164 applicable appointing authority. The receipt or payment of 165 benefits in compliance with this paragraph (b) shall be considered 166 the employee's exclusive remedy against the employer in accordance 167 with Section 71-3-9.

(3) An employee may use up to three (3) days of earned major medical leave for each occurrence of death in the immediate family requiring the employee's absence from work. No qualifying time or use of personal leave will be required prior to use of major

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172	medical leave for this purpose. For the purpose of this
173	subsection (3), the immediate family is defined as spouse, parent,
174	stepparent, sibling, child, stepchild, grandchild, grandparent,
175	son- or daughter-in-law, mother- or father-in-law or brother- or
176	sister-in-law. Child means a biological, adopted or foster child,
177	or a child for whom the individual stands or stood in loco
178	parentis.

(4) Employees and appointed officers of the State of
Mississippi having unused, accumulated sick leave or annual leave
earned prior to July 1, 1984, shall be credited with major medical
leave and personal leave as follows: All unused annual leave
shall be credited as personal leave.

Unused sick leave shall be divided between major medical leave and personal leave at rates determined by the employee's sick leave balance on June 30, 1984. The rates of conversion shall be as follows:

188	Sick Leave	Percentage	Percentage
189	Balance as of	Converted to	Converted to
190	June 30, 1984	Personal Leave	Major Medical Leave
191	1 - 200 hours	20%	80%
192	201 - 400 hours	25%	75%
193	401 - 600 hours	30%	70%
194	601 or more hours	35%	65%

195 (5) Upon retirement from active employment, each faculty
196 member of the state-supported public universities who is employed

- 197 on a nine-month basis shall receive credit and be paid for not 198 more than thirty (30) days of unused major medical leave for 199 service as a state employee. Unused major medical leave in excess 200 of thirty (30) days shall be counted as creditable service for the 201 purposes of the retirement system as provided in Sections 25-11-103 and 25-13-5. 202
- 203 Any state law enforcement officer who is injured by 204 wound or accident in the line of duty shall not be required to use 205 earned major medical leave during the period of recovery from such 206 injury. As used in this subsection, the term "state law 207 enforcement officer" means a person employed by a state agency 208 who, as a condition of his or her employment, is required by law 209 to complete a course of study at the Law Enforcement Officers 210 Training Academy.
- 211 (7) For the purpose of Sections 25-3-91 through 25-3-99, the 212 earned major medical leave of each employee shall be credited 213 monthly after the completion of each calendar month, and the 214 appointing authority shall not increase the amount of major 215 medical leave to an employee's credit. It shall be unlawful for 216 an appointing authority to grant major medical leave in an amount 217 greater than was earned and accumulated by the officer or 218 employee.
- 219 Any employee may donate a portion of his or her earned 220 personal leave or major medical leave to another employee who is 221 suffering from a catastrophic injury or illness, as defined in

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	222	Section	25-3-91,	or	to	another	employ	/ee	who	has	а	member	of	his	or
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- 223 her immediate family who is suffering from a catastrophic injury
- 224 or illness, in accordance with the following:
- 225 (a) The employee donating the leave (the "donor
- 226 employee") shall designate the employee who is to receive the
- 227 leave (the "recipient employee") and the amount of earned personal
- 228 leave and major medical leave that is to be donated, and shall
- 229 notify the donor employee's appointing authority or supervisor of
- 230 his or her designation. The donor employee's appointing authority
- 231 or supervisor then shall notify the recipient employee's
- 232 appointing authority or supervisor of the amount of leave that has
- 233 been donated by the donor employee to the recipient employee.
- 234 (b) The maximum amount of earned personal leave that an
- 235 employee may donate to any other employee may not exceed a number
- 236 of days that would leave the donor employee with fewer than seven
- 237 (7) days of personal leave left, and the maximum amount of earned
- 238 major medical leave that an employee may donate to any other
- 239 employee may not exceed fifty percent (50%) of the earned major
- 240 medical leave of the donor employee. All donated leave shall be
- 241 in increments of not less than twenty-four (24) hours.
- 242 (c) An employee must have exhausted all of his or her
- 243 earned personal leave and major medical leave before he or she
- 244 will be eligible to receive any leave donated by another employee.
- 245 (d) Before an employee may receive donated leave, he or
- 246 she must provide his or her appointing authority or supervisor

247	with a physician's statement that states the beginning date of the
248	catastrophic injury or illness, a description of the injury or
249	illness, and a prognosis for recovery and the anticipated date
250	that the recipient employee will be able to return to work

- 251 (e) If an employee is aggrieved by the decision of his
 252 or her appointing authority that the employee is not eligible to
 253 receive donated leave because the injury or illness of the
 254 employee or member of the employee's immediate family is not, in
 255 the appointing authority's determination, a catastrophic injury or
 256 illness, the employee may appeal the decision to the employee
 257 appeals board.
 - (f) Beginning on March 25, 2003, the maximum period of time that an employee may use donated leave without resuming work at his or her place of employment is ninety (90) days, which commences on the first day that the recipient employee uses donated leave. Donated leave that is not used because a recipient employee has used the maximum amount of donated leave authorized under this paragraph shall be returned to the donor employees in the manner provided under paragraph (g) of this subsection.
- 266 (g) If the total amount of leave that is donated to any
 267 employee is not used by the recipient employee, the donated leave
 268 shall be returned to the donor employees on a pro rata basis,
 269 based on the ratio of the number of days of leave donated by each
 270 donor employee to the total number of days of leave donated by all
 271 donor employees.

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272	(h) The failure of any appointing authority or
273	supervisor of any employee to properly deduct an employee's
274	donation of leave to another employee from the donor employee's
275	earned personal leave or major medical leave shall constitute just
276	cause for the dismissal of the appointing authority or supervisor.

- 277 (i) No person through the use of coercion, threats or 278 intimidation shall require or attempt to require any employee to donate his or her leave to another employee. Any person who 279 280 alleges a violation of this paragraph shall report the violation 281 to the executive head of the agency by whom he or she is employed 282 or, if the alleged violator is the executive head of the agency, 283 then the employee shall report the violation to the State 284 Personnel Board. Any person found to have violated this paragraph 285 shall be subject to removal from office or termination of 286 employment.
- 287 (j) No employee can donate leave after tendering notice 288 of separation for any reason or after termination.
- (k) Recipient employees of agencies with more than five hundred (500) employees as of March 25, 2003, may receive donated leave only from donor employees within the same agency. A recipient employee in an agency with five hundred (500) or fewer employees as of March 25, 2003, may receive donated leave from any donor employee.
- 295 (1) In order for an employee to be eligible to receive 296 donated leave, the employee must:

297	(i)	Have	been	employed	for	а	total	of	at	least

- 298 twelve (12) months by the employer on the date on which the leave
- 299 is donated; and
- 300 (ii) Have been employed for at least one thousand
- 301 two hundred fifty (1,250) hours of service with such employer
- 302 during the previous twelve-month period from the date on which the
- 303 leave is donated.
- 304 (m) Donated leave shall not be used in lieu of
- 305 disability retirement.
- 306 (n) For the purposes of this subsection, "immediate
- 307 family" means spouse, parent, stepparent, sibling, child or
- 308 stepchild.
- 309 (9) An employee may use up to six (6) weeks of earned major
- 310 medical leave for the placement with the employee of a child for
- 311 adoption or foster care and to care for the newly placed child
- 312 within one (1) year of placement.
- 313 **SECTION 3.** Section 25-11-117, Mississippi Code of 1972, is
- 314 brought forward as follows:
- 315 25-11-117. (1) A member may be paid a refund of the amount
- 316 of accumulated contributions to the credit of the member in the
- 317 annuity savings account, provided that the member has withdrawn
- 318 from state service and has not returned to state service on the
- 319 date the refund of the accumulated contributions would be paid.
- 320 That refund of the contributions to the credit of the member in
- 321 the annuity savings account shall be paid within ninety (90) days

322	from receipt in the office of the retirement system of the
323	properly completed form requesting the payment. In the event of
324	death before retirement of any member whose spouse and/or children
325	are not entitled to a retirement allowance, the accumulated
326	contributions to the credit of the deceased member in the annuity
327	savings account shall be paid to the designated beneficiary on
328	file in writing in the office of the executive director of the
329	board of trustees within ninety (90) days from receipt of a
330	properly completed form requesting the payment. If there is no
331	such designated beneficiary on file for the deceased member in the
332	office of the system, upon the filing of a proper request with the
333	board, the contributions to the credit of the deceased member in
334	the annuity savings account shall be refunded under Section
335	25-11-117.1(1). The payment of the refund shall discharge all
336	obligations of the retirement system to the member on account of
337	any creditable service rendered by the member before the receipt
338	of the refund. By the acceptance of the refund, the member shall
339	waive and relinquish all accrued rights in the system.

(2) Under the Unemployment Compensation Amendments of 1992 (Public Law 102-318 (UCA)), a member or the spouse of a member who is an eligible beneficiary entitled to a refund under this section may elect, on a form prescribed by the board under rules and regulations established by the board, to have an eligible rollover distribution of accumulated contributions payable under this section paid directly to an eligible retirement plan, as defined

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347 under applicable federal law, or an individual retirement account. 348 If the member or the spouse of a member who is an eligible beneficiary makes that election and specifies the eliqible 349 350 retirement plan or individual retirement account to which the 351 distribution is to be paid, the distribution will be made in the 352 form of a direct trustee-to-trustee transfer to the specified 353 eligible retirement plan. A nonspouse beneficiary may elect to 354 have an eligible rollover distribution paid in the form of a 355 direct trustee-to-trustee transfer to an individual retirement 356 account established to receive the distribution on behalf of the 357 nonspouse beneficiary. Flexible rollovers under this subsection 358 shall not be considered assignments under Section 25-11-129. 359 (3) If any person who has received a refund, reenters

(3) (a) If any person who has received a refund, reenters the state service and again becomes a member of the system before July 1, 2007, the member may repay all or part of the amounts previously received as a refund, together with regular interest covering the period from the date of refund to the date of repayment; however, the amounts that are repaid by the member and the creditable service related thereto shall not be used in any benefit calculation or determination until the member has remained a contributor to the system for a period of at least four (4) years after the member's reentry into state service. Repayment for that time shall be made beginning with the most recent service for which refund has been made. Upon the repayment of all or part of that refund and interest, the member shall again receive credit

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for the period of creditable service for which full repayment has been made to the system.

- 374 If any person who has received a refund, reenters 375 the state service and again becomes a member of the system on or 376 after July 1, 2007, the member may repay all or part of the 377 amounts previously received as a refund, together with regular 378 interest covering the period from the date of refund to the date 379 of repayment; however, the amounts that are repaid by the member 380 and the creditable service related thereto shall not be used in 381 any benefit calculation or determination until the member has 382 remained a contributor to the system for a period of at least 383 eight (8) years after the member's reentry into state service. 384 Repayment for that time shall be made beginning with the most 385 recent service for which refund has been made. Upon the repayment 386 of all or part of that refund and interest, the member shall again 387 receive credit for the period of creditable service for which full 388 repayment has been made to the system.
- 389 (4)In order to provide a source of income to members (a) 390 who have applied for disability benefits under Section 25-11-113 391 or 25-11-114, the board may provide, at the employee's election, a 392 temporary benefit to be paid from the member's accumulated 393 contributions, if any, without forfeiting the right to pursue 394 disability benefits, provided that the member has exhausted all 395 personal and medical leave and has terminated his or her

396	employment.	The b	board may	prescribe	rules and	regulations	for
397	carrying out	the :	provisions	of this s	subsection	(4).	

- 398 If a member who has elected to receive temporary benefits under this subsection later applies for a refund of his 399 400 or her accumulated contributions, all amounts paid under this 401 subsection shall be deducted from the accumulated contributions 402 and the balance will be paid to the member. If a member who has 403 elected to receive temporary benefits under this subsection is 404 later approved for a disability retirement allowance, and a 405 service retirement allowance or survivor benefits are paid on the 406 account, the board shall adjust the benefits in such a manner that 407 no more than the actuarial equivalent of the benefits to which the 408 member or beneficiary was or is entitled shall be paid.
- (c) The board may study, develop and propose a
 disability benefit structure, including short- and long-term
 disability benefits, provided that it is the actuarial equivalent
 of the benefits currently provided in Section 25-11-113 or
 25-11-114.
- SECTION 4. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after July 1, 2022.