REGULAR SESSION 2022

By: Representatives McKnight, Stamps, Karriem

To: Education

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## HOUSE BILL NO. 1240

AN ACT TO AMEND SECTION 37-3-82, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, TO 2 AUTHORIZE ANY CERTIFIED AND ACCREDITED LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICERS' TRAINING ACADEMY, LOCATED WITHIN THE STATE OF MISSISSIPPI AND APPROVED BY THE BOARD ON LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICER STANDARDS AND 5 TRAINING, TO PROVIDE TRAINING THROUGH THE ADVANCED LAW ENFORCEMENT 6 RAPID RESPONSE TRAINING (ALERRT) PROGRAM; TO BRING FORWARD SECTION 7 37-7-321, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, FOR THE PURPOSE OF POSSIBLE AMENDMENT; AND FOR RELATED PURPOSES. 8 9 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MISSISSIPPI: 10 **SECTION 1.** Section 37-3-82, Mississippi Code of 1972, is amended as follows: 11 12 37-3-82. (1) There is hereby established the Mississippi Community Oriented Policing Services in Schools (MCOPS) grant 13 14 program in the State Department of Education to provide funding, 15 pursuant to specific appropriation by the Legislature therefor, to 16 assist law enforcement agencies in providing additional School Resource Officers to engage in community policing in and around 17 primary and secondary schools. The MCOPS program shall authorize 18 19 the State Department of Education to make grants to increase 20 deployment of law enforcement officers in order (a) to increase or 21 enhance community policing in this state, (b) that trained, sworn

H. B. No. 1240

22/HR43/R1848 PAGE 1 (DJ\EW)

- 22 enforcement officers assigned to schools play an integral part in
- 23 the development and/or enhancement of a comprehensive school
- 24 safety plan, and (c) that the presence of these officers shall
- 25 provide schools with a direct link to local law enforcement
- 26 agencies.
- 27 (2) The MCOPS program shall meet the following requirements
- 28 and standards:
- 29 (a) This program shall provide an incentive for law
- 30 enforcement agencies to build collaborative partnerships with the
- 31 school community and to use community policing efforts to combat
- 32 school violence and implement educational programs to improve
- 33 student and school safety.
- 34 (b) The additional School Resource Officers must devote
- 35 at least seventy-five percent (75%) of their time to work in and
- 36 around primary and secondary schools, in addition to the time that
- 37 School Resource Officers are devoting in the absence of the MCOPS
- 38 in Schools grant.
- 39 (c) Beginning with the 2019-2020 school year, the MCOPS
- 40 in Schools program shall provide a minimum state contribution of
- 41 up to Ten Thousand Dollars (\$10,000.00) per officer position over
- 42 the one-year grant period, to be matched from local funds on a
- 43 50/50 matching basis. Officers paid with MCOPS funds may be
- 44 employed by the local law enforcement agency or by the local
- 45 school district. MCOPS funds may be used to pay for entry-level
- 46 salaries and benefits of newly trained additional School Resource

47	Officers and may be used to pay the salaries and benefits of
48	School Resource Officers employed prior to July 1, 2013. All
49	jurisdictions that apply must demonstrate that they have primary
50	law enforcement authority over the school(s) identified in their
51	application and demonstrate their inability to implement this
52	project without state assistance. Schools or law enforcement
53	agencies may not reduce its overall federal, state, locally funded
54	level of sworn officers (including other School Resource Officers
55	or other sworn officers assigned to the schools) as a result of
56	applying for or receiving MCOPS in Schools grant funding. MCOPS
57	in Schools funding may be used to rehire sworn officers previously
58	employed who have been laid off for financial reasons unrelated to
59	the availability of the MCOPS in Schools grant, but must obtain
60	prior written approval from the State Department of Education.
61	MCOPS in Schools funding may be used to train school resource
62	officers. In order to be eligible for such program, each local
63	school board desiring to participate shall apply to the State
64	Department of Education by May 31 before the beginning of the
65	applicable fiscal year on forms provided by the department. The
66	State Department of Education shall determine by July 1 of each
67	succeeding year which local school districts have submitted
68	approved applications for School Resource Officer funding.
69	(d) School Resource Officers (SROs) may serve in a
70	variety of roles, including, but not limited to, that of a law
71	enforcement officer/safety specialist, law-related educator, and

H. B. No. 1240

22/HR43/R1848 PAGE 3 (DJ\EW)

programs such as crime prevention, substance abuse prevention, and 73 74 gang resistance as well as monitor and assist troubled students 75 through mentoring programs. The School Resource Officer(s) may 76 also identify physical changes in the environment that may reduce 77 crime in and around the schools, as well as assist in developing school policies which address criminal activity and school safety. 78 79 The application must also include a Memorandum of Understanding 80 (MOU), signed by the law enforcement executive and the appropriate 81 school official(s), to document the roles and responsibilities to 82 be undertaken by the law enforcement agency and the educational school partner(s) through this collaborative effort. 83 84 application must also include a Narrative Addendum to document 85 that the School Resource Officer(s) will be assigned to work in 86 and around primary or secondary schools and provide supporting 87 documentation in the following areas: problem identification and 88 justification, community policing strategies to be used by the

problem-solver/community liaison. These officers may teach

91 (e) All agencies receiving awards through the MCOPS in
92 Schools program are required to send the School Resource Officer
93 position(s) funded by this grant, to \* \* \* participate in training
94 through the Advanced Law Enforcement Rapid Response Training
95 (ALERRT) Program at \* \* \* any certified and accredited law
96 enforcement officers' training academy located within the State of

officers, quality and level of commitment to the effort, and the

link to community policing.

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- 97 Mississippi and approved by the Board on Law Enforcement Officer
- 98 Standards and Training, with the cost of such training to be
- 99 defrayed from the MCOPS program. The MCOPS Office of the State
- 100 Department of Education will reimburse grantees for training, per
- 101 diem, travel, and lodging costs for attendance of required
- 102 participants up to a maximum of One Thousand Two Hundred Dollars
- 103 (\$1,200.00) per person attending. Applicants receiving an MCOPS
- 104 in Schools grant, will receive additional training information
- 105 following notification of the grant award. The MCOPS in Schools
- 106 training requirement must be completed prior to the end of
- 107 twelve-month grant funding for officer positions.
- 108 (3) The State Department of Education shall promulgate rules
- 109 and regulations prescribing procedures for the application,
- 110 expenditure requirements and the administration of the Mississippi
- 111 Community Oriented Policing Services in Schools (MCOPS) program
- 112 established in this section, and shall make a report on the
- 113 implementation of the MCOPS program with any recommendations to
- 114 the 2020 Regular Session of the Legislature.
- 115 **SECTION 2.** Section 37-7-321, Mississippi Code of 1972, is
- 116 brought forward as follows:
- 117 37-7-321. (1) The school board of any school district
- 118 within the State of Mississippi, in its discretion, may employ one
- 119 or more persons as security personnel and may designate such
- 120 persons as peace officers in or on any property operated for
- 121 school purposes by such board upon their taking such oath and

- making such bond as required of a constable of the county in which
  the school district is situated.
- 124 Any person employed by a school board as a security 125 guard or school resource officer or in any other position that has 126 the powers of a peace officer must receive a minimum level of 127 basic law enforcement training, as jointly determined and prescribed by the Board on Law Enforcement Officer Standards and 128 129 Training and the State Board of Education, within two (2) years of 130 the person's initial employment in such position. Upon the failure of any person employed in such position to receive the 131 132 required training within the designated time, the person may not 133 exercise the powers of a peace officer in or on the property of
- 135 (3) The school board is authorized and empowered, in its
  136 discretion, and subject to the approval of the Federal
  137 Communications Commission, to install and operate a noncommercial
  138 radio broadcasting and transmission station for educational and
  139 vocational educational purposes.
- 140 (4) If a law enforcement officer is duly appointed to be a
  141 peace officer by a school district under this section, the local
  142 school board may enter into an interlocal agreement with other law
  143 enforcement entities for the provision of equipment or traffic
  144 control duties, however, the duty to enforce traffic regulations
  145 and to enforce the laws of the state or municipality off of school
  146 property lies with the local police or sheriff's department which

the school district.

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- cannot withhold its services solely because of the lack of such an agreement.
- 149 **SECTION 3.** This act shall take effect and be in force from
- 150 and after July 1, 2022.

