To: Judiciary B

By: Representative Criswell

HOUSE BILL NO. 600

- AN ACT TO AMEND SECTION 41-29-177, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, 2 TO PROHIBIT WAIVERS REGARDING FORFEITURES; TO AMEND SECTION 41-29-179, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, TO REVISE THE STANDARD OF 3 PROOF; TO BRING FORWARD SECTIONS 41-29-153, 41-29-176.1, 4 41-29-181, 41-29-183 and 41-29-107.1, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, 5 6 WHICH RELATE TO THE MISSISSIPPI BUREAU OF NARCOTICS WEBSITE ON 7 SEIZED PROPERTY AND THE PROSECUTION OF CASES AND PROCEDURES FOR 8 THE DISPOSITION OF SEIZED PROPERTY, FOR PURPOSES OF POSSIBLE 9 AMENDMENT; AND FOR RELATED PURPOSES.
- 10 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MISSISSIPPI:
- SECTION 1. Section 41-29-177, Mississippi Code of 1972, is
- 12 amended as follows:
- 13 41-29-177. (1) Except as otherwise provided in * * *
- 14 Section 41-29-107.1, when any property, other than a controlled
- 15 substance, raw material or paraphernalia, is seized under the
- 16 Uniform Controlled Substances Law, proceedings under this section
- 17 shall be instituted within thirty (30) days from the date of
- 18 seizure or the subject property shall be immediately returned to
- 19 the party from whom seized.
- 20 (2) A petition for forfeiture shall be filed by the district
- 21 attorney or his or her designee, or an attorney for the bureau, as

- 22 applicable, in the name of the State of Mississippi, the county or
- 23 the municipality and may be filed in the county in which the
- 24 seizure is made, the county in which the criminal prosecution is
- 25 brought or the county in which the owner of the seized property is
- 26 found. Forfeiture proceedings may be brought in the circuit court
- 27 or the county court if a county court exists in the county and the
- 28 value of the seized property is within the jurisdictional limits
- 29 of the county court as set forth in Section 9-9-21 * * *. A copy
- 30 of such petition shall be served upon the following persons by
- 31 service of process in the same manner as in civil cases:
- 32 (a) The owner of the property, if address is known;
- 33 (b) Any secured party who has registered his lien or
- 34 filed a financing statement as provided by law, if the identity of
- 35 such secured party can be ascertained by the Bureau of Narcotics
- 36 or the local law enforcement agency by making a good faith effort
- 37 to ascertain the identity of such secured party as described in
- 38 subsections (3), (4), (5), (6) and (7) of this section;
- 39 (c) Any other bona fide lienholder or secured party or
- 40 other person holding an interest in the property in the nature of
- 41 a security interest of whom the Mississippi Bureau of Narcotics or
- 42 the local law enforcement agency has actual knowledge;
- 43 (d) Any holder of a mortgage, deed of trust, lien or
- 44 encumbrance of record, if the property is real estate, by making a
- 45 good faith inquiry as described in subsection (8) of this section;
- 46 and

- 47 (e) Any person in possession of property subject to 48 forfeiture at the time that it was seized.
- (3) If the property is a motor vehicle susceptible of
 titling under the Mississippi Motor Vehicle Title Law and if there
 is any reasonable cause to believe that the vehicle has been
 titled, the Bureau of Narcotics or the local law enforcement
 agency shall make inquiry of the Department of Revenue as to what
 the records of the Department of Revenue show as to who is the
 record owner of the vehicle and who, if anyone, holds any lien or

security interest which affects the vehicle.

- (4) If the property is a motor vehicle and is not titled in the State of Mississippi, then the Bureau of Narcotics or the local law enforcement agency shall attempt to ascertain the name and address of the person in whose name the vehicle is licensed, and if the vehicle is licensed in a state which has in effect a certificate of title law, the bureau or the local law enforcement agency shall make inquiry of the appropriate agency of that state as to what the records of the agency show as to who is the record owner of the vehicle and who, if anyone, holds any lien, security interest or other instrument in the nature of a security device which affects the vehicle.
- (5) If the property is of a nature that a financing
 statement is required by the laws of this state to be filed to
 perfect a security interest affecting the property and if there is
 any reasonable cause to believe that a financing statement

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- 72 covering the security interest has been filed under the laws of
- 73 this state, the Bureau of Narcotics or the local law enforcement
- 74 agency shall make inquiry of the appropriate office designated in
- 75 Section 75-9-501 * * * as to what the records show as to who is
- 76 the record owner of the property and who, if anyone, has filed a
- 77 financing statement affecting the property.
- 78 (6) If the property is an aircraft or part thereof and if
- 79 there is any reasonable cause to believe that an instrument in the
- 80 nature of a security device affects the property, then the Bureau
- 81 of Narcotics or the local law enforcement agency shall make
- 82 inquiry of the Mississippi Department of Transportation as to what
- 83 the records of the Federal Aviation Administration show as to who
- 84 is the record owner of the property and who, if anyone, holds an
- 85 instrument in the nature of a security device which affects the
- 86 property.
- 87 (7) In the case of all other personal property subject to
- 88 forfeiture, if there is any reasonable cause to believe that an
- 89 instrument in the nature of a security device affects the
- 90 property, then the Bureau of Narcotics or the local law
- 91 enforcement agency shall make a good faith inquiry to identify the
- 92 holder of any such instrument.
- 93 (8) If the property is real estate, the Bureau of Narcotics
- 94 or the local law enforcement agency shall make inquiry of the
- 95 chancery clerk of the county wherein the property is located to
- 96 determine who is the owner of record and who, if anyone, is a

- 97 holder of a bona fide mortgage, deed of trust, lien or 98 encumbrance.
- 99 In the event the answer to an inquiry states that the 100 record owner of the property is any person other than the person 101 who was in possession of it when it was seized, or states that any 102 person holds any lien, encumbrance, security interest, other 103 interest in the nature of a security interest, mortgage or deed of 104 trust which affects the property, the Bureau of Narcotics or the 105 local law enforcement agency shall cause any record owner and also 106 any lienholder, secured party, other person who holds an interest 107 in the property in the nature of a security interest, or holder of 108 an encumbrance, mortgage or deed of trust which affects the 109 property to be named in the petition of forfeiture and to be 110 served with process in the same manner as in civil cases.
- 111 (10) If the owner of the property cannot be found and served 112 with a copy of the petition of forfeiture, or if no person was in 113 possession of the property subject to forfeiture at the time that it was seized and the owner of the property is unknown, the Bureau 114 115 of Narcotics or the local law enforcement agency shall file with 116 the clerk of the court in which the proceeding is pending an 117 affidavit to such effect, whereupon the clerk of the court shall 118 publish notice of the hearing addressed to "the Unknown Owner of 119 ," filling in the blank space with a reasonably 120 detailed description of the property subject to forfeiture.

Service by publication shall contain the other requisites

- 122 prescribed in Section 11-33-41, and shall be served as provided in
- 123 Section 11-33-37 * * * for publication of notice for attachments
- 124 at law.
- 125 (11) No proceedings instituted pursuant to the provisions of
- 126 this article shall proceed to hearing unless the judge conducting
- 127 the hearing is satisfied that this section and Section 41-29-107.1
- 128 has been complied with. Any answer received from an inquiry
- 129 required by subsections (3) through (8) of this section shall be
- 130 introduced into evidence at the hearing.
- 131 (12) A law enforcement officer other than an officer of the
- 132 court may not request, require or induce a person to waive, for
- 133 purposes of forfeiture, his or her interest in any property under
- 134 this chapter. Any such waiver must be considered null and void
- 135 and is inadmissible in court.
- 136 **SECTION 2.** Section 41-29-179, Mississippi Code of 1972, is
- 137 amended as follows:
- 138 41-29-179. (1) Except as otherwise provided in \star *
- 139 Section 41-29-107.1, an owner of property, other than a controlled
- 140 substance, raw material or paraphernalia, that has been seized
- 141 shall file an answer within thirty (30) days after the completion
- 142 of service of process. If an answer is not filed, the court shall
- 143 hear evidence that the property is subject to forfeiture and
- 144 forfeit the property to the Mississippi Bureau of Narcotics or the
- 145 local law enforcement agency. If an answer is filed, a time for
- 146 hearing on forfeiture shall be set within thirty (30) days of

- 147 filing the answer or at the succeeding term of court if court
- 148 would not be in progress within thirty (30) days after filing the
- 149 answer. * * * However, * * * upon request by the Bureau of
- 150 Narcotics, the local law enforcement agency or the owner of the
- 151 property, the court may postpone \star \star \star the forfeiture hearing to a
- 152 date past the time any criminal action is pending against * * *
- 153 the owner.
- 154 (2) If the owner of the property has filed an answer denying
- 155 that the property is subject to forfeiture, then the burden is on
- 156 the petitioner to prove that the property is subject to
- 157 forfeiture. However, if an answer has not been filed by the owner
- 158 of the property, the petition for forfeiture may be introduced
- 159 into evidence and is prima facie evidence that the property is
- 160 subject to forfeiture. The standard of proof placed upon the
- 161 petitioner in regard to property forfeited under the provisions of
- 162 this article shall be by * * * clear and convincing evidence.
- 163 (3) At the hearing any claimant of any right, title or
- 164 interest in the property may prove his lien, encumbrance, security
- 165 interest, other interest in the nature of a security interest,
- 166 mortgage or deed of trust to be bona fide and created without
- 167 knowledge or consent that the property was to be used so as to
- 168 cause the property to be subject to forfeiture.
- 169 (4) If it is found that the property is subject to
- 170 forfeiture, then the judge shall forfeit the property to the
- 171 Mississippi Bureau of Narcotics or the local law enforcement

agency. However, if proof at the hearing discloses that the interest of any bona fide lienholder, secured party, other person holding an interest in the property in the nature of a security interest, or any holder of a bona fide encumbrance, mortgage or deed of trust is greater than or equal to the present value of the property, the court shall order the property released to him. such interest is less than the present value of the property and if the proof shows that the property is subject to forfeiture, the court shall order the property forfeited to the Mississippi Bureau of Narcotics or the local law enforcement agency.

Mississippi, the county or the municipality with the clerk of the circuit court of the county in which the seizure of any controlled substance or raw material is made, the circuit court having jurisdiction may order the controlled substance or raw material summarily forfeited except when lawful possession and title can be ascertained. If a person is found to have had lawful possession and title prior to seizure, the court shall order the controlled substance or raw material returned to the owner, if the owner so desires. Upon a petition filed in the name of the State of Mississippi, the county or the municipality with the clerk of the circuit court of the county in which the seizure of any purported paraphernalia is made, the circuit court having jurisdiction may order such seized property summarily forfeited when the court has

- 196 determined the seized property to be paraphernalia as defined in
- 197 Section 41-29-105(v).
- 198 **SECTION 3.** Section 41-29-153, Mississippi Code of 1972, is
- 199 brought forward as follows:
- 200 41-29-153. (a) The following are subject to forfeiture:
- 201 (1) All controlled substances which have been
- 202 manufactured, distributed, dispensed or acquired in violation of
- 203 this article or in violation of Article 5 of this chapter;
- 204 (2) All raw materials, products and equipment of any
- 205 kind which are used, or intended for use, in manufacturing,
- 206 compounding, processing, delivering, importing, or exporting any
- 207 controlled substance in violation of this article or in violation
- 208 of Article 5 of this chapter;
- 209 (3) All property which is used, or intended for use, as
- 210 a container for property described in paragraph (1) or (2) of this
- 211 subsection;
- 212 (4) All conveyances, including aircraft, vehicles or
- 213 vessels, which are used, or intended for use, to transport, or in
- 214 any manner to facilitate the transportation, sale, receipt,
- 215 possession or concealment of property described in paragraph (1)
- 216 or (2) of this subsection, however:
- 217 A. No conveyance used by any person as a common
- 218 carrier in the transaction of business as a common carrier is
- 219 subject to forfeiture under this section unless it appears that

220	the	owner	or	other	person	in	charge	of	the	conveyance	is	а

- 221 consenting party or privy to a violation of this article;
- B. No conveyance is subject to forfeiture under
- 223 this section by reason of any act or omission proved by the owner
- 224 thereof to have been committed or omitted without his knowledge or
- 225 consent; if the confiscating authority has reason to believe that
- 226 the conveyance is a leased or rented conveyance, then the
- 227 confiscating authority shall notify the owner of the conveyance
- 228 within five (5) days of the confiscation;
- 229 C. A forfeiture of a conveyance encumbered by a
- 230 bona fide security interest is subject to the interest of the
- 231 secured party if he neither had knowledge of nor consented to the
- 232 act or omission;
- 233 D. A conveyance is not subject to forfeiture for a
- 234 violation of Section 41-29-139(c)(2)(A) 1, 2 or (B)1 or (C)1, 2,
- 235 3;
- 236 (5) All money, deadly weapons, books, records, and
- 237 research products and materials, including formulas, microfilm,
- 238 tapes and data which are used, or intended for use, in violation
- 239 of this article or in violation of Article 5 of this chapter;
- 240 (6) All drug paraphernalia as defined in Section
- 241 41-29-105(v); and
- 242 (7) Everything of value, including real estate,
- 243 furnished, or intended to be furnished, in exchange for a
- 244 controlled substance in violation of this article, all proceeds

245	traceable to such an exchange, and all monies, negotiable
246	instruments, businesses or business investments, securities, and
247	other things of value used, or intended to be used, to facilitate
248	any violation of this article. All monies, coin and currency
249	found in close proximity to forfeitable controlled substances, to
250	forfeitable drug manufacturing or distributing paraphernalia, or
251	to forfeitable records of the importation, manufacture or
252	distribution of controlled substances are presumed to be
253	forfeitable under this paragraph; the burden of proof is upon
254	claimants of the property to rebut this presumption.

- 255 A. No property shall be forfeited under the 256 provisions of subsection (a)(7) of this section, to the extent of the interest of an owner, by reason of any act or omission 257 258 established by him to have been committed or omitted without his 259 knowledge or consent.
- 260 Neither personal property encumbered by a bona 261 fide security interest nor real estate encumbered by a bona fide 262 mortgage, deed of trust, lien or encumbrance shall be forfeited 263 under the provisions of subsection (a)(7) of this section, to the 264 extent of the interest of the secured party or the interest of the 265 mortgagee, holder of a deed of trust, lien or encumbrance by 266 reason of any act or omission established by him to have been 267 committed or omitted without his knowledge or consent.
- 268 Property subject to forfeiture may be seized by the bureau, local law enforcement officers, enforcement officers of 269

270	the Mississippi	Department	of	Transportation,	highway	patrolmen,
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- 271 the board, or the State Board of Pharmacy upon process issued by
- 272 any appropriate court having jurisdiction over the property.
- 273 Seizure without process may be made if:
- 274 (1) The seizure is incident to an arrest or a search
- 275 under a search warrant or an inspection under an administrative
- 276 inspection warrant;
- 277 (2) The property subject to seizure has been the
- 278 subject of a prior judgment in favor of the state in a criminal
- 279 injunction or forfeiture proceeding based upon this article;
- 280 (3) The bureau, the board, local law enforcement
- 281 officers, enforcement officers of the Mississippi Department of
- 282 Transportation, or highway patrolmen, or the State Board of
- 283 Pharmacy have probable cause to believe that the property is
- 284 directly or indirectly dangerous to health or safety;
- 285 (4) The bureau, local law enforcement officers,
- 286 enforcement officers of the Mississippi Department of
- 287 Transportation, highway patrolmen, the board, or the State Board
- 288 of Pharmacy have probable cause to believe that the property was
- 289 used or is intended to be used in violation of this article; or
- 290 (5) The seizing law enforcement agency obtained a
- 291 seizure warrant as described in paragraph (f) of this section.
- 292 (c) Controlled substances listed in Schedule I of Section
- 293 41-29-113 that are possessed, transferred, sold, or offered for
- 294 sale in violation of this article are contraband and shall be

- 295 seized and summarily forfeited to the state. Controlled 296 substances listed in the said Schedule I, which are seized or come 297 into the possession of the state, the owners of which are unknown, 298 are contraband and shall be summarily forfeited to the state.
- 299 Species of plants from which controlled substances in (d) 300 Schedules I and II of Sections 41-29-113 and 41-29-115 may be 301 derived which have been planted or cultivated in violation of this article, or of which the owners or cultivators are unknown, or 302 303 which are wild growths, may be seized and summarily forfeited to 304 the state.
- 305 The failure, upon demand by the bureau and/or local law 306 enforcement officers, or their authorized agents, or highway 307 patrolmen designated by the bureau, the board, or the State Board 308 of Pharmacy, of the person in occupancy or in control of land or 309 premises upon which the species of plants are growing or being 310 stored, to produce an appropriate registration, or proof that he 311 is the holder thereof, constitutes authority for the seizure and 312 forfeiture of the plants.
- 313 (f) When any property is seized under the Uniform (1)314 Controlled Substances Law, except as otherwise provided in 315 paragraph (3) of this subsection, by a law enforcement agency with 316 the intent to be forfeited, the law enforcement agency that seized the property shall obtain a seizure warrant from the county or 317 318 circuit court having jurisdiction of such property within seventy-two (72) hours of any seizure, excluding weekends and 319

320 holidays. Any law enforcement agency that fails to obtain

- 321 seizure warrant within seventy-two (72) hours as required by this
- 322 section shall notify the person from whom the property was seized
- 323 that it will not be forfeited and shall provide written
- 324 instructions advising the person how to retrieve the seized
- 325 property.
- 326 (2) A circuit or county judge having jurisdiction of
- 327 any property other than a controlled substance, raw material or
- 328 paraphernalia, may issue a seizure warrant upon proper oath or
- 329 affirmation from a law enforcement agency. The law enforcement
- 330 agency that is seeking a seizure warrant shall provide the
- 331 following information to the judge:
- 332 A. Probable cause to believe that the property was
- 333 used or intended to be used in violation of this article;
- B. The name of the person from whom the property
- 335 was seized; and
- 336 C. A detailed description of the property which is
- 337 seized, including the value of the property.
- 338 (3) This subsection does not apply to seizures
- 339 performed pursuant to Section 41-29-157 when property is
- 340 specifically set forth in a search and seizure warrant.
- 341 **SECTION 4.** Section 41-29-176.1, Mississippi Code of 1972, is
- 342 brought forward as follows:

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- 343 41-29-176.1. The seizing law enforcement agency shall within
- 344 thirty (30) days of a seizure, request either the district

345	attorney of the county in which property is seized or the
346	Mississippi Bureau of Narcotics to prosecute any cases involving
347	seized property. No one other than the district attorney of the
348	county in which the seizure occurred or an attorney from the
349	Mississippi Bureau of Narcotics shall have authority to prosecute
350	the forfeiture of the seized property. If the district attorney
351	and the Mississippi Bureau of Narcotics decline to prosecute the
352	forfeiture of the seized property, the seizing law enforcement
353	agency shall notify the person from whom the property was seized
354	that the property will not be forfeited, within thirty (30) days
355	of receiving the notice not to prosecute, and shall provide
356	written instructions advising the person how to retrieve the
357	seized property.

- 358 **SECTION 5.** Section 41-29-181, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 359 brought forward as follows:
- 360 41-29-181. (1) Regarding all controlled substances, raw
 361 materials and paraphernalia which have been forfeited, the circuit
 362 court shall by its order direct the Bureau of Narcotics to:
- 363 (a) Retain the property for its official purposes;
- 364 (b) Deliver the property to a government agency or 365 department for official purposes;
- 366 (c) Deliver the property to a person authorized by the 367 court to receive it; or
- 368 (d) Destroy the property that is not otherwise 369 disposed, pursuant to the provisions of Section 41-29-154.

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370	(2) All other property, real or personal, which is forfeited
371	under this article, except as otherwise provided in Section
372	41-29-185, and except as provided in subsections (3), (7) and (8)
373	of this section, shall be liquidated and, after deduction of court
374	costs and the expenses of liquidation, the proceeds shall be
375	divided and deposited as follows:

- (a) In the event only one (1) law enforcement agency participates in the underlying criminal case out of which the forfeiture arises, twenty percent (20%) of the proceeds shall be forwarded to the State Treasurer and deposited in the General Fund of the state and eighty percent (80%) of the proceeds shall be deposited and credited to the budget of the participating law enforcement agency.
- (b) In the event more than one (1) law enforcement agency participates in the underlying criminal case out of which the forfeiture arises, eighty percent (80%) of the proceeds shall be deposited and credited to the budget of the law enforcement agency whose officers initiated the criminal case and twenty percent (20%) shall be divided equitably between or among the other participating law enforcement agencies, and shall be deposited and credited to the budgets of the participating law enforcement agencies. In the event that the other participating law enforcement agencies cannot agree on the division of their twenty percent (20%), a petition shall be filed by any one of them

in the court in which the civil forfeiture case is brought and the court shall make an equitable division.

396 If the criminal case is initiated by an officer of the Bureau of Narcotics and more than one (1) law enforcement agency 397 398 participates in the underlying criminal case out of which the 399 forfeiture arises, the proceeds shall be divided equitably between 400 or among the Bureau of Narcotics and other participating law 401 enforcement agencies and shall be deposited and credited to the 402 budgets of the participating law enforcement agencies. event that the Bureau of Narcotics and the other participating law 403 404 enforcement agencies cannot agree on an equitable division of the 405 proceeds, a petition shall be filed by any one of them in the 406 court in which the civil forfeiture case is brought and the court 407 shall make an equitable division.

- (3) All money which is forfeited under this article, except as otherwise provided by Section 41-29-185, shall be divided, deposited and credited in the same manner as set forth in subsection (2) of this section.
- (4) All property forfeited, deposited and credited to the
 Mississippi Bureau of Narcotics under this article shall be
 forwarded to the State Treasurer and deposited in a special fund
 for use by the Mississippi Bureau of Narcotics upon appropriation
 by the Legislature.
- 417 (5) All real estate which is forfeited under the provisions 418 of this article shall be sold to the highest and best bidder at a

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public auction for cash, such auction to be conducted by the chief law enforcement officer of the initiating law enforcement agency, or his designee, at such place, on such notice and in accordance with the same procedure, as far as practicable, as is required in the case of sales of land under execution at law. The proceeds of such sale shall first be applied to the cost and expense in administering and conducting such sale, then to the satisfaction of all mortgages, deeds of trust, liens and encumbrances of record on such property. The remaining proceeds shall be divided, forwarded and deposited in the same manner set out in subsection (2) of this section.

as otherwise provided, be sold at a public auction for cash by the chief law enforcement officer of the initiating law enforcement agency, or his designee, to the highest and best bidder after advertising the sale for at least once each week for three (3) consecutive weeks, the last notice to appear not more than ten (10) days nor less than five (5) days prior to such sale, in a newspaper having a general circulation in the jurisdiction in which said law enforcement agency is located. Such notices shall contain a description of the property to be sold and a statement of the time and place of sale. It shall not be necessary to the validity of such sale either to have the property present at the place of sale or to have the name of the owner thereof stated in

443	such	notice.	The	proceeds	of	the	sale	shall	be	disposed	of	as

444 follows:

- 445 (a) To any bona fide lienholder, secured party or other 446 party holding an interest in the property in the nature of a
- 447 security interest, to the extent of his interest; and
- 448 (b) The balance, if any, remaining after deduction of 449 all storage, court costs and expenses of liquidation shall be
- 450 divided, forwarded and deposited in the same manner set out in
- 451 subsection (2) of this section.
- 452 (7) (a) Any county or municipal law enforcement agency may
- 453 maintain, repair, use and operate for official purposes all
- 454 property, other than real property, money or such property that is
- 455 described in subsection (1) of this section, that has been
- 456 forfeited to the agency if it is free from any interest of a bona
- 457 fide lienholder, secured party or other party who holds an
- 458 interest in the property in the nature of a security interest.
- 459 Such county or municipal law enforcement agency may purchase the
- 460 interest of a bona fide lienholder, secured party or other party
- 461 who holds an interest so that the property can be released for its
- 462 use. If the property is a motor vehicle susceptible of titling
- 463 under the Mississippi Motor Vehicle Title Law, the law enforcement
- 464 agency shall be deemed to be the purchaser, and the certificate of
- 465 title shall be issued to it as required by subsection (9) of this
- 466 section.

467	(b) (i) If a vehicle is forfeited to or transferred to
468	a sheriff's department, then the sheriff may transfer the vehicle
469	to the county for official or governmental use as the board of
470	supervisors may direct.

- (ii) If a vehicle is forfeited to or transferred to a police department, then the police chief may transfer the vehicle to the municipality for official or governmental use as the governing authority of the municipality may direct.
- (c) If a motor vehicle forfeited to a county or
 municipal law enforcement agency becomes obsolete or is no longer
 needed for official or governmental purposes, it may be disposed
 of in accordance with Section 19-7-5 or in the manner provided by
 law for disposing of municipal property.
 - (8) The Mississippi Bureau of Narcotics may maintain, repair, use and operate for official purposes all property, other than real property, money or such property as is described in subsection (1) of this section, that has been forfeited to the bureau if it is free from any interest of a bona fide lienholder, secured party, or other party who holds an interest in the property in the nature of a security interest. In such case, the bureau may purchase the interest of a bona fide lienholder, secured party or other party who holds an interest so that such property can be released for use by the bureau.
- The bureau may maintain, repair, use and operate such property with money appropriated to the bureau for current

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- 492 operations. If the property is a motor vehicle susceptible of
- 493 titling under the Mississippi Motor Vehicle Title Law, the bureau
- 494 is deemed to be the purchaser and the certificate of title shall
- 495 be issued to it as required by subsection (9) of this section.
- 496 (9) The Department of Revenue shall issue a certificate of
- 497 title to any person who purchases property under the provisions of
- 498 this section when a certificate of title is required under the
- 499 laws of this state.
- 500 **SECTION 6.** Section 41-29-107.1, Mississippi Code of 1972, is
- 501 brought forward as follows:
- 502 41-29-107.1. (1) The Mississippi Bureau of Narcotics shall
- 503 establish and maintain a public website that is searchable by case
- 504 numbers created by the bureau which tracks seized property from
- 505 the time of seizure to final disposition of the property. The
- 506 website shall be designed in a manner that allows the information
- 507 required by this section to be uploaded to the website. The
- 508 website shall include the following information regarding property
- 509 that is seized by a law enforcement agency pursuant to Section
- 510 41-29-153:
- 511 (a) The name of the law enforcement agency that seized
- 512 the property;
- 513 (b) A description of each item seized, including the
- 514 approximate value of the property;

516	described in Section 41-29-176 or the petition for forfeiture as
517	described in Section 41-29-177, whichever is applicable;
518	(d) A copy of any petition to contest forfeiture filed
519	as described in Section 41-29-176;
520	(e) If a forfeiture was obtained because no petition to
521	contest forfeiture was timely filed as provided in Section
522	41-29-176, a copy of the written declaration of forfeiture as
523	required by Section 41-29-176;
524	(f) If a forfeiture is obtained under Section
525	41-29-177, a copy of any final judgment or dispositive order
526	regarding the merits of the petition for forfeiture; and
527	(g) If the forfeiture was initiated under Section
528	41-29-176 and a petition to contest is filed, a copy of any final
529	order or other dispositive order regarding the forfeiture.
530	(2) (a) Except as otherwise provided in this section for
531	the bureau, upon seizure of any property by a law enforcement
532	agency pursuant to Section 41-29-153, the seizing law enforcement
533	agency shall provide the applicable information required by
534	subsection (1) of this section to the district attorney of the
535	county in which the property was seized within thirty (30) days of
536	such seizure. However, if the bureau is conducting the seizure of
537	property on behalf of a law enforcement agency, the provisions of

paragraph (b) of this subsection shall apply. Within thirty (30)

days of receipt of notice of intent to forfeit as described in

(c) A copy of the notice of intent to forfeit as

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540	Section 41-29-176 or the filing of a petition for forfeiture as
541	described in Section 41-29-177 in a court of competent
542	jurisdiction, the district attorney shall upload the information
543	required by this section to the bureau's website. Within thirty
544	(30) days of service of a petition to contest forfeiture as
545	described by Section 41-29-176, the district attorney shall upload
546	the information required by the section to the bureau's website.
547	Within thirty (30) days of dispositive actions regarding any
548	seized property, the district attorney shall upload the applicable
549	information required by subsection (1) of this section to the
550	bureau's website. The commander of a multijurisdictional
551	taskforce may appoint one (1) agency to report its seizures to the
552	district attorney of the county in which the property was seized.
553	Any law enforcement agency that fails to provide the information
554	required by this section shall be disqualified from applying for
555	or receiving state grants.

556 (b) Upon seizure of any property by the bureau pursuant
557 to Section 41-29-153 or pursuant to a request by a law enforcement
558 agency for the bureau to seize property on behalf of the law
559 enforcement agency, the bureau shall upload the information
560 required by this subsection on its website within thirty (30) days
561 of the seizure, or from the time of the receipt of the request
562 from the law enforcement agency.

563	(3)	Fail	lure	to	upload	the	informat	ion	required	by this	
564	section	shall	not	inv	validate	e the	e seizure	or	otherwise	preclude	the
565	same.										

- 566 (4) The Mississippi Bureau of Narcotics shall adopt rules 567 and regulations that are necessary to implement this section.
- 568 (5) For purposes of this section, the term "law enforcement 569 agency" includes any person or entity having seizure authority 570 under Section 41-29-159.
- 571 (6) Failure to substantially comply with the provisions of 572 this section shall disqualify the seizing law enforcement agency 573 from applying for or receiving federal or state grants until such 574 time as in compliance with this section.
- 575 The provisions of this section shall be required only at 576 such time as the Legislature has appropriated funds for the bureau 577 to create and maintain the required website. The website shall be 578 created and functionally operational, not more than twelve (12) 579 months from the date that sufficient funds have been appropriated 580 for that purpose. The bureau shall provide at least thirty (30) 581 days notice in advance of the date when the website will be 582 operational to each district attorney in the state.
- SECTION 7. Section 41-29-183, Mississippi Code of 1972, is brought forward as follows:
- 41-29-183. The forfeiture procedure set forth in Sections 41-29-177 through 41-29-181 is the sole remedy of any claimant,

587	and no co	ourt shall	have	jurisdicti	on	to	interfer	e therewith	by
588	replevin,	iniunctio	on, si	upersedeas	or	in	anv othe	r manner.	

SECTION 8. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after July 1, 2022.