By: Senator(s) Wiggins

To: Judiciary, Division A

SENATE BILL NO. 2611

1 2 3 4	AN ACT TO AMEND SECTION 43-19-101, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, O PROVIDE THAT IMPUTATION OF INCOME SHALL NOT BE BASED UPON A STANDARD AMOUNT IN LIEU OF FACT-GATHERING; AND FOR RELATED PURPOSES.	
5	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MISSI	SSIPPI:
6	SECTION 1. Section 43-19-101, Mississippi Code of 197	2, is
7	amended as follows:	
8	43-19-101. (1) The following child-support award gui	delines
9	shall be a rebuttable presumption in all judicial or	
10	administrative proceedings regarding the awarding or modify	ing of
11	child_support awards in this state:	
12	Number Of Children Percentage Of Adjusted Gross	Income
13	Due Support That Should Be Awarded For Su	pport
14	1 14%	
15	2 20%	
16	3 22%	
17	4 24%	
18	5 or more 26%	

- 19 (2) The guidelines provided for in subsection (1) of this
 20 section apply unless the judicial or administrative body awarding
 21 or modifying the child-support award makes a written finding or
 22 specific finding on the record that the application of the
 23 guidelines would be unjust or inappropriate in a particular case
 24 as determined under the criteria specified in Section 43-19-103.
- 25 (3) The amount of "adjusted gross income" as that term is 26 used in subsection (1) of this section shall be calculated as 27 follows:
- 28 (a) Determine gross income from all potential sources 29 that may reasonably be expected to be available to the absent 30 parent including, but not limited to, the following: wages and 31 salary income; income from self-employment; income from 32 commissions; income from investments, including dividends, 33 interest income and income on any trust account or property; 34 absent parent's portion of any joint income of both parents; 35 workers' compensation, disability, unemployment, annuity and retirement benefits, including an Individual Retirement Account 36 37 (IRA); any other payments made by any person, private entity, 38 federal or state government or any unit of local government; 39 alimony; any income earned from an interest in or from inherited 40 property; any other form of earned income; and gross income shall 41 exclude any monetary benefits derived from a second household,
- 43 (b) Subtract the following legally mandated deductions:

such as income of the absent parent's current spouse;

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- 44 (i) Federal, state and local taxes. Contributions
- 45 to the payment of taxes over and beyond the actual liability for
- 46 the taxable year shall not be considered a mandatory deduction;
- 47 (ii) Social security contributions;
- 48 (iii) Retirement and disability contributions
- 49 except any voluntary retirement and disability contributions;
- 50 (c) If the * * * obligated parent is subject to an
- 51 existing court order for another child or children, subtract the
- 52 amount of that court-ordered support;
- 53 (d) If the absent parent is also the parent of another
- 54 child or other children residing with him, then the court may
- 55 subtract an amount that it deems appropriate to account for the
- 56 needs of said child or children;
- 57 (e) Compute the total annual amount of adjusted gross
- 58 income based on paragraphs (a) through (d) of this subsection,
- 59 then divide this amount by twelve (12) to obtain the monthly
- 60 amount of adjusted gross income.
- Upon conclusion of the calculation of paragraphs (a) through
- 62 (e) of this subsection, multiply the monthly amount of adjusted
- 63 gross income by the appropriate percentage designated in
- 64 subsection (1) of this section to arrive at the amount of the
- 65 monthly child-support award.
- 66 (4) In cases in which the adjusted gross income as defined
- 67 in this section is more than One Hundred Thousand Dollars
- 68 (\$100,000.00) or less than Ten Thousand Dollars (\$10,000.00), the

- 69 court shall make a written finding in the record as to whether or
- 70 not the application of the guidelines established in this section
- 71 is reasonable. The court shall take into account the basic
- 72 subsistence needs of the obligated parent who has a limited
- 73 ability to pay.
- 74 (5) Imputation of income shall not be based upon a standard
- 75 amount in lieu of fact-gathering. In the absence of specific
- 76 sufficient evidence of past earnings and employment history to use
- 77 as the measure of an obligated parent's ability to pay, the
- 78 recommended child-support obligation amount should be based on
- 79 available information about the specific circumstances of the
- 80 obligated parent. This can include, but is not limited to, such
- 81 factors as assets, residence, job skills, educational attainment,
- 82 literacy, age, health, criminal record and other employment
- 83 barriers, and record of seeking work, as well as the local job
- 84 market, the availability of employers willing to hire the
- 85 obligated parent, prevailing earnings level in the local
- 86 community, and other relevant factors in the case.
- 87 (* * *6) Unless extended or waived, the Department of Human
- 88 Services shall review the appropriateness of these guidelines
- 89 beginning January 1, 1994, and every four (4) years thereafter and
- 90 report its findings to the Legislature no later than the first day
- 91 of the regular legislative session of that year. The Legislature
- 92 shall thereafter amend these guidelines when it finds that

- 93 amendment is necessary to ensure that equitable support is being
- 94 awarded in all cases involving the support of minor children.
- 95 (\star \star 7) All orders involving support of minor children, as
- 96 a matter of law, shall include reasonable medical support. Notice
- 97 to the obligated parent's employer that medical support has been
- 98 ordered shall be on a form as prescribed by the Department of
- 99 Human Services. In any case in which the support of any child is
- 100 involved, the court shall make the following findings either on
- 101 the record or in the judgment:
- 102 (a) The availability to all parties of health insurance
- 103 coverage for the child(ren);
- 104 (b) The cost of health insurance coverage to all
- 105 parties.
- The court shall then make appropriate provisions in the
- 107 judgment for the provision of health insurance coverage for the
- 108 child(ren) in the manner that is in the best interests of the
- 109 child(ren). If the court requires the custodial parent to obtain
- 110 the coverage then its cost shall be taken into account in
- 111 establishing the child-support award. If the court determines
- 112 that health insurance coverage is not available to any party or
- 113 that it is not available to either party at a cost that is
- 114 reasonable as compared to the income of the parties, then the
- 115 court shall make specific findings as to such either on the record
- 116 or in the judgment. In that event, the court shall make
- 117 appropriate provisions in the judgment for the payment of medical

- 118 expenses of the child(ren) in the absence of health insurance
- 119 coverage.
- 120 **SECTION 2.** This act shall take effect and be in force from
- 121 and after July 1, 2022.